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RAJBANSI'S SUCCESSOR

THE new boss in the House of Delegates, Mr. Kesid Raininath begins his term of office as acting chairman of the Ministers' Council today.

He replaces Mr. Amichand Rajbansi, who was fired from the R167 000-a-year job by State President Mr. P.W. Botha two weeks ago after an interim report of the James Commission which investigated alleged irregularities in the House of Delegates was given to him.

But it will be a humble start for the former headmaster who is the Minister of Education and Culture in the House of Delegates.

The first three matters on his agenda relate to flood damage to homes in Smallercross, Manor and Howick.
Acting chairman takes office

By Own Correspondent

DURBAN — The new chief in the House of Delegates, Mr Kessie Ramduth, takes office as acting chairman of the Ministers' Council today. He replaces Mr Ahmed Rajbarsi, who was fired from the R167,000-a-year job two weeks ago by the President, Mr PW Botha, after an interim report by the James Commission investigating alleged irregularities in the House of Delegates.

AGENDA

The first three matters on his agenda for Mr Ramduth, a former headmaster and also Minister of Education and Culture in the House of Delegates, relate to flood damage in Natal and to homes in Shallcross, Cato Manor and Howick. He 'received approaches from people over the weekend about damaged homes, schools and problems with bad drainage.'

Mr Kessie Ramduth, first day in office.
A quiet man steps out of the shadows

By DAVID BRAUN, Political Correspondent

The man appointed to act as caretaker Chairman of the Ministers' Council of the House of Delegates, Mr Kasti Ramduth, has one of the lowest profiles in Parliament.

In his early sixties, Mr Ramduth has been appointed by President Botha as acting Chairman as well as acting Minister of Housing in the Administration of the House of Delegates.

He assumes his new duties in addition to the portfolio he currently holds as Minister of Indian Education and Culture.

Mr Ramduth is acting as caretaker in the other two positions which were stripped from Mr Armechand Rajbanas following a preliminary report of the James Commission of Inquiry into alleged irregularities in the Administration of the House of Delegates.

POWER

Mr Rajbanas is now an ordinary Member of Parliament.

President Botha has been unable to find a permanent replacement for the ousted National Peoples' Party leader because the balance of power in the House of Delegates continues to be in a state of flux.

Mr Ramduth, essentially a grey politician who has attracted little attention since he entered Parliament in 1964, has been appointed acting chairman because he is the most senior of the Indian Ministers.

He is not the leader of the Peoples' Party of South Africa, the party he helped found after he and several other MEPs broke away from Mr Rajbanas's National Peoples' Party last year.

He is therefore unlikely to emerge as the leader of the proposed new party to be formed by the merger of the PPSA and Solidarity.

These two parties, which have formed a majority coalition in the House of Delegates to keep the NPP from power, hope to combine forces to present President Botha with a clear majority in the House.

Mr Botha will then presumably appoint the leader of the new party, which is likely to be Dr JN Reddy, leader of Solidarity, as Chairman of the Ministers' Council.

Mr Ramduth will presumably be retained as a Minister owing to his senior position in the PPSA and his experience on the executive.

Until this happens, Mr Ramduth is acting head of the Indian own affairs administration.

Mr Ramduth was born at Stanger in the lower Tugela region of Natal. He has a BA degree after studying at the University of Natal and at Unisa.

A former headmaster of a number of primary schools and three secondary schools, Mr Ramduth started his political career by taking an active interest in ratepayers' organisations.

He has also played a role as a leader of the South African Hindu community, including serving as chairman of Shri Sanatan Dharm Sabha, a Hindu organisation.

He served for seven years as a member of the Northern Durban Local Affairs Committee.

nations

Last year China's vote coincided with the US position in 93 percent of the time, the Soviet Union 62 percent of the time.

The US mission has been evaluating voting records at the request of Congress and also lists the amount of US aid received by each nation. Some political figures have said the United States should punish with suspension of aid some nations which repeatedly vote against the US position. But this has not happened.

Mr Walters praised the Soviet Union for its new spirit of international co-operation and improved US relations.

The envoy said many non-
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A former headmaster of a number of primary schools and three secondary schools, Mr Ramduth started his political career by taking an active interest in ratepayers' organisations.

He has also played a role as a leader of the South African Hindu community, including serving as chairman of Shri Sanatan Dharma Sabha, a Hindu organisation.

He served for seven years as a member of the Northern Durban Local Affairs Committee, including one as chairman, before standing for Parliament in the Clare Estate constituency in 1994.

Mr Ramduth said in an interview this week he had entered the tricameral Parliament purely to contribute towards the socio-economic upliftment of the Indian community.

He said he believed the Indian own affairs administration had been successful in this regard since 1984, although not all its targets had been met.

HOUSING

"As temporary Minister of Housing, I will have to see to it that we continue the efforts where the last Minister left off. We have to provide more land at realistic prices for housing," he said.

On the matter of education, Mr Ramduth said he was working towards the day when equal education opportunities were provided for all.

He said the recent high rate of Indian matriculation passes had been gratifying. The challenge ahead was to ensure the standard was maintained.

On the issue of the poor image of the House of Delegates' administration, Mr Ramduth said he agreed something had to be done to improve the image in the public's eye.

The whole administration needed to be propped up, and a lot of that would depend on the person who occupied his position, he said.
MP says death threat came from Transvaal caller

Indian man in the Transvaal

"The caller said I instigated problems in the House of Delegates and warned I would not see the opening of Parliament — if moves to merge the People's Party of SA with Solidarity were successful," Khan said.

PFP acting leader Somarco Pachai said he was sorry to hear about the death threat against a key figure behind the planned merger.

Khan said he received a 30-minute anonymous telephone call yesterday morning from what sounded like an Indian man in the Transvaal.

"He accused me of being responsible for Rajbansi's sacking as Minister of Housing and chairman of the Ministers' Council. He also accused me, as leader of the cabinet, for being responsible for the firing of Boethi Bramjee as Minister of the Budget two years ago.

Khan said yesterday he had been blamed for the sacking of Amchand Rajbansi and threatened with death.

Rajbansi dismissed the allegations in Cape Town as a gimmick.

"I am not in a position to comment on the threat," he said.
‘No power struggle’ -- Pachai

THERE will be no power struggle for the leadership of the House of Delegates to replace the sacked Ministers’ Council chairman, Mr Amichand Rajbansi.

The majority of MPs representing the Solidarity Party and Peoples’ Party of South Africa, which are due to merge next week, have agreed that Dr J N Reddy, leader of Solidarity, will lead the “new look” Indian chamber.

Acting leader of the Peoples’ Party, Mr Somaroo Pachai angrily denied that there was a power struggle for the top post.

‘An unwritten agreement was reached between my party and Solidarity when an alliance was formed early last year that Dr Reddy would lead the new party when we merge. We stand by this agreement,” he said.

Dr Reddy also rejected as “mischief-making” claims that there was division as to who should lead the new party.

“I have no doubts that MPs from both parties are honourable people and would want to abide by the agreement reached when the alliance was formed,” he said.

Solidarity and the Peoples’ Party are due to meet in Durban on January 12 to formalise the merger, which will give birth to a new party.

They will also tie up any “loose ends” at this meeting so that the House of Delegates runs smoothly until its term of office expires in August this year.

Dr Reddy is expected to be installed into office within a week of Parliament opening on February 3. He will take over from Education Minister Mr Kassie Ramduth, who was made acting chairman of the council by State President Mr P W Botha after Mr Rajbansi was dismissed.

Mr Rajbansi’s unexpected sacking came three weeks ago after an interim report of the James Commission was handed to President Botha following an investigation into allegations of irregularities in the House of Delegates.

The birth of a new party to take control of the House of Delegates has been on the cards for many months, after a working arrangement was reached between Solidarity and the 11-member Peoples’ Party, all of whom were former members of Mr Rajbansi’s ruling National Peoples’ Party.

A series of informal — and formal — talks were held in recent months and it was finally decided to go ahead with the merger.

If the new party comes into being, and there is no doubt it will, then Minister of Local Government and Agriculture Mr S V Naecker could face the chop and his portfolio could be taken by Mr Baldeo Dookie, who was sacked as Minister of Housing.

The other three ministerial positions — Minister Kathrada (Minister of Budgetary and Auxiliary Services), Mr Raman Bhana (Health Services and Welfare) and Mr Ramduth (Education and Culture) — will remain unchanged.

Mr Pachai said the credibility of the House had to be restored.

He said the new party had to be born without “any taint or hang-overs”.

“Until now, our credibility in the community has been at a low level. It is time we got the damaged credibility restored,” he said.

He said talks of a power struggle within the ranks of Solidarity—Peoples Party was “orchestrated speculation”.

“There is no truth in such speculations. We know in which direction we are traveling,” he said.

Dr Reddy said the Indian chamber faced a twofold task — first to retrieve the denied image of the House and then to prepare for the forthcoming elections, which would take place later this year.

“These are our priorities right now,” he said.
James witnesses get death threats

DURBAN — The three main witnesses who testified to the James Commission against sacked House of Delegates boss, Mr Amuchand Rajbansi, say they have all been threatened with death.

House of Delegates MPs Mr Baldeo Dookie and Mr Nizam Khan and businessman Mr Dave Pillay have reported the matter to the police.

Mr Dookie said he first received a death threat in June 1987 and that they had intensified since he testified at the James Commission.

Mr Pillay said: “A day after I gave evidence for the second time I received a call from a person who said my days were numbered.”

Mr Khan, MP for Isipingo, said a person identifying himself as “Mayat from the Transvaal” telephoned him on Wednesday saying he would be killed because he had got rid of Mr Rajbansi.
THE SPM lumpet-mune blast, which extensively damaged the East Rand home of House of Delegates (HoD) chairman Salaam Abram Mayet late on Wednesday night, was politically unigned, he said yesterday.

Speaking from the house in Spyker Street, Rynsoord, where damage is estimated at about R25 000, Mayet said he would pass on to the police his "strong suspicions" about who was behind the attack. He hinted it was linked to a HoD power struggle.

Mayet said he had received several death threats since the Benoni Civic Alliance — of which he is an elected member — took six out of seven seats in Rynsoord and Actonville during the recent municipal elections.

Fellow HoD member S V Naicker, who is Minister of Local Government and Agriculture and MP for Northern Natal, flew up from Durban yesterday to comfort his colleague.

Family, friends and neighbours spent the day helping to clear up the rubble left by the 11.45pm lumpet-mune blast.

The explosion blew off several metres of roof tiling, knocked out windows, tossed a gutter almost into a neighbour's yard and damaged a car.
Mine blast followed threats, says Mayet

Mr Salam Abram Mayet, whose home in Rynsoord, Benoni, was damaged in an explosion on Wednesday night, said yesterday he had received threats of violence during October's municipal elections.

He is chairman of the House of Delegates and of the Benoni Actonville management committee.

The blast, determined by police to have been caused by an SPM limpet mine planted in a bathroom drain, caused extensive damage to the roof, walls and windows of Mr Mayet's home and to his car.

Mr Mayet said he "had no idea at all" who might specifically have planted the bomb. He said threats had been received from political opponents by himself and other members of his Benoni Civic Alliance Party during the special voting period before the municipal elections.

Mr Mayet said a premonition had saved his life. He had returned home from Cape Town at about 11.30 pm. He decided to transfer a call he had taken in his study to an extension in the main bedroom.

After he had hung up on the caller and began to dial his family in Cape Town, the "world caved in".

The study chair in which he would have been sitting, and the desk, were bombarded by glass shards.

Minister of Law and Order Mr Adriaan Vlok said from Pretoria that police Commissioner General Hendrik de Witt had assured him everything possible was being done to apprehend those responsible.
TVI bloc moves on Indian chamber

DURBAN — The trouble-torn House of Delegates, with its leader Mr. Annamalai Rajahmuthiah sacked by the State President, Mr. P.W. Botha, is heading for chaos following the formation of a Transvaal political bloc which hopes to take control of the Indian chamber.

Eight House of Delegates MPs, among them representatives from the opposition Solidarity Party and Peoples' Party of South Africa, met in Germiston this week to form a bloc which would hold the balance of power when Parliament convenes on February 3.

The situation is fluid in the Indian chamber, with it being described as a "hung house" by political observers.

In terms of party political strength, Mr. Rajahmuthiah's National People's Party is still in the majority with 16 MPs, with the other two major parties — Solidarity and Peoples' Party of South Africa (PPSA) — each having 11 seats. The Progressive Federal Party has two seats and the Independent Party one. The rest are independents.

The caucus secretary for the NPP in the Transvaal confirmed yesterday that a political bloc had been formed and that its main aim was to wrest control of the House and to see to it was run in an orderly way.

Among those present at the meeting were Mr. M. S. Shah, Mr. F.M. Khan, Mr. Denas Pillay, Mr. S. Collakoppen, Mr. Boet Boer, Abram-Mawat (Peoples' Party) and Mr. A.S. Razak (Solidarity). Mr. Ahmed Lamat, acting leader of PPSA, did not attend but sent an apology, saying he would abide by any decision taken at the meeting.

Two other MPs, Mr. A.S. Akoh and Mr. Y.I. Seedat (Solidarity) are overseas.

Mr. Shah said the MPs agreed to stand and work together.

"We are facing a unique problem in the House and we have decided to steer it clear from any more controversy," he said.

The bloc will concentrate on housing, health and welfare and education.

"We will present a united front and will be a force to be reckoned with," he said.
New joint party plans
tough line in chamber

A TOUGH new "no nonsense" House of Delegates is on the cards with two of its opposition parties, Solidarity and the Peoples Party of South Africa, finalising plans to merge to take control of the Indian Chamber.

As sacked Minister's Council chairman Armichand Rajbans cleared his plush Malgate building offices in Durban to sit in the opposition ranks in Parliament, PPSA spokesman Somaroo Pachai hinted at new attitudes in the New Year.

"There will be no automatic support for the governing National Party," he said.

Pachai, Deputy Minister of Housing, Local Government and Agriculture, said the State President allowed people to disagree with him and this would be done when necessary.

He said the government could no longer automatically bank on House of Delegates support.

"If a measure is not in the interest of the country, we will not back it. There is no way we want to be seen as a junior partner of the National or the Labour Party.

"We will use our democratic right to disagree when necessary and support any move towards reform."

The merged party would have a sufficient working majority to ensure badly needed stability in the chamber, MP, said.

Solidarity leader Dr Jayaram "JN" Reddy, tipped to become leader of the new party and also new chairman of the Ministers Council, said if he were elected to lead the merged party, his primary task would be to ensure stability in the Indian house.

"We will work towards ending apartheid which we all detest and as we are firmly committed to reform, we will strive to promote it."

-AAPA

Armichand Rajbans back on the benches.
Rajbansi envisages new role

DURBAN — Fired House of Delegates Chief Minister Amchand Rajbansi says he wants to assume a new role in politics by working with extra-parliamentary forces when Parliament resumes next month.

However, Natal Indian Congress secretary-general Farouk Meer reported: "Rajbansi is whistling in the dark. Nobody in the extra-parliamentary forces, at least not from the NIC or Transvaal Indian Congress, is interested in talking to him. He should throw in the towel."

Meer said the James Commission hearing had confirmed the NIC's "worst suspicions regarding the tri-cameral Parliament."

He said: "We always maintain that the tri-cameral system can only succeed through political patronage, and bringing in a new lot of people to run the House of Delegates will not work. It is the system that is wrong."

Speaking from his Polokwane Park home in Cape Town, Rajbansi said he intended approaching all opposition forces, including extra-parliamentary pressure groups, in his new role.

Asked whether he believed he would be accepted by extra-parliamentary groups, Rajbansi said: "I am a born fighter. The tri-cameral Parliament did not make me."
New Solidarity sets out on credibility crusade

By SHARON CHETTY

A NEW-look House of Delegates is on the cards with the merger of two parties this week.

The official Opposition, Solidarity, and the People's Party of South Africa have agreed to combine their forces. The proposed new name is the New Solidarity Party.

Mr Ismail Omar, chairman of Solidarity, said the new party had "the enormous task of restoring credibility in the House of Delegates".

Dr J N Reddy, elected as leader of the new party, is tipped as the new chairman of the ministers' council — the position from which Mr Amichand Rajbansi was sacked by President PW Botha in December.

"Mr Ismail Kathrada will remain as minister of budget and auxiliary services, Mr Raman Bhana as minister of health and welfare, Mr Kassie Ramboth as minister of education and culture and Mr Somare Pachai as deputy minister of agriculture and environmental affairs."

"Mr SV Naicker will be replaced by Mr Baldeo Dooker."

"These proposals still have to be presented to President Botha once Parliament resumes this year but we are confident that our leader will be quite acceptable to him," Mr Omar said.

PPSA chairman Mr Somare Pachai said the new party could not afford the "luxury of the divisions of the past."
DURBAN — The New Solidarity Party's hopes for outright power in the House of Delegates (HoD) could be short lived pending moves by Transvaal MPs to go it alone.

The 10 Transvaal MPs will announce tomorrow their strategy to ensure that they hold positions of influence in the HoD.

Mr Boetie Abramjee, spokesman for the Transvaal MPs, said at the weekend that Mr Jayaram "MNR" Reddy, leader of the new party, would be well advised not to be too optimistic that he would replace Mr Amchand Rajbans as Chairman of the Ministers' Council.

Last week two HoD parties, Solidarity and the Peoples Party of South Africa, formally merged at a meeting in Durban to take the majority in the Indian chamber.

This move effectively ousted the National Peoples Party of Mr Rajbans who was recently sacked by the State President, Mr F W Botha.

New Solidarity claims it has the support of 26 MPs out of 45 in the HoD.

However, Mr Abramjee said the Transvaal MPs held the key to whether New Solidarity developed into a ruling force or was "quickly reduced to a minority party."

"It is also possible that a revamped National People's Party, not necessarily headed by its present leader, Mr Rajbans, may emerge," Mr Abramjee said.
DURBAN — The merger between the opposition Solidarity Party and the People's Party of SA was officially signed and sealed at a ceremony in Durban yesterday.

The merger effectively ends Amichand Rajbansi's National People's Party from power in the House of Delegates.

The New Solidarity Party, under the leadership of J N Reddy, claims to hold 26 seats in the 45-member House. Rajbansi's NPP has 16 seats.
James Commission

It will be up to the State President, Mr P W Botha to make public the findings of the James Commission which investigated alleged irregularities in the House of Delegates.

The report is in its final stages of completion and is due to be sent to President Botha next week.

Chairman of the commission, The Hon Neville James said that he had hoped to complete writing his report this week, but that in fact he needed two or three days more to put the finishing touches.

He said he would not make any findings public, pointing out that that was not within his terms of reference.
DURBAN — The New Solidarity Party's hopes of becoming the majority grouping in the House of Delegates suffered a setback yesterday with the pull-out by three key Transvaal MPs.

At the same time nine of the 11 Transvaal MPs decided at a special meeting in Pretoria to form a united group. They could eventually hold the balance of power in the Indian Chamber.

The three who broke away are Ahmed Lame sail, leader of the People's Party of SA, Salim Ahamd-Mayet, chairman of the House, and North Western Transvaal MP Ismail Dadoo.

New Solidarity under J N Reddy now has 23 members in the 45-seat chamber.

It was launched in Durban last week by merging Solidarity and PFSA.

The NFP has 16 members, the PFPP two, and there are four independents.

Lammin said it was decided to break away because he and the other two were dissatisfied with the way the merger took place.

He said they now aligned themselves with the new Transvaal group.

PFSA spokesman Nizam Khan said the decision by the three Transvaal MPs was yet another sign of the horse-trading going on by some groups bent on clinging to power.
DURBAN — The strife-torn House of Delegates is certain to reconvene on February 3 as a "hung chamber" with four independent MPs emerging as key figures in a renewed party struggle for power.

Yesterday, the New Solidarity Party (NSP) of Dr "JN" Reddy and the National People's Party (NPP) of dismissed Chief Minister Amuchand Rajbansi claimed they had enough support to control the House.

A count showed the NSP had 20 MPs and the NPP 18. However, the NSP, with MPs from the old Solidarity Party and the People's Party of SA, is also able to muster a voting strength of 21, with the support of two PFP members and one Independent Party member in the House.

The key MPs — Dr Murugassen Padayachi, the Rev Edward Manikkam, Dr Doti Cader, and Mr Palansamy Devan — have refused to say which party they would join or support.

"We are weighing the situation very carefully," Dr Padayachi said during a brief visit to Durban.

Mr Rajbansi claimed his party had 23 members, enough to constitute a working majority which he said he hoped would avoid a "hung situation" in the chamber when it reconvenes.

However, Mr Nizam Falcon Khan, who played a key role in the fusion of the NSP and PPSA, said Mr Rajbansi could be "in for a shock."

He said the real strength of the two parties would become clear only when a division was called, probably in the second week of February.

— Sapa.
DURBAN — The James Commission report into alleged irregularities in the House of Delegates was "in the hands" of the State President, Chairman of the one-man commission, Mr Justice Nelville James, said yesterday.

He said that to the best of his knowledge, the President had received the report on Thursday. It was up to the President to decide whether he wanted to make it public.

Mr Justice James, a former Judge President of Natal, emphasised that the investigation did not centre only around the sacked chairman of the Ministers' Council, Mr Amuchand Rajbansi.

He said his terms of reference were to investigate the conduct of Ministers and members of the House of Delegates.

"All I can say about the report is that I have done my job and the report is signed and it has gone," he said.

In an interview earlier in the week, he said the report was "less than 100 pages."

Mr Justice James said it was "sharp and short" because he wanted the public to understand it.

It is widely believed in political circles that, besides dealing with Mr Rajbansi's conduct relating to the control of the administration of the House of Delegates, the report also dealt with the allocation of trading and business sites and the favouring of certain book-sellers who had given financial contribution to Mr Rajbansi's National People's Party.

These booksellers were reportedly given increased allocations to supply books to schools falling under the control of the Department of Education and Culture in the House of Delegates.

Mr Justice James had to go through 5,600 pages of evidence, excluding documents and annexures, before finalising his report.
CHANGES should be made to the Separate Amenities Act to stop the CP from abusing it, but it was too soon to think of scrapping the Act, Boksburg NP MP Sakkie Blanche said in an interview at the weekend.

Blanche said the Act should be used "sensibly" and selectively and certain amenities that could not be duplicated should be opened to all races.

This had been done by the previous NP council with facilities like Boksburg Lake.

He said Boksburg had a community of more than 30000 black male hostel-dwellers, about 20000 of whom were miners. In the past, facilities like swimming pools were closed by the council to all races because of the threat of overcrowding.

He said the ratepayers of Boksburg had paid for recreational facilities and should be able to call them their own, while the mines should provide facilities for their workers.

He said the council had to serve the interests of the ratepayer, which the NP council had done in the past by applying the Act sensibly.

He said central government should make changes to the Act to safeguard it from abuse by the CP.

One way would be to hold a referendum on how the Act should be applied.

The CP-controlled council has authorised an opinion poll of Boksburg residents on open trade areas and the R77 toll road.

The survey would cost R13750 if industries and businesses were also canvassed, but the council had decided the survey would be restricted to residents only to cut down costs, acting town clerk J J Mare said at the weekend.
No more mansion or chauffeur as...

Door to privilege shuts on the last day of the 'Raj'

DURBAN — It's D-day for sacked Ministers' Council chairman Amruchand Rajbansi — today he loses all the privileges he enjoyed as Housing Minister in the House of Delegates. From tomorrow his status reverts to that of an ordinary MP. There will be no more chauffeur-driven Mercedes, no 24-hour police guard at his Arena Park home in Chatsworth and he will have to move out of his ministerial mansion in Pelikan Park, Cape Town.

In addition, his monthly take-home pay is expected to be slashed by half — with immediate effect.

This was confirmed yesterday by Kasse Ramduth, acting chairman of the Ministers' Council in the House of Delegates.

Ramduth said Rajbansi would receive a house "allocated according to the size of his family. At the least he will get a three-bedroom house in Pelikan Park."

The house the "Raj" has been occupying for the past four years as chief minister is very much bigger than those an ordinary MP occupies. The ministerial home has four large bedrooms and is set among sprawling gardens.

Rajbansi was fired by President PW Botha on January 1, but according to parliamentary regulations, Ministers are given at least a month to give up their privileges.

"The actual effect of the sacking will be felt for the first time today when Rajbansi has to give up the life of luxury he enjoyed during the past four years," said Nizam Khan, who instigated his sacking.

Last night Rajbansi said "Positions have never entered my mind. The fact that Ramduth is making these statements and my silence makes him a poor man in the eyes of the community. I do not wait for my chauffeur to open my doors."

Meanwhile, MPs have started packing their bags for their move to Cape Town for the opening of this year's parliamentary session on Friday.
Call to release findings of commission

DURBAN—The New Solidarity Party yesterday called on the acting State President, Mr Chris Heunis, to release immediately the findings of the James Commission, which recently investigated alleged irregularities in the House of Delegates.

Mr Heunis received the report last Thursday after it was signed by a former judge president of Natal, Mr Neville James.

In a telex to Mr Heunis, the leader of New Solidarity, Dr JH Reddy, said his party wanted the report released "for public information."

"We appreciate that the Cabinet and the Government will first have to study the report which is now in your possession before announcing the Government's response."

"But at the same time, you will appreciate that much confusion has been created in the minds of the community by the public utterances of various spokesmen for the National People's Party," he said.
RAJBANSI WAS A BULLY

PARLIAMENT — Former South African Cabinet Minister Amiechand Rajbansi was a liar and unscrupulous, mean-minded bully who ruthlessly trampled those getting in his way, the James Commission found.

Mr Justice Neville James said Mr Rajbansi had demonstrated he was a quick-thinking, enormously energetic man who boldly and pugnaciously confronted problems.

But the judge found in his 88-page report that Mr Rajbansi's personality also displayed "glaring" defects.

"He proved himself on many occasions to be arrogant and unscrupulous and he frequently demonstrated that he was a mean-minded bully who used ruthless tactics to deal with anyone who dared to stand up to him," the judge said Mr Rajbansi was ready to overawe less determined characters to make them do his bidding even to the extent of lying under oath.

Power

Those who resisted Mr Rajbansi were harassed without mercy, Mr Justice James noted.

"He (Mr Rajbansi) was unwilling to concede that he was ever at fault and he was ready to he boldly and without hesitation if he felt himself cornered," he added.

Mr Rajbansi was undeniably ambitious, obsessed with achieving personal power and ruthless in its pursuit — he had proved himself to be an activist who wished to have his own way, "and who is impatient of any possible curbs to his authority," the judge found.

A LIAR: Rajbansi
Rajbansi is mauled by commission

CAPE TOWN — Amichand Rajbansi, SA's first Indian Cabinet Minister, was an "unscrupulous, meannerved bully" who should not in future be employed as a Minister or in any official or semi-official post which calls for integrity, the James Commission said yesterday.

Commission chairman Mr Justice Neville James also recommended that his report be referred to the Attorney General to consider possible criminal prosecution against Rajbansi, who was sacked by President Botha on January 1.

The report was released by Acting State President Chris Heunis yesterday.

The commission was appointed to investigate allegations of bribery and corruption against members of the House of Delegates.

The report found, among other things, that Rajbansi committed statutory perjury, deliberately furnished false replies to the House of Delegates and was responsible for the contents of poison pen letters.

Mr Justice James described Rajbansi as a "quick-thinking man of enormous energy" who adopted a pugnacious approach to the problems confronting him. Against these qualities, however, he had displayed glaring defects.

Acting chairman also criticised

CAPE TOWN — Kassie Ramduth, appointed by President Botha as acting chairman of the Ministers' Council after Amichand Rajbansi was fired, also comes in for criticism by the James Commission.

Mr Justice Neville James said Ramduth "allowed his judgment all too frequently to be improperly overruled by the forceful intervention of Rajbansi to the prejudice of good administration."

The judge said Ramduth had proved himself to be arrogant and unscrupulous and frequently demonstrated that he was a mean-minded bully who used ruthless tactics to deal with anyone who dared to stand up to him.

The report found that Rajbansi.

- Had made a determined attempt to defeat the ends of justice by making several attempts to suppress affidavits of a witness "Dave" Pillay.
- Was guilty of "shameful, indeed disgraceful, conduct" for deliberately interfering with Pillay's evidence by confronting him while still under oath and coaching him so that he would know the line of cross-examination Rajbansi was going to adopt and how he should answer questions put to him.
- Was responsible for the contents of the "poison pen letters" sent to members of the House of Delegates and the Press concerning former Indian Housing Minister Baldeo Dookie.
- Had seriously breached security by entering Dookie's private room to take possession of a file.
- Had fraudulently obtained butcheries in Chatsworth at a state-subsidised rental. His sworn evidence to the second House committee in this regard had been blatantly untruthful. He had also fraudulently obtained a state-subsidised rental for a bottle store which was being run in breach of the Liquor Act.

He said Ramduth's supposed intervention in the posting of his son in the Department of Education, of which he was in charge, might well have operated unfairly in the future working of the system of promotion evaluation.

The judge said he considered Ramduth's intervention an ill-advised act.
Rajbansi is mauled by commission

☐ Had deliberately misused his political powers to obtain the grant of service station sites to applicants he personally favoured and whom he knew did not qualify.

☐ Had acted improperly in trying to remove documents from a file dealing with the petrol station allocations to thwart a proper discovery of documents in a civil action Dookie had initiated against him.

☐ Had committed statutory perjury by making two conflicting statements under oath to the commission concerning alleged irregularities by Dookie in the allocation of sites in Lenasia.

☐ Had maliciously attempted to block the promotion of A K Singh to chief executive director of the Department of Education.

☐ Had interfered in the administration of other departments, hampering sound administration.

SAPA reports that Rajbansi, in a statement yesterday, said he supported calls for the commission's report to be made public as "I believe that it is the right of the public to know."

He said the major complaints about bribery and corruption had fizzled out.
CAPE TOWN — Ashaabd Rajbansi ripped 14 documents from an official file dealing with the allocation of petrol station sites and threw them into a rubbish bin in an attempt to impede the administration of justice, the James Commission found.

Mr Justice James said that on March 29 last year Rajbansi called the director of local government in the administration of the House of Delegates, V G Hunt, into his office and asked him to bring the file relating to the allocation of service station sites.

Rajbansi ripped out 14 documents from the file and put them in the waste paper receptacle. When he noticed that Hunt was shocked, Rajbansi retrieved them and said they must not be in the file.

"Hunt reported this action to his superiors who took a serious view of the matter because the file was wanted in a civil action being brought by Baldeo Dokie against Rajbansi," the judge said.

After they had been specially marked, Hunt returned them to the file.

There was no doubt that Rajbansi had acted improperly in removing those documents and that he was seeking to impede the administration of justice, the judge said.

"But his misconduct in endeavouring to cover up his conduct was even more serious."

Rajbansi had given false evidence under oath before a House committee when he described Hunt’s version of what had occurred as a "libelous lie."

He had made personal attacks on Hunt and had tried to obtain affidavits from junior officials to the effect that Hunt was acta-Indian.

One such person whom he approached was S Pillay, private secretary to the Minister of Local Government, who signed an affidavit that Hunt was negative and unco-operative.

"In giving evidence before this commission he said that he had agreed to make the affidavit out of fear," the judge said. — Sapa

Meddling and malice

CAPE TOWN — Ashaabd Rajbansi’s meddling in the administration of departments run by other ministers had hampered sound administration in the Department of Education and of the Budget in the House of Delegates, and his constant interference amounted to irregular exercise of power, the James Commission found.

Mr Justice James said he had heard a constant stream of complaints by fellow ministers about Rajbansi’s interference in the working of their departments and the posting and reporting of personnel.

Rajbansi had displayed personal malice in trying to block the promotion of a senior educationist, A R Singh, and had acted irregularly in arranging for the premature promotion of a teacher, C Panday, a senior official in Rajbansi’s National Peoples’ Party — Sapa.

‘Raj’ was the author of poison pen letters

CAPE TOWN — Ashaabd Rajbansi was the author of the poison-pen letters about former ministerial colleague Baldeo Dokie, the James Commission found.

The poison pen letters mentioned in the commission hearings were sent to members of the House of Delegates and to a number of newspapers in July and August 1985 when there was growing tension between Dokie and Rajbansi.

Mr Justice James said they amounted to "a scurrilous and wholly unfounded attack" on Dokie’s morals and integrity.

"These letters were undoubtedly deeply wounding to Dokie and were designed to undermine his reputation, and there is no doubt that they were dispatched for this purpose."

Rajbansi’s conduct in this matter is not only improper and irregular but utterly reprehensible especially as it was directed at a fellow member of the Minsters’ Council,” the judge said.
How the 'Special Six' got their service station sites

CAPE TOWN — Amichand Rajbansi deliberately misused his political powers to obtain the grant of service station sites to applicants he personally favoured and whom he knew did not qualify, the James Commission found.

It also found that Rajbansi had fraudulently obtained a butchery at a state-subsidised rental, had persuaded himself before a House committee on this matter, and had falsely obtained a subsidised rental for a bottle store he owned.

The facts also indicated, said Mr Justice James, that the bottle store business was being conducted in breach of the provisions of the Liqueur Act.

He said there had been a great shortage of suitable land for the development of petrol service stations and keen competition among those claiming special privileges because they had been displaced by the Group Areas Act.

The grant of a service station site was extremely valuable, as the major petrol companies were ready to finance the construction of the buildings.

As Chairman of the SA Indian Council, Rajbansi had assisted a number of applicants in making representations.

These were rejected, but when he became chairman of the Ministers' Council, Rajbansi resuscitated the applications of what became known as the "Special Six" and wrote directly to the chief director of local government suggesting the applications of these six be treated in a particular order.

Rajbansi had not been local government minister at the time and there was no doubt that he had acted irregularly in dealing direct with the officials in that department instead of allowing the responsible minister, Baldeo Dookie, to deal with the matter.

Dookie had been unhappy about the discussions on allocations which were taking place behind his back and as a result the Ministers' Council decided to create an allocation committee.

This committee recommended positively only three of Rajbansi's "Special Six", but he subsequently ordered an administration official to write to each of the six and inform them that their allocations would be considered in due course when sites were available.

Rajbansi had been aware that these letters were contrary to the decision of the allocation committee.

The allocation committee ceased functioning, and when Rajbansi took over as housing minister he ordered an official to prepare a submission to the housing development board recommending the "Special Six" with the addition of two other names.

In October 1987 the board resolved that the eight applications for service stations be approved.

Mr Justice James said that while he had no problems with two of the "Special Six", one of the other four, one was a business partner of Rajbansi's, and another was married to a close friend.

The possibility that Rajbansi was pushing the claim of the third for reasons of pure altruism was "in the highest degree unlikely", and there was no doubt that his attitude to the fourth "was not disinterested".
CAPE TOWN — Former Cabinet minister Amchand Rajbansi was a "mean-minded bully who used ruthless tactics to deal with anyone who dared to stand up to him", the James Commission found.

At the start of his report, Mr Justice James said he felt it appropriate to set out his conclusions about Rajbansi's personality and reliability as a witness as this had had a direct bearing on the commission's findings.

"Rajbansi, demonstrated he was a quick-thinking man of enormous energy and determination who adopted a bold and indeed a pugnacious approach to the problems confronting him.

"But against these qualities he displayed glaring defects.

"He proved himself on many occasions to be arrogant and unscrupulous, and he frequently demonstrated he was a mean-minded bully who used ruthless tactics to deal with anyone who dared to stand up to him, and he was very ready to overawe less determined characters in order to induce them to his bidding even to the extent of lying under oath. Those who did stand up to him were harassed without mercy.

"He was unwilling to concede that he was ever at fault and he was ready to lie boldly and without hesitation if he felt himself cornered.

"He is an inordinately ambitious man obsessed with a desire to achieve personal power and he is ruthless in its pursuit.

"In contrast, the judge said he found the evidence and conduct before the commission of V.O. Hunt, director of local government in the administration of the House of Delegates, to be "honest and reliable" — Sapa.
The public has a right to know:

CAPE TOWN — The public should know that the findings of a commission of inquiry could not be regarded as conclusive, Amichand Rajbansi said yesterday.

He said in a statement he supported calls for the report of the James Commission to be made public as "I believe that it is the right of the public to know."".

It was a known fact he had asked for the recusal of the chairman of the commission and had also complained about certain matters.

The commission had been appointed mainly as a result of allegations of bribery and corruption, but he was satisfied none of these charges were seriously brought up at the hearings.

The major complaints about bribery and corruption had fizzled out, he said. — Sapa.
Special treatment for certain people

Rajbansi ‘misused political powers’

CAPE TOWN — The former chairman of the Ministers’ Council in the House of Delegations, Mr Amichand Rajbansi, deliberately misused his political powers to obtain the grant of service station sites to applicants he personally favoured, and whom he knew did not qualify, the James commission has found.

It was also found that Mr Rajbansi had fraudulently obtained a butchery at a State-subsidised rental, had perjured himself before a House Committee on the matter, and had falsely obtained a subsidised rental for a bottleshop he owned.

The facts also indicated that the bottle-shop business was being conducted in breach of the provisions of the Liquor Act.

Mr Justice James said there had been a great shortage of suitable land for the development of petrol service stations and keen competition among those claiming special privileges because they had been displaced by the Group Areas Act.

The grant of a service station site was extremely valuable.

As chairman of the South African Indian Council, Mr Rajbansi had assisted a number of applicants in making representations.

Special Six

These were rejected, but when he became chairman of the Ministers’ Council he resuscitated the applications of what became known as the “Special Six” and wrote directly to the chief director of Local Government suggesting that the applications of these six be treated in a particular order.

Mr Rajbansi had not been Minister of Local Government, Housing and Agriculture at the time, and there was no doubt that he had acted irregularly in dealing directly with the officials in that department.

The Ministers’ Council decided to create an allocation committee.

This committee recommended only three of Mr Rajbansi’s “Special Six”, but he later ordered an administration official to write to each and inform him that his allocation would be considered in due course when sites were available.

Mr Rajbansi had been aware that these letters were contrary to the decision of the allocation committee.

The allocation committee ceased functioning, and when Mr Rajbansi took over as Minister of Housing, he ordered an official to prepare a submission to the Housing Development Board recommending the “Special Six”, and two other names.

In October 1987 the board resolved that the eight applications be approved — Sapa
CAPE TOWN — Mr Amadu Rajbansi was guilty of "shameful, indeed disgraceful conduct" in his dealings with the James Commission into alleged irregularities into the administration of the House of Delegates, Mr Justice Neville James found.

In his report, released today, the judge said Mr Rajbansi, a former Cabinet Minister and chairman of the Ministers' Council of the House of Delegates, had "embarked on a deliberate attempt to mislead the commission and to defeat the ends of justice."

The report has been referred to the Attorney-General for consideration of criminal prosecution of Mr Rajbansi.

Dealing with Mr G V Pillay's affidavits and evidence of allegations of irregularities committed by Mr Rajbansi, the judge said Mr Pillay, a former close friend and business associate of Mr Rajbansi, "has a fervent desire to make money."

The evidence was overwhelming that efforts to suppress Mr Pillay's first affidavit, after a fallout with Mr Rajbansi over a business deal, were the work of Mr Rajbansi - who made use of his own skills and his office resources to set the attempted withdrawal in motion.

"I find as a fact that Mr Rajbansi made a series of deliberate attempts to suppress Mr Pillay's affidavit to the Advocate-General because he knew it contained allegations that were seriously damaging to his own position, and that in acting as he did he was making a determined attempt to defeat the ends of justice by suppressing important evidence he knew to be true."

Furthermore, Mr Justice James said he had no doubt Mr Rajbansi "deliberately interfered with Mr Pillay's evidence by conspiring with him while still under oath (before the commission) and that he coached him so that he would know the line of cross-examination which Mr Rajbansi was going to adopt and how he should answer the questions put to him."

Dealing with the so-called "poison-pen letters" sent in 1986 to House of Delegates members and several newspapers, the judge said they amounted to a "scurrilous and wholly unjustified" attack on Mr Baldeo Dookie's morals and integrity.

Mr Justice James also found the explanation Mr Rajbansi gave after he was seen-emerging from Mr Dookie's office on Easter Friday 1987 with a file under his arm to be false.

"He entered Mr Dookie's private room in order to take possession of a particular file, although it has not as yet been established what that file contained. Mr Rajbansi's conduct amounted to a serious breach of security and it offended against the well understood rule that a Minister may not enter another Minister's office without his consent and particularly may not remove documents subject to his control."

- Sapa

Mr Baldeo Dookie... falsely accused.
Ramduth, Thaver guilty of irregularities

CAPE TOWN — The James Commission would deal with the conduct of only a few members of the House of Delegates although the commission had “heard a great deal” during its investigation into irregularities in the House, Mr Justice Neville James said today in his report.

They are Mr. Kasie Ramduth, Minister of Education and Culture, Mr. I Kathrada, Minister of the Budget, Mr. R Bhana, Minister of Health Services and Welfare, Mr. Baldeo Dookie (then) Minister of Local Government, Housing and Agriculture, his deputy, Mr. S. Pachai, and Mr. R. Thaver (then) deputy chairman of committees.

The commission's major criticism of Mr. Ramduth was that he had “all too frequently allowed his judgment to be improperly overridden by the forcible intervention of Mr. Amuchand Rajbansi.”

Mr. Justice James said Mr. Kathrada had never put pressure on the Education Department to punish four teachers who had attacked him.

In his view, there was no room for the suggestion that Mr. Bhana had acted improperly.

On Mr. Pachai, Mr. Justice James said no facts were proved which demonstrated his conduct as a Minister was irregular or improper.

Evidence presented to the commission about Mr. Dookie did not reveal any irregularity.

Mr. Thaver had been chairman of the two House Committees dealing with alleged irregularities the first of which had been to discover whether Mr. Rajbansi had received a cheque for R10 000.

Mr. Thaver knew that such a cheque was handed to party officials in Mr. Rajbansi's presence.

“He did not recuse himself from the committee and I am of the opinion that he acted improperly,” Mr. Justice James said — Sapa
Rajbansi in disgrace

NPP to reconsider leadership position

By Peter Fabriecius, Political Correspondent

Disgraced Cabinet Minister Mr Amichand Rajbansi's political life hung in the balance today in the wake of the damaging James Commission Report on his conduct as chairman of the Ministers' Council in the House of Delegates.

Amid moves to have him thrown out of the House of Delegates and possible criminal charges being investigated against him, Mr Rajbansi continued to plead his innocence.

His own National People's Party planned to meet tonight to discuss whether he should remain the leader of the party.

The chairman of the commission, Mr Justice Neville James, recommended that Mr Rajbansi should never be employed again in any official or semi-official post which calls for integrity.

He also recommended that his report be passed to the Attorney-General to decide whether Mr Rajbansi should be criminally prosecuted.

'Honourable thing'

Mr Rajbansi is already under suspension from Parliament since February 26, 1989. Today, Mr J N Reddy, chairman of Solidarity, said that Mr Rajbansi did not "do the honourable thing and resign, he prefers to fight a battle for the good name of the party and the men who elected him to the House of Representatives."

If the ruling party would not act, it would remain the responsibility of the courts to judge him on any of the matters raised in the report.

It has not happened, there may be moves by the opposition to invoke an Act of Parliament to terminate his membership.

This has happened only once before, during the 1930s, when an MP, Mr M Pune, was thrown out because he was a member of the Communist Party, according to a report in the Daily Dispatch.

It was not clear if such a motion against Mr Rajbansi would prevail over the approval of all three Houses of Parliament or only the House of Representatives.

Today, the NPP's chief whip, Mr M. Deen, declined to comment on Mr Rajbansi's future.

Dr Reddy said no matter what Mr Rajbansi might say, he had "been found guilty of improper conduct and the only honourable thing for him to do is pack his bags and get the hell out of public life."

The Government has also come under fire for keeping Mr Rajbansi in his job so long.

Mr J Coetzee, speaker of the National Party, said Mr P W Botha, the party's leader, had seriously questioned the Government's w...
By Peter Fabricus, Political Correspondent

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He also recommended that his report be passed to the Attorney-General to decide whether Mr Rajbansi should be criminally prosecuted.

'Honourable thing'

Mr Rajbansi is already under suspension from Parliament until February 28. Today, Dr J N Reddy, chairman of Solidarity, said that if Mr Rajbansi did not do "the honourable thing" and resign, he would take steps to have his suspension extended.

There are also moves to have Mr Rajbansi thrown out of Parliament permanently.

His party candidate for the Peter Mabuse seat. If Mr Rajbansi is convicted of the charges, he said, he would be sentenced to a term of imprisonment without the option of a fine on any of the matters raised in the report.

If this does not happen, there may be moves by the opposition to invoke an Act of Parliament to terminate his membership.

This has happened only once before, during the 1950s, when an MP, Mr Sam Kahn, was thrown out because he was a member of the Communist Party, according to parliamentary officials.

It was not clear if such a motion against Mr Rajbansi would require the approval of all branches of Parliament or only the House of Delegates.

Today, the NPP's chief whip, Mr M Bahl, declined to comment on Mr Rajbansi's future.

Dr Reddy said no matter what Mr Rajbansi might say, he had been guilty of improper conduct and the only honourable thing for him to do is to pack his bags and get the hell out of public life.

The Government has also come under fire for keeping Mr Rajbansi in his job so long.

Conservative Party spokesman, Mr Koos du Merwe, said this had seriously questioned the Government's willingness to wipe out corruption.

FiPP leader Dr Zach de Beer asked "Why did it take the Government so long to have these matters investigated when the man was a member of Cabinet?"

Mr Justice James said that Mr Rajbansi had lied under oath to his commission and to a parliamentary committee, tried to defeat the ends of justice, fraudulently obtained businesses, misused his official position, committed statutory perjury, influenced witnesses to testify falsely, and improperly interfered in departments.

Mr Reddy appealed to the members of the NPP to reject Mr Rajbansi's leadership or else they would have to take joint responsibility for his actions.

Mr Pat Fosvalingam said Mr Rajbansi was maintained in power to the bitter end by the government of Mr P W Botha.

Rajbansi unfit for public office, finds Commission

CAPE TOWN — Mr Amichand Rajbansi should not in future be employed as a Minister, or in any official or semi-official post which called for integrity, the James Commission report recommended today.

Mr Justice Neville James also recommended that his report be referred to the Attorney-General to consider whether criminal prosecutions arising from the contents of his report, and from evidence submitted to the commission, should be instituted against Mr Rajbansi.

In the harshest indictment of any South African Minister by a commission of inquiry, Mr Justice James described Mr Rajbansi as "a mean-minded bully who used ruthless tactics to deal with anyone who dared to stand up to him."

The commission also found, regarding Mr Rajbansi, that:

- He had ripped out 14 documents from an official file dealing with the allocation of petrol station sites and thrown them into a rubbish bin in an attempt to impede the administration of justice.
- His meddling in the administration of departments run by other Ministers had damaged good administration in the Department of Education and of the Budget in the House of Delegates, and his constant interference amounted to irregular exercise of power.
- He committed statutory perjury by making conflicting statements under oath, and his attempt to falsely accuse Mr Baldeo Dookie of a serious criminal offence was reprehensible.
- He was guilty of "dishonest, indeed disgraceful conduct" in his dealings with the James Commission.

The commission was appointed last year by the State President, Mr P W Botha, after repeated allegations of irregularities and bribery in the administration of the House of Delegates.

Releasing the report at midnight, the Acting State President, Mr Chris Heunis, said he had handed it to the Minister of Justice, Mr Kobie Coetzee, with the request that it be referred to the Attorney-General — Sapa.

Abducted boy was 'children's affair'

By Adele Baleta

The missing boy at the centre of the Mandela "football team" abduction scandal is no longer an 'inexplicable' event, Sunday
Dookie falsely accused of crime

CAPE TOWN — Former Cabinet Minis-
ter Mr. Amchand Rajbansi com-
tended statutory perjury by making two
conflicting statements under oath, and
his attempt to falsely accuse Mr. Bal-
deo Dookie of a serious criminal of-
fence was reprehensible, according to
the James commission findings.

The report said that during the
course of a police investigation in 1987
into alleged irregularities that 754
erven in Lenasia South Extension I
were corruptly allocated to developers
and individuals, Mr. Rajbansi made a

In this statement he indicated allo-
cation "was done on the basis of fair-
ness and merit was the only criteria.

Mr. Rajbansi had added he persona-
ally endorsed Mr. Dookie's decision.
However, in a sworn statement
August 25, 1988, on the same matter, to
the commission, he alleged Mr. Dookie
had corruptly allocated 20 erven to the
late Mr. A.B. Choonara, MP, in the name
of Gori's Construction.

He asserted Mr. Dookie was guilty of
a serious act of corruption by making
this allocation to an MP.

"Mr. Rajbansi contended that his
first affidavit did not deal with the allo-
cation of erven to 'Gori's Construc-
tion', and that the 20 erven in question
had only been allocated subsequently.

"This contention is untenable in view
of the contents of the preamble to his
first affidavit made to police." — Sapd
Judge talks of ruthless tactics

CAPE TOWN — Former Cabinet Minister Mr. Armehand Rajbans was a "mean-minded bully who used ruthless tactics to deal with anyone who dared to stand up to him," the James Commission found.

The report, by Mr. Justice James, into allegations of irregularities in the House of Delegates administration, from which Mr. Rajbans was sacked as chairman at the beginning of the year by President Botha, was released at midnight by Acting State President Mr. Chris Hensons.

"Mr. Rajbans demonstrated that he was a quick-thinking man of enormous energy and determination, who adopted a bold, and indeed pugnacious, approach to the problems confronting him."

"But against these qualities he displayed glaring defects. He proved himself on many occasions to be arrogant and unscrupulous."

"He frequently demonstrated he was a mean-minded bully who used ruthless tactics to deal with anyone who dared to stand up to him, and he was very ready to overawe less determined characters in order to induce them to his bidding, even to the extent of lying under oath."

"He was ready to he bold and without hesitation if he felt himself cornered."

"He is an extraordinarily ambitious man obsessed with a desire to achieve personal power, and ruthless in its pursuit."

In contrast, the judge said, he found the evidence and conduct before the commission of Mr. V.G. Hunt, director of Local Government in the administration of the House of Delegates, to be honest and reliable.

"Mr. Hunt had been the subject of vehement attacks by Mr. Rajbans regarding his reliability and honesty." — Sapa
Evidence that led to the can of worms being opened

The inquiry found firmly against Mr. Rajahm with the result that Mr. Botha, with his hand forced, appointed the James Commission last year. Politicians in the House of Delegates endorsed this protection to Mr. Rajahm being political clay as Mr. Botha's hands doing his bidding and giving the illusion of a working system.

And to a large extent the day of reckoning was delayed by the very system which the former President of Natal, Mr. James Mtambo, found Mr. Rajahm had abused.

In the process Mr. Rajahm went on the attack with a vengeance when the House of Delegates may have had as a political weapon.

Many of the politicians in the House of Delegates knew about some of the accusations against Mr. Rajahm but continued to support him because he had the jobs they held in his hands.

Excesses

Even Dr. J. N. Botha who was fully aware of the excesses of Mr. Rajahm was at one stage prepared to deal with him in a united party.

Mr. P. P. M. MP (PFP) accused him of nepotism and cronyism with respect to his colleagues. Mr. M. S. Ngidi MP (VNP) made a speech in Parliament in 1970 that it was not the time to probe the excesses of Mr. Rajahm.

At no stage were the two men prepared to deal with Mr. Rajahm as they pursued him relentlessly.

Mr. Rajahm's handling of the situation and his refusal to cooperate with the Commission and the House of Delegates led to his dismissal from the government. The case was referred to the Public Prosecution where the charges were dropped.

The final blow came when the Minister of Housing, Mr. J. N. Botha, called a day and forthwith the privileges he had to change sides and stay on the opposite side.

Mr. Botha was followed by others last year who continued strongly as ministers but sitting in the opposition.

Mr. James cited the revenue matters and also the cases of the ill-doing alleged by Mr. Rajahm.

It was the evidence before the Commission and the House of Delegates that the whole can be said to have opened by Mr. James.

Mr. Rajahm had one standard tactic when accused of any misconduct to accuse his accusers of even more serious crimes.

In his craving for power he always showed that he also wanted to maintain control. He was never authorised to deal with any matters that were outside the scope of his duties.

He was well known for his remarkable extent of contradictions. He was not the only one to be found guilty of political excesses but it was said that he was the one who was the most open about his activities.

In the end, the finding of the Commission was that Mr. Rajahm had abused his position for personal gain and that he had acted in a manner inconsistent with his duties as a government minister.
PW's illusionist sees his power vanish after 4 protected years

CAPE TOWN - The final days of the Raj have been a long time coming but finally what his political opponents have been saying about him has been substantiated in a damning commission of inquiry report.

But before the axe fell, Mr Amichand Rajbanshi led a charmed existence, often appearing to be under the personal protection of President Botha, who time and again either ignored or rejected calls for a commission of inquiry into a veritable avalanche of accusations of corruption and maladministration.

It was only after years of intrigue that the majority of the House of Delegates was briefly snatched away from Mr Rajbanshi and the House could launch its own inquiries.

The inquiries found firmly against Mr Rajbanshi with the result that Mr Botha, his hand forced, appointed the James Commission last year.

Members of the House of Delegates secured this protection to Mr Rajbanshi being political clay in Mr Botha's hands doing his bidding and giving the illusion of a working system.

WRECKED

And to a large extent the day of reckoning was delayed by the very system which the former President of Natal, Mr Justice Neville James, found Mr Rajbanshi had abused.

In the process Mr Rajbanshi wrecked any credibility which the House of Delegates may have had as a political vehicle.

Many in the House knew about or had an inkling of the accusations against Mr Rajbanshi but continued to support him because he held their jobs in his hands.

Even Dr J N Reddy, who was fully aware of the excesses of Mr Rajbanshi, was at one stage prepared to deal with him in a united party.

Mr Pat Poovalingam MP (PPF Reservoir Hills), with support from Mr Mammoo Rajbanshi MP (PPF Springfield), fought an incredible battle against Mr Rajbanshi.

At one stage he deliberately defamed Mr Rajbanshi in an attempt to get Mr Rajbanshi to sue him so that he could get him in a witness box.

At no stage were the two men prepared to deal with Mr Rajbanshi as they pursued him relentlessly in and outside of Parliament.

Mr Rajbanshi was no stranger to accusations of maladministration when he arrived to take up his position with the new tri-cameral system in Cape Town in 1984.

He had already been banned from standing for any local affairs committee after a Natal provincial inquiry into housing allocations.

He showed from day one in Cape Town that he was what Mr James described as "an extraordinarily ambitious man, obsessed with a desire to achieve personal power and he is ruthless in its pursuit."

With a hang House of Delegates after the 1984 elections Mr Rajbanshi used every bit of political muscle, intrigue and manipulation to ensure he got the top job.

And once he got there he had sufficient patronage to hang on to make sure he stayed there, although often feebly.

He was quite blatant about this, saying everyone in the House of Delegates wanted a job. Many members of the House proved him right as they crossed, re-crossed and continued to cross the floor — not on political pride of any murkiness but on what was in it for them.

But as he wheeled and dealt he made more and more enemies. Finally there was nothing left which he could "buy" the support of the people he needed.

The final blow came when his Minister of Housing, Mr Baldeo Dookie, called it a day — giving up his privileges to change sides and stay on the opposite side.

Mr Dookie was followed by others who, strangely, continued as Ministers while sitting on the opposition benches.

CLOSED

Mr James closed the renegade Ministers of any of the ill-dosings alleged by Mr Rajbanshi. It was the evidence Mr Dookie brought with him that led eventually to the whole can of worms being opened by Mr Justice James.

Mr Rajbanshi's standard tactic when accused of any impropriety was to accuse his accuser of even more heinous crimes.

In his craving for power he always showed he wanted complete control. He was almost paranoid about letting any of his Ministers take any individual decision. He required all his ministerial decisions to be subject to or at least to be discussed with him.

His personal staff quavered at his every word.

The James Commission report is not the end of the saga. It can be expected to last for months, if not years, as Mr Rajbanshi fights back — not only for his political existence but also against possible severe penalties if he is taken to court.
Disgraced politician won’t quit

Bid to kick Rajbansi out of Parliament

By Peter Fabriechs,
Political Correspondent

CAPE TOWN — Several moves are being made to dislodge Mr Amichand Rajbansi from the House of Delegates after the damaging report on him by the James Commission.

But although the opposition may resort to dissolving the House, Mr Rajbansi yesterday made it clear he has no intention of bowing out.

Unit for office

He said his political career would not be damaged by the James Commission Report — which declared him unfit to hold any office of integrity and recommended that the Attorney-General consider criminal charges against him.

Mr Rajbansi has already been stripped of his posts in the Cabinet and as Chairman of the Ministers Council and Minister of Housing.

He is also suspended from the House of Delegates until February 28. But after that he can return to his seat in Parliament and as leader of the NPP can still play an important role in the House.

Yesterday Mr Kassie Ramdhuth, acting Chairman of the Ministers’ Council, went to see Acting State President Mr Chris Heurning to discuss dissolving the House. It is understood that no decision was made.

Leader of the Solidarity/Peoples Party alliance Dr J N Reddy said last night he was considering various ways of getting rid of Mr Rajbansi, including expelling him from the House of Delegates and dissolving the House to call an election.

The House of Delegates has the power to expel Mr Rajbansi by resolution — a step unprecedented in the South African Parliament.

But Dr Reddy admitted the problem was that there was no certainty that Mr Rajbansi’s National Peoples Party (NPP) did not command a majority in the fluid House.

In this situation we don’t know where we are because of the numbers game,” he said.

“Although required as a return to sanity in the House of Delegates, especially in the NPP.

“If the NPP members continue to be influenced by their leader (Mr Rajbansi) who has been in a sense defrocked by the James Commission, the parliamentary process will be prostituted.”

Though the situation is still highly fluid it seems the NPP now commands a majority in the House.

Retaliation

This means that any motion to expel him could be defeated and also gives credence to threats by members of the NPP that they will move to suspend members of the opposition in retaliation.

Mr Rajbansi’s standing in the NPP after the publication of the James Report is not yet clear, although it could become so at a meeting of the NPP caucus scheduled for last night.

Though some members of the NPP are rallying behind him, sources said that many members had had enough and wanted him out of the leadership.
Raj report met with 'told you so'

DURBAN. — The James Kommission report on former cabinet minister Amichand Rajbansi has been greeted with a 'we told you so' by anti-apartheid leaders.

Mr Justice James's findings, that Rajbansi was 'a mean-minded bully' who should never again be appointed to any official or semi-official position, showed that the South African political scene needed to be 'cleaned', they said.

Dr Farock Meer, secretary of the Natal Indian Congress, an affiliate of the restricted United Democratic Front (UDF), said the Commission's findings helped to confirm what the community had known all along — that the House of Delegates is riddled with corruption, nepotism and political patronage.

'This report only scratches the surface. Underlying all this is a much wider disease and that is the tri-cameral parliamentary system itself.

'The system is tailor-made for the type of abuses which make it possible for sections of the community to lend their support for apartheid,' he said.

As long as the tri-cameral system was allowed to operate the disease of 'corruption, bribery, nepotism and patronage' would continue.

'It is only in a system where the will of the majority is taken into consideration that these practices can be laid to rest.'

Mr Mawilal Ramgobin, a former national treasurer of the UDF and former treason trialist, said the Commission's findings were not an unforeseen tragedy in the politics of apartheid.

'The entire democratic movement has been constantly harping on the fact that the tri-cameral system is a farce.

'And any farcical system like that must give rise by the very terms of its references to the likes of Rajbansi.'
Weekly Mail Reporter

The question raised by the James Commission report this week is how Amichand Rajbanshi managed to secure his power for so long.

The 88-page report shows how the former cabinet minister—described by Mr Justice Neville James as “an inordinately ambitious man obsessed with a desire to achieve personal power, and ruthless in its pursuit”—rewarded and protected his allies, backers and associates.

But the methods used by the National Peoples’ Party leader were best demonstrated by the tale of his award of contracts for the sale of schoolbooks and his promotion of a party supporter as principal of a school.

The commission said that “during the years 1986/7, 1987/8 and 1988/9 extraordinary changes occurred in the allocation given to many of the book-sellers. Some were given enormous increases in allocations and others, for no apparent reason, were not favoured.”

“Any fair-minded person studying the allocation lists would be astonished and appalled at the number of unexplained inconsistencies and irrational allocations, and I am quite satisfied that no serious attempt was made to achieve honest awards based on merit,” said Justice James.

Rajbanshi was nonplussed by the accusation, complaining that the James Commission, by calling for evidence from certain book-sellers “had set back the progress of Indian politics by eight years.”

The commission and that if the evidence showed that the allocations to book-sellers were not based on the quality of service, but rather on the size of contributions made to the coffers of a political party, a corrupt practice would have been revealed.

It said Rajbanshi had at all times shown great interest in the allocations and had not hesitated to intervene in matters, even though the allocation procedure did not fall under his department.

“In May 1985, he personally directed that all school book orders for new schools which were built during the year 1985/6 and not yet allocated were to be awarded to D Roopand Bros, and he asked to be informed of the dates of all payments made after each allocation.”

“This instruction bypassed the Advisory Allocations Committee and was, in my view, irregular conduct. It also revealed that he had a strong personal interest in the matter.”

“The commission heard a great deal of evidence to the effect that many book-sellers had made contributions to the National People’s Party. Most of these are associated with the time of the grant of allocations.”

“Mr Rajbanshi was at the time leader of the National People’s Party and took a great interest in securing funds. In fact, the contributions collected were handed over to Mr Rajbanshi for deposit in the party’s banking account.”

Justice James found there was a strong probability that Rajbanshi was responsible for supplying Dr Nair, the chief director of planning services in the education department, with the schedule of allocations for the purchase of schoolbooks.

“The promotion of a certain C Panday to the position of school principal was equally revealing of Rajbanshi’s operating style.”

AK Singh, chief director of control and auxiliary services in 1985, told the commission that towards the end of that year the list for teachers’ promotions for the following year had been established by applying the recognised promotion procedures.

Shortly afterwards, he was summoned to Rajbanshi’s office. After inspecting the list, Rajbanshi observed that the names of Panday and B Singh did not appear on it and gave immediate instructions that these names were to be included.

“Mr Singh was aware that these persons did not at that stage merit promotion and that if their names were to be added to the list, the names of two other persons would have to be removed. But since Mr Rajbanshi had given a positive direction that the names of Mr C Panday and Mr B Singh be included, he knew that the direction had to be obeyed,” the commission said.

Singh was most unhappy about this and reported it to his minister, Kavi Ramduth (at present, the acting chairman of the Ministers’ Council in the House of Delegates), the director-general, Dr Gilliland, and his immediate senior, JSN Zwiegelaar.

Zwiegelaar “washed his hands of the matter” and Gilliland did not think it sufficiently important to make an issue of it. When Ramduth raised it with Rajbanshi, he “suggested that a political party should promote those who assisted it,” and although Mr Ramduth protested somewhat faintly, the names of Messrs C Panday and B Singh were included in the final list.

The commission goes on to say that Panday’s name next became prominent in February 1988, when he was acting principal at a school at Reservoir Hills.

“His name figured prominently in the newspapers and the reports mentioned that he had taken part in a strip-tease act and his photo with a strip-tease artiste appeared in a widely circulating Sunday paper.”

Ramduth was disturbed by the reports and transferred Panday pending a disciplinary inquiry. The letter then obtained a Supreme Court interdict stopping the transfer.

Ramduth responded by ordering a letter of suspension to be delivered to Panday. But Rajbanshi intervened, ordering the person responsible for delivering the letter not to proceed, and telephoning Ramduth to insist it should not be sent.

“When Mr Ramduth showed resistance he (Rajbanshi) made veiled threats that he would not remain in office if he did not comply, and Mr Ramduth eventually gave in, but most reluctantly.”

The commission said a disciplinary inquiry had eventually found Panday guilty of misconduct. Ramduth had fined him R50 and ordered him to cease acting as headmaster.

Rajbanshi had again intervened, suggesting that Ramduth had overstepped the mark and requesting that Panday should not be removed from his position until the end of the school year.

Mr Justice James said he had no doubt Rajbanshi had acted irregularly, and dismissed Rajbanshi’s argument that he had intervened because Ramduth’s actions had been contrary to the spirit of the court interdict.

“Obviously, he intervened to try and save a strong political supporter,” the commission concluded.
A golden handshake

FORMER chairman of the Indian Minister's Council, Mr Amichand P W Rajbansi, is due to receive a golden handshake of about R70 000 and a pension of R2 500 on top of his parliamentary salary of about R5 500. He was MP for the James Commission until February 28.

Mr Amichand Rajbansi... fired.

And he is being paid closer to R200 000 with an annual pension for life of R10 000. He was suspended from Parliament.
Damning James Report hits the Raj's career

AMICHAND Rajbansi should not again be appointed to official or semi-official positions in which integrity is required," according to Judge Neville James, chairman of the commission of inquiry into allegations of irregularities by certain members of the House of Delegates.

If a report released this week, Judge James recommended that criminal proceedings be instituted against Rajbansi.

The former chairman of the Minister's Council in the House of Delegates and former Cabinet minister was described by Judge James as an "exorbitantly ambitious man" obsessed with a desire to gain personal power.

People who opposed him were mercilessly tormented and he was prepared to lie without hesitation when cornered, the judge added.

Acting State President Chris Huepns asked Minister of Justice Koiwe Coetsee to refer the commission's report to the Attorney-General.

The judge found that Rajbansi committed perjury and used reprehensible methods to accu-
Two Houses may block toll road Bill again

CAPE TOWN — The House of Delegates and Representatives are holding their options open on whether to again reject the revised Bill, legalising the privatisation of toll roads. Officials from the majority parties in both Houses said yesterday a decision would be taken only after they had seen the revised National Roads Amendment Bill, which still has to be submitted to Parliament.

The Bill is designed to legalise the agreements government has already concluded with private consortia Tolcon and Tollway to enable them to take over the Alberton-Marrizburg and Springs-Krugersdorp toll roads.

Our Correspondent reports from Durban that motorists approaching the Moon River toll road are being given only 500m or 15 seconds at 120km/h — warning before the turn-off onto the alternative route.

**Charges**

Meanwhile, Estcourt farmer and former PNP MP Graham McIntosh says many people, out of "a deeply held conviction that respect for the law demands fair and just laws," have refused to pay the Moon River toll.

A police spokesman said since the plaza opened on December 17 "more than 60" cases of motorists who had refused to pay the toll had been reported to the police by Tolcon and charges were being investigated.

Sylvia Du Plessis reports the Germiston Industries Association (GIA) has criticised the Germiston City Council's decision to accept Tollway's proposed R77 toll road, and has vowed to fight it "to the bitter end."

The council decided last week to accept Tollway's proposed toll road south of Rand Airport provided a number of conditions were met. One of these was that funds be made available to upgrade the alternative routes.
CAPE TOWN — Disgraced former Minister Arunachal Rajbansi has survived as leader of the National People's Party (NPP), in spite of the James Commission's damning findings, but stepped down as parliamentary leader at a caucus meeting yesterday.

It appeared too that after the most recent ructions in Indian politics and promises of support by various other parties, the NPP still had a tenuous majority of one in the House of Delegates.

And, a move is expected soon — possibly even today — to lift the suspension on Rajbansi's participation in Parliament.

The NPP's caucus met for nearly two hours with Rajbansi emerging with his leadership still intact. It was understood the decision was unanimous and, sources said, the caucus did not have the power to unseat him in any event.

That could only be done by a national congress. Sources also suggested that Rajbansi had stepped down as parliamentary leader of his own accord, to avoid any constitutional crisis over the appointment of a chairman of the Ministers' Council in the House. S. Naicker will replace Rajbansi as parliamentary leader.
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NPP gets parliamentary head

Political Staff

CAPE TOWN — Defiant Mr. Amchand Rajbansi has survived threats to his leadership of the National People's Party — but has handed over his coprincipalship of the party in Parliament.

This was decided at a caucus meeting of the NPP, which included independent allies.

The Parliamentary leadership is to be held by Mr. S.V. Naiker, the party's sole remaining member of the Indian Minister's Council.

The position had been held on an acting basis by Mr. Babu Ramkumar MP because of Mr. Rajbansi's suspension from Parliament until February 28.

At present, another motion calling for his total expulsion is on the order paper.

In a statement yesterday, Mr. M.S. Shah, secretary of the NPP caucus, said Mr. Rajbansi would remain as NPP leader outside Parliament.
MR Amichand Rajbansi, leader of the National People's Party, yesterday resigned as parliamentary leader of his party.

Mr S V Naicker, the House of Delegates Minister of Local Government and Agriculture, was elected unanimously to succeed him at an NPP caucus meeting yesterday.

According to a statement issued by Mr M S Shah, MP for Lenasia Central, the party's caucus secretary, Mr Rajbansi was not asked for his resignation and would remain an active leader outside Parliament as he was elected to that position by the party's national congress.

"Mr Naicker will now, should the NPP manage to maintain the majority support in the House of Delegates, be in line for appointment as chairman of the minister council," says Sapa.
Plan to ‘implode’ Indian House

President P W Botha will have to decide soon whether to call a snap election for the troubled Indian House of Delegates at their own request.

If he does, it could dump this House into a second election within months when simultaneous elections are held for all three Houses of Parliament.

This follows a carefully orchestrated plan by the two-party opposition Alliance in the House to deliberately “implode” it and so force MPs to agree to “improve” it and so force MPs to agree to improprieties to face the hustings afresh.

The motive is to force these MPs to give public account for their actions over the past four years, when the House was fresh. It is hoped, say sources, that this would help to “clean up” the House and restore stability.

The Indian Ministers’ Council will ask Mr Botha (or Acting President Chris Heunis) next Thursday to dissolve the House after it twice tied 21-21 because it had no clear ruling majority.

In a most dramatic day two attempts to have the disgraced leader of the National Party, Mr Amiechand Rajbanshi, permanently banned from Parliament after the House failed on the issue.

On the second occasion, the Chairman (Speaker), Mr Salam Abram-Mayet, following parliamentary tradition, used his casting vote to negate the motion so that it could be reintroduced in a revamped form.

But on another occasion the House, with the help of two PFP MPs, Mr Pat Poovalingam and Mr Indumand Rajah, voted 22-20 in favour of a motion by the leader of the official Opposition Solidarity Party, Dr J N Reddy, calling for early elections.

Dr Reddy’s motion called on the Ministers Council to consider holding fresh elections for the House of Delegates.

This means, in fact, that the Ministers Council will decide next Thursday whether to ask the President to dissolve the House and call for early elections, in addition to mandatory elections for all three Houses which the President must call before March next year.

Only the Minister of Local Government and Agriculture, Mr S V Naidoo, a member of Mr Rajbanshi’s NPP, voted against early elections.

The four other Ministers confirmed they would press for early elections, even if they were to face a second election within months.

SUPERSAVERS Sol fights b
Rajbansi still wants back in Parliament

Political Staff

CAPE TOWN. — Fired chairman of the Indian Ministers' Council, Mr Amchand Rajbansi, has given notice that he intends to make a fighting comeback to Parliament.

His suspension from the House of Delegates is due to expire at the end of the month and attempts to expel him entirely were defeated on Friday by the casting vote of chairman of the House, Mr Salam A. Mayet.

Mr Rajbansi accused his enemies today of being "afraid".

He said his first target would be his former Ministers, who walked out of his National People's Party last year to form a new party.

The split also sparked the appointment of the James Commission, which led to Mr Rajbansi's fall from power.

"Mr Rajbansi said he would be exposing how little work the Ministers had done." He said some had abused their positions.

"It is very clear that some of the opposition members are too afraid to face 'me in Parliament,"
Mr R M BURROWS Mr Speaker, arising from the reply of the hon the Minister and his reply to an exactly similar question asked one year ago, can the hon the Minister indicate to me as to whether these guidelines have any legal status whatsoever?

†The MINISTER Mr Speaker, yes, it does have legal power according to the existing specified regulations whereby I have the authority to [Interruptions]

†The SPEAKER Order! The time has expired for these questions; unfortunately could not hear the hon the Minister either

†The MINISTER May I please ask that question number 3 stand over?

†The SPEAKER The time allowed for questions has already expired, therefore the question would have stood over in any case or would have automatically be recorded in Hansard

†The MINISTER That is why I ask the question now, because it will be recorded in Hansard, but I should like to ask, that question number 3 stand over.

†The SPEAKER It will stand over. That concludes the time allowed for questions today on the Question Paper

*3 Mr R M BURROWS asked the Minister of Education and Culture [Reply standing over]

Business interrupted in accordance with Rule 180C (3) of the Standing Rules of Parliament

Smoking: experts permitted to address pupils on health hazards

*4 Dr M S BARNARD asked the Minister of Education and Culture

Whether doctors or other medical personnel are permitted to address pupils at schools falling under the control of his Department on the health hazards of smoking, if not, why not?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

Yes, although it is Departmental policy that only educationally qualified teaching staff may address pupils during school hours, experts may address pupils on occasion, subject to certain conditions.

Persons who are not educationists may, at the request of a principal, address parents and pupils on topical issues outside school hours.

Mr P T POOVALINGAM Mr Chairmen, no doubt the hon the Acting Chairmen of the Ministers' Council has read a circular issued by his colleague the hon the Minister of Education and Development Aid, who holds office under general affairs. The notice was to the effect that in view of the evidence presented before the Van den Heever Commission concerning the conduct of a senior official, a deputy director in that Department, that deputy director has been suspended. I should like to know from the hon the Acting Chairmen of the Ministers' Council, if he has it upon him, why he has not taken similar action concerning a senior member of his own administrative staff, to wit Dr G K Nair.

I should like to suggest to the hon the Acting Chairmen of the Ministers' Council that to the extent that he delays taking appropriate action the public holds him personally liable.

I should also like to continue where the hon member for Springfield left off. What was done to Mr S C Naidoo was a sin of the first order. One would have expected the hon the Acting Chairmen of the Ministers' Council to have taken remedial action immediately the facts were drawn to his attention. That has not been done and the public holds the hon the Acting Chairmen of the Ministers' Council accountable. As far as the public is concerned, it does not have direct dealings with officials, but where a Minister does not see to it that the rot in his Department is removed, the stench eliminated and graft and corruption made completely impossible in the future by taking strong decisive action against those who are responsible, that Minister is responsible, not only is such a Minister responsible, but his hon colleagues in the Ministers' Council are co-responsible. [Time expired]

Mr A K PILLAY Mr Chairmen, is the hon the...
MR M RAJAB: Mr Chairman, arising out of the reply of the hon. the Minister, might I ask him, with reference to question 4(a) and (b), when if ever the report of the School's Services Committee was no longer required? Surely, when one has a qualified teacher, and that teacher is employed by the Department, and his commitment has been made by the Department to employ that teacher for certain professional reasons. The question is simply, when and why was it decided that the services were no longer required? The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, I am not able to tell the hon. member that now, but I will provide him with the answer.

MR P T POOVALINGAM: Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon. the Minister's reply, is the House to understand from the purport of the hon. the Minister's reply that his department actually employed a qualified teacher whose services were not necessary? If so, an explanation is required. If not, was there any diminution in the number of pupils during the period concerned, that is 1988, which made a fully qualified teacher redundant?

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, educationists are employed according to needs in the department. If the need is not there any longer, the services will be terminated. As far as the other question is concerned, I can look up for the hon. member and make the information available to him. However, as far as services are concerned, if there is no need for that service, it terminates.

Cato Manor, rent boycott

MR M RAJAB asked the Minister of Housing, Development and Lands, when if ever a rent boycott in Cato Manor, Cato Manor, is present, if (a) when did the boycott commence and (b) what are the reasons for it, (2) whether he has received any representations regarding this area, if so, what are the relevant details, (3) whether he is contemplating any action against persons involved in the boycott, if so, what are the relevant details, (4) whether he will make a statement on the matter.

The MINISTER OF HOUSING

(a) Without admitting that there is an organised boycott, the defaulting began one month after the initial occupancies December. That is December 1987 and January 1989.

(b) The administration is at present investigating the reasons for defaulting.

(2) Yes, a memorandum by the Cato Manor Residents Association was received by the Administration on 14 December 1988, wherein they-(a) expressed their disappointment with the standard and quality of the houses in general,

(b) informed that the rentals of the houses were between 46% and 70% of the family income per month,

(c) claimed that this Administration has failed in its objective to provide affordable low-income houses,

(d) claimed that the standard of the houses had been seriously compromised to keep down the costs of the units in comparison to other similar projects.

(e) claimed that a substantial part of the costs of the project can be contributed to poor soil conditions and the topography of the Bonella area.

(f) claimed in conclusion that proper consultation at the stages of planning and construction could have averted many of the problems being encountered now.

(g) recommended that all costs incurred in preparing the ground for actual construction should be written off and a new formula be negotiated.

(3) Defaulters will be dealt with in the normal way.

(4) Pending the outcome of the investigations mentioned in (b) above, I do not intend making a statement.
Reddy vows to right wrongs in Delegates

CAPE TOWN — House of Delegates majority party Solidarity leader J N Reddy said he would do everything, including the possible introduction of legislation, to remedy all wrongs which had occurred in the House.

Debating in own affairs on the Part Appropriation Bill, he said matters revealed by the James Commission had led to great concern in the Indian community and it was essential that stability returned to the House of Delegates.

"As Solidarity leader, I will not rest until the question mark over this House for the past few years has been removed. Anyone who did not do their duty will not be left alone until redress has been granted to those who have been hurt. It does not matter whose heads roll."

Acting Ministers' Council chairman Kassie Ramduth said he had not lost sight of the findings of the James Commission. No stone would be left unturned in rectifying shortcomings it revealed. — Sapa.
Rajbansi resigns from the party he founded

Own Correspondent

DURBAN — In a surprise move, Amchand Rajbansi, leader of the National People's Party, resigned yesterday and severed all links with the party he founded five years ago to take control of the House of Delegates.

However, he still remains MP for Chatsworth's Arena Park

Many of his allies said they saw his resignation as "the writing on the wall" that his political career was nearing its end.

President Botha recently fired Rajbansi from all ministerial positions following the James Commission report, and the Attorney General is currently studying the report to see if criminal charges can be brought against the former Minister.

Rajbansi said yesterday "I resigned from the NPP because I needed breathing space to reflect on my future course in the politics of this country. There are no differences within the party. The NPP has good strength and I am sure that the hung house situation will not remain for long."

I am positive that the swing will be towards the NPP. But what is sickening in the House of Delegates is that many members of the House are putting their personal self above their principles."

It is believed Rajbansi may launch a new political party.

SV Naicker has been tipped to take over from Rajbansi as leader of the NPP. Sapa reports a new attempt is to be made to have Rajbansi expelled from the House of Delegates. A similar motion failed narrowly earlier this month.

Mahmoud Rajab (PFP Springfield) gave notice yesterday that he would propose a motion calling for the removal of Rajbansi as a Member of Parliament — Sapa.
The man who seeks to be the S African Rajah

To be the Rajah in the House of Delegates is no easy task and it definitely is not a position that comes to those with ability and talent only.

If that were the case Dr J N Reddy would have been the leading contender for the chairmanship of the Ministers’ Council of the House of Delegates.

The position apparently depends also on the ability to manoeuvre and dodge — as has been proven to a large extent by events over the past four years.

Unlike the Rajahs of the land of his forefathers, Dr Reddy was definitely not to the position born. He comes from humble beginnings. His father, who was a printer’s assistant, came to South Africa as a child with Dr Reddy’s grandfather, who was an indentured labourer.

His mother was the daughter of a Salisbury Island seine net fisherman.

Dr Reddy’s is, therefore, a “rags to riches” story.

Stores clerk

He left Sastri College before he matriculated to work initially as an engineering stores clerk while studying part time. He has ended up with substantial business interests, an array of qualifications and an Honorary Doctorate of Commerce from the University of Durban-Westville.

Dr Reddy’s climb up the business ladder started when he joined a freight and import/export firm. He later became a consultant and then established his own company which today operates nationwide and employs 140 people.

In between he has established a textile company and the New Republic Bank, resigning as its chairman when he decided to enter the tricameral system.

Dr Reddy has been politically active since his school days, holding various positions in the Natal Indian Congress — an organisation which now strongly condemns him for participation in the system.

In the 1990s, when his family became a victim of the Group Areas Act, he decided to change from protest to participation politics in an attempt to take some of the edge off the harsh racially discriminatory laws and policies of the National Party Government.

He first became involved in local government in 1987 and was appointed by the Government to the first SA Indian Council the following year. In 1973 he was elected chairman of the executive committee and resigned seven years later, making way for his arch political opponent, Mr Amichand Rajbansi.

Some of his achievements included having parastatals like Iscor training and employing Indian artisans and having Natal auditors open their doors for Indian articulated clerks.

In 1984, with the launching of the tricameral system, Dr Reddy helped establish Solidarity and was elected its leader.

Although opposed to the tricameral system and firmly committed to its dispensation, Dr Reddy decided again that participation would produce more results than non-participation.

Despite ongoing turmoil in the House of Delegates, Dr Reddy strongly believes that much has been achieved. The main example being the Government back-off on toughening the Group Areas Act.

“For the first time the National Party had to listen to the deep feelings on the Act and it has affected them,” he said.

After two years of vicious fighting over the majority in the HoR, in 1996 Dr Reddy led his party into an agreement with Mr Rajbansi’s National People’s Party.

Dr Reddy said the only reason for the agreement was because of public pressure to stop the division and problems in the House.

They soon fell out, however, and Solidarity grabbed the majority in the House long enough to appoint a select committee to investigate ongoing charges of corruption and maladministration.

The results forced the Government to appoint the James Commission which led to the downfall of Mr Rajbansi.

Because of the manoeuvring for position, Dr Reddy is still waiting to be the Rajah.
Delegates put Rajbansi in limbo

CAPE TOWN — Amichand Rajbansi was yesterday suspended from the House of Delegates for the duration of the current session of Parliament.

A motion by Mahmoud Rajab (FDP Springfield) calling for his expulsion was defeated.

An amendment, proposed by Mohanlal Bandulalal (Sol Havenside), proposing suspension, was approved with only NNP members voting against it.

John Lyman (Ind Camperdown) said Rajbansi could return to Parliament within 10 weeks if he were expelled. That would lead to a vacancy in his Arena Park constituency which Rajbansi could possibly win.

Rajbansi was severely criticized in the findings of a recent official inquiry into some House affairs.

Rajab said he could not understand why Bandulalal proposed suspension rather than expulsion.

"He is prepared to confer the status of marriage on him but refuses to allow him into the bridal chamber to perform the function of such marriage." — Sapa
BLOEMFONTEIN. — Judgment has been reserved by the Appeal Court here in an appeal by 11 teachers who were dismissed from Rylands Senior Secondary High School in December 1985.

At the time there was a breakdown of discipline at the school, with large-scale riots and boycotts of classes.

Nine of the teachers were on probation and two were temporary assistants. Those on probation were Mr T Moodley, Mr L Jayalall, Mr R N Konar, Miss M T A Naidoo, Mr K S Dilray, Mr E H Jacob, Mr M Vallen, Miss T Paliathan and Mr O G Sadeck. The temporary assistants were Mr S M David and Mr T Pillay.

The appeal was against the dismissal in the Durban and Coast Local Supreme Court by Mr Justice P W Thirion on July 10, 1986, of an application by the teachers against a decision to terminate their employment at the school. — Sapa
Dr. M. S. Barnard asked the Minister of National Health and Population Development whether any (a) white, (b) coloured, (c) Indian and (d) black qualified nurses resigned in 1988 from employment in hospitals falling under the provincial administrations, if so, how many in each case.

The MINISTER OF NATIONAL HEALTH AND POPULATION DEVELOPMENT

Yes,

(a) 2 452
(b) 245
(c) 49
(d) 798

Mr. F. J. Le Roux asked the Minister of Foreign Affairs whether the total cost incurred by the State from 17 September 1982 to 16 June 1987 and 17 June 1987 up to the latest specified date for which information is available, in respect of advertisements in the foreign media that contained messages from the State President, is available, in respect of advertisements in the foreign media that contained messages from the State President.

The MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS

The purpose of advertisement in the foreign media is to establish a correct image of South Africa. This includes *mer alia* the explanation of the policy of the South African Government. Points of view of the State President form an integral part of such explanation, but do not cover views of other members of the Government. In my view it would serve no useful purpose to try to work out separately the advertising cost of quoted pronouncements and points of view of individual members of the Government.

Mr. R. M. Burrows asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

(1) Whether any strikes and/or work stoppages occurred at schools falling under the Natal Education Department during the past six months, if so, (a) (i) when, (a) at which schools and (m) in respect of what specified period is this information furnished and (b) what (a) were the reasons for and (a) was the outcome of each such strike or work stoppage,

(2) Whether the employment of any employee was terminated as a result of such strikes or work stoppages, if so, how many employees were affected and (b) on whose instructions was employment terminated.

Mr. A. Gerber asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

(1) How many (a) white, (b) blacks, (c) coloureds and (d) Indians are presently studying at each technikon under his control

(2) In respect of what date is this information furnished.

Mr. A. Gerber asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

(1) How many (a) white, (b) blacks, (c) coloureds and (d) Indians are presently studying at each university under his control.

(2) In respect of what date is this information furnished.

The above provisional statistics were obtained from SAPSE table 2 and include both undergraduate and postgraduate students.

(2) 10 April 1988

Technikons: race of students

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>(a)</th>
<th>(b)</th>
<th>(c)</th>
<th>(d)</th>
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<tr>
<td>OFS</td>
<td>2,367</td>
<td>33</td>
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<td>—</td>
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<tr>
<td>Natal</td>
<td>4,317</td>
<td>151</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>166</td>
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<td>Witwatersrand</td>
<td>6,029</td>
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<td>Pretoria</td>
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<tr>
<td>RSA</td>
<td>11,156</td>
<td>2,640</td>
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<td>881</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The above provisional statistics were obtained from SAPSE table 2 and include both pre-diploma and post-diploma students.

(2) 10 April 1988
only hon member with integrity. That is a slur on hon members on this side.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! Did the hon member for Reservoir Hills try to imply that other hon members have no integrity?

Mr T POOVALINGAM Mr Chairman, I trust that the hon the Minister of Education will understand the meaning of the word integrity.

Mr M THAVER He is lying!

Mr T POOVALINGAM It is a very good member for Reservoir Hills it means a lot of things. It means ability.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! Can the hon member for Reservoir Hills please indicate whether he tried to imply that other hon members did not have integrity?

Mr T POOVALINGAM Sir, I did not intend to imply that the other hon members are dishonest. I did not intend to imply that all of course, some of them are telling carrots.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order!

Mr Y MOOLLA Mr Chairman, with the greatest respect, I think that we are starting the stage, that the hon member's comment did by implication suggest that others do not have the necessary integrity.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! I think the hon member for Reservoir Hills will satisfy us all by withdrawing the word integrity as a slur on any other hon member.

Mr T POOVALINGAM Mr Chairman, with respect, I withdraw the word only. Therefore my sentence will read: He is an hon member with the necessary integrity to the Minister of Housing.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! That is acceptable.

Mr M Y BAIG Mr Chairman, during the altercation the hon member Mr Thaver said the hon member for Reservoir Hills was lying. That is unparliamentary language.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! Did the hon member Mr Thaver say that? The hon member must immediately withdraw it.

Mr M THAVER I did say he was lying. I withdraw it, Mr Chairman.

BLOEMFONTEIN: schooling for 40 Indian children

2. Mr A E LAMBAT asked the Minister of Education and Culture

(1) What steps are being taken to provide immediate schooling for the approximately 40 Indian children of school-going age living in the Bloemfontein area?

(2) Whether the parents of these children have been requested by his Department to send them to a boarding school in Rustenburg?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE Mr Chairman, the reply to Interpellation 2(1) is that during December 1987 my department negotiated with the Christian Brothers College in Bloemfontein to provide schooling for our Indian pupils. The Christian Brothers College, which is a multi-racial private school run by the Catholic church, agreed to accommodate our pupils from pre-primary classes to standard 10 on condition that the department provide financial assistance. This department agreed to subsidise the tuition fees paid by parents to a maximum of R250 per pupil per annum, and 34 pupils were enrolled at the college on this basis in January 1988. During the course of 1988 a number of parents failed to remove their children from the Christian Brothers College and form their own private school. This school is known as B M J College and operates in three rented offices situated in the old market building. The school has an enrolment of 20 pupils in classes ranging from pre-primary to standard 6. There are a further 10 pupils in classes ranging from standard 7 to 10 who receive their education through Danelin Correspondence College with assistance from the teachers at B M J College. The B M J College has intimated that it intends to apply to the department for subsidisation and registration as a private school. The Department has attempted to secure the assistance of the Minister of Education and Culture in the House of Assembly. In December 1987 he told us that he was looking for premises which he would then hire to the House of Delegates so that we could run those schools. A term has gone by. We are now in March and April is coming up, but nothing has been done.

For the whole of last year our children did not get State education in Bloemfontein. The first term of this year has gone by. We are in the first half of this year. Are our children still going to roam the streets? Are they not going to receive an education? Are they not going to look after our children? Why did the hon the Minister take the responsibility for our children's education upon himself if he is not going to look after them? [Time expired]

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! Mr LAMBAT, I am a bit concerned about the hon member for Actonville's health. I think he should calm down a little.

Mr J VYMAN Mr Chairman, I am surprised at the hon member for Actonville's outburst. Any educationalist will testify that it is not feasible to run a school consisting of 10 different classrooms for 40 children. It is not just the building that is involved. It is not just the funds that are involved. One cannot afford to have a teacher for four or five children. If there are 40 children and there are 10 different classrooms, this will not be a feasible proposition.

Mr A E LAMBAT Mr Chairman

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! The hon member for Campedown is on his feet. The hon member for Actonville still has time to speak later and he may reply then. The hon member for Campedown may proceed.

Mr J VYMAN We should help the Administration House of Delegates. If the hon member for Actonville was sincere in his appeal, he should have given hon members a breakdown of how many children are in each class. To say that there are 40 children in a school is not enough. How many children are in the preparatory school? How many children are in standard 1? How many children are in standard 10? That is what the hon member has failed to answer. [Time expired]

Mr M RAZAB Mr Chairman, first of all I want to say that it is untenable to have a Ministry which is supposed to provide education for our children and which is, in fact, unable to do so. I understand that one has to have economic units, but we have a particular problem in Bloemfontein. It is not a problem that has been created by this administration, but I would think that the hon the Minister should have done everything in his power to get the Catholic school to continue giving tuition to these 40-old pupils. I am not so sure about the B M J College that has been mentioned. I am not sure what standard of education they are providing. I think, enough has been done in this particular instance. I must endorse what the hon member for Actonville has said, namely that it is the responsibility of the department to provide education for our chil-
Let us not forget that this is what we promised the community [Time expired]

Mr E ABRAMJEE Mr Chairman, it surprises me that the hon the Minister repeated that the children from the Orange Free State should be boarded at the Indian school at Rustenburg which has boarding facilities.

I want to ask the hon the Minister whether he is aware of the fact that the boarding facility at Rustenburg is full. There is a waiting list for children that have to be admitted to that school. I want to know whether the department is considering applying for the building of boarding facilities at other schools on the Transvaal plateau.

Mr A E LAMBAT Mr Chairman, I have just heard that if children are in various other classes the school cannot be built. In the schools in the Transvaal that I mentioned there are between 20 and 27 children in each class. In most classes there are 22 pupils. All of them are in different classes. The schools are run by the State and they have no teachers for them. Why can we not have teachers for our children?

For how much longer are our children going to roam the streets and go without schooling? Why must they go to boarding schools 400 kilometres away? Why does our Administration make a suggestion of this nature? Of course the parents will not accept it.

Why must the community register a private school? Why must they ask for a subsidy from the Government when this Administration is responsible for the education of our children? Why can our Administration not pay the salaries of the teachers? Why can they not provide premises or pay for the stationery? Why do they not provide the schools which is a necessity that is required by our community? Is this not callous and cruel negligence on the part of the Administration? [Time expired]

The MINISTER The rest are continuing.

Mr A E LAMBAT Nobody is continuing. I have last night's report.

Mr A E LAMBAT The MINISTER Mr Chairman, will you please allow me to answer this? I said 60 children are still continuing as they were doing in the past.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! Hon members must allow the hon the Minister to reply.

The MINISTER My consultation with my colleagues in the House of Assembly has revealed that he has done his very best. Unfortunately he has not yet changed his policy relating to admitting Indian pupils to his schools, but he has made attempts to meet the situation as best he can. He suggested a number of options which were given to us, but these options were not acceptable to us. He has also made available temporary classrooms at Vanderbijlpark and it is up to us to accept them. He said the following:

If your department was prepared to arrange for the dismantling and transport of these structures they would be made available to you to place them wherever you wish.

We conveyed these options to the parents and to our hon member but they were not acceptable. I must say that in the circumstances it is still not possible to put up a school at a cost of a couple of million rand to accommodate those children, but temporary arrangements have been made. If it is a private school and they apply for registration, it will be recognised and subsidies will be paid.

QUESTIONs

Indicates translated version

For oral reply

Open Affairs

Re-marking of examination scripts

1 Mr M SSHAFT asked the Minister of Education and Culture

(1) Whether his Department prepared a report concerning the marking of the examination scripts of a certain person, whose name has been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply, if so, (a) who prepared the report and (b) what was the purpose thereof and (b) what is the name of this person,

(2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE Answer. (1) No

(a) (i) and (ii) Fall away.

(b) Fall away.

(2) Yes

The article published in a weekly newspaper, dated 24 February 1989 concerning the re-marking of certain matriculation scripts of Miss Dipika Singh, daughter of the Chief Executive Director of the Department of Education and Culture, is a distorted version of the facts as they appear in the report of an investigation carried out by the then head of the Department of Budgetary and Auxiliary Services of this Administration. As is the case with all documents destined for the Ministers' Council, this report was clearly marked “Secret”. Whatever the contents, the publication of such classified material is a very serious matter and the circumstances in which the material came into the possession of the newspaper are being investigated by the South African Police.

It is, in the circumstances, incumbent on me in my capacity both as Minister of Education and Culture and Acting Chairman of the Ministers' Council in the House of Delegates, to disclose the truth lest by omission an unpardonable injustice is committed not only against the Chief Executive Director and his daughter but also against the image of my Department.

The facts are as follows:

Both the internal and external moderators, after independently re-examining the relevant examination scripts of candidate No 065126 arrived at the favourable decision that the pupil in question had, in fact, passed the examination. Moderators do not know the names of candidates. The report and the comments and statements from all persons concerned were fully considered by the Ministers' Council at a meeting held under the Chairmanship of Mr A Rajmathan on 28 July 1987. The Council agreed unanimously that no irregularity had been committed and that the matter should be considered as closed. It was also decided at this meeting that no announcement or press statement would be made. The papers were only filed in high security cabinets and kept under lock and key in the manner prescribed.

Hon members are aware, from the James Commission Report, that acting out of malice, the former Chairman of the Ministers' Council for a considerable period blocked, at Cabinet level, Mr Singh's promotion to his present post. It is also a fact that the Cabinet eventually approved Mr Singh's promotion retrospectively to 1 January 1988 — despite the malicious efforts referred to.

It is probably no coincidence that this double vendetta against Mr Singh has now been followed by the surfacing of the documentation concerning the script re-marking — a transparent attempt to discredit Mr Singh and reflect adversely on the Cabinet decision leading to his promotion.

What makes it doubly reprehensible is that, anticipating just such a vindictive disclosure, the Administration of Delegates, provided the James Commission with all papers relating to the re-marking incident. This was in accordance with a policy of complete openness towards the Commission. It is significant that the Commission did not deem it necessary to make any mention whatsoever of the matter in its report.

I believe that fair-minded people both within and outside this House will agree that the matters should finally be laid to rest. I, for one, do not intend answering any further questions on the subject.

Mr P T POVALINGAM Mr Chairman, notwithstanding the hon the Minister's last comment and angry out of his reply. I think the House is entitled, with respect, to pose any additional questions to the hon the Minister in terms of tradition he is obliged to answer those questions. Will the hon the Minister deny that the
LENASIA MP faces Durban court action

DURBAN — A House of Delegates MP, Mr Mohamed Shah, has been summoned to answer charges in court following his allegation that the James Commission was bankrolled by the Solidarity Party.

The one-man commission, headed by the former judge-president of Natal, Mr Justice Neville James, last year investigated alleged irregularities by House of Delegates Ministers and members. His report led to the sacking of former National People's Party leader Mr Amichand Rajbansi from his ministerial positions.

During the commission's sittings, Mr Justice James referred to a report of Mr Shah's "bankroll" statement and said he had asked the police to investigate it.

Mr Shah (37), MP for Lenasia Central, said the Attorney-General of Natal had issued the summons served on him last Thursday. Mr Shah will defend the action in the Durban Supreme Court on June 5 and intends briefing senior counsel. - Sana
Sanctions threat to Zaire

LUSAKA — Angola will ask the Frontline states to impose sanctions against Zaire if it refuses to stop supporting Unita. Angola's ambassador to Zambia, Mr Luis Neto Kiambata, issued a statement here saying his government would not tolerate forever Zaire's support for the Angolan rebel movement.

"We will have to react to prevent further killing of our people," he said.

President Kenneth Kaunda of Zambia, chairman of the Frontline states, is understood to have visited Zaire last week to talk to President Mobutu Sese Sekou about his support for Unita.

The matter is expected to be discussed at a meeting of the Frontline states' Foreign Ministers in Harare today.

Last year the states threatened to cut Zaire's routes to the sea if it did not reject Unita. The plans were dropped, apparently after Zambia said it could not implement them.
QUESTIONS

Mr C J KIPFEN asked the Minister of Education and Culture '
(a) How many bursaries were granted by his Department to student teachers in 1989 and (b) what was the total amount granted in that year?'

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE replied:

(a) 4354
(b) R6 147 333.40

Mr A E LAMBAT asked the Minister of the Budget:

(1) Whether any specific duties have been assigned to the Ministerial Representatives of the Administration House of Delegates, if not, why not, if so, (a) who assigned these duties and (b) what are they,

(2) whether he will furnish the House with the total amount spent by the said Administration in connection with these Ministerial Representatives, if not, why not, if so, (a) what is this amount and (b) in respect of what period is this information furnished?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGE:

(1) Yes, they are requested by Ministers to investigate or liaise on specific problems
(a) any Minister
(b) various at community level

(2) 1987,88 R365 002,36
1988/89 up to 26/2/89 R422 672,94

Mr M RAJAB: Mr Chairman, is it not true that R900 000 has been wasted? Is there any justification for any further such wastage?

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, I have no authority to answer questions on account of expenditure incurred by the various boards. The Ministry is not responsible for the expenditure of the various boards.

Mr P T POOVALINGAM: Mr Chairman, further arsing out of that answer, would the hon. gentleman concede that between 1988 and 20 February 1989, R690 000 of taxpayers' money has been absolutely and wantonly wasted? That money should be saved for the taxpayer, even if it means giving it to the old-age pensioners.

HON MEMBERS: Agreed!

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, I agree with what the hon. member for Reserve Hills has said. The expenditure incurred by the ministerial representatives, particularly in view of the service that they render — which has not come up to expectations — will not be repeated in the future.

Mr M S SHAH: Mr Chairman, further arsing out of the reply given by the hon. the Minister of the Budget, I would like to ask whether, since he has confirmed that the services rendered do not live up to expectations, the Administration of the House of Delegates is contemplating an evaluation process whereby the functions will be reviewed?

The MINISTER: Yes, Mr Chairman. There is presently an evaluation being done and the Minister’s Council should have the report soon.

Mr H RAMPERSAD: Mr Chairman, I would like to know what the position of these ministerial representatives will be when Parliament dissolves at the end of May?

The MINISTER: At this stage I cannot foretell what will happen to the ministerial representatives.

Mr P T POOVALINGAM: Mr Chairman, further arsing out of the hon. the Minister’s reply, he has admitted that R900 000 has been wasted. Is there any justification for any further such wastage?

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, I should have qualified the expenditure for the years 1987-1988 and 1988-1989. The first year of expenditure was for three months and the present expenditure as at 28 February 1989 is for 12 months.

Mr M RAJAB: That is no justification.

The MINISTER: No, I am qualifying my earlier reply to the oral question put to me.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE: Is the hon. the Minister still on his feet?

The MINISTER: Yes, Mr Chairman. It will depend largely on the decision of the Minister’s Council whether we are going to continue with this expenditure.
Mr P T POOVALINGAM is the Ministers' Council competent to continue wasting money? [Interjections]

Odeon Cinema disposal

2. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Housing

Whether his Department intends to dispose of the Odeon Cinema in Chatsworth, if so, (a) when and (b) at what price?

D49E

The MINISTER OF HOUSING

Yes

(a) Depending on the finalisation of the upset price, "Conditions of Tender" and the necessary advertising, it is likely to be advertised for within the next two months

(b) The selling price will not be known until a tender has been accepted

Mr Y MOOLLA. Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, I would like to ask him whether the department at any time received any offers for the possible sale of that particular cinema excess of the acquisition costs?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I am personally not aware of it but I could certainly provide the hon member for Stanger with an answer after ascertaining the facts from the department

Mr P T POOVALINGAM Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, it is a well-known fact that the best way to establish the market price of any property is by public auction. Will the hon the Minister then agree that that procedure should be followed here instead of tender in view of the fact that a public auction will attract the widest possible opportunity, and the psychological aspect of bidding at an auction will raise the price?

The MINISTER The hon member for Reservoir Hills suggested that the property could be put up for public auction in another way of selling it. I will certainly refer that to my hon colleague.

Mr M S SHAH Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply I would like to ask him whether I understand correctly that part of this complex is going to be sold, what will be the position regarding the tenants who are occupying that building? What is the present income, if known?

The MINISTER That is the question of live and let live. Those are matters to which I have no answers but if the hon member will put them forward as a question, I am sure I will be able to get the answers from our administration.

Mr S V NAICKER Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, I would like to know from him whether, by virtue of the fact that this complex was for a specific purpose, and now that the project is perhaps to be sold, any arrangements have been made for cagers for the specific purpose for which this property was intended? [Interjections]

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order!

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, if the hon member for Northern Natal will put his questions in writing, I will be able to give him a considered reply.

Mr P T POOVALINGAM Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, in order to assist him and in response to the question put by the hon member for Lenasia, I will accept that whatever buying the property, in whatever way, has to take over the tenants as they are?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I concede that point. In any sale that takes place, I think we have to be reasonable people. That has to have to be so.

Superintendent of physical education post advertised

3. Mr P I DEVAN asked the Minister of Education and Culture

Whether a post for a superintendent of physical education was advertised recently, if so, (a) how many candidates applied for the post (b) who interviewed the prospective candidates and (c) made the final assessments in this regard and (d) when will the name of the successful candidate be announced?

D61E

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

Yes

(a) 25

(b) (i) Not interviewed as yet

(II) Falls away

(c) As soon as the candidate has been selected

Specified persons excluded from evaluation

4. Mr P I DEVAN asked the Minister of Education and Culture

(1) Whether the Acting Director of Education (Control), Chief Director of Education (Planning) and the Chief Superintendent of Education (Academe), whose names have been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply, were excluded from the evaluation committee of his Department, if so,

(2) whether any allegations in regard to these persons were investigated internally by his Department, if so, what were the findings, if not, why not.

(3) whether he will furnish the reasons for the exclusion of these persons from the evaluation committee, if not, why not, if so, what are they.

(4) whether it is the intention to take any steps in respect of the ratings given to candidates excluded prior to the exclusion of the above three persons, if not, why not, if so (a) what steps and (b) when?

D62E

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) There is no such post as Director of Education (Control). It follows therefore that there can be neither an incumbent nor an acting incumbent. The Chief Director of Education (Planning) is not involved in evaluation of educators. There is also no evaluation committee in the Department. However, the Chief Director of Education (Control) and the Chief Superintendent of Education (Academe) were relieved of duties in respect of the evaluation of educators. They were also not permitted to attend meetings at which evaluations were moderated.

(2) Yes. But the internal investigations concerning the Chief Superintendent of Education (Academe) have been affected by a Supreme Court action which is sub judice and over which I cannot, therefore, comment. In regard to other staff, however, prescribed procedures relating to retirement and misconduct are at present being followed by the Administration.

It was considered prudent in the light of the sensitivities surrounding the evidence led before the James Commission of Enquiry in respect of the evaluation of educators and with a view to regaining the confidence of the Teachers' Association of South Africa, other staff in the Department and of Management in the system used, to exclude the two officials from the performance of such duties.

It was not considered necessary nor is it the intention to reassess the 2343 or so candidates who applied for promotion and whose evaluations had been undertaken prior to the exclusion of the officers mentioned above. Where, however, specific cases in which irregularities were alleged, were brought to the notice of the Department (36 cases were identified by TASA and two by Mr Justice James) these were thoroughly reviewed. In all but one of these cases, no grounds for relief could be found.

In two other cases mentioned in the Report of the James Commission of Enquiry concerning promotions it is likely that the candidates were improperly favoured. There is, however, no evidence that the educators concerned were themselves in any way culpable in this regard. nor is there any provision whereby these promotions can be withdrawn.

Mr M S SHAH Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, with regard to the Superintendent of Education Academe. I would like to ask the hon the Minister a supplementary question is that person still in the department's employ. If so, is that person carrying on with the normal functions of the department, despite the case being sub judice in the Supreme Court?

The MINISTER, Mr Chairman, from the answers given, I think it is amply clear that the person is still in the employ of the department. However, certain duties have been
(i) see (1) (a) and (b).
(ii) each province makes provision for children with learning problems according to its own needs.
(iii) Yes.

(a) NATAL
(1) Biggarsberg Primary
(2) Maritzburg Model
(3) Glen Park
(4) Livingstone
(5) Zululand Remedial Unit
(6) Browns School
(7) Kenmont School
(8) Open Air School
(9) OFS
(10) Marle du Plessis School

(b) CAPE
(1) Elizabeth Conadele
(2) Jan Kneel School
(3) Cape Recife School
(4) Paarl School
(5) Vista Nova School
(6) Tafelberg School

(c) Meerhof School
(2) WK du Plessis School
(3) Protea School
(4) Maritzburg School
(5) West Rand School
(6) Lantern School
(7) School of Achievement

(d) Hartbeespoort
(2) Springs
(3) Springs
(4) Brakpan
(5) Krugersdorp
(6) Roodepoort
(7) Germiston

(4) Yes, in the main stream pupils receive remedial teaching individually, in groups or in remedial classes. Child guidance clinics give specialist aid to pupils, parents and teachers. Apart from the schools for the mentally handicapped indicated in 3(a), all schools for special education and all child care and reform schools have full-time posts for remedial education.

5 (a) Hope School
(b) Forest Town School
(c) Frances Vorweg School
(d) Transvaal School
(e) New Hope School
(f) Pretoria School
(g) Prospectus Novus School

6 (a) Johannesberg
(b) Johannesberg
(c) Pretoria
(d) Pretoria
(e) Pretoria

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE
The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

QUESTIONS

(a) and (b) Figures not maintained according to provinces.

Schools changes in financial assistance

7 Mr P.T. POOVALINGAM asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

(a) Yes
(b) No

Teachers. applications refused

5 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

(a) 1987 R210.769 (excluding special schools)
(b) 1988 Not available as yet

Average expenditure on Indian school pupils

6 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

(a) 1988 2
(b) 1989 2
(a) see (1) (a) and (b),
(b) each province makes provision for children with learning problems according to its own needs,

(3) yes,

(a) NATAL
Baggagen Primary Glencoe
Maritzburg Model Pietermaritzburg
Glen Park Pinetown
Livingstone Durban
Zululand Remedial Empangeni
Unit
Brown School Durban and Pietermaritzburg
Kensington School Durban
Open Air School Durban
OFS
Martie du Plessis Bloomfontein
School

TRANNSVAAL
Hope School Johannesburg
Forest Town School Johannesburg
Frances Vorweg Pretoria
School
Transvalia School Pretoria
New Hope School Pretoria
Potchefstroom School Pretoria
Prospectus Novus Pretoria

(a) Meerhof School Hartbeespoort
WK du Plessis School Sping
Protea School Sping
Mural Brand School Brakpan
West Rand School Krugersdorp
Lantern School Roodepoort
School of Achievement Germiston

(b) Cape
Elizabeth Commend School Kimberley
Jass Kriel School Kusnervy
Cape Recruit School Port Elizabeth
Paarl School Brackenfell
Vista Nova School Rondebosh
Tafelberg School Cape Town

(4) Yes, in the main stream pupils receive remedial teaching individually, in groups or in remedial classes. Child guidance clinics give specialist aid to pupils, parents and teachers. Apart from the schools for the mentally handicapped indicated in (a), all schools for specialised education and all child care and reform schools have full-time posts for remedial education. The Department offers programmes for the in-service training of remedial teachers as well as diploma courses in remedial education and provides bursaries for this study field.

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

QUESTIONS

7 Mr P T POOVALINGAM asked the Minister of Education and Culture

(a) and (b) Figures not maintained according to provinces

Schools' changes in financial assistance

7 Mr P T POOVALINGAM asked the Minister of Education and Culture

Whether schools falling under his Department were advised of specific changes in the financial assistance that they would receive in respect of (a) 1987 and (b) 1988, if so, when in each case?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(a) No
(b) Yes

On 13 May 1988, State-aided Schools were advised of revised rates in maintenance subsidies through their respective grants.

Teachers' applications refused

8 Mr P T POOVALINGAM asked the Minister of Education and Culture

Whether any applications from suitably qualified (a) primary and (b) secondary school teachers for posts at schools under his control were refused by his Department in 1988 and 1989 respectively, if so, (i) why, (ii) how many, (iii) in which departmental regions, and (iv) in respect of what date is this information furnished, in each case?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(a) 1988 and 1989 Yes
(b) 1988 and 1989 Yes

Applications received from foreigners and White South Africans were refused at the Department has a number of applications from suitably qualified Indian educators on record

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(a) PRIMARY SECONDARY

1988 2
1989 2

Average expenditure on Indian school pupils

What was the per capita expenditure (a) including and (b) excluding expenditure of a current nature on Indian school pupils in each province of the Republic in the 1986-87 financial year?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(a) PRIMARY SECONDARY

1988 2
1989 2

Average expenditure on Indian school pupils
(ii) 5 applications — Durban and surrounding areas
6 applications — Regions not specified
(iv) 31 December 1988 and 21 March 1989, respectively

Private schools: financing of subsidies

9 Mr P T POOVALINGAM asked the Minister of Education and Culture

(1) Whether any changes have been effected or are envisaged in the formula or policy for the financing of subsidies for private schools under his control, if not, why not, if so, what changes have been or are to be effected,

(2) what is the current formula for the financing of each private school,

(3) whether he will make a statement on the matter? 

DSSE

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) No

Changes in the formula or policy for the financing of subsidies for private schools are determined at national level and is accordingly the responsibility of the Department of National Education.

(2) The subsidization of registered private schools is divided into three subsidy categories, namely, 0%, 15%, or 45% of the running expenditure of that for Public Ordinary Schools, depending on the conditions and requirements satisfied for registration.

(3) No

Indian teachers: professional qualifications

10 Mr P I DEVAN asked the Minister of Education and Culture

(1) How many Indian persons obtained professional teaching qualifications in 1988,

(2) whether any of these persons who sought employment in his Department were unsuccessful, if so, (a) how many and (b) for what reasons?

DSSE

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) 574

(2) Yes

(a) 80

(b) No posts available

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Rajbansi grabs party leadership

Parliamentary Staff

Mr Amichand Rajbansi has challenged the leadership of the National People's Party in a move leaving the party in chaos.

If he manages to hold on to the now disputed leadership, Mr Rajbansi, suspended from Parliament until it dissolves, will earn about R50 000 a year extra as leader of the Official Opposition — without performing any of the duties of the position.

But it is unclear if he will succeed. Some members of the caucus walked out of a meeting yesterday at which his demands were met.

The leadership bid has been condemned by the leader of the majority party, Solidarity, Dr J N Reddy, who said it was astounding and an insult to the voters and the entire community.

Mr Rajbansi, in a letter to the caucus, summarily cancelled his resignations as party leader and member.

He told the caucus it was "now required to endorse this decision and advise the Speaker of Parliament accordingly."

Another caucus was due to be held today, as some members claim that no decision was made.

Mr P C Nadesan (NPP, Alldale), an NPP whip, said Mr Rajbansi had not been elected leader because most members had not voted.
**HOUSE OF DELEGATES**

**TUESDAY, 25 APRIL 1989**

**INTERPELLATION**

The sign * indicates a translation. The sign †, used subsequently in the same interpellation, indicates the original language.

**OWN AFFAIRS**

Clau'dius, Pretoria: out-of-court settlement costs

1 Mr S ABRAM asked the Minister of the Budget whether any moneys were paid out by his Department as out-of-court settlement costs in regard to the allocation of certain erven in Claudius, Pretoria, to: (a) what total amount and (b) what are the relevant details?

**DE7E INT**

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET Mr Chairman, my department has made no contribution to the out-of-court settlement in the application of Mr A K Abdulla and others versus the Pretoria City Council and others, but the Housing Development Board did pay R300 000. I have obtained the relevant details from the parties involved and with the approval of the hon the Minister of Housing I wish to supply the following details.

Firstly, the former Community Development Board entered into an agreement with the Pretoria City Council whereby the latter undertook to administer Claudius Extension 1 on behalf of the Board. The Landmark Management Committee, acting under delegation, allocated stands to 240 persons in February 1984. This was done in accordance with the waiting list for Landmark and Claudius, using a points system. Full particulars are not available as this was done before the advent of the Administration House of Delegates.

During August 1984 Mr A K Abdulla and 29 others applied to court for an order setting aside the allocations of erven in Claudius Extension 1. Their application was based on allegations of irregularities against members of the Landmark Management Committee and officials of the Pretoria City Council.

The application was opposed by the Pretoria City Council, the Community Development Board and others. However, during the negotiations the City Council agreed that 19 of the 29 applicants for the court order qualified for the allocation of erven. They were allowed to select from 33 erven which became available as a result of persons to whom erven had been allocated, opting to purchase elsewhere due to the delay arising from the dispute.

To answer the question as to whether gross irregularities in the allocation of erven were committed or not, would mean that the application would have to be heard by the court with a large number of witnesses having to give evidence. This could have resulted in drawn-out procedures spread over years before a decision could be reached. The legal costs would have reached enormous proportions.

Counsel for the applicants advised that he estimated his fees alone would amount to R373 000. Taking cognizance of these factors, it became clear that a settlement would be to the advantage of all parties and in the best interests of this administration.

Subsequently the Housing Development Board—successor to the Community Development Board—resolved that the legal advisers be requested to negotiate a settlement of the dispute and submit proposals to the Board for consideration. This was done on 27 April 1988. The Housing Development Board approved on recommendation of counsel that:

1) The settlement reached between the legal representatives of A K Abdulla and others.

**Time expired**

Mr S ABRAM Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply it becomes very, very clear that as a result of gross irregularities which the Landmark Management Committee was party to at that time, this matter had to go to court. Several parties were aggrieved as a result of the recommendations made by the Landmark Management Committee at that time, the chairman of which was the second respondent: in the matter between Mr A K Abdulla and others against the Pretoria City Council and others. It is as a result of the direct negligence and the direct insensitivity of the Landmark Management Committee, under the chairmanship of the hon member for Landmark, that the matter had to go to court.

What was the result of this? The result of this was a wait of four years on the part of members of our community and in four years—taking the inflation rate in building costs and in the building industry into account—it would cost one double what it did then to build the same home today. That has been the experience by the hon member for Landmark to the welfare of his community.

The hon member for Landmark was further directly involved in these irregularities. I have before me only one of the applications which were contested by the people who took this matter to court. It is apparent that this particular applicant, who, incidentally, is the brother-in-law of the hon member for Eastern Transvaal, lived all his life in Durban. The company of the hon member for Landmark, E A Abramjee and Sons, stated on 9 January 1984 that this particular applicant had been in its employ as a representative. All the facts in this particular case were very clearly that at the stage was this person employed by the hon member for Landmark or other company, he had been an insurance representative and had lived in Durban all his life. Secondly, in the application form filled in by this person, he stated that he owned no other property.

I have here in my possession a copy of title deeds and a deed of transfer which was registered in the Deeds Office in terms of which this person owned property in the township of Reservoir Hills. As a result of the direct involvement and the direct negligence of a person who is supposed to hold high office as a member of Parliament and at that time was chairman of the management committee, in whom the community places trust and faith and from whom the community expects good results.

**Time expired**

Mr P T POOVALINGAM Mr Chairman, what the hon member Mr Abram says is staggering, because it would seem that the firm of Abramjee and Co committed perjury and was also guilty of the perpetration of fraud. That is a very serious state of affairs. I am surprised that the Attorney-General has not investigated the matter, and, if those allegations are true, that he has not prosecuted the persons concerned. It would seem also that the applicant in the case, who apparently held a property while claiming that he did not hold property, committed perjury and fraud. These are serious matters of a criminal nature.

In the case which has been mentioned of various persons versus Abramjee nominee office, the Pretoria City Council and others, serious allegations were made of grave misconduct having been committed by a gentleman called Mr Abramjee, who is today a member of Parliament. Serious allegations were made, not just of negligence, but of deliberate malfeasance. As far as I can see, those allegations were never refuted adequately and the case never went to court. Indeed, the case was settled out of court because there was apparently no proper defence to the allegations which were made. It certainly does not matter a fiddle whether the Housing Development Board or the Department of the hon the Minister paid R300 000 as a result of the alleged dishonesty on the part of a person who was then chairman of the Landmark Management Committee.

This is the allegation That the chairman of the management committee at that time was deliberately dishonest and that he favoured certain people at the expense of other legitimate applicants for these houses. **Time expired**

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET Mr Chairman, it is absolutely hypothetical—and of all people the hon member for Reservoir Hills who has legal experience, should know this—to say that a person is alleged to have committed irregularities and then to say that he was then chairman of the Landmark Management Committee. **Time expired**

Mr P T POOVALINGAM Have you read the papers?
The MINISTER. I am speaking on the basis of facts [interjections]. I did not interrupt the hon member.

To have gone to court and contested the whole issue and to have waited for that judgement was found to be unnecessary in this case. Whether an irregularity was committed or not is not for hon members of this House to presume. By agreement the legal representatives of both sides saw the wisdom of an out-of-court settlement to save the Housing Development Board as well as the coffers of the taxpayers further expenditure. This, in the opinion of both parties, was the best possible solution.

Therefore I cannot accept the contentions of the hon member Mr Abram and the hon member for Reservoir Hills that this was an irregularity, and that it was a proven irregularity. It was not so. It is all very well to come before this House at this stage and say things which are highly political simply because the events in this House have not met the desires of the hon member. [Time expired]

Mr S ABRAHAM Mr Chairman, the hon member the Minister of the Budget is accustomed to performing egg dance, of which we have just seen a pathetic performance. The hon member said in this House on 10 February, and I quote his reply to an hon member's question as to which irregularity it was, from Hansard, col 526.

It was an irregularity in the allocation of sites in Laudum.

I want to tell this House that when certain hon members in this House, swear to one, one must start doubting them, but when they swear on the holy Koran, then one must go by what they have said. That is a problem here. What I am concerned with is that over R300 000 of the taxpayers' money has been squandered in trying to cover the political back of so-called sites. That hon member owes the community an explanation. He was the one who said that certain hon members would be investigated and what did he do about that investigation? He who has been charged with looking after the funds of the people of this so-called race group in this country was willing to allow that money to be paid out. He said that the

HOUSE OF DELEGATES
The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE: We have already completed question 1. We now come to question 2.
Mr S ABRAM: Mr Chairman, on a point of order: Hon members are permitted to rise five times.
The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE: Order! I am aware of the rules but the hon member for Cavendish did not rise in time when I put question 2. [Interjections]
Mr S ABRAM: Cover-up.

2. Mr P I DEVAN asked the Minister of Housing:

(1) Whether the Administration House of Delegates has taken over any building plots in Arena Pak from the Durban City Council, if so, when,
(2) whether these plots have been served, if not, why not, if so, when,
(3) whether an announcement has been made with regard to the allocation of these plots, if so, (a) when and (b) by whom means,
(4) whether there has been a delay in the allocation of these plots to eligible applicants, if so, what are the reasons for this delay?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING:
(1) Yes, 17 June 1988, after lengthy negotiations.
(2) Yes, February 1985 by the Durban Corporation.
(3) Yes
(a) 11 June 1988 in anticipation of transfer being effected as in (1)
(b) By the former Minister of Housing, Mr A Rajab, at a meeting of persons whose applications for the allocation of sites for development had been approved by the Housing Development Board.

(4) Yes. Subsequent to the Board approval referred to above, doubts arose as to the accuracy of the surveying of certain of the erven as well as, consequential upon the James Commission, bona fides and technical/financial standing of a number of applicants. Investigations into these aspects have proved a time consuming exercise which is only now drawing to a close. Consequently, final agreements between the Housing Development Board and the developers have, to date, not been concluded.

Mr P I DEVAN: Mr Chairman, arising out of the reply of the hon the Minister, once the plots have been served, why can they not be allocated to those on the waiting list? I am now referring to the plots, because considerable delay and extremely high escalating costs are the results of the prolonged delay. That is my first question.

Secondly, how does the hon the Minister intend to overcome long and unnecessary delays in the construction of houses for applicants on the waiting list, which is growing by the day? I am very seriously concerned because I am involved, and I know how the community feels. Excellent land has been made available during the past five years but from what the hon the Minister indicated about certain technical flaws etcetera, the House of Delegates, as well as its administration, has unfortunately not delivered the goods. I am not passing an indictment on the hon the Minister because he has just assumed the function of a Minister in this regard, but if this matter is not put right within as short a time as possible it is a very serious indictment on this House.

The MINISTER OF HOUSING:
(1) Yes. The Teachers' Association of South Africa has withdrawn from the South African Council of Education, the Research Committee for Education Structures both of the Department of National Education and from all Subject Committees of the Department of Education and Culture, House of Delegates.

(2) Yes. Having regard to the fact that recognition of the Association is statutorily specifically for the purpose of consultation as provided for in Section 30 of the Indians
Striking teacher is "ready to die."

The Argus Correspondent

DURBAN. - Teacher Mr. S. R. Reddy, 58, said he was preparing to die as he entered the sixth day of his hunger strike today.

"He has written out his will, obituary and funeral notice and has refused a glucose drip."

"He said he would not eat unless officials of the Department of Indian Education came to his bedside at the St Aidan's Hospital to discuss his grievances — which included a request for early retirement due to health problems."

Officials have not responded to his request, but he has received a letter from his headmaster, Mr. R.R. Pillay of the V.N. Nair School, informing him that his medical report has been received by the Department of Indian Education.

"The letter tells me that my application will only now be forwarded to the Department of National Health." Mr. Reddy has suffered three heart attacks.
Rift likely to come to a head today

Own Correspondent

CAPE TOWN — The rift between the Education and Culture Minister Kassie Ramduth and the Teachers' Association of SA (Tasa) is expected to come to a head at a meeting today.

Tasa president and delegation chief Pat Samuels said yesterday a number of issues concerning Indian education would be raised with the minister in addition to seeking an urgent solution to the strained relationship between Tasa and the House of Delegates.

The meeting comes in the wake of growing resentment in the teaching fraternity over Ramduth's threat to withdraw recognition of Tasa as the official mouthpiece of the teaching profession.

Samuels said arising out of the James Commission report into irregularities in the House, Tasa called for a commission of inquiry into the aspects of the report which dealt with education.

Wanted

It was Tasa's third call for a commission of inquiry and it was followed by Ramduth threatening to sever links with Tasa, but we were not deterred by his threat and challenged him to carry it out.

"Tasa asked for the inquiry as it wanted aspects of political interference in education administration to be examined. We wanted to know whether the chief executive director of Education had the right to spend the entire parliamentary session in Cape Town and not at his headquarters in Durban.

"We want some assurances there is no political interference in the actual day-to-day affairs of education while the chief executive director is away.

"Concern has also been expressed about the appointment, transfer, and promotion of teachers."
THURSDAY, 11 MAY 1989

that many leaders of the Indian community judge the failure of the Government to develop this road as a failure of this treacherous Parliament. There is no denying that my colleague, the hon. member for Reserve Hills, said it has been 20 years. If I am correct, it has been 29 years. It started in 1960.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! The hon. member must ask a supplementary question.

Mr P DEVAN Mr Chairman, must it take 29 years to provide a route which would serve almost 300,000 people, only because of racial discrimination?

Mr S ABRAM. The only sin is the colour of one’s skin.

The DEPUTY MINISTER Mr Chairman, in reply to hon. members, I wish to assure them that this issue is receiving the personal attention of the hon. the Minister if I could possibly add my personal attention to this issue as well, I will certainly do so and see whether we cannot speed up the process so that hon. members will be able to get satisfaction. That is all that I can say at this stage. We have to get the people together to talk to them. There are hon. members in this House who are aware of the fact that both the hon. the Minister and I have already spoken to them. We have also in the past held discussions with the Stamba family and we are prepared, once again, to see whether we cannot settle the issue.

Mr M THAYER Have friends in the Government.

The DEPUTY MINISTER It is all very well to suggest that the Stamba family are against people of colour, but at the same time — as far as I know — the reserve does not exclude anybody because of race or creed [Interruption] My reply to the hon. members is that we will do our level best to give them all the assistance required because we know this is a serious issue that has to be resolved as soon as possible.


Mr A S RAZAQ asked the Minister of Justice.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

(1) Whether the report of the James Commission, which was tabled in Parliament on 10 March 1989, has been referred to the Attorney-General, if not, why not, if so, (a) when, (b) why and (c) with what result,

(2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

(3) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF TRANSPORT AFFAIRS

(a) In respect of Typists No

(b) In respect of Clerks Yes, as follows:

1. Senior Clerk, Cargo Handling, Jan Smuts Airport,
2. Senior Clerk, Goods Office, Durban,
3. Clerks, Goods Office, Durban,
4. Clerks, Goods Office, Johannesburg,
5. Clerks, Reservations Office, Johannes- burg Station.

No.

Yes. Specific requirements such as educational qualifications and performance in the phsycometric aptitude test are laid down for appointment to posts and subject to the existence of vacancies applicants who do not do so engaged are engaged on merit, irrespective of race.

(3) No.

Mr S ABRAM Mr Chairman, arising out of the reply of the hon. the Deputy Minister, fewer than a dozen people of Indian origin are in the employment of the SATS. I am not trying to say that Indians perse ought to get jobs, but since they are a major component of the South African community, will the hon. the Deputy Minister concur that from the replies, it would appear that the SATS is a haven for employment of White people.

The DEPUTY MINISTER I am not prepared to coccur with that because we know that the hon. member would know — since 1982 the comple- ment of employees of the SATS has been reduced by close on 100 000 people, of whom many are White people. We have indicated before and I repeat it now. No differentiation is applied. It depends on whether there are vacancies, whether the people are available and whether they have the qualifications. If these criteria are satisfied, we will appoint them regardless of race or colour.

SATS Indian women employed.

* Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Transport Affairs

(1) Whether the South African Transport Services employ any Indians in (a) women as typists and clerks at ticket offices and good-hands; and (b) in motor mechanics, staff workshops, if so what are the relevant details if not why not.

That is the attitude of the SATS.

That is the attitude of the SATS. We are drawing no distinction whatsoever.

If the hon. member looks at the Indian complement of employees in the SATS, he will see at this is very, very low indeed. However, provided we have the vacancies and so forth, there would be nothing placed in the way of prospective candidates from the Indian community seeking to be appointed to positions in the SATS.

Mr S ABRAM Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon. the Deputy Minister’s reply, may I ask him whether he really wants this House to believe that out of so many thousands of people who may have been regularly applying, his department could only find opportunities for less than a dozen people of Indian origin? Can the hon. the Deputy Minister perhaps intimate to us the extent of employment in these categories for people who come from the Black and so-called Coloured groups in this country?

The DEPUTY MINISTER Sir, if the hon. member will put those questions to me in writing, I shall reply to them. However, I have not had the chance as far as his questions are concerned. I would like to tell him, however, that there are about 1 500 Indians who are employed in various categories by the SATS. I am now taking off the cuff. I might be out by 20, 50 or 100. I cannot at this stage mention all those categories. These are the points and questions which the hon. member has put to me and I am only replying to those.

Mr M S SHAH Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon. the Deputy Minister’s reply, I want to ask him another question. He said that applicants are not looked upon as being Indians, Coloureds or whatever, but that they are judged by merit only. How many of those people on the panel who take the final decision are people of colour, or does this panel comprise Whites exclusively?

The DEPUTY MINISTER Sir, this section deals with the employment of management in the SATS. I think they act according to their needs regardless of race or colour. Like any other business organization would do in South Africa. I do not have to say more. I think even the private sector should do the same thing. The SATS would deliver if give to Indians of Indian origin. I am not inclined to be have that and I do not believe that the SATS either.
QUESTIONS

14 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

(1) How many (i) additional classrooms at existing schools, and (ii) classrooms at new schools, administered by his Department were built in 1988 and (b) how many classrooms in each of these categories were built for (i) pre-primary, (ii) primary and (iii) secondary pupils?

(2) Whether there is a shortage of classrooms for Indian pupils at present, if so, (a) what was the shortage in respect of classrooms for (i) pre-primary, (ii) primary and (iii) secondary pupils as at the latest specified date for which figures are available and (b) what is the estimated cost of providing these classrooms?

For written reply

Own Affairs

Indian Schools’ classrooms

14 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

(1) How many (i) additional classrooms at existing schools, and (ii) classrooms at new schools, administered by his Department were built in 1988 and (b) how many classrooms in each of these categories were built for (i) pre-primary, (ii) primary and (iii) secondary pupils?

(2) Whether there is a shortage of classrooms for Indian pupils at present, if so, (a) what was the shortage in respect of classrooms for (i) pre-primary, (ii) primary and (iii) secondary pupils as at the latest specified date for which figures are available and (b) what is the estimated cost of providing these classrooms?

For written reply

General Affairs

SADEF, publications financed

476 Mr D J DALLING asked the Minister of Defence:

(a) How many magazines, periodicals or other publications were produced, financed or in any way financially assisted by any section of the South African Defence Force in 1988, (b) what is the name of each of these publications and (c) what was the cost to the Defence Force of producing, financing or financially assisting each specified publication?

For written reply
young man, and the seminal influence this had on the Mahatma’s thinking and, therefore, the course of India’s independence

“Our freedom struggle was born in SA, and perhaps if Gandhi had not gone to SA, our struggle for independence might not have gone the way that it did,” said Rajiv

Salojee described the trip as a total success. He is disappointed that a similar visit to Pakistan could not be arranged. It seems, however, that this could happen within the next few months. Indeed, from the point of view of religious sensitivities within the SA Indian community, it would seem it is important for the congresses to get Islamabad to abide by a policy similar to India’s — at least over cultural links with SA Pakistan in any case also officially recognises SA’s exited liberation movements.

In terms of SA-Indian polities, at least, the symbolic value of Gandhi’s endorsement of the Transvaal Indian Congress (TIC) and Natal Indian Congress (NIC) boycott stance cannot be underestimated. After all, HoD men claim their participation follows the strategy used by the all-India Congress movement to get rid of the British.

“There is no parallel,” Gandhi told the South Africans at a historic meeting at his parliamentary offices in Delhi. The meeting, also attended by FM’s Amarnath Singh, crowned the first official visit by the TIC and NIC to India since that of Dr Dadoo and Dr Nuker back in 1947.

Gandhi said the strategy of “change from within” could only be supported if that was what the majority in SA wanted, and added that India would “never” support the HoD.

His stance follows similar backing for the SA delegation’s boycott call during a meeting with India’s External Affairs Minister Narasimha Rao earlier this month (Current Affairs May 12). A formal statement to this effect is likely to come from Delhi nearer the time of the election in SA.

As it is, members of the HoD are barred entry into India, and the trade and cultural boycott of SA remains in force. However, the Indian government is now amenable to the special religious and cultural needs of the SA Indian community (for priests, for example) provided this is not for commercial gain and in consultation with the “broad democratic movement” of which the TIC and NIC are part.

Those present at the meeting with Gandhi included TIC president Cassim Saloojee (who led the delegation), TIC vice-president Reggie Vandeyar, Cosatu’s second vice-president Fred Gonen, and NIC executive members Yusuf Carrim and Sharm Gouder. The delegation has also met other Indian government officials, various anti-apartheid groups, members of parliament and trade unions.

The talks with Gandhi revealed his personal concern about SA and its politics. Similar concern is widely felt in India because of Mahatma Gandhi’s stay in SA as a
MP fined R2 500 for insulting judge

OWN CORRESPONDENT

DURBAN — National People’s Party MP Mohamed Sadiq-Shah (37) was fined R2 500 by Mr Justice Squires in the Supreme Court, Durban, yesterday for defaming Mr Acting Justice Neville James, who presided last year over the James Commission, and the Commission’s prosecuting advocate, Mr Anton Ackermann.

Mr Justice Squires found that Mr Shah in a speech at the Natal Congress of the NPP in November last year had impugned the integrity and high regard in which Mr Justice James was held.

Mr Shah also impugned the integrity of Mr Ackermann by claiming he was not carrying out his duties impartially.

The court found that during his speech to the congress Mr Shah said: “The James Commission is not investigating irregularities in the House of Delegates; or by any Members of the House. It has become a political conspiracy.”

He also said: “When you try to present the cases they only hear what they want to hear and nothing else.”
Flirting with toothless Houses will harm DP

by Cassim Saloojee

president of the Transvaal Indian Congress, an affiliate of the UDF

THE Democratic Party leadership decides soon whether to contest any seats in the Houses of Delegates and Representatives in the September 6 election. The Transvaal Indian Congress, Natal Indian Congress, UDF and Cosatu respect the racially exclusive character of the SA State, and consider institutions like the Houses of Delegates, Representatives and black local authorities as illegitimate.

Rejection

The low polls at all such previous elections reflect the oppressed majority's total rejection of these institutions. Although the congress refuses to participate in the white-dominated Parliament (including the House of Assembly) as a vehicle to bring about meaningful change, we acknowledge that the strong parliamentary culture in the white community may well isolate forces of the National Party. We realise that, unlike the toothless Indian and coloured Houses of Parliament, the House of Assembly does wield real political power.

We recognise that the DP has an influential role to play in the process of change in South Africa, and that creative opportunities are available for all anti-apartheid forces to co-operate and isolate the NP.

The key question the DP needs to consider is: Will such a strategy allow for these dynamic possibilities to materialise in the ensuing struggle for democracy?

Fielding candidates in the House of Delegates or House of Representatives, or entering into election packs with political parties, would seriously damage the image of the DP.

It would be a fatal mistake for the DP to underestimate the deep feeling of rejection of the Apartheid system in the Indian and coloured communities. Thus, participation by the DP in these institutions will inadvertently sharpen the differences between the DP and the mass democratic movement.

In the process, instead of concentrating its energies on a single front fighting the NP, the DP will be forced to open a second front against the mass democratic movement. The Houses of Delegates and Representatives serve as a mechanism to co-opt and neutralise resistance to NP rule from the Indian and coloured communities, and because participants do not have genuine mandates they are susceptible to constant changes of loyalty — particularly when F W de Klerk dangles a carrot.

The DP should not allow itself to be blackmailed by the brown skinned of the parties in the other Houses. The DP's record on non-racialism will be judged by its 'relationship with organisations representing the oppressed majority, such as the UDF, Cosatu and the ANC.

Discredited

The DP has nothing to gain from accepting MPs who are discredited in their own communities. It would be a sad day in the history of our struggle if the DP allowed itself to be blinded by election fever. It should rather lay the base for "post-election politics" which unify the anti-apartheid forces into a single thrust for change.
Indian congress dilemma over DP

By GEORGE MAHABEER

FORCES within the Natal Indian Congress want to hack the Democratic Party in the forthcoming election but the move has led to a major dilemma in NIC ranks.

The issue surfaced this week when the Sunday Times came into possession of a circular sent to NIC branches seeking their views on contact with the DP.

The document says that if the NIC forms a coalition with the DP, then it will be able to ensure that the DP is "useful" in moving whites away from apartheid.

But what appears to be a serious dilemma for the NIC is whether they can persuade the DP "not to field candidates in the House of Delegates and the House of Representatives." The central problem for the NIC is the DP's willingness to participate in the Indian and coloured Houses — something which would make it very difficult for the congress to build a coalition with the DP.

Mr Paul David, an executive member of the NIC who admitted he was one of the authors of the circular, said the NIC "will campaign against the DP if they field candidates in the Indian and coloured houses."

Mr Pat Poovalingam, DP MP (Reservoir Hills), said the DP had already decided to participate in the tricameral elections.
**HOSPITAL SERVICES WARNING**

SPECIALIST units at the J G Strijdom Hospital would close if the hospital remained an "own affairs" institution, Dean of Wits Medical Faculty Clive Rosendoff said yesterday.

Rosendoff predicted a "gross deterioration" in services by the end of the year and he said the closure of specialist units was inevitable.

A hospital spokesman said yesterday appeals had been made to staff wanting either to transfer or resign, to stagger their departures, so allowing time to replace them.

But Rosendoff said the likelihood of replacing 20 doctors and 40 nurses who were planning to leave was so remote that sections of the hospital would be jeopardised. He would not specify which sections, but it is believed that the kidney, intensive care and cardiac units are at risk.

The hospital spokesman said there were no closure plans and services would be maintained.

Rosendoff stressed that Wits had not given government an ultimatum to return the hospital to "general affairs" administration.

"We have asked staff to remain at the hospital until the end of the year in order to minimise the adverse affects the government action will have on the hospital and its patients.

"In the meantime, we have appealed to government to change its mind," he said.

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**Allendene residents arrested for trespass: removed by SAP**

POLICE yesterday confirmed that 45 adults were arrested for trespassing at Allendene flats in Berea, Johannesburg.

The arrests came after the eviction on Monday of the occupants of Allenden flat in Soper Road, by the Deputy Sheriff of Johannesburg in terms of a court order served on May 23.

A spokesman for the SAP's Hillbrow Crime Unit said a few children, including a baby, had accompanied their mothers into a police truck.

Those arrested for trespassing face a R100 admission of guilt fine. Alternatively, they can choose to appear in court in due course.

**Eviction**

After police had left, the premises were secured by a security company.

On Monday, landlord Claudio Cerasoli said that only after several negotiating sessions — with both residents and Actstop — was an application for an eviction order on non-payment of rent made to the Supreme Court.

He said the eviction had only taken place two weeks after a court order had been served on the occupants.

Meanwhile, Actstop spokesman Cas Coovadia said the Johannesburg City Council should declare a moratorium on evictions in the inner-city area while it tried to find solutions to the homelessness problem.

He said this was the only way in which the council could show honest and positive intent towards seriously addressing the problem of homelessness in these areas.

The council should bear responsibility for the "un-Christian acts" perpetrated by landlords who evicted tenants from buildings, he said.

The only crime the Allendene tenants had committed was to demand reasonable living conditions for reasonable rents.

"The response of the landlord was to serve notices on them to vacate the premises, and the courts backed the up by granting eviction orders. Is it any wonder that black tenants in the inner-city have become frustrated and sceptical of the law?"

He said he believed landlords had a social responsibility to the homeless in the city.

The action of tenants in resisting evictions had to be seen within the context of the housing crisis in SA, he quoted figures from the Urban Foundation that there are about 1,6-million to 2.5-million squatters in the PWV area alone. The estimate alone in 1987 for blacks was 832,000 units, while the surplus for whites in that year was 37,000 units.

"These figures are directly to the source of the reason why tenants are beginning to resist evictions," Coovadia said — Sapa.

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**PW appointees dismissed**

DURBAN — Three House of Delegates ministerial representatives will lose their salaries and allowances, amounting to about R130,000 a year, after being dismissed by State President P W Botha from July 1.

The three men — Ashwin Mohanlall and Sathi Naidoo of Durban and Perry Chetty of Johannesburg — were appointed by Botha two years ago at the request of Amchand Rajbansi, then Minister's Council chairman.

Botha told them this week he was acting at the request of Minister's Council chairman Dr J N Reddy. No other reason was given.

The three are sitting seats in the general election.

A ministerial representative's salary is about R6,000 a month with a total package of about R11,000 a month.

It is believed their main task is to act as agents for HOD ministers at the latter's request.

Naidoo said he was aware Reddy was under pressure from the ruling Life and Liberty Party members to get rid of the representatives. "However, I am grateful to him for keeping us for so long," he said.

Reddy could not be reached for comment yesterday.
Better small steps than no steps at all

IT is perfectly understandable that the ANC — which was compelled by the actions of Malan, Verwoerd and Vorster to replace its non-violent character with the armed struggle — should propagate non-participation in instruments of peaceful, though pacifistic, reform.

Whatever the Nats may say, it is unarguable that the ANC, like the PAC, consists of South African patriots. It is equally true that, having adopted the path of armed liberation, they cannot view with equanimity other forms of political reform which they do not dominate.

It is true that there are only two ways available to bring about the desired political changes in SA — violent revolution or constitutional progress. It follows that unless the Government is to be forcibly overthrown and chaos and anarchy ensued, the process of constitutional change must come via Parliament.

China reminds the world of the ferocity of which beleaguered oligarchs are capable

And it cannot reasonably be denied that it is preferable to move even a little bit at a time towards the desired destination of full democracy in a rocky, put-together three-wheeler than to do nothing at all. Until, at any rate, a better vehicle can be found.

The tricameral Parliament is no great shakes. But it did have the great benefit of assuaging white MPs to cross an important colour and racial hurdle. Even five years ago, it was unthinkable that brown MPs, some very dark-skinned, would sit in the same parliamentary chamber and engage in direct debates with white NP as well as CP Members of Parliament. And for those whites to be obliged to listen to some harsh home truths told directly and bluntly by the darikes.

The whites not only had to take it but also that seasoned political journalist, became a commentary that it was thus straight talking that affected many Nats that the Government had to withdraw the Group Areas Amendment Bill.

Wolves

Toothless foxes, indeed? This horrid Bill led in fact been passed by the all-white House of Assembly despite strenuous opposition from the FFP. But it was rejected by the House of Representatives and the House of Delegates. Had the brown MPs not been in that Parliament, President PW Botha would have signed the Bill — and thousands of South Africans, now protected by a judicial pronouncement, would have been thrown to the wolves.

It is hardly likely that such a result would have been welcomed by those in the Nataal Indian Congress and the Transvaal Indian Congress. So why then do they oppose participation by the Democratic Party in the House of Delegates, while agreeing to support candidates for the white Assembly?

Why this seeming racial discrimination from two self-styled and racially structured “Indian” political organisations (Incidentally, in cultural terms, I am Indian but politically I am absolutely South African). Which is why, way back in 1964, I left an Indian political body and joined the non-racial Liberal Party. Which is why, once legal restraints were removed several of us sought membership of the non-racial FFP, the major component of the DP.

Why then the racial attitudes of the NIC and TIC? Well, they were the “Indian” components of the Congress Movement, in which the ANC was the leader. It would appear that the “Indian” group in SA as their particular political market and they do not want anyone else having any part of that market.

In 1964 the NIC and TIC called for a total boycott. They succeeded partially to the extent of keeping away many high-calibre persons from Parliament and the polls low. The two “Indian” congresses now afraid that, if better-quality candidates succeed this time on a higher percentage, polled, it would reflect poorly on their claim to be “real representatives” of the Indian population.

The ANC indicated some while ago that it would support the DP. Perhaps the DP sacrificed its brown members on a altar of cheap expediency. But would suit the ANC if the DP remained a purely white organisation.

That endeavour did not start in 1964. It is a pity that the DP, both in its constitution and in its statement of principles, has declared unequivocally that it is non-racial in structure and content and works for a non-racial democracy, and that it will make use of all available instruments at all levels of government to propagate its ideals.

Morale

In fact, the three DP leaders made it perfectly clear that not only will the three seats held by the DP in the House of Delegates be defended, but the DP will field additional candidates.

Work has proceeded with, despite propaganda designed to dampen morale, there is tremendous enthusiasm for the DP and its non-racial ideals. Within only the past few weeks more than 1,500 House of Delegates voters have signed up as DP members and organisational work is being strengthened.

There is no turning back. Those who hope that the leadership of the DP or its National Board will betray the ideals of the DP for a mess of dubious potage or that they will tread the path of radicals will be sorely disappointed.
War of words rages among Indian MPs

The chairman of the House of Delegates, Mr. Befie Abramjee, says he is prepared to resign immediately provided Solidarity leader Dr. J N Reddy simultaneously resigns as chairman of the Minister’s Council.

He was reacting to calls from Dr. Reddy for his resignation.

“It is an undisputed fact that because of my vital vote earlier this year, Dr. Reddy gained a majority and became chairman. He must now resign his seat because his party is no longer in the majority.”

Mr. Abramjee announced his resignation from Solidarity last week saying he had become disillusioned with the leadership. Another senior member, Mr. Cassim Ebrahim, also resigned.

Mr. Abramjee demed he had resigned because the party chose another candidate for the Lautum in the election.

“I resigned days before the candidates were announced because it had come to my attention that Solidarity was entering into certain secret deals with prospective candidates,”

Mr. Abramjee still plans to contest the Lautum seat — Sapa
Poovalingam quits party, calling poll plan ‘gross betrayal’

DP lines up two more celebrities

Sunday Times Reporter

TWO more “personality” candidates have been nominated by the Democratic Party to stand in the September elections.

Former TV news reader Pat Rogers is to stand in Benoni and actress Chris van Niekerk, currently starring in a play, is to oppose Phe Beisa in Westdene.

Chris van Niekerk is appearing at Johannesburg’s Market Theatre in Big Boys which requires that he discard his clothing in one of the scenes.

Pat Rogers, 26, is the brother of Lieutenant-General Bob Rogers, former head of the South African Air Force, who will contest Walmer for the DP.

Mr Mike Willemsen, the DP’s Eastern Transvaal publicity chairman, said a high-profile candidate like Mr Rogers had a real chance of upsetting the National Party’s Benoni MP, Johan Berghman.

He said Benoni was regarded as a vulnerable seat because of the number of Africans the DP had been attracting and the enthusiasm among workers and supporters.

In Kempton Park Mr Andrew Thatcher, 29, the DP’s youngest regional chairman in the country, was nominated. He is a scientist and lectures at the Witwatersrand Technikon.

Mr Ian Uys, author of six books on South African military history, will be the candidate in Germiston District, while Mr Peter Wilson, a businessman and Sports administrator, will contest Brakpan.

By NORMAN WEST: Political Reporter

THE Democratic Party will contest SOME seats in the Indian House of Delegates but NONE in the coloured House of Representatives.

This was announced by the executive committee yesterday.

But the carefully worded press release had barely been revealed when it fell apart — one of the DP’s leading parliamentarians, Mr Pat Poovalingam (Reservoir Hills), announced his resignation.

He said: “It is a gross betrayal by the so-called non-racists who have capitulated to the demands of the ANC, UDF and their affiliates.

“We are Indian MPs and should be instrumental in fighting for the rights of Indian citizens.”

It is believed Mr Poovalingam may now form a new party — the Non-Racial Democrats — to contest seats in all three Houses.

DP co-leader Dr Zoch de Beer said yesterday that the party was engaged in discussions with organisations across the spectrum, but he did not elaborate on the future of the DP.

Limit

The DP would, therefore, limit its participation in the other two Houses.

The DP did not accept any coloured candidates, because the House of Representatives had a majority party, Labour, which shared a number of the DP’s aims and values.

The DP decision means that three coloured MPs — Mr Cecil Kuppen, Mr Charles Redcliffe and Mr Archie Poole — will be out in the cold on election day.

The three serving Democratic MPs in the House of Delegates are Mr Poovalingam, Mr Mann und Rajah and Mr John Lyman.

Yesterday’s statement by the DP executive was the culmination of weeks of internal controversy.

Ranged against each other were Dr De Beer (for participation) and co-leader Mr Wynand Malan (against). The third leader, Dr Denis Worrall, was believed to favour compromise.

Disappointed

The DP statement said additional runners for the Indian House would be considered “only if potential candidates were to emerge who would assure the party in bridging the parliamentary/extra-parliamentary divide and promoting the negotiating process.”

A coloured DP MP affected, Mr Kuppen (Durban Suburbs), said yesterday “I’m disappointed and will now have to seek a home with the new Non-Racial Democratic Party.”

Last night Mr Malan said “I reject Mr Poovalingam’s accusation that we capitulated to ANC demands.”
'Ex-PFP liberals want me to stay on'

Poovalingam to delay resignation

Mr Pat Poovalingam has agreed to delay his resignation from the Democratic Party in response to requests from several former Progressive Federal Party MPs.

The Indian MP, who announced his resignation from the DP on Saturday in protest against the national executive's stance on fielding Indian candidates in the September election, yesterday said he had agreed to delay his resignation from the party "for a few days".

He said the MPs, who were "highly respected former PFP liberals", were keen to maintain the nonracial character of the DP and had requested him to delay his decision to resign.

He said the ANC and the UDF were seeking to destroy the party's nonracial character.

"The ANC regards itself as a sole representative of the black and brown people in SA. If the DP makes gains among voters who are not white, the ANC's image would suffer. It therefore wants the DP to be a whites-only party and unfortunately Mr Wynand Malan and Dr Denis Worrall have given in to this demand for reasons of political opportunism and expediency."

High calibre

Dr Worrall said, after hearing of Mr Poovalingam's decision to quit, that the DP decision not to contest House of Representatives seats and to go beyond the existing three House of Delegates seats only if candidates of a high calibre are identified, reflected two vital considerations:

• "The national executive simply is not persuaded that a substantial section of the Indian community wants representation in the tripartite Parliament.

• "The overall objective of the DP is to be a catalyst in negotiating a new political system for the country which works for all South Africans."

— Sapa
Poovalingam set to leave DP

A BITTER Pat Poovalingam looks set to leave the DP in spite of behind-the-scenes efforts to get the party to reverse a decision to limit participation in the House of Delegates elections. A number of old CPP members, including MPs like Harry Schwarz and David Dolling, are working to prevent a split. But Poovalingam's weekend outburst, in which he accused party leaders Wynand Malan and Demos Worrall of being racists, has hardened attitudes against him.

In a statement last night, Tiaan van der Merwe, acting DP national board chairman, said Poovalingam's attack on the party lacked integrity and his ultimatum that he would resign by tomorrow unless the DP got its house in order could not be taken seriously.

Before reaching a decision on contesting seats in the Indian and coloured houses, the DP had exhaustively canvassed opinions and it was extremely unlikely any change could be made.

Poovalingam will join Poovalingam in quitting the party. Nor is it likely that any of the sitting white DP MPs will quit, even though many believe the national board decision was wrong.

Poovalingam is in a weak position in his constituency. His Reservoir Hills seat is a UDP stronghold and he polled just 756 votes when he won it in the 1984 elections. Van der Merwe said Poovalingam had an opportunity to put his case when the national board executive met last week.

"At no stage did he mention any of the allegations he now makes publicly. On the contrary, he indicated that on very substantial elements of the decision, he was in agreement with the executive."

Malan said that after Poovalingam's weekend statements there was no way he could be allowed to remain a party member.

Although Poovalingam said at the weekend he would delay his resignation until tomorrow, he spoke yesterday as if he had already left the party.

He accused Malan, Worrall and Van der Merwe of being deviant and said he was pushing ahead with plans to oppose them with Non-Racial Democrats at the election.

At this stage, the idea of launching the Non-Racial Democrats appears to be little more than talk. Poovalingam said there were no major financial backers for such a party.

It also seems unlikely Mamoo Rayah and John Lyman, the other two DP Indian MPs, would join the non-racial movement.
Row in DP over Indian candidates partly resolved

By Peter Fabri

The row in the Democratic Party over the national, board executive's decision to limit participation in the House of Delegates was partly defused last night.

The DP's Natal coastal region executive decided after a four-hour meeting to abide by the decision.

However, it also resolved that after consultation with the national executive, it would proceed with the selection of candidates for the House of Delegates according to normal constitutional procedures.

This seemed to imply rejection of the national executive's decision which stipulated special criteria for the selection of candidates in the House of Delegates.

It was clear that after last night's meeting there was still some hard bargaining to be done.

The national executive decided that apart from the three present MPs in the House of Delegates, further candidates would only be accepted if they would "assist the party in bridging the parliamentary/extra-parliamentary divide and promote the negotiation process".

This sparked accusations of racism by Mr Pat Poovallingam, the DP leader in the House of Delegates, who resigned and then retracted his resignation.
DP meets for discussion on Poovalingam

Political Staff

CAPE TOWN — REBEL MP Pat Poovalingam's status within the DP is expected to come to a head today when a DP national executive delegation flies to Durban for a meeting on the issue.

Poovalingam sparked a row in the party at the weekend by accusing its leadership of being opportunistic, racist and unprincipled.

The central figures involved in today's delicate negotiations declined to comment on a possible outcome but party sources said there was pressure for Poovalingam to be expelled if he did not withdraw his remarks unreservedly and apologise.

Poovalingam has threatened to resign and form the Non-Racial Democratic Party if the DP national executive's decision to limit participation in the House of Delegates elections was not changed.

National board executive acting chairman Tiaan van der Merwe said the issue of Poovalingam's party status "has not been resolved and cannot remain unresolved"
Relief pay increased

An early election bonus awaits Indians in what can be seen as the first attempt by the House of Delegates to woo voters.

The administration of the House of Delegates has set aside R500,000 to increase the weekly allowance for persons receiving social relief.

The Minister of Health Services and Welfare, Mr Homan Bhana, announced the new tariffs had been in effect since Monday. All those eligible will receive back pay as the increases were approved for April 1.
**DP row now over**

The row in the Democratic Party over the weekend decision by the DP national board executive to limit participation in the House of Delegates has been defused.

However, it was not clear if Mr Pat Poovalingam, the DP leader in the House of Delegates, would remain a member.

The DP's Natal coastal region executive decided after a four-hour meeting in Durban today to 'review' the national board executive's decision to limit participation in the House of Delegates.
Minister quits Solidarity

Mr Ismail Kathrada, the Budget Minister in the House of Delegates, has resigned from Solidarity, bringing to four the number of members who have quit the party in recent weeks.

"Mr Kathrada, who has already withdrawn his candidature from the forthcoming elections, said in a letter to the secretary of the party he would remain politically non-aligned in his service to the community. — Sapa. (258)"
DP tells Indian MP to quit the party

BY NORMAN WEST
Political Reporter

MAVERICK Democratic Party MP Pat Foreman has been given the marching orders by the party's national board, but the DP has agreed to consider a special conference on the issue.

The decision ends a bitter struggle between the party and Mr. Foreman's supporters. The party, which has been disowning its leader, has agreed to consider a special conference on the issue.

React

They reacted with a mixture of surprise and disappointment. "We were not consulted before this decision was made," said one MP. "We had no chance to voice our concerns."
Indians launch another party

Political Reporter

A new political party, the Merit People's Party of South Africa, has been founded to contest the September general election in the House of Delegates.

Acting secretary Mr Miley Ebrahim said yesterday the Transvaal-based party, which was registered on June 30, stood for bold reform, immediate lifting of the state of emergency and the fair allocation of funds to the Indian community.

"We want to cut out bureaucracy and introduce meritocracy. Our motto will be merit for a free and just society."

The party will hold its inaugural meeting at 3 pm tomorrow at the Patudar Hall, Salvia Street, Extension 2, Lenasia (Report by E van der Merwe, 47 Sauer Street, Johannesburg)
RAISING THE CURTAIN ON RAJBANSI

Even the most inspired playwright could not have dreamed up a more fitting sequel to the dramatic intrigue of the James Commission — the recent courtroom saga which held Durban and much of the rest of the country enthralled for months — than the two key figures of the commission themselves.

In what promises to be a worthy follow-up, the ever-relevant Amichand Rajbansi, chairman of the Ministers' Council in the House of Delegates until Justice Neville James's recommendations saw him stripped of his post, and the commission's star witness, Dave Pillay, have both indicated they intend standing for parliament in the forthcoming elections — in constituencies next door to each other.

Rajbansi and Pillay were firm friends and business associates until halfway through the James Commission Pillay blew the whistle on Rajbansi and some unorthodox deals the veteran politician had been involved in.

Real-life actors portray the two in The James Commission — a play now pulling in full houses around the country. Now that the run for parliament has begun, the accusations have begun again — though rather more vague than before. Thus, Pillay claims that Rajbansi in some way “assaulted” him after the two met in a lift.

This is Pillay's first foray into politics and the butchery owner will be contesting a three-way tussle in the Chatsworth Central constituency. At the time of going to press, Rajbansi was awaiting the results of a final medical check-up before announcing his intentions of standing for Arena Park, the seat he has won five times since first standing for the old SA Indian Council nine years ago.

On his chances of getting back to parliament, Rajbansi says, “Not only am I confident of winning, but I will lead the National Peoples Party back to victory.” Of Pillay’s chances, he curtly responds “He doesn’t stand a dog’s chance.”

Whatever the final outcome, it seems the show will go on.
Nine Delegates seats will be fought

The Democratic Party has announced it will contest nine House of Delegates seats in the September 6 general election.

This decision yesterday was a change from an earlier controversial ruling that the party would only put up candidates for the three seats it had in the house.

DP co-leader Mr Wynand Malan said the decision was a regional one and "not a national challenge to the MDM (Mass Democratic Movement) on the issue of participation as a strategic objective."

The earlier decision to limit candidates to three unless they could "assist the party in bridging the parliamentary/extra-parliamentary divide and promoting the negotiating process" led to the DP leader in the House of Delegates, Mr Pat Poovalingam, being expelled from the party.
TIC attacks DP decision

The Transvaal Indian Congress has condemned the Democratic Party for fielding nine candidates for the House of Delegates.

The TIC said the DP's decision was an insult to the Indian community, "the large majority of which rejects any participation in the House of Delegates."

The TIC believed the DP was playing a divisive role in Indian areas and was "doing the dirty work of the National Party."

"This makes the DP no different from the other 'collaborationist parties,' like the National People's Party and Solidarity," the TIC further called for a boycott of the election, saying the tricameral Parliament was irrelevant to change. — Saps

(Report by N Okalushe, 'Transvaal Indian Congress,' Rand Daily Mail, 25/7/86)
Education boss to face inquiry?

PRETORIA — The director-general of administration in the House of Delegates, Mr Peter Wrensley, is to approach the Department of Justice to appoint a presiding officer to conduct an inquiry into charges of misconduct levelled against the chief director of education planning, Dr G K Nair.

This follows the reply received from Dr Nair in response to four charges of misconduct levelled against him last month — Sapa
AN OBJECTION by Solidarity Party candidate AS Naidoo to the nomination of
Amichand Rajbansi for the Amanzimtoti constituency of the House of Delegates has
been turned down.

Natal coastal region chief electoral officer Dres Coetzee said he had no authority
to decide on a legal matter. He said Naidoo still had recourse to the courts.

Naidoo based his objection on a recommendation of the James Commission.

The commissioner, Mr Justce James, recommended that Rajbansi should in
future not be allowed to hold any kind of official or semi-official post which called
for integrity — Sapa.

Report by P Nydorim, 141 Commissioner St, Job.
Irregularities probe continues

DURBAN — Investigations are still under way following the James Commission probe into alleged irregularities in the House of Delegates, according to Natal's Attorney-General.

Mr Mike Imber yesterday said no decision had yet been taken to prosecute anyone and that the investigation was still under way.

"As soon as a decision has been taken, I will release a statement," said Mr Imber.

He declined to name anybody who might be under investigation.

The James Commission, which sat over a six-month period last year and whose findings were made by its chairman, Mr Justice N James, were very critical of the former chairman of the Ministers' Council in the House of Delegates, Mr Amchand Raphansi.

He was fired from his position by the State President, Mr P W Botha, after an interim report was submitted to him by Mr Justice James.
Activists stage anti-election blitz

From MARLAN PADAYACHEE
DURBAN. - The Natal Indian Congress (NIC) launched its anti-election campaign with a mass rally in Durban this week, following a successful 10-day no-vote forny into the heartland of the verkrampte Natal South Coast town.

The rally in the Durban City Hall marked the beginning of what promises to be a bitter political campaign spread over 40 days between anti-apartheid activists and the two main "pro-system" parties, the Solidarity Party led by Durban businessman JN Reddy and Amuchand Rajbansi’s National Peoples Party.

The UDF’s Dullah Omar was billed as one of the speakers at the pro-election rally.

The NIC, the country’s oldest political party which was founded by Mahatma Gandhi almost 100 years ago, caused a stir last week when about 150 members turned up at a Democratic Party (DP) meeting in Amansimbi, stronghold of the Congress Party.

This was the first time in the history of anti-apartheid politics that one of its exponents attended a white political rally and staged a symbolic walkout protest.

**White electorate**

Said Dr Farouk Meer, secretary of the NIC: "We told the DP to stick to white politics and stay out of the House of Delegates election. They were adamant that they would field candidates in the Indian election and our group walked out of the town hall.

Earlier, the NIC delegation were allowed to hang a memorandum which outlined reasons why the DP should not participate in the Indian elections, and Meer later addressed the largely white electorate on the issue.

But matters came to a head when the DP’s Zac de Beer flithy rejected the NIC’s suggestion that the party steer clear of Indian politics.

Farouk Meer explained the strategy of attending pro-election meetings was part of the first phase of the campaign.

Phase two, he said, would include high-powered rallies in Durban and Pietermaritzburg, regular door-to-door visits in the various constituencies stretching from Port Shepstone on the Natal south coast to Pietermaritzburg in the Natal Midlands, as well as a general election.

The NIC is to produce an "election manifesto" of its vision of a future South Africa next week.

Meer admitted that his movement is the weakest in Ladysmith and Newcastle: "We are relying on our Pietermaritzburg branch to muster no-vote support in the outlying country districts. It is difficult to have an organisational base in the northern Natal towns."

So far, NIC members have wrecked two meetings during their 10-day blitz on supporters of the tricameral parliament, including a meeting organised and addressed by the NPP’s Amuchand Rajbansi in Umkomaas on the Natal south coast last week.

The meeting grounded to a halt after local residents and about 40 NIC activists joined forces and took the sacked Cabinet Minister to task.

**Wrecked meeting**

"Give me 60 minutes," Rajbansi pleaded to a hostile crowd before someone allegedly sabotaged the sound system and cut him off. A bitter Rajbansi later accused the NIC of "gatecrashing" the meeting.

Last weekend the activists were on the march again and this time they wrecked the meeting of the newly-formed Natal Federal Party in Chatsworth.

Speakers and delegates were heckled and jeered as they attempted to put a strong case for participation in the September 6 elections.

The police were called to restore order. The public meeting was abandoned, but the party continued with a closed session at which it was decided to contest 20 seats.

The ‘director of the Gaye Sands Restaurant, Selva Nacker, said he had laid a charge against an "unruly and unruly group of people who gatecrashed" the NFP meeting.

In Durban, Major Chet du Toit, police spokesperson for the Port Natal Division, confirmed that police were investigating claims of an alleged violation of the Liquor Act. Responding to Rajbansi’s tirade on his organisation, Meer said there was "already an anti-Rajbansi tirade" when the NIC supporters arrived at the Umkomaas meeting.

"We merely gave the local protest guidance and direction and the opposition against Amuchand Rajbansi grew and became uncontrollable. He was ordered off the stage by the police."

Of the NFP meeting, Meer said: "We did not gatecrash it. We registered and were given party badges, plus tea and a promise of bryani lunch if we stayed on. The meeting refused to vote on the issue of participation and we left after the police were called in."

**Polling stations**

Meanwhile, the 10,000-strong Indian teachers union, the Teachers Association of South Africa, has received a spate of complaints from parents and teachers about the use of Indian schools as polling stations in Chatsworth and Phoenix, the city’s largest Indian townships.

Said newly-elected president Poo-bie Nacker: "Education and politics do not mix and the use of schools as polling stations is not conducive to sound education."

"This situation is unacceptable because it is not healthy for schoolchildren to become pawns in a political game which is sensitive and one that has been rejected by the majority of the people."

A spokesperson for the Home Affairs said other government-owned properties, including some schools, would be used as polling booths. He refused to comment on the complaints from parents and teachers.

(Report by M Padayachy, of 1 Donapur Rd, Merebank.)
**DP decision a gross insult, says TIC**

By Jovial Rantao

The Transvaal Indian Congress (TIC) has condemned the Democratic Party for participating in the House of Delegates election by fielding nine candidates.

In a statement to The Star, the TIC said the DP's decision was a "gross insult to the Indian community which totally rejected the tricameral parliament."

The Congress believes that the DP is doing the dirty work of the National Party in imposing an unacceptable constitution on the Indian community. This makes the DP no different from other collaborationist parties like Rajbansi's NPP or Reddy's Solidarity," the statement said.

By participating in the House of Delegates the DP would be helping the Nats to achieve their objective in the Indian community.

VIGOROUS CAMPAIGN

The Mass Democratic Movement (MDM) — of which the TIC is a member — would campaign vigorously against the DP as well as other candidates in the House of Delegates to ensure a massive rejection of the tricameral parliament, the statement said.

Black communities throughout the country were angered by the position of the DP with regard to its participation in the tricameral system, it said.

The TIC also dismissed "with the contempt it deserves" Mr Tony Leon's statement in a speech delivered in Cape Town.

In his speech, the DP candidate for Houghton attacked the MDM for its reported call for whites to boycott the elections.

Mr Leon said all that a stayaway by enlightened white South Africans would achieve would be to rob the DP of certain marginal seats.

(Report by J. Rantao, 47 Simon Street, Jb. Jansenberg)
Rajbansi faces fraud, defamation charges

MARITZBURG — Mr Amichand Rajbansi is to be prosecuted for fraud and other charges.

The former chairman of the Ministers' Council in the House of Delegates has been handed the charge sheet and warned to appear in court.

Mr Rajbansi will face two counts of fraud and charges of defamation and contravening the Commissions Act and Criminal Procedure Act.

The charges arise from the report of the James Commission of Inquiry into irregularities in the administration of the House of Delegates.

The first count of fraud alleges that Mr Rajbansi, acting in concert with Mr Mizam Khan, misrepresented to officials of the Department of Community Development that Mr Khan intended to run a business, Moorton Butchery, on his own account at a shopping centre in Chatsworth.

The second count of fraud relates to a similar incident in which Mr Rajbansi, with a Mr Paraw Seebran, "a displaced trader", applied to the department for the hire of business premises at the proposed Montford shopping centre.

On the charge of defamation, it is alleged that Mr Rajbansi enlisted the help of a Mr Govindasamy Pillay to whom he dictated several letters for typing and subsequent distribution, in which the Minister of Local Government, Housing and Agriculture, Mr Baldeo Dookie, was defamed.

The fourth charge alleges that Mr Rajbansi persuaded Mr Pillay to give false evidence before the James Commission.

The last charge relates to two conflicting statements Mr Rajbansi made under oath — Sapa

(Report by K Durani, 21 Commissioner Street, Johannesburg)
No 'Merit' as PIPs switch allegiances

From AMEEN AKHALWAYA
JOHANNESBURG — Nominations of candidates for the House of Delegates (HOD) in Lenasia last week became a farcical affair.

When nominations closed officially, three of the four MPs representing Johannesburg's Indian group area had quit

Nomination day turned into a display of changing alliances, a feature of the HOD.

Henry Padayachee, chairman of Amichand Rajbansi's National People's Party (NPP), has entered as a candidate of Solidarity, which took over the House of Delegates majority from the NPP.

Darmalingam Sokalingum, also known as Ram Pillay, was to have been the Solidarity candidate in Lenasia West until last weekend.

Last week, it was learnt from teachers that Sokalingum distributed a "survey form" to primary schools asking parents what they thought about his candidacy.

The teachers were angered, Solidarity leader N. Reddy agreed with them and Sokalingum was dumped as Solidarity's candidate.

The new Solidarity candidate is the independent chairman of the Lenasia Management Committee, Keasa Thumbi, who was to have stood as an independent or for the Progressive Independent Party (PIP).

The PIP's only MP, Mr Faz Khan, has retired.

Rashida Brahmin, former chairperson of the Lenasia Management Committee, is standing as a candidate for the new Merit People's Party (MPP). In 1984, she lost her first bid for election to the House of Delegates. In 1987, she stood for Solidarity in the by-election, and lost again.

On nomination day, there was an unusual spectacle, but not rare for the House of Delegates. Swaran Pillay and Mahalingam Pillay both entered as candidates of the NPP, for the same seat.

Pillay objected, but Pillay, deputy leader of the NPP, said Pillay was not an official candidate of the party which has dissociated itself from him.

Padayachee and Rajbansi loyalist MS Shah objected separately to the MPP, which, they claimed, was "improperly registered and the leader of that party has made a false declaration while applying for registration of that party.

Thumbi opposed the nomination of the only independent, Essop Moore, challenging the validity of the signatures an independent needs.

All the objections proved unsuccessful. Thumbi and Padayachee are planning to take court action against Moore's candidacy and the legality of the MPP respectively.

Less than 12 hours after the nomination court sat, People's Party of SA candidate Abdulmuneaf Saloojee withdrew from the election.

That leaves 18 candidates for the four Johannesburg House of Delegates seats.

The Transvaal Indian Congress, which is opposing the election, has breathed a sigh of relief, because not a single candidate has any sizable support in the registered electorate.

If the turnout of the House of Delegates elections in Johannesburg is more than 16 percent, it will be a surprise.

(Report by A Akhalwaya, 3 Murzooq Centre, Rose Avenue, Lenasia)
MR AMICHAND Rajbansi is to be charged with fraud, defamation and contravening the Riotous Assemblies and Criminal Procedure Acts.

Rajbansi, the former chairman of the Ministers Council in the House of Delegates, has been handed the charge sheet and has been warned to appear in court.

The Attorney-General, Mr Mike Imber, said Rajbansi would be charged in the Durban Regional Court and would appear in court shortly.

Rajbansi will face two counts of fraud, one of defamation, a charge of contravening Section 5(2) of the Commissions Act read with Section 18(2)(B) of the Riotous Assemblies and a charge of contravening Section 319(3) of the Criminal Procedure Act.

Imber said the date for the commencement of the trial would be arranged in consultation with his legal advisers. The deputy Attorney-General, Mr B J Schonveldt SC, would conduct the prosecution on behalf of the State.
Rajbansi to stand trial

DISGRACED former House of Delegates leader Amichand Rajbansi, who is standing for re-election to parliament despite the controversy about his behaviour, is to be charged this morning in the Durban regional court with fraud and other offences.

Rajbansi was the target of strong criticism in the report of the James Commission, set up to investigate allegations of corruption and maladministration in the House of Delegates.

The Natal attorney general, Mike Imber, yesterday announced his decision to go ahead with a prosecution. He said Rajbansi would face charges of fraud, defamation, contravening the Commissions Act, read with the Riotous Assemblies Act, and contravening the Criminal Procedures Act.
Solidarity launches plan to push for 'real negotiations'

Political Staff

DURBAN — Solidarity has given an undertaking to block all legislation in the House of Delegates if the Government refuses to start real negotiations which include all political groupings including the ANC.

Launching its campaign to retain control in the House of Delegates, Solidarity leader, Dr J N Reddy, gave an undertaking to pull out of the system if the Indian House went through another five years of turmoil.

Party chairman, Mr Ismail Omar, explained at the campaign launch that Solidarity did not agree with the Labour Party's threat of pulling out of the tricameral system if sufficient progress was not made in reforming the system.

If Solidarity pulled out it would open the way for opportunists to enter the system.

In its manifesto Solidarity said it had a two-fold objective in entering the election: The first was to direct SA politics towards national negotiations and secondly to block opportunism in the House of Delegates.

It would seek a mandate to force the Government to negotiate.

• Its intention to scrap the tricameral constitution and commit itself to negotiations with all political groups.

• The release of ANC leader, Mr Nelson Mandela, and all other political prisoners and detainees to enable them to take part in negotiations.

• The creation of conditions for South Africans in exile to participate freely and unconditionally in negotiations.

• The lifting of the state of emergency.

Mr Omar also announced that Solidarity had "no problem" with the current defiance campaign or campaigns of civil disobedience.

(News by B Cameron, 15 Field Street, Durban)
Fallen Raj must quit, say candidates

By SHARON CHETTY

[Article content]

"It is our moral duty to prevent Mr Rajbans, from standing for a seat," he added (25).

Mr Rajbans said yesterday he was going to "sive" his opponents for "passing judgment" on him.

"Do they know the difference between charge and guilt?" Mr Rajbans asked.

"I welcome the charges against me as it will afford me the opportunity to deal with untested data," he said.

Report by S Chetty, 12 December.
Snouts to the trough

Trying to predict who might win what in the House of Delegates (HoD) election is even harder than trying to figure out which party was in control of the Indian chamber after the master maverick, Amchand Ramji, was banished from parliament following the James Commission findings earlier this year.

The political crystal ball is clouded by a frenzy of unusual, if unsurprising, pre-election activity among the record number of candidates. The situation changes almost daily as accusations are levelled, court battles ensue, a nominated candidate mysteriously disappears and another is allegedly "bought" out. Even though Home Affairs has drawn up its "final" list of candidates, the electoral officer says there are still five court cases pending in which nominations are being challenged.

If nothing else, the elections have given rise to a string of new names and political parties. In addition to J N Reddy's Solidarity, which is contesting all 40 elected seats, and Rajban's National People's Party (NPP), fighting in 29 seats, there are the National Federal Party of SA (contesting 20 seats), People's Party of SA (11), DP (nine), Progressive Independent Party (seven), Republican Party of SA (four), Republic Party of SA (three), and the People's Party of SA (three). Morti People's Party (three), plus (at last count) 30 independents and even a party which isn't fielding any candidates, the National Democrats.

Solidarity currently appears to hold the majority in the HoD against its bitter rival, the NPP Rajban's has bounced back as overall leader of the NPP, with the party in parliament being led by S V Naskeer.

Concerning the size of the poll, some in the Transvaal Indian Congress, which rejects the tricameral system, reckon this could be slightly higher than in 1984 "purely because of manipulation through special and prior voting," though on September 6 "even fewer" will vote than last time. Interestingly, in Laumbh (Pretoria), the poll in the first week of special voting had already reached 10%, according to the returning officer.

The only real interest in the HoD vote centres on whether "Ramji" will pull off his return to parliament — despite facing criminal charges. Last week, he appeared in court on charges of fraud, defamation, contravening the Commissions Act and making conflicting statements under oath — all arising out of the findings of the James Commission, which concluded that Rajban was "unfit" to hold public office. However, charges were not put to Rajban and he was not asked to plead. A return date was set for October 2.

Though there is some debate, it seems the legal action will not block his election bid, it won't even be surprising if he is re-elected. If that is the case, the question of which will be the ruling party when parliament reopens is moot. Based on the fact that Solidarity is contesting all 40 seats and the NPP only 29, it would seem Reddy will retain control. But because of the bewildering shifts in party loyalty in the HoD, it is as well to remember the joke in the HoD there are no parties, only movements.

With the largest number of parties and a record number of candidates aiming for a place in the House, there are at least two six-way fights for the same seat and a number of five-way contests. And there are some fascinating candidates.

- The elusive Ramupan or Anand or Prem Singh, apparently a film-maker who boasts three first names and who has now pulled out of the elections, leaving the way clear for sitting MP Balcoo Dookoo. Originally standing for the NPP, Singh is now reported to have joined Solidarity.

- Ahmed Rafi, standing for Solidarity, who has a conviction for corruption after a 1980 dispute involving extortion, while he was working for the Isipingo town council.

- Naraini Jumuna, who, after a number of switched allegiances, is now in Solidarity MP He was convicted for murder in Ireland in the Fifties after his girlfriend was found dead and dismembered, and

- Abdulla Khan, a PNP candidate with a fraud conviction.

For the first time, four women are standing for election. In addition to Rashida El bash, na in Johannesburg Central, who this time is standing for the new Merit Party, there are Deni Gwender (NPP), Deni Naidoo (Solidarity) and Anna Chothia (PP), all standing in Natal Chothia has the formidable task of being one of three opposing Rajban's in his Area Park, Chatsworth.

While it might look as though Solidarity will emerge as leader of the pack on September 7, when parliament opens that could change in a matter of days. If Rajban gets back to the House and even if he is barred from becoming chairman of the Ministers Council (which has yet to be sorted out), allegiances could prove ephemeral, to say the
Special votes likely to top 98% in Delegates election

About 36 500 special votes have been cast in constituencies where Indian candidates are running. But some of the vote-getting tactics they seem to use are questionable.

By GAVIN EVANS

it is illegal not to vote, or showing their name on an official voting list and telling them they are obliged to vote.

Telling pensioners that their pensions will be stopped unless they vote.

Telling teachers any future promotion depends on them voting.

Cutting votes on behalf of people who are boycotting by obtaining their identity numbers, and.

Promising poor people that they will get homes, or that their homes will be repaired if they vote.

“We have found that the people with least power in the community are most vulnerable, because of ignorance of their rights and because of fear of the consequences of boycotting,” said Momen.

He said one candidate went to the extent of forging the signature of a former NNP leader Rajbansi, former TIC vice president, who died in March, in a support statement.

“Unfortunately, for him, he mixed up the maa’s first and surname, making a joke of the statement.”

The NIC and TIC are compiling details of alleged irregularities, but say use of affidavits has not helped stem illegal special vote practices in the past.

Mme said the main difficulty they were facing was having to compete with well-paid canvassers who visit people’s homes and houseswomen during the day.

“All our members work, so we can only do house visits after 5pm.”

He said another problem was that the Durban City Council had only allowed the NIC 100 posters, which were then torn down by canvassers.

“We recently caught a canvasser of the Democratic Party’s candidate in Phoenix, Ome Singh, pulling down our posters. We confronted Singh, whom they told us.”

A total of 122 candidates from 16 parties and including 19 independents, are contesting the 40 House of Delegates seats.

With disgraced former National Party’s, former Deputy Prime minister Amiel Randhawa out, and charges of fraud in the Durban Regional Court, former NNP members have abandoned ship and have joined up with the opposition Solidarity Party.

Others such as Boojie Abramjee have opted to become independents – Abramjee who was removed from the cabinet by State President PW Botha three years ago after revealing inside information on the Mossel Bay project – recently claimed in a newsletter to support the TIC and Nelson Mandela, as well as Adriaan Viljoen, Magnus Malan and Pik Botha.

The TIC has rejected Abramjee

Solidarity, led by 63-year-old Dr JD Reeder, has called for the release of Mandela, the end to the Emergency after the elections and the scrapping of the re-cameral parliament.

Solidarity is putting up 37 candidates, the NPP 28 and the DP 28.

No other party is putting up more than five candidates.

The NIC has made it clear it will be boycotting the DP candidates as vigorously as all other aspirant House of Delegates members.

“They have drawn very little support, and I’d be surprised if they win more than one seat.”

In the 1984 election, which was won by the NNP, the official poll was 18.7 percent. This represented 11.2 percent of all eligible voters.

Twenty-three candidates received fewer than 10 votes and six received five or less.

Forty-two of the winning candidates received fewer than 800 votes.

Among them were Jv Lyman (formerly Solidarity, now DP) and Pat Poovalingam (formerly Solidarity, now FPF, now independent).

By EDDIE KOCH

MDM’s ‘no support, no boycott’ call won’t hurt DP

The Democratic Party believes the MMD’s demand for a boycott of the DP would have a negative impact on its performance in the white elections.

VP leader Peter Gastrow told the Weekly Mail that the MMD’s position of “no support, no boycott” for anti-apartheid candidates to the House of Assembly was aimed at undermining the DP’s performance.

“I don’t think the movement intended to have a negative impact on the DP’s performance. The strategy is not to cause damage to the campaign of the party in the white elections,” said Gastrow.

He acknowledged, however, that the MMD’s decision to oppose the DP’s non-white candidates would have more impact on the white electorate.

White UDF affiliates have endorsed the MMD’s position and told Gastrow that the MMD is splitting the white electorate.

The FPF statement, recognizing the degree of anger that the DP decision has stirred in the Indian and colored communities, said it backed the MMD’s call for a boycott of the houses of Dele-
PLAGUE OF INSTABILITY INFECTS THE BITTER HOUSE OF INFIGHTING

NORABN WEST surveys the state of play in the fractious Indian House of Delegates as election day approaches.

At the end of the day it is perhaps the concept of "own affairs" that most take the blame for tribalising and, indeed, trivialising politics in the House of Delegates. Those MPs are not necessarily there with a common purpose or to use a legitimate parliamentary platform but rather to promote sectional interests.

The (white) archetypes of the constitution probably never took into account that the Indian community is not homogeneous and never needed an "Indian own affairs" Parliament.

The main distinctions, and these also manifest themselves in parliamentary debates, are religious and linguistic.

Parliamentary politics in the "system" is no great recommendation for the average Indian community and leads to ostracism similar to that which coloured MPs face.

Yet there is no shortage of Indian candidates for Parliament. At the last count there were 10 registered parties and 30 independent candidates, some entrenched in auto-way contests.

The way in which decisions in the House of Delegates are influenced by religious leanings is a sensitive subject and one would readily admit.

During the Islamic holy month of Ramaazan, matters surfaced in Press statements when one group accused another of being in favour of late-night singing "for the sake of hatred and sinful motives to prejudice the Muslim Members and the Muslim staff from performing their most sacred and religious duties" (evening prayers).

An attempt to adopt a motion of no confidence in certain officials was taken because they allegedly displayed "complete disregard for the Islamic feeling in the

Sacred Month of Ramadan", according to a letter addressed in them as "Dear Brothers in Islam.

The House of Delegates has focused much energy over the past five years in disposing of unwanted rivals -- the departure of the disgraced former chairman of the Ministers' Council, Mr. Ameenah Rajabani, being only one example.

Rajabani was responsible for axing at least two Indian Ministers. When he recommended a Minister be fired, Mr. P W Botha simply went over a note saying "you will be relieved of your position as from...

The last Indian Minister fired by Mr. Botha was the hard-working, soft-spoken, gentleman of politics, Mr. S V Nkuck, Minister of Local Government and Agriculture.

He was the victim of another phenomenon in this House -- "floor-crossing". Those who "cross" during a

BAREND MAKES IT AS A VIDEO STAR!

BY DE WET POTGIETER

MINISTER of Finance Barend du Plessis is the star of an American-style video designed to reassure over-burdened taxpayers on the eve of the general election.

"Welcome to what you think is my worry town," Mr. Du Plessis tells viewers in a professionally-made 30-minute video.

"If anybody is struck between the devil and Du Plessis -- it's me," he says disarmingly, sitting behind the desk in his Pretoria office.

Explaining that he will try to recall reasons why things (the state of the economy) are the way they are, Mr. Du Plessis argues that the economy policies of his opponents spell only danger.

In a sincere, well-rehearsed manner, he tells the video camera: "I wish I could change your problems overnight -- but I can't.

At length that the National Party is the only one offering a future solution for SA.

A skilful on-camera salesman, the Minister explains the finer details of what he calls the "five major international offences" against SA since the days of the arms embargo.

Placing a Conservative Party and then a Democratic Party cap on his head, Mr. Du Plessis argues that the economy policies of his opponents spell only danger.

In a sincere, well-rehearsed manner, he tells the video camera: "I wish I could change your problems overnight -- but I can't.

debate are dubbed "grass-hoppers" because they evidently think the grass is greener on the other side. Those who make up their minds during the night are called "coodrochs".

Because of one such mass floor-crossing, which gave the House the reputation of the most unstable component

in the tri-cameral set up, Dr. J N Reddy, leader of the Solidarity Party, grabbed power from Rajabani's National People's Party.

Mr. Nkuck was stunned. He was one of the most correct and exemplary MPs and his track record as a Minister was unmatchable. When he inquired from Tuyahaya whether there could be substitution in Press speculation that he had been fired, only then was he sent a letter.

The P W Botha axe has fallen in similar fashion on Ministers Boete Abramjee, Sam Padayachy, Baldeo Dohote and, of course, Mr. Rajabani.

Now, as September 6 approaches, the many parties and independents are gearing themselves to test their popularity at the polls again. If the poll is as low as in 1983 it will again prove that the House has failed to improve its legitimacy in the eyes of its electorate.

Report by N. Nel, toe St. George's Street, Cape Town.
Rajbansi may sue over play

CONTROVERSIAL politician Amchand Rajbansi has threatened to sue the producer and playwright of a hit play which focuses on irregularities in the House of Delegates.

The James Commission, written and produced by Ms. Sara Essa, deals with the goings-on in the House of Delegates as revealed in the special court of inquiry headed by Natal's Justice Neville James earlier this year.

The inquiry found that Rajbansi was "unsuitable for public office".

The future arose after Rajbansi arrived with his wife, Ashadevi, to view the play at the ABH Hall in Durban's Arena Park.

(Report by M. Padayachee, of 1 Dinapure Rd, Merebank)
Currying favour for unstable House

Six candidates each have been nominated in the constituencies of Camp edown, Lenasia Central, Montford, North Western Cape, Phoenix, Springfield and Tongaat.

This indicates the instability in the House, which has become infamous for its lack of quality leadership and claims — and in some cases, proof — of bribery and corruption.

At a stage last year, after the sacking of Mr. Amos Sibanda by chairman of the Minster's Council in the Hod, MPs crossed the floor and formed new alliances in an unprecedented way.

The political chaos in the Hod is demonstrated by present circumstances in the eight Transvaal constituencies:

- Of the eight MPs, five are standing for re-election. However, three of the five are contesting other seats while two have swapped parties.

- Of the two MPs defending their own seats, one has turned independent. Thus only one MP in the province — Lenasia Central’s Mr MS Shik of the National Party — is defending the seat he holds for the party under whose banner he was elected.

- In Lenasia East, two candidates were officially nominated for the National Party. When the error was discovered, one candidate had to be scrapped.

But what are the issues in the Indian election?

Political analysts agree that there are none — apart from the various parties’ efforts to improve the badly shaken image of the Hod.

Mr. Cassim De Ras, a political science lecturer at the University of Durban-Westville, says there are no policy differences between the various parties — all are campaigning on the “very broad issue of reform and change.”

He says there is still a huge debate in the Indian community on whether to participate or not. Because of the corruption, illegal practices, favouritism and continuous feuds in the Hod, the general public thinks candidates are only there in their own interest.

Mr. Ismail Momonts of the Transvaal Indian Congress says that in the first Hod elections in 1994, the debate centered on how the Indian system could be used to abolish apartheid and improve the quality of life.

“This year, there are no issues whatsoever. The only issue is the legitimacy crisis of the House and the issue of corruption. People simply see this election as a continuation of the Hod circus.”

Mr. Yusaf Bhagoo, research co-ordinator of the Development Studies Research Group at the University of Natal (Marisburg), says “The fact that none of the authentic leaders in the Indian community are standing for election suggests that very little can be achieved via the Hod. Those candidates standing are trying to dissociate themselves from allegations that they are standing for personal gain.”

Besides reservations about the quality of candidates, doubts have also been raised about the canvassing methods used.

Mr. Momonts says “Especially the poor and the elderly are duped into voting. There are many cases of threats and bribery. For example, candidates will bribe voters that their pensions will be taken away if they do not vote, or they say ‘If you want a house, you had better vote’. Others exploit sectionalism by saying ‘Vote for a Hindu to keep a Muslim out’.”

The experts agree that the new system of special votes, introduced last year mainly to prevent intimidation in the Indian and coloured municipalities, could lead to a higher poll than the 20.3 percent of 1994.

Mr. Bhagoo says “Our monitoring does not suggest that people are flocking to the polls. It seems that the people who are going to the polls are those dependent on social welfare and the immediate families of candidates.”

Mr. Momonts says that in terms of the changes to the Electoral Act, only candidates are now allowed to inspect voters’ lists.

“This is a fraudulent form of voting. In the past, we have found that dead people have voted. There’s a lot of rigging going on.”

Evil system

Predicting that about 95 percent of the total votes cast will be special votes, Mr. Momonts dismisses allegations that organisations campaigning against the elections are intimidating voters to stay away.

“We’ve never stopped anyone from voting. If people want to support an evil system, they’re welcome to do so. But they should not cast a back-door vote. They must then be prepared to vote openly on September 6.”

The Indian Congress is not playing a destructive role. We are calling on people to vote, yes, but we are focusing on getting the community involved in a debate on the ANC’s constitutional guidelines.

“The Indian system is crumbling. Mr. P W Botha initiated it. Dr. Denis Worrall wrote it and Chris Heunis implemented it. All three founders are gone.”

(Report by E. van der Merwe. 47 Caesar St. Johannesburg)

The greatest significance of this year’s House of Delegates (HoD) elections appears to be that the simmering tension between the Democratic Party and the Mass Democratic Movement was finally brought to a head.

For it was the fledgling DP’s decision to field multi-candidates in the Indian House — seen by many as a fatal flaw part of the unrepresentative, unwieldy system — which has caused a seemingly irreconcilable breach between the anti-apartheid parliamentary party and the umbrella body of anti-apartheid extra-parliamentary forces.

While the MDM’s call for a boycott of the HoD and House of Representatives was to be expected, the clash with the DP has prompted the MDM to call on its white members to boycott the House of Assembly elections. The ‘only white’ party to lose as a result of this decision is the DP.

Mass meetings

In the 40 HoD constituencies, those campaigning for a boycott and those attempting to get the 668,673 registered Indian voters to the polls are equally active.

The candidates are concentrating on using the new system of special votes, while extra-parliamentary organisations are holding mass meetings and canvassing from door to door to ask people not to vote.

A prominent feature of the elections is the large number of candidates and parties participating.

More than 160 Indian candidates have been nominated. They represent 10 parties, some of which were established only a few months ago. In addition, about 30 independents are contesting the election.
Between 1% and 20% made use of special or prior votes.

SPECIAL and prior votes in House of Delegates and House of Representatives constituencies ranged from under 1% to 20% before polling day yesterday.

A 20% poll was recorded in the House of Delegates' last election in 1984. The poll was 30% for the House of Representatives.

About one-fifth of voters in House of Delegates and House of Representatives constituencies in Johannesburg voted prior to the election yesterday.

In Lenasia, 16.8% of 28,533 House of Delegates voters had voted before election day. In House of Representatives constituencies in Johannesburg, 13% voted early.

The lowest early voting was recorded in Maritzburg, where less than 1% of the 167,315 voters in Nine House of Delegates seats made prior votes.

In Durban, 15.5% of 55,394 voters cast special votes in 23 House of Delegates constituencies.

A 9.6% poll was recorded in 32 House of Representatives constituencies in Cape Town. In Rylands, the only House of Delegates constituency being contested in Cape Town, 11% of voters went to the polls before yesterday.

A 10.8% poll was recorded in the only House of Delegates constituency in the Port Elizabeth area, and nearly 20% of House of Representatives voters had cast prior votes.
Candidate's feat with zero votes

By Joe Openshaw

Now the dust has settled and political analysts are making hay with the figures, spare a thought for Mr Gangah Nadoo, an Independent who scored a political duck standing for the House of Delegates at Rylands, in the Cape Peninsula.

Incredible as it may seem, the election results showed a zero next to his name. He did not get one vote.

I wouldn't bet on it, but Mr Nadoo has probably made history. Why, one might ask, did he not even vote for himself? It is one of the great mysteries of modern politics.

Mr Nadoo can console himself with having bettered (or worsted) the record of Mr A G Ebrahim, also an Independent, who in the last Rylands election netted two votes.

One of the lighter moments for me was when I was approached by a voter outside the polling booths in Edenvale. He had his ballot paper in his hand and asked me what he should do with it.

"Must I keep it?" he asked.

I said "Fold it up and ask that policeman where to put it."
Rajbansi ‘Tiger’ victorious

Own Correspondent

DURBAN — Within minutes of being returned to Parliament, National People’s Party leader Mr Amichand Rajbansi issued a warning to white civil servants “Don’t mess with Indian politics.”

He said that by re-electing him, the people had replied to the “conspiracy from the witness box”, a reference to the James Commission of Inquiry into irregularities in the House of Delegates, which led to a number of charges being laid against him.

“The tiger is back and when Parliament reconvenes on September 13 I will tell the State President he will see the real Rajbansi in action The scenes which were seen in the previous House will not be seen again.”

He said that certain of his political enemies were used by white civil servants against him, but they had not succeeded because the people had voted him back into office.

“I got an even greater majority than in 1964, which shows the people have answered through the ballot box to the conspiracy against me, from the witness box.”
alleged irregularity

"I did nothing more than lay a complaint, giving the police the information I had. The complaint is not directed against any political party or individual," he says.

Hitchcock confirms, however, that his complaint involves an attempt to use a dead person's name for a spookstem (ghost vote). Police would not reveal details of their investigation.

The DP's Port Natal candidate, Hilda Grobler, confirms she had heard allegations about the incident and says "We see this in an extremely serious light and would appreciate being informed of the outcome of the police investigation as soon as possible."

Whatever the outcome again shows the potential for abuse of the prior voting system.

If allegations of the involvement of somebody close to the successful candidate turn out to be true an uproar can be expected from both opposing parties.

Since the NP and DP each have 10 seats in Natal, any chance of a new election will be seized upon.

the House of Assembly, not the Delegates.

The alleged irregularity in the Port Natal poll — won by NP candidate Johan Marais with a 2 247 majority — is not one of which party officials at NP head office in Durban were aware. The NP chairman for the constituency, Piet Hartzer, says he knew nothing about the police investigation, he was overseas at the time of the election and would investigate the matter at the first local NP committee meeting.

CID officers at Brighton Beach police station, however, are taking the matter seriously. A complaint was laid by CP candidate Francis Hitchcock a week before the election. Police confirm that the complaint involved an allegation that a deceased person's name had been used to cast a prior vote and that they are treating the matter as electoral fraud.

More serious are allegations (not included in the statement to the police) that the person who tried to use the dead woman's name is an NP organiser — and a member of the successful candidate's family.

In terms of the prior voting system, an application for the vote contains the signature of a witness (usually made by the party organiser who returns the application) and police are understood to be investigating the source of this signature.

Marais could not be contacted earlier this week as he was travelling to Pretoria for the inauguration of the State President. CP candidate Hitchcock is reticent, saying he made the complaint under pressure from the DP, who learnt he had information about the
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The Raj hangs up his tarnished crown

By NORMAN WEST
Political Reporter

The disgraced leader of the National Party, Amichand Rajbansi, has dropped his bid for a spectacular return to Parliament as chairman of the Ministers' Council.

Facing criminal charges for fraud and money laundering under the cloud of the James Commission's findings on the former president's influence, Amichand Rajbansi handed over the NPP leadership this weekend to former Local Government and Agriculture Minister S.V. Naicker.

Mr Naicker will take over as parliamentary leader of the NPP.

Headache

This will leave Mr Rajbansi free to concentrate on fighting his court battles.

This weekend the state of the parties in the House of Delegates was Dr J.O. Hedayet's Solidarity Party and the NPP, alliance 31 seats each with the three Democratic Party MPs holding the balance of power in the 45-member chamber.

In moving sideways, Mr Rajbansi saved President F.W.de Klerk a major headache which would have required the wisdom of King Solomon to settle.

The voluntary decision to step down should, therefore, come as welcome relief for both President De Klerk and Dr Reddy.

Solidarity is now likely to form a loose alliance with the three DP members, giving Dr Reddy a 24 to 21 majority over the NPP.

President De Klerk has postponed the appointment of the Indian Ministers' Council because of what he terms "uncertainties".

Charge

The constitution says the President must appoint a chairman who, in his opinion, enjoys majority support in the House.

On Friday Mr Rajbansi brought an application in the Durban Regional Court for a charge of criminal defamation against him to be set aside.

The original charge was laid by another MP, Mr Radee Dookie. The magistrate, Mr J.C. Augustyn, has reserved judgment until October 2.
DURBAN — National People's Party leader Amichand Rajbansi brought an application on Friday for a charge of criminal defamation against him to be quashed.

Appearing before Magistrate J J Augustyn in the Durban Regional Court, Rajbansi was not asked to plead to the charge of defamation, or to two charges of fraud, of contravening the Commissions Act and contravening the Criminal Procedures Act.

The charges arise from the James Commision report. Appearing for Rajbansi, Advocate Douglas Tobias told the magistrate only the most serious defamation were criminal, adding that if every piece of defamation was criminal, "half the town would be in the dock and the other half would be here as complainants."

He said Rajbansi did not admit to any of the facts alleged against him.

"The person allegedly defamed is a politician, Mr Baldeo Booke, and this is just one politician's remarks against another politician," he said.

He said certain Ministers had, at public meetings, been described as "grossly incompetent" and "walking disasters." These things were said openly and "why not — because we have freedom of expression in this country and people are not going to be put off by threats of criminal defamation."

Deputy Attorney-General B J Schonfeldt said the charge should not be quashed.

Judgment will be given on October 2.
Charges include fraud, defamation

Full house expected as Rajbansi trial begins

Own Correspondent

DURBAN — There is expected to be standing room only in the Durban Regional Court today when Mr Amichand Rajbansi, the former chairman of the Ministers’ Council in the House of Delegates, appears to face several criminal charges.

No extra seating will be provided during the 10-day trial, unlike the special arrangements made last year to accommodate the large number of people who daily attended the James Commission hearings.

Mr Rajbansi, the leader of the National People’s Party, was the main witness before the commission. His appearance in court this week follows certain allegations before the commission.

The politician is due to face two charges of fraud and charges of defamation, contravening the Commissions Act and contravening the Criminal Procedures Act.

Mr Rajbansi told The Star he did not know how many friends and relatives, who were expected to attend, would be accommodated in court.

On the first count of fraud, the State alleges that in March 1988 and December 1982 Mr Rajbansi, with Mr Nizam Ebrahim Khan, made unlawful misrepresentations to the former Department of Community Development regarding a butchery in Chatsworth.

On the second count of fraud it is alleged that Mr Rajbansi, with Mr Paraw Seebhan, a “displaced trader”, made unlawful representations to the department regarding an application to run a butchery at the Montford Shopping Centre in Chatsworth.

Another charge is that Mr Rajbansi allegedly contravened the Commissions Act — read in conjunction with the Riotous Assemblies Act — in that he unlawfully and intentionally incited, instigated or procured Mr Govindasamy Pullay to give false evidence before the James Commission.

A further charge is that on June 25 1987 and August 25 1988 Mr Rajbansi made conflicting affidavits before commissioners of oaths.
Kathrada quits HoD

DURBAN — The House of Delegates has been plunged into further controversy after the resignation of Mr Ismail Kathrada, an indirectly elected MP.

Mr Kathrada, a former Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services, confirmed yesterday that he quit as MP because he was unhappy at the "goings on among members in the HoD vying for positions."
Rajbansi pleads not guilty to various charges

DURBAN — The leader of the National Peoples Party, Mr Amichand Rajbansi, has pleaded not guilty in the Durban Regional Court to charges of fraud, defamation, contravening the Commissions Act, and contravening the Criminal Procedures Act.

Appearing before Mr J J Augustyn, yesterday's hearing was largely legal argument regarding the admissibility of certain evidence.

It has been alleged that in March 1980 and December 1982 Mr Rajbansi and Mr Nizam Ebrahim Khan made unlawful representations to the same department regarding a butchery in Chatsworth.

Mr Rajbansi is also alleged to have unlawfully instigated a Mr Pillay into giving false evidence in the James Commission.

Finally, Mr Rajbansi is alleged to have made conflicting affidavits on June 25, 1987, and August 28 last year before a Commissioner of Oaths.

In a summary of substantial facts read out to the court by Deputy Attorney General B Schoenfeldt, it was alleged that during 1983 Mr Seebhun had various business premises expropriated as a result of the Group Areas Act.

In May 1982 Mr Rajbansi opened a banking account and was the sole signatory for the Montford butchery.

Mr Seebhun was initially under the impression he had a 51 percent share but later discovered he had only one share.

Regarding the charge of defamation, Mr Rajbansi is alleged to have attempted to discredit Mr Baldeo Donkie as Minister of Local Government, Housing and Agriculture in the House of Delegates.

The hearing continues Sapa.
Court crowd called to order in Rajbansi trial

Please do not make my task more difficult."

In cross-examination, Mr Khan said he had been a member of Mr Rajbansi's party, the National People's Party, since its inception in 1981.

In 1984 he and a few others formed the People's Party of South Africa because they were unhappy with Mr Rajbansi's leadership.

Questioned on an interview headlined: "I plotted the Raj's Fall", Mr Khan denied having said he orchestrated Mr Rajbansi's downfall.

He said Indian reporters had been making "much mischief" and "one sucked the story out of his thumb".

Talking about a butchery which Mr Rajbansi had organised for him, he said he had not personally wanted a shop, but his late father and Mr Rajbansi must have come to some "deal".

Repeating evidence given earlier, he said Mr Rajbansi asked his father and himself whether they knew of people who had been affected by the Group Areas Act, because a new shopping centre was being built at Chatsworth and shops would be available.

Mr Khan said the next thing he knew was Mr Rajbansi arriving with an application form for him to sign.

Proceedings became heated when defence counsel Mr Tobias began questioning Mr Khan on evidence he had given at the Thaver Committee.

He claimed that evidence given yesterday contradicted that given previously.

Mr Khan said he had been ill and deaf in both ears at the time he gave evidence.
Rajbansi begged me to lie, says trader (86)

DURBAN — Wealthy businessman Mr Paraw Seebran (86) yesterday said in the Durban Regional Court he had told a “small untruth” to the Thaver Committee last year after Mr Amuchand Rajbansi — “almost on his knees” — had begged him to do so.

Mr Seebran was giving evidence in the trial of Mr Rajbansi, leader of the National People’s Party, who has pleaded not guilty to charges of fraud, defamation, and contravening the Commissions Act and the Criminal Procedures Act.

Mr Seebran said that last year, before going to Cape Town to give evidence before the committee which was investigating alleged irregularities in the House of Delegates, he had been asked to visit Mr Rajbansi at his office.

At the meeting, which was held at House of Delegates offices in Stanger Street, Durban, Mr Rajbansi asked him not to mention his name when giving evidence about Raj Investments (Pty) Ltd.

Mr Rajbansi apparently told Mr Seebran that if his name was mentioned in connection with the business, “he was finished”.

Mr Seebran said he felt sympathetic and wanted to help Mr Rajbansi. Luckily, he had not been asked about Mr Rajbansi’s involvement, he added.

Under cross-examination it became apparent, however, that Mr Seebran had not fully remembered evidence he had given at the Thaver Committee. It became apparent when defence counsel Mr Douglas Tobias read a paragraph from a transcription of the committee that in fact Mr Rajbansi’s name had come up and Mr Seebran had lied.

Questioning Mr. Seebran on this, Mr Tobias was told by Mr Seebran that he was exceeding his jurisdiction.

“It was a lie to help your client. He came to me almost on his knees,” Mr Seebran said.

Earlier Mr Tobias apologised in advance to Mr Seebran if he had upset him in any way. He did not want to be disrespectful to a man of nearly 80, he said.

The hearing continues.
Rajbansi fraud trial is not a joke, magistrate tells the gallery

By CARMEL RICKARD, Durban

The trial of controversial politician Arumand Rajbansi was a serious matter and was "not supposed to be entertainment," the magistrate hearing the case warned this week.

Durban regional court magistrate JJ Augustyn was rebuking people in the public gallery for their raucous laughter during evidence and comments by witnesses in the trial.

He was apparently concerned that unless he took a firm grip on public behaviour at an early stage, the trial would quickly take on the laugh-a-minute character of the James commission of inquiry into House of Delegates corruption.

The first witness in the trial, former MP in the House of Delegates, Nizam Kahn, claimed he was a businessman "front" for Rajbansi, and, near the end of his utterance after a day in the witness box, he snapped at Rajbansi's counsel, "Listen carefully, I won't tell you again. I was a front for Rajbansi.

Then he spelled out: "F-R-O-N-

Kahn gave evidence about forms he signed relating to a butchery registered in his name.

He was entitled to the shop because he was a "displaced trader" under the Group Areas Act.

The state alleges that the shop was in fact owned by Rajbansi who used Kahn as a front to get rights to the butchery, because while Kahn was entitled to a shop as a displaced trader, Rajbansi was not.

Kahn said it was his father's dying wish that if they were able to acquire the rights to the shop, it should be given to Rajbansi.

He said in deference to his father's wish, he "closed his eyes" and signed papers relating to the shop brought to him by Rajbansi, without reading their contents.

At one stage during the proceedings, Kahn, who currently owns a car spares shop, was asked by Rajbansi's defence counsel, D Tobias, to explain discrepancies in his evidence.

When he was apparently at a loss for words, Tobias said, "Come, come Mr Kahn, you are an honest man. You are a motor car dealer."

Earlier, Kahn was asked to comment on a newspaper article which described him as having "plotted Mr Rajbansi's downfall" as chairman of the ministers' council.

Kahn said this part of the article was not true and that he telephoned the reporter the next day to challenge him.

Asked what he said to the reporter, Kahn replied, "I said, 'George, what is the bug-bullshit you are putting in the papers?'"

On another occasion he agreed that while he believed Rajbansi was "a bully boy and a dictator", they were still "good friends."

Once, frustrated because they did not appear to be speaking the same language, Kahn said, "If you put it in Charles Dickinson language or Agatha Christie language, we are still talking about the butcher shop."

Rajbansi is facing five charges including two counts of fraud. They all arise from the evidence given to the James commission, which made recommendations about prosecution in its final report. However, the case almost never began.

On the first day, Rajbansi's counsel objected when the prosecutor, Natal's Deputy Attorney General Bennie Schonfeld, showed Kahn a document.

With something of the air of a magician pulling a rabbit from a hat, Tobias took papers from a yellow file labelled in large letters, "Surprise."

He argued that in terms of the Commissions Act documents handed in to a commission could not be published without the written permission of the chairman of the commission.

The magistrate overruled Tobias, saying it was not logical to allow a commission "to rule from the grave."
DURBAN — The Rajbansi trial has been adjourned in the Durban Regional court until tomorrow after the defence raised objections to questions in connection with an allegedly defamatory letter received by Mr Pat Poovalingam and which referred to Mr Baldeo Dookie.

After hearing a little more than 20 minutes of evidence from Mr Poovalingam, the hearing adjourned briefly so the State and the defence could come to an agreement on whether a certain line of questioning could be continued.

When they failed to reach a compromise, the trial was adjourned until tomorrow, when proper argument will be presented.

Mr Bennie Schouml Neflidt had just begun to lead evidence on the letter received by Mr Poovalingam in 1988 and which alleged that Mr Dookie had prevented his daughter from marrying a Tamil teacher.

DEFAMATION

Mr Schouml Neflidt had asked Mr Poovalingam what his interpretation of a portion of the letter would be when Mr Douglas Tobias objected, saying evidence of this sort was inadmissible.

Mr Schouml Neflidt replied that it involved a charge of criminal defamation which included lowering a man's esteem in the community.

In agreeing to the adjournment, magistrate said he believed everyone was anxious to get the trial over, but "much depends on the outcome of the court's ruling."

Mr Poovalingam said he had known Mr Dookie for more than 25 years. He had done a lot of good work for the community.

He said they might be in opposing political parties, but this did not cloud his judgment of the man.
Rajbansi trial delayed over defence query

Own Correspondent

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PUBLIC SECTOR COUT.—ASIAN AFFAIRS

1990
Ten schools opening for Indian pupils next week

Education Reporter

Ten new Indian schools administered by the House of Delegates will open when the 1990 term starts next Monday.

An 11th school, Trenance Farm School in Verulam, will open on January 23.

The House of Delegates Department of Education and Culture has announced that the new schools were built and furnished at a cost of about R40 million.

The department's first custom-built and equipped technical secondary school will open in Phoenix.

It will eventually accommodate 1,000 pupils who wish to acquire skills in vocational and engineering fields.

Two similar technical secondary schools will be built in Chatsworth and Northdale during the next two years, depending on the availability of funds.

The six primary schools — Verulam, Primary No 5, Port Shepstone Primary No 2, Lenasia South Primary No 2 and No 3, Rosenee Primary (Vereniging), Richards Bay Primary — will each have 20 classrooms and eight specialist rooms, and are designed to accommodate 720 pupils.

The three new high schools — Verulam Secondary No 3 (Lotusville), Phoenix Secondary No 2 (Shastri Park) and Trenance Secondary School — each have 30 classrooms and 21 specialist rooms.

Each of them can accommodate 1,000 pupils.
Stop petty bickering, Reddy tells Indian MPs

DURBAN — The chairman of the Ministers' Council in the House of Delegates (HoD), Dr J N Reddy, yesterday called on Indian MPs to stop petty bickering and set the ball rolling for their chamber to get involved in pressing national issues on a wider scale.

Addressing more than 30 parliamentarians, Dr Reddy said the time had come for the HoD to make its presence felt.

"In addition to attending to our various constituency matters, let us prepare ourselves to play bigger and significant roles in national politics," he said.

"While we agree to disagree on some matters, there is no reason why we could not find consensus on other issues."

The meeting, the first of its kind, was attended by MPs from the ruling Solidarity Party, Democratic Party, People's Party of South Africa, National Freedom Party, National People's Party and Independents and was hailed as a breakthrough by party leaders who attended the gathering.

Mr Salama Abram-Mayet, leader of the PPCA, and Mr Mahmoud Rajab, DP leader in the HoD, described the meeting as a "worthwhile exercise" and said more such gatherings should be held on a regular basis.

Mr Abram-Mayet, who is also chairman of the HoD, said he hoped the high standard of discussions at the meeting would be continued in coming parliamentary debates.

However, four MPs and members of the National Peoples' Party caucus said in a combined statement last night that the meeting had proved to be "utterly disappointing."

The four, Mr P Padayachee, Mr D Sakaingum, Mrs R Ebrahim and Mr N Daya, calling themselves members of the Mmnt People's Party, said they had attended as observers.

"The meeting was utterly disappointing as Dr Reddy failed to give us any directions on national affairs as we firmly believed this was the purpose of the meeting."

They said it had been clear the real intention of the meeting was to win favour for the no confidence debate which was scheduled to take place in Parliament.

"We found that about six members of Solidarity were absent and contrary to our understanding a member of the Provincial Executive Committee, two members of the Presidents' Council and three ministerial representatives who were not supposed to be present also attended the meeting," the statement concluded. — Sapa.
Solidarity offer to blacks.

CAPE TOWN — The Solidarity Party has called on the Teachers' Association of South Africa to provide teachers for black matriculants and to use schools administered by the House of Delegates after hours.

In the wake of the low pass rate among black matriculants last year in the Department of Education examinations, Dr. Kisten Rajoo, Minister of Education and Culture in the House, offered to open their schools after hours for black pupils to use. — Political Staff
Indians in drive for jobs

LINKS are being forged between commerce and industry and the Department of Education and Culture in the House of Delegates.

Minister Kirsten Naylor has introduced several initiatives to establish closer links with commerce and industry.

He says the main intention of the exercise is to identify employment opportunities for many school-leavers.

"The rising cost of studying and high entrance requirements of post-matric institutions, often deny many pupils the benefit of full-time study," he says.

"The close working relationship between schools and places of employment would enable employers to make adequate input in equipping pupils with the skills that would be essential for success in the world of work."

The department has achieved some success with job placements for the first time in the history of Indian education, three senior departmental officials have been appointed job placement officers.

Dr. Naylor says discussions are being held with Nando, Mossgas, Eskom, the Building Industries Federation of SA (Bifs), the Steel and Engineering Industries Federation of SA (Sefisa) and Seconda.

"The department is talking to entrepreneurs throughout SA to try to alleviate manpower shortages in certain areas and secure the placement of surplus or redundant workers in other employment."

The department introduces prospective employers to employers, provides training for adults after school hours and, in consultation with the Department of Manpower, is embarking on projects to help the unemployed.

Several short courses have been designed to help the unemployed acquire skills.

Dr. Naylor has decided to establish regional advice centres.

Inquiries are handled by Roban Maharaj at the telephone number 37-3893.
The interpellations

Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Housing whether his Department has finalised the sale of land to affected persons in Cato Manor, if so, on what basis, if not, why not?

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT, HOUSING AND AGRICULTURE Mr Chairman, the reply is no. Hon members are aware that three townships may be distinguished in Cato Manor, namely Umkumbaan, Bonella and Wiggins.

Umkumbaan is a registered township where sales have been concluded. Following these sales, it was found that certain other sites are adversely affected by poor soil conditions, and the sale of certain sites consequently had to be cancelled. As a result of the findings of a thorough geological survey of the area that has been concluded, the township layout has since been somewhat revised to exclude sites with poor soil conditions and to incorporate such areas into existing open-space areas.

Portions of the sites that were not adversely affected were again included in other sites in the event of such remaining portions not being large enough to allow the creation of a separate site. This task has now been completed, and it is anticipated that sales in Umkumbaan will be finalised as soon as the waiting list is updated. This is expected in the immediate future. The waiting list is being updated at present.

Wiggins This area is still in an early development stage.

Bonella Bonella has not yet been registered as a township. Until registration is affected, sales will not be concluded because the purchasers cannot take transfer of the land. One hundred and eighty-three houses were completed in 1988 and are being let but will eventually be sold.

I want to assure the hon member for Springfield, as well as all the people who have been anxiously waiting to purchase houses and land in Cato Manor, that we will do everything possible to expedite the clearance of the said houses and land.

Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, I must immediately express my disappointment that the hon the Minister of Housing to whom I addressed the interpellation, did not reply to it. It was left to his Deputy Minister to give the answer.

I also want to say that I am a little disappointed at the fact that immediately after I placed this interpellation on the Question Paper—two days after that—the hon Minister answered that the hon the Minister of Housing has just given this House appeared in the Daily News of Friday last week. I find that, too, somewhat disappointing.

However, I want to make the point that quite frankly, I am disappointed that after so many years we have not been able to sort out the sorry saga of Cato Manor. Merely to rely on the problems of ccocha shale is not. I believe, enough. We all know, even before land was earmarked for Indian housing that ccocha shale was known to be a problem in that area. I would have thought that the first thing that any housing department would have addressed. They should have assessed just how much ccocha shale was to be found there and then formulated the development. If we had left the development of Cato Manor to a private developer, we would have had had houses for our people in less than two years. I want to say that I am absolutely disgusted that we have not yet been able to fulfill the promises that we made to all the people who were dispossessed of the land there many, many years ago.

I want to stress to the hon the Minister here this afternoon that we want immediate attention paid to this matter.

I also want to raise one particular issue. While going around this area the other day, I noticed a stretch of land which has been fenced off. This piece of land, which belongs to the Administration House of Delegates, is adjacent to Cato Crescent. It has obviously been set aside for some particular development. I would like to ask the hon the Minister whether, in fact, that piece of land has been set aside for Ministerial houses.

The Leader of the Opposition Mr Chairman, I, too, am disappointed that Solidarity has become the majority party in this House since May 1988. Since that period there appears to have been no movement that which the hon the Deputy Minister has indicated, was something that was planned and announced in the years 1985 and 1986.

However, I want to make reference to an hon member who referred to this issue on 28 January 1985, and I quote from Hauard, col 22-23:

In the light of the above factors, how can we in this House and the Ministers responsible for these matters, now ask the Indian community to carry the financial burden of having to pay for the collective folly of three years of Government? Do we not have the courage to confront the Government and tell them “You made a grave error of judgement and you must now pay the price of your folly”?

We must resolve the matter and instead of running around in circles we must come up with new proposals as the prices proposed by the Minister around R15 000 per plot are still too high for the people for whom we wish to cater.

The Minister referred to above, is now the hon the Minister of Housing, Social Services and Welfare I also wish to quote further from col 24:

We will not be party to any decision or recommendation which has been proposed by our Minister of Housing in terms of the high prices that have been established.

I also quote from Hauard, col 23:

so, when will the Ministerial homes be developed? I also would like to ask the hon the Minister whether the development was responsible for the erection of the fence? If so, what was the cost of the erection of that fence?

Before I resume my seat, I want to make it abundantly clear that as far as we on this side of the House are concerned, we have accepted the fact that our people were mutilated of this land many years ago. We were grateful to the hon the Chairman of the Ministers’ Council who, in his capacity as then Chairman of the Indian Council did everything possible to retrieve that land to the Indian people. However, we are extremely disappointed that since that time nothing has really happened in that area [Time expired]

The Leader of the Official Opposition Mr Chairman, I, too, am disappointed that Solidarity has become the majority party in this House since May 1988. Since that period there appears to have been no movement that which the hon the Deputy Minister has indicated, was something that was planned and announced in the years 1985 and 1986.

However, I want to make reference to an hon member who referred to this issue on 28 January 1985, and I quote from Hansard, col 22-23:

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The Minister of Local Government and Agriculture Mr Chairman, I have listened very attentively to the arguments that were raised. I want to say to the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition that he must take responsibility for most of the delays that were caused, because he was the Minister of Housing for some time.

When the liaison committee between the Cato Manor Residents’ Association and the department was established he did not pursue this particular line of communications which would have expedited the matter and solved the problems.

However 13/2/90

Insofar as the hon member for Springfield is concerned, I want to agree with him that none of us wants to see this matter delayed any longer than is necessary. I want to say to him that the argument as to whether the hon the Minister answered his questions or not, is immaterial to the issue. Let us stick to the material facts, namely, that it was the hon the Deputy Minister who handled the issue that was raised by him.

I also want to take issue with him on one other aspect. He has submitted to the House that if we get private developers to take over this particular area, they would have done a much better job. I want to disagree with him for the simple reason, namely that private developers would have engaged into professional people. They would have taken the needs of those people who were affected in Cato Manor—the people who were humiliated and robbed of their land in that particular area.
Private developers would not have guaranteed their relocation. I believe it was right for us to do the development and to ensure that those people who were affected in the first instance would be the people who would be catered for in the redevelopment of Cata Manor. I believe that the administration is attempting to do just that with as much liaison as possible with the people in this particular area because of the Group Areas Act.

With respect to the question regarding fencing, to the best of my knowledge we do not have any knowledge of this but if the hon member is prepared to put his question in writing, he will get a reply. [Time expired]

Mr A G V Ndodo Mr Chair, firstly, I would like to thank the hon member for Springfield for raising this matter as Cata Manor is a very sore point in the Indian community and it falls within my constituency. However, one must remember that the issue of the development of Cata Manor has come to us from the previous administration in the sense that I now have 1985 statistics available, which I will not read, of the manner in which the development was assumed to have been completed.

One of the big problems that faces Cata Manor is the registration of towns and I think that we need to revise the procedure regarding towing registration so that it can be simplified. We find, even at the moment that the residents of Bonellia have the problem that they cannot acquire the houses we have built or extend these houses to suit themselves.

I am also grateful to the hon the Deputy Minister for allowing an extension to the waiting list. For the benefit of the hon member for Springfield—I see the journalist who wrote the article present in the House—I wish to point out that the press statement was released to him long before the hon member put this particular item on the Question Paper as an interpretation. Fortunately, the hon the Deputy Minister extended the deadline from 2 February to 16 February. It was thus possible and I wish to thank the journalist for placing this article in the newspaper and giving people the opportunity to reapply. One must remember that the waiting list was compiled in 1985 and many people at that time... [Time expired]

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Mr Chair, I put the question, the hon member for Chatsworth Central. [Interjections] I shall then call upon the hon the Deputy Minister to speak. [Interjections]

Mr N Juma, Mr Chair, on a point of order I tabled the list and I do not know if anyone else has changed it.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Mr Chair, I have a list that gives the name of the hon member for Chatsworth Central but I see that there is another list here. If hon members are going to bring two or three lists here then I must at least be informed which is the one that prevails. [Interjections]

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chair, they are making mistakes now because we agreed on the hon member for Chatsworth Central who is the one that prevails. I do have another list here of which I did not take note because this one was right at the top. I would take hon members to note of that I will then call upon the hon member for Bayview to speak.

Mr T Palan Mr Chair, for the information of the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition, the price of R1 000 was definitely high in 1985 but, taking the cost structure into account, it is irrelevant to question whether that is in line now. However I do not want to argue with the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition because he knows about this.

My question is the following: Cata Manor has been identified for housing for too long and I would ask the hon the Minister to speed up the development. The rising cost of materials is making it prohibitive for the applicants to continue with the home ownership scheme. I therefore ask the hon the Minister not to delay any further.

Furthermore, in relation to the services rendered in that area. [Time expired]

The DEPUTY MINISTER Mr Chair, I have no time to answer questions. I have limited time. The hon the Leader of the Official Opposition should know that he was one of those hon members who were affected in the first instance. We have found a way to ensure that this problem is rectified as swiftly as possible. What we are trying to do is to ensure that the people who were affected are not left behind.

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HOUSE OF DELEGATES

QUESTIONS

The Leader of the Official Opposition asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services:

1. How many persons were appointed to posts in the offices of the Ministers' Council of this House from 25 September 1989 up to the latest specified date for which information is available?

2. Whether he will furnish the (a) name and (b) present salary of each of these persons, if not, why not, if so, what are the relevant details?

3. Whether these persons applied to the Administration House of Delegates for employment, if so, on what date (a) did each candidate apply and (b) was the relevant vacancy advertised in each case?

4. Whether these persons were employed prior to being appointed to the said posts, if so, where in each case?

THE MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

(1) 14 up to 8 February 1990

(2) No

Staff particulars are regarded as confidential and therefore it is the policy of the Administration not to advertise the utilization of its employees nor any other arrangement between the Administration and its employees.

(3) Yes

(a) See answer at 2 above

(b) Yes, all vacancies were advertised

The appointees were selected from these applicants and where suitable candidates could not be selected, from other lists of work seekers.

(4) Yes

This is confidential information to the Administration as well as the applicants involved and cannot be divulged without breach of confidence.
Mr. MRAJAB Are you saying that this will be followed through in 1990?

The MINISTER No. In April 1990 the senate of the university will take its final decision, because a certain contract has to be made by the university. They will naturally tell us what that will be. In the meantime we have done everything as far as the Treasury is concerned.

Other services, and training of dental therapists—which the hon member mentioned—and oral hygiene students have not stopped. We started training these individuals some time in 1979. However, may I just say that after the university has taken that decision the syllabus will have to be submitted to the senate and the Medical and Dental Council for approval of the curriculum of the faculty. Therefore we can start registering students for the dental faculty. As far as we are concerned we are now awaiting this and we have done everything possible to ensure that it is done.

I take the view expressed by the hon member for Springfield, namely that the matter with regard to a whole faculty should be canvassed with the university council. Maybe it is a good point and something that we need to do, because it will be a demanding task. [Time expired]

THE LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPORTION Mr. MRAJAB, firstly I must express my regret that the hon the Minister of Education and Culture is leading this debate, because he only does so in the absence of the responsible Minister.

Mr. MRAJAB Mr. Chairman, I would like to react briefly to what has been said by the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition. I am obviously not party to the kind of information that he has been party to and I, too, would like to express my disappointment that the matter has not progressed beyond the point that it has.

However, before I sat down the last time I was making the point that the matter should be canvassed at the Committee of University Principals level because I do believe that there is a need for the establishment of a dental school in Natal. I do believe that it should be done as quickly as possible. My only concern is, of course, that I am not sure where it should be sited. We all know the University of Durban-Westville is no longer an ethnically pure institution. Therefore any objection on that ground would be invalid. We all know that the student population is approximately 40% Black these days. [Time expired]

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE MINISTERS' COUNCIL Mr. Chairman, I thank all of us in this House were very pleased when the former hon Chairman of the Ministers' Council made the announcement about the dental faculty.

I believe that the need for that faculty becomes all the more relevant in the light of certain developments in our country. I believe that we need a dental faculty where students of all race groups can be educated. Natal needs such a faculty. On that score, we are all committed to a multiracial dental faculty in Natal.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE MINISTERS' COUNCIL Yes, a multiracial dental faculty.

The point has been raised by the hon the Minister of Health Services and Welfare that the senate of the University of Durban-Westville has to take a decision. That decision also implies the need for the university to raise 15% of the funding required for that faculty. Notwithstanding that, I am quite sure that we shall be able to find the necessary means and sources of support. The hon the Member of the Budget and Auxiliary Services indicated he was also committed to this and that the funding of that faculty would be no problem.

We must therefore go back to the Government, depending on the outcome of the decision of the senate, with a view to ensuring that this faculty can get off the ground as soon as possible. In this climate, the launching of that faculty becomes all the more challenging, because Natal could then be served by a multiracial faculty. Natal needs such an institution. In the Transvaal there are several such faculties. There is also more than one such faculty in the Cape. It is high time that the Government have such an institution in Natal recognised. It should also be recognised that such an institution should be open to students of all race groups.

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE Mr. Chairman, I would like to agree with a statement that the hon member for Springfield made, namely that universities—and specifically the University of Durban-Westville—need dental faculties.

However, I would like to go further and state that in this political climate it is not necessary to have this particular faculty. At that particular university I would state on behalf of all universities in South Africa that all universities in South Africa should be open to all race groups. In fact, it could be argued that universities recruit on the basis of different ethnic origins or colour, it is not a racial institution and that this should be removed from the Statute Book.

Funding should come from central funding authorities, rather than from the House of Delegates, the Universities or the HEA. In that way we will have dental faculties that will serve the needs of all South Africans. This would mean that dental faculties would serve the needs of the broader population in South Africa, specifically in the rural areas and homelands where the greatest need for dentists is.

Right now there is no need for that in the Durban Central area and other areas of the capital, because we have enough dentists. I would like to see this use for maximum effect. At the moment we do not know, because the University of Durban-Westville has already asked that funding be increased, because it cannot manage on the funding it has. Therefore we have grave doubts about that.

I would like to congratulate the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition for asking for this dental faculty. I would also like to congratulate him for suggesting in the Joint Meeting yesterday that we should scrap the University of Durban-Westville and other universities of that ilk, because we should have some general university structure. [Time expired]

Debate concluded.

QUESTIONS

Indicates translated version

For oral reply [HS] 209 2190

Own Affairs [289]

Certified person employed as public relations officer

1. The MINISTER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPORTION asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services

(1) Whether a person who belongs to a certain political party, the name of which has been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply, was recently offered employment as a public relations officer in the Administration House of Delegates by the said Administration or by or on the recommendation of any member of the Ministers' Council of this House, if so, what are the relevant details?

(2) Whether he or any member of his staff interviewed this person for the post of public relations officer, if not, why not, if so, when
(3) whether the said person applied for this post, if so, (a) when and (b) in what manner, if not, why not?

DIE

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

With the name supplied and the person unknown, the question cannot be answered. The Administration in any case does not enquire into the political affiliations of its staff or applicants.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, does the hon the Minister deny the fact that the person whose name has been furnished to the hon the Minister's department, was not approached in connection with filling the vacancy of public relations officer? Does he deny it?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition submitted the name of a political party. I am not aware of a political party making any representations.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, the question concerns a person — not a politician who belongs to a particular political party — I understand the hon the Minister might have difficulty with the grammar — the name of whom has been furnished to the hon the Minister.

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I think, if the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition looks at the question posed he will see that all that was submitted was the name of a political party and not the name of an applicant. For that reason I am not aware of the person he is talking about.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, I want to place on record that I have submitted the name, so that if there is an error we can pursue it at a later stage.

The MINISTER Mr Chairman for the purposes of the record, I have checked this and it is official that only a name of a political party was submitted.

Mr M Y BAIG Mr Chairman, further arising out of the question posed by the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition, I would like to ask the hon the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services in terms of the question posed — which question related to the name of a person whose name has been submitted to the hon the Minister — whether since this has been omitted it was not an obligation on the part of the hon the Minister to ask the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition for the said name which may inadvertently have been left out or omitted.

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I do not want to cross swords with my colleague on the other side of the House but I think he knows very well that the name of such a person was never submitted to us. It might have been an omission from the other side.

Mr M Y BAIG You should ask him.

The MINISTER No, that is not my function.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION We submitted the name.

The MINISTER We do not have it.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

QUESTIONS

Indicates translated version

For written reply

General Affairs

Comores: loans by South Africa

5 Mr C WEGLIN asked the Minister of Foreign Affairs

Whether any funds of the South African Government are being or were used to render assistance in respect of projects in the Comores by way of (a) loans or (b) amounts to meet ongoing expenditure, if so, in respect of each such project, (i) what is the (aa) name (bb) nature and (cc) purpose thereof, (ii) what amounts have been provided to date by way of (aa) loans and (bb) amounts to meet on-going expenditure, (iii) what further commitments does the South African Government have in respect of (aa) loans and (bb) amounts to meet on-going expenditure and (iv) what control does the South African Government have over the disbursement of these funds?

The Minister of Foreign Affairs

(a) Yes

(b) No

(a) (i) (aa) Petroleum loan

(bb) Financial assistance to the Comoran Government to purchase petroleum products

(cc) To enable the Comoran Government to purchase petroleum products in the RSA for resale in the Comores

(u) (aa) R3,5 million

(bb) Falls away

(uu) (aa) None

(bb) Falls away

(iv) Control takes place in terms of the conditions of the loan agreement.

(b) (i) (aa) Housang

(bb) Construction of houses

(cc) Development and implementation of a building method to preserve natural resources

(u) (aa) R1,944 million

(bb) Falls away

(uu) (aa) None

(bb) Falls away

(iv) Control takes place in terms of the conditions of the loan agreement.

(c) (i) (aa) Kindana/Bahari Road

(bb) Reconstruction of road

(cc) Reconstruction of an essential connecting road

(u) (aa) R1,812 million

(bb) Falls away

(uu) (aa) None

(bb) Falls away

(iv) Control takes place in terms of the conditions of the loan agreement.

(d) (i) (aa) hotels Infrastructure

(bb) Upgrading of Isandla Hotel and provision of infrastructure for the building of the Galawa Hotel

(cc) Promotion of tourism

(u) (aa) R3,2 million

(bb) Falls away

(uu) (aa) None

(bb) Falls away

(iv) Control takes place in terms of the conditions of the loan agreement.

(e) (i) (aa) Galawa Hotel

(bb) Loan for the repayment of an export credit loan

(cc) To enable the Comoran government to repay the capital and interest on an export credit loan for the development of the Galawa Hotel

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY
Mr. Y. MAKDA Mr. Chairman, on a point of order. That is not a question. The hon. the Member has furnished a reply, and as the hon. member is not referring to the question or the reply, he is referring to a newspaper article.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr. Chairman, further arising out of the answer given, will the hon. the Chairman of the Ministers' Council let us know how the request for the meeting was made? Was it orally or in writing, and by whom was it made?

The CHAIRMAN OF THE MINISTERS' COUNCIL Mr. Chairman, the request for a meeting was made orally.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION The question is By whom?

The CHAIRMAN OF THE MINISTERS' COUNCIL I am not going to reveal by whom the request was made.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr. Chairman, further arising out of the answers given, was there a joint committee established, as reported by the Press, between Solidarity and Inkatha? Is that correct?

The CHAIRMAN OF THE MINISTERS' COUNCIL No, not on a party basis.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Further arising out of that answer, for what purpose did the NEC attend this meeting?

The CHAIRMAN OF THE MINISTERS' COUNCIL Mr. Chairman, I will provide an explanation.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION There is a very close link between the province and the government of KwaZulu and for that reason an NEC was present.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! Only five supplementary questions are allowed and we have already had the fifth one.

Mr. K. PANDAY Mr. Chairman, arising out of that reply, according to the Press cutting I do know that the hon. the Chairman of the Ministers' Council represented Solidarity Party. Could he comment?

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

Mr. R. R. MAHAEBE asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

(1) Whether he gave an undertaking that all newly qualified Indian educators would be employed by his Department at the beginning of 1990, if so, when.

(2) How many newly qualified Indian teachers (a) applied for and (b) were employed by his Department during January 1990.

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) Yes, 14 December 1989

(2) (a) 386

(b) 386

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr. Chairman, arising out of the hon. the Minister's answer, is the hon. the Member aware that I had referred to his department details of teachers who were not employed at the end of January?

The MINISTER Mr. Chairman, I am aware of certain names given to me by the hon. the Leader of the Official Opposition. The answer is specifically that these people did not take up positions that were offered to them in those particular areas.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr. Chairman, further arising out of the hon. the Minister's answer, in respect of question 2(2)(a), has the hon. the Minister restricted his respect to those who are at the teacher training institutions controlled by our administration and those who are bursary holders at the University of Durban-Westville?

The MINISTER No, Mr. Chairman, we have not restricted our intake specifically to students who had been given bursaries. We have enlarged the number to accommodate 386 and we had only given bursaries to 175 students.

Educators promoted

Mr. K. PANDAY asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

(1) How many educators were promoted in terms of the Indian Education Act, No 61 of 1965, with effect from 1 January 1990.

(2) Whether any assessments of successful candidates were altered as a result of moderation, if so, (a) how many and (b) (i) by whom, and (b) why, in each case.

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) 178

(2) Yes

(a) 85

(b) (i) Chief Superintendents of Education

(ii) In order to comply with the moderation procedures as laid down in the Minister's policy document.
The MINISTER Yes, Mr Chairman, the 85 come from the total number of 175 I would like to add, for the enlightenment of this House, that this is normal procedure in the Department I have stated here what I know and would like to read the following for the edification of all hon members.

The principal is the educator of level I educators, heads of departments, deputy principals and senior deputy principals and the superintendent of education management is the evaluator of principals up to level 5.

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, the hon member for Reservoir Hills has a specific question in mind. If he knows of anybody who was affected negatively by this way of applying moderation and if he feels that there is something corrupt in this, I suggest that he puts it to me or writes to me in writing, and I will give him a specific answer, instead of wasting the valuable time of this House.

Mr K PANDAY Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister’s reply, I have heard that this happens too often and I will answer many of those questions a little later for example, according to my recollection, the figures of 85 people are so innumerable that I do not want to be accused of nepotism as such.

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, if the hon member for Reservoir Hills does not know of any specific cases, why does he raise questions and assumptions and ask such questions, thereby trying to cast aspersions on the Department of Education and Culture and the officials of that Department here in Parliament.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further arising out of question 3, can the hon the Minister tell me whether the 85 applicants whose assessments were altered are among the 178 people who were promoted? The hon the Minister can let me know today if he has the details.

The MINISTER Yes, Mr Chairman, the 85 come from the total number of 175 I would like to add, for the enlightenment of this House, that this is normal procedure in the Department I have stated here what I know and would like to read the following for the edification of all hon members.

The principal is the educator of level I educators, heads of departments, deputy principals and senior deputy principals and the superintendent of education management is the evaluator of principals up to level 5.

The MODIFICATION procedures in standardising the scores. If the moderation exercise indicates that the evaluator has been stringent, then his ratings are raised. If the evaluator has been found to be lenient, then his ratings are lowered. Such adjustments are made in cases where the mean differences between the evaluator’s rating and that of the moderator are more than 5% or eight points. If the mean difference is within 5%, then the evaluator’s ratings are accepted. In all cases the adjustments are effected by the chief superintendents of education only.

ML Sultan Technikon function

*4 Mr H M NEERAHAOO asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

(a) Whether he or his Department arranged a function for pupils who passed the matriculation examinations at the ML Sultan Technikon in 1989, if so, (a) what was the total cost of the function and (b) who paid for it,

(b) whether he referred to the President of the Teachers’ Association of South Africa (TASA) in his address at this function, if so, what was the purport of his comment in this regard.

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(a) No

(b) No

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further arising out of the reply of the hon the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services, I should like to ask whether the same cars which were used by the former ministerial representatives, are being used at present.

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I am not aware whether the same cars are being used. They may be the same cars, because at the time we did not have ministerial representatives’ cars that were used by other hon Ministers. The cars come from a pool. It does not make any difference whether the very same cars or other cars are being used. I am not aware whether the exact same cars are being used or not.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! I just want to advise hon members, particularly new hon members, that in asking supplementary questions after an hon Minister has given a reply, these questions must bear a relation to the reply given. The supplementary questions must arise from the reply given.

For written reply

Own Affairs

Administration: House of Delegates; persons employed

4 Mr M MOHANALL asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services:

(a) how many persons were employed by the Administration; House of Delegates on or after 1 January 1990, if not, why not, if so, (a) how many persons were so employed as (i) clerks and (ii) typists, (b) what are their names in each case and (c) on what date did each of these persons apply for employment.

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

No

Staff are already over-utilised to ensure that normal production work is coped with. To answer this question would place an unnecessary burden on the Directorate Personnel
shortcomings which have been highlighted, so that the children can be looked after in a better environment and live under better control.

We are also going to implement the findings of the De Beer Committee of Inquiry into certain aspects of child care in 1982. We will bring them in line with the same level that we have had at Greenfield as far as staff components are concerned. All in all, I can assure this House that the money will be well spent. In answer to the question that was asked by the hon member for Havenside, it cost us some R15 000 with qualified people. I believe that this administration benefited from this.

We will put this into effect. I have accepted all the findings and we will satisfy everyone. Furthermore, I have taken the liberty of recommending—that was in fact a decision. I took a week ago—that in future boards of management which involve the public sector and my department will be responsible for the running of these institutions so that the community will also be aware of what is being done. These appointments will be from among professional people in the community and I think that will satisfy all hon members of this House in the future. I hope we will be able to have a better facility.

As far as the Greenfield Place of Safety is concerned, may I make it very clear that the report indicates that it is not in the right locality, which is not conducive to the functioning of a place of safety. I am considering taking certain decisions and I am awaiting departmental investigations of the aspect that we may have to relocate on a new basis. For that reason places in the Tramsvaal near to Northern Natal which have no such facilities are being looked at. I think that changing the style from an institution to a more homogeneous type of set-up where homes could be taken over—my department is investigating this—will assist us in trying to resolve this very important problem. May I end by saying that I am rather concerned about the kind of money we have spent on the Valley View Place of Safety and whether control are lacking. The time will come when we may have to spend more energy in trying to look at the problems rather than looking at the symptoms of the problem. However, the Act provides for this and we will continue to provide a good service so that these young kids can go back to society and become better men in the future.

### HOUSE OF DELEGATES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, whilst I thank him for that statement may I enquire as to the numbers involved for which provision has been made in the new buildings?</th>
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<th><strong>M L Sultan Technikon: memorandum</strong></th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>2 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Education and Culture</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>(1) Whether his Department has been informed of a memorandum containing certain allegations of discontent amongst the staff of the M L Sultan Technikon that was referred to the council of the said technikon, if not, why not, if so, when was the memorandum so referred,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) whether the council has conducted an investigation into these allegations, if not, why not, if so, (a) when, (b) what were the findings and (c) what action was taken as a result of the findings,</td>
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<td>(3) whether he will make a statement on the matter?</td>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE</strong></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1) Yes on 1989-10-20</td>
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<tr>
<td>(2) No</td>
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| At a special Technikon Council Meeting on 1989-12-07 Council resolved to seek legal opinion of Senior Counsel before responding |

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, could he tell this House what the specific brief was to senior counsel regarding this memorandum?</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>The MINISTER Mr Chairman, the technikon council runs the affairs of the technikon and they in their wisdom will decide what information is to be given to counsel and what brief to give counsel. We do not have that at yet. Until they respond to my query as to what type of investigation it was and what the results were, I do not have any other information on that.</strong></td>
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<tr>
<th><strong>Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, could he give an assurance in this House that there would be a need to appoint a committee of inquiry with regard to the allegations, he will in fact appoint such a committee?</strong></th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>The MINISTER Mr Chairman, upon receipt of information from the council which runs the technikon, if I am satisfied with my department's counsel that we need to appoint someone to investigate this particular matter then that will be decided upon in consultation with all those people in my department.</strong></td>
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<tr>
<th><strong>Department of Housing: public relations officer</strong></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>3 Mr A SINGH asked the Ministers of the Budget and Auxiliary Services</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1) Whether a certain person, whose name has been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply, was appointed as a public relations officer for the Department of Housing, if so, when,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) whether this post was advertised, if not, why not, if so, in what publications,</td>
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<tr>
<td>(3) whether any Ministers of the House of Delegates recommended this person's appointment, if so, which Ministers,</td>
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<tr>
<td>(4) whether the person concerned was subsequently relieved of this post, if so, why,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(5) whether another person has since been appointed to the post in question, if not, why not, if so, on what basis?</td>
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<tr>
<th><strong>The MINISTER OF BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES</strong></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1) Yes 20 November 1989</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) No</td>
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| These officials are selected by Ministers |

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Inadequate Indian traders</strong></th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>4 Mr A SINGH asked the Minister of Housing</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whether, with reference to information that has been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply, he made any promises in or about March 1989 to a certain traders' association, through his spokesman, to the effect that Indian traders from India would be provided with alternative land to carry on their businesses elsewhere; if so, (a) what promises and (b) what are the names of the traders' association and spokesman concerned?</td>
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<th><strong>The MINISTER OF HOUSING</strong></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) No</td>
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<tr>
<td>(b) Fulls away</td>
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| Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, I appreciate the reply. However, I am aware that a certain aspect... |

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| **HOUSE OF DELEGATES** |
Mr J A RABIE Mr Chairman, the speakers have changed places. The hon Chief Whip told me the names had been changed around.

*The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! I am going according to the speakers’ list in front of me.

*Mr J J KRUGER Mr Chairman, because 300 pupils are being accommodated in primary schools, we are at present saddled with a further problem in Reigerpark, namely that they are lagging behind the high school. They therefore cannot adapt to the atmosphere of the high school and the teaching methods employed there [Interjections] As a result we will again have poor Matric results in the future.

The Matric results of the Reigerpark High School have improved considerably in recent years. They have improved to such an extent that last year we had a pass rate of more than 74%. The residents of Reigerpark want this school to become one of the top schools in South Africa. The teaching staff is dedicated. However, I would like to see those teachers being met halfway and better school accommodation.

[Time expired]

*Mr J A RABIE Mr Chairman, I am glad about the mix-up in respect of the speakers’ list. It is my interpretation but the hon member Mr Kruger had to speak before me. When I saw this hon member’s name on the speakers’ list I knew he was going to talk a lot of nonsense in this House.

When I came to Reigerpark, he was working for the city council and Reigerpark looked just like a location—like a pigsty. I changed it into what it is today. I had the Senior Secondary School which stands there today, but I had the Lakehead Primary School built, and the old existing high school converted into a primary school. That hon member knows just as well as we do how difficult it is to deal with the tax commissioner—the hon the Minister waved it under that hon member’s nose—to get the land identified and the schools erected. The allegation that I spend more time outside my constituency is devoid of all truth and the residents of Reigerpark know this. I am now asking what I have been asking since 1985. The administration—of which the hon the Deputy Minister may become a part in the new dispensation—simply cannot get things done. However, I am not blaming them because the shortage of money is certainly a very real problem, but this matter must be dealt with somehow. It should not be entrusted to an ordinary MP, since there is after all a Ministers’ Council which can determine preferences and priorities in respect of where the greatest need exists [Interjections].

*The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! The hon member for Dal Josaphat must please control himself.

*The DEPUTY MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE Mr Chairman, I am glad that the hon member for Reigerpark has actually answered his question himself. It would appear that he has now demonstrated what he is trying to achieve here, namely that he wants to make a political problem out of an educational need. Education remains a matter of vital importance in this House and in our administration [Interjections].

The hon member eventually admitted that there were not enough funds available. He also admitted that in recent years the administration has been trying to get that school built and at the end of this speech he also stated that there were no funds. Earlier on he stated that with Dr Mandela’s release, expectations had been created that people would suddenly enjoy all kinds of freedom. We must resist the temptation to accept that all our community’s needs are not going to be met as a result of Dr Mandela’s release. We are going to try to build that school within the shortest possible time when we have the funds available. The needs of Reigerpark are just as great as those of all the other communities in South Africa [Interjections].

Debate concluded.

INTERPELLATIONS

The sign * indicates a translation. The sign †, used subsequently in the same interpellation, indicates the original language.

Own Affairs

Feeding scheme at schools

Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Education and Culture

Whether or not it is the intention of his Department to re-introduce a State-run feeding scheme at schools failing under its control, if so, when, if not, why not?

[DATE INT]

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE Mr Chairman, no. It is the considered opinion of the Department that the feeding of children is, in the first place, the responsibility of the home and the family. The feeding scheme that was taken over by the department on 1 April 1966 was merely intended to supplement the basic meals of at-risk children.

The Department of Health Services and Welfare of this administration, through various welfare services, affords financial assistance and relief to deserving families. In many schools welfare organisations distribute free meals to pupils.

It is preferable that feeding at schools be done in conjunction with education committees and welfare organisations where necessary. It is suggested that the service be introduced, if necessary, by the Department of Health Services and Welfare as a local option.

Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, allow me to say immediately that I am absolutely disappointed with the hon the Minister’s reaction to this regard. I am also disappointed with the reasons advanced as to why the hon the Minister is not willing at least to investigate the possibility of the need for such a scheme.

It is quite clear that that hon Minister is not aware that, according to a recent survey done by a welfare agency in Phoenix, some 75% of members of households in Phoenix are out of work, underpaid or on grants. Voluntary organisations are fighting to cope with lack of funds.

It is also quite clear that that hon Minister is not aware of a survey done in Phoenix in 1987 by the Durban City Council, which revealed that 85% of people in Phoenix earned less than R300 per month. That hon Minister ought to be aware that this is well below the poverty datum line. Furthermore, that hon Minister ought to be aware that we also have a wide disparity in the pensions and social benefits that are paid to members of the Indian community.

Nothing is being done to address this problem. To merely suggest that this is a function that should now be taken over by the department of the hon the Minister of Health Services and Welfare is merely to pass the buck.

I would say to that hon Minister that he should at least have come to this House and suggested something positive, bearing in mind that there are reports of wide-scale difficulties in Phoenix, in particular, and in Chatsworth as well, where students are going to school without breakfast, and there have been cases of students fainting in class and being unable to concentrate on their lessons purely because they have not had sufficient nourishment. I think the hon the Minister, under whose care such children are meant to be, is callous in that regard.

I again appeal to the hon the Minister at least to make a commitment that such a scheme would be investigated. If we are to consider the amount of money that is wasted by this administration on such things as ministerial representatives and the appointment of Press officers for each of those ministries that make up this administration, then [Time expired]

Mr S V NAICKER Mr Chairman, I want to support the hon member for Springfield with regard to his interpellation.

The policy of the State has been either to take the school to the child, or to take the child to the school. I am sure that the hon the Minister of Education and Culture is aware of the thousands of children that are commuting to school these days and the distances they have to travel between their homes and schools. There are instances of children leaving home at five in the morning to get to school and arriving back home at seven or eight in the evening.

The hon the Minister did not deny that there was a need. However, the responsibility of this particular administration should have been to
Minister of Health Services and Welfare that it is very difficult to administer the scheme. I want to speak from personal experience. When I was in primary school there was a school feeding scheme. I came from a very poor family then, and I did not partake of those meals. [Time expired]

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE Mr Chairman, I take to heart what has been said here, specifically by the hon member for Springfield. We would like to state categorically that we are not callous. Indeed, we feel deeply for our people who are not being fed and who come to school hungry stomachs. We know the problems in our areas. I simply want to state that it is very difficult for us to have a type of feeding scheme that only selects those who are poor. We also have to look at peer group pressure and how this is visited upon little children when some are being fed and some are not.

However, mindful though we are of this fact, we have encouraged this. We do have people who come to our schools and prepare lunch and sandwiches for students. I have here a statement from my department stating that many schools have such schemes operating successfully, without too much publicity, and bearing in mind the sensitivity of the exercise.

Mr M RAJAB Name them.

Mr Chairman, I will name them for the hon member for Springfield. My department will furnish the hon member with the names of schools that have such schemes carried out by our welfare organs.

I would also like to state that in the other manner in which these schemes are operated, especially in Black education. Inasmuch as I do not like this to be seen as a political stunt, I think we are dealing with reality here and it is being visited upon us right now. We are not saying this just to please hon members of the opposition.

School principals have been asked to monitor those students who come to school and who may have problems of undernourishment. [Time expired]

Debate concluded

QUESTIONs

Indicates translated version

For oral reply

Own Affairs

Valley View Place of Safety: child abuse

Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Health Services and Welfare

(1) Whether a committee has been appointed to investigate allegations of child abuse and other irregularities at the Valley View Place of Safety, if not, why not, if so,

(2) whether the committee has completed its work, if not, when is the committee expected to complete its work, if so,

(3) whether the committee's report has been finalized, if not, when is it expected to be finalized,

(4) whether the findings of the committee are to be made public, if not, why not, if so, when,

(5) whether he will make a statement on the matter.

D24E

The MINISTER OF HEALTH SERVICES AND WELFARE

(1) Yes

(2) Yes

(3) Yes

(4) Yes, the findings of the committee were made public on 26 February 1990

(5) Yes

The Minister, Mr Chairman, I wish to make a further statement. My department has released on 26 February 1990 and said that certain actions will now be taken. We are waiting for approval for advertising the post of a qualified social worker who will be appointed to work at the Valley View Place of Safety, because the level of the present incumbent is low and the finding stated that he is a qualified social worker.

Secondly, we have tried to expedite the building of our new Valley View Place of Safety which will cost us R7.5 million. The tender will be out in September 1990 and the building will be completed by 1991. This will take care of all the
The MINISTER OF HOUSING...

(1) No indication can be given whether the person referred to is, in fact, a displaced trader or as such qualifies for the allocation of a petrol service station site as his application is still under investigation.

(2) It has not yet been ascertained one way or another whether this person conducted a petrol service station business at the address Queenburgh given, as the matter is still under investigation.

(3) Fails away.

(4) No

For written reply

Own Affairs

Durban area: transfer of teachers

5. Mr K PANDAY asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

(a) What is the policy of his Department in regard to the transfer of teachers from one school to another with the Durban area and (b) what criteria are applied in regard to such transfers.

(b) Whether any schools applied for transfers from one school to another with effect from 1 January 1990; if so, how many?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE:

(1) What is the policy of his Department in regard to the transfer of teachers from one school to another with the Durban area?

(a) Requests for transfers are accorded to if suitable vacancies are available.

(b) The educators concerned must be able to teach the subjects/classes at the schools where the vacancies exist.

(2) Yes, 3.

Certainly teacher transferred.

6. Mr K PANDAY asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

(1) Whether a certain teacher, particulars of whom have been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply, was recently transferred from a secondary school to a primary school; if so, (a)

A certain teacher transferred.

Springfield College of Education: post of rector

8. Mr K PANDAY asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

(1) Whether he will furnish information on the applicants who were shortlisted for the vacant post of rector of the Springfield College of Education; if not, why not, if so, (a) how many applicants were shortlisted for this post, (b) what are their names and (c) what rating did each receive.

(2) Whether any of these applicants were considered promotable, if so, what are their names.

(3) Whether the criteria set out in the principals' handbook were applied in assessing these applicants for promotion; if not, (a) why not and (b) what criteria were applied.

(4) Whether the post in question has been filled, if not, (a) why not and (b) when it is expected to be filled.

(5) Whether the appointment of the acting rector of this college has been extended, if so, (a) why and (b) for what period.
We are also going to implement the findings of the De Beer Committee of Inquiry into certain aspects of child care in 1982. We will bring them in line with the same level that we have at Greenfield as far as staff components are concerned. All in all, I am confident that the House that the money will be well spent. In answer to the question that was asked by the hon member for Ficksburg, it costs us some R15 000 with qualified people. I believe that this administration benefited from this.

We will put this into effect. I have accepted all the findings and we will satisfy everyone. Furthermore, I have taken the liberty of recommending—that was in fact a decision I took a week ago—that in future boards of management which involve the public sector and my department will be responsible for the running of the institutions so that the community will also be aware of what is being done. These appointments will be from among professional people in the community and I think that will satisfy all hon members of the House. I hope we will be able to have a better facility.

As far as the Greenfield Place of Safety is concerned, it is a matter of local government, which is not conducive to the functioning of a place of safety I am considering, taking certain decisions, and I am awaiting departmental investigations of the aspect that we may have to relocate on a new basis. For that reason places in the Transvaal near to Northern Natal which have similar services are being looked at. I think that this is a matter of concern to all hon members of the House, and I believe we would be able to have a better facility.

Mr M RAJAB, Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister’s reply, whilst I thank him for that statement may I enquire as to the numbers involved for which provision has been made in the new buildings?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, it is intended to keep to 100 children at the Valley View Place of Safety May I just say that the accommodation maximum at Greenfield is 80, but at no given time do we have 100 or 80 at either place. However, the provision has been made. I am prepared to make the plans available to my study group as well as the hon member for Springfield and hon members of the House, I will have them put over to my boardroom in a couple of weeks’ time once I receive them. I am at liberty to say that it will be the only one of its kind in the country and we hope that we can set an example and raise the standards.

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[Time expired.]

Mr J Rabie: Mr Chairman, I am glad about the mix-up in respect of the speakers' list. It is my interpellation but the hon member Mr Kruger had to speak before me. When I saw this hon member's name on the speakers' list I knew he was going to talk a lot of nonsense in this House.

When I came to Reigerpark, he was working for the city council and Reigerpark looked just like a location—like a pigsty. I changed it into what it is today. I had the Senior Secondary School which stands there today built. I had the Lakeside Primary School built, and the old existing high school converted into a primary school. That hon member knows just as well as we do how difficult it is to deal with the mine commission—as the hon the Minister waved it under that hon member's nose—to get the land identified and the schools erected. The allegation that I spend more time outside my constituency is devoid of all truth and the residents of Reigerpark know this. I am now asking what I have been asking since 1985. The administration—of which the hon the Deputy Minister may become a part in the new dispensation—cannot get things done. However, I am not blaming them because the shortage of money is certainly a very real problem, but this must be dealt with somehow. It should not be entrusted to an ordinary MP, since it is a matter of the residents' council which can determine priorities in respect of where the greatest need exists.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE: Order! The hon member for Dal Josaphat must please control himself.

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE: Mr Chairman, I am glad that the hon member for Reigerpark has actually answered his question himself. It would appear that he has now demonstrated what he is trying to achieve here, namely that he wants to make a political problem out of an educational need.

Education remains a matter of vital importance in this House and in our administration. [Interjections.]

The hon member eventually admitted that there were not enough funds available. He also admitted that in recent years most of the funds, used to be spent on building new schools and at the end of the speech he also stated that there were no funds. Earlier on he stated that with Dr Mandela's release, expectations had been created that people would have all kinds of freedom. We must realistically accept that all our community's needs are not going to be met as a result of Dr Mandela's release. We are going to have to build a school within the shortest possible time when we have the funds available. The needs of Reigerpark are just as great as those of all the other communities in South Africa. [Interjections.]

Debate concluded.

Mr J Rabie: It is also quite clear that that hon Minister is not aware of a survey done in Phoenix in 1987 by the Durban City Council, which revealed that 80% of people in Phoenix earned less than R300 per month. That hon Minister ought to be aware that this is well below the poverty datum line. Furthermore, that hon Minister ought to be aware that we also have a wide disparity in the pensions and social benefits that are paid to members of the Indian community.

Nothing is being done to address that problem. To merely suggest that this is a function that should now be taken over by the department of the hon the Minister of Health Services and Welfare is merely to pass the buck.

I would say to that hon Minister that he should at least have come to this House and suggested something positive, bearing in mind that there are reports of wide-scale difficulties in Phoenix. In particular, and in Chatsworth as well, where students are going to school without breaks and for a considerable number of them being unable to concentrate on their lessons purely because they have not had sufficient nourishment. I think the hon the Minister, under whose care such children are meant to be, is callous in that regard.

I appeal to the hon the Minister at least to make a commitment that such a scheme would be investigated. If we are to consider the amount of money that is wasted by this administration on such things as the appointment of Press officers for each of those ministr... [Time expired]

Mr S V Naicker: Mr Chairman, I want to support the hon member for Springfield with regard to his interpellation.

The policy of the State has been either to take the school to the child or to take the child to the school. It is true that the hon the Minister of Education and Culture is aware of the thousands of children that are commuting to school these days and the distances they have to travel between their homes and schools. There are instances of children leaving home at five in the morning to get to school and arriving back home at seven or eight in the evening.

The hon the Minister did not deny that there was a need. However, the responsibility of this particular administration should have been to
I appeal to the hon. the Minister, in consultation with his colleagues, the Minister of Health Services and Welfare, to see to it that this particular requirement—the feeding scheme—be considered and reintroduced as, when and where it is required in certain schools.

The MINISTER OF HEALTH SERVICES AND WELFARE: Mr Chairman, it is true that my colleague, the hon. the Minister, indicated that he was not saying feeding schemes should not be considered. [Interjections] However, the reality of the problem is that we are all sympathetic to the concerns of school feeding and the attendant problems. It will be impossible for the House of Delegates to start a feeding scheme when we are talking about children in all sectors of the community— we are talking about a very large community.

At present it will be unfair to include only the Indian children as there are Black, White and Coloured children as well. [Interjections]

However, I want to state to this House in answer to the interpellation of my colleague, the hon. member for Springfield, that welfare programs are being implemented. [Interjections] For example, everything possible is being done to improve maintenance grants and pensions. I think we are all involved in getting better jobs and earning higher incomes so that families will be able to cater for their own needs. That would be the right thing to do. After all, school principals and teachers must be honest and indicate that children who are well-to-do are also fed. The question that has been raised again and again is: Who should we really be looking after?

Welfare organisations and women's groups are doing a wonderful job. I am prepared to look at welfare organisations and others who help, to see what can be done to feed the right child—the one who needs help. [Interjections] We cannot give to everyone. It would be wrong for this House to take a decision on Indian children when there are children of all races who need help. [Time expired.]

Mr M RAJAB: Mr Chairman, I am completely dissatisfied with this kind of red herring story that the hon. the Minister has come up with. When it suits him the Minister, he talks about Black children. When it does not suit him, he undermines the own affairs system in this House. Let it not be forgotten that that administration, in terms of the Constitution, is in charge of own affairs. We are now talking about school feeding schemes. [Interjections] Yes, in Indian schools.

The argument has been advanced that it would be difficult to administer such a scheme because one may have children of well-to-do homes who will also partake of such meals. I think this, too, is skirting the issue. When I was a youngster and I attended Greyvale School, there was a feeding scheme which I think must be the principal, through the teachers, enquired every morning as to the number of meals that had to be prepared. [Time expired.]

Mr A G V NAIDOO: Mr Chairman, one must appreciate that the Indian schools are situated in areas where the condition of the school is such that they do not consist of one socio-economic group. There are rich and poor children.

Mr M RAJAB: Tell me about Phoenix.

Mr A G V NAIDOO: Even in Phoenix not everyone is poor, as one will find if one does a survey of the tuck-shops. When I was appointed chairman of the Ministerial Advisory Council I gave an interview to a newspaper. [Interjections] The question of feeding schemes was raised and I indicated in that Press release that we, the members of the advisory council, would look into suggestions. I believe there are education committees as to how feeding schemes should be run. To date we have not received a single request from the community.

It is all very well for hon. members to come to the House and make comments, but what I would like them to do is go to the schools and look at the amount of money children spend on tuck-shops. [Interjections]

Mr S VNAICKER: Have you been to Phoenix?

Mr A G V NAIDOO: Yes, I have been to Phoenix. However, not everyone is poor. Even in Phoenix not everyone is poor, as one will find if one does a survey of the tuck-shops. [Interjections] I agree with the hon. the Minister of Health Services and Welfare that it is very difficult to administer the scheme I want to speak from personal experience. When I was in primary school there was a school feeding scheme. I came from a very poor family then, and I did not partake of those meals. [Time expired.]

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE: Mr Chairman, I take it what has been stated here, specifically by the hon. member for Springfield. We would like to state categorically that we are not callous. Indeed, we feel deeply for our people who are not being fed and who come to school on empty stomachs. We know the problems in our area. I simply want to state that it is very difficult for us to have a type of feeding scheme that only selects those who are poor. We also have to look at peer group pressure and how this is visited upon little children when some are being fed and some are not.

However, mindful though we are of this fact, we have encouraged this. We do have people who come to our schools and prepare lunch and sandwiches for students. I have a statement from my department stating that many schools have such schemes operating successfully, without too much publicity, and bearing in mind the sensitivity of the exercise.

Mr M RAJAB: Name them.

The MINISTER: I will name them for the hon. member for Springfield. My department will furnish the hon. member with names of schools that have such schemes carried out by welfare organisations.

I would also like to say that at times like these we will have to look at diverting money from the haves to the have-nots, especially in Black education. I must as much as I do not like this to be seen as part of a stunt, I think we are dealing with reality here and it is being visited upon us right now. We are not saying this just to please hon. members of the opposition.

School principals have been asked to monitor those students who come to school and who may have problems of undernourishment. [Time expired.]

Debate concluded

QUESTIONS

[Indicates translated version]

For oral reply

Own Affairs

Valley View Place of Safety: child abuse

1. Mr MRAJAB asked the Minister of Health Services and Welfare:

(a) Whether a committee has been appointed to investigate allegations of child abuse and other irregularities at the Valley View Place of Safety, if not, why not, if so, when?

(b) Whether the committee has completed its work, if not, when is the committee expected to complete its work, if so, when?

(c) Whether the committee's report has been finalised, if not, when is it expected to be finalised?

(d) Whether the findings of the committee are to be made public, if not, why not, if so, when?

(e) Whether he will make a statement on the matter.

The MINISTER OF HEALTH SERVICES AND WELFARE

(1) Yes

(2) Yes

(3) Yes

(4) Yes, the findings of the committee were made public on 25 February 1990

(5) Yes

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, I wish to make a further statement additional to my release on 26 February 1990 and say that certain allegations were taken. We are awaiting approval for advertising the post of a qualified social worker who will be appointed to the Valley View Place of Safety, because the level of the present incumbent is low and the finding stated that it has to be a qualified social worker.

Secondly, we have tried to expedite the building of our new Valley View Place of Safety which will cost us R7.5 million. The tender will be out in September 1990 and the building will be completed by 1991. This will take care of all the
candidate for the House of Assembly in fact gave a press release to the effect that he had a meeting with the hon. the Minister relating to the relocation of the traders in Inanda. It was Mr Pandy.

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, yes, there was a meeting, but not with the organisation whose name was submitted in connection with this question.

Mr M Rajab Mr Chairman, further arising from the hon the Minister's reply, seeing that Mr Pandy acted as spokesman for that organisation, could he inform this House as to what that meeting was about?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, that is off the record. In response to the hon member's questions, these are the answers I can mention to him that the person he referred to did bring along a number of people for whom he acted as spokesman and the department's regional offices in Durban are dealing with that group. Information is being sought from the traders and this is being awaited. That is the situation at present. I believe the hon the Member of Health Services and Welfare is also involved in this matter.

5 The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Housing

(1) Whether his Department regards a certain person, whose name has been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply, as an applicant who is eligible for the allocation of a petrol service station site on the ground that he is a displaced trader in terms of the Group Areas Act, if not, why not, if so, what is his name?

(2) Whether this person has been conducting a petrol service station business at a certain address in Queensburgh, particulars of which have been furnished to the Minister's Department, if not, why not, if so, when:

(3) Whether he will investigate the matter, if not, why not, if so, when:

(4) Whether he will make a statement on the findings of the James Commission of Inquiry in regard to this person's application?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING

(1) No indication can be given whether the person referred to is, in fact, a displaced trader or as such qualifies for the allocation of a petrol service station site as his application is still under investigation.

(2) It has not yet been ascertained one way or another whether this person conducted a petrol service station business at the address in Queensburgh given, as the matter is still under investigation.

(3) Falls away

(4) No

For written reply

Durban area: transfer of teachers

5 Mr K Panday asked the Minister of Education and Culture.

(1) What is the policy of his Department in regard to the transfer of teachers from one school to another within the Durban area and (b) what criteria are applied in regard to such transfers?

(2) Whether any teachers applied for transfers from one Durban school to another with effect from 1 January 1990, if so, how many?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) (a) Requests for transfers are acceded to if suitable vacancies are available.

(b) The educators concerned must be able to teach the subjects/classes at the schools where the vacancies exist.

(2) Yes 38

Certains teacher: transferred

6 Mr K Panday asked the Minister of Education and Culture

(1) Whether a certain teacher, particulars of whom have been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply, was recently transferred from a secondary to a primary school, if so, (a)

when, (b) why and (c) what (i) standards and (ii) subjects (as) did she teach at the secondary school and (ii) is she teaching at the primary school,

(2) whether this teacher is professionally qualified to teach at secondary schools, if not, what are her qualifications?

D16E

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) Yes

(a) 1 January 1990

(b) She was a non-specialist Physical Education educator and was replaced with a specialist

(c) (aa) (i) Standards 2 to 10

(ii) Physical Education

(bb) (i) Standards 2 to 5

(ii) Mathematics

(2) No Senior Primary Education Diploma (Mathematics/Art)

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

5 Mr K Panday asked the Minister of Education and Culture

(1) Whether a certain teacher, particulars of whom have been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply, was recently transferred to a certain secondary school, if so, (a) when, (b) why, (c) who authorized her transfer and (d) which schools are involved?

D17E

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

Yes

(a) 1 January 1990

(b) She applied for a transfer

(c) The Chief Executive Director

(d) Avondale Secondary and Burnwood Secondary

Springfield College of Education: post of rector

7 Mr K Panday asked the Minister of Education and Culture

Whoever a certain teacher, particulars of whom have been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply, was recently transferred from a secondary to a primary school, if so, (a)

D18E

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) Whether he will furnish information on the applicants who were short-listed for the vacant post of rector of the Springfield College of Education, if not, why not, if so, (a) how many applicants were short-listed for that post, (b) what are their names and (c) what rating did each receive?

(2) Whether any of these applicants were considered promoteable, if so, what are their names?

(3) Whether the criteria as set out in the principals' handbook been applied in assessing these applicants for promotion, if not, (a) why not and (b) what criteria were applied?

(4) Whether the post in question has been filled, if not, (a) why not and (b) when is it expected to be filled?

(5) Whether the appointment of the acting rector of this college has been extended, if so, (a) why and (b) for what period?
Rajbansi surprise

no evidence

DURBAN — The trial of Mr Amieh and Rajbansi, former chairman of the Ministers' Council in the House of Delegates, took a surprise turn in the Durban Regional Court yesterday when the defence case closed without his giving evidence.

Mr Rajbansi has pleaded not guilty before Mr J D Augustyn to two counts of fraud, one count of criminal defamation, one of contravening the Commissions Act, and one of contravening the Criminal Procedure Act, by making conflicting sworn statements.

All the offences are alleged to have been committed between August 1986 and August 1988.

When the trial resumed today, the magistrate upheld a defence objection to certain tape recordings being admitted as evidence.

After the magistrate had given the ruling, prosecutor Mr B. Sjövoldt closed the State case. Mr D Tobias then closed the defence case without calling evidence.

The trial was adjourned to April 9 for legal argument.
Before we move on to the next item on the Order Paper I would like to make an appeal to hon. members, in particular the hon. members for Campden Park and Monocoress. The idea of an interpellation is to focus on a particular issue in the form of short speeches. I think it is inappropriate and not in good taste to raise frivolous points of order or to rise purporting to ask questions, thereby wasting hon. members' very limited time. I want to appeal to hon. members please to use their discretion in this particular regard.

QUESTIONS

Indicates translated version
For oral reply

Own Affairs

House of Delegates: public relations officers

1 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services:

(1) Whether public relations officers were appointed for each Minister of the House of Delegates, if not, (a) for which Ministers were such officers not appointed and (b) why,

(2) whether these posts were advertised, if not, why not, if so (a) in what publications, (b) what qualifications were required and (c) what salary scale was offered?

The MINISTER of the BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

(1) No

(a) Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services

(b) It is not considered prudent at this point in time as the total communications strategy is being revised

(2) No

Public Relations Officers are appointed to assist Ministers and are accordingly selected by the relevant Ministers from pre-selected candidates

(a), (b) and (c) fall away

Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon. the Minister's reply, will he tell this House, in all honesty, why it is not prudent to disclose that information to this House?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I am sorry, but I am not clear as to what the hon. member is trying to convey.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Prudent means wise

The MINISTER Yes, I understand what 'prudent' means. What does the hon. member want to know?

Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, I shall rephrase my question. If I understood the hon. the Minister correctly, he said that it was not prudent to advertise the posts, and in fact the posts were not advertised. Could the hon. the Minister tell us why it was considered not prudent to advertise these posts when in fact this is what is required?

The MINISTER of the Budget and Auxiliary Services, for the benefit of the hon. member for Springfield, this was a Cabinet decision. Following the Cabinet decision, hon. Ministers are allowed seven units of staff, that is, private secretary, assistant private secretary, administrative secretary, public relations officer, typist, registry clerk and a SAP driver. These can be drawn from any source provided they comply with hon. Ministers' requirements.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon. the Minister's reply, he made reference to a preselection. Can he explain how this preselection took place and from which list this preselection was made?

The MINISTER of LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND AGRICULTURE (Inaudible)

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, I wish to advise the hon. the Minister of Local Government and Agriculture not to advise the hon. the Minister to say that...
will provide them with the greatest of pleasure if he puts them in writing [Interjections]

Mr Y M MAKDA Mr Chairman, on a point of order Are you in some cases limiting the questions to five supplementary questions per question answered? [258]

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Orders May I point out to the hon member for North Western Transvaal that hon members can on five occasions rise to ask questions arising from a reply. Since nobody else rose after the hon the Minister took his seat, we proceeded to the second question [Hansard 13/3/90]

Indian property owners: higher rates

Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Local Government and Agriculture

(1) Whether his Department has received any complaints or representations to the effect that certain Indian property owners are allegedly paying higher rates than Whites do for comparable properties, if so,

(2) whether he has requested the Natal Provincial Administration to investigate these allegations, if not, why not, if so, with what results? [Hansard 13/3/90]

The MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND AGRICULTURE

(1) Yes

(2) Yes A reply is being awaited

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, where the hon the Minister of Local Government and Agriculture indicated that he refused to administer—If I heard him correctly—any Act in terms of which is recorded and it will make the issue of a debate on Friday I gave hon members notice

Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply that a reply was being awaited, will he concede that a wait of something like five months is an unreasonable wait?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, as soon as I have something further to report on this matter, I will advise the hon member. The issue is being examined from various points of view. There are some unfortunate delays in that

Vacant/under-utilized schools for Whites

Mr M ABRAHAM asked the Minister of Education and Culture

Whether his Department has made representations to the Administration House of Assembly to take over vacant or under-utilized schools for Whites in the Johannesburg area, if not, why not, if so, with what result? [Hansard 13/3/90]

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

Yes, representations were made to Minister P J Clase of the House of Assembly and the Department of Public Works and Land Affairs

32 The John Ware Secondary School in Mayfair is expected to be handed over to this Department during June 1990

33 We are also waiting to hear about our request made to lease the following schools

331 Goodship Primary School (Mayfair)

332 Bez Valley Primary School (Eastern Suburbs—Johannesburg)

333 Old John Rusk Primary School (Johannesburg)

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply in respect of the first answer relating to the Johannesburg area, are there any financial implications to our administration—namely are they charging us funds? I ask the same question in respect of the other instances where leasing is involved

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, at present my department is working on this particular matter. Negotiations are well under way. As soon as we have the specifics, I will furnish the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition with them [Interjections]

Mr D K PADACHEY Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, the hon the Minister of Education and Culture in the House of Assembly said yesterday that there were 10 primary schools that were vacant in Johannesburg—have representations only been made for these three schools? What about the junior primary schools?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, the other schools mentioned by his colleague in the House of Assembly are vacant, but other departments are also making appeals that these schools be made available to them. As far as we are concerned right now, these are the schools we asked for and if need be—if hon members of Parliament find there is a deficiency in their constituencies, they request them—we will also make appeals. We would like to appeal to all schools in South Africa which are now vacant due to a policy of rationalisation. We are also prepared in the national interest to make certain that all races could use these schools [Time for questions expiring]

Business interrupted in accordance with Rule 180C (3) of the Standing Rules of Parliament

Verulam Market: purchase

Mr A SINGH asked the Minister of Local Government and Agriculture

(1) Whether a delegation from the Verulam Traders' Association made representations to him concerning the purchase of the Verulam market from the municipality concerned, if so, when,

(2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND AGRICULTURE

(1) No

(2) No

Administration, House of Delegates contracts

Mr A SINGH asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services

(1) Whether a departmental investigation was conducted into alleged irregularities concerning contracts signed by an official of the Administration House of Delegates, if so,

(2) whether, in the course of this investigation, an official of the Department of Housing was suspended,

(3) whether he will disclose the outcome of this investigation, if not why not, if so, what was the outcome,

(4) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

(1) Yes
The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I refuse to take any powers to administer local government from a legalistic point of view.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, my question has not been answered. Has the hon the Minister any powers in terms of that particular ordinance? I hope his answer is recorded for the hon the State President to read.

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, the Act is administered by the Administrators in terms of the legislation.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, where the hon the Minister of Local Government and Agriculture indicated that he refused to administer—if I heard him correctly—any Act in terms of local government [Interruptions] In any case that is recorded and it will make the issue of a debate on Friday I give hon members notice.

Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman. arising out of the hon the Minister's reply that a reply was being awaited, will he concede that a wait of some time is an unreasonable wait?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, as soon as I have something further to report on this matter, I will advise the hon member. The issue is being examined from various points of view. There are some unfortunate delays in that.

Verulum Market: purchase

Mr A SINGH asked the Minister of Local Government and Agriculture

(1) Whether a delegation from the Verulum Traders' Association made representations to him concerning the purchase of the Verulum market from the municipality concerned, if so, when?

(2) Whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND AGRICULTURE

(1) No

(2) No

Administration. House of Delegates contracts

Mr A SINGH asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services

(1) Whether a departmental investigation was conducted into alleged irregularities concerning contracts signed by an official of the Administration House of Delegates, if so,

(2) Whether, in the course of this investigation, an official of the Department of Housing was suspended,

(3) Whether he will disclose the outcome of this investigation, if not, why not, if so, what was the outcome?

(4) Whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

(1) Yes
HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

QUESTIONS

Indicates translated version

For written reply

General Affairs

Soweto: houses

15. Mr P H DE LA REY asked the Minister of Planning and Provincial Affairs:

(a) How many houses were originally intended to be sold to Black persons in Soweto and (b) how many of these houses are still unsold;

(b) What total amount is in arrears in respect of the houses that have been sold and (b) what percentage does this represent of the original amount due;

(c) in respect of what dates is this information furnished;

The MINISTER OF PLANNING AND PROVINCIAL AFFAIRS

(1) (a) 72 521
   (b) 46 470

(2) (a) R7 230 777,72
   (b) 36.26%

(3) Question One 31/9/90
     Question Two 31/12/89

Ammunition House of Delegates

(1) 16 023

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Ammunition House of Representatives

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Public service: persons employed

17. Mr R M BURROWS asked the Minister for Administration and Privatisation:

(1) What was the total number of persons employed in each department and organizational component referred to in section 6(1) of the Public Service Act No 111 of 1984, as at 30 September 1989;

(2) (a) how many such persons were employed in each of the following eight salary intervals in each such department

and organizational component, viz (i) more than R165 000, (ii) R120 001 to R165 000, (iii) R110 001 to R120 000, (iv) R87 001 to R110 000, (v) R74 001 to R87 000, (vi) R49 001 to R74 000, (vii) R38 001 to R49 000 and (viii) R29 001 to R38 000 and (b) to which population group did each of these persons belong?

The MINISTER FOR ADMINISTRATION AND PRIVATISATION

According to particulars supplied by the relevant departments and organizational components, the figures are as follows.

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Public service: persons employed

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QUESTION
Indicates translated version

For oral reply

Own Affairs

House of Delegates: public relations officers

1. Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services

(1) Whether public relations officers were appointed for each Minister of the House of Delegates if not, (a) for which Ministers were such officers not appointed and (b) why,

(2) whether these posts were advertised, if not, why not, if so, (a) in what publications, (b) what qualifications were required and (c) what salary scale was offered?

The MINISTER of the BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

(1) No

(a) Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services.

(b) It is not considered prudent at this point in time as the total communications strategy is being revised

(2) No

PUBLIC RELATIONS OFFICERS are appointed to assist Ministers and are accordingly selected by the relevant Ministers from pre-selected candidates

(a), (b) and (c) fall away

Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon. Minister's reply, will he tell this House, in all honesty, why it is not prudent to disclose that information to this House?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I am sorry, but I am not clear as to what the hon. member is trying to convey

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Prudent means wise

The MINISTER Yes, I understand what "prudent" means. What does the hon. member want to know?

Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, I shall rephrase my question. If I understood the hon. Minister correctly, he said that it was not prudent to advertise the posts, and in fact the posts were not advertised. Could the hon. Minister tell us why it was considered not prudent to advertise these posts when in fact this is what is required?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, for the benefit of the hon. member for Springfield, this was a Cabinet decision. Following the Cabinet decision, hon. Ministers are allowed seven units of staff, that is, private secretary, assistant private secretary, administrative secretary, public relations officer, typist, registry clerk and a SAP driver. These can be drawn from any source provided they comply with Ministers' requirements.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon. Minister's reply, he made reference to a preselection. Can he explain how this preselection took place and from which list this preselection was made?

The MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND AGRICULTURE [Inaudible]

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, I wish to advise the hon. Minister of Local Government and Agriculture not to advise the hon. the Minister to say that

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order!

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I explained a little earlier to the hon. member for Springfield that in terms of a Cabinet decision, hon. Members are entitled to select their own FROS or any other officials. [Interjections] This is left to the discretion of the hon. Member concerned and is his choice.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon. Minister's answer regarding the Cabinet decision, is it not correct that these people are appointed in terms of rules laid down by the Commission for Administration? Are these rules adhered to?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, will the hon. the Member of the Official Opposition just repeat that question?

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, are these personnel not appointed in terms of rules laid down by the Commission for Administration—yes or no? Were these rules adhered to? Thirdly, was anybody called for an interview without having applied?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I think the answer to that is really very simple. The hon. the Member of the Official Opposition, as a previous Minister, knows the position. [Interjections]

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order!

The MINISTER, Mr Chairman, I said earlier that this is done in accordance with a Cabinet decision. We only have to inform the Commission for Administration. We do not need their approval.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION When was this Cabinet decision reached? What date? Which meeting?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I am quite prepared to give the hon. the Member of the Official Opposition that information if he puts it in writing. He has been doing this all the time. [Interjections] If the hon. the Member of the Official Opposition would like those answers, I
and the Department of Public Works and Land Affairs

32 The John Ware Secondary School in Mayfair is expected to be handed over to this Department during June 1990

33 We are also waiting to hear about our requests made to lease the following schools:

33.1 Groederhoop Primary School (Mayfair)
33.2 Bez Valley Primary School (Eastern Suburbs - Johannesburg)
33.3 Old John Russell Primary School (Johannesburg)

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairperson, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, he has asked whether the Department of Education is accruing from the revenue generated from the schools which function in the area.

The MINISTER Mr Chairperson, I am sorry, I am not aware of the matter, I will look into the matter.

Mr D K PADIAKHEY Mr Chairperson, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, he has asked whether the Department of Education is accruing from the revenue generated from the schools which function in the area.

The MINISTER Mr Chairperson, I am not aware of the matter, I will look into the matter.
Mr Y M MAKDA asked the Minister of Local Government and Agriculture—
(1) Whether his Department has received any complaints or representations to the effect that certain Indian property owners are allegedly paying higher rates than Whites do for comparable properties, if so,
(2) whether he has requested the Natal Provincial Administration to investigate these allegations, if not, why not, if so, with what results?

Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Local Government and Agriculture—
(1) Whether a reply is being awaited

Mr M ABRHAM asked the Minister of Education and Culture—
Whether his Department has made representations to the Administration House of Assembly to take over vacant or under-utilized schools for Whites in the Johannesburg area, if not, why not, if so, with what result?

Mr D K PADIA ad the Minister of Local Government and Agriculture—
(1) Whether a policy of rationalisation. We are also prepared in the national interest to make certain that all races could use these schools, [Time for questions expired]

Business interrupted in accordance with Rule 180C (3) of the Standing Orders of Parliament.
QUESTIONs

Soweto: houses

Mr P H DE LA REY asked the Minister of Planning and Provincial Affairs if (1) (a) how many houses were originally intended to be sold to Black persons in Soweto and (b) how many of these houses are still unsold,
(2) (a) what total amount is in arrears in respect of the houses that have been sold and (b) what percentage does this represent of the original amount due,
(3) in respect of what dates is this information furnished?

The MINISTER OF PLANNING AND PROVINCIAL AFFAIRS

(1) (a) 72 521
(b) 46 470
(2) (a) R7 230 777.72
(b) 36.26% 
(3) Question One 31/1/90
Question Two 31/12/89

Public service: persons employed

Mr R M BURROWS asked the Minister for Administration and Privatisation

(1) What was the total number of persons employed in each department and organizational component referred to in section 6(1) of the Public Service Act, No 111 of 1984, as at 30 September 1989,
(2) (a) how many such persons were employed in each of the following eight salary intervals in each such department

The MINISTER FOR ADMINISTRATION AND PRIVATISATION

According to particulars supplied by the relevant departements and organizational components, the figures are as follows

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Administration House of Representatives

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Solidarity is unhappy over pensions

IT was disappointed that pensioners would be getting an increase of only R25 at a time when they needed much more, the Finance spokesman for Solidarity, ruling party in the House of Delegates, Mr Kisten Moodley, said yesterday.

However the Minister of Finance, Mr Barend du Plessis's Budget was welcomed by the Solidarity Party because it aimed at addressing socio-economic developments over medium to long term, Mr Moodley said in a statement.

"The provision of 19 per cent of the total Budget for education, including salary increases, the placing of housing on a high priority list by providing R1.9 billion, and the doubling of the amounts exempt from taxation of interest and building society dividends from R1000 to R2000 to encourage saving," was also welcomed by the party.

The extension of concessions to married women by including the income from trading undertakings to be taxed separately and the establishment of a special capital fund, with an initial deposit of R2 billion were also welcomed.
'Bribe' claims to be probed

By NORMAN WEST
Political Reporter

A CLAIM by a Durban attorney that a member of the House of Delegates was given a R12 500 bribe to change allegiance and "cross the floor" is to be probed in Parliament.

While efforts are made to identify the MP, the man who made the claim, Natal MEC Mr Ismail Omar, may face a House Committee probe into his attempt to expose the issue.

Mr Omar said yesterday he would welcome such an investigation.

The leader of the National People's Party (NPP), Mr Amichand Rajbansi, has tabled a draft resolution in the House of Delegates calling for the establishment of a five-member committee to investigate Mr Omar's alleged breach of privilege.

Mr Omar apparently told the Advocate-General in his office on January 27, 1988, "We can tell you about an MP who was paid R12 500 to cross the floor."

Mr Omar did not deny having made the claim.

He said he had spoken to the Advocate-General, because he hoped to initiate an investigation into the allegation.

"I used 'we' in the legal sense because it was speaking on behalf of the person who had made the claim, who was with me in the Advocate-General's office at the time."
The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I would like to
tell the hon member who raised the issue—who
knows that it is in my constituency and is so
particular about this—that that Question Paper
was printed some time ago. If there was a
typographical error and if the hon member did
the honourable thing and read the Question
Paper, then he would have made that correction
a long time ago. If he thought this question was
going to embarrass me, then he is wrong.
Mr M RAJAB He is still a fool.
The MINISTER He got it all wrong and as I said
earlier I suggest that the hon member put it in
writing. 203/70

If he wants to persist in calling me a fool, I
believe that that is a reflection on his own
qualities.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order!
Did the hon member for Springfield refer to the
hon the Minister as a fool?

Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, I certainly called
the hon the Minister a fool.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order!
The hon member must withdraw it uncondition-
ally.

Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, the hon the
Minister is not a fool.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order!
The hon member must withdraw it uncondition-
ally.

Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, I withdraw it.

Asiatic Bazaar, construction work

Mr D K MARIACHEY asked the Minister of Housing
203/70

(1) Whether any persons constructed or are
constructing buildings on property be-
longing to the Administration House of Delegates in the Asiatic Bazaar in Pretor-
na, if so, what are their names.

(2) whether any action is being taken against
the persons concerned, if not, why not, if
so, what action, 2017/10

(3) whether his Department has received any
representations for the actions of these
persons to be condemned, if so, what are the
relevant details?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING

(1) No

The MINISTER OF WORKS AND LAND AFFAIRS

8. Mr K PANDAY asked the Minister of Public
Works and Land Affairs 2017/10

(1) Whether his Department pays a monthly
allowance to any members of the Min-
isters' Council of the House of Delegates
for residing in their own homes, if so,

(2) whether he will furnish details in this
regard, if not, why not, if so, (a) who are
the members concerned and (b) what
amount is paid to each per month,

(3) whether these amounts are paid during
sessions' of Parliament only, if not, on
what basis are they paid,

(4) whether any other payments are made by
his Department to these members, if so, what
are the relevant details?

Dr J N Reddy MP, Minis-
ter of Local Government

Mr B Dookey MP, Minis-
ter of Public Works and
Land Affairs 2017/10

Mr Y Moolla MP, Minis-
ter of Local Government
and Agriculture

The above-mentioned amounts include
compensation for use of own furniture,
general maintenance and cleaning and
gardening services as other Ministers are
provided with furnished official resi-
dences. The Department is also responsi-
ble for the maintenance of official resi-
dences and the furniture therein as well as
the rendering of cleaning and gardening
services.

(3) No Members of the Ministers' Council are
entitled to furnished official resi-
dences in both Cape Town and Durban
and if the Department of Public Works
and Land Affairs cannot provide such
accommodation, the private residences of
the relevant Ministers are used as official
residences. As official residences pro-
vided by the Department are at the
disposal of the relevant Ministers at any
time compensation is paid throughout the
time provided that these Ministers whose
private residences are used as official
residences

(4) No

Own Affairs

Disability grants cancelled

Mr K CHEETTY asked the Minister of Health
Services and Welfare 203/70

(1) Whether any disability grants admin-
istered by his Department in respect of any
physically disabled and mentally retarded
persons were cancelled in 1989, if so, (a)
how many, and (b) why, in each case,

(2) whether any such grants have been ren-

(3) whether any such grants have been ren-

(4) whether any such grants have been ren-

(5) what criteria are applied in determining
whether an applicant is eligible for a
disability grant?

The MINISTER OF HEALTH SERVICES
AND WELFARE

1. Yes

(a) 468 who no longer qualified

(b) They were found not unfit in terms of
the criteria set out in reply to ques-
tion (3) hereunder

(2) Yes

(a) 257

(b) On review, additional medical evi-

dence has been submitted

(3) An applicant will qualify for a disability

dispens if, in the opinion of the Pensions
Medical Officer, with the information at
his disposal, his physical or mental condi-
tion is such as to render him unfit to earn
an income from employment, provided
also that he is not precluded by the
applicability of the means test laid down
in the regulations promulgated under the
Social Pensions Act No 37 of 1973

HOSPITALS
Reddy cash to live at home

By NORMAN WEST
Political Reporter

LIVING in your own home can become a lucrative way of earning extra income—if you’re a member of the Ministers’ Council in the House of Delegates, that is.

This has been revealed in Parliament through replies given by Minister of Public Works and Land Affairs George Bartlett to questions put to him by Mr. Kamaal Panday, MP for Reservoir Hills and Newlands West.

Indian Ministers who live in their own homes receive generous allowances for chairman of the Ministers’ Council in the House of Delegates Dr. J.N. Reddy, the additional monthly allowance is R1 926 plus actual expenditure on municipal services, rates and taxes.

Package

Minister Baldo ‘Dookie’ receives R1 708.30 and Minister Yungu Moolia an extra R3 926. In all cases, actual expenditure on municipal services, rates and taxes are also paid by the Government.

Mr. Bartlett said the amounts included compensation for use of own furniture, general maintenance, and cleaning and gardening services, as other Ministers are provided with furnished official residences.

The 31 Cabinet Ministers receive a total salary package of R185 900 a year each, which includes an allowance of R36 600.

The 12 deputy Ministers receive a package of R15 100 each, including an allowance of R5 116.

The chairmen of the Ministers’ Councils get a salary package similar to that of a Cabinet Minister and other members of the Ministers’ Council get packages equal to that of deputy Ministers.

Ordinary MPs receive salaries of R94 600 a year.

In addition, they are entitled to take part in a car scheme which effectively provides a free medium-sized vehicle over four years.
The MINISTER, Mr. Chairman, there is no truth in that. If the hon. the Leader of the Official Opposition is talking of what previous ministerial representatives did, I cannot account for that.

Mr. M. RAJAB Mr. Chairman, further arising out of the hon. the Member for Tshwane South's reply that in fact the delegated powers and functions have not been gazetted, is he aware of that as far as the other Housing Departments concerned, the functions that have been delegated to those ministerial representatives have been gazetted?

The MINISTER, Mr. Chairman, we are aware of it. The fact is that the delegations and duties have in fact not been delegated to them, nor have they been gazetted. I am aware of the fact that the other ministerial representatives have delegated powers which have not been gazetted. I am quite aware of it. It is contained in the Government Gazette. I have it here with me. In our specific case in the past ministerial representatives had no delegation whatsoever. They were purely on call for any hon. Member. We have in fact given them guidelines. It has actually been a problem in the past that ministerial representatives had no guidelines whatsoever.

Regarding the propagation of political parties, this was done in the past. For that reason we specifically drew up guidelines, which I have and I will certainly pass on a full copy to the hon. Member for Springfield. These have not been gazetted. These are guidelines which they have to work to and at the request of an hon. Member they could be called to any part of the country when required.

Mr. M. RAJAB Mr. Chairman...

**The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order!**

Unfortunately, we have had five questions arising from the main reply.

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**Lenasia, squatters**

---

Mr. D.K. PADIACHEY asked the Minister of Housing.

(1) Whether any squatters are living on land belonging to the Administrator House of Delegates in Lenasia, if so, how many...

---

The MINISTER, Mr. Chairman, this is the information that has been furnished to me by the officials. I shall certainly obtain all the required information and give it to the hon. Member for Central Rand.

Mr. D.K. PADIACHEY. Mr. Chairman, further arising out of the hon. the Member for Lenasia's reply, the question is simple, will the balance of the squatters be housed in Lenasia South Extension 4 and Lenasia Extension 13?

---

The MINISTER I have given the hon. Member an answer.

---

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr. Chairman, further arising out of the hon. the Member for Lenasia's reply, in the light of his policy statement, namely that he wants a repeal of the Group Areas Act, and in the light of the policy enunciated by the hon. the Chairman of the Ministers' Council in his first speech in the Joint Chamber, is the hon. the Minister of Housing prepared to say that the Black squatters would not be transported out of the Indian areas, but that they would be accommodated in Lenasia? (Interjections)

The MINISTER Mr. Chairman, I want to make a statement. This question of squatters is a very serious issue. Let us not play politics with it. The fact is that the Administration is allotted money to develop Indian housing and not for any other group. Therefore, the sooner this set-up comes to an end, the better it would be for all of us and these kinds of questions—whether well-meaning or not—would be avoided. (Time expired)

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Business interrupted in accordance with Rule 189C (3) of the Standing Rules of Parliament.

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Lenasia South Hospital facilities

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Mr. D.K. PADIACHEY asked the Minister of Health Services and Welfare.

(1) Whether the facilities and services available at the Lenasia South Hospital are being utilized fully, if not, why not, if so, what are the relevant details?

(2) How many doctors are employed at this hospital?

(3) In respect of what dates is this information furnished?

---

The MINISTER I have given the hon. Member an answer.

---

The MINISTER OF NATIONAL HEALTH AND POPULATION DEVELOPMENT

---

No hospitals are at present being controlled by the Department of National Health and Population Development. This Department is responsible for the planning, coordination and monitoring of national policy regarding health matters, population development and social welfare. Rendering of actual services to the public is not within the line function responsibilities of this Department.
Mr PIDEVAN Mr Chairman, I just want to ask the hon the Minister courteously this afternoon what he considers to be the main issues on which he should consult Tasa, from the point of view of both priority and policy. I think that if he had indeed listed the most important issues, the most important—much of the attention which caused a great deal of misunderstanding in the Tasa community, and in fact the whole problem, would have been avoided. Therefore, I pose the very important question: What does he consider to be the most important issues, from the point of view of both priority and policy?

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, during the other debates in this House we dealt with communications between the hon the Minister and his department and Tasa. Of course, what the hon the Minister highlighted this afternoon are normal administrative matters with regard to which there are ongoing discussions and communications between Tasa and the department.

The question by the hon member for Reserve Hills highlighted a very important point, namely the withdrawal of the funding to the various subcommittee committees while the inputs of the teaching fraternity and the organised teaching profession is of tremendous significance to education generally. What we want to know is whether the hon the Minister has made any attempts to arrange for Tasa to once again serve on these subject committees. Without the involvement of the organised teaching fraternity, I am afraid that the quality of what will be decided there might be affected or the department or the Ministry may later be accused of taking unilateral decisions.

There have been vociferous denials on the part of the hon the Minister in respect of his public utterances on matters relating to corporal punishment, the proposed teacher welfare body and the establishment of the so-called think tank. I have learnt from impeccable sources that at the time the hon the Minister made those announcements without even consulting his department there were certain announcements made with regard to which the departmental officials appeared to be in the dark. I do not accept the contention that the hon the Minister did not make the statements in respect of corporal punishment. [Time expired]

Mr MF CASSIM Mr Chairman, this side of the House also believes that it is absolutely essential that Tasa and all other groups who are in the House of Delegates to meet on 4 March 1989 at a meeting of their national council, when it adopted a policy of not serving on government structures.

Then again, in a letter from Tasa Africa dated 20 October 1989, they refused to serve on the Ministerial Advisory Committee for the same reason. That being the situation, we are in a difficult position indeed. We have opposite political viewpoints, although we have a common interest in education which should have reconciled both parties in order that education would benefit.

However, on account of a policy decision that was taken by Tasa, it is not a case of what we can do, but rather what Tasa will have to do in order to accept the open door policy which is the proclaimed policy of this administration. Unless Tasa once again takes up this offer, I personally cannot see how this matter can be resolved further. To facilitate the situation, the resignations of the three MPs from the Ministerial Advisory Committee should now make it possible for Tasa to serve in a non-political or apolitical organisation where inputs could be made at the highest level. We must emphasise from our side we would welcome such deliberation and consultation. We have not closed the door on Tasa Tasa, by a decision that was taken on 4 March 1989, itself closed this door. [Time expired]

Mr K PANANDY Mr Chairman, Tasa had never previously objected to consult with the Minister of Education and Culture under the control of the NPP. Really, it is so unfortunate that we are having this problem. The hon member Mr Cassim mentioned the date 4 March incidentally. Solidarity was in power then—not the NPP.

The next very important issue is that the hon the Minister of Education and Culture is being wrongly advised. It is so unfortunate that he does not have true academics to advise him. He should have a look at his think tank. As far as the association between the Ministry and Tasa is concerned, I wish to refer to an article which appeared in the Evening Post on 7 October 1989. The heading reads: "Teachers and the Minister to meet in bid to close the rift." [Time expired]

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE Mr Chairman, it is a fact that we have discussed with Tasa its participation in the education system of our country. It is also a fact that Tasa thereafter did not want to work with any House of Delegates representative or body. Tasa took a political stance. Their decision was not based on any ideology in educational reform or the education policy Tasa does not want to come.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Because of you!

The MINISTER When the NPP was in power and in full flight, Tasa had a lot to say about them in the newspapers. Hon members will know that as far as promotions and merit notes system are concerned, Tasa for two and a half years undertook to publish a policy document on how promotions and merit notes systems could best come about. It did not materialise. Despite the NPP's promptings, nothing happened. Even now nothing has happened.

My door and the doors of my department are open to Tasa. The very fact that a large number of meetings are taking place, and the very fact that documentation flows from Tasa to our offices, show that we have a healthy relationship with Tasa. The fact that Tasa does not want to speak to the Minister of Education and Culture is not unknown to the point. The fact is that Tasa is working well with my department. The doors are open to Tasa, despite what the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition has to say.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION You messed the relationship up!

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! The hon the Minister must be given the opportunity to complete his reply.

The MINISTER As far as the hon member for Reserve Hills is concerned, he is making an error. I suggest that he looks at his facts. Those impeccable sources of information may be quite deficient.

The fact is that the problems with the cleaning services and all the other problems that we had were completely cleared up by the time Tasa brought about and orchestrated the group of people in front of Malage. It was done long before that and that is all I would like to say. [Time expired]

QUESTIONS

† Indicates translated version

For oral reply

Own Affairs

Chairman

Group Areas Act: representations

1 Mr M RAJAB asked the Chairman of the Ministers' Council (D) (a) Whether he or any members of his Ministers' Council have made any representations to the State President or the Cabinet concerning the repeal of the Group Areas Act, No 36 of 1966, if so, (b) when, (c) in what manner and (d) what was the response thereto;

(b) At a meeting with the State President and his constitutional advisors;

(c) The State President indicated that when the Constitutional Parliament gives way to a new constitutional dispensation all its supporting structures will be reviewed.

(2) We reaffirm our commitment to the scrapping of the Group Areas Act at the earliest opportunity.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Chairman of the Ministers' Council's reply, particularly in respect of the response of the hon...
the State President, is the hon. the Chairman of the Ministers' Council, in his capacity as Minister of Housing, drawing up a long-term Indian housing programme based on the confines of the Group Areas Act? [He was asked | 31 | 40]

*Chairman of the Ministers' Council, Mr Chairman, no!*

Ministers

Newlands West, Durban: rehabilitation centre for alcoholics

*1 Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Health Services and Welfare [He was asked | 31 | 40]*

(1) Whether, with reference to the reply to Question No 16 on 24 March 1986, the rehabilitation centre for alcoholics at Newlands West, Durban, has been established, if not, why not, if so, (a) when and (b) how many persons can be accommodated at this centre,

(2) whether his Department intends establishing any other rehabilitation centres for alcoholics, if not, why not, if so, (a) when and (b) where, in each case? [He was asked | 31 | 40]

The MINISTER OF HEALTH SERVICES AND WELFARE [He was asked | 31 | 40]

(1) Yes

(a) Patents are expected to be admitted from approximately 1 July 1990

(b) 100

(2) No Once the Rehabilitation Centre in Newlands West is operative, the future requirements can be assessed. The present centre also lends itself to the necessary expansion if required

(a) Falls away

(b) Falls away

Chatsworth, expansion of certain chain-store group

*2 Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Housing [He was asked | 31 | 40]*

(1) Whether a certain chain-store group, the name of which has been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply, has applied to his Department for more land in Chatsworth to expand their existing business or to establish a new business, if so, (a) when, (b) what was his Department's response thereto and (c) what is the name of the group in question,

(2) whether he will make a statement on the matter? [He was asked | 31 | 40]

The MINISTER OF HOUSING [He was asked | 31 | 40]

(1) No

(a) Falls away

(b) Falls away.

(c) Falls away

(2) No

Ministerial Representatives' duties, functions

*3 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services [He was asked | 31 | 40]*

(1) Whether the duties and functions of the Ministerial Representatives of the House of Delegates have been clearly defined, if not, why not, if so, (a) when and (b) what (i) functions and (ii) delegated powers have been allotted to them,

(2) whether these functions and/or delegated powers have been gazetted, if not, why not, if so, when? [He was asked | 31 | 40]

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES [He was asked | 31 | 40]

(1) Yes

(a) 11 January 1990 and 12 March 1990

(b) (i) Mr S E Mansoor matters pertaining to the Ministries of Budgetary and Auxiliary Services and of Health Services and Welfare,

* Mr M Raju matters pertaining to the Ministries of Local Government, Housing and Agriculture of Education and Culture in Natal,

* Rev K Reddy matters pertaining to the Ministries of Local Government, Housing and Agriculture, of Education and Culture of Budgetary and Auxiliary Services and of Health Services and Welfare

(2) No

None of the allocated responsibilities or duties or have relevance to section 28(2) of the Constitution or falls within the ambit of Government Notice R549 of 30 April 1987, paragraph 6

Mr M. ABRAHAM Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon. the Minister's reply concerning the duties of the ministerial representatives, may I ask what is left for the hon. the Minister to do?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I think the answer is really simple. While an hon. Minister is in Cape Town, it is obvious that he cannot attend to every issue that is referred to him. This is the function of the ministerial representatives.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further arising out of the answers given by the hon. the Minister, are we to understand that the ministerial representatives work within a defined area?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, that is quite true. The ministerial representatives in Natal are working within Natal province and the one in the Transvaal works within the Transvaal area.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon. the Minister's reply, with specific regard to his answer to 1(a) and in connection with the ministerial representative in the Transvaal, do I take it that he leaves the Transvaal for consultation with hon. Ministers at Malgate or the Marks Building? For what official purpose did the ministerial representative in the Transvaal leave the Transvaal, at the expense of the Administration, in terms of the duties outlined by the hon. the Minister?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, the ministerial representative, when called upon by the Ministers' Council or a hon. Ministers, travels to Durban when required. I am not aware of any other visits outside the Transvaal. If the hon. the Leader of the Official Opposition could give me specific details, I will certainly reply to it.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon. the Minister's reply, what would be his comment if it were stated that members of the Ministers' Council pretend to do ministerial work when they do party work, and that they
Finances of Reps’ House in disarray

Political Staff
CAPE TOWN — Auditor-General Mr Peter Wronsley has slammed the financial affairs of the House of Representatives in a report that highlights wide-ranging “serious deficiences and shortcomings” in administration.

Inadequate information and the failure of officials to provide details in time prevented him from giving an opinion of the true state of the administration’s finances, the report says.

Random audit queries led to the recovery of more than R49 700 while amounts totalling R3,9 million pending recovery or adjustment, have been disallowed.

‘Fraudulent’

Mr Wronsley says in his audit report for last year that a random check on the job creation programme revealed R99 976 had been paid to the Ennedale management committee and “presumably used for wages in a fraudulent way”.

A further R279 778 was involved in an alleged fraud by two officials, one of whom later resigned and paid back the full amount.

Overpayments in housing subsidies — now being recovered through monthly instalments — amounted to R193 953 and a further 8 183 cases are being investigated.

In hundreds of cases, people leasing official quarters from the administration have been paying old rentals.

More than R17 000 has been recovered from 59 lessees, but there are still arrears in 560 cases.

Over-payments on social pensions and allowances, the report says, are not getting adequate attention and repayments are unrealistically low. The outstanding debt went up from R6,4 million in March 1988 to R6,5 million in March last year.

Other irregularities highlighted in the report are:
• “Stocktaking has not been properly carried out at the administration’s stores”.
• “Apart from the alleged fraud involving job creation scheme money, theft and fraud amounting to R300 407 in 69 cases were reported during the year. The figure for the previous year was R156 610”.
• “In several cases, higher salaries were paid to staff on the basis of forged school certificates involving R78 632 paid to three officials in the Department of Education and Culture and R10 953 paid to a Health Services and Welfare official”.
• “Inadequate details on the accounts of the Development Fund and the Housing Fund prevented a proper audit being done.”
The MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND AGRICULTURE

(1) Yes.

(a) None

(b) Falls away

(2) No.

Oriental Plaza/Gatesville shopping centre: scale to 256 tenants

*2 Mr A G MOHAMED asked the Minister of Housing

(1) Whether a Minister of the former Department of Community Development gave as undertaking that the Oriental Plaza in Cape Town and the Gatesville shopping centre in Rylands would be sold to tenants at the price it cost to build them; if so, when,

(2) whether he intends to honour this undertaking, if not, why not,

(3) what policy will be followed by him or his Department in respect of determining the selling prices of the above-mentioned premises?

D109E

The MINISTER OF HOUSING

(1) No record of any promise made in respect of the Oriental Plaza in Cape Town is on hand. The Gatesville shopping centre was sold by the former Department of Community Development.

(2) Falls away

(3) Tenders were invited for the sale of the Cape Town Oriental Plaza and tenders were requested to keep their tenders open until the end of May 1990

The Oriental Plaza Merchants' Association was afforded the opportunity to submit its tender in respect of the above and it is envisaged that finality on the sale of the Cape Town Oriental Plaza will be reached not later than the end of May 1990

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION requested the Minister of Housing, when he was Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Indian Council, opposed the sale of a shopping centre in Port Elizabeth on the same basis as the one on which the Oriental Plaza is now being considered for sale? [Interjections]

The MINISTER OF HOUSING: Mr Chairman, I cannot vouch for that. The records will prove that it was in the time of the South African Indian Council. However, for the information of the hon. The Leader of the Official Opposition I want to say that we have bent over backwards to afford the people operating in that plaza an opportunity to come forward with a proposal with regard to the purchase of this plaza and that is why finality on this matter has been delayed. This was done out of consideration for the people who are trading there.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION: Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon. the Minister's reply, is it not true that the Minister is aware, on a macro-base, that the former Ministers of Community Development, Mr Marais Steyn and Mr A H du Plessis, gave undertakings throughout the country to the effect that these shops would be sold to tenants at cost price?

The MINISTER, Mr Chairman, this is in fact surprising. If those gentlemen did in fact give such an assurance — I am not questioning the hon. the Leader of the Official Opposition — one would have thought that the merchants would have grabbed it because something sold at cost so far back would have been available pretty cheaply.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION: Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon. the Minister's reply, with regard to the response that those merchants would have grabbed at it, is it not true that the Minister is aware that in many parts of the country those merchants were willing to grab at purchasing these shops, but that these shops were never offered to them by the officials?

An HON MEMBER: Name them! [Interjections]

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, my administration will be too pleased to complete negotiations and dispose of these shopping centres as soon as we can do so. However, I am aware that there have been many, many problems attached to the disposal of these centres, particularly concerning rentals and one thing and another. However, the Ministers' Council has taken a decision that we will programme to dispose of these shopping centres to the people who are occupying shops there.

Mr M RAJAB: Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon. the Minister's reply, will he give the House the assurance that he will in fact try to ensure that it is ascertained whether those undertakings were given or not?

The MINISTER: Yes, Mr Chairman, I will ask my officials to investigate the matter and I will submit their report to the hon. member for Springfield.

Asiatie Bazaar: vacant of shops

*3 The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Housing

(1) Whether the tenant of Shop No 13 in the Asiatie Bazaar has been served with a notice to vacate his shop, if so, (a) when, (b) why and (c) on behalf of whom,

(2) whether, in terms of this notice, the tenant concerned was required to vacate his shop with immediate effect, if so, (a) why not and (b) why was this required by his Department of certain tenants of shops in Chatsworth?

D110E

The MINISTER OF HOUSING

(1) No

(a) Falls away

(b) Falls away

(c) Falls away

(2) Falls away

(a) Falls away

(b) If the Honourable Leader of Official Opposition will so kind as to furnish me, in writing, with the names of the tenants concerned, I will gladly reply to his question.

Asiatie Bazaar: buildings

*4 Mr D K PADIACHEY asked the Minister of Housing

(1) Whether, with reference to his reply to Question No 3 on 20 March 1990, any particular buildings or buildings of property belonging to and/or controlled by the Housing Development Board in the Asiatie Bazaar in Pretoria, if so, (a) how many properties are involved and (b) what action is being taken in respect of these persons,

(2) whether these persons have obtained permission for the construction of these buildings; if so, from whom,

(3) whether his Department or the Housing Development Board has received any representations on behalf of the persons concerned, if so, who made these representations?

D117E

The MINISTER OF HOUSING

(1) Yes.

(2) As these structures almost appear overnight it is extremely difficult to supply definite figures.

(3) Legal opinion obtained warns that problems may be encountered in a competent court should the court prosecute any offenders mentioned above, before clarity has been obtained about the status of the Asiatie Bazaar in regard to its Group Area status. I have therefore in January this year requested that a senior member of my staff be appointed solely to attend to all matters regarding the Asiatie Bazaar and from reports so far received, I am confident that many of the problems being experienced at present will be solved in the near future.

In some cases Board's approval was obtained, but in most cases the construction has been undertaken without any official approval.

(3) Yes

My department has received only two representations, apart from a deputation of some of the stall holders who pleaded for condonation of the erection of illegal structures and/or alterations, such matters will be referred to the Housing Development Board for consideration in due course.

The two representations were from Mr Bhana and Mr Madhavjee and an Attorney Mr Saint on behalf of Stalls.
Mr D K PADIACHEY asked the Minister of Housing
(1) Whether the property described as Erf 589 Marlboro Gardens was repossessed by his Department or the Housing Development Board, if so, (a) when and (b) why.
(2) Whether the deed of sale for the property was countersigned, if so.
(3) Whether he will disclose the identity of the person by whom it was countersigned, if not, why not; if so, what is the name of this person?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING
(1) Yes, the Housing Development Board
(a) 2 August 1989
(b) The deed of sale entered into with the purchaser was invalid
(2) Yes
(3) As the property has been repossessed and the agreement cancelled the matter has now been resolved. The invalid deed of sale was countersigned by a certain Madka

Mr D K PADIACHEY Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, was the person who was allocated this house on the waiting list?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, these are questions for which I have no records here.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE, The time for questions has now expired

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE
1. Did the hon the Minister of Local Government and Agriculture say that hon members have been given a lot of liberty to make noise?
2. I did say that, Mr Chairman

The MINISTER No, not on the Chair.
The sign ⌹ indicates a translation. The sign ⌹ used subsequently in the same interpellation, indicates the original language.

Own Affairs

Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Education and Culture, whether a new system for the purchasing of school-books by public tender has been introduced, if not, why not, if so, with what results;

(2) whether there has been any cost saving in this regard, if not, why not, if so, what are the relevant details.

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE. Mr Chairman, the interpellation leaves a wide latitude as far as the time frame is concerned. I would have appreciated a time frame so that I could know exactly where to begin before I tackle the new system that is to be introduced.

The answer is yes. A new system for the purchasing of school-books by public tender was imposed—I stress the word imposed—in the Department of Education and Culture for implementation during the 1989-90 Financial year. However, following the findings of the James Commission, the Directorate, Procurement Administration of the Department of Finance, instructed the Director-General to impose a prescribed tender system for the acquisition of textbooks and library books required by schools under the control of the Department of Education and Culture.

As the tender system prescribed by the procurement administration would have brought great hardship to our schools and the bookshops alike, especially the smaller, Indian-owned bookshops, this administration secured the approval of the provincial administration to amend the prescribed tender system as implemented in the Department of Education and Training for adoption during 1989.

Some of the results of the modified tender system are as follows: More than 83% of the orders for textbooks were executed by the delivery dates; the remaining books were acquired subsequently when stocks from overseas arrived. More than 67% of the orders for library resources were executed by the delivery dates, which is better than in previous years. Since many of the library books are from overseas, the delivery dates had to be extended to enable the bookkeepers to fulfill the orders.

In more than 80% of the orders, the invoice prices were the same as the tender documents. This is a matter of great concern to our department and has entailed savings for us, thus minimising the possibility of the retail prices being raised. It must be noted that there is no retail price maintenance control on books in this country. Thus is a system that is open and fair to all bookshops, albeit there were many complaints by school principals and education committees as well as parents about the feasibility of handling such a large contract system.

As regards the second part of the interpellation, yes, there have been cost savings in this regard. Accruals to the books saved by the schools were utilised for the acquisition of additional resources. Principals were authorised to spend the accruing savings according to the precise amounts were not monitored, as the tender system was introduced by the procurement administration to eliminate corruption. Cost savings were not the premise on which the system was based.

Some examples of cost savings are as follows: The Northbury Secondary School saved R1 000 on its allocation of R36 750. The Lacono Secondary School saved R1 400 on its allocation of R40 000. Lenasia Secondary School saved R1 645 on R21 641.

Mr M RAJAB. Mr Chairman, may I at the outset apologise to the hon. the Minister with regard to the framing of that particular interpellation. Not being a member of the Ministers' Council, I was not quite sure whether the system was introduced or whether it was, in fact, imposed by the hon. the Minister of Finance. Be that as it may, I am very pleased with the hon. the Minister's reply. If those in the peanut gallery will keep quiet, I shall continue with this interpellation.

This House is aware that the purchasing of school-books was, and still remains, a very sensitive and controversial matter. We say it is sensitive because in the past the allocation of orders to bookellers was abused. It is also controversial because it is apparent that both the views prevalent that Indian bookellers are up in arms because they have lost out on what was considered a very lucrative and a very captive business from the House of Delegates.

I want to say that a case can be made out for supporting Indian bookellers because of the peculiar nature of our historical disadvantage in this country. However, I want to say that it certainly cannot be said that this should be the only consideration. Therefore we in the DP have called for and have supported the open tender system precisely because we felt that it would obviate corruption and that it would be cost-effective. I am very pleased to hear from the hon. the Minister that both of those objectives have been achieved.

To us cost-effectiveness is an important criterion to achieve, because we know, and we must warn the hon. the Minister, that in the future the education cake will shrink, rather than increase, or rather, the allocations to the House of Delegates will shrink. Therefore, we have to maximise to the fullest the budget that we are given for education. I can see on the purchasing of books, that money will obviously go further.

Obviously we have been concerned about what we regard as a value for money and also about what we regard as being efficiency of supply. I am also pleased that this new system has, in fact, proven to be of advantage in both these regards.

Finally, I want to say that when we implemented the system we should, in fact, have consulted bookellers in order for them to have given some input into this. What I am saying is that we should have implemented the system in consultation with bookellers who, obviously, have given some service. I am aware that a meeting has taken place between the hon. the Minister and a group of bookellers in Durban. [Time expired]

Mr M F CASSIM. Mr Chairman, before I proceed further, I wish to make the statement that I have no interest whatsoever in any bookelling business, although I presumably had such an interest.

The procedure for the procurement of reference books and school textbooks was revised as a result of the findings of the James Commission of Enquiry and is covered between pages 67 and 76 of the report submitted by Mr Justice James to the hon. the State President.

The new method which has come into being, allows for tendering, but because of certain practical problems it has been a system that is not supported by the School Principals' Association and the Bookellers' Association. The hon. the Minister is willing to have an open mind on the subject and to look further at this matter for the procurement of school-books to be done on a basis that would be equitable and supported by everyone.

As the hon. member of Springfield has pointed out, the supply of school-books is a lucrative business and it is not the administration's function merely to farm out contracts to bookellers in return for allegiance to a party, or for donations or for whatever other reasons. [Interjections]

The hon. the Leader of the Official Opposition is on record as having said that Indian policy was set back eight years by the fact that bookellers had given donations to the NNP.

Our view is that a bookshop is the lifeblood of a community in respect of intellectual and technological advancement. As such the bookshop must properly serve the community by being, in the main, a bookshop and the bookseller should show their willingness to invest in books and to have books on the shelves to procure books for the public. Otherwise the lifeblood is cut and developing communities are set back.

The present system of tendering is at present being subverted by bookellers who reflect their costs below the real and actual cost in order to keep within the discount limits allowed by the Bookellers' Association, and thereby win the tender [Time expired].

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION. Mr Chairman, on occasion in the past we received representations from some bookellers by the hon. member Mr Cassim in this House. He quoted me again today. I will make available all the records of evidence before the James Com-
mission of Enquiry and he will never find the quotation which he attributed to me in the manner in which I uttered them before the James Commission.

A lot has been said about the James Commission of Enquiry and its findings. I myself have read a document which was deliberately taken out of a document and hidden from the James Commission of Enquiry. Let us examine why certain White officials deliberately leaked documents. They deliberately leaked them to the James Commission of Enquiry, but through an official of the Enquiry to a disgruntled book seller. Because White book sellers privately made representations to certain officials of the House of Delegates with a view to altering the system of allocation. Subsequently there was a flood of confidential documents. They were flooded with these documents through an official, Mr. Anton Ackerman, be used by the commission. These were, however, given to a private book seller and evidence was given on a very Selective basis.

Here I agree with the hon member for Springsfield. We are interested in cost saving. At the same time, however, one must take into consideration that the White book sellers are getting 100% of White book orders and 100% of the Blacks' book orders. Recently the government of KwaZulu, subjected to the same rule, has taken all the orders away and given them to a book shop situated at headquarters at Umlazi. Here it is important that the hon member Mr Casmim that we must ensure that the book orders, whatever method is used, are distributed on an equitable basis. [Time Expired]

Mr. P. NAIDOO. Mr. Chairman, it would seem that the hon member for Springsfield is solely concerned with advancing the interests of business men. I wish to remind him that there are other important players in this field, namely the organised teaching profession and the parents community.

The system referred to by hon members was introduced in the wake of the adverse findings of the James Commission of Enquiry. Insofar as they related to the purchase of school textbooks, Book acquisition committees comprising management staff and pupil representatives were instituted ostensibly to serve as a control mech-
The MINISTER OF HOUSING

(1) Yes
(a) Fatma Bujigee
(b) 2 August 1989
(c) (i) Fatma Bujigee
(ii) Unknown
(2) Not on record
(3) No
(4) Falls away

Departments of the House of Delegates budget
30 Mr H M NEERAHOO asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services
(1) What amount was (a) budgeted for and (b) used in each Department of the House of Delegates for each specified financial year since the inception of the triennial system,
(2) (a) what amount remained unused in each Department at the end of each such financial year and (b) why,
(3) whether the under-utilization of the amounts budgeted for results in the Administration House of Delegates being allocated less than the amount requested from Treasury in the subsequent year?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

(1) (a) and (b)

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(b) Various reasons as published in the Auditor-General's Report which is tabled in the House of Delegates annually

(3) No.
QUESTIONS

† Indicates translated version

For oral reply

General Affairs

First-time home owners: subsidy

Mr K PANDAY asked the Minister of Planning and Provincial Affairs whether he is giving consideration to raising the ceiling of the subsidy for first-time home owners from R65 000 to R75 000, if not, why not, if so, what are the relevant details?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I would like to reply as follows: It is not correct that there is a totally uniform approach, for the simple reason that, as the hon. Leader of the Opposition in this House will realise, the needs of people differ among the various population groups—if we like to refer to them as such. It is a fact of life. In other words, we cannot have exactly the same approach towards White and Indian housing as we would have towards Black housing. The hon. Leader of the Opposition is free to approach me and we can go through the various areas.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION I accept.

The MINISTER The hon. Leader of the Official Opposition will appreciate that we shall have to make provision for the various groups. Whether we classify them in terms of race, colour or creed, there are different groups present in this country and, when it comes to housing for those specific people, we try to cater for the practical needs on the ground. Because there is no uniform approach, the second part of his question falls away.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further amending the hon. Member’s reply, the first explanation he gave was that this approach was due to a lack of funds. Will the hon. Minister agree that in respect of a particular community, where there is a justification for the increase, and that administration has R20 million unspent on housing at the end of the financial year, the lack of funds cannot be an excuse?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I cannot agree with the hon. Leader of the Opposition. I shall tell him why I say so. When we budget and a specific Department is allocated certain funds because of priorities that that Department made, then, with all due respect, in this country, we have to get away from the syndrome “have money, must spend”. We have to get away from it.

If we have over-budgeted then we must be big enough to say that we shall not squander that money, but instead let it go back into the central financial coffers of our country, so that that money can be utilised where it is needed most.

Therefore, I honestly cannot agree with the hon. Leader of the Official Opposition and say that because there is money left those concerned did not do a good job. Surely, being a businessman, the hon. Leader of the Official Opposition will not apply a principle like that in his own business?
The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(a) Cape
(b) Natal
(c) OFS
(d) Transvaal

115 Mr K M ANDREW asked the Minister of Education and Culture

(1) Whether any financial or other assistance is provided to (a) primary and (b) secondary schools in the Western Cape to enable them to (i) buy or build and (ii) maintain sports (aa) facilities and (bb) equipment, if not, why not, if so,

(2) What is the (a) nature and (b) value, in money terms, of the assistance so provided per school?

1986-01-31

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(a) and (b) (i) (aa) Yes, (bb) no, (ii) (aa) and (bb) no, because certain basic facilities are funded by the State.

(b) The following basic facilities are supplied to schools which qualify

- Grass fields (rugby, soccer or hockey)
- Cricket pitches
- Cricket nets
- Tennis courts
- Tennis practice walls
- Netball courts
- Athletic tracks

(b) differs from school to school but new basic sports facilities are financed in full

M 12:10:00 PM

the House of Delegates

QUESTIONS

† Indicates translated version

For oral reply

General Affairs

† Mr D K Padaceky—State President [Withdrawn]

For written reply

Own Affairs

Reprint of Question No 11 and reply thereon (see col 653)

Administration: House of Delegates: employees

Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services

(1) What, as at 31 December 1989, was the total number of persons employed in a full-time capacity in each department and/or organisational component falling under the Administration House of Delegates?

(2) how many such persons were employed in each of the eight most senior post levels in each such department and/or organisational component and (b) to which population group did each of these persons belong?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

(1) Department of Budgetary and Auxiliary Services

Department of Education and Culture

Department of Health Services and Welfare

Department of Local Government, Housing and Agriculture

Department of Education and Culture

Mr M H KANAN asked the Minister of Education and Culture

(1) Whether any financial or other assistance is provided to (a) primary and (b) secondary schools in the Western Cape to enable them to (i) buy or build and (ii) maintain sports (aa) facilities and (bb) equipment, if not, why not, if so,

(2) What is the (a) nature and (b) value, in money terms, of the assistance so provided per school?

(3) In respect of what date are these statistics furnished?

B606E

B784E
Administration: House of Delegates: salaries

12 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services:

What, since 1 January 1990, have been the applicable salaries and/or salary scales for each post level in each department and/or organizational component falling under the Administration?

D43E

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

The Department is not in a position to furnish details of salary scales at short notice. Should such information still be required, arrangements will be made for the salary scales to be furnished at a later stage. It seems pointless to furnish the salary scales for each post level considering that there are 270 post classes in the various occupational classes.

Nature conservationists employed

98 Mr A A B BRUWER asked the Minister of Planning and Provincial Affairs:

(1) (a) How many nature conservationists are there in the employ of each provincial administration at present and (b) in respect of what date is this information furnished?

(2) (a) how many nature conservationists resigned from the service of each provincial administration during the latest specified period of 12 months (or whichever figure is available), (b) what reasons were given for these resignations and (c) what action has been and/or is being taken in respect of these reasons?

B242E

The MINISTER OF PLANNING AND PROVINCIAL AFFAIRS

Cape Province

(1) (a) There are at present 123 nature conservationists in service of the Cape Provincial Administration.

(b) In respect of 15 March 1990.

(2) (a) Thirteen nature conservationists resigned from the service of the Cape Provincial Administration over the past 12 months. The officials concerned were all experienced personnel which now have to be replaced by totally inexperienced persons.

(b) Without exception insufficient salaries were given as the reason for these resignations.

(c) Numerous unsuccessful representations were addressed through the channels to the Commission for Administration.

Further events are being awaited.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

Transvaal

QUESTIONs

(1) (a) 147

(b) 22 February 1990

(2) (a) 13

(b) 12 — better remuneration

1 — to be married

(c) Inputs for the improvement of the service benefits package for Nature Conservators have been submitted to the Office of the Commission for Administration according to the prescribed procedure during 1988 and 1989. These inputs have been accepted by the Departmental Inputs Meeting with an A-priority for inclusion in the dispensation improvement maintenance programme for 1990/91 Further events are being awaited.

Natal

The Natal Provincial Administration itself does not employ nature conservators. The control and management of nature conservation in Natal is undertaken by the Natal Parks Board, a statutory body constituted in terms of the Nature Conservation Ordinance 1974 (Ordinance 15 of 1974). The following figures and details in reply to the questions have been supplied by the said Board:

(1) (a) 140

(b) 21 February 1990

(2) (a) 18

(b) In most cases, better financial prospects elsewhere, although at least one left to further his qualifications. Lack of promotion opportunities has also been cited.

(c) Representations have been made to the Commission for Administration to equate the salaries of Nature Conservators to those of other comparable career classes or to improve the salaries of Nature Conservators on a market-related basis. These representations enjoy a high priority with the Commission for Administration.
The sign * indicates a translation. The sign †, used subsequently in the same interpellation, indicates the original language.

**Own Affairs**

**Shopping centres market prices**

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Housing whether the services of a private firm have been engaged to evaluate the market prices of shopping centres falling under the control of his Department, if so, (a) for what purpose and (b) at what cost.

The MINISTER OF HOUSING Mr Chairman, the answer is no, (a) falls away and (b) falls away.

I do not know what the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition intended, but I have answered the question as it stands.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, according to Press reports, and according to verbal official notification given to me, a firm of private valuers was hired to value shopping centres with a view to updating rentals in the shopping centres according to market-related principles. There is no doubt about the fact that the Administration House of Delegates has increased the rentals in the Moorton Shopping Centre by 25% to 300%.

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE That is a good thing.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION It may be a good thing, but on 20 January 1985 the present Chairman of the Ministers' Council expressed certain views, being critical of the hon the Minister of Housing at the time, and I would like to quote the following in response to the determination of valuations where our people have suffered.

You made a grave error of judgement and you must now pay the price of your folly. My party can never associate itself with any Government body which will cause my people to pay the kind of prices which are now being asked.

We will not be a party to any decision or recommendation which has been proposed by a Minister of Housing in terms of the high prices that have been established.

I am surprised that no private firm has been engaged when the shopkeepers alone are aware of the fact that the private firm has been engaged. I was informed verbally by a Member of the Ministers' Council that that firm was engaged to determine values according to market value. My criticism is not levelled at increases. I am aware that in some of the shopping centres officials forget the files and keep them in the shelves for as long as fifteen to twenty years. However, why should people be penalised? The hon the Minister must remember that I am opposed to market value and my reason is that in Indian areas market values are artificial values.

The other thing is that private valuers should not be engaged, because there is a cost involved. A percentage is involved in the tariffs. We have experts in our department. Who values our properties? We have experts, we pay them a salary and there is a need to make use of their services.

I understand that a tremendous amount has been paid towards private firms and not only in Gqamashla. There is no need for that and I want to make an appeal that we forget market value. In the Transvaal there will be a civil war against the Ministers' Council if the market value principle is to be used.

If one wants to say that what is sauce for the goose is also sauce for the gander, this should be applied throughout the country. If there is a justification for adjusting rentals.

The MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND AGRICULTURE Mr Chairman, I must agree that we do not want to determine values based on inflated values. However, if one looks at the way in which the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition formulated his question, he does not seem to know what he is talking about.

Let me deal with what he says. First and foremost, I want to tell the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition that some of the issues discussed during the enquiry of the James Commission are sub judice and I cannot refer to them right here. I can only say that it emerged quite clearly that people took properties at a lower rental and then sublet those properties in Moorton Centre. They are the people who have determined the market value.

When people value properties, it is based on what other people are doing. People have been exploiting it and some of those people have been associated with this House. It is subject of the James Commission of Enquiry and it is sub judice. I do not want to go into the details. However, I can give hon members an example.

Those people were paying the State R450 per month and subletting at over R1 400 to R1 500 per month. They were making money on State property. These are the real culprits who have been inflating these things.

When it comes to the properties themselves, the properties do not belong to the Ministers' Council. The House had agreed to the Housing Act, which established the Housing Board Through its Chief Director, the board was instructed some three years ago by means of a letter from the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition that the rentals must be put up. He wrote that letter and he knows about it. Festy politics should not be made out of it.

This Ministers' Council will be sympathetic. We believe that what we have valuers to value properties these must be independent people so that the valuation is not subjective but objective—If people are experiencing hardships, the doors of this Ministers' Council are open. They should please come and negotiate with us and talk to us. We shall not be unreasonable when listening to their desires.

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE That is a good thing.

Mr Y BAIG Mr Chairman, even if the previous administration of the Ministers' Council had decided to increase rentals, I am sure that they would not have done such a silly thing as increasing the rental by 250% to 300%. This is the height of stupidifying! Inflating the rentals by such a tremendous figure, without giving prior notice to any shopkeeper, leaves much to be desired.

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE [Inaudible]

Mr Y BAIG Why did they confine the increases in rentals only to one shopping complex, namely Moorton Centre? So much so, that even the hon the Minister of Education and Culture remarks that it is a good thing [Interjections]. I want to know whether it is a good thing that it was only increased in Moorton Centre, or whether the increased figure itself is a good thing. Eventually when the rentals are increased for instance in Merebaak, I would like him to justify to the shopkeepers there that this was after all a good measure introduced by his colleagues in the Ministers' Council.

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE [Inaudible]

Mr M Y BAIG I believe that the solution to this problem is to sell these shopping complexes. [Interjections] I would like to ask what Ministers Council has done to address this problem since it has taken over. [Interjections]

Hardly anything! I have raised this issue with the hon the Minister concerned previously. In fact, when I tried to contact him about the recent increase in rentals, it was difficult to get hold of him. Eventually I had to send him a strongly-worded telegram. His new hon Deputy Minister then responded very quickly. [Interjections]

The high-handed manner in which the whole matter was dealt with is very disappointing. I think that this Ministers' Council should review this matter and lower the rentals. When they are ready to implement this, they should do so thrice South Africa and not only in Gqamashla. For this reason, I only ask that the rentals only increase in new buildings.

Mr K CHETTY Mr Chairman, the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition said he was not opposed to the question of rental increases, but to the manner in which this was done. However, I would like to point out here that, according to the information I have at my disposal, these rentals have not been increased for some time. It was done about five or six years ago.

I think that the point is that one has to look into the whole Who is going to find the money to pay people's salaries with regard to the maintenance of this building? Who is going to pay for the maintenance of these buildings? Some of them are in a dilapidated condition. The money will have to be found to get something done about it.
for R250 000 "Who is accountable? Where is all that money?" [Interjections] No, give me a hearing. Where did all that money go? This kind of corruption must come to an end. [Interjections]

We need clean administration. I think the hon. the Leader of the Official Opposition also agrees that clean administration should be the order of the day. I am not in favour of condoning matters of this kind. I believe that the increase in rentals of the shopping complexes are justified. In fact, 80% of the displaced traders are no longer there. Their shops have been sold to other people. Those shops have already been sold 10 times. Who will account for that? Who is making the profit? Somebody, or the middleman, is making money out of it. Why must the department be used as a scapegoat? This is not a welfare organisation. We are here because we are representatives of our constituents and I am here to do my job honestly and faithfully. That is all.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, when I was the Minister of Housing, we decided that rentals would be reviewed throughout the country. This has nothing to do with the James Commission of Enquiry. The present Ministers Council took a decision in respect of all the centres. When the proposal reached me, in my capacity as Minister of Housing—that rentals should be increased by 400%—I rejected it.

Let us examine this. I am not against rental increases. However, why increase rentals of a shopping centre where there have been two increases, whereas in certain shopping centres there have been no adjustments in rentals for 15 years? Why is priority not given to that? My argument is that every shopping centre must be examined. If there is a need for justification of an increase, it must be discussed with the tenants and it can possibly be staggered.

The best solution is to get rid of the shopping centres. They are liabilities in accordance with the principles that were enunciated by the former hon. Minister of Community Development and the former Department of Community Development. [Time expired]

The MINISTER OF HOUSING Mr Chairman, you and I did not do a property evaluation. We asked a competent authority to evaluate the rentals in order to establish market-related rentals. That is why I gave the answer that I did.

The other question is that the evaluation of market-related rentals in respect of all our shopping centres has been requested. They are now coming in. There are about 120 more shopping centres where the new rentals have been established. These will be brought into operation. This will be applicable throughout the country.

Nothing about this is high-handed. I believe hon. members have indicated that low rentals cannot be justified when shops change hands for the kind of goodwill which we know people are paying. It has been admitted that more than 80% of the present occupants are not displaced traders. We have average rentals of about R2,5 million in respect of shopping complexes, because traders do not want to pay these rentals. They want it for nothing, but they cannot have it both ways. They must now pay the rentals if they want to have occupation.

I want to make another point. We would like to dispose of these shopping centres, but it has to be done in such a way that our funding will not be affected to any great extent. As time goes by, the amount of money made available for housing will begin to decrease. That is when we have to try and dispose of these shopping complexes to supplement the funding required for our housing programme.

QUESTIONs

1 Indicates translated version

For oral reply

Own Affairs

Male/female educators: salary parity

1 Mr K PANDAY asked the Minister of Education and Culture

Whether salary parity has been achieved in respect of male and female educators in the employ of his Department, if no, (a) why not and (b) when is parity expected to be achieved?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

No

(a) and (b) Salaries and conditions of employment in respect of educators are included in General Education Policy for which the Department of National Education assumes responsibility.

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I would like to add specifically that, with the exception of level 1 female educators who are on Category D with matriculation plus four years and lower, all other female educators in our department are on parity with their male counterparts. I would like to see that extended to everybody, but at present it is not so.

Mr K PANDAY Mr Chairman, arising from the reply of the hon. the Minister of Education and Culture, I want to ask him if it is not the height of hypocrisy for an hon. Minister not to know the provisions of the Indians Education Act?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, the hon. the Leader of the Official Opposition asked specific questions and I thank him for that. If he would like to put them in writing, my department will furnish him with suitable answers immediately.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further arising from the reply of the hon. the Minister of Education and Culture, I want to ask him if it is not the height of hypocrisy for an hon. Minister not to know the provisions of the Indians Education Act?

Mr Y MOOCLA Mr Chairman, I rise on a point of order.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! No, I think the hon. the Leader of the Official Opposition must withdraw that insinuation.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further arising from the reply of the hon. the Minister of Education and Culture, I want to ask him if it is not the height of hypocrisy for an hon. Minister not to know the provisions of the Indians Education Act?

Mr Y MOOCLA Mr Chairman, I rise on a point of order.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! No, the hon. the Leader of the Official Opposition must withdraw that insinuation.

2 Mr D K PADIACHEE Housing [Questions standing over]

Anasie Nazar: Confusion of tenancy

3 The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Housing

Whether, with reference to his reply to Questions No 3 on 24 April 1990, any shop in the Anasie Nazar, Pretoro, allocated to a certain tenant, whose name has been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply, has been served with a notice of termination of tenancy, if so, (a) when, (b) why and (c) what is the (i) name and (ii) number of the shop and (i) name of the tenant in question?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING Yes

(a) 1 July 1989
(b) Because the agreement of lease was terminated in terms of Clause No 6 thereof

(c) (i) Shop No 13
     (a) Messrs A Foga and Sons

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the
Minister’s reply, will he concede that his answer on 24 April 1990 in response to a question
regarding shop 13 was incorrect? The hon the
Minister probably did not intend to misled
the House, but was himself misled

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I am glad that
the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition
asked me that question. He in fact referred to
me when we adjourned the other day. The
question refers to the fact that the word “tenant”
implies somebody in legal occupation. There
fore, my answer is given in that fashion, as the
person in occupation illegally was not a tenant.
Once somebody is in illegal occupation he cannot
be a tenant.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further arising out of the
hon the Minister’s reply, will he be prepared to
check the correctness of the further answers
given because this particular answer was incor
rect. Foga and Sons was the legal tenant
[Interjections] You see, the hon the Minister
has been misled again

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! Is
the hon the Minister going to respond?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, as far as I as
aware, according to the information at my
disposal, Foga and Sons are in occupation.
However, they have been given notice to move
and so they are illegal occupants at this point in
time

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION They are the legal tenants

The MINISTER They were, according to our
records, not the legal tenants.

The MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT
AND AGRICULTURE Mr Chairman, on a
point of order. I did not want to disturb
the proceedings earlier on, but I think, that the hon
the Leader of the Official Opposition indicated
to you that he unreservedly withdrew what he
said, but as he resumed his seat he said “But I
said it!” This was not an unreserved withdrawal of
the statement

Mr K PANDAY He has said it!

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order!
Will the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition
impute what he said? Did the hon the
Leader of the Official Opposition unreservedly
withdraw the statement?

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman that is correct. However,
just as an aside I indicated [Interjections]

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order!

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION that it is a fact that I had made a
statement and was asked to withdraw it

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! I
accept that the hon the Leader of the Official
Opposition has withdrawn the statement

For written reply

Own Affairs

Johannesburg Secondary School renovations

Mr D K PADIASTHEY asked the Minister of
Education and Culture

(1) Whether the Johannesburg Secondary
School is to be renovated, if not, why not,
if so, (a) when, (b) by whom and (c) at
what cost,

(2) whether any section of this school is not
supplied with electricity, if so, (a) why
and (b) when is electricity expected to be
supplied to this section,

(3) whether the Gooapee Primary School
in Mayfair now falls under the control of
his Department, if so, what are the rele
vant details, if not, why not,

(4) whether all schools falling under the con
trol of his Department are open to all race
groups, if not, why not?

Teachers retrenched/made redundant

32. Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Educa
tion and Culture

Whether any teachers in his Department were
retrenched or made redundant in or at the end
of 1989, if so, (a) how many, (b) what
compensation is offered to such teachers and
(c) what was the total cost of the compensation
paid to these teachers?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CUL
TURE

No

(a), (b) and (c) fall away

Indiase school children, per capita expenditure

33. Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Educa
tion and Culture

What was the expenditure per capita, (a)
including and (b) excluding expenditure of a
capital nature, on Indian school children at
State Schools in the 1988-89 financial year?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CUL
TURE

(a) R 227

(b) R 2 067

HOUSE OF DELEGATES
Questions

1 Indicates translated version
For written reply

Own Affairs

Rylands/Pelikan-Park residential sites

2 Mr A G MOHAMED asked the Minister of Housing
(1) Whether his Department owns any (a) developed and (b) undeveloped residential sites in (i) Rylands and (ii) Pelikan Park, if so, how many in each case,
(2) whether his Department intends selling these properties, if not, why not, if so, (a) when and (b) what will be the selling prices,
(3) whether the present occupants of these properties will be given the option to purchase them, if not, why not, if so, when?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING

(1) (a) (i) No
(ii) No
(b) (i) No
(ii) No

No The Housing Development Board, however owns land which consists of four phases

Phase I provides for 117 single residential erven,
1 special residential erf,
14 existing houses which are leased by the occupants

Phase II provides for 158 single residential erven,
4 special residential erven,
2 religious erven,
1 corner shop site,
1 creche,
1 primary school site

Phase III provides for 107 single residential erven,
1 special residential erf,

1 creche,
1 religious erf,
1 service station site,
2 corner shop sites

Phase IV
At present unplanned. The eventual outlay will depend on the route of the proposed railway line

(2) (a) Yes As soon as possible after the area has been registered and proclaimed
(b) Still to be determined

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

(1) Yes

(a) Department of Budgetary and Auxiliary Services
Department of Education and Culture
Department of Health Services and Welfare
Department of Local Government, Housing and Agriculture

TOTAL 137

(b) Department of Budgetary and Auxiliary Services
Administrative Secretary (Director Education Administration)
Administrative Secretary (Deputy Director, Own Affairs Administration)
Deputy Director Financial Management
Deputy Director Special Services

TOTAL 5

22 Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services

(1) Whether any Indians in the employ of the Administration House of Delegates hold posts above the rank of assistant director or its equivalent, if not, why not, if so, (a) how many in each Department and (b) what ranks do they hold?
(2) whether any steps are being taken to train Indian personnel for promotion to ranks above that of assistant director, if not, why not, if so, what steps,
(3) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

(1) No

Senior Deputy Chief
Education Specialist
Deputy Chief Education Specialist
Assistant Chief Education Specialist
Public Relations Officer
(Senior Deputy Chief Education Specialist)
Deputy Director Education Administration

TOTAL 126

Department of Health Services and Welfare
Chief Specialist/Professor
Senior Specialist (Psychiatry)
Director Health Services
Deputy Director Health Services
Deputy Director Dentistry
Deputy Director Social Welfare
Principal Medical Officer
Principle Dentist

TOTAL 4

Indians are afforded the opportunity to attend various management courses presented or arranged by the Administration's Training Division and/or the Training Institute of the Commission for Administration, such as

Course for Middle Managers — attended by 16 Indian personnel to date
Course for Senior Managers — attended by 1 Indian staff member to date

Course in Public Management — attended by 8 Indian personnel to date

It is the laid down policy of the Ministers' Council, which has been reiterated in the House, that in this Administration only merit is considered when personnel are promoted. The fact that 137 out of 239 posts are already filled by personnel of Indian origin, proves the point.
Owing Affairs

Indian education: expenditure
35 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Education and Culture (i) How much was spent per capita on (a) teachers, (b) administrative staff, (c) grounds, cleaning and caretaker staff, (d) books and stationery, (e) equipment, (f) building maintenance and (g) other specified items in respect of (i) primary and (n) secondary Indian State school pupils in the 1988-89 financial year,

(2) whether the above personnel expenditure includes employer contributions to pension funds, if not, what is the employer contribution to pension funds calculated on the same per capita basis*

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) (a) to (g) (i) information in respect of State school pupils not maintained separately

(a) to (g) (i) information in respect of State school pupils not maintained separately

For written reply

General Affairs.

Recovery of mercury: working conditions
416 Mr R J LORIMER asked the Minister of Manpower

(1) Whether his Department monitors conditions under which workers are employed in facilities for the processing and/or recovery of mercury, if not, why not, if so, (a) in terms of what statutory provision or regulations, (b) (i) which facilities are monitored and (ii) what is the nature of such monitoring and (c) what standards apply in this regard,

(2) whether his Department liaises with any other Government Department in this regard, if so, (a) with which other Departments and (b) why?

The MINISTER OF MANPOWER

(1) Yes, with the exception of places of work falling under the Mines and Works Act, 1956 (Act No 27 of 1956), or under the Explosives Act, 1956 (Act No 26 of 1956)


(b) (i) Subject to (1) above, all places of work where mercury is processed and/or recovered

(u) As set out in the Machinery and Occupational Safety Act, 1983 (No 6 of 1983) and the regulations made thereunder

For airborne mercury the “Threshold Limit Values” published by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. For mercury as an alkyl compound the exposure limit value 0.01 milligrams per cubic metre. For all other mercury compounds Limit 0.05 milligrams per cubic metre. For biological monitoring, limits recommended by the International Labour Organisation (ILO).

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) What are the (a) names and (b) occupations of each of the persons who were members of the management boards of (i) Learskool Lupardievel, (ii) Learskool Betsie Verwoerd, (iii) Learskool Rapporterry, (iv) Learskool Randfontein, (v) Learskool Westlands, (vi) Learskool Kockoord, (vii) Randfontein English Medium School, (viii) Hoërskool Riebeek, (ix) Hoërskool Jan Viljoen, (x) Hoërskool Goudrand and (xi) Randfontein High School on 17 April 1990.

(2) on what date will the present term of the management board of each of these schools expire?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) (2) It is not possible for the Department to furnish this information. It may,
Rajbansi forgives men who bombed his home

Political Staff

CAPE TOWN — Mr Amichand Rajbansi said yesterday he would not object if two people responsible for a limpet mine attack on his home in 1985 were freed from jail, if it would contribute to permanent peace.

ANC members, dressed as soccer players, planted a limpet mine at his Natal home in August 1985.

Passing in the street, they kicked their ball on to Mr Rajbansi's property. When one of them went to retrieve it, he placed the mine next to a wall of the house, even though two policemen were on duty.

Two men were subsequently jailed, including a doctor who was given a 12-year sentence.

The person who planted the bomb turned state witness. He met Mr Ashadeva Rajbansi in a Durban street about a year ago and apologised.

"I forgive him," Mr Rajbansi said. He also forgave the other people behind the attack.

Mr Llewellyn Landers, the Labour Party MP for Durban Suburbs, has also said he has forgiven ANC members responsible for an attack on his home several years ago that left him permanently scarred.
*The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION We have heard that now

*The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE Yes, someone else shook his head from side to side, and we heard that there was nothing inside it

*The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION You have been shaking your head for so long that you will not be able to shake it for much longer [Interruptions]

*The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE I am sorry that as a teacher I did not do good work with that hon Leader of the Official Opposition. I failed. I failed because of the material.

*The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION I learnt only one thing from you

*The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order!

*The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE In the past I have appointed 2,520 people to promotion posts. Three as rectors, one as vice-rector and two as senior vice-rectors. I have appointed 48 heads of department, 66 senior lecturers and 82 lecturers at colleges. At the technical schools we have made more than 50 appointments in various promotion posts, and at special schools we had the same situation and more than 50 people were appointed. At secondary schools I appointed 47 H1 principals, 16 H2 principals and seven principals. I also appointed 41 senior deputy principals and 98 deputy principals.

I can continue in this way, but for the sake of the record I want to say that, for example, we appointed people who were absent on 5 and 7 September last year, when we held the election, to promotion posts after they had applied for leave for those particular days [Interruptions]. Consequently the entire matter of promotion does not come into question at all.

Debate concluded

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

Hansard 25 May 1990

Hansard 25 May 1990

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

(a) Mr C C Marx, Chief Superintendent of Education (Management)

(b) See reply to (1) (c) above — the first acceptance of Mr Pillay — this therefore means the non-acceptance of Mr Marx.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister’s reply, were two vacancies for the position of chief director advertised by his Department?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, there was only one vacancy. To my knowledge only one vacancy was advertised.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister’s reply, will he explain the magic that out of one vacancy, two persons were promoted to the position of chief director?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, we do not deal in magic, black or white. We just want to do what is logical and right. It was decided by a committee of our peers and those people who are in the business of promoting people that because Mr Marx had served Indian education for a long time and because they felt that he was also recommended for the post, we chose Mr Cress, who was the senior of the two. We did not choose Mr Marx for the simple reason that he was due for retirement and would have retired. Therefore they gave him his personal recognition as a promotion, but not as a promotion to this particular post of management. That is the difference.

Mr MRAJAB Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister’s reply, why — I also merely wish to express that I am shocked — were two appointments made when there was only one position to be filled, and more particularly when we are at present wanting to save money?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, two people were not promoted to a particular post. That must be abundantly clear to the hon members of the Official Opposition. One person was promoted to a vacant post. The promotion of the other gentleman was a personal promotion that the administration in control saw fit to effect.

Mr S PACHAI Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister’s reply, what are the
financial implications of this double promotion? Have both their salaries been announced?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, if that type of question is put in writing to my Department, they will give hon members the financial implications if it is beneficial to me to answer right here when I do not know specifically how much money was involved per se in these two promotions.

The MINISTER The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION You are false yourself! Now you are saying Mr RAJAB Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, can he tell this House

The MINISTER When are you going to grow up?

Mr RAJAB Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, will he — I trust that I have his attention — please tell us now when Mr Marx will retire? Does he have the information available or not?

The MINISTER I do not know specifically when Mr Marx will retire. If it is put in writing we shall find out for sure. He is due to retire because he turned 60 already and I must tell people that he should like to retire.

James Commission of Inquiry, petrol service sites

3 The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Housing

(1) Whether, in view of the findings of the James Commission of Inquiry, he reviewed all applications for petrol service sites mentioned in the Commission's report, if not, why not, if so.

(2) Whether, according to the investigation carried out by his Department, the applicant Mr K Krishnan was found to be a fraudulent trader, if so.

(3) Whether he accepts his findings?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING

(1) No — this was carried out Departmentally.

(2) A letter has been forwarded to Mr Krishnan requesting him to furnish documents.

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(9) The policy is to allocate only one site to a person who was displaced from a single business.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, arising out of the answers given, is the hon the Minister aware that the judge President of Natal gave a judgment against the hon the Minister on 21 February of this year, that a site in Woodview has been allocated to Mr Shaik, and that this is in conflict with his answer?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, if the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition wants any further clarification, I suggest that he put his questions or queries in writing, because all this is beyond an involved procedure and I am not a computer which can just pump out answers. I can only get the answers from the officials who are handling this matter.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION He's useless

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! Did the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition say that the hon the Minister of Housing was useless?

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, I said he was useless, because he cannot answer simple questions to which he should know the answers.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! The hon the Leader of the Official Opposition must withdraw that.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, I withdraw it unreservedly.

Mr RAJAB Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, will he not agree with me when I say that it is reasonable to expect of any hon Minister who comes to this House to answer a particular question, to take the trouble to find out every thing that should be known about that particular issue? Is that not reasonable?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, when questions are submitted, these are sent to the officials in the department for a reply. I would like to find somebody here who can anticipate all the questions that are asked.

Hasenwood Shopping Centre, flats allocated

5 Ms D GOVENDER asked the Minister of Housing

(1) Whether any flats in the Hasenwood Shopping Centre were allocated to persons on a preferential basis, if so, (a) why and (b) what are the names of these persons.

(c) whether such preference was given as a result of the intervention of any member of Parliament, if so, what are the relevant details?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING

(1) Yes

(a) As indicated in (b) below

(b) P R Cheety

This applicant was served with an eviction notice by his private landlord. He made representations to be allocated a flat on humanity grounds and was successful.

N Ndlovu

He shared a flat as a sub-tenant when the main tenant vacated, the unit he occupied was allocated the flat.

M Singh

He acquired a site in Umkuza but it was found unsuitable for housing development. He was required by the private landlord to vacate the premises which he was leasing. The Department, being unable to allocate another site to him at the time, allocated a
(2) whether the present ceiling on housing subsidies to teachers in the Island is to be raised, if not, why not, if so, (a) when and (b) by what amount?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) Yes

(a) 1 October 1981 from R20 000 to R40 000

(b) 1 April 1983 from R40 000 to R50 000

(2) The adjustment of the housing subsidy limit is a matter that is dealt with by the Office of the Commission for Administration

For written reply

General Affairs

Non-White ambassadors/diplomats

24 Mr D K PADIACHEY asked the Minister of Foreign Affairs

(a) How many (i) Indian, (ii) Coloured and (iii) Black persons have been appointed as (a) ambassadors and (b) diplomatic officials in South African diplomatic missions abroad, (b) in which countries are they serving, (c) what ranks do they hold and (d) in respect of what date is the information furnished?

(b) what criteria and/or rules were applied in making these appointments?

The MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

I shall gladly furnish the honourable member with the relevant details verbally.

Teachers’ housing subsidies ceiling

* Mr M MEERAHOO asked the Minister of Education and Culture

(1) Whether the ceiling on housing subsidies to teachers in schools for Indians has been adjusted during the past 10 years, if so, (a) when and (b) by what amounts.

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) Whether a certain person, whose name has been furnished to the Minister, has been appointed to the post of training officer for principals, if so, (a) why, (b) when, (c) what is the name of this person and (d) (i) what post did he hold before being so appointed and (ii) who is to be seconded to fill this post.

(2) whether this person is suitably qualified to be seconded to the post of training officer for principals, if so, what (a) academic, (b) practical and (c) management qualifications does he have?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(3) whether the Chief Superintendents (Academic) have the responsibility of providing educational leadership courses for principals, if so, who has this responsibility, if so, (a) how many such courses have been conducted by them since 1987 and (b) in view of the secondment of the abovementioned person, what will be their roles in future?

(2) Yes

(a) Bachelor of Arts

Bachelor of Arts (Honours) (English)

Master of Arts (English)

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) Yes

(a) * to organise and conduct pre-service courses in management for newly appointed principals, 

* to organise and conduct in-service courses in management for deputy principals and senior deputy principals,

* to research the field of management and establish areas of needs,

* to prepare, in consultation with superintendents of education (management) and colleges of education and universities, suitable material for use at the above-named courses,

* to be responsible for dissemination, through publication, of material relating to school management and administration,

* to meet together with superintendents of education (management) follow-up programmes to assist, guide and encourage course participants in loco, to implement areas of knowledge and skills to which they were exposed at pre-service/in-service courses attended,

* to assist superintendents of education (management) with the organisation and conduct of orientation courses for principals, and

* to assist the chief superintendent of education (management) with programmes designed for the professional development of the superintendents of education (management).

(b) with effect from 1990-04-30,

(c) Mr H Rampursur,

(d) (i) Deputy Superintendent of Education (English),

(ii) work to be shared amongst present English team

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(2) Yes

(a) Bachelor of Arts

Bachelor of Arts (Honours) (English)

Master of Arts (English)

(b) * Senior Assistant/Head of Department (English) 8 years

* Lecturer — College of Education 5 years

* Senior Lecturer — College of Education

* Seconded to Planning Section Curriculum Development in English 4 years

* Deputy Superintendent of Education (English) 5 years

* Planned and delivered Management Training Courses for Heads of Department 1988

* Planned and assisted in conduct of Induction Course for newly-appointed principals January 1990

* Delivered management course for Heads of Department and Deputy Principals 1990

(c) * Bachelor of Education

Master of Education
3. Yes

The Chief Superintendents (Academic) are partly responsible for providing educational leadership courses for principals. Sharing this responsibility, with the accent on school management and administration, are the Chief Superintendents of Education (Management).

(a) Courses held by Superintendents (Academic)
2 courses at a total of 28 centres

(b) Courses held by Superintendents (Management)
4 courses at a total of 80 centres

4. The Superintendents of Education (Management) have the responsibility of managing a total of 470 education institutions and are answerable for all facets of school management and administration. One of their many role functions is that of promoting the development of managerial skills amongst principals, senior deputy principals and deputy principals through formal training programmes such as orientation courses. Thus they will continue to do because of their practical experience of the school situation and their expertise in the management, however, they will now be assisted in this role function by the training officer as indicated in (1) (a) above.

Schools: recreational/sport facilities

44. Mr M ABRAHAM asked the Minister of Education and Culture

What specified (a) recreational and (b) sports facilities are there at each school falling under the control of his Department in the Port Elizabeth area?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(a) and (b) Malabar Primary School

Sportsfield for Football and Hockey
Cricket Practice Net
Netball Courts

Woolhope Secondary School

Sportsfield for Football and Hockey
Tennis Court
Cricket Practice Net
Netball Court

Schools' music facilities

46. Mr M ABRAHAM asked the Minister of Education and Culture

Which specified schools falling under the control of his Department in the Port Eliza-
Solidarity MP Naidoo will sit as independent

CAPE TOWN — The youngest Solidarity member of Parliament, Sathie Naidoo, walked out of the party yesterday.

He will now sit as an independent MP.

Speaking in the House of Delegates yesterday, Mr Naidoo said that in June last year he was relieved of his post as Ministerial Representative on the recommendation of the chairman of the Ministers' Council, JN Reddy.

After winning Durban Bay for the National People's Party, Mr Naidoo joined Solidarity to give them a majority in the HoD.

He was, however, attacked by members of Solidarity "in the corridors" and at meetings of committees. These uncalled for personal attacks were not acceptable in Parliament, Mr Naidoo said.
area of pre-primary education when compared to previous years. If one compares the monetary allocation for pre-primary education in the last and this financial year with that for primary, secondary and tertiary education, one finds that there is not an increase of even one cent in the allocation of funds. Hon members can examine the budget.

Secondly, I want to suggest to the hon the Minister that he examine the activities of the Chief Executive Director, who is giving jobs to friends in a very important branch of our education, the psychological services, where the appointment and the promotion of persons are suspect.

Thirdly, the hon the Minister of Health Services and Welfare referred to social care in schools. This is also an area where one will find that there is no progress when one examines the monetary allocation in this important area, where as a result of a broad mass of our people being put into high density housing schemes. [Time expired]

Mr P DEVAN Mr Chairman, the social health of our young and the youth is of paramount importance. I would say that no amount of money is too much to spend to investigate the welfare of our youth.

I want to make a practical suggestion this afternoon. I want to suggest that the Ministers Council seriously consider setting aside at least R100,000 to hold a few serious conferences where one can have different parties—the social workers, the psychologists and the educationists—look at this. I can tell hon members that the anti-social problems which are prevalent in our society, particularly among the youth and the children, are startling. I think this matter has to be looked into before it becomes too serious.

On the other hand, youth organisations such as Boy Scouts, Girl Guides and others are scarcely represented in our schools. I would like to know why it is really saddening that teachers cannot find time for this. Another matter is that we have heard of an increase in drug addiction, absenteeism, truancy and also. [Time expired]

Mr K PANDAY Mr Chairman, my submission is that we should not totally depend upon these various social organisations. What we should do is to try and incorporate this into the curriculum. There are teachers who are experts and who would be able to do a fine job. There should be an ongoing effort in finding a solution to this problem.

I wish to refer to a few matters. First of all, there seems to be a communication problem. Among the recent violence, children are exposed to reports in the media regarding killings, murder, arson, and so on. Children are on edge and feel insecure. I know of a child whose throat condition has deteriorated. I think these issues have to be addressed within the school curriculum.

I would also like to refer to the quantity of homework that is given to our children. Are they given too much homework? Will they have time to do their own work, something which is of interest to them, and then share some ideas of educational importance with their parents and friends? I want to say to the hon the Minister that our aim should be a rounded education.

I now turn to the grading of pupils. The hon the Minister mentioned during the debate on the National Education Vote that he was against the grading of pupils. He asked why should they be classed as ordinary grade, standard grade, etc. I agree with him, but what has he done to remove the stigma which our department has placed on our children? We should remove this negative psychological barrier from our children.

I also wish to refer to the teacher-pupil ratio. In some of our schools there are up to 40 children in one classroom. [Time expired]

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE Mr Chairman, I would like to start with the last speaker, the hon member for Reservoir Hills. I agree with him as far as certain aspects are concerned. I agree that too much homework tends to detract from a child's quality of life. I agree that children should have time for themselves. The school should be the arena in which they work. I do not mean Arena Park. [Interjections] I simply wish to state that the curriculum is being looked at. We are looking at ways in which to address these social aspects within the curriculum. I can assure the hon member for

Reservoir Hills that this is now being considered for implementation next year.

I would simply like to state that violence in South Africa—and in Natal, specifically—is a problem. It has a psychological and social impact on children, and this is a deep-rooted problem. I would like welfare departments, parents and community-based organisations to work on this. It cannot be solved within the school structures only, because violence occurs outside the school.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION We have a Minister who promotes violence.

The MINISTER As far as grading is concerned, we have eliminated lower grades in our school system starting now. From now on the new children will not have a lower grading. I would like to see grading eliminated entirely. [Interjections] Yes, we would like to remove that.

I realise that the socio-economic problems of this country cannot be solved by educators alone. One would have to make a concerted effort and adopt a proactive stance on this. I would welcome if hon members on the other side could lend their expertise on how best we could solve this problem.

As far as drug abuse is concerned, I wish to say that this is an escalating problem and I am alarmed about it. We are working in conjunction with our health department and the police department to see how best we can address the drug situation, because it is destroying the lives of some of our children. It is an escalating problem which we should try and eliminate. As far as child abuse is concerned, this aspect, too.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! Does the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition wish to ask a question?

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE No, Mr. Chairman.

The MINISTER The hon the Minister may proceed.

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, child abuse is a problem. [Time expired]

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION We have a Minister with a social problem.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! I wish to make an appeal to hon members. When hon ministers are replying during interpellations, hon members should grant them the opportunity to complete their replies.

FOR ORAL REPLY

OWN AFFAIRS

Housing Development Board, trading sites

1. Mr D K PADIACHEY asked the Minister of Housing: Is the Housing Development Board in the process of repackaging any trading sites as a result of the report of the James Commission of Inquiry, if not, why not, if so, (a) which sites and (b) when?

2. Mr P C NEERAHOO asked the Minister of Local Government and Agriculture: Whether he intends having meetings before the next Parliamentary session with all local affairs and/or management committees under his control in order to assess their problems with their respective municipalities if not, why not, if so, when?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING

No, because the report of the James Commission of Enquiry made no reference to any trading sites.

(a) Falls away
(b) Falls away

LOCAL AFFAIRS/MANAGEMENT COMMITTEES

2. Mr P C NEERAHOO asked the Minister of Local Government and Agriculture: Whether he intends having meetings before the next Parliamentary session with all local affairs and/or management committees under his control in order to assess their problems with their respective municipalities if not, why not, if so, when?

The MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND AGRICULTURE

The answer is that since this Administration has been keeping with the decision of the Ministers Council not promulgated legislation to ad-
HOUSE OF DELEGATES

QUESTIONS

† Indicates translated version

For written reply

Own Affairs

Members of Ministers' Council: telephones

48 Mr M MOHAN LALL asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services

(1) What amount was paid by the Administration House of Delegates for the use of telephones by each of the members of the Ministers' Council in their residences in (a) Cape Town and (b) Natal during the period 1 October 1989 up to the latest specified date for which figures are available.

(2) What was the cost of the use of telephones by each of the members of the Ministers' Council in their offices in (a) Cape Town and (b) Durban during the above period?

D188E

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

(1) (a) Residences in Cape Town 1 October 1989 to 31 March 1990

Minister J N Reddy R 902.00
Minister K Rayoo R 333.34
Minister B Dooke R 992.92
Minister Y Moolla R 175.72
Minister R Bhana R 457.63

(b) Residences in Natal 1 October 1989 to 31 March 1990

Minister J N Reddy R 363.98
Minister K Rayoo R 477.71
Minister B Dooke R 398.71
Minister Y Moolla R 837.67
Minister R Bhana R 226.31

(2) (a) Office in Cape Town 1 October 1989 to 31 March 1990

Minister J N Reddy R 228.00
Minister K Rayoo R 958.03
Minister B Dooke R 183.91

Abraham, Mr M—

† Own Affairs

Education and Culture, 1351

Andrew, Mr K M—

† General Affairs

Education, 61

Own Affairs

Education and Culture, 90, 830

Brower, Mr A B—

† General Affairs

Agriculture, 1407

Own Affairs

Agricultural Development, 706, 1334

Burrows, Mr R M—

† Own Affairs

Education and Culture, 589, 1214, 1440

Carlisle, Mr R V—

† General Affairs

Planning and Provincial Affairs, 1190

Charlwood, Mrs C H—

† General Affairs

Finance, 670

Chetty, Mr K—

† General Affairs

Mineral and Energy Affairs and Public Enterprises, 933

Own Affairs

Education and Culture, 739

Coezee, Mr H J—

† Own Affairs

Health Services, Welfare and Housing, 196

De Jager, Adv C D—

† General Affairs

Justice, 1

Eghn, Mr C W—

† General Affairs

Foreign Affairs, 408

Ellis, Mr M J—

† General Affairs

National Health and Population Development, 7

Own Affairs

Health Services, Welfare and Housing, 324

Gerber, Mr A—

† Own Affairs

Education and Culture, 32, 1019, 1554

Horak, Mr C B—

† Own Affairs

Housing, 213

Local Government and Agriculture, 218, 595

Isaacs, Mr N M—

† General Affairs

Law and Order, 919

Own Affairs

Education and Culture, 1493

Jacobs, Mr S C—

† General Affairs

Justice, 539, 663

Landers, Mr L T—

† General Affairs

Law and Order, 119

9 The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services

(1) What amount was (a) budgeted for and (b) used in each Department of the House of Delegates excluding the Department of Health Services and Welfare, in the 1989-90 financial year.

(2) (a) What amount remained unspent in each of these Departments at the end of that financial year and (b) for what reasons had each such amount not been spent?

D190E

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

(1) (a) Vote 1 Budgetary and Auxiliary Services R 17 702 000

Vote 2 Local Govt, Housing and Agriculture R 197 550 000

Vote 3 Education and Culture R 589 285 000

Vote 5 Improvement of Conditions of Service R 5 458 000

(b) The final expenditure has not been accounted for as the books for the year in question have not been closed. The total expenditure per Department will only be available towards the end of July 1990. Section 14 of the Exchequer Act, 1975 (Act No 66 of 1985) stipulates that Appropriation Accounts must be prepared and submitted to the Auditor-General for examination, not later than four months after the close of a financial year.

(2) (a) See (1) (b) above

(b) See (1) (b) above
INTERpellATIONS

The sign "*" indicates a translation. The sign ";" used subsequently in the same interpellation, indicates the original language.

Own Affairs

Use of school grounds: policy

Mr M ABRAHAM asked the Minister of Education and Culture (258)

(1) What is the policy of the Department concerning the use of school grounds by organised and responsible groups in the local community?

(2) Whether the sentiments of the local community have been considered in the formulation of this policy, if not, why not, if so, with what results?

D214E INT

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE Mr Chairman, the answer is as follows:

(1) The Department allows the community the use of State school buildings and facilities after normal school hours, over weekends and public holidays. Only lawfully constituted organisations whose bona fides are found to be acceptable to the Department are allowed use of the facilities. Political organisations are excluded.

(2) Yes, the Department sent out questionnaires to various community organisations eliciting their views on the use of school facilities. Based on these responses and other factors, the policy was formulated.

Mr M ABRAHAM Mr Chairman, nearly all the hon. members of this House would agree with me this afternoon that in each one of our constituencies the school grounds are grossly underutilised. A common sight that prevails in nearly all our constituencies is that of youngsters trashing our tennis courts and volleyball courts on our townships and playing sports.

This is not only a hazardous practice but if one looks further, one will find empty school grounds standing bare. If one goes a little further, and takes the time to investigate, one will invariably come up with the answer "We have written to the authorities, and we are sick and tired of these authorities. We wrote to them six to twelve months ago, and we have received no reply." While bureaucracy remains, while red tape prevails, the community is deprived of these facilities. We complain time and again of inequalities and unequal opportunities of advancement, and that we are not able to produce national and Olympic stars. Yet the facilities that we do have, we do not utilise to the fullest for our own community (258).

Furthermore, one realises that these youngsters who are denied the ready use of these facilities, and who as a result have idle time, congregate around street corners. This is the first stage of experimenting with drugs and cigarettes.

Here we are, sitting with our colleagues and raising pertinent issues concerning our community. I have never heard of any questionnaires to which the hon. Minister referred coming around to our area. I am not advocating that just anyone should use the school grounds wilfully or indiscriminately, but really responsible social groups—cultural groups, religious groups, sporting groups—should be given the use of these facilities.

Nevertheless, when we look into this, we see that applications come via the school principals, and go to the departments. In the meantime, what happens? A greater measure of dilinquency prevails, and the community is denied these privileges. Red tape and bureaucracy prevail.

We need to address these issues.

Mr M F CASSIM Mr Chairman, the underlying idea that school facilities should be allowed to be used by the public is in order. We have no difficulty with that whatever. The problem is that we have encountered on a number of occasions the idea that the principal is the person in control of his school, and that all decisions in respect of school facilities ought to be taken by the principal in conjunction with the education committee and should not be dictated from above, for the simple reason that the principal is the best person to know exactly how his facilities ought to be used and by whom.

Care must be taken as regards the statement made by the hon. member for Tongaat that facilities should be given. The imperative is dangerous indeed because it takes the discretion away from the principal. We are not in opposition to the hon. member's idea that facilities should be used to their maximum, but we wish to underline the important point that it is the principal who should in all such instances regulate the use of classrooms, swimming pools, tennis courts and school grounds because the State makes provision for these facilities primarily for school children and not for the public at large. Where the public has no access to such facilities on account of certain historical facts or because of the fact that that group constitutes a very small minority,agents we say. Go back to the principal and let the principal determine with his school committee or his education committee (258).

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, I agree with the hon. nominated member Mr M F Cassim that in this day and age, a demarcation of roles is necessary. However, while the principal should of course be given the necessary authority to establish this permission, we have had experiences where principals, who play an important role with respect to the usage of classrooms by community organisations, should guard against in their submissions to head office by their personal likes and dislikes. I know that there was a principal in a Chatsworth school who banned all sports in his school. I could give the year and the name of the principal. What happens if one makes an application to a principal like that? One should remember that principals are guided by their personal associations and that there therefore are dangers. There is a positive side and also a negative side to that solution.

The principle has been accepted by the Department and the hon. the Minister that a school should now be like a community centre. This is the new concept, but at the same time usage has to be controlled. There is a rule that somebody from the department, the principal or his representative must be on duty when these facilities are being used.

However, while we are arguing about community organisations using our grounds, I want to touch on a very sensitive aspect which may create a storm, namely to what extent our children are encouraged to use school grounds. We must make a distinction between areas where there are no public sports facilities, where the rules have to be a little harsher and areas like Howick where one could ask who the school should build a ground while the community builds another...

The ACTING CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE The hon. nominated member may proceed.

Mr P NAIDOO This would not only ensure the optimum utilisation of such facilities, but would contribute tangibly towards inculcating and fostering wholesome values in our community while the school would once more become the hub of community activities.

In view of the strategic and functional importance of such institutions, there should guard against a laissez-faire approach. Whilst this presupposes a clear-cut policy and definitive guidelines, we should desist from introducing burdensome and gratuitous impediments as this only serves to stifle the enthusiasm of public-spirited individuals.

The facilities in question should be made available for use by properly constituted groups. Such groups should accept responsibility and liability for damages occasioned by their activities. The school should have first call on the use of such facilities, and the principal should be empowered to receive, scrutinise and approve or reject applications, as this would take care of local circumstances, with the right of appeal to the Director of Education.

In this regard the hon. the Minister should take cognisance of problems peculiar to schools in the rural areas. In these areas premises are often leased and restrictive clauses in the lease agreement have the effect of undermining this policy.

The immediate attention of the hon. the Minister.

The ACTING CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! For the information of the hon. member for Tongaat, I want to indicate that I used my discretion as Chairman not to stop the hon...
The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE Mr Chairman, on a point of order I think that the James Commission has proved that the law is in this House [Interruptions] The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION If the hon the Minister just wants to enter into a debate, we can do it in front of the Press The MINISTER Outside 258 The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Yes, we accept that Debate concluded

QUESTIONS
† Indicates translated version

For oral reply

Own Affairs

Female teachers: housing subsidies

1. Mr K PANDAY asked the Minister of Housing 

Whether female teachers qualify for housing subsidies, if, why not, if so, subject to what conditions? [D211E]

The MINISTER OF HOUSING Yes, they fall in one of the following categories:

(a) a single educator who has been appointed in a permanent capacity, or
(b) a single educator who has been employed in a temporary capacity and who has dependants, or
(c) a legally married educator who has either been appointed in a permanent capacity or employed in a temporary capacity and whose husband is either permanently medically unfit for remunerative employment or deceased

Mr K PANDAY Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister’s reply, I did mention previously that I am against the merit assessment. In respect of the awards and in view of the fact that I had raised this point previously in another debate, has he given consideration to the point that I made then in respect of awards being

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I have read out the answer and that is where it stops. Any further elucidation required should be put in writing

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister’s reply, my simple question, which needs no research, is whether the Department is taking any precautions in order to ensure that those who normally would not qualify but go into a divorce, when they are not really divorced, to qualify for this?

The MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND AGRICULTURE Hypothetical

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION No, this happens

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I have taken note of what the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition is stating because if anybody is hell-bent on bargaining on these issues, they will do it. That is a matter which I shall convey to the department. I take the point that he made.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION A senior man in our Department encouraged this.

Awards to teachers for services rendered

‘2 Mr K PANDAY asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

(1) Whether he is considering instituting awards to teachers in recognition of service rendered, if so, (a) what is the nature of the awards contemplated and (b) subject to what conditions will they be awarded, if not, why not?

(2) Whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) No

(2) No

Mr K PANDAY Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister’s reply, I did mention previously that I am against the merit assessment. In respect of the awards and in view of the fact that I had raised this point previously in another debate, has he given consideration to the point that I made then in respect of awards being
HOUSE OF DELEGATES

QUESTIONS

Indicates translated version

For oral reply

General Affairs

State President

Cabinet: appointments from HOR/HOD

*1 Mr D K PADIACHEY asked the State President

(1) Whether he intends appointing any members of the House of Representatives and/or the House of Delegates to his Cabinet, if not, why not, if so, when,

(2) for what reasons were no members of the House of Representatives and the House of Delegates included in his team that had talks with certain extra-parliamentary bodies from 2 to 4 May 1990

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, arising out of the answers given by the hon the State President, while I do accept the principle that details in respect of Cabinet appointments are not for public discussion, what would the hon the State President's view be in respect of the genuine concern and criticism that while this Parliament consists of three Chambers, the members of the Cabinet are appointed from one Chamber only? I am not questioning details, I am questioning a principle, particularly in that there were Deputy Ministers with portfolios who were Ministers attached to the Cabinet of the country

The STATE PRESIDENT Mr Chairman, I cannot fully agree with the statement by the hon the Leader of the Opposition that he accepts that the composition of the Cabinet should not be discussed by the public. They are welcome to discuss it. What I am saying is that it is not the convention for the State President to motivate the composition of the Cabinet

In circumstances where there can be full cooperation and when there is general agreement about the major policy directions, obviously it would be best if majority leaders from the other Houses also served in the Cabinet. This matter has a history, as the hon member knows, and because of this history I have in a very specific way tried to accommodate the need for regular interaction. Discussions take place on a regular basis between myself and the Chairmen of the various Ministers' Councils of all three Houses of Parliament, and we are satisfying the need for proper interaction and communication as best we can

The ACTING CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE ORDER! We shall now proceed to the next question. We have only five minutes for all four questions, and I regret that we have no more time for this question

Motor-car licences: concessions to pensioners

*2 Mr K PANDAY asked the Minister of Transport

Whether he is the attention to grant concessions to pensioners in respect of motor-car licences, if not, why not, if so, (a) when and (b) what is envisaged in this regard

Whether he or his Department has received any representations in respect of prosecution arising out of the report of the James Commission of Inquiry, if so, (a) when and (b) from whom in each case and (b) what was the (i) purport of and (ii) response to each such representation

The MINISTER OF JUSTICE

As far as could be ascertained no representations in respect of a prosecution arising from the James Commission of Inquiry were received by the Department of Justice. However, the Office of the State President as well as my office received communications pertaining to matters arising out of the report of the above-mentioned Commission

The MINISTER, LAW AND ORDER

(1) and (2)

During 1989 the Regional Commissioner of Natal and the Chairman of the Natal Chamber of Industries started a business watch in the central business area of Durban.

The business watch consists of 1 lieutenant, 2 sergeants and 10 constables with their own vehicle, radio network and a control centre at the Broad Street charge office

The South African Police and the Durban City Police also entered into an agreement of co-operation in terms of which the City Police make available approximately 15 members per shift available to assist the business watch with the combating of crime. By so doing the Durban police not only enable the business watch to be expanded to also include Grey Street and Warwick areas. Members attached to the business watch, patrol the business areas concerned namely on foot.

In addition to this, a satellite police station was opened at the Berea West railway station which borders on Grey Street.

At present serious attention is being given to enlarging the numerical strength of the business watch with a further 10 members as soon as possible

Business interrupted in accordance with Rule 185(5) of the Standing Rules of Parliament

*4 The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Justice

(1) Whether he or his Department authorised the State Attorney to engage the services of a legal team to represent any persons appearing before the Harms Commission

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

QUESTIONS

† Indicates translated version.

For oral reply

General Affairs

Questions standing over: *1 Mr. L.T. Landers - Mineral and Energy Affairs and Public Enterprises; and *2 Mr. L.T. Landers - Home Affairs

†The MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS Mr. Chairman, I should like to ask your permission to answer the question on behalf of the Minister of Mineral and Energy Affairs and Public Enterprises.

I should also like to ask permission to link it to Question 2 which was addressed to me.

I should like to say that the two questions are directly related to the same matter. When my question came to my attention, it was very clear that there is confusion about subsidiary companies that are involved with the project. For example, I believe there is a company, Dorbyl Shipbuilders Limited and Dorbyl Marine Limited, and still others involved with the project. The Minister of Home Affairs not only involves with the project but also has not directly involved, the reply will completely satisfy the question. I shall have the full particulars within 24 hours and I therefore ask that Questions 2 and 2 stand over.

†The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! Does the hon member for Durban Suburbs accept this?

†Mr. L.T. Landers Yes, Mr. Chairman.

†The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! Therefore the hon the Minister will furnish the reply to these questions to the hon member within 24 hours.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

*Precedence given to questions on general affairs on this day pursuant to the resolution adopted by the House on Tuesday, 12 June 1990

QUESTIONS

† Indicates translated version.

For oral reply

General Affairs

*1 Mr. D.K. Padayache - State President [Question standing over.]

Minsters

Lenasia squatter problem

*1 Mr. D.K. Padayache asked the Minister of Planning and Provincial Affairs: Whether his Department is assisting the House of Delegates in resolving the squatter problem in Lenasia Extensions 9 and 10, if not, why not, if so, what are the relevant details?

D226E

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF PROVINCIAL AFFAIRS (for the Minister of Planning and Provincial Affairs)

Yes

Mr. D. Padayache met with Mr. J. S. A. Mavuso, MEC in Pretoria on 18 October 1989 to discuss the matter and it was pointed out to him that as soon as the House of Delegates is prepared to accept the responsibility and declare the area a transitional area, they should inform the Administration accordingly.

Representatives of the House of Delegates has since had discussions with Mr. Mavuso in this regard on two occasions and it was arranged that the House of Delegates would institute control by declaring the area a transitional area, whereas the Transvaal Provincial Administration will assist in making the area available to people in the Orange Farm area. Until now, no such confirmation had been received from the House of Delegates.

The problem will be addressed at a meeting to be held between the House of Delegates, Messrs. Olaus van Zyl and A. B. Arbee, MECs and officials of the Community Development Branch on 28 June 1990 at 10.30 in the Provincial Building, Pretoria.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr. Chairman, among out of the hon the Minister's reply, my further questions are: Will arrangements be made for members of Parliament of this area to be present at this meeting?

Secoindly — I shall repeat the gist, because the hon the Minister of Housing not was here, the arrangement was made for the House of Delegates to declare this a transit area — is the hon the Deputy Minister aware that no such official confirmation was given to this House, in response to such questions, by the relevant Minister in the House of Delegates?

My third question is whether his Department or the province received any representations for the permanent housing of these squatters within Lenasia?

D258

The DEPUTY MINISTER Mr. Chairman, in reply to the questions I should like to say I am quite sure that hon members wishing to attend this meeting could approach the hon the Minister of Local Government and Agriculture of the House, because as far as I know this meeting was requested by the hon the Minister of Local Government and Agriculture in this house.

With regard to the second question, the response of the hon the Minister of Local Government and Agriculture may I ask the Chairman to assist me in dealing with the questions removed? If possible, could I have the questions repeated, otherwise it is rather difficult to answer the questions?

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr. Chairman, I will repeat the third question. Was there any request made by anyone to the hon the Deputy Minister's Department or the province for the permanent housing of these squatters in Lenasia?

The DEPUTY MINISTER Mr. Chairman, I am not aware of the facts with regard to that question. I would therefore like to ask the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition to table a formal question in this regard.

Cabinet Ministers, investigations by Advocate General

*2 Mr. A. G. MOHAMED asked the Minister of Justice: How many investigations have been carried out by the Advocate General since 1970?
(1) Whether the Advocate-General investigated any matters affecting any Cabinet Ministers during the past three years, if so,

(2) whether the Advocate-General submitted any reports on any such investigations, if not, why not, if so,

(3) whether these investigations gave rise to any criminal proceedings, if not, why not, if so, what are the relevant details?

D229

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF JUSTICE

(1) Yes,

(2) Yes, report no 12 of 4 August 1986 and report no 13 of 31 March 1989

(3) No. In the first case the Advocate-General referred certain matters to the James Commission for inquiry. The James Commission made certain recommendations with regard to criminal proceedings.

In the other case the Advocate-General made no recommendations. It appears from the report that the Minister concerned did not commit any criminal offence.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Deputy Minister's reply, is he — he mentioned that the first matter was referred to the James Commission of Inquiry. Are the facts that the Advocate-General did investigate any other Ministers? Is he prepared to confirm that? If those investigations were conducted, then in terms of the provisions of the Advocate-General Act, why were those investigations not tabled in this House, or is the hon the Deputy Minister not aware of the facts of this matter?

The DEPUTY MINISTER Mr Chairman, I stand by the replies.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION You are misleading this House.

The DEPUTY MINISTER It must be said that this refers to reports by the Advocate-General as at 28 February 1989. The report for the further period from 1989 to 1990 has not yet been tabled. I believe that this report will be tabled very soon.

The MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND AGRICULTURE Mr Chairman on a point of order: With great respect, I request that the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition withdraw the statement he made that the hon the Deputy Minister was misleading this House.

The ACTING CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! Did the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition make that statement?

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, I said that because the question is whether he investigated.

HON MEMBERS Withdraw it.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION I said that the hon the Deputy Minister had misled this House because I am convinced he did. It is unconstitutional and I withdraw that

The ACTING CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! The hon the Leader of the Official Opposition may proceed.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Deputy Minister's reply, my further question relates to Question 2 (1), as to whether the Advocate-General investigated this first part that was referred to the James Commission of Inquiry. Is the hon the Deputy Minister aware of the fact that the Advocate-General did not investigate this but received complaints?

The DEPUTY MINISTER Mr Chairman, that is correct. As far as the first aspect is concerned, those complaints were lodged with them. In view of the fact that he became aware of the fact that the James Commission had been appointed, he referred it to the James Commission for investigation.

Mr D K PADIAKEY Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Deputy Minister's reply, is the recording of the proceedings of the Advocate-General available for tabling in Parliament?

The DEPUTY MINISTER Mr Chairman, with respect, does not follow from the replies to the question.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Deputy Minister’s reply, in the light of his reply, does he now agree that he has cor-rected the initial statement he made to this House?

The DEPUTY MINISTER Mr Chairman, the reply to the third part of the question was no. In the first case the Advocate-General referred certain matters to the James Commission for inquiry. The James Commission made certain recommendations with regard to criminal procedures. That is absolutely correct.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION No, Mr Chairman.

The ACTING CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! There will be no more questions, as we have had the maximum number of supplementary questions.
When the school was taken over by my Department, it was our intention to effect major renovations and repairs.

However, when it was later discovered that the property was incorporated in a proposed road development project and that the life span of the school would be about five years, it was decided not to proceed with major renovations and repairs but to facilitate maintenance only, to keep the school in reasonably good condition.

Recently the Department was informed that the above-mentioned road project had been shelved. Then, once again it was decided to carry out renovations and repairs. Hence the answer “yes” to Question No 31.

In the meantime, negotiations were in progress for the acquisition of “John Ware School”. Thus it has now been decided not to invite tenders for renovations and repairs, an additional point for consideration is also the high cost of R250 000 for repairs and renovations (a), (b), (c) and (d) fall away

(2) No

Approval has not been obtained from the Transvaal Provincial Administration for a separate sub-station to be built to electrify the new section of the school, if so, (a) when and (b) how soon can electricity be supplied to this section

(3) No

Whether permission has been granted for the Goedehoop Primary School in Mayfair to be leased or purchased, if not, why not, if so, (a) (i) (ii) by and (bb) to whom and (c) whether such permission granted and (b) when is anticipated that the said school will be so leased or purchased?

D22E

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) No

In reply to Question No 31 on 8 May 1990, the answer given was “YES”
HOUSE OF DELEGATES

INTERPELLATIONS

The sign * indicates a translation. The sign t, used subsequently in the same interpellation, indicates the original language.

Own Affairs

Certain official: personal promotion

1 Mr K PANDAY asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services

(1) Whether, notwithstanding the press statement issued by the office of the Director-General in connection with the recent personal promotion of a certain official (whose name has been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply), he will give an undertaking that all officials who have rendered satisfactory and meritorious service will receive similar treatment, if not, why not,

(2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

D323E INT

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES Mr Chairman, the answer is as follows

No, such an undertaking cannot be given en bloc. However, all officials will be given the same treatment, provided the same circumstances prevail as indicated here in Parliament and in the press statement. Their relative position is pliable. All promotions of officials are done according to rigidly laid-down procedures which have been tested for many years.

Procedures and the Public Service Act guard the interest of officials and I want to explain them briefly. In the lower ranks up to and including deputy director, if suitable candidates are available in the administration, posts need not be advertised. All posts at these levels for which suitable candidates cannot be found within the administration as well as all posts in the higher echelons are advertised within the Public Service in circulars. If we deem it prudent, posts may with the consent of the Commission for Administration also be advertised in the public press.

Mr K PANDAY When he mentioned that Mr Marx could not have been appointed to the post because he was on the verge of retirement, the hon. Minister acted irresponsibly by misleading the House. The hon. Minister is making fish of one situation and flesh of another. He himself had appointed Mr G T Pillay to the post of Chief Superintendent Management during 1989 and he retires at the end of this month after holding his post for only one year—1 repeat, after holding his post for only one year.

A former chief executive director, Mr Swgelie, also had retired after holding the post for a single year—a single year. These are some of the norms that were set and the hon. Minister should apologise. Therefore the hon. Minister's remark about Mr Marx's retirement is a smokescreen. Either he is deliberately lying to the House, or he is shielding senior officials of his department who are pulling the wool over his eyes.

Mr T PALAN Mr Chairman, on a point of order: The hon. member said that the hon. the Minister had lied. That is unparliamentary [Interjections].

The ACTING CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE ORDER! Is the hon. member for Reserve Hills implying that the hon. the Minister has been lying?

Mr K PANDAY Yes, Sir, I did imply that.

The ACTING CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE ORDER! That is unparliamentary. The hon. member must withdraw it.

Mr K PANDAY I withdraw it, Sir.
In the current situation, I believe it is important to consider the reports and ratings of personnel suggested by any administration and recommended to the Minister for the Members' Council for a decision. In my opinion, we should not deal with individuals, as the question relates to a principle. I want to take this opportunity to address the issue of the Minister of the Budget and the Minister of Education and Culture.

I want to appeal that the details of the personal files of civil servants should not be divulged in this House. This is a golden rule, and I hope every member of the Ministers' Council understands this, as they are likely to be of great value to us when we consider the promotion to the July Handicap. I will see horses at the finishing post, but only one will win. That does not mean that the others at the winning post are not good and deserving of mention. [Time expired]

Mr M F-CASSIM Mr Chairman, the point raised is not only on the ground of Official Opposition. It is also on the ground of principle. Let us consider the promotion of the July Handicap. One will see eight horses at the finishing post, but only one will win. That does not mean that the others at the winning post are not good and deserving of mention. [Time expired]

Mr PANDAY Mr Chairman, I want to give the hon. the Minister of Education and Culture another piece of advice. Do not be a figurehead. Just put a stamp of approval on things. He must evaluate and analyse, otherwise, he will face not only his Maker, but the wrath of the community, who do not want to be robbed. The hon. the Minister also said, in his statement, that he was not told of the commission of inquiry. Do not let that be a smokescreen. Make it a reality.

However, let us accept that the Department of Education and Culture has a new task. The Department, the Education and Culture, has a new task. However, when they accept this task, they will find themselves in a difficult situation, as they have not been able to identify the interference with the system. Therefore, it is important that the procedure for development is such that everybody has an equal chance and that it is not prejudiced. However, as stated earlier, I cannot give the undertaking called for, as each case has to be evaluated on its own merit and within its own particular environment.

The Municipal Council has an appointed officer compiling the list, but supervisor, the Deputy Director Personnel Management, the Director Personnel Management, the head of department, the relevant Minister, the Chief Director Budget and the Ministry, the Director-General, the Members’ Council, the Commission for Administration and myself as assigned Minister, would all have to be in touch with the system not to identify the interference with the system. Therefore, it is important that the procedure for development is such that everybody has an equal chance and that it is not prejudiced. However, as stated earlier, I cannot give the undertaking called for, as each case has to be evaluated on its own merit and within its own particular environment.

QUESTION

Indicates translated version

For oral reply

Own Affairs

PERSONNEL MEMBERS SUSPENDED

Mr K PANDAY asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services whether

(1) (a) how many personnel members of the Administration House of Delegates are suspended from duties and (b) in respect of what date is this information furnished and (c) what action does he contemplate taking in order to finalise their suspension.

(2) whether he will furnish the names of the persons concerned, if not, why not, if so, what are their names.

The Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services answered:

(1) (a) Two

(b) At 15 June 1990

Before I can contemplate finalising their suspension I have to receive a report from the Director-General as to whether the charges put to them in terms of the provisions of the Public Service Act have been investigated and are valid or not, and if valid, I await a recommendation as to what actions should be taken under said Act.

One case could long since have been disposed of, but the legal representative of the official concerned only chose to react very shortly before the date set for the investigation. I shall not be an appointing authority as to how the investigation should be conducted. A submission was also made on behalf of the official that he was medically unfit to attend the investigation. Although, I am sure that the investigation should continue without the official charged being present, the suspending officer did not hear arguments on the postponement and the medical certificate submitted before rejecting both. The official then chose to approach court for a delay in the investigation which was subsequently granted for 30 days on the basis that the official may have been ill as certified by his physician. In the meantime, the suspending officer, due to other duties, set the date for the investigation for July 1990. On receipt of the findings of the suspending officer, the Director-General will inform me of such findings and will then recommend the action to be taken. In this particular case I should thus be able to contemplate finalising the suspension by the end of July 1990.

The case of this person under suspension is peculiar, as it is often more complicated as it is still being contemplated by the Attorney-General as to what actions should be taken against him. The Director-General has, however, requested the State Attorney to formulate charges without prejudice to the Attorney-General’s interests and these are at present being formulated. According to the latest feedback, from the State Attorney, the Departmental investigation should be completed by August 1990.

May I at this stage, state that as we are working with people and their
careers, the continuation of suspension cannot be contemplated lightly. We are, however, also compelled to prove to the public and to the Public Servants that we do not consider transgressions such as those of which the persons are suspected to be guilty lightly and as we are committed to ensure clean administration we want to be sure that they can be entrusted with the duties which they are to execute.

(2) Yes, they are Dr G K Nair and Mr A K Mohammed.

Mr K Panday: Mr Chairman, arising from the hon the Minister's answer, what are the salary conditions? Are those suspended on full pay or half pay?

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, with regard to those people whose names I disclosed, Dr G K Nair is on full salary and A K Mohammed is receiving 75% of his salary. He did request for full salary, but we were not able to submit to this and at this stage it is set at 75%.

Mr K Panday: Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, how does it affect the taxpayer when qualified personnel such as those suspended are paid to do no work? They are in detention without trial and the department has to employ others to play their roles. Why is that so?

The ACTING CHAIRMAN: Does the hon the Minister want to answer the question?

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, there is no question to answer.

Mr M Y Baig: Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister's answer, will he concede — in light of the recent concerns raised by Mrs Shah, in which the presiding officer ruled that due to collective responsibility, he could not hold a certain official responsible — that the same principle be applied here and that the actions contemplated against officials should be withdrawn?

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, my reply to the hon member for Moorooz is that each case differs from another. One cannot really cite the case of Mrs Shah. Unfortunately the reply does not really come from the side of the administration. In fact, as I see it, as I said previously in debates, is that this should be finalised and if I have the power, once we get the report, I shall take whatever necessary actions in the best interests of those concerned.

Mr M Y Baig: Mr Chairman, the ACTING CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! I can allow no further questions arising from question 1. We only have five more minutes for the remaining questions.

Mr M Y Baig: Mr Chairman, on a point of order, could we respectfully prevail upon the hon the Minister to curtail his statement because it is eating into our time.

The ACTING CHAIRMAN: ORDER! That is not a point of order.

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, as regards the hon member's request, I do not believe in just giving "yes, no" answers. I want to put the factual situation on record, and I am sure the hon members will appreciate this.

Staff members' promotion

*2 Mr D K Padiachey asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services:

(1) Whether, on or about 28 May 1990, he made reference to four staff members being considered for promotion in the Administration House of Delegates, if so, whether they were promoted out of the hon the Minister's recommendation?

(2) Whether the names of these persons appeared on a list of persons recommended for promotion, if so, whether they were considered for promotion?

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, arising out of the meeting being moved by the Minister of Housing and Agriculture with the concurrence of the Minister of Housing.

(2) Yes

(a) White

(b) On the recommendation of the Chief Director Local Government, Housing and Agriculture with the concurrence of the Minister of Housing.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION: Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, is the official answer given today not in contrast to a statement made by the hon the Minister about certain Press statements not emanating from his administration? Is the official answer not a complete contrast to what was said earlier?

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, I do not know which Minister the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition is talking about, but I do not have that information available. I can check on it.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION: Do you want it in writing? I will put it in writing.

The MINISTER: There will not be any need to put it in writing. I will check on it.

Business resumed in accordance with Rule 180C (3) of the Standing Orders of Parliament.
Durban, clerical posts

5 Mr R R MAHABEE asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services
(1) How many full-time clerical posts in the Administration House of Delegates were filled in the Durban metropolitan area from 1 January 1989 up to the latest specified date for which information is available and (b) how many of these posts were filled by part-time clerks from the Durban metropolitan area,
(2) whether any persons whose applications for these clerical posts were received after the closing date for such applications were appointed to the posts in question, if so, for what reasons?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES
(1) (a) 44 full-time clerks (up to 31 May 1990)
(b) 18 part-time clerks
(2) No, there are no closing dates for the filling of clerical vacancies

Villa Lisa

6 Mr R R MAHABEE asked the Minister of Housing
(1) Whether the Director of Local Government in the Department of Local Government, Housing and Agriculture of the Administration House of Delegates informed a committee under the chairmanship of Mr Thaver that the Minister’s predecessor had instructed him to acquire the area known as Villa Lisa within two weeks, if so, (a) when and (b) on what occasion,
(2) whether the area concerned has been acquired, if not, why not, if so, what are the relevant details,
(3) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING
(1) Yes
(a) 26 January 1988

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

(b) The instruction was conveyed in writing by the Minister’s Administrative Secretary
(2) Yes, apart from certain sites collectively known as the Mapleton smallholdings, the land known as Villa Lisa proper, in extent 744,56 ha was acquired for R10194326
(3) No

For written reply

General Affairs

Phoenix: establishment of satellite police station
27 Mr M MOHANLALL asked the Minister of Law and Order
(1) Whether, in view of the current crime rate in Phoenix, he intends establishing a satellite police station on the western fringes of Phoenix, if not, why not, if so, (a) when and (b) how many (i) policemen and (ii) vehicles will operate from it,
(2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER
(1) and (2)
No, because the area is being effectively policed by Phoenix police station

Durban harbour: harbour clearance permits
29 The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Mineral and Energy Affairs and Public Enterprises
(a) How many harbour clearance permits in respect of carriage contractors’ trucks entering and leaving Durban harbour were issued during the period 1 January 1981 to 31 December 1984 and (b) (i) to which applicants were they issued, (ii) how many permits were issued to each applicant and (iii) what was the date of issue of each such permit?

The MINISTER OF MINERAL AND ENERGY AFFAIRS AND PUBLIC ENTERPRISES
(a), (b) (i) (ii) and (iii) Particulars for the period in question are not available as records are destroyed after expiration of three years

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

QUESTIONS
† Indicates translated version
For written reply

General Affairs

Human Sciences Research Council: research projects
509 Mr A GERBER asked the Minister of National Education
(1) (a) What research projects has the Human Sciences Research Council undertaken in each year since 1986 and (b) which of these projects were carried out, at public expense, (i) on its own initiative and (ii) at the request of the Government,
(2) the results of which of these projects (i) were and (ii) were not made known to the public, (b) in what way were the relevant results made known in each case and (c) for what reasons were the results of certain projects not so made known,
(3) whether all information in connection with projects carried out at public expense will be made available to members of Parliament, if not, why not, if so, in what way?

The MINISTER OF NATIONAL EDUCATION
(1) (a) A list of research projects undertaken in each year since 1986 is given in the attached annexure under column 1
(b) (i) Projects carried out on its own initiative are reflected as 1 in the attached annexure under column 2
(ii) Projects carried out at the request of the Government and at public expense are reflected in the attached annexure under column 3
(2) (a) (i) The projects whose results were made known to the public are reflected in the attached annexure under column 4
(b) The way in which the relevant results were made known in each case is reflected in the attached annexure under column 5
(c) The reasons why the results of certain projects were not made known are reflected in the attached annexure under column 5

Only those projects whose details have been published in the form of reports or as otherwise agreed upon with the investigators may be made available to members of Parliament and the general public. Where findings have not been published, the approval of the person or body that commissioned the project concerned will have to be obtained

Annexure bound in Annexures of House — see M336-90

HSRC: opinion poll
544 Mr A GERBER asked the Minister of National Education
(1) Whether the Human Sciences Research Council (HSRC) recently undertook an opinion poll in which the support for White political parties in the Republic was determined, if so, what was the result of the opinion poll,
(2) whether this opinion poll bears any relation to a report as an American newspaper, particularly of which has been furnished to the Minister’s Department for the purpose of his reply,
(3) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF NATIONAL EDUCATION
(1) (a) A list of research projects undertaken in each year since 1986 is given in the attached annexure under column 1
(b) (i) Projects carried out on its own initiative are reflected as 1 in the attached annexure under column 2
(ii) Projects carried out at the request of the Government and at public expense are reflected in the attached annexure under column 3
(2) (a) (i) The projects whose results were made known to the public are reflected in the attached annexure under column 4
(b) The way in which the relevant results were made known in each case is reflected in the attached annexure under column 5
(c) The reasons why the results of certain projects were not made known are reflected in the attached annexure under column 5

Only those projects whose details have been published in the form of reports or as otherwise agreed upon with the investigators may be made available to members of Parliament and the general public. Where findings have not been published, the approval of the person or body that commissioned the project concerned will have to be obtained

Annexure bound in Annexures of House — see M336-90

HSRC: opinion poll
544 Mr A GERBER asked the Minister of National Education
(1) Whether the Human Sciences Research Council (HSRC) recently undertook an opinion poll in which the support for White political parties in the Republic was determined, if so, what was the result of the opinion poll,
(2) whether this opinion poll bears any relation to a report as an American newspaper, particularly of which has been furnished to the Minister’s Department for the purpose of his reply,
(3) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF NATIONAL EDUCATION
(1) (a) A list of research projects undertaken in each year since 1986 is given in the attached annexure under column 1
(b) (i) Projects carried out on its own initiative are reflected as 1 in the attached annexure under column 2
(ii) Projects carried out at the request of the Government and at public expense are reflected in the attached annexure under column 3
(2) (a) (i) The projects whose results were made known to the public are reflected in the attached annexure under column 4
(b) The way in which the relevant results were made known in each case is reflected in the attached annexure under column 5
(c) The reasons why the results of certain projects were not made known are reflected in the attached annexure under column 5

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(3) whether he will make a statement on the matter?
Plea to FW to close House of Delegates

CAPE TOWN - A powerful group of Solidarity Party MPs are to ask President de Klerk to close down the House of Delegates because they feel it now has no credibility in the eyes of the public and is a millstone for the reform process.

The final nail for them was when Mr Amichand Rambanl, leader of the Opposition in the HoD, confidently declared at the weekend he would keep his seat in the House although he was convicted of two counts of fraud and fined R10 000.

The nominated Solidarity MP Mr Farouk Cassam has emerged as spokesman for the Group which comprises two ministers in the Minister's Council and six other members of the HoD.

Cassam's address to a joint meeting of Parliament on Friday set the scene for their desire to bring about the end of the tricameral system.
WEDNESDAY, 20 JUNE 1990

(a) nature of this involvement and (b) purpose of the meeting,
(2) whether he will furnish the names of the members of the House of Delegates who were present at this meeting, if not, why not, if so, what are their names,
(3) whether any apologies for non-attendance were received in respect of members of the House of Delegates, if so, in respect of whom?

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF MINERAL AND ENERGY AFFAIRS AND PUBLIC ENTERPRISES (for the Minister of National Education) [Hansard 20/66]

(1) Yes, I, together with officials of the Department of National Education held a meeting on 3 June 1990 with a delegation from the National Teachers' Unity Forum (NTUF)
(a) I gave the delegation a hearing as a result of a request put to me in this regard.
(b) The purpose of the meeting was to discuss, against the background of the current political climate of negotiation and instability in education, a number of critical questions with regard to the education system and service conditions of teachers as previously requested in a memorandum by NTUF.
(2) No member of the House of Delegates was present at this meeting.
(3) No

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, arsing out of the hon the Deputy Minister's reply, is he aware that the immediate former hon Minister of National Education, as a result of representations from the Ministers' Council House of Delegates, laid down a guideline that in such discussions the own affairs Ministers of Education should always be present? Is he aware of that? Why were they not present?

The DEPUTY MINISTER Mr Chairman, as I am dealing with this question on behalf of the hon the Minister of National Education who is at this moment still busy in the Cabinet meeting, I am not aware of it. It is not my line function.

For written reply

Own Affairs

Avoca Hills/Corovoca/Newlands West areas:
school transport

57 Mr K PANDAY asked the Minister of Education and Culture

(1) Whether any problems are being experienced in regard to transport for pupils to and from schools in the (a) Avoca Hills/Corovoca and (b) Newlands West areas, if so, what problems,
(2) whether he or his Department intends taking any steps to resolve these problems, if not, why not, if so, what are the relevant details,
(3) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) (a) Yes, the existing public bus service was reported to be unsatisfactory.
I wish to point out that Minister, Mr B Dookle, was the first person to have made representations to my predecessor on 9 August 1989, on behalf of the Corovoca Residents' Association, for the provision of a State contract bus service for pupils in the area.
Members of that Association as well as other interested parties also met with the Chief Executive Director in an attempt to resolve the problem of transport for pupils. Unfortunately the request could not be acceded to, due to insufficient funds.
Further, with the submission from the Association, a survey showing the number of pupils who had to be transported from the different areas was received.

(b) No

(2) Yes, in the case of the Avoca Hills/Corovoca areas, my Department intends instituting a State contract bus service as soon as funds are available.

(3) No

Abraham, Mr M—
Own Affairs
Education and Culture, 1351, 1651

Andrew, Mr K M—
General Affairs
Education, 61
Own Affairs
Education and Culture, 90, 830, 1638

Brower, Mr A A B—
General Affairs
Agriculture, 1407
Own Affairs
Agricultural Development, 706, 1334

Burrows, Mr R M—
Own Affairs
Education and Culture, 599, 1214, 1440

Carlisle, Mr R V—
General Affairs
Planning and Provincial Affairs, 1190

Charlewood, Mrs C H—
General Affairs
Finance, 670

Chetty, Mr K—
General Affairs
Mineral and Energy Affairs and Public Enterprises, 913
Own Affairs
Education and Culture, 739

Coetzee, Mr H J—
Own Affairs
Health Services, Welfare and Housing, 196

De Jager, Adv C D—
General Affairs
Justice, 1
Law and Order, 157

Eguh, Mr C W—
General Affairs
Constitutional Development, 1716
Foreign Affairs, 408

Ellis, Mr M J—
General Affairs
National Health and Population Development, 7
Own Affairs
Health Services, Welfare and Housing, 324

Gerber, Mr A—
Own Affairs
Education and Culture, 32, 1019, 1554

Goodall, Mr B B—
Own Affairs
Health Services, Welfare and Housing, 1847

Herandien, Mr C B—
Own Affairs
Housing, 213
Local Government and Agriculture, 218, 595

Issacs, Mr N M—
General Affairs
Law and Order, 919
Own Affairs
Education and Culture, 1493
ACT

To appropriate amounts of money for the requirements of the Administration: House of Delegates during the financial year ending 31 March 1991.

(English text signed by the State President)
(Assented to 7 June 1990.)

Be it enacted by the State President and the House of Delegates of the Republic of South Africa, as follows:

Appropriation of amounts of money for requirements of Administration: House of Delegates

1. Subject to the provisions of the Exchequer Act, 1975 (Act No. 66 of 1975), there are hereby appropriated for the requirements of the Administration House of Delegates during the financial year ending 31 March 1991, the amounts of money shown in column 1 of the Schedule, with which the Revenue Account House of Delegates shall be charged.

10 Short title

2. This Act shall be called the Appropriation Act (House of Delegates), 1990.

### Schedule

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Column 1</th>
<th>Column 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Budgetary and Auxiliary Services</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>R</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>23 043 000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>167 901 000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Local Government, Housing and Agriculture</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Including—</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>Grant-in-aid</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Public Servants' Union</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Education and Culture</td>
<td>735 764 000</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>Including—</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Grant-in-aid</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cultural organizations</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Health Services and Welfare</td>
<td>249 329 000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Including—</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Special grants-in-aid</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Child welfare</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Improvement of conditions of service</td>
<td>42 597 000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>1 218 634 000</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
QUESTIONS
† Indicates translated version
For written reply
General Affairs

J G Strydom Hospital: admissions
28 Mr T R George asked the Minister of National Health and Population Development
(1) Whether the J G Strydom Hospital is a general affairs hospital, if not, why not, if so, why,
(2) what average number of patients is admitted to this hospital per day,
(3) whether persons of colour have to be referred by the Coronation Hospital in order to be admitted to the J G Strydom Hospital, if not, what is the position at present, if so, why,
(4) whether a decision has been taken as to the number of persons of colour who will be admitted to the J G Strydom Hospital in future, if so, what are the relevant details, if not, what policy is it anticipated will be followed in respect of admissions at this hospital,
(5) whether she will make a statement on the matter?

THE MINISTER OF NATIONAL HEALTH AND POPULATION DEVELOPMENT

The MINISTER OF NATIONAL HEALTH AND POPULATION DEVELOPMENT

(1) to (5)

Seeing that the matters raised are the responsibility of the Minister of Health Services and Welfare in the House of Assembly, I cannot answer the questions as put for reply. It is suggested that the relevant questions be cleared in writing with the responsible Minister.

Indian housing amount allocated
25 Mr K Panday asked the Minister of Housing

(1) What total amount was allocated for housing for Indians in the 1989-90 financial year,
(2) whether any part of this amount was unused at the end of that financial year, if so, (a) why and (b) what was the amount involved?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING

(1) R154 122 000,00
(2) Yes
(a) Not all local authorities claimed the amounts apportioned to them by the Housing Development Board, in full
(b) R26 707 111,17

List of shopping complexes owned by the Housing Development Board

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Region</th>
<th>Complex</th>
<th>Number of shops</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Port Elizabeth</td>
<td>East London Oriental Plaza</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cape Town</td>
<td>Cape Town Oriental Plaza</td>
<td>74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durban</td>
<td>Mombeni Heights</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ladysmith Oriental Plaza</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Havenside</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Montford</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Noor</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Moortown</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Westcliff (shops)</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Westcliff (stalls)</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Weenen</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Johannesburg</td>
<td>Delmas</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Heidelberg</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Vereenngen</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pretoria</td>
<td>Bethal</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bloemhof</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Housing Development Board: shopping centres/plazas

26 Mr E Joosab asked the Minister of Housing
(1) Whether the Housing Development Board controls or owns any shopping centres and plazas on behalf of the Administration House of Delegates; if so, (a) what are their names and (b) where is each of them situated,
(2) on what dates were the rentals for each of these shopping centres and plazas reviewed during the past 20 years?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING

(1) Yes. Attached is a list which reflects the names of all the complexes which are owned by the Housing Development Board.
(2) Information in this respect up to the time of the establishment of the Administration House of Delegates is not readily available. The Housing Development Board however approved on 2 March 1990 (Moortown), 15 March 1990 (Montford and Westcliff) and 30 March 1990 (Mombeni Heights, Havenside and Potchefstroom) an increase in rentals in respect of the said shopping centres.
34 Mr D K PADIACHEY asked the Minister of Housing

Whether his Department has received any complaints about the condition of the approximately 100 so-called council houses in Marlboro Gardens over the past two years, if so, (a) how many and (b) (i) what is the purport of these complaints and (ii) what steps have been taken in connection with them?  

D139E

The MINISTER OF HOUSING

No

(a) Falls away

(b) (i) Falls away

(ii) Falls away

Lenasia South Extension 4 allocation of houses/stands

36 Mr D K PADIACHEY asked the Minister of Housing

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

Lenasia South, Extension 2 land allocation

51 Mr D K PADIACHEY asked the Minister of Housing

(1) Whether any building construction or utility company is suing the Administration House of Delegates with regard to land allocation in and the proclamation of Lenasia South, Extension 2, if so, what are the relevant details,

(2) whether he has called for all areas falling under the Administration House of Delegates to be free-settlement and free-trading areas; if not, why not, if so, what are the relevant details?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING

(1) No

(2) No. Where circumstances justify it the Administration House of Delegates does support free-settlement areas, for example Cato Crest in Cato Manor.

Regarding free-trade areas the Ministers' Council has accepted the principle of free-trade areas at all the larger centres and towns.

Lenasia South-East area: incorporation

55 Mr D K PADIACHEY asked the Minister of Local Government and Agriculture

(1) Whether he has made representations for the Lenasia South-East area to be (a) incorporated with Lenasia proper and (b) placed under the administration of the Johannesburg City Council, if not, why not, if so, (i) when, (ii) why, (iii) to whom, and (iv) what was the (a) purport of, and (b) response to these representations, in each case.

(2) whether Lenasia Extensions 10 and 11 are to be proclaimed free-settlement areas during the course of 1990, if not, (a) why not and (b) when is it anticipated that it will be so proclaimed, if so, what are the relevant details?

The MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND AGRICULTURE

(1) (a) and (b) Yes

D239E

HOUSE OF DELEGATES
security, and in general would tend to diminish the awareness of the harmful influences of these substances

It is reasonable to adopt the rule that advertising should only be considered permissible as long as it is ethically fully responsible

Own Affairs

Ministerial Representatives' telephones

52 Mr H M NEERAHHO asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services,
(1) (a) What amount was paid by the Administration House of Delegates for the use of telephones by each of the Ministerial Representatives in their residences in (i) Natal and (ii) the Transvaal during the period 1 January 1990 up to the latest specified date for which figures are available and (b) what was the cost of the use of telephones by each of these Ministerial Representatives in their offices in (i) Natal and (ii) the Transvaal during the same period,

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

1 (a) Residences in

(i) Natal 1 January 1990 to 30 April 1990
Ministerial Representative M Rapoo R457,18
Ministerial Representative S E Mansoor R298,80

(ii) Transvaal 1 January 1990 to 30 April 1990
No claims for telephone expenditure were received from Ministerial Representative Reverend Reddy for the said period

(b) Offices in

(i) Natal 1 January 1990 to 30 April 1990
Ministerial Representative M Rapoo R1 060,74
Ministerial Representative S E Mansoor R449,67

(ii) Transvaal 1 January 1990 to 30 April 1990
Ministerial Representative Reverend Reddy R371,04

Entertainment expenses incurred from 1 January 1990 to 31 May 1990
Ministerial Representative M Rapoo R390,45
Ministerial Representative S E Mansoor R432,23
Ministerial Representative Reverend Reddy R 44,41

INTERPELLATIONS UNDER NAME OF MEMBER

Abraham, Mr M—
Own Affairs
Education and Culture, 1351, 1651

Andrew, Mr K M—
General Affairs
Education, 61
Own Affairs
Education and Culture, 90, 830, 1638

Brower, Mr A A B—
General Affairs
Agriculture, 1407
Own Affairs
Agricultural Development, 706, 1334

Burrows, Mr R M—
Own Affairs
Education and Culture, 569, 1214, 1440

Carlisle, Mr R V—
General Affairs
Planning and Provincial Affairs, 1190

Charlwood, Mrs C H—
General Affairs
Finance, 670

Chetty, Mr K—
General Affairs
Mineral and Energy Affairs and Public Enterprises, 933
Own Affairs
Education and Culture, 739

Coetzee, Mr B J—
Own Affairs
Health Services, Welfare and Housing, 196

de Jager, Adv C D—
General Affairs
Justice, 1
Law and Order, 157

Edih, Mr C W—
General Affairs
Constitutional Development, 1716
Foreign Affairs, 408

Ella, Mr M J—
General Affairs
National Health and Population Development, 7
Own Affairs
Health Services, Welfare and Housing, 324

Gerber, Mr A—
Own Affairs
Education and Culture, 32, 1019, 1554

Goodall, Mr B B—
Own Affairs
Health Services, Welfare and Housing, 1847

Herandile, Mr C B—
Own Affairs
Housing, 213
Local Government and Agriculture, 218, 595

Isaacs, Mr N M—
General Affairs
Law and Order, 919
Own Affairs
Education and Culture, 1493
Delegates in harassment link

By Shehnaaz Bulbulia

The House of Delegates (HoD) was yesterday linked to the harassment of squatters in Lenasia extension 9. Squatters alleged that security men in an unmarked blue Toyota pointed firearms at them and destroyed five shacks on Monday.

The Smer traced the vehicles to Securitas (also known as Fearless Security Systems) in Johannesburg and was told that the company was hired by the HoD. Securitas denied the allegations.

The HoD confirmed that Securitas was hired to monitor the area.

Squatter representatives referred the matter to the police. Lieutenant L Govender of the Lenasia police said the case was receiving attention.
ALGEMENE KENNISGEWINGS

KENNISGEWING 595 VAN 1990
ADMINISTRASIE: RAAD VAN AFGEVAARDIGDES
DEPARTEMENT VAN PLAASLIKE BESTUUR, BEHUISING EN LANDBOU
WET OP BEHUISINGSONTWIKKELING (RAAD VAN AFGEVAARDIGDES), 1987 (WET NO. 4 VAN 1987)
SAMESTELLING VAN DIE RAAD OP BEHUISINGSONTWIKKELING

Soos bepaal in artikel 3 (4) van die Wet op Behuisingsontwikkeling (Raad van Afgevaardigdes), 1987 (Wet No. 4 van 1987), word vir algemene inligting bekendgemaak dat die Minister van Behuising, Raad van Afgevaardigdes, kragtens die bevoegdheid aan hom verleen ingevolge artikels 3 (1), 3 (2), 4 (1) en 7 (1) van genoemde Wet, die ondergenoemde persoon in die hoedanigheid aangedui aangestel het om 'n vakteure wat ontstaan het vir die tydperk gecoördineer 31 Maart 1991 te vul:

Uitvoerende lid:
Mr. D. Naicker (m i.v. 2 Julie 1990).
(27 Julie 1990)

KENNISGEWING 596 VAN 1990
VERGADERINGS VAN KOMITEE
DINSADAG, 31 JULIE 1990
Gesamentlike Komitee oor Ongewen, Mineraal-en Energisake [W 28—90 (AS)], Komiteekamer 164, Uniongebou, Pretoria, 11.00
WOENSDAG, 1, tot DONDERDAG, 2 AUGUSTUS 1990
Gesamentlike Komitee oor Ongewen, Mineraal-en Energisake [W 28—90 (AS)], Komiteekamer 164, Uniongebou, Pretoria, 09.00
MAANDAG, 13 AUGUSTUS 1990
Gesamentlike Komitee oor Provisionale Sake: Natal [Koneproklamates], Ou Provisionale Raadsaal, Pietermaritzburg, 09.00
(27 Julie 1990)

KENNISGEWING 600 VAN 1990
ADMINISTRASIE: VOLKSSRAAD
DEPARTEMENT VAN LANDBOU-ONTWIKKELING
KENNISGEWING VAN VERGADERING VAN SKULDEISERS KRAGTENS ARTIKEL 22 (1) VAN DIE WET OP LANDBOUKREDIET, 1966
Hierby word 'n vergadering van ondergenoemde applikant en sy skuldeisers op die plek en datum hieronder genoem, in die aanwezigheid van die skuldeisers, in staat te stel om hul vorderings teen die applikant te bewys en 'n skikking voorstel van die Landboukredietraad te voorweeg.

J. H. RADEMEYER,
Direkteur: Direktoor Finansiele Bystand,
Departement van Landbou-ontwikkeling.

(27 Julie 1990)

GENERAL NOTICES

NOTICE 595 OF 1990
ADMINISTRATION: HOUSE OF DELEGATES
DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT,
HOUSING AND AGRICULTURE
HOUSING DEVELOPMENT ACT (HOUSE OF DELEGATES), 1987 (ACT NO. 4 OF 1987)
CONSTITUTION OF THE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT BOARD

In terms of section 3 (4) of the Housing Development Act (House of Delegates), 1987 (Act No. 4 of 1987), notice is hereby given for general information that the Minister of Housing, House of Delegates, by virtue of the powers vested in him under sections 3 (1), 3 (2), 4 (1) and 7 (1) of the said Act, has appointed a person in the capacity reflected to fill the vacancy that has arisen for the term ending 31 March 1991:

Executive member:
Mr. D. Naicker (w.e.f. 2 July 1990)
(27 July 1990)

NOTICE 596 OF 1990
MEETINGS OF COMMITTEE
TUESDAY, 31 JULY 1990
Joint Committee on Environment, Mineral and Energy Affairs [B 28—90 (GA)], Committee Room 164, Union Buildings, Pretoria, 11:00
WEDNESDAY, 1 TO THURSDAY, 2 AUGUST 1990
Joint Committee on Environment, Mineral and Energy Affairs [B 28—90 (GA)], Committee Room 164, Union Buildings, Pretoria, 9.00
MONDAY, 13 AUGUST 1990
Joint Committee on Provincial Affairs Natal [Draft Proclamations], Old Provincial Chamber, Pietermaritzburg, 09.00
(27 July 1990)

NOTICE 600 OF 1990
ADMINISTRATION: HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT
NOTICE OF MEETING OF CREDITORS IN TERMS OF SECTION 22 (1) OF THE AGRICULTURAL CREDIT ACT, 1966

A meeting of the undermentioned applicant and his creditors is hereby convened at the place and date mentioned hereunder for the purpose of enabling creditors to prove their claims against the applicant and of considering a proposal for a compromise by the Agricultural Credit Board.

J. H. RADEMEYER,
Director: Directorate Financial Assistance, Department of Agricultural Development.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Aanlokk van Application by</th>
<th>Plek van byeenkoms Place of meeting</th>
<th>Datum en tyd Date and time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engelseit Lennert Louw van die plaas/af the farm Mimoa, Postbus P O Box 436, Worcester, 6850</td>
<td>Kantoor van die Landdros/Magistrate’s Offices, Worcester</td>
<td>7 September 1990 om/et 09 00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(27 Julie 1990)
NATAL POLITICS 24/11/70

The vital vote

A simmering war of words between an alliance of MPs — in the House of Representatives and House of Delegates — and Durban City Council has caused a series of amendments to city bylaws to be blocked at provincial level.

The MPs, from the Labour, Solidarity and National People’s parties, say they will continue to prevent any laws affecting Durban being passed until the council accommodates members of the city’s four Local Affairs Committees (LAC) into municipal decision-making process. LAC members have an advisory role only on councils.

For city bylaws to be amended or new bylaws to be passed they have to go through a Parliamentary Joint Committee on Provincial Affairs. This is where, last week, the alliance of MPs from Natal prevented a draft proclamation going through.

Besides saying they will keep doing this until LAC members get full councillor status, NPP leader Amchand Rajbansi says a pact will also be formed with Indian and coloured provincial executive committee members to make sure no legislation is passed. This will effectively mean that Durban cannot alter a single bylaw. Mayor Derek Watterson hit back by saying the problem could be overcome partially (through proclamations) for a limited period.

He is particularly bitter about the MPs’ action — saying there is nothing the council can do to alter the status of LAC members — though he agrees they should have full standing on the council. “As a member of the executive committee in 1978 I supported legislation to include LAC members on the council, but this was turned down by central government,” Watterson says.

Replying to a claim by Rajbansi, that the council could again submit a recommendation to province, Watterson says this is no longer possible because there are no longer provincial councils and because members of the executive committee are now nominated by the State. “It is up to the province, or parliament itself, to change the standing of LAC members, and in this regard Rajbansi is as guilty as anybody else,” says Watterson.

“As a member of parliament he and the other MPs are in a position to effect the necessary change. As a city councillor I am not in that position.”

Resourceful Rajbansi

Rajbansi, a resourceful politician, has other solutions. The least feasible, however, is for the council to apply for the whole of Durban to become a Free Settlement Area.

More practical is the method adopted by Maritzburg City Council which gives LAC members an unofficial vote though, technically, they have no real standing. In effect, though, it means they can influence the outcome of a decision debated by council.

The row between councillors and MPs is fast developing into a stinging match. Watterson condemns the blanket action as the grossest irresponsibility. Rajbansi responds by accusing the council of hiding behind a liberal face while not being prepared to change along with national developments.
The department of education and culture of the House of Delegates has introduced cost-saving measures in a cutback on funds for education.

Education Minister Dr K Rayoo said in a statement that strict control was to be exercised over the provision of free stationery to pupils, the rands-for-rands subsidy was to be temporarily stopped and funding for the acquisition of library resources was to be made available to recently opened schools only.

The measures were adopted to prevent the retrenchment of 2700 educators, the curtailment of the school-building programme, parents from having to purchase textbooks and stationery, and the withdrawal of free transport.
Talking about talks about talks

TO negotiate or not to negotiate? That is the question an increasing number of South African political parties and organisations have had to grapple with since February 2 when President de Klerk changed the face and direction of South African politics with his bold announcements.

For a number of organisations to the Left and Right of the ruling National Party (NP) the decision has not been easy to make, and consequently pro- and anti-talks rhetoric has abounded as different organisations cautiously seek their followers' views.

Predictably, the Right charged vociferously that the Government was selling whites out and that they would, therefore, have nothing to do with the much-touted about negotiations, while extra-parliamentary organisations on the Left remained suspicious of the Government's newfound liberalism and were consequently wary of negotiations.

But if the flux in which Mr de Klerk had plunged South African politics was not readily understood by the NP's foes, it was welcomed by those parties operating within the 1983 tripartite parliamentary system. Parties in the Houses of Delegates and Representatives boasted that their involvement in the system was vindicated and that South Africa was finally on the road to democracy, thanks to their political foresight.

Eight months after the February 2 speech, not all organisations have made up their minds regarding participation in negotiations.

Of the three major liberation movements in the country, at least one, the African National Congress (ANC), is already involved in talks with the Government. A few weeks after ANC deputy president Nelson Mandela's historic 10-hour, 11-hour, the ANC national executive committee met in Zambia and decided to send a delegation to South Africa to hold talks with the Government.

It is now history that the ANC has held at least two high-profile meetings with the Government, yielding the Groote Schuur Minute, and the Pretoria Minute respectively.

Eager to bring the Pan Africanist Congress (PAC) and the Azapo People's Organisation into the fold, the Government issued invitations to these organisations asking them to become involved in exploratory talks with a view to getting real negotiations off the ground as early as next year.

Azapo has rejected the invitation, thus prompting Constitutional Relations Minister Dr Gerrit Viljoen to say events leading up to the negotiation of a new constitution were gathering momentum and Azapo was 'marginalising or excluding itself from this process.

After holding a three-day consultative conference in Harare, Zimbabwe, to discuss the talks' invitation, the external and internal leadership of the PAC referred the matter to various PAC branches and structures in the country for exhaustive discussion.

However, the Government is assured of the involvement of homeland leaders, the coloured and Indian parties in the tripartite Parliament and organisations like Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi's Inkatha Freedom Party (IFP) in negotiations.

In the House of Assembly, the Democratic Party (DP), fierce advocates of negotiations and western-style democracy for many years, is patiently waiting for the right moment to take its place at the negotiating table. The same, however, cannot be said of the official Opposition, the Conservative Party (CP), which has always insisted it would never talk to either the ANC or communists.

Along with Azapo and the CP, are smaller, lesser-known extra-parliamentary organisations like the Workers' Organisation for a Socialist Azania (Wosa), the New Unity Movement (NUM), the Afrikaanse Weerstands beweging (AWB), the Blanke Boerdyingsbeweging (BBB), the Boerestaat Party and countless others which, presently reject negotiations...
(c) the owner of the erf on which such accumulation, dumping, storing or depositing takes place, whether or not he is responsible therefor, or

(d) the owner of the erf on which there is an overgrowth of bush, weeds, grass or vegetation, requiring such persons or owners to dispose of, destroy or remove such material, article or thing or to clear such overgrowth to the satisfaction of the council within a period of 14 days from the date of such notice or such further period as the council may grant on written application

(2) In the event of the owner failing to comply with the requirements of a notice served on him in terms of section 4 (1) within 14 days of the date of such notice, the council may, at the expense of the owner, instead of instituting a prosecution through its employees or contractors, together with any assistants and advisers who may be required, forthwith enter upon such premises and clear from such premises any such trees, bushes, weeds, grass, stones and rubble or inflammable matter. The cost of such work shall be recoverable by the council in any court of competent jurisdiction from the owner in default.

5 Every person engaged in building operations, road construction or construction work of any nature shall, when required to do so, provide adequate sanitary accommodation for himself and his employees to the satisfaction of and in accordance with any requirements specified by the council.

6 No person shall, without the permission of the council, occupy or permit to be occupied for human habitation a caravan, tent or other similar shelter of any description except on an authorised camping or caravan site controlled by the council or otherwise licensed in terms of the Licences Ordinance, 1961 (Ordinance No 17 of 1981): Provided that a caravan, tent or shelter parked or erected on a private residential site on which has been erected a dwelling with all the necessary ablution and toilet facilities may be used for the temporary accommodation of visitors for a period not exceeding 30 days

7. Any person contravening any provision of the foregoing sections or failing to carry out any order lawfully given thereunder, shall be guilty of an offence and upon conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding R100 or imprisonment for a period not exceeding three months.

ADMINISTRATION: HOUSE OF DELEGATES

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

No. R. 2576 9 November 1990

REGULATIONS UNDER THE INDIANS EDUCATION ACT, 1965 (ACT No. 61 OF 1965)

The Minister of Education and Culture has, under section 31 of the Indians Education Act, 1965 (Act No. 61 of 1965), made the regulations contained in the Schedule hereto.

(c) die eienaar van die erf waarop sodanige ophoping, aflaai, opberging of storting plaasvind, ongeag of hy daarvoor verantwoordelik is of nie, of

(d) die eienaar van die erf wat met bosse, onkruid, gras of plantgroei oorgroei is, waann daar van sodanige persone of eenaars veres word om sodanige matenaal, voorwerp of ding weg te doen, te vernietig of te verwys of om sodanige oorgroei sel en genoeg van die raad te verwys by die "'tydperk van 14 dae vanaf die datum van sodanige kennisgewing of binne die verdere tydperk wat die raad op skriftelike aanmoedigting toestaan

(2) Ingeval die eienaar in gebreke bly om binne 14 dae vanaf die datum van sodanige kennisgewing wat ingevolge artikel 4 (1) aan hom beteken word, aan die vereistes van sodanige kennisgewing te voldoen, kan die raad, op koste van die eienaar, in plaas daarvan om 'n vervolging in te stel deur middel van sy werk- nemers of aannemers, tsesame met enige assistente en raadgawers wat nodig is, sodanige perseel onmiddellik betree en enige sodanige bome, bosse, onkruid, gras, kippie en puin of vlambare stowwe vanaf sodanige perseel verwys. Die koste van sodanige werk is in enige bevoegde hof deur die raad verhaalbaar op die eienaar wat in gebreke bly.

5 Iedereen wat met bouwerk, padbou of konstruksiewerk van enige aard besig is, moet wanneer dit van hom verlies word, voldoende sanitêre genuiwe vir horn en sy werknemers verskaf ten genoe van en coreen- komsig enige vereistes gestel deur die raad

6. Niemand mag sonder die toestemming van die raad 'n woonwaa, tent of ander soortgelike betrekking van enige aard vir menslike bewoning okeupere of toe- laat dat dit daarvoor geookupeer word nie, behalwe op 'n gemagtigde woonwa- of kampeerterrein wat deur die raad beheer word of andersom ingevolge die Ordon- nansie op Lisesensie, 1981 (Ordonnansie No 17 van 1981), gelisenser. Met dien verstande dat 'n woonwa, tent of betrekking wat gepark of opgerig is op 'n privaat woonperseel waarop 'n woning met al die nodige was- en toiletgenewes opgerig is, vir 'n tydperk van hoogstens 30 dae vir die tydelike huisvesting van besoekers gebruik kan word

7. Iedereen wat enige bepaling van die voorafgaande artikels oortrede of versuum om 'n lasgewing wat wetty daarakragtens gegee is, uit te voer, is skuldig aan 'n misderyf en by skuldigbevinding strafoor met 'n boete van hoogstens R100 of gevangenisstraf vir 'n tydperk van hoogstens drie maande.

ADMINISTRASIE: RAAD VAN AFGEVAARDIGDES.

DEPARTEMENT VAN ONDERWYS EN KULTUUR

No. R. 2576 9 November 1990

REGULASIES KRAGTENS DIE WET OP ONDERWYS VIR INDIERS, 1965 (WET NO 61 VAN 1965)

Die Minister van Onderwys en Kultuur het kragsreglement 31 van die Wet op Onderwys vir Indiers, 1965 (Wet No. 61 van 1965)-die regulasies in die Bylae hiervan vervat, uitgevaardig
SCHEDULE
REGULATIONS RELATING TO THE EDUCATION ADVISORY COUNCIL

Definitions
1. In these regulations any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the Act shall bear that meaning and, unless the context otherwise indicates—
   "Chairman" means the chairman of the Council,
   "Council" means the Education Advisory Council referred to in regulation 2;
   "the Act" means the Indians Education Act, 1965 (Act No. 61 of 1965)

Establishment of education advisory council
2. A council is hereby established, to be known as the Education Advisory Council.

Constitution of the Council
3. The Council shall consist of not less than five and not more than 20 members appointed by the Minister on such basis as may be determined by him

Qualifications of members of the Council
4. No person shall be appointed a member of the Council if—
   (a) he is not a South African citizen permanently resident in the Republic;
   (b) he is an unrehabilitated insolvent; or
   (c) he has been convicted of any offence for which he has been sentenced to imprisonment without the option of a fine.

Period of office of members of the Council
5. (1) Subject to regulation 6, a member of the Council shall hold office for such period not exceeding three years as the Minister may determine
   (2) If a member of the Council for any reason ceases to hold office the Minister may appoint a person in his place for the unexpired period of his term of office
   (3) A member of the Council may be reappointed at the expiration of his period of office.

Vacation of office by members of the Council
6. A member of the Council shall vacate his office if—
   (a) he becomes subject to any disqualification referred to in regulation 4;
   (b) he becomes mentally ill;
   (c) he has been absent from more than three consecutive meetings of the Council without leave of the Chairman;
   (d) he fails to comply with the standing orders of the Council;
   (e) the Minister at any time terminates his period of office if, in his opinion, good reasons exist therefor, or
   (f) he resigns.

Chairman of the Council
7. (1) The Minister shall designate one of the members of the Council as Chairman.
   (2) Whenever the Chairman is absent from any meeting of the Council the members present shall elect one of their number to preside at that meeting, and the person so elected may, during that meeting, perform all the functions and exercise all the powers of the Chairman.

BYLAE
REGULASIES MET BETREKKING TOT DIE ONDERWYSADVIESRAAD

Woordomskrywing
1. In hierdie regulasies het 'n woord of utdrukking waaraan in die Wet 'n betekenis geheg is, daardie betekenis en, tensy uit die samehang anders blyk, beteken—
   "die Wet" die Wet op Onderwys vir Indiërs, 1965 (Wet No. 61 van 1965),
   "Raad" die Onderwysadviesraad bedoel in regulase 2,
   "Voorsitter" die voorsitter van die Raad

Instelling van onderwysadviesraad
2. 'n Raad word hierby ingestel wat die Onderwysadviesraad heet.

Samestelling van die Raad
3. Die Raad bestaan uit minstens vyf en hoogstens 20 lede deur die Minister aangestel op die grondslag deur hom bepaal.

Kwalifikasies van lede van die Raad
4. Niemand word as 'n lid van die Raad aangestel nie indien—
   (a) hy nie 'n Sud-Afrikaanse burger is wat permanent in die Republiek woonagting is nie,
   (b) hy 'n ongeregeldheid van die voorsitter afgegaan is; of
   (c) hy aan 'n misdryf skuldig bevind is waarvoor hy tot gevangenissentensin onder deur van 'n boete gevorm is

Ampstermy van lede van die Raad
5. (1) Behoudens regulase 6 bekleek 'n lid van die Raad sy amp vir die tydperk van hoogstens drie jaar wat die Minister bepaal.
   (2) Indien 'n lid van die Raad om enige rede ophou om sy amp te bekleek, kan die Minister 'n persoon in sy plek aanstel vir die onverstrekke tydperk van sy ampstermy
   (3) 'n Lid van die Raad kan by die verstrekking van sy ampstermy heraangestel word

Ontrolming van amp deur lede van die Raad
6. 'n Lid van die Raad ontrou in sy amp indien—
   (a) hy onderhewig word aan 'n onbevoegdheid in regulase 4 bedoel,
   (b) hy geestegesteld word,
   (c) hy sonder verlof van die Voorsitter afwees was van meer as drie agtereenvolgende vergaderings van die Raad;
   (d) hy versuur om die reglement van orde van die Raad na te kom,
   (e) die Minister te enger tyd sy ampstermy beëindig indien daar na sy oordeel grondige redes daarvoor bestaan, of
   (f) hy bedank

Voorsitter van die Raad
7. (1) Die Minister wys een van die lede van die Raad as Voorsitter aan
   (2) Wanneer die Voorsitter afwees is van 'n vergadering van die Raad, kies die aanweesige lede iemand uit hul geledere om op daardie vergadering voor te sit, en die persoon aldus gekies, kan gedurende daardie vergadering al die werksonthede van die Voorsitter verrig en al sy bevoegdheede uitoefen.
Meetings of the Council

8 (1) Meetings of the Council shall be held at such times and places as the Council or, if authorised there- to by the Minister, the Chairman may determine.

(2) No person who is not a member of the Council or who has not been invited by the Council to attend a meeting of the Council in an advisory capacity shall be permitted to be present at a meeting of the Council.

(3) No person attending a meeting of the Council in an advisory capacity shall have the right to vote at such meeting.

Quorum

9 Half of the members of the Council plus one member shall constitute a quorum for a meeting of the Council.

Decisions

10. A decision of the majority of the members of the Council present at a meeting of the Council, other than the presiding member, shall constitute a decision of the Council and, in the event of an equality of votes, the presiding member shall have a casting vote.

Rules of procedure

11. Subject to the provisions of these regulations, the Council may make standing orders in connection with the procedure at its meetings, the establishment, constitution and powers of committees of the Council and the meetings of these committees. Provided that the Council shall not appoint any person, other than a member of the Council, a member of such a committee without the prior written approval of the Minister.

Dissolution of the Council or a committee

12. The Minister may at any time dissolve the Council or a committee thereof if, in his opinion, good reasons exist therefor.

Powers and functions of the Council

13 (a) The Council—

(b) shall, at the request of the Minister, advise him on any matter referred to it by the Minister and may advise the Minister on any matter which, in its opinion, may contribute to the achieving of the objects of the Act,

(c) shall, at the request of the Minister, inquire into and report to the Minister upon the adequacy or otherwise of educational facilities and related matters in any area indicated by the Minister,

(d) or a committee thereof, may, in the performance of its functions, consult with any person or State institution, and may for such purpose establish consultative committees consisting of members of the Council.

Minutes of meetings

14. (1) The secretarial work incidental to the performance of the functions of the Council shall be performed by such person as the Minister may designate.

(2) The Chairman shall, as soon as may be practicable after a meeting of the Council, submit a copy of the minutes of the meeting to the Minister.

Withdrawal

15. The regulations promulgated under Government Notice No. R. 3974 of 7 November 1969 are hereby withdrawn.

Vergaderings van die Raad

8 (1) Vergaderings van die Raad word gehou op die bye en plekke wat die Raad of, indien deur die Minister daartoe gemagtig, die Voorstitter bepaal.

(2) Iemand wat nie 'n lid van die Raad is nie of wat nie op uitnodiging van die Raad 'n vergadering van die Raad in 'n adviserende hoedanigheid bywoon nie, word nie toegelaat om op 'n vergadering van die Raad teenwoordig te wees nie.

(3) Iemand wat 'n vergadering van die Raad in 'n adviserende hoedanigheid bywoon, het nie stemreg op sodanige vergadering nie.

Kworum

9 Die helfte van die lede van die Raad plus een lid maak 'n kworum vir 'n vergadering van die Raad uit.

Besluite

10. 'n Besluit van die meerderheid van die lede van die Raad wat op 'n vergadering van die Raad aanwesig is, behalwe die voorstittende lid, maak 'n besluit van die Raad uit, en by 'n staking van stemme het die voorstittende lid 'n beslissende stem.

Prosedurereëls

11. Behoudens die bepaalings van hierdie regulasies kan die Raad 'n reglement van orde opstel in verband met die procedure op sy vergaderings, die instelling, samestelling en bevoegdhede van komites van die Raad en die procedure op vergaderings van sodanige komites. Met dien verstande dat die Raad geen, behalwe 'n lid van die Raad, sonder die vooraf verkry skriftelike goedkeuring van die Minister as lid van so 'n komitee aansien nie.

Ontbinding van die Raad of 'n komitee

12. Die Minister kan die Raad of 'n komitee daarvan te enger tyd ontbind indien daar na sy oordeel grondige redes daarvoor bestaan.

Bevoegdhede en werksaamhede van Raad

13. Die Raad—

(a) moet op versoek van die Minister hom adviseer oor enige aangeneemheid wat hy na die Raad verwys en kan die Minister adviseer oor enige aangeneemheid wat na die Raad se oordeel kan bydra tot die berekening van die oogmerke van die Wet,

(b) moet op versoek van die Minister onderzoek instel na en aan die Minister verslag doen oor die toereikendheid al dan nie van opvoedkundige geneue en verwante aangeneemhede in 'n gebied deur die Minister aangedui,

(c) of 'n komitee daarvan, kan by die vergneng van sy werksaamhede enige persoon of Statiesinstelling raadpleeg, en kan vir sodanige doel raadpleegende komites bestaande uit lede van die Raad instel.

Notules van vergaderings

14. (1) Die sekretaes se werk verbonde aan die vergneng van die werksaamhede van die Raad word deur die persoon wat die Minister aanwy, verrig.

(2) Die Voorstitter is so gou doenlik na 'n vergadering van die Raad 'n afskrif van die notule van die vergadering aan die Minister voor.

Hernoeping

15. Die regulasies afgekondig deur Goowermentskennisgewing No. R. 3974 van 7 November 1969 word hierby hernoep.
'Most coloureds will back NP ahead of the ANC'

By Kaizer Nyatsumba
Political Staff

President F W de Klerk could count on the support of "the vast majority" of coloured and Indian voters to beat the ANC in a general election, according to an article in the latest issue of SA Dialogue.

The article, headlined "De Klerk's bold campaign to capture the black vote", said the overwhelming majority of coloureds and Indians would vote for the National Party against the high-profile ANC, thus perpetuating the Nats' vice-like hold on power even in the "new South Africa".

Euphoria

SA Dialogue, which is edited by Gerry Pieterse, said the country's political emphasis had shifted now that "the euphoria of the Mandela myth", which swept across South Africa following Nelson Mandela's release, had abated.

The journal said the ANC was still struggling to increase its "non-African membership" in the western Cape.

"The movement appears to be attracting little enthusiasm from coloureds beyond those who originally signed up when Mandela fever was at its peak.

"However, even these early converts are no longer flashing their ANC membership cards in polite company.

"Analysts observing the political mood among the coloured and Indian populations have concluded that certain factors have influenced this increasingly umbilical shift from 'amandla' politics to realpolitik," the journal said.

It quoted two Labour Party members of the President's Council, Peter Marais and Billy Ross, who said the NP stood a good chance of springing a surprise on the ANC in a general election by wooing into its ranks coloureds, Indians and "moderate Africans".

Mr Marais believed coloureds had "everything in common with the Afrikaner and very little with the tribal traditions of blacks".

GOVERNMENT NOTICES

ADMINISTRATION: HOUSE OF DELEGATES

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

No. R. 2753 30 November 1990

REGULATIONS UNDER THE INDIANS EDUCATION ACT, 1965 (ACT No 61 OF 1965)

The Minister of Education and Culture has, under section 33 of the Indians Education Act, 1965 (Act No. 61 of 1965), made the regulations contained in the Schedule.

SCHEDULE

REGULATIONS RELATING TO THE ADMISSION OF PERSONS TO STATE AND STATE-AIDED PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS

ARRANGEMENT OF REGULATIONS

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GOEWERMENSKENNISGEWINGS

ADMINISTRASIE: RAAD VAN AFGEVAARDIGDES

DEPARTEMENT VAN ONDERWYS EN KULTUUR

No. R. 2753 30 November 1990

REGULASIES KRAETGENS DIE WET OP ONDERWYS VIR INDIERS, 1965 (WET NO 61 VAN 1965)

Die Minister van Onderwys en Kultuur het krategens artikel 33 van die Wet op Onderwys vir Indiers, 1965 (Wet No. 61 van 1965), die regulasies in die Bylae vervat, uitgevaardig.

BYLAE

REGULASIES BETREEFENDE DIE TOELATING VAN PERSONE TOT STAAT- EN STAATSONDERSTEUNDE PRIMÆRE EN SEKONDÆRE SKOLE

INDELING VAN REGULASIES

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Definitions

1. In these regulations any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the Act shall have the meaning so assigned to it and, unless the context otherwise indicates—

"Act" means the Indians Education Act, 1985 (Act No. 61 of 1985);
"calendar year", in relation to a school, means a period from 1 January to 31 December, inclusive;
"Head of Education" means the person contemplated in section 2 of the Act;
"parent", in relation to a child, includes any guardian and any person in whose custody the child has been lawfully placed;
"prescribed form" means any form determined and furnished by the Department;
"principal", in relation to a school, means the head of the school, and includes any person acting in that capacity at the school;
"pupil" means any person admitted to a school in terms of these regulations;
"school" means a State or State-aided primary or secondary school, and includes any class established at such school;
"school term", in relation to a school, means a subdivision of a calendar year as determined by the Head of Education.

Requirements for admission

2. (1) Except with the approval of the Head of Education, no person under the age of six years shall be admitted to any school: Provided that a person may, in the year in which he attains the age of six years, be admitted to a school if his birthday falls before the first day of July.

(2) Except with the prior approval of the Head of Education, no person shall be admitted to or be allowed to remain as a pupil at any school after the end of the year in which such person has reached the age of 19 years.

(3) Except with the prior approval of the Head of Education, no person above the age of 16 years shall be allowed to remain as a pupil at any school in any standard below Standard 7.

(4) Except with the approval of the Head of Education, no handicapped child shall be admitted to any ordinary class in any school.

(5) No person shall be admitted to any school after the last day of February of any calendar year, except—
(a) where a person is, for reasons acceptable to the Head of Education, unable to attend school during such period, in which event such person may on application be admitted at a later stage during the relevant year; or
(b) where a person is admitted in the course of the year on transfer from another school.

(6) No person shall be admitted to a school unless the principal is satisfied that—
(a) the necessary classroom accommodation is available,
(b) the person can be easily assimilated into the relevant class; and
(c) the admission of the person is not prejudicial to the interests of the school on the grounds of morals or health.

Woordomskrywing

1. In hierdie regulasies het 'n woord of uitdrukking waaraan in die Wet 'n betekenis geheg is, die betekenis aldis daaraan geheg en, tensy u die samehang anders blyk, beteken—

"kalenderjaar", met betrekking tot 'n skool, 'n tydperk van 1 Januarie tot en met 31 Desember;
"leerling" enige persoon wat kragtens hierdie regulasies tot 'n skool toegelaat is,
"Onderwyshoof" die persoon in artikel 2 van die Wet beoog;
"ouer", met betrekking tot 'n kind, ook enige voog en enige persoon in wie se bewaring die kind wetig geplaas is,
"pronspaal", met betrekking tot 'n skool, die hoof van die skool, en ook enige persoon wat in daardie hoëdangheid deur die skool waarneem;
"skool" 'n Staat- of Staatsondersteunde primêre of sekondêre skool, en ook enige klas by sodanige skool ingestel,
"skooltermyn", met betrekking tot 'n skool, 'n onderverdeling van 'n kalenderjaar soos bepaal deur die Onderwyshoof,
"voorgeskree fynkortemyn" enige vorm wat deur die Departement bepaal en verskaf word,
"Wet" die Wet op Onderwys vir Indiërs, 1965 (Wet No. 61 van 1965).

Vereistes vir toelating

2. (1) Behalwe met die goedkeuring van die Onderwyshoof, mag geen persoon onder die ouderdom van ses jaar tot enig skool toegelaat word nie: Met dien verstande dat 'n persoon in die jaar waarin hy die ouderdom van ses jaar bereik, tot 'n skool toegelaat kan word indien hy voor die eerste dag van Julie verjaar.

(2) Behalwe met die vooraf verkree goedkeuring van die Onderwyshoof, mag geen persoon na die einde van die jaar waarin sodanige persoon die ouderdom van 19 jaar bereik het, tot enig skool toegelaat word nie of as leerling in enig skool aanbly nie.

(3) Behalwe met die vooraf verkree goedkeuring van die Onderwyshoof, mag geen persoon bo die ouderdom van 18 jaar as leerling in enig skool in 'n standaard benede stand 7 aanbly nie.

(4) Behalwe met die goedkeuring van die Onderwyshoof, mag geen afwykende kind tot 'n gewone klas in enig skool toegelaat word nie.

(5) Geen persoon mag na die laaste dag van Februari van enige kalenderjaar tot enig skool toegelaat word nie, behalwe—

(a) waar 'n persoon om redes wat vir die Onderwyshoof aaneenskynlik is, nie gedurende sodanige tydperk een skool kan bywoon nie, in welke geval sodanige persoon op 'n later tydperk in die betrokke jaar op aansoek toegelaat kan word, of
(b) waar 'n persoon in die loop van die jaar met oorplasing vanaf 'n ander skool toegelaat word.

(6) Geen persoon mag tot 'n skool toegelaat word nie tensy die pronspaal kortig is dat—

(a) die nodige klaskamerkommodasie beskikbaar is;
(b) die persoon maklik by die betrokke klas sal inpassel, en
(c) die toelating van die persoon nie om redes van sedelikheid of gesondheid nadelig vir die belange van die skool is nie.
(7) If any person is refused admission to a school in terms of subregulation (6), the principal shall notify the parent of the person in writing of such refusal and the parent may, within 30 days after he has been so notified, appeal in writing against such refusal to the Head of Education, whose decision shall be final.

Application for admission to a school

3. Application for admission of any person to a school shall be made by a parent to the principal on the prescribed application form and such parent shall, at the request of the principal, produce such written or other proof as the principal may deem necessary to establish the accuracy of information furnished in the application form.

Areas for admission to particular schools

4. When a school has been established or is to be established, the Head of Education may determine a feeder area for the purposes of the admission of children to that school and he may order that preference of admission to that school be granted to any person under circumstances relating to such feeder area set out by him. Provided that in the case of any State-aided school, any aforementioned decision shall be taken in consultation with the governing body of such school. Provided further that the Head of Education shall in writing inform any relevant school of any such decision.

Transfer of pupils from one school to another

5. (1) The provisions of regulations 2 and 3 of these regulations shall apply mutatis mutandis in respect of any pupil who applies for admission to a school on transfer from another school.

(2) A request for the transfer of a pupil from one school to another shall be made by his parent in person or in writing to the principal of the school last attended by such pupil.

(3) Upon receipt of the request contemplated in subregulation (2), the principal of the school from which the transfer is requested shall furnish the parent with the prescribed form of transfer duly completed.

(4) The parent of a pupil transferred to another school shall furnish the principal of such other school with the completed form of transfer referred to in subregulation (3).

6. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of regulation 5 of these regulations, the Head of Education may transfer a pupil from one school to another if he is of the opinion that such a transfer is in the interests of the pupil or the school from which he is transferred.

(2) Due notice of the transfer of a pupil in terms of subregulation (1) shall be given to the parent of such a pupil.

School calendar, school-days and school-hours

7. (1) The Head of Education shall annually determine a school calendar showing the date of commencement and of closing of each school term and the number of school-days in each calendar year.

(7) Indien enige persoon kragtens subregulase (6) toelating tot 'n skool geweier word, stel die prinsipaal die ouer van die persoon skriftelik van sodanige weening in kennis en die ouer kan binne 30 dae na sodanige kennisgewing skriftelik ap pel teen sodanige weening by die Onderwyshoof aanteken, wie se beslissing afdoende is.

Aansoek om toelating tot 'n skool

3. Aansoek om toelating van enige persoon tot 'n skool moet deur 'n ouer by die prinsipaal gedoen word op die voorgeskrevé aansoekvorm en sodanige ouer moet op versoek van die prinsipaal sodanige skriflike of ander bewys lewer as wat die prinsipaal nodig het om die juistheid van se stel van inigting op die aansoekvorm verstrek.

Gebiede vir toelating tot bepaalde skole

4. Wanneer 'n skool ingesteld is of ingestel gaan word, kan die Onderwyshoof 'n voedingsgebied vir deeldeelde van die toelating van kinders tot daardie skool bepaal en kan hy gelas dat voorkeur van toelating tot daardie skool aan enige persoon verleen word in omstandighede met betrekking tot sodanige voedingsgebied deur hom uiteengestel. Met dien verstande dat in die geval van 'n Staatsondersteunde skool enige voorafgaande beslissing in ooreenkom met die bestuursliggaam van sodanige skool geneem moet word met dien verstande voorts dat die Onderwyshoof enige betrokke skool skriftelik van so 'n beslissing in kennis moet stel.

Oorplasing van leerlinge van een skool na 'n ander

5. (1) Die bepaling van regulasies 2 en 3 van hierdie regulasies is mutatis mutandis van toepassing ten opsigte van enige leerling wat aansoek doen om toelating tot 'n skool by oorplasing vanaf 'n ander skool.

(2) 'n Versoek om die oorplasing van 'n leerling van een skool na 'n ander moet persoonlik of skriftelik deur sy ouer geding word aan die prinsipaal van die skool wat laaste deur sodanige leerling bygewoon is.

(3) By ontvangs van die versoek in subregulase (2) beoog, moet die prinsipaal van die skool waarvandaan die oorplasing versoek word, die ouer voorstel van die voorgeskrewde oorplasing vorm wat behoorlik ingevolge is.

(4) Die ouer van 'n leerling wat na 'n ander skool oorgeplaas word, moet die ingevulde oorplasingvorm in subregulase (3) bedoel aan die prinsipaal van sodanige ander skool verstrek.

6. (1) Ondanks die bepaling van regulasie 5 van hierdie regulasies kan die Onderwyshoof 'n leerling van een skool na 'n ander oorplas indien hy van mening is dat so 'n oorplasing in die belang is van die leerling of van die skool waarvandaan hy oorgeplaas word.

(2) Behoorlike kennis van die oorplasing van 'n leerling kragtens subregulase (1) moet aan die ouer van so 'n leerling gegee word.

Skoolkalender, skooldae en skoolure

7. (1) Die Onderwyshoof bepaal jaarliks 'n skoolkalender waarin die aanvangs- en sluitingsdatum van elke skooltermyn en die getal skooldae in elke kalenderjaar aangedui word.
(2) Except with the approval of the Head of Education, there shall be no departure from the school calendar determined by him in terms of subregulation (1).

8. The duration of any school-day and the hours of instruction per week at any school shall be as determined by the Head of Education.

Medium of instruction

9. The medium of instruction at any school shall be the official language best understood by the majority of pupils. Provided that at any school where the medium of instruction is one of the official languages, the other official language shall be offered as a medium of instruction only if, in the opinion of the Head of Education, this is required by a sufficient number of pupils at such school.

Religious instruction

10. Except with the approval of the Minister, no religious instruction shall be given during normal school-hours at any school.

Control and discipline of pupils

11. (1) The principal shall be responsible for the maintenance of order and discipline at any school.

(2) Corporal punishment shall not be applied as a disciplinary measure at any school.

Suspension and expulsion of pupils

12. (1) If a pupil at a school behaves in a manner which is or may be prejudicial to the good name of the school, the maintenance of order and discipline at the school or the proper performance of the activities of the school, the principal may suspend such pupil from attendance at the school if, in the opinion of the principal, the offence committed by the pupil warrants such action.

(2) Before proceeding with action contemplated in subregulation (1), the principal may, if he deems it necessary, grant the parent of the pupil concerned an opportunity to make representations.

(3) When the principal has suspended a pupil in terms of subregulation (1) he shall—

(a) submit a comprehensive report thereon to the Head of Education, and

(b) notify that pupil's parent in writing of the suspension and advise him that a decision from the Head of Education in terms of subregulation (5) is being awaited.

(4) Except with the approval of the Head of Education, a pupil suspended in terms of subregulation (1) shall not be admitted to any other school while he is so suspended.

(5) On receipt of a report referred to in subregulation (3) (a), the Head of Education may—

(a) expel the pupil from the school in question,

(b) suspend the pupil for a further specified period during the same year,

(c) revoke the suspension and direct the principal to readmit the pupil, or

(d) take whatever other action he deems necessary.

(2) Behalwe met die goedkeuring van die Onderwyshoof, mag daar nie van die skoolkalender deur hom kragtens subregulase (1) bepaal, afgewy word nie.

8. Die duur van enige skooldag, en die onderwyse per week by enige skool, is soos deur die Onderwyshoof bepaal.

Medium van onderwyse

9. Die medium van onderwyse in enige skool is die amptelike taal wat die meerderheid van die leerlinge die beste verstaan. Met dien verstande dat in enige skool waar die medium van onderwyse een van die amptelike tale is, die ander amptelike taal as medium van onderwyse aangebied moet word slegs indien die Onderwyshoof van mening is dat 'n voldoende aantal leerlinge in sodanige skool dit vertert.

Godsdiensonderwys

10. Behalwe met die goedkeuring van die Minister, mag geen godsdienstonderwys gedurende normale skoolure in enige skool aangebied word nie.

Beheer en tereg van leerlinge

11. (1) Die prinsespaal is verantwoordelik vir die handhawing van orde en discipline by 'n skool.

(2) Lyfstraf mag nie as tegmaatregel by 'n skool toegepas word nie.

Skorsing en uitsetting van leerlinge

12. (1) Indien 'n leerling aan 'n skool kom om 'n wyse gedra wat die goeie naam van die skool, die handhawing van orde en discipline aan die skool of die behoorlike verrigting van die werkzaamhede van die skool benadeel of kan benadeel, kan die prinsespaal sodanige leerling van hy of hulle afbuiging van die skool skors indien die misdryf deur die leerling begea, na die mening van die prinsespaal sodanige optrede regverdig.

(2) Voordat hy op optrede beoog in subregulase (1) voortgaan, kan die prinsespaal, indien hy dit nodig ag, aan die ouer van die betrokke leerling 'n geleentheid bied om vertoe te rig.

(3) Wanneer die prinsespaal 'n leerling kragtens subregulase (1) geskors het, moet hy—

(a) 'n omvattend verslag daaroor by die Onderwyshoof indien;

(b) daardie leerling se ouer skriflik van die skorsing in kennis stel en hom mededeel dat 'n besluit kragtens subregulase (5) van die Onderwyshoof afgewag word.

(4) Behalwe met die goedkeuring van die Onderwyshoof, mag 'n leerling wat kragtens subregulase (1) geskors is, nie tot enige ander skool toegelaat word terwyl hy aldaar geskors is nie.

(5) Na ontvangs van 'n verslag in subregulase (3) (a), kan die Onderwyshoof—

(a) die leerling uit die betrokke skool sit, of

(b) die leerling vir 'n bepaalde verdere tydperk gedurende die selfde jaar skors, of

(c) die skorsing ophef en die prinsespaal gelaat om die leerling weer toe te laat, of

(d) sodanige ander stappe doen as wat hy nodig ag.
(6) In order to reach a decision for the purposes of subregulation (5), the Head of Education may—

(a) institute such investigation, or cause such investigation to be instituted, as he may deem necessary, and

(b) grant the pupil in question and his parent the opportunity to make representations.

13. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of regulation 12 of these regulations the Head of Education may, without prior notice to any person and without granting any person an opportunity to make representations, expel or suspend a pupil from the school to which he has been admitted if, in the opinion of the Head of Education, any conduct or action of the pupil poses a threat to law and order at the school or to the academic functioning of the school, and the Head of Education shall forthwith inform the parent or such action in writing.

(2) Except with the approval of the Head of Education, a pupil who has been expelled or suspended in terms of subregulation (1) shall not be readmitted to any school.

(3) The Head of Education may, at his discretion, withdraw any order issued in terms of subregulation (1).

14. If a pupil is suspended or expelled from a school in terms of these regulations, the parent of the pupil shall not be entitled to a refund of any fees paid or other expenses incurred nor be exempted from the payment of any moneys due.

15. Any person who is aggrieved by any action of the Head of Education under regulation 12 or 13 of these regulations may, within 21 days of such action, appeal to the Director-General who may confirm or set aside such action and whose decision shall be final.

Educational excursions and outings

16. Before any pupil is permitted to undertake a journey to any sports function or any other educational tour or outing away from the premises of the school which he attends, where such journey or tour or outing is organised by the school, the principal concerned shall obtain from the parent of any such pupil an indemnity in a format determined by the Head of Education.

Registers and records

17. The Head of Education shall determine the type of registers and records that shall be maintained at any school in respect of each pupil admitted to such school.

Repeal and commencement


subject to the condition that such building, land or premises in the areas defined in the Schedule hereto, may only be occupied or used for trading, commercial, professional or religious and educational purposes in terms of a town-planning scheme which is in operation or binding under any law in those areas.

Given under my Hand and the Seal of the Republic of South Africa at Pretoria this Tenth day of October, One thousand Nine hundred and Ninety.

F. W. DE KLERK,
State President

By Order of the State President-in-Cabinet

H. J. KRIEL,
Minister of the Cabinet.

**SCHEDULE**

DEPROCLAIMED AS WHITE GROUP AREA AND ESTABLISHED AS SECTION 19 FREE TRADING AREAS

Area DB/H3

(1) Erf 537, Queenstown, in its entirety

Area DB/H4

(2) Beginning at the southernmost beacon of Erf 7421, Queenstown; thence north-eastwards along the boundaries of the following erven so as to exclude them from this area: The said Erf 7421 and Erven 6476 and 6452, to the easternmost beacon of Erf 4663; thence south-westwards along the boundaries of the following erven so as to include them in this area: The said Erf 4663 and Erven 4664, 1280, 1277, across Factory Lane, and Erf 1283, to the westernmost beacon of the last-mentioned erv; thence north-westwards in a straight line to the southernmost beacon of the said Erf 7421, the point of beginning

SECTION 19 FREE TRADING AREA

Area H5

(3) Erf 2073, Queenstown, in its entirety.

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**GOVERNMENT NOTICES**

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**ADMINISTRATION: HOUSE OF DELEGATES**

DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT, HOUSING AND AGRICULTURE

No. 2689 23 November 1990

NOTICE BY THE MINISTER OF HOUSING IN THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES

LAPSING OF CONDITIONS OF TITLE AFFECTING THE DEVELOPMENT OF LAND

Under the powers vested in me by section 27 (1) of the Housing Development Act, 1987 (House of Delegates), Act No. 4 of 1987, I hereby direct that the conditions in title contained in the title deeds in respect of the

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**GOEDERENDEKINGSWINGS**

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**ADMINISTRASIE: RAAD VAN AFGEVAARDIGDES**

DEPARTEMENT VAN PLAASLIKE BESTUUR, BEHUISING EN LANDBOU

No. 2689 23 November 1990

KENNISGEWING VAN DIE MINISTER VAN BEHUI- SING IN DIE RAAD VAN AFGEVAARDIGDES

VERVAL VAN TITELVOORWAARDES WAT DIE ONTWIKKELING VAN GROND RAAK

Kragtens die bevoegdheid my verleen by artikel 27 (1) van die Wet op Behuisingsontwikkeling, 1987 (Raad van Afgevaardigdes), Wet No 4 van 1987, gelas ek hierby dat die titelvoorwaardes vervalt in die
properties owned by the Housing Development Board and described in the attached Schedule, shall lapse from the date of publication hereof.

J. N. REDDY,
Minister of Housing in the House of Delegates.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description of property</th>
<th>Title Deed</th>
<th>Conditions to be lapsed</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Portion 19 (a portion of Portion 1)</td>
<td>T34036/1978</td>
<td>(a) page 3; B page 4.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Portion 11 (a portion of Portion 4)</td>
<td>T20031/1976</td>
<td>Condition on page 3.</td>
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<td>Portion 14 (a portion of Portion 4)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Portion 43 (a portion of Portion 20)</td>
<td>T11019/1978</td>
<td>A (a); B (a)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Portion 44 (a portion of Portion 20)</td>
<td>T2281/1980</td>
<td>A (a); C.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Portion 46 (a portion of Portion 20)</td>
<td>T41958/1979</td>
<td>A (a); C.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Portion 47 (a portion of Portion 20)</td>
<td>T16489/1978</td>
<td>A (a); C.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Portion 42 (a portion of Portion 20)</td>
<td>T31321/1979</td>
<td>A (a); C.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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(All of the farm Hartbeesfontein 312 IQ, Transvaal)

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Betekening van eiendom</th>
<th>Titelakte</th>
<th>Voorwaardes</th>
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(Almal van die plaas Hartbeesfontein 312 IQ, Transvaal).

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**DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

No. 2711

23 November 1990

LIVESTOCK IMPROVEMENT ACT, 1977 (ACT NO 25 OF 1977)

IMPORTATION OF ANIMALS FOR CERTAIN PURPOSES

I, Jacob de Villiers, Minister of Agriculture, acting under section 16 (2) (b) (iii) (cc) of the Livestock Improvement Act, 1977 (Act No 25 of 1977), hereby determine that an application for an authorisation to import an animal into the Republic for the following purposes shall be submitted to the registrar:

(a) Commercial utilisation of pastures;
(b) commercial finishing in feedlots;
(c) shows, exhibitions, race meetings, show jumping and other competitions, circuses, or
(d) stud mating

J. DE VILLIERS,
Minister of Agriculture

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**DEPARTEMENT VAN LANDBOU**

No. 2711

23 November 1990

VEEVERBETERINGSWET, 1977 (WET NO. 25 VAN 1977)

INVOER VAN DIERE VIR BEPAALDE DOELEINDES

Ek, Jacob de Villiers, Minister van Landbou, handelende kragtens artikel 16 (2) (b) (ii) (cc) van die Veeverbeteringswet, 1977 (Wet No. 25 van 1977), bepaal hierby dat 'n aansoek om 'n magtiging van die invoer van 'n dier in die Republiek vir die volgende doeleindes by die registrateur ingediend moet word:

(a) Kommersiële benutting van weiding,
(b) kommerliere afronding in voerkrale,
(c) skoue, tentoonstelling, wedrenbyeenkomste, springkampioenskappe en ander kompetesies, sirkusse; of
(d) stoetpanng.

J. DE VILLIERS,
Minister van Landbou.
SA taxpayers lose R50m in corrupt deals

PARLIAMENT'S top financial watchdog committee has asked President F W de Klerk to appoint a commission to investigate corruption in the Department of Development Aid.

Police investigations and a probe by the auditor-general over the last two years have unearthed evidence of more than R50 million of taxpayers' money allegedly squandered in corrupt deals between officials and outside contractors.

Parliamentary sources on Friday confirmed that the standing committee on public accounts had at its last meeting unanimously recommended to the president that he appoint a commission of inquiry into the activities of the department, which handles black development affairs.

A committee source said shortfalls uncovered ran into "many millions" and related mainly to housing deals.

The committee's report to the president is understood to also deal with the department's failure to deal adequately with accusations of maladministration and wrong-doing by officials.

By DE WET POTGIETER

Dr Gerrit Viljoen, minister in charge of the department at the time of the alleged corruption, said yesterday he was aware of the committee's report, but would not like to comment as the department now fell under another minister.

He said irregularities that came to light while he was minister of the portfolio resulted in suspension of officials and disciplinary hearings. Some cases were referred to the attorney-general for prosecution.

The row has become a political embarrassment for the government. Dr Viljoen, the government's chief constitutional negotiator, was also head of the Department of Education and Training, which a commission of inquiry also found to be plagued with corruption.
ANC members could get posts

Campaign to recruit black diplomats

The Foreign Affairs Department has embarked on a rigorous campaign to recruit black South Africans into the service, and is not ruling out the possibility that members of the ANC and other organisations active abroad could be appointed to positions.

Foreign Affairs director-general Neil van Heerden said in an interview yesterday that the foreign service would have to become representative of the population and political realities of SA.

While the foreign service had to serve the government of the day, it would also have to open doors to other organisations which were active abroad.

Van Heerden said he did not foresee an amalgamation of the foreign service and ANC international representatives. Rather, he added: "We will be talking to all the parties — expanding contact with all parties in the extra-parliamentary arena."

In addition to this, the department had embarked on an active recruiting campaign to draw black South Africans into the service. These appointments would not be at the beginner level only. There would also be "lateral entries" into middle and senior positions.

In the past year, and especially since February 2, the number of countries with which SA had diplomatic ties had grown by a third. In order to staff these new missions, the department had received additional funds from government's R1bn contingency fund. It had also rearranged priorities and some missions, like La Paz, Reunion and Sydney, had been closed.

Van Heerden described as "miraculous" the extent of the thaw in SA's relations with the international community.

The most remarkable breakthroughs had been achieved in Eastern Europe. SA already had a mission in Hungary and missions in Poland, Czechoslovakia, Romania, Poland and Bulgaria would be operational within six months.

Compatibility between the economies of SA and Eastern European countries would not be achieved overnight, he said. However, the political realignment of these countries would fundamentally affect the operation of the Non-Aligned Movement.

The non-aligned group, with these central European countries at the fore, had hitherto formed an effective anti-SA bloc in dealings of bodies such as the UN and the International Atomic Energy Agency.

He said there were concrete signs that the Soviet Union wanted to have diplomatic ties with SA. However, given the remaining ideological framework, within which the Soviet worked, it would be difficult for them to do so. Developing ties between SA and the Soviet Union would be a long, steady process, although there had already been a number of commercial deals.

Since February 2, SA had also achieved a number of significant breakthroughs into Africa and the department had been given funds to open new missions in Madagascar, Mauritius and the Ivory Coast.

Van Heerden said it was difficult to put a time frame on when SA would develop diplomatic ties with large African coun-

Diplomats

Diplomats like Kenya and Nigera. He added, however, that with sanctions resistance in the OAU to developing links with SA was being eroded.

There would be important contact with Nigeria when SA jurists visited the country in study its constitution. The Nigerians had invited the jurists as they believed SA could learn something from their federal constitution.

He was not able to provide figures but said there was an enormous escalation in trade with Africa. In many countries SA was replacing France as the main supplier.

* While economies of countries like Angola, Mozambique and South Africa were in a poor state, they had commodities like oil, which SA needed, which enabled them to pay for imports from this country. Some applied to countries producing tea, coffee and hard woods.

* While President F W de Klerk's visit to Morocco had been an important breakthrough in contact with the Arab world, little other progress had been achieved. This was not because SA did not want greater access to the Arab world, but because of its close ties with Israel.

* It was hoped De Klerk would pay a visit to the Far East next year. The main focus of this trip would be Japan and Taiwan.

* He said China had just announced that SA tourists would be welcome to visit.
LEAVING LOTS TO DO

In the end, Kent Durr's meteoric, 15-month career as minister of trade & industry may have been his undoing, politicians — and especially fellow ministers — do not take kindly to being shown up by a relative newcomer.

While the London ambassadorship he's headed for is uniformly seen as an important posting, there is a measure of disquiet over Durr's sudden departure from his portfolio as minister. Industry leaders are upset that Durr is leaving the department just when he had established a high profile in business.

"I am very sorry that Durr is moving out of his important position," says Barlow Rand CE Warren Clewlow, who chairs the State President's Economic Advisory Council. "He has created a very strong and positive relationship with the private sector. And during our recent visit to the USSR, I witnessed the strong impact, high credibility and good working relationships he established with our Soviet hosts."

Raymond Parsons, the SA Chamber of Business directors-general, says "Durr has been a very approachable minister who understands business language and relates very well to business issues. We have developed an excellent working relationship with him. His leaving the ministry is a sad loss to the business community."

Parsons hopes Durr's departure will not result in the department being downgraded.

Politics may be the best explanation for Durr packing his bags for the Court of St James. His success in opening new markets for SA in previously closed countries such as the USSR, Poland and Hungary may have tread on some sensitive toes in Foreign Affairs Minister Pik Botha's department. And his easy contacts with top bankers, industrialists and political leaders in France, the UK, Italy and elsewhere may have caused unease among Cabinet colleagues.

But Durr discounts the rumours, saying that he and Botha are "good friends and work on the same team, all my visits abroad were done in close association with him and I benefited from his visits abroad."

Durr did clash directly with the powerful protectionist lobby at the Board of Trade & Industry (BTI), where chairman Lawrence McEwan's influence over industrial policy was undermined by Durr and his officials. The demise of the board's cherished structural adjustment programmes may also have upset some powerful industry lobbies.

Durr leaves a briefcase full of issues and tasks that will not be easy for his successor to pick up in mid-stream. Some of these are:

- The formulation of government's new tariff policy, which was submitted to the Cabinet after a study by the Industrial Development Corp.
- Defining the new role of the BTI, which may become focused solely on tariff and import policy.
- Complicated negotiations under the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) — Durr's department has submitted a list of 4-700 proposed tariff changes to GATT officials as part of the current Uruguay round of talks which is scheduled to end this week.
- Europe 1992, which is destined to have a major impact on SA (about 50% of all SA trade is with Europe, which has a direct impact on 25% of SA's GDP).
- The department's promotion of manufactured exports to maximise investment, job creation and export receipts, and
- Co-ordinating economic policy with the top "comrades" in Cabinet.

One result of Durr's stint at the department has been his success in raising its previously low public profile. The important role of this department in SA's economy (job creation, adding value to exports, broadening the base of the economy, increasing domestic competitiveness) is now generally accepted.

President F W de Klerk must now find someone who can take Durr's mantle. It might have been easier to find a different candidate for ambassador to London than to fill Durr's boots in the department.

The most prominently mentioned candidate for the job so far has been little-known Western Transvaaler Amie Venter — who was recently given the task of overseeing industrial decentralisation policy. Hopefully this is not a sign of a return to the bad old days when regional development and protectionism were the cornerstones of SA's barely existent industrial policy.

KENT DURR

TRAIL OF REFORM

Kent Durr had a sizable impact on trade and industry during his whirlwind ministerial career of just over a year. Here are some of his achievements:

- Led moves to deregulate the tourism industry;
- Encouraged the local manufacture of autocatalysts;
- Streamlined and rationalised SA's foreign trade offices;
- Removed entrance barriers to the Estate Agents' Board;
- Proposed reforms to the Board of Trade & Industry;
- Simplified national building rules;
- Helped to improve relations with Poland, the USSR, Hungary, Italy, France, Romania and Czechoslovakia; and
- Proposed numerous tariff reductions.

THE WEEKLY MAIL

REScue Delayed

Two months ago it seemed a done deal. The Weekly Mail and Caxton group had said an agreement was signed that would save the Mail. But Caxton to recover most of the money the Mail owes it (Business, September 14).

But the deal was not signed. Mail co-editor Anton Harber says that the deal is pivotal to the paper's success. He blames technical problems for the hold-up. "For instance, we have only just finalised the balance sheet of The Daily Mail (as defined). We had to have that in place before we could work out the best way to pay off our debts."

Says Caxton financial director Edwina Jan- Kelowitz. "Any plan to rescue a publication that has been in trouble needs to start from a firm position. For one thing, Caxton is concerned that the continuing case against the Mail by Lothar Neethling, head of police forensics, could ruin the publication. Neethling is suing the Mail for over R500 000."

Under the deal, Caxton — which printed The Daily Mail and continues to print The Weekly Mail — would recover a portion of the Mail's debts. In return, Caxton would supply business and marketing advice to the Mail in an effort to make the five-year-old alternative paper viable. Neither party will disclose how much Caxton is owed.

One reason for the delay may be tax implications of the deal. "It would be possible to structure the deal tax-effectively from Caxton's point of view, and allow The Weekly Mail to keep its independence," says Chris Frame, Price Waterhouse's national tax con-
R5bn fund mooted for social spending

The Cabinet has appointed a committee of five Deputy Ministers headed by Deputy Finance Minister Org Marais to investigate the creation of a R5bn fund for social spending, a business source said yesterday.

Marais has sent confidential letters to private business asking for their views on the establishment, financing and use of such a proposed fund.

The source, who had read the letter, said figures mentioned were “in the region” of R5bn. He said the committee was looking at various sources of finance for the fund, including soccer pools, international aid or loans and government grants. It had also asked the private sector for suggestions.

It is understood the main focus of the fund would be on urban development.

Letters have been sent to industry associations including the life offices, banks and building societies, mining, and commerce and industry. Eskom is also said to have been asked to provide feedback.

Marais last night confirmed that Cabinet had appointed a task group to examine various financing options for social spending put forward by the private sector.

The group was co-ordinating existing information on social upliftment of the poor, including reports, memorandums and proposals from the private sector. He declined to confirm or deny that the creation of a R5bn fund was being considered.

“The task group will examine various financing options that have been proposed by the private sector. The task group will start investigations early next year and should submit a memorandum to the Cabinet fairly shortly,” he said.

Marais also declined to comment on whether the ANC, the Development Bank and groups other than business would be consulted but said he had invited “different interest groups” to submit their recommendations to the task group.

The group would also draw information from government committees such as the Bullock committee on poverty and the Pretoria committee on housing.

A business source said there was some confusion as to whether a new fund would be created or whether it would fit into existing development structures such as the newly created Independent Development Trust and the Development Bank.

From Page 1

Business people hoped the result of the investigation would be more co-ordination in spending on social backlogs, he said.

If a new fund is created, it is not expected to form part of central government’s Budget, a move which could elicit criticism if government funds are used to finance it. The announcement of the off-budget Independent Development Trust in the last budget drew criticism from economists — including the IMF — who said the fund should form part of the Budget as it was financed by government loan funds.

Government was able to finance the fund to the tune of R2bn from borrowings it did not need because of a massive revenue overrun. Economists predict another overrun on revenue this fiscal year, leading to extra funds for development spending.
Arrest follows blast at ambassador’s home

Official held over blast

POLICE have detained a South African foreign affairs department official in connection with a bomb attack on the Pretoria home of the United States ambassador, the department said yesterday.

"Justice must take its course and the department cannot comment on the matter at this stage," a department spokesman told a South African business magazine.

US ambassador to South Africa Mr William Swing was at home at the time of the blast early on October 4, but was not hurt.

The attack in the leafy suburb of the capital, Pretoria, took place days after President FW de Klerk returned from a visit to the United States, where he became the first white leader in four decades to hold talks with a US President at the White House.

The home-made bomb damaged a garden gate far from the house.

Piet "Skiet" Rudolph, a rightwing guerilla leader who is being held for the theft of arms from a Pretoria military arsenal, told a court this month that his organisation had shot at the British Embassy in Pretoria in January, smashing windows.

Pro-apartheid extreme rightists accuse Washington of meddling in South African affairs and resent Britain because it forced the end of the Boer Republics in 1902 after the Boer war - Sapo-Reuter
Mobilising money for development

INVESTING in development capital stock issues can yield good returns and institutions are supporting issues by the Development Bank of Southern Africa (DBSA), according to DBSA finance manager Richard Kirkland.

The bank's entry into the capital market is aimed at mobilising private sector funds for development finance.

Since May the bank has successfully placed about R500m of its R1.5bn DV07 2010 authorised stock. Of this, R300m has been raised in the secondary market and placed with some of SA's biggest financial institutions.

Kirkland is determined to show that investment in socially desirable projects does not mean compromising returns. "Through the DV07 we have succeeded in showing that investment in development can yield market-related returns."

DBSA is active in making a market in its own stock. Volumes average between R30m and R50m a week, according to Dirk Swanepoel who heads treasury at the bank.

"Having launched the stock we were main market makers but are keen to see more active trade by third parties. We are constantly leaking more stock into the market — as and when the institutions are prepared to take it up," Swanepoel said.

The bank's funding mix is crucial in determining the extent to which it can borrow at market-related rates but lend at low rates and on flexible terms, says Kirkland.

Capital employed by the bank is currently R33bn. This consists of R20bn issued share capital (authorised R21bn), R21bn "development fund" consisting mainly of government grant and, free reserves of R385m and capital market loans of R515m.

Kirkland confirmed that DBSA's average cost of capital increased marginally as it issued more stock at market-related rates.

But, because government had committed itself to a five-year programme whereby grant aid was injected into the "development fund" each year, the average cost of capital remained very low.

A big proportion of funds is directed into infrastructural projects that yield low returns. Funds are also lent to business, entrepreneurial and urban projects yielding virtually market-related returns.

"Besides covering our cost of funds it is important that we match the borrowing and lending periods," Kirkland said.

"Most of our big loans are long term so we strive to raise long-term stock to match."

Kirkland said DBSA unit-holders enjoyed an "implicit guarantee" from government which limited their risk.
Coins may be shrinking, but not the Mint

THE SA Mint will more than double its staff to meet the challenge of increasing its output from 800-million coins a year to 1,800-million coins a year by the end of 1991.

This is part of the overall revamp of SA's money system which started with the replacement of the R1 note with a new R1 coin. New look 1c, 5c and, most recently, the 10c coins have been introduced since.

The latest SA Panorama magazine says the Mint's 350-strong staff complement will be increased to 550 to meet the challenge of replacing coins issued since 1965.

TANIA LEVY

In recent years these coins have been issued at a loss because of the sharp increases in copper and nickel prices.

To avoid these continuous losses the Reserve Bank decided to replace them with copper and bronze-electroplated steel blanks.

The new coins will be minted at a new plant commissioned at Gateway, near Pretoria's Verwoerdiburgstad, which will be able to produce 1.8-billion coins a year once completed.

SA Mint

likeness from 1992

Birds are featured on the new 1c, 5c and 10c pieces, while flowers will adorn the 1c, 20c and 50c pieces and a R1 coin will bear an antelope similar to the R2 coin.

Introduction of the new 20c coin — targeted for May 1992 — has been delayed to facilitate the replacement or upgrading of thousands of coin-operated machines.

It has previously been estimated that it will cost the Post and Telecommunications Department about R60m to upgrade pay phones to take the new coins.

About 23,000 existing pre-payment phones will have to be upgraded and all old public telephones with a dial will be replaced by pre-payment phones adapted to the new coinage.

Municipalities will have to upgrade parking meters but Panorama points out that many are outdated.

However, there are cost-effective solutions to the problems of obsolete parking meters caused by changes in coinage and parking meter tariffs.

Municipalities could use parking meters equipped with electronic coin validators, which can identify each of up to 16 different coins by diameter, mass, form and metallic content.
PUBLIC SECTOR - GOVT. ASIAN AFFAIRS

1991
'Vula’ trialists paranoid, State lawyer tells court

‘OPERATION Vula’ trialists are paranoid if they think they are vulnerable to attacks by conservative elements, a State attorney said in the Durban Regional Court yesterday.

Mr PJ Blomkamp of the Attorney-General’s office was commenting on claims made by Mr Z Yacoob, who is appearing for the accused, during a bail application.

The trialists, charged with terrorism, are appearing before Mr TD Reed.

Yacoob had asked that the accused be allowed to change their addresses because of their high-profile status, which made them vulnerable to attacks from conservative elements.

Yacoob also argued that his clients’ applications for indemnity had been stalled because of “political vindictiveness”.

In addition, Yacoob requested that the accused report to the police weekly rather than daily. He said they found the current conditions intolerable and frustrating.

The magistrate reserved a decision on Yacoob’s requests until January 23.

However, he did agree to release Mr Billy Nair (61) on his own recognisances because of his recent illness.

Nair has joined the original eight, who are accused of conspiring with Communist Party leader Mr Joe Slovo to seize power from the Government by means of an armed uprising.

Blomkamp had opposed the proposed bail alterations for the remaining eight. The authorities wished to know where the accused lived, he said.

Furthermore, the ANC had suspended, not stopped, the armed struggle. He said the ANC might resume military tactics and order the defendants to go underground again. Therefore the authorities needed to keep a close watch on the accused, he argued.

Blomkamp agreed that the question of indemnity should be settled quickly.

It would waste public money if the trial began and some or all of the accused be given indemnities in mid-trial or even at its end. - Sowetan Correspondent.

Solidarity want Super Cabinet

THE Solidarity Party of South Africa has called for the establishment of a Super Cabinet including extra-parliamentary representatives to create a climate of mutual trust and goodwill needed for the realisation of a new constitutional framework.

The leader of the ruling party in the House of Delegates, Mr RN Reddy, who is also chairman of the Ministers’ Council in the HoD, proposed this in a resolution which he submitted at a meeting of the party’s national executive in Chatsworth, Durban.

The resolution was adopted unanimously.

The resolution called on the State President Mr F W de Klerk to dissolve the Ministers’ Council of Parliament. - Sowetan Correspondent
‘Vula’ trialists paranoid, State lawyer tells court

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The resolution called on the State President Mr F W de Klerk to dissolve the Ministers’ Council of Parliament as soon as possible and to amend the present constitution to provide for a Super Cabinet of representatives of all the parties (who are committed to participate in the negotiating process in a Government of national reconciliation).

Reddy said that there presently outside Parliament must also be included in the Super Cabinet to contribute at the highest level of Government towards the creation of climate of mutual trust and goodwill in the country.

This, he said, was essential prerequisite for the realisation of a new constitutional framework which must also satisfy the aspirations of, and be acceptable to, every segment of South African society.
Call for new 'super cabinet'

By ARTHUR MAIMANE Cape Town

THE Solidarity Party intends to place a motion before parliament calling on the state president to dissolve all three Ministerial Councils “as soon as possible” and amend the constitution to allow for the appointment of what it calls a “super cabinet” that would include extra-parliamentary parties committed to negotiations.

In a move that appeared to be preempting President FW de Klerk’s speech, MP Ishmael Omar said yesterday that at the moment politicians were “talking past each other instead of to each other”. Solidarity leader JN Reddy said “the wounds of history have to be healed” and the proposed “super cabinet” would allow leaders of the disfranchised to contribute to the running of the country while negotiations for a new constitution were in progress.

Solidarity says the “super cabinet” could be regarded as an interim government—an administration that the African National Congress is demanding. The all-party conference proposed by the ANC was likely to appoint a steering committee that could, said Omar, “be elevated to ‘super cabinet’ status”.

The majority party in the House of Delegates says the government, and some extra-parliamentary movements, have shown an interest in its proposal—“at least it hasn’t been shot down in flames”, said Reddy. Another proposal is that the rules of parliament should be changed so that non-MPs like Nelson Mandela and Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi can use parliament as a platform to address the nation.
Solidarity bid to change Parliament

THE Solidarity Party in the House of Delegates is to push for far-reaching changes to parliamentary rules to allow extra-parliamentary leaders such as Mr. Nelson Mandela to address Parliament.

It also wants major changes to the civil service to provide more job opportunities for blacks.

Party leader Dr. JN Reddy said yesterday that amendments to rules of Parliament would be sought as it was inconceivable that there was a situation where the deputy president of the ANC made a major political statement on the parade in Cape Town, the Chief Minister of KwaZulu Dr. Mangosuthu Buthelezi from a hotel in Durban and the State President from the rostrum of parliament.

"We will accordingly move for the removal of constraints that prevent major political statements from adversarial platforms which in effect allow major political role-players to talk past one another. There must be opportunities for South African political leaders to talk publicly to one another in the intervening phase, from the same platform, should they so desire," he said.

Turning to civil service, Reddy said that all political change could be negated by an "unwilling and racially protected civil service which, in our case, remains a legacy of the old apartheid order". - Sapa
Widespread protests over education cutbacks

The Argus Correspondent

DURBAN. — Hundreds of Indian teachers and pupils staged a 45-minute protest march along the Phoenix highway near Durban in a demonstration against education cutbacks imposed by the House of Delegates.

Several teachers and students were arrested during the demonstration by police who were assisted by members of the South African Defence Force.

The detained teachers and pupils were later released on warning.

Unconfirmed reports said that in several high schools pupils showed solidarity with the teachers who have refused to enter their classrooms.

Indian teachers at many schools in Durban began a sit-in last Friday and the demonstration had now spread throughout Natal.

Schools in the Transvaal and Cape were also expected to join the protest.

The teachers are demanding that the Education Department withdraws a circular sent to school principals which makes provision for bigger classes, an increase in teaching hours, a large scale of redundancies of teachers and cutbacks in monetary allocations for library resources and stationery.

In leaflets distributed by the Teachers Association of South Africa, demonstrating teachers have been urged not to teach but to remain in class with the children and to secure parental support. The leaflets called for a total ban on extra-curricular and co-curricular activities.

The Education Committee of the S M Jhavary Primary School, has sent urgent fax message to the Minister of Education and Culture in the House of Delegates. Dr Kristen Rajoo, to immediately withdraw the circular so that normal teaching activities can resume.

Dr Kristen Rajoo urged teachers to stop the sit in and start teaching pupils.

"They are being paid to teach and parents of pupils have been jamming my telephone with complaints and some are annoyed with the teachers actions.

"The circular was sent to schools in a bid to highlight where redundant teachers are.

"According to the South African National Education Policy it states that there are 2742 extra teachers in Indian schools. However, our survey found that there are only 164 extra teachers."

ON THE MARCH: Pupils stage a demonstration along the Phoenix highway near Durban in protest against education cutbacks imposed by the House of Delegates.
Teachers in strike

An estimated 9 000 Indian teachers countrywide went on strike this week in protest against a R73 million cut-back in education, retrenchments, “increased teaching time and overcrowding.”

By embarking on the “strike action”, it was clear that the teachers were on a collision course with the House of Delegates.

The Teachers Association of South Africa said it would prolong its teacher sit-in protest action indefinitely while the HoD called on teachers to return to the classrooms, and threatened legal action if they refused to do so.

By late yesterday neither side appeared to be budging from its stated position.

The protest has already resulted in police action against a group of 20 pupils and six teachers from two Phoenix schools who were detained for more than an hour for staging a placard demonstration.

Police spokesman Lieutenant Bala Naidoo said the 26 were detained for taking part in an “illegal march”.

Mr Logan Naidoo, acting chief-director of education (control), confirmed the HoD was looking at the legality of the teacher protests as well as certain circulars sent to teachers by Tasa.

Naidoo, who had a meeting with some principals on Monday, also warned about the danger of taking such decisions.

The protest by teachers was triggered by the HoD’s controversial Circular 2 of 1991, which “aims at rationalising the staffing position at schools and colleges for 1991.”

The circular calls for, among other things, an increase in the number of teaching hours of all educators and drastic increases in the pupil population per classroom, which could lead to retrenchments and redundancies of teachers.

The circular, combined with an earlier R73 million cut-back in education, raised fears of a decline in education standards and led to Tasa’s call for the chalks-down campaign.

Throughout the duration of the sit-in, teachers will not conduct any extra-curricular and co-curricular activities.

Although no teaching will take place, Tasa has asked teachers to remain in the classrooms with their pupils.

The protest action has been widely supported by Natal teachers.

More than 100 teachers from various Indian schools stopped work for two hours on Friday and staged a sit-in at Clairwood Secondary.

They noted that “teachers in Indian schools were generally passive but their present rebelliousness had arisen from an intolerable situation.”
Reddy gambles on no change

Political Staff

CAPE TOWN — Solidarity is keeping up its demands for a new election for the House of Delegates after its defeat in a no-confidence vote on Friday.

Solidarity leaders are gambling that none of their opponents would want to risk an election at present, and so would rather stick with the existing Ministers’ Council until a new constitution is negotiated.

After their defeat, Dr J N Reddy and his Ministers met President de Klerk on Friday for a few minutes. President de Klerk has several options. He can ask Dr Reddy to accommodate a few new faces on his council to secure majority backing; he can call an election; he can dissolve the present council and immediately reappoint the existing members; he can appoint a completely new council; or he can do nothing at all.

Solidarity has taken part in all the major discussions set up by President de Klerk with majority parties in the other two chambers, and with the national states governments, to discuss the run-up to negotiations and the multiparty conference.

President de Klerk will this week meet the leaders of the parties ganged up against Dr Reddy to see if they can put together a majority. The 23 Members against Dr Reddy are due to meet today to form a New Republic Party.
Call to close House of Delegates

THE Transvaal Indian Congress on Saturday called on the state president to close down the House of Delegates immediately.

The TIC also asked President F.W. de Klerk to withhold all payments of salaries and pensions of MPs in the House.

In a statement, it rejected the call for another election in the House of Delegates, claiming the House was not recognized by the Indian community. Its continued existence, said the TIC, was merely a drain on tax-payers.

"The power struggle between two discredited individuals, Mr Rajbansi and Mr Reddy, continues to disgrace the people of South Africa and shows up once again the irrelevance of the House to the new politics of SA," TIC secretary Ismail Momoniat said.

Credibility

"Not a single MP in the House of Delegates has the credibility to make any meaningful contribution to the coming negotiation process," he said.

The TIC said it believed that all political parties in the House of Delegates should be excluded from the coming multi-party conference and discussion on a new constitution, as should the National People’s Party and Solidarity.

Those parties do not have the support of any significant constituency, it said.

It added that money used for MP salaries and pensions should be used instead to uplift black education.

The TIC also condemned a new alliance between the Democratic Party and Mr Rajbansi’s NPP, and called on the DP’s Zac de Beer to explain his party’s stand on corruption in the House of Delegates.
that courts must not become a law unto themselves, but, certainly in consultation with all the various agents. I think the courts have this power to [Time expired]

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER. Mr Chairman, I would like to thank my hon. member for the introduction of this interpellation here. This is an issue which is important to all of us, and I am really looking forward to further discussions in the House on this issue. This year I also think as a good idea that we should call 1991 the year to combat crime. I think this is a good suggestion, and we are going to look into this. I want to thank the hon. member for his suggestion.

The hon. member for Springs also said that we need more operations like Operation Thunderbolt. I want to assure them that they are on the way. People will not know when they will take place. They will sting them like a boil of lightning out of the blue, but they will have to be coming. I can assure the hon. member of this. I thank him very much for this suggestion.

The hon. member also referred to the question of the deterrent aspect. I agree with him. However, it is a matter for the courts and I will not elaborate on it any further at the moment.

The hon. member Mr Casam also referred to operations which are conducive to crime. He is quite right. It is true. He is not giving the right information. This must be given to the Attorney-General. The law enforcement agencies must also give us the right information. The hon. member has a point here. They are leaders in their own countries and they must help us to take all our communities along with us in the fight against crime.

The hon. the Leader of the Opposition referred to the question of the rural areas. He is quite right. They must also get information, and I would like to point out that Operation Thunderbolt did not only take place in the cities, but also in the rural area. It was really intended to hit everywhere in the country.

The hon. member for Cawood said there was a shortage of manpower. He is quite right. He requested me to use the money which was made available to us to be used for developing the police. The hon. member is right. We must be on schedule with recruiting policemen, men and women, for the Force, as well as with the building of temporary police stations in Natal. So we are on schedule. We will spend the money on...

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**Education. single ministry**

Mr K PANDAY asked the Minister of Education and Culture.

Whether he will bring about an immediate change to his Ministry so as to conform to the concept of a single ministry of education, if not, why not, if so, what steps does he envisage taking in this regard?

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**The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE.** Mr Chairman, I am not presently empowered to do what the hon. member asks for, but in responding to the question put by the hon. member, I must point out at the outset that my Government is a part of the concept of a single ministry of education. Due, however, to the legal constraints placed upon my ministry by the Republic of South Africa Constitution Act, Act No 110 of 1993, it is not possible to institute immediate changes at this stage.

In this connection, I want to inform hon. members that the hon. the leader of Solidarity asked for a single education ministry. However, hon. members will appreciate that the Constitution will have to be amended to provide for this change and therefore it cannot be done unilaterally.

Notwithstanding this impediment, I am pleased to report that my ministry has been instrumental in introducing the following changes within the framework of existing legislation and its contribution towards creating a single ministry of education:

Firstly, schools under the control of my ministry are now open to all persons irrespective of race, creed or colour. Secondly, teacher-training institutions are open to persons of other race groups. Thirdly, enforcement training is being arranged for low qualified Black educators. Fourthly, senior officials of my department are currently engaged in negotiations with the

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**Zulu and Transkeian governments with a view to ensuring that there is a rationalisation of the use of buildings.** The two colleges of education in Natal and the Transvaal must now enrol students of all races to full capacity. This will certainly be open to students. Secondly, there should be a rationalisation of the use of buildings. Approaches to teachers' unions should be made to other departments to rationalise services. Negotiations should be under way to consider the transfer of school unrest into the Transvaal and the Cape Province to other various departments, be it the TETD, the DET or the CED.

Regarding departmental personnel at the DET head-office in Durban, negotiations should be under way with other education departments in Natal for the services of personnel to be extended, where possible, to schools of other race groups. This will certainly help other departments to exchange ideas and practices, making it easier for a transition to a unitary system of education. Personnel from other departments in Natal should be invited to visit the House of Delegates, officials and schools.

The hon. the Minister of Education and Culture and the Chief, Executive Director should be considering the inclusion of education in the curriculum of all schools. The hon. the Chairperson of the Education Committee should be studying the practical aspects of education and the curriculum of other departments so as to create structures for educational management for a unitary system of education.

A teacher-exchange system between departments should also be considered to remove the trauma both of teachers and pupils which could result from a sudden change to a unitary system. A syllabus common to all departments and South Africans should be embarked upon.

In the seventh place, there should be only one policy for education and South Africa, rather than a number of competing policies. In the eighth place, admission of non-Indians to Indian schools is an excellent practice. However, a subsidy should be demanded from the Government. The Government should not be allowed to shirk its responsibility. It is the department's duty, first and foremost, to utilise the funds they have to enhance or improve the education of the Indian child in terms of the own affairs budget. They should do as much to improve the quality of education for the other race groups, but concurrently with that, they should demand a subsidy from the Government. [Time expired]
Mr M F CASSIM Mr Chairman, that is one occasion on which I think I can agree with almost everything the hon member for Reservoir Hills has said.

HON MEMBERS Hear, hear!

Mr M F CASSIM There is absolute unanimity on this issue and I think some of the steps the hon member is seeking to take are all of us are contemplating need to be taken and need to be taken in a hurry, in order that we can give impetus to the idea of unitary education.

We know very well that there are a number of our schools in the Transvaal and in the Cape which would be better incorporated into the Transvaal structure or the Cape structure, thereby consolidating the control of these schools. If Government wants an indication of our total unity on this issue, I think this is an occasion on which we can speak with one united voice, where all 45 members of this House can say in unequivocal terms that we want nothing less than one education system.

It is going to lead to a lot of problems. There is a circular which is doing the rounds in Durban, which is the National Education Co-ordinating Committee, making the point that the whole of the process of equalisation should be shifted away from the own affairs minister to general affairs, where the real culprit is the Government, and I think to the hon minister, it is precisely this that he is not addressing when he is talking about the process of equalisation, because it is through unequal education that we saw the worst race riots in this country in 1976. In the Western Province a few years ago we had riots, especially in the Coloured areas, as a result of problems relating to education. Therefore, what we should propose is an unequivocal resolution—this is a matter of unity, that is what was a good reason for unity—so that for these reasons the hon the State President should take immediate steps to amend the Constitution to enable him to remove education from the own affairs schedule. [Time expired]

Mr M F CASSIM Mr Chairman, to continue the debate, I think the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition has made a speech that has won the position of this House.

I think we should take this matter one concrete step further. As the chairman of the study group on education, the idea is that—I have been confessing with two of the members of the study group here—can now propose that we should get together to study the mechanics, the structure of the system. Let us take this further in a meaningful way so that we can make our proposals to our ministry and the Government at this very auspicious day. I would like to invite my colleagues, the hon members for Reservoir Hills and Springfield, the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition and anyone else to join us in this study so that we can pursue this matter. This would indicate that this is a matter on which we feel quite strongly, because logically there is no other way in which this cookie will crumble. It will only crumble in one direction, viz in the direction of a unitary system. That will result in major economic repercussions in that the amount of the money to the Local Government will be sufficient for all the programmes we have. Consequently we will need to start educating the community to realise that sacrifices have to be made at the birth of a new order. None of us should use opportunities to create crises in education. Instead we should work out how we can make sacrifices and where these sacrifices will be permissible. There is no doubt in my mind that sacrifices will indeed have to be made and that these sacrifices will be of some magnitude.

The invitation is being addressed openly in this House and I am sure that hon members from the other side will gladly use this opportunity to prepare a paper or a memorandum which will allow us to take this matter further. I hope that in doing so, we will show our determination and our resolve to obtain a single ministry as quickly as possible. [Time expired]

Mr K PANDAY Mr Chairman, since last Friday a breath of fresh air has entered this House. We are not at opposite ends on this matter. All of us agree on this common goal of a unitary system of education.

HON MEMBERS Hear, hear!

Mr K PANDAY The imminent demise of the Group Areas Act and the adjustment to the Population Registration Act sounded the death knell for our affairs administration. Therefore, the call from the hon member for Arum Park is a very valid one and if the hon the State President takes this to heart, and it can be done and there could be an amendment as far as the legislation is concerned, that would most certainly solve many problems here in South Africa.

Hence it is important to prepare our teachers and pupils for fully integrated schools where discrimination on the grounds of colour, race, creed or religion will be a practice of the past. Education for all in all respects will be the order of the day.

It is the bounden duty of the hon the Minister to set the scene for change. However, it is his duty, and that of his department, to ensure that the Indian child does not in any way lose out because of the paltry sum of money being shared with other race groups. Charity begins at home. For every non-Indian pupil admitted into our schools the Government has to provide a subsidy. The goodwill is for admitting non-Indians.

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE Mr Chairman, at the outset I would like to thank every hon member for his valuable and valid contribution to this very important interpellation. I welcome those suggestions that are valid and practical and would like to see certain aspects of them implemented in the system. I would like to add, however, that some of these recommendations are being implemented already and my division is working on this.

I would like to state at the outset that we were the only division to allow people other than Indians to be accepted in all our schools and to accept that as official policy as of last year. There are 8 643 students who were accepted officially in 1980. In January of this year, we registered 7 100 Black students alone in all our schools. So we are well on our way to integration. May I add that we are not looking at these students who are entering our schools as Indian, Black, White or Coloured children— to us they are all simply students.

HON MEMBERS Hear, hear!

The MINISTER Therefore, regarding the subsidy requirement from the Government, we are requesting a larger sum as I have requested vociferously in the past. The money they have given us is not enough. The standard formula that we have developed does not suit the needs of this country at this time. We need money on a needs basis and we should have some type of money allocated to us so that we can impact quality education in the search for excellence in our division as we are doing.

HON MEMBERS Hear, hear!

The MINISTER I appreciate the work of the hon the Minister of Health Services and Welfare, because he was the first to start rationalisation. He started it when the House of Representatives took over certain divisions to administer and we are following suit. We are going to ask the House of Representatives to see if they can take up the Cape division and administer it, whereas we would administer the Durban division in the bulk of our people resides. That makes sense and, I think, it is both practical and logical. Moreover, we will have money in that particular way.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! I just want to advise the hon member Mr Cassim as well as the hon member for Reservoir Hills that in the Chamber the Leader of the Official Opposition enjoys official status and in reference to him hon members must refer to him as the hon member for Reservoir Hills and not as the hon member for Arum Park, Debate concluded.
these guidelines it is said that the aim is to influence observers of health services positively and in a co-ordinated way. I say to the hon the Minister that the function of the Minister of National Health is, in fact, to provide health services most effectively. Sometimes we find that health matters are raised through the media, for instance in the case of what was happening at King Edward VIII Hospital last year. It is only when these health issues are raised that these matters are addressed.

In the guidelines the reporting is mentioned. I would like to ask the hon the Minister when he is present to assist the members with the chronic shortages, for example at King Edward VIII Hospital, which I referred to earlier? I would like to know if it is reported when a department which is faced with imminent collapse speaks to the Press and informs the public as to what the real situation is? I would like to ask if the Minister is present to assist the public in as much as it is not a Minister who is present. I would like to ask the hon the Minister that very basic question. Is it not better to talk freely with the media? Is it not better for the public to be informed fully? [Time expired]

*Mr T PALAN Mr Chairman, thank you very much for the opportunity to participate in this debate.

*HON MEMBERS Hear, hear!

Mr T PALAN Sir, from the answers given by the hon the Minister, it is apparent that this document is issued to regulate information to the media on matters of national health only. It also regulates the function of the various health departments and each department's role in its defined areas.

Am I to conclude from this that the various health departments in the different Houses do not speak the same language when it comes to national health, and that we have to have a media liaison office to communicate this kind of information to the Press and the public? If so, then this is a confirmation of the assumption of many people that our national parliamentary system does not work well.

**Interpellation**

The sign * indicates a translation. The sign † is used subsequently in the same interpellation, indicates the original language.

Mr T PALAN: (†)

Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Housing:

(1) Whether he had received information on a proposal made to the Durban City Council for the development of Cato Manor involving, inter alia, the establishment of an independent development agency, if so.

(2) Whether he had taken any steps in regard to the matter, if not, why not, if so, what steps?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING (Mr C NKELO): Hon Members, the answers to these questions will be provided in writing.

**Health in the Cabinet to take supreme responsibility, and it would be wrong** [Time expired]

Mr F GOVENDER Mr Chairman, with the multiple health ministries in this country, the potential for conflicting and contradictory policy statements is real.

In view of the sensitivity of the portfolio, it is important that the activities of parallel ministries be streamlined and co-ordinated. This will make for a more efficient utilisation of the country’s limited resources. However, these laudable objectives cannot be achieved by freezing the power of our own affairs ministries to make statements. What is necessary and long overdue, is the abolition of own affairs health ministries. If the withdrawal of some of the functions is not adversely affecting health care, then the abolition of own affairs ministries would make a positive impact on health care.

Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, although it was never intended, this debate has in fact revolved towards the affairs of the Ministers—what it is in charge of general affairs or whether in charge of own affairs—have equal status.

A few years ago, the hon the Minister of National Health was aware of the fact that there was, and possibly, is a National Health Policy Council. According to the 1983 Constitution, all the Ministers—what it is in charge of general affairs or whether in charge of own affairs—have equal status.

Furthermore, there is only one Minister of National Health in this country. The own affairs Ministers are Ministers of health services. After much deliberation, it was agreed—even at Cabinet level, by the committee supported by the hon the State President when he was chairman of the Cabinet Committee concerned with social services and Chairman of the Ministers’ Council—that every announcement or communication in respect of matters such as health or education, would be made jointly by the Ministers concerned with health or education.

If it is the policy of the National Health Policy Council that each Minister concerned with health has status equal to that of the hon the Minister of National Health who is in charge of general affairs, then—as the hon member for Springfield has stated—it would be a retrogressive step for the hon the Minister of National Health in the Cabinet to take supreme responsibility, and it would be wrong. [Time expired]

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The MINISTER OF HOUSING Mr Chairman, the answer to question 1 is no. I have, however, in a letter to the Town Clerk of Durban dated 16 January 1991 confirmed that my administration has assumed full responsibility for the development of that portion of Cato Manor that was deproclaimed. The development will no doubt meet the needs of those who are on our waiting list, of whom the vast majority comprise persons whose families were originally displaced from Cato Manor.

I have further expressed the wish that my administration’s position in regard to that portion of Cato Manor referred to, is respected and that the portion in question accordingly be excluded from any of the deliberations regarding the planning of the larger Cato Manor area.

Question 2 falls away.

Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, I say with great respect to the hon the Minister, in the words of Vito Corleone, that he disappoints me. He disappoints me because his answer is couched in the language of yesterday’s politics. The hon the Minister does not deserve the title “Mr Chairman” because, on the one hand, he talks about a vision of the future South Africa, but when an opportunity presents itself to give effect to that vision in practical terms, he is found wanting. The hon the Minister also disappoints me because his answer is couched in and prescribed by the own affairs concept which hon members on the other side of the House have vowed to put an end to. [Interjections] As I said previously, if the hon member will keep his mouth shut he will hear me.

An HON MEMBER You want the answers that you like, but you are getting the truth.

Mr M RAJAB The hon the Minister disappoints me, because he quite obviously is unaware of the fact, as that hon member is too, that the Group Areas Act is going to stay. Despite this, those hon members talk about providing homes in terms of the own affairs concept! [Interjections]

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order!

Mr M RAJAB I am well aware of this and I sympathise with those people who would like to provide homes for Indian people. I most certainly empathise with the fact that our people lost all this land in Cato Manor, but we are emerging into a new South Africa. The new South Africa beckons us and those of us who wish to be leaders in the new South Africa must now do practical things in order to create that new South Africa. I am absolutely surprised that nobody on that side of the House has taken the trouble to go into this matter. They would then understand, firstly, that the Durban City Council, through its chairmanship of the Manco, is being prepared to donate council-owned land in Cato Manor for the development of an area which could provide low cost housing for all people.

The figure that is mentioned as a figure at which we cannot provide housing. The figure that is mentioned is R15,000 to R20,000 per house. I ask the hon the Minister if that is commendable or not.

The MINISTER OF HOUSING They are seeking that figure out of the air.

Mr M RAJAB Is that not commendable?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING Yes.

Mr M RAJAB I am glad the hon the Minister has said that it is commendable.

We pontificate about the housing we are providing for Indian people. The hon the Minister is aware that this land was raped of Indian people 27 or 30 years ago, but in 1978, I think, it was repossessed. What has happened since then? Precisely nothing. In real terms we have only provided a handful of homes.

Mr T PALAN [Inaudible]

Mr M RAJAB That hon member should go back to Cato Manor, then he would know what I am talking about. He does not know where Cato Manor exists!

[Time expired]

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF HOUSING Mr Chairman, we have heard the hon member for Springfield saying he is extremely disappointed and also speaking about the emergence of a new South Africa. [Interjections]

An HON MEMBER Ask him where he lives.

HON MEMBERS Permit!

Mr M RAJAB No permit! I challenge the hon the Deputy Minister.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! The hon the Deputy Minister must proceed.

The DEPUTY MINISTER Mr Chairman, one must understand the circumstances and the historical background of Cato Manor. One should talk about the Indian situation in South Africa and in the province of Natal as this is an area which will go down in history in relation to what the Group Areas Act and the sovereignty of this State have subjected our people to. Those are the factors we must take into account.

However, how does one remedy this situation overnight? The acute shortage of housing for the Indian community in the country cannot be emphasised any more strongly than it has already been emphasised by every hon member of this House in the seven years we have been here. Cato Manor features highest on the list with regard to housing needs. In this area there are the areas of Umkumbana, Bonela and Wiggins, but in any event we always talk about Cato Manor. I want to respectfully ask hon members to establish what portion of Cato Manor was returned to the Indian community. Furthermore, there are various implications when it comes to the development of an area. When an area has been taken over in terms of the Group Areas Act and it is then returned to the Indian community, consolidating this land in terms of registration as a township is a big problem. This is one of the biggest problems. That, tragically, is facing Cato Manor.

I want to assure hon members that since my appointment one of the important factors that I have had to take into consideration with my colleagues has been that there would not be able to establish an area with radical organisations. [Time expired]

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, the hon the Minister of Housing is aware of the fact that I have never played party politics in areas like housing, education and health. In this regard I have stated that we were going to wait for the hon the State President’s policy speech on 1 February before deciding on the direction we were going to take. The argument by the own affairs administration today would have been acceptable before 1 February. To that extent I am also disappointed with the answers given by the hon the Chairman of the Ministers’ Council because, with the announcement by the hon the State President that the Group Areas Act and the Population Registration Act are going to be abolished, one should now, as stated on 8 February—the answer was looking from that side of the House—create within the areas of own affairs a sample of the new South Africa.

The aim of this interpretation was to get a response, now that the hon the State President has clearly defined our direction, to the idea of opening up what whatever we have to open up before we are going to be able to answer the questions. We have opened up Marimuthi, where homes are allocated to Blacks and developed with Indian housing funds. Let us also play our role in respect of Cato Manor. However, we play our role in such a way that people do not use Indian areas, let alone White and other areas, and that they do not take Cato Cresent.

What we are expected to say, is that before 1 February we had a particular line of thought and now, after 1 February, we are prepared to sit down with others. If one looks at the history of the area one sees that the section that has been returned to the House of Delegates was also occupied by members of the Coloured and Black communities of South Africa. One cannot argue that the history of the ownership can be argued in that context, without bowing down to mischief makers, people like Mr Sutchie, etc. who have their own narrow-minded ways, let us do our own thing. [Time expired]

Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, for the edification of the hon member for Camperdown, allow me to tell him as well as other hon members of this House that I have never applied for a permit in terms of the Group Areas Act to occupy my house in Westville. I want to put that record straight.

Mr T L GOUNDEEN Next week I will have to tell you what you said last Friday.

Mr M RAJAB I do not speak from both sides of my mouth.

Interjections

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order!

Mr M RAJAB and from elsewhere as well.

Interjections

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order!
Mr M RAJAB We are discussing Cato Manor, and I was talking about the vision of a new South Africa. I have to endorse everything that the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition has said [Interjections].

This area includes the greater Cato Manor, which, in turn, includes Cato Crest, parts of Westville, Sea View as well as Chesterville.

The MINISTER OF HOUSING We have no control over that

Mr M RAJAB I hear the hon the Minister saying he does not have control over that. He may not have control, but he certainly has a responsibility to know what a going on in the market place [Time expired]

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF HOUSING Mr Charmatz, I agree with the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition that in the circumstances we should do what we are able to do today, and allow tomorrow to take care of itself.

As far as the Durban City Council is concerned, when I have to take into account the agony of the Indian community and the attitude of White authorities, I would like to ask the Durban City Council who subscribed to the idea of Cato Manor becoming a group area in the first place. Yet, today they are great philanthropists [Interjections].

We have an administration. I want to make the very clear. One has to understand that there are temples in Cato Manor which date back as far as 120 years ago. There are established national monuments—and this has never happened before in South Africa—in areas which are only being established now. For the first time the Administrator and Exco had to be called in by the Ministers' Council for the registration of the efforts made by the deeds office, the surveyor, etc., etc., have all been instrumental in expediting the development of Cato Manor as much as possible. Therefore I want to assure the hon member—not that I or we subscribe to the Group Areas Act—that we have to take the circumstances of the people at grass-roots level into consideration, and do whatever is humanly possible to house them.

If we have lost out on Cato Manor, with respect to the rest of the community, history will record that we have failed totally. I do not subscribe to the own affairs concept.

Mr M RAJAB That is true! That is true! You have failed!

The DEPUTY MINISTER Mr Chairman, I do not subscribe to it, but what can we do? Look at the state of Natal when it comes to the Group Areas Act. Look at the north of the Tugela River. These are all historical issues which we cannot simply wish away. At the same time, however, can we wish away the pang, pain and the suffering of our people? [Interjections] And therefore, as far as Cato Manor is concerned, I want to assure hon members that even the groups that were working against us on this issue are now cooperating to see to the realisation of the Cato Manor question [Interjections] [Time expired]

The MINISTER OF HOUSING Mr Chairman, the letter that I wrote to the Durban Corporation clearly sets down the view of the Indian community that that portion of Cato Manor which was returned as a result of representations extended over many years is part of the life of the Indian community of Durban. We have a responsibility to plan and execute a housing programme in that area to satisfy the housing needs of thousands of applicants who have registered themselves with us for houses.

If there are no takers, we shall make the houses available to anybody else, but let us not for the sake of politics throw away rights that were tramplped upon, a matter which we are now trying to address for the sake of those thousands who lost out [Interjections] I do not want to be the apologist of a White man. I want to have the guts to speak up for what is right, and that is the issue of Cato Manor.

As the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition has said, we have many plans and programmes, which were started by the administration four or five years ago, which are in the process of being completed. That work will be continued and we will certainly see to it that those people on our waiting lists are attended to. For the present we are here to address the needs of the Indian community. Their requirements and their needs will be met. If we have a surplus of housing, that surplus can go to those other people who want the houses. There is therefore nothing wrong with building homes, but let us not make political capital out of it and let us not support some of those people who are trying to settle old scores against the Indian community.

The taking away of Cato Manor was a fight on the part of White racists in Durban and some of the remnants of this fight are still there in another guise. They want to take that land away but they will not! They shall not!

The MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND AGRICULTURE Some of them do not care about the Indian have-nots!

The MINISTER OF HOUSING In so far as the Blacks are concerned, we have parted with land to help those who were squatters, in Lenasia, Petermaritzburg and Chatsworth. We have made those people’s lives better. The MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND AGRICULTURE We have helped hundreds of victims.

The MINISTER OF HOUSING Lip service is useless because we have to face those hundreds of people who come to our offices wanting homes. I would like the hon member for Springfield to find me ten people who are former residents of Cato Manor and are waiting for homes, who will support him [Time expired]

Debate concluded

QUESTIONS

Indicative translated version

For oral reply

Own Affairs

Committee of inquiry

1 The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Education and Culture [258]

(1) Whether his Department set up a committee of inquiry to investigate education, if so, what are the relevant details,

(2) whether members of the (a) press and (b) public were barred from attending the hearings of this committee, if so, (i) why and (ii) who took this decision?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) No

(2) (a), (b), (i) and (ii) fall away

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, arising from the hon the Minister’s answer, will the hon the Minister confirm whether the Ministers’ Council or any of its members instituted the inquiry?

The MINISTER Mr Charmatz, this answer needs thought and deliberation. I would suggest that the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition put it in writing and we shall then furnish him with an answer [Interjections].

Mr A G V NAIUOO Mr Charmatz, on a point of order. It is in my contention that this question refers to the 1991-92 financial year and is anticipating the Budget still to be presented to Parliament. It is also anticipating the hon the Minister of Education and Culture’s budget debate. In this House I therefore suggest that the question is out of order on the grounds of the rule of the House. [Interjections]

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! I will have to go into the point of order raised by the hon member for Durban Bush, but in the interim the hon the Minister may proceed.

Allocation of funds

* The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Education and Culture [258]

Whether he (a) objected to or (b) rejected the allocation of funds to his Department in respect of the 1991-92 financial year, if not, why not, if so, (i) why and (ii) with what result?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(a) Yes

(b) Yes, the Provincial Budget Estimate of R685,435 000 for the rest of Education (excluding salary increases) was rejected

(f) Funds not enough to meet our needs

There was only minimal difference between the budgets for 1990/91 and 1991/92 upon close examination. Therefore the new budget does not cater for:

- inflation of ± 15%,
- price escalation,
- the confirmation of temporary teachers.
Another means of countering arbitrage as a consequence of different tax rates on normal income, interest and dividends for individuals in the wake of a low-rate tax on

Central government and the provinces R4,1bn

CAPE TOWN — President F W de Klerk on Thursday called a vote to reconstitute the Ministers' Council in the House of Delegates and has retained J N Reddy as its chairman.

In a statement issued yesterday, De Klerk said "it is clear that Solidarity still remains the strongest party in the House".

He added that the majority which voted in favour of the motion to reconstitute the council from members of the main parties in the House did not "reflect a sufficient cohesion on which to base a transfer of executive power"

"I have also been provided with information to the effect that Dr Reddy can rely on majority support in the House," he added.

Since the 23-19 vote against Reddy and his Ministers' Council in the no confidence debate two weeks ago, at least three of the Solidarity members who crossed the floor to join an opposites alliance have crossed back. An independent has also joined the party.

However, De Klerk added that his decision "does not exclude the possibility of a reshuffle of the Ministers' Council on the recommendation of the chairman at a later stage".

Reddy said later he was glad "it has come to an end".

"All members of the HoD must recognize we are approaching an hour where far more important things are taking place, and we should concentrate our energies on making a contribution to the reform process".
Blow to Rajbansi as FW backs Reddy

President de Klerk has decided to keep Dr J N Reddy as chairman of the House of Delegates’ Minister’s Council, despite his losing a motion of no confidence.

The fight against Dr Reddy was led by the Leader of the Opposition, Amuchand Rajbansi. Mr Rajbansi’s motion asking President de Klerk to reconstitute the Minister’s Council was passed by 23 votes to 19 on February 8.

Mr de Klerk’s decision to keep Dr Reddy in office is a major blow to Mr Rajbansi.

In a statement yesterday, Mr de Klerk said he had met all leaders who wanted to speak to him. He said it was clear that Solidarity “still remains the strongest party in the HoD”.

The 23 members who voted against Dr Reddy did not reflect a sufficient cohesion on which to base a transfer of executive power.

Mr de Klerk said he also had information that Dr Reddy could rely on the majority support in the House if he continued as chairman of the Minister’s Council.

“After due consideration I have come to the conclusion that the differences among the different parties in the House are of such a nature that a reconstituted council of the Minister’s Council on this basis is not feasible at this stage,” Mr de Klerk said.

This did not exclude the possibility of a reshuffle of the Minister’s Council by Dr Reddy at a later stage, Mr de Klerk said.
is the intention of the hon. the Minister to ensure that in this historic year there will be no discrimination against political party, because we have been told in the past and we have been told in the present that this country is made up of people who are of different political parties. We need to understand that political parties are necessary for the functioning of a democratic society.

Notwithstanding any other provision that may be needed, political parties are necessary for the functioning of a democratic society.

In conclusion, I want to say that the problem of political parties is complicated. The problem is not just about the political parties themselves. It is also about the way in which political parties are organized and how they operate. If we are to have a successful democracy, we need to find ways to address these issues.

Mr. M. Naranjee

Mr. Chairman, from the very inception of the tripartite system, general elections and the establishment of political parties, there has been a need to ensure that political parties are not just about the political parties themselves. They also need to be about the people who are represented by the political parties.

The development of the retirement village also needs support. Welfare organizations like the Arya Benevolent Home should be assisted in developing, as they would be able to further the interests of the aged and provide care. They would also need to look at the long-term needs of the aged and providing care for the aged who become frail over a period of time is a priority. The advantages of this approach are that it would lead to a more sustainable system. We need to ensure that we maintain the welfare of the elderly and the care given to them.

Thirdly, organized activities, community and games, etc., would enable the aged to live happily. They would be physically and mentally occupied and in a position to supplement their income from organized productive activities. Fourthly, the aged should be able to live independently and be less of a burden on hospitals and institutions providing residential care.

Once again, in keeping with the theme of the new South Africa, where all of us will enjoy the sunshine and the breeze, the aged should be able to enjoy thes e activities. It is important that we work towards a society where the elderly are not just cared for, but are also able to live happily and independently.

The Minister of National Health Services

Mr. Chairman, I am well aware of the disparities in the system. The Government has accepted the principle of parity. This is a very difficult problem to solve when there is no economic growth. The Government is investigating the problem at the moment, and believe it is important that one should not have unrealistic expectations.

I wish to respond to the hon. member for Rooswater Hills. I do not agree with the point which the hon. member raised in connection with the plight of the elderly. I agree with him and have great sympathy for the problems which they face. I believe it is the responsibility of the State to support those who cannot cope by themselves. It is therefore a very serious problem, and I have no argument with the point which the hon. member raised.

I want to thank the hon. member for Baysview for his kind words. As far as I know—and this is not my line—function—responsibility—the possibility of a transfer of pensioners in the private sector is being investigated at the moment. I cannot report whether this is so, or how far this investigation has progressed.

I also wish to respond to the hon. the Leader of the Official Opposition. It is true that the hon. the Minister of Finance will consult with me in my capacity as Minister of National Health, on the matter of allocating certain grants, but this will happen only after it has been decided on the amount that is available for social pensions. I do not have this information at this early stage. He will consult with me as soon as he is ready to do so. However, as I pointed out at the beginning, this is not the time to discuss this very serious problem.

I now come to the hon. member for Maranahll. I agree with the hon. member and sympathize with his approach. I have no problem with anything he has said. However, I believe and hope that we as responsible leaders in our communities will take the initiative to develop cost-effective programmes which will promote the ability of the elderly to stay independent.

Debate concluded.

The Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services

*Precedence given to questions on own affairs on this day pursuant to the resolution adopted by the House on this day.

**Political party congress: amounts paid

1. The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services whether the Administration House of Delegates paid for the (a) motor transport and (b) hotel accommodation of members of the Ministers' Council who attended a political party congress held in the Transvaal in 1999; if so, (i) why, (ii) to what extent, (iii) in what form and (iv) what is the amount of the political party involved?

The Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services

(a) Yes

(b) Yes

(i) Provisions exist in the Guidelines for Ministers issued by the Office of the State President

(ii) All costs

(iii) Solidarity

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services the following question:

1. The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services on a point of order. The hon. member is implying that I am saying to my colleague that he should not take any further questions. I want to assure him that I never said that.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE ORDERED that the Leader of the Official Opposition may proceed.
The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPosiTIoN  Mr Chairman, I do not want to waste my time with a clown

Mr Y M MAKDA Mr Chairman, on a point of order. The hon the Leader of the Official Opposition has used the term "clown". Is he referring to the hon the Minister of Health Services and Welfare?

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! Did the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition use the word "clown"?

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPosiTIoN Yes, Mr Chairman, but I was not referring to the hon the Minister.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! The hon the Leader of the Official Opposition must not play around with words. He must withdraw that word.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPosiTIoN I withdraw it unconditionally, Mr Chairman.

My further question is this: What if the hon the State President's rule book, referred to by the hon the Minister, does not allow for such expenditure? Secondly, in order to avoid being accused of misleading Parliament, would the hon the Minister be prepared to let this matter be adjudicated by the Advocate-General of the Republic of South Africa?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES Mr Chairman, as far as we are concerned, provisions 11 and 11 in "Guideline for Ministers" clearly indicates what the position is in regard accurately. I am sure the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition knows about them [Interjections].

The hon the Leader of the Official Opposition asked whether the hon the State President allows this or not. We have cleared up that aspect, but what confuses me so much is that the very thing he is questioning me about now is in fact what he was doing when he was Chairman of the Ministers' Council. I can vouch for that because I was a Minister under his chairmanship. What we have done is nothing new. As far as payment for travelling and hotel expenses is concerned for attending party conferences is permissible. It has been cleared with the hon the State President.

The MINISTER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPosiTIoN What about the Advocate-General?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES I have no problems with that whatsoever. If the hon leader wishes to do that, he can do so with the greatest of pleasure.

Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, further arising from the hon the Minister's reply, could he please tell this House what the costs amounted to?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES Mr Chairman, unfortunately I do not have the information with me, because I am inquiring directly to the question, which was not related with the amount. But I will certainly furnish the hon member with the details if he is interested in the costs.

Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, I am most certainly interested in the amount of the costs and, with respect, I believe that the hon the Minister's reply is unacceptable in that the hon the Minister does not have the information on costs available at the present time.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! I just want to remind the hon member for Springfield that he is supposed to question the hon the Minister arising from the reply.

Educators' retirement age

2. Mr K PANDAY asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

(1) Whether he intends reducing the retirement age of educators employed by his Department, if not, why not, if so, (a) when and (b) what is the proposed retirement age for (i) female and (ii) male educators,

(2) whether he will make a statement on the matter.

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

HANSARD 24/2/91

D11E

(1) No

I am not empowered to do so. This is a National Education policy matter which is discussed by the Committee of Education Ministers under the Chairmanship of the

they have been requesting this for more than a period of 15 years. Having accomplished this information, we thought it was the right time to allow these people who have served education for so long, to leave honourably at this particular stage. As I have said, this is an accumulated factor. So, if there is a similar accumulated factor 15 to 20 years from now, the situation could arise again and we may address the situation at that time.

Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's answer, could he please tell us what the cost implications of such a move will be?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I will give the round figures as closely as possible to the precise figures. If the hon member for Springfield wants precise figures, he will have to put his request in writing.

A figure of R10 500 million is to be paid to people who are retiring early. Opposed to that it will cost us an amount of R14 300 000 in wages if we do not do this. Savings will consist of an amount of approximately R3 700 000 because the younger educators will be paid far less than we would be paying the older educators. It will therefore be a saving for my Department.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPosiTIoN Mr Chairman, further arising from the answer given by the hon the Minister, with reference to the provision in the Indians Education Act that the hon the Minister must act in consultation with his colleague, the hon the Minister of National Health, because it is a question of early retirement on the grounds of ill health, boarding, etc, I would like to know whether that hon Minister was consulted?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, the Acting Chief Executive Director of the Department of Education, Mr M Pillay, is in charge of administration. This is an administrative matter. It is not a policy decision which I personally administer in minute detail. Therefore that particular aspect would be left in his hands. I am sure he will do the right thing if it was necessary to contact me or discuss this with the hon the Minister of National Health, they would have done so.

Staffing division: persons employed

HANSARD 24/1/91

D21E

3. Mr K PANDAY asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services:

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPosiTIoN
Mr. R. M. Burrows asked the Minister of Finance:

(1) Whether he recently made the statement that the Department of Education and Culture of the House of Delegates had a surplus of 1,000 teachers, if so, how was this figure arrived at?

The Minister of Finance:

(1) No, but I did ask the question if it was true that there were well in excess of 1,000 teachers too many in Indian education.

The relevant quotation from Hansard col. 1219 is as follows: "Is it true or not that there are well in excess of 1,000 teachers too many in Indian education?"

(2) No.

(3) No—It is a matter related to the formulae, according to which inter alia the global amount which has been budgeted for education is divided among the several education departments.

(4) No—I suggest that the honourable member discuss the working of these formulae and relevant matters with the Minister of National Education.
Whether a political party known as the Republican Party of South Africa is registered with his Department, if so, (a) when was it registered and (b) who are its office bearers?  

The MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS  

Yes.  

(a) 1989-07-06  

(b) National Leader — Govindsamy Reddy  
National Secretary — Kuppusamny Maistry

INTERPELLATIONS

The sign * indicates a translation. The sign † indicates a word or phrase used subsequently in the same interpellation, indicates the original language.

Identity documents: national identity  

*1 Adv S C JACOBS asked the Minister of Home Affairs  

Whether he will consider introducing legislation in Parliament to allow people applying thereafter to have their children’s national identity entered on their identity documents, if not, why not?  

The MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS Mr Speaker, if by national identity one means population group identity, then the answer is clearly no. The Identification Act of 1986, which came into operation with effect from 1 July 1986, makes provision for uniform identity documents to be issued to all South Africans. Therefore, for more than four years now, or since 1986, the department has been issuing identity documents in which there is no indication of the holder’s population group affiliation, either by means of the definition of group or race, or by the indication of the name as was the case up to the beginning of 1970 in the case of the earlier green identity card, or by means of a figure in a code as was the case from 1970 to 1986 in the first identity document if a genuine need did exist to indicate a person’s population group in the document, my department and I would by this stage probably have been inundated with representations and complaints from the public.  

However, neither I nor my department are receiving any negative reaction to the contents of the new identity document. The hon member evidently has no problems either with the removal of the definition of a person’s group from the identity document. This has been successfully implemented for almost five years now. I deduced from his question that he would like a person’s national identity to be included in the identity document. However, it is not clear to me exactly what the hon member means by national identity. [Interjections] Because this has been included for years. If he means the population group or race group, in other words apartheid concepts based on colour, it is obvious that the words “national identity” are incorrect and that he means to say race group.

The Official Opposition has an obsession with the concept of nation (volk). When we ask them whether they are actually referring to when they talk about nation, we get confusing replies. I should like to know from the hon member whether he is going to spell out to us in clear terms today what nation it is whose national identity must be included in an identity document. This Parliament will then know whether he actually means that a racialist reference should be included in the identity document. [Interjections]  

As a legal man the hon member surely knows that concepts cannot be used haphazardly in legislation. He has a golden opportunity today to indicate how he wants to entrench the concept of nation (volk) in legislation in view of South Africa’s unique diversity. [Interjections]  

*Mr S C JACOBS Mr Speaker, the hon the Minister says we have an obsession with regard to our group identity and national identity. Of course we have an obsession with this. We shall tell the hon the Minister why we have an obsession about this. It is because he is trying to take it away from us in this new constitutional dispensation, and this will be catastrophic for our people. [Interjections] That is why we have an obsession with it.

I now want to ask the hon the Minister—he must look at me when I ask him—whether he is a White person [Interjections]. Is the hon the Minister an Afrikaner? Does he speak Afrikaans? We say we want to have the national identity included in that identity document, whatever the applicant may prefer. It might be a person who wants to have “Afrikaner” recorded, it might be a person who wants to have “English-speaking South African” recorded. It might also be a person who wants an entry stating that he is a White person, and that his children’s...
The MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS

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General Affairs
1 Mr A Makda—Manpower [Withdrawn]

QUESTIONS
Indicates translated version
For oral reply

General Affairs

Own Affairs Ministers

* The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Constitutional Development

(1) Whether the Government intends requesting Parliament to reduce or eliminate Own Affairs Ministries once the Group Areas Act, No 36 of 1966, and the Population Registration Act, No 30 of 1950, have been repealed, if not, (a) why not and (b) what steps does he intend taking in regard to such Ministries after the repeal of the said Acts,

(2) whether he will make a statement on the matter.

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT

(1) No
(a) and (b) The subject has been dealt with at length during the discussion of the Private Member Motion moved by the Chairman of the House of Delegates on 27 February 1991

(2) No

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION

begins at home: We are suffering due to the lack of funds. Two hon Ministers—I compliment them and I praise them and I salute them—did not make use of the privilege of going overseas.

I am aware of that and I want to say, with due respect, that the attention of the hon the Minister was needed here. The attention of the hon the Minister was needed at the Anwar Bazaar for the last eight days in Parliament. However, I want to say, with all the humility at my disposal, that I doubt whether there was sincerity and genuineness. We know that even since the hon the Chairman of the Ministers' Council was appointed Minister of Housing, the present hon Deputy Minister has been carrying the can. This House must be united in condemning this and not say that it has the authority of the hon the State President. We are concerned about the state of affairs in the Ministry of Housing and this is another example of the gross waste of taxpayers' money. I want to appeal to the hon the Minister to find and identify those Ministers who have the right but who did not go overseas.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE MINISTERS' COUNCIL: Me too!

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION I am talking about his colleagues. How much did it cost, about R43 000? How do we know that the purpose of the trip, maybe to go to a housing conference?

Mr D K PADIACHEY: Mr Chairman, we need about 1.2 million houses to overcome the present-day crisis in this country. We agree that we have to perform studies, but there have been many professional people in the field of housing in this country who have performed many studies and as a result many a White Paper has been labelled in this regard. The housing crisis in South Africa is unique and the solutions to the housing crisis in Rio de Janeiro in Brazil will never resolve the problems here. It is unfair that a Minister should use the overseas trip for his own benefit, and then come out and tell us that they are studying the housing crisis. [Interjections] Take the problems we have in the country at the moment. Have any new houses been built in the Transvaal? [Interjections] We have a housing crisis in the Transvaal. Has the hon the Minister resolved the housing crisis in the Transvaal? Has he resolved the housing crisis in Natal? Has the overseas trip in any way assisted him in resolving those problems? [Time expired]

Mr S PACHAI: Mr Chairman, the situation is really regrettable. When a Minister goes overseas at the expense of the taxpayer, the end result should be of some benefit to the people he represents in the country.

Mr T L GOURDEN: You wanted to go to Canada when you were Deputy Minister of Housing.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE: Order!

Mr S PACHAI: If the hon member shuts up while I am speaking, I think we will be able to make some progress. [Interjections]

The hon the Minister finds very little time when he is in this country. When he attended a meeting of the Ministers of Housing, which was held after two years, he found the members to leave long before the meeting ended. He does the same when he attends public meetings or settings of the House. He has no time to devote himself to the work of his Ministry. He is always in a hurry and he is always in a hurry. [Interjections] However, he can find two whole weeks to go and expend taxpayers' money. What was the end result and what was the benefit to the Ministry of Housing? When we used money for a workshop to analyse the strengths and weaknesses of the department he was, as the Minister, the only one who did attend. [Time expired]

Mr M MOHANALLI: Mr Chairman, the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition has the bad habit of mis-posing in the last two years. The last two years, he should raise these issues. Did not Ministers under his Chairmanship go on overseas trips? [Interjections] May I remind him that, when I was a ministerial representative, he prevented me from going when the Durban City Council had already paid for my attendance at a housing conference. The reason was that I had to help in the Tongaat bye-election. [Interjections] Why does he not react in a similar way to what is done by general affairs Ministers? They also use taxpayers' money. The hon the Minister of Foreign Affairs goes overseas very frequently. Has the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition questioned this? Has he asked for a report?

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION He does his work there!
Mr M MOHANLALL. The hon member for Central Rand must tell us how his leader tried to bungla with his way into an overseas trip last year through the Parliamentary Association and did not allow his colleagues to go [Interjections] At the time when the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition was the Chairman of the Ministers' Council he did not go on a overseas trip simply [Interjections]

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE. Order!

Mr M MOHANLALL. Because he was afraid of a coup d'état in his absence.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION. We did our work.

Mr M MOHANLALL. The hon the Leader of the Official Opposition did not go overseas when he was the Chairman of the Ministers' Council simply because he was afraid there would be a coup d'état in his absence [Interjections] [Time expired]

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION. Mr Chairman, in the situation that prevailed at the time the hon member for Clare Estate mentioned, we had general criticism, but the then Chairman of the Ministers' Council attended all meetings of the Ministers of Housing. We have hardly seen the present hon Minister of Housing attend any meetings of the Housing Advisory Committee of this House.

The day he did attend, he woke up six times to run away. Here there was an admission by the Deputy Minister that the hon the Minister of Housing did not have time [Interjections]

Mr T PALAN. The former Deputy Minister.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION. The former Deputy Minister said he did not have the time because the situation of laziness and neglect that exist now did not exist previously for the benefit of the hon member for Clare Estate. Let us not compare the two situations. There was productivity when no meetings or conferences were missed in South Africa.

We are not scoring political points [Interjections] There is common concern. I want to say that this trip to South America was not in the general welfare of the South African community [Interjections]

Mr T PALAN. How do you know?

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION. Because it was a trip [Interjections] [Time expired]

The MINISTER OF HOUSING. Mr Chairman, I sincerely trust that the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition does not judge me by my own standards [Interjections] Secondly, I attended this conference, but not as the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition has said, to go on leave I am entitled to leave with my wife once every year, but I have not taken it.

However, I went to this conference because I consider the kind of housing development in South America to have some relation to the squatter development in South Africa and it was my intention to acquire some understanding of their approach to resolving this matter. In so far as my Deputy Minister is concerned, his function is to attend to some of these meetings. I can tell hon members that I start working at seven and I work until late.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION. You worry about the CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE. Order! The hon the Minister of Housing may proceed.

The MINISTER OF HOUSING. Watch me [Interjections].

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE. Order! The hon the Leader of the Official Opposition kindly resume his seat. The hon the Minister may continue.

The MINISTER OF HOUSING. I want to say that under my chairmanship, for the first time, we have discovered all the neglect of and failures in the housing division under that former chairman.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION. The hon the Chairman of the Ministers' Council issued a threat to me that I must watch out [Interjections]

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE. Order! I just want to tell hon members that if something is said in the heat of the moment, I am certain it is meant in jest [Interjections] The hon the Minister may continue [Interjections]

The MINISTER OF HOUSING. One of the reasons for the delay is that we have committed R300 million over the past 18 months for housing development for the Indian community.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION. You're replaying the old record.

The MINISTER OF HOUSING. Furthermore, we are now discovering the faults, the weaknesses and the incomplete work left behind by the former Chairman of the Ministers' Council who controlled this Ministry [Interjections]. During my address in the housing debate I shall be able to give chapter and verse. Pelican Park started six years ago and we still cannot give transfer. Why? Because the work of township registration has not been completed [Interjections].

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION. It was given to you on a platter but you are doing business from your office.

The MINISTER OF HOUSING. Likewise, in other parts of the Transvaal, we cannot give transfer to people because the planning, the layout and the registration of townships are incomplete.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION. What about the past two years?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING. This is what we have been putting right in the past two years.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION. You are fast asleep.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE. Order! The hon the Minister has half a minute's inquiry time and that has also expired [Interjections].

Debate concluded,

2 Mr A S Akooob—Housing [Withdrawn]

QUESTIONS

Indicates translated version

For oral reply

Own Affairs

Question standing over from Tuesday, 5 March

The MINISTER OF HOUSING. What was the question?

HOUSE OF DELEGATES
Row as Indian MP bars blacks from new area

By MONK NKOMO

A ROW has erupted over enforcement of the Group Areas Act by an Indian MP concerning Lotus Gardens, near Attendgeville in Pretoria.

This follows the rejection of black applications for the occupation of houses at Lotus Gardens by Chairman of the Ministers' Council Dr JN Reddy.

Reddy told the Attendgeville Saulsville Residents Organisation that Lotus Gardens was being developed strictly for the Indian community in terms of the Group Areas Act, which had not yet been repealed.

Backlog

Aero representatives said yesterday they complained to Reddy recently following reports that scores of applications from Attendgeville residents to occupy houses at Lotus Gardens had been rejected by the Indian authorities.

The organisation condemned the stance taken by the Indian authorities and said their residents also had a serious housing backlog.

Aero has now sought a meeting with the Minister of Planning and Provincial Affairs, Mr Hermus Kriel, to resolve the matter.

In his reply to Aero, Reddy said although his administration supported State President Mr PW de Klerk's initiatives to scrap apartheid, he was still bound by the country's constitution.

Needs

"I and my administration are, until such time as these measures are enacted, obliged, in terms of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa Act No 110 of 1983, to provide first and foremost for the needs of the Indian community in South Africa, which includes their housing needs.

"In this context Lotus Gardens is being developed for members of the Indian community of whom several thousands have been on our waiting list for many years," said Reddy.

Mr Sattar Cassim, chairman of the Laudum Management Committee, yesterday distanced himself from Reddy's stance and said his committee was in favour of the area being shared by people of all races.

"Reddy's attitude is bad and not in line with the new South Africa that is being planned," Cassim said.

In their reply dated March 7 this year, Aero told Reddy that South Africa was a racial state because its constitution entrenched separate development.

"Your allegation that you and your administration subscribe to non-racial principles as advocated today by all peace-loving South Africans are misleading and discouraging," Aero said.
A major row has erupted over the role of Indian ethnic politics in a future South Africa.

The left-wing Natal Indian Congress and its Transvaal equivalent, the Transvaal Indian Congress, have refused to disband and join major political movements such as the African National Congress (ANC).

Spokesmen for the organisations claim they can canvass more effectively for the ANC in the Indian community as independent organisations.

The future of the two organisations, which were born at the start of the century and which were stalwarts of the disbanding United Democratic Front, will be decided at a meeting with the ANC today.

NIC president George Sewpersaud and TIC secretary Islam Momoniat said the possibility of both bodies representing the Indian community at multi-party talks was high on their agendas.

They were opposed to the presence of the House of Delegates at the talks.

Mr Sewpersaud and Mr Momoniat said this week that the Indian congresses shared dual membership with the ANC.

Mr Sewpersaud said the ANC's Natal Midlands chairman Harry Gwala had said that the ANC "had no problems" with dual membership.
QUESTIONs

Indicates translated version

For oral reply

Own Affairs

Secondary schools: Latin

*1 Mr P A S MOPP asked the Minister of Education and Culture, [assumes to be a question]
(a) How many secondary schools fall under the jurisdiction and (b) how many of these schools offer Latin as a matriculation course?

C37E

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(a) 254
(b) 5

QUESTIONs

Indicates translated version

For written reply

General Affairs

Kokstad post office: persons employed

4 Mr P T C NAPIER asked the Minister of Mineral and Energy Affairs and Public Enterprises, [assumes to be a question]
(1) How many persons are employed at the Kokstad post office,
(2) whether any such persons are members of the Coloured population group, if not, why not, if so, how many?

C38E

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET

(1) (a) (i) Head Offices
   (a) Regional Offices
   (b) Head Offices
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(2) (a) (i) Director
   (ii) Chief Director
   (iii) Deputy Director
   (iv) Assistant Director
   (v) Senior Officer
(b) See annexure

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**White/Brown officials: complaints**

7 Mr C E GREEN asked the Minister of the Budget: **State funds: commission of enquiry**

(a) How many complaints about (i) White and (ii) Brown officials who were allegedly guilty of misconduct, have been lodged with his Department since 1 January 1984, (b) what was the nature of these complaints, (c) who lodged the complaints and (d) what steps have been taken against the persons concerned?

8 Mr C E GREEN asked the Minister of the Budget: **The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET**

The Department of Budgetary and Auxiliary Services has no statistical records on cases of misconduct. It is, therefore, not possible to answer the question.

The results and/or findings of the (a) so-called three-man commission of enquiry into the spending of State funds in the Administration House of Representatives, (b) subsequent audit inspection, (c) enquiry by the Burt Commission and (d) enquiry by the Newman Commission conducted at the regional office of the Department of Local Government, Housing and Agriculture in Port Elizabeth.
The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET

1. (a) No so-called three-man commission of enquiry into the spending of State funds in the Administration House of Representatives has been appointed.
(b) Falls away
(c) No Burt Commission of enquiry has been appointed. The Senior Legal Adviser of the Administration, Mr N. Burt, has been directed by the Director-General to investigate certain matters at the relative office. No evidence of any anomalies was found.

(d) No Newman Commission of enquiry has been appointed. Financial inspectors Dr Peter and C. J. Petersen of the Department of Budget and Auxiliary Services' Head Office have, in the course of their normal financial inspections, found some evidence of irregularities in the regional offices at George and Port Elizabeth.

2. (a) None as far as question (2)(c) is concerned.
(b) As regards question (1)(d), the matter has been reported to the SA Police and is still sub judice.

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER

Mr Chairman, the reply to this interpellation is yes, most definitely. In order to show that the SA Police are committed to eradicating intimidation as far as possible, instructions in this regard were issued on 18 January 1991 to all regional commissioners of the SA Police. These include, inter alia, warnings to the public regarding the matter with community leaders and the public, the utilisation of all available manpower to ensure a greater visible police presence, the utilisation of reservists and the SA Defence Force, a partnership involving high-level co-operation between the public in general and the police, the conveyance of the message that every person has a responsibility to protect his own life and property, public support for the SA Police to eradicate intimidation, continuous discussions with the Attorney-General, public prosecutors and magistrates in order to expedite cases of intimidation, and co-ordinated action between the SA Police and other responsible departments and institutions.

During meetings which preceded the by-election in Montford and on the day of the by-election the SA Police, as in the case of all other meetings and elections of this nature, had present to maintain law and order. It is, however, an established fact that intimidation cannot be combated without the co-operation of the public. It is an evil that bedevils the order which every community desires. It is for this reason that a moral obligation rests upon every resident in a community to protect the interests of that community. Consequently, I would like to make an earnest request to all members of the public, especially the constituents of Montford, to report all cases of intimidation to the police without delay, in order that the necessary police action can immediately be taken against the perpetrators.

Police action against intimidators during the period 18 January 1991 to 12 March 1991 has resulted in 222 persons being arrested in terms of the Intimidation Act. These arrests were effected as a result of the fact that 128 cases were reported to the police. Regular discussions concerning intimidation are at present in progress between the SA Police and the community. As a result of this, and according to various regional commissioners, members of the public are reporting cases of intimidation more readily. A significant degree of resistance to intimidation on the part of the public is also noticeable.

I assure hon. members that relentless action will be taken against intimidators as deeds of this nature are counterproductive to peace, tranquillity and freedom of expression in any society.

Mr K. Chetty: Mr Chairman, we on this side of the House are happy to hear that the hon. the Minister has announced that his department is going to take the necessary steps to eradicate this problem as far as the extra-parliamentary forces are concerned.

At present, the Chatsworth police are beset by problems of their own, such as insufficient staff and vehicles, and they are doing their best to sort out these problems. We are not trying to say that the Chatsworth police are not doing their work. I think we are here also to give them our moral support. They are doing a fine piece of work, which I appreciate. The hon. the Minister knows that most of the time I am critical of the police.

Recently, local affairs committee members and management committee members were visited by extra-parliamentary forces, and they were threatened. They were told to resign their positions as members of the LAC and of the management committee. People must be free to do whatever they want to. These forces must not go around threatening people. What we need is for the police to take the necessary action.
(2) what steps have been taken as a result of
each of the above-mentioned enquiries or
inspection?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET

(a) No so-called three-man commission
of enquiry into the spending of State
funds in the Administration House
of Representatives has been ap-
pointed.

(b) Falls away

(c) No Burt Commission of enquiry has
been appointed. The Senior Legal
Advisor of the Administration, Mr N
Burt, has been directed by the Direc-
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concerned.

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ter has been reported to the SA
Police and is still sub judice.

INTERPELLATION

The sign * indicates a translation. The sign, used subsequently in the same interpretation, indicates the original language.

General Affairs

By-election in Montford

Mr. K. CHETTY asked the Minister of Law and
Order:

Whether the South African Police intend
taking any steps in regard to alleged overt
intimidation by certain parties in respect of the
by-election to be held in Montford, if not, why
not, if so, what steps?

D665 INT

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER Mr.
Chairman, the reply to this interpellation is yes,
most definitely. In order to show that the SA
Police are committed to eradicating intimidations
as far as possible, instructions in this regard were
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misions of the SA Police. These include, inter
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munity leaders and the public, the utilisation of all
available manpower to ensure a greater
visibility of police presence, the utilisation of reserv-
ees and the SA Defence Force, a partnership
involving high-level co-operation between the
public in general and the police, the conveyance
of the message that every person has a respon-
sibility to protect his own life and property, public
support for the SA Police to eradicate intimidations,
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in order to expedite cases of intimidation, and
co-ordinated action between the SA Police and
other responsible departments and institutions.

During meetings which preceede the by-election in Montford and on the day of the by-election the SA Police will, as in the case of all other meetings and elections of this nature, be present to
maintain law and order. It is, however, an
established fact that intimidation cannot be
combatted without the co-operation of the public.
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the Intimidation Act. These arrests were ef-
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I assure hon members that relentless action will
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Mr. K. CHETTY: Mr. Chairman, on this side of
the House, I am happy to hear that the hon the
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At present, the Chatsworth police are beset by
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and vehicles, and they are doing their best to sort
out these crippling problems. We are not trying
to say that the Chatsworth police are not doing
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management committee members were wasted
by extra-parliamentary forces, and they were
threatened. They were told to resign their positi-
ions as members of the LAC and of the
management committee. People must be left
free to do whatever they want to. These forces
must not go around threatening people. What we
need is for the police to take the necessary action.
against those people who are trying to exert pressure on other people. We are not going to allow the extra-parliamentary forces to have their own way.

We have been asked why extra-parliamentary groups are targeting only people of colour. The recent by-election in Madijane was unattended.

Why did the extra-parliamentary groups not attempt to stop the Madijane by-election? The extra-parliamentary groups must stop their negative actions. People who are anti-White, i.e., Australia which is not Africa, are convinced that we are moving forward in the right direction, why cannot our people start taking positive action to show that we are moving in the right direction?

In the meanwhile we have a situation where we need extra police protection to protect the democratic rights of those who wish to vote. I call for a special squad of policemen whose sole purpose will be to ensure that there is no intimidation of anyone who wishes to express his democratic right. A number of old, infirm people, pensioners, will be casting their votes. These people will need special protection. We must avoid the situation in 1984 when a number of people stayed away because of fear of being victimised with the result that the polls were not a true reflection of the situation.

Are the extra-parliamentary groups afraid? Do they have sufficient support? Are they preparing for a new constitution by enforcing intimidatory tactics? Is this the new South Africa? Are we going to have a situation of lawlessness each time a particular group does not get its way? If extra-parliamentary groups are assured of popular support, they must allow people to decide for themselves who they wish to vote for.

My call, therefore, is for the extra-parliamentary groups to show that they stand for a democratic system by respecting the rights of others. However, because we do not have their assurances, it is necessary that a special unit be deployed to ensure that law and order is maintained. I make an urgent appeal to the hon. Minister kindly to consider this request.

Mr. S NAI'DDOO, Mr. Chairman, having contested a parliamentary election myself, I know the difficulties a candidate faces. It is common knowledge that candidates can expect criticism and harassment from voters and constituents.

Whilst in all general elections we experience certain difficulties, I believe that in a by-election there is a far greater concentration of intimidation, not only by extra-parliamentary forces, but also from participants. It is my opinion that unless some measure of control is introduced, candidates will find themselves in a very inauspicious position.

People have the right to vote or not to vote, and they also have the right to advise others not to vote. But nobody has the right to intimidate others or forcibly prevent people from voting. There should be peace and cohesion at all elections, and I believe that in a changing South Africa attitudes should change as well.

I propose that the hon. the Minister prepare a suitable programme to set in motion ways in which the SA Police, the chief electoral officer and all other electoral officials involved will be able to conduct fair and just elections, now and in the future.

Mr. T PALAN, Mr. Chairman, intimidation is the order of the day when there are elections for the House of Delegates or the House of Representatives, but the same does not apply to White elections. Why is it because White voters are adequately protected?

I wonder if hon. members know that three Black councillors in the Transvaal alone are known to have died as a result of attacks by the so-called intimidators, who persistently demand that councillors resign. Allow me to quote from The Citizen of 18 March:

There is no doubt that, in the vast majority of cases, pressure and threats for councillors to resign came from local civic associations and youth organisations supporting the ANC.

In the Transvaal alone, 262 of the 442 Black council seats are vacant. In Natal, 24 of the 103 seats are vacant and in the Northern Cape, 26 out of 152 seats. All of these vacancies are attributable to intimidation by extra-parliamentary forces which do not support the system. We in the House of Delegates do not support the extra-parliamentary system either, but, as we have said—this is on record in Hansard—we are using the system to fight a system that is inadequate, in order to bring about a constitution that will benefit and be acceptable to all communities in the Republic of South Africa.

The intimidators should therefore bear in mind that it is not only people of colour who should suffer the consequences of their intimidation. If they must intimidate, they should intimidate everyone. [Time expired]

Mr. M RAIJAB, Mr. Chairman, I am pleased that the hon. the Minister has taken the trouble to ensure, for that particular election, that law and order will prevail. It is sad, however, that when we have an election for the Indian community, one has to take special precautions to ensure that there is no intimidation. It is sad, because the buzz word today wherever one goes is "democracy", and every political party espouses democracy, although some obviously pay only lip service to it.

As far as we are concerned, democracy means that the individual has the free choice of deciding what he or she wishes to do. Whether that individual wishes to boycott an election or to support one candidate, it is that individual's right to do so. That is why I say it is sad that we have still to rely on the hon. the Minister of Law and Order to take special precautions to protect people of ordinary police work, so that they can attend to an election and provide protection of that kind for ordinary citizens.

The hon. member for Bayview said that there were no problems experienced in White elections. The hon. member being that the police, in fact, protect White elections. I think that that must be dismissed out of hand. I do not think that is true. I do not agree with the proposition that we do not have intimidation in the White community.

I think that what we need to do is to send a signal loudly and clearly, and—if all of us espouse democracy—that signal should be that the individual is allowed to take the decision of whether he or she wishes to boycott or not. [Time expired]

Mr. K CHETTY, Mr. Chairman, I appeal to the hon. the Minister to give protection to candidates. These candidates will be voted by the extra-parliamentary groups during the course of the voting. Their property must be protected. In the past the homes of candidates have been attacked and here I am making a further request to the hon. the Minister at least to give the candidates some police protection from six in the evening until six in the morning. I ask this because candidates are afraid.

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER, Mr. Chairman, thank you very much for the opportunity once again to address the House. I would like to thank hon. members for their contributions because I think it is clear that if we do not succeed in curbing intimidation, there will be no free expression of our point of view. This is therefore really very important for the future of this country.

I would like to point out, however, that intimidation is not unique to South Africa. It is a worldwide phenomenon. We have seen it happen in the United States with their legal system. We have seen how the Mafia on many occasions was involved in ordinary criminal cases and where people were intimidated to such an extent that they were not prepared to testify in open courts of law. It is therefore not unique to South Africa but nevertheless I would like to do my best to curb and to prevent it so that South Africans, when they have an opportunity to express their points of view, feel free to do so.

I would also like to assure the hon. member that I shall look into his request for the protection of candidates and their property. I would like to obtain the necessary particulars from him and we shall make sure that we specifically look into that matter.

I would also like to refer briefly to the suggestion that intimidation is a phenomenon that is only encountered in non-White communities. Thus, however, is not true. My hon. colleagues who are sitting here and I can testify to the situation in our own constituencies where Whites have been intimidated during the last election. This is one of the reasons for the introduction of prior votes—so that people can vote before the day of the election. I want to assure hon. members that the protection for candidates is exactly the same, regardless of whether the candidate is a White person or where the election is taking place. [Time expired]

Debate concluded.
account a saving that could accrue—and notwithstanding this—that he consider a reasonable percentage for the handling fee which I presume will be payable. In order that a viable situation prevails, I suggest a figure of, say, 20% [Time expired]

Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, it is quite clear that the hon nominated number did not understand what I was trying to say. Let me repeat to him.

An HON MEMBER He never understands

Mr M RAJAB in very clear and simple language that all I wanted the hon the Minister to do

Mr P NAIDOO You are hedging your bets!

Mr M RAJAB It is not I who should be hedging my bets. That hon member should be hedging his bets, because as I understand the legal position, his tenure in this House is still under a cloud [Interjections]

However, getting back to the question of school books, let me merely repeat what I said. I believe, in fairness, that we should try to strike a balance between the interests of people who have given good service to this department and the interests of the department itself so as far as trying to maximise our resources is concerned. [Interjections] That is my simple plea. It is not a plea to favour any particular book seller, nor is it a plea to favour any book seller of a particular ethnic group. [Time expired]

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE Mr Chairman, I thank hon members for taking part in this particular interpellation, because book procurement has been a sore point for many years in the Department of Education and Culture. This may be because of problems caused by apartheid which put us in a particular area where a particular book seller had to give his particular service to a particular group of people. That is the point here.

The question which was put to me very forcibly by a number of people, including the all-party conference we had of the House of Delegates, made it very clear to me that we need a fair and balanced type of programme for the dispensation and procurement of books for our division.

Previously, it has been stated clearly here that there had been problems in the past because different people had gone to tout for book orders. These kinds of problems follow the department.

When we came into the Administration we found out that in Canada, Australia and Germany there was a policy called corporate buying. Corporate buying is done on a tender basis. The budgetary division in the House of Delegates would buy books on mass and distribute them directly from the publisher to different points, whether these were book sellers, warehouses or whatever, and they would then disperse books for a particular handling fee. With that type of system, nobody can influence anyone else. It is done directly by the division and the money is handled by the Department of Budgetary and Auxiliary Services and therefore no allegation of corruption could be levied at any one of us.

I think it is in the best interests of the division to consider that very carefully. I am mindful of what the book sellers want, I am mindful of what the extra-parliamentary groups want and I am also mindful of what my Department of Education and Culture wants. We want a fair and equitable system without any sort of taint whatsoever.

[Time expired]

Debate concluded

QUESTIONS

1 Indicates translated version

For oral reply

Own Affairs

Apollo Secondary School: remarks

Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Education and Culture [Harvard 19/3/91]

Whether his Department has investigated claims that, during assembly, an acting principal at the Apollo Secondary School recently made racist and unsavoury remarks about Black pupils, if not, why not, if so, (a) what were the findings and (b) what action has been taken in this regard?

D42E

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

Yes

(a) The Acting Principal denied having made derogatory remarks against Black pupils

(b) Falls away

2 Mr S PACAHAI asked the Minister of Housing

Whether the work done by a certain person, whose name has been furnished to the Minister’s Department for the purpose of his reply, was previously done by the Chief Director in the Department of Local Government, Housing and Agriculture, if not, by whom was the work previously done, if so, why is the work now being done by this person,

(2) what is the name of the person concerned,

(3) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

D61E

The MINISTER OF HOUSING

No

Following on the Cabinet’s decision of 28 March 1990 on the need to improve overall financial and management performance in department, the Director-General appointed a consulting firm to investigate and advise him in this regard but specifically on the management of the Housing Development Fund. The reports identified a weakness in certain areas of financial and management expertise. In view of the urgency to provide such expertise and the time limits imposed upon the Administration, the Director-General decided to employ an outside expert to provide him with assistance for the overall exercise planning and execution of housing schemes having regard to the concomitant task of financial management in order to ensure the maximum returns on the money expended on housing.

(2) Dave Hall BSc, MBA

(3) No

Mr S PACAHAI Mr Chairman, assuming out of the hon the Minister’s reply, can he tell me whether, on the advice of the previous Minister of Housing, who is now the hon the Minister of Health and Welfare, a certain retired Director of Housing was appointed to do exactly what Mr Hall is doing now, at a cost of approximately R50 000?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING Mr Chairman, the gentleman to whom I referred earlier has not been engaged to do the kind of work that the hon member for Natal Midlands referred to.

Mr S PACAHAI Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister’s reply, will he tell me that a manager for a housing programme that has in fact been appointed? This manager of the housing programme has taken on some of the duties of the Chief Director of Local Government, Housing and Agriculture.

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, the person currently employed, by his very qualifications and experience, is a professional man. Having regard to the hundreds of millions of rand that have to be expended on housing, and the delays that have been experienced in the proclamation of townships, the laying out of townships, and all the attendant problems that have been experienced over the past five years, it has been necessary to bring in somebody who knows something about township planning, layout, etc. This is a supplementary service to facilitate the work of other public servants in the employ of my Department.

Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister’s answer, could he please tell this House what the cost of this additional supplementary service will be?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, the cost to the House must be compared with that of Pelican Park, a township laid out seven years ago, where Port Jackson trees are growing, because the people handling the project were not competent to know all the things that have to be dealt with in buying land, consolidating, proclaiming and registering a township. As a result of this, that township is now in the process of being proclaimed. Had it been proclaimed when we first came to Parliament, we would have saved something like R5 million in capital loss.

With regard to Villa Lisa, we find out now that there is a mining right. In many other townships, because of a lack of experience, we are only finding out at this point in time the number of impediments that exist. I want to have this matter resolved and a man employed whose expertise and experience will minimise the time...
lost and the expenses incurred in the loss of capital and interest.

Administrators: person employed

Mr S PACHAI asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services whether a certain person, whose name has been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply, has been employed by the Administration House of Delegates if so, in which (a) Department and (b) capacity, (c) at what cost, (d) for what period, (d) what basis has been used to determine his remuneration and (e) what is his name.

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

Yes—a person has been contracted

(a) Local Government, Housing and Agriculture.

(b) Financial Management Consultant.

(c) R150 per hour worked.

(d) Contract runs from 1 February 1991 to 30 May 1993.

(e) The current hourly rate for consultants in this field as published yearly in the survey of remuneration and tariffs are adjusted accordingly.

Mr S PACHAI Mr Chairman, an风气 the hon the Minister’s reply, can he tell us, without any checks and balances, whether the cost to his Department, taking reasonable working hours into consideration, will be in the region of R300 000 a month? If one computes that into yearly cost, it will be about R360 000. If one computes that into two years, it will cost the department R720 000 over the period of the contract.

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES Mr Chairman, the total cost is not known at present. However, should normal office hours be worked for the duration of the contract, it will be in the region of R617 000. The value of expenditure and assets to be managed during the same period is R154 million, which brings the remuneration to 0.4% of 0.4%.

Whereas the accepted rate of 2% in the private sector

The contractual employment of Mr Hall is in accordance with the Cabinet approval of 28 March 1990, which allows for consultants to be used, under duis, to guide and support the identification and construction of business units, to implement effective management information systems, to support with and guide in strategic planning and the compilation of budgets and to train departmental staff in financial management.

Mr S PACHAI Mr Chairman, further arising from the hon the Minister’s reply, can he tell us what additional costs will be incurred in providing Mr Hall with support in the form of secretarial services, office and telephone facilities, etc., over and above the R610 000 which he has mentioned to this House?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I could not follow the question. Would the hon member please repeat it?

Mr S PACHAI Mr Chairman, I want to know what the total cost will be to the department, including all the support which will be required. Has the person been given an office? Have telephone costs and travelling expenses been included? I would like the hon the Minister to tell us what the total cost over two years will be of running this office or consultancy, which is in fact that of the manager of the housing programme, over and above the R150 per hour which he has mentioned.

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, it is difficult to give all those details, as I do not have them at my disposal now, as far as the office is concerned, he has an office in our building. That is about all he has.

Mr P C NADASEN Mr Chairman, we are rather at cross purposes right now, because I found that during the Interpellation and Questions for Oral Reply, some very deaf questions were given. Some of the people who made those questions for Oral Reply, some very deaf questions were given. Some of the people who made those questions for Oral Reply, some very deaf questions were given. Some of the people who made those

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! The hon member must ask a supplementary question in response to the reply given by the

hon the Minister. The hon member may proceed.

Mr P C NADASEN Mr Chairman, I want to say first that the particular official that is being referred to—I think he was named as Mr Dave Hall—is known to me personally. I do not begrudge him the position.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! The hon member must ask a supplementary question. He may not make a statement. The hon member may proceed.

Mr P C NADASEN Mr Chairman, looking at the documents I have in my possession right now, I feel that the House of Delegates is being rather lavished R150 per hour amounts to approximately R20 000 per month. As the hon the Minister has stated, R670 000.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! What is the hon member’s supplementary question? Does he have a supplementary question?

Mr P C NADASEN No, Mr Chairman, this is not a supplementary question. [Interruptions]

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! I request hon members to refrain from laughing, and to allow me to help the hon member for Atlantide.

Unfortunately this is not an interpellation or a question which has been replied to, and hon members are entitled only to ask questions arising from the reply given. In fairness, I would like to give the hon member one last chance. The hon member may proceed.

Mr P C NADASEN Mr Chairman, all I would like to ask the hon the Minister, arising from his reply, is whether he could not have given that R670 000 that is to be paid over two years to our pensioners, who require it most. [Interruptions]

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I am aware of the hon member’s great concern as far as social pensions are concerned, because he is very deeply involved in social welfare work. Unfortunately, however, we are dealing with a different field altogether. We require a specialist person to do this type of work. I think one must appreciate that our public servants—I say this with respect to our chief directors—are not qualified to do the type of job that is required in this field.

The director-general, who is the accounting officer, has a job of work to do, and as far as we are concerned, we are confident that the appointment of Mr Dave Hall will certainly save us millions of rand. We are certain that we will be able to do away with the very long delays that many hon members have been complaining about. I think we will be proved correct.

QUESTIONS

Indicates translated version

For written reply

Own Affairs

Mr M ABRAHAM asked the Minister of Health Services and Welfare whether the clinic built near R K Khan Hospital in Chatsworth has helped to relieve the pressure on the out-patients department at the said hospital, if so, in what way, if not, why not?

(1) Whether the clinic built near the R K Khan Hospital in Chatsworth has helped to relieve the pressure on the out-patients department at the said hospital, if so, in what way, if not, why not?

(2) what is the viability of this clinic,

(3) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF HEALTH SERVICES AND WELFARE

(1) This clinic does not fall under the jurisdiction of the Administration House of Delegates. I am therefore not in a position to answer the question. It is suggested that the question be directed to the Minister of Planning, Provincial Affairs and National Housing.

(2) Falls away

(3) Falls away
The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) Yes

(a) 38

(b) SCHOOL GRANTOR

Primary

A I Kaje Mr N A Allawoodeen
Amatikulu Mr Fook
Ashville Mr S Dhanpath
Anjuman Islam Mr E A Timol
Doornkloof Mr R Lekha
Emoni Mr B Ganav
Harding Mr M I Mahomed
Ibvo Mr P H Nel
Ixopo Mr A Badat
Juma Musjid Trust Mr A G Khan
L Bodasang Mr V K Sing
M L Sultan Krantzloof Mr Govindsamy
M L Sultan Blackburn Mr M L Raman
M L Sultan Colenso Mr S Naidoo
M L Sultan Umzinto Mr G H S Kadwa
Madosburg Memorial Mr D V Moodley
Moonamsy Mr R Moorigan
Mountain View Mr R Sphakam
Natest Mr P Grovender
Northdene Mr P Rammunu
Ntumeni Mr B S Crossley

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

SCHOOL GRANTOR

Primary

Pomeroy Mr S M Docrat
Putnaprut Mr R Mothecram
Radha Roopansingh Mr B Mahabeer
Saravati Mr R Subramani
Seepaul Mr I B Seepaul
Sezela Mr I Lawlor
South Coast Madressa Mr M I Kaje
St Annes Sitter Francis Anne McDonald
St Anthony’s Mrs E R C John
St Xavers Mr E Schlegel
Stanger Madressa Mr A E Moolla
Surat Hindoo Mr V Gosan
Verulam Madressa Mr C A L Hoosen
William A Campbell Mr R Veeran
Woodmead-On-Sea Mr R Beebo

Secondary

Darnall Mr P C Coller
Orient Islamic Mr I Kahltra

(d) One per school

(2) Yes The names of the grantees are indicated in paragraph (1)(b)
Church needs identity change

Political Staff

The church in South Africa faced the greatest crisis of its history, and meeting its challenge demanded a radical change in identity, Professor Charles Villa-Vicencio said last night. Professor Villa-Vicencio, of the Department of Religious Studies at UCT, was addressing the annual general meeting of the Western Province Council of Churches.

He said the church had to keep alive "the spirit of liberation which has fired the souls of the people in resisting political domination, facing police brutality and enduring apartheid's prisons." It had to "remind all liberation movements and future governments, if ever they should grow weary or deviate from the vision that has given them the support of the people, of their obligation to bring justice, human dignity and economic well-being to all South Africans, we shall have no option but to be their critics."

"The task of the church is never party political. At the same time it does not mean that the church can ever afford not to take sides."

"We are obliged to support any particular political grouping which furthers and anticipates the values which we believe the gospel will have us pursue."

Professor Villa-Vicencio said meeting the challenge facing the church demanded a change of identity "so radical as to be compared with the Protestant and Catholic reformations of the 16th century."
CCB men sacked over ‘fair’ deals

By MICHAEL MORRIS
Political Correspondent

TOUGH measures were announced by Defence Minister General Magnus Malan in parliament to free the government of the embarrassment surrounding the controversial Civil Co-operation Bureau.

He announced that the Defence Force had

• Laid a charge with the police over the disappearance of 11 operational files which had a bearing on the R559 000 considered by parliament’s all-party committee on public accounts to be unauthorised. Indications were this figure could be considerably lower.

• Terminated the services of 28 former members of the CCB, including Colonel Joe Verster, who had not accepted reasonable and fair severance pay deals. The SADF would respond appropriately if they took the matter to court.

• Issued a summons to Colonel Verster for the delivery of assets, original contracts and files necessary for the completion of the administration and the auditing of CCB records.

• Instructed the State Attorney to summons all people who still possessed State property.

The four instances included a fishing trawler in Durban, office equipment, cars and attack cases.

• Dropped plans to introduce legislation to protect CCB members — mooted in a news...

He rejected claims that there had been a cover-up or undue delays in finalising issues surrounding the CCB.

The delays had been unavoidable since the SADF had not been in a position to act while investigations were being made by the police, Attorneys-General, the Harris Commission and parliament’s joint committee on public accounts.

He had announced the disbandment of the CCB in February last year but it was only now that he was free to speak.

There was one exception — Operation Goldie involving R62 000, which the parliamentary committee had found to be unauthorised.

As a police investigation and actions by Attorneys-General were still under way, he could say nothing about it.

General Malan said in the process of disbanding the CCB, members had been given the choice of resigning, joining the SADF — with a few exceptions — under ordinary service conditions or accepting “reasonable and fair” severance packages.

Ninety-five accepted the packages, eight had joined the permanent force of the SADF and one had resigned.

But 28, including Colonel Joe Verster, were “dug in their heels” and were refusing to accept the packages.

They were demanding pension benefits as if they were retiring as members of the Defence Pension Fund at the age of 60.

General Magnus Malan paper interview earlier this year.

However, the SADF would help former CCB members to apply for indemnity “where this would be applicable.”

Since the ANC was eligible for such indemnity, it was only right that the same should apply to “our people.”

Critics lashed

General Malan lashed critics of the CCB issue for what he called “political opportunism” of the highest degree intended to create division within the government. He said his announcements would disappoint opponents because it would deprive them of the basis for their attacks.
TUESDAY, 30 APRIL 1991

Secondary schools. Latin in matric

22 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Education and Culture how many of these schools offer Latin as a matriculation course? (a) How many secondary schools fall under his jurisdiction and (b) how many of these schools offer Latin as a matriculation course?

(a) 142
(b) None

THURSDAY, 2 MAY 1991

13 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services whether his Department is involved in publishing the publications known as (a) New Flat Lax and (b) Phoenix, if so, (i) to what extent, (a) what did it cost his Department to publish each of them in 1988, 1989 and 1990, respectively, and (ii) what are the objectives in publishing them,

(2) whether any survey has been conducted to assess whether these objectives are being achieved, if not, why not, if so, (a) when and (b) with what result?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

(1) (a) No (It publishes "Flat Lax"
(b) No (The "Phoenix" is published by the Bureau for Information)

(a) Entirely

(n) Financial year—printing only
1988/89 R121,963.29
1989/90 R138,841.14
1990/91 R122,392.17

(m) Providing and disseminating information that will both promote the best interests and project a positive image of the Administration House of Delegates and the services it has to offer. Keep readers informed on policy decisions that affect their lives

General interest articles

(b) (i) Only matenal and photographs are supplied to the "Phoenix"

(n) Nil
(n) Not applicable

(2) A survey was undertaken in respect of Flat Lax

(a) In 1986
(b) A 10% response indicated that objectives are being achieved
QUESTIONS

*Indicates translated version

For written reply

Own Affairs

Party congress: cost involved

4 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services

(1) With reference to his reply to Question No 1 on 26 February 1991, what was the
total cost involved in respect of (a) motor transport and (b) hotel accommodation
for members of the Ministers' Council who attended a party congress of the

Solidarity Party held in the Transvaal in

1990,

(2) which members of the Ministers' Council
attended this congress?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND

AUXILIARY SERVICES

(1) (a) Motor Transport — R1 380.72
(b) Hotel Accommodation — R1 132.54

(2) Ministers

J N Reddy
B Dookoo
R Bhana
K Rajoo
Y N Moodla

Deputy Minister

S V Nacker

Three of the Ministers attended Official Meet-
ings which coincided with the Solidarity Con-
gress. The other three only attended the

Solidarity Congress

INTERPELLATIONS

The sign * indicates a translation The sign 1
used subsequently in the same interpellation,
indicates the original language

General Affairs

Traffic constables' remuneration package

*1 Adv C H PIENAAR asked the Minister of State Expenditure and for Regional Develop-
ment

Whether he is considering reviving the re-
muneration package of provincial traffic con-
tables, if so, in what respects, if not, why not?

The MINISTER OF STATE EXPENDIURE AND FOR REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Mr Speaker, I shall use the rank designation of provincial inspectors instead of provincial traffic
constables as it is indicated in the question.

The high road death rate is obviously a source of
concern to everybody. In fact, it is really too
high. Traffic law enforcement is very important.
The manpower position of provincial inspectors
is one element that plays a part in curbing road
deaths. Of course, it plays a very important part

In regard to the manpower position, one must
distinguish between the remuneration of and the
number of available posts for provincial inspec-
tors. As far as the number of available posts is
concerned, I should like to point out that every
provincial administration determines its own
posts at these levels. The introduction of these
posts is therefore not centrally organised and in
general is the result of the availability of funds,
the extent of the service and the priority that the
provincial administration accords the service

The degree to which these posts can suitably be
filled is also a complex matter which depends on
many factors. For instance, it must be borne in
mind here that trained manpower of the required
calibre is scarce and that salary increases are not
always necessarily the solution. Trained provin-
cial inspectors are also sought after by local

authorities and a degree of personnel fluctuation
must be expected.

As far as the salaries of provincial inspectors are
concerned, I can mention that their dispensation
will improve as from 1 July 1991 in consequence
of the differentiated general salary adjustment.
As this is a differentiated adjustment, it would be
misleading to calculate a percentage adjustment
or to hold this out to the House.

This occupational group will also benefit from
the consolidation of the 10% non-pensionable
allowance with the pensionable salary on 1 July

In addition, it is envisaged to eliminate specific
disparities between salary structures of the vari-
ous occupational classes within the Public Ser-
vice as from 1 July 1991. Whether further
adjustments will be able to be made to the
dispensation for provincial inspectors concerning
these structural disparities will depend on the
availability of funds and salary relativity to
assessed occupational classes.

The provincial traffic officer is the forgotten and
neglected stepchild of the Commission for Ad-
ministration and therefore also of every specific
province. [Interjections] I shall refer specifically
to conditions in the Orange Free State.

The extent of the duties of the provincial traffic
man is comprehensive. Included in this is the
enforcement of the following laws and ordi-
rances and specifically those of the Orange Free
State. The Road Traffic Act and consolidated
road traffic regulations, ordinances related to the
following namely horse racing, shop hours,
nature conservation, pounds, roads, entertain-
ment, trade licences, cemeteries, dumping of
refuse, parking, administration, grounds, dog
tax, control of dancing — these may sound familiar
to the hon the Minister because this prohibition
(4) whether any political office-bearers are involved in the allocation of these houses, if so, why?

D19E

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF HOUSING

(1) Yes

For persons earning up to R1 200.00 per month

D19E

(2), (3) and (4)

As this Administration is only the financier of this project, the local authority is the party to whom the questions should be addressed

S PACHAI Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Deputy Minister's reply, is he aware of the fact that houses have been repossessed in this town as a result of non-compliance with allocation norms?

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF HOUSING Mr Chairman, this matter has not been brought to our notice

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Deputy Minister's reply, will he be able to confirm whether, notwithstanding the fact that they are local authority projects, homes were allocated in the home of an hon member of the Ministers' Council of the House of Delegates?

The DEPUTY MINISTER Mr Chairman, if I recall correctly, there was a question placed before this House by the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION But I did not get a truthful reply!

The DEPUTY MINISTER There can be no more truth than the truth that was mentioned at that time [Interjections]

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION They are the biggest racketeers!

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! Order! Order!

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION They are corrupt!

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! Did the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition say that hon members of the Ministers' Council are corrupt and that they are racketeers?

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! I request the hon member to visit me. I would like to have a discussion with him

Mr D SAKALINGUM Thank you, Mr Chairman

D19E

For written reply

Own Affairs

Administration: HOD: amount paid

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services

What total amount was paid by the Administration House of Delegates for journeys to the Transvaal, including costs incurred in respect of accompanying officials, transport and hotel accommodation, by each Minister and Deputy Minister of the Ministers' Council for the period 1 July 1990 to 31 January 1991?

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! Order! Order!

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

The manpower required to ascertain the information is not available. Should specific dates and names of officials be provided, the information can be collected.

Mr S PACHAI Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Deputy Minister's reply, is he aware

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! I am afraid the time available for questions has expired

Mr D SAKALINGUM [Inaudible]

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! I would like to help the hon member for Lenasia West. If he could visit me in my office I will explain to him the procedure with regard to questions being put on the Order Paper as well as replies and supplementary questions arising from them

Mr D SAKALINGUM Mr Chairman, I understand. I understand the procedures of this House very well
The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

Mr Chairman, I am not aware that the Stone Commissioner's report has been made public. I am aware of certain information pertaining to that report that has been made available to the public, the veracity of which I cannot vouch for. The fact is that I did not release that information officially or unofficially and I do not intend to do so.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION

Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, he is aware of something someone else did on the list that report to the Press. My first question is this: Is the hon the Minister carrying out an investigation as to the source from which the leak took place?

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION

I am aware of certain aspects of the report that have been published in the newspapers. Instructions have been given to the intelligence service of the State to conduct an investigation into how the Stone Commissioner's report was leaked.

Chief executive director's post: short-list

3 Mr K PANDAY asked the Minister of Education and Culture

(1) Whether a short-list of candidates for appointment to the post of chief executive director has been finalised, if not, (a) why not and (b) when is it expected to be finalised, if so,

(2) whether he will disclose the names of the persons on the short-list, if not, why not, if so, who are they,

(3) (a) by whom and (b) when will the final selection be made?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) No

(a) The seven candidates who applied have yet to be assessed

(b) The short-list can only be compiled after the candidates have been assessed by a panel of experts

(2) No, owing to (1) (b) above

House of Delegates

3 (a) Cabinet

(b) The recommendation of the panel is submitted to me as the political head of the Department. Due to the post being in the management structure of the Public Service a recommendation is made to the Ministers' Council for their concurrence. The Ministers' Council's decision is then submitted to the Commission for Administration for its recommendation to Cabinet. Hence, this procedure makes it impossible to predict a date.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION

Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, he is aware that the hon the Minister has indicated that this is a Public Service post, if it is not correct that the ratings for the purposes of promotions in Public Service posts are not done in the same manner in which promotions are done in terms of the Indians Education Act. My second question is this: If two or more applicants have equal ratings, what are the criteria used to select the successful candidate?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

Mr Chairman, the answer to the first question is no. This is not done in terms of the ratings pertaining to the Indians Education Act, 1965. Secondly, if two people have similar ratings, it is the job of the Directors-General in the House of Delegates to give us that recommendation, and thereafter to implement it. We do not have that particular right and we do not interfere.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION

Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, if it is not correct, when two persons have equal ratings, that the Director-General is the hon the Minister has no alternative but to recommend that the more senior person of the two be appointed.

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

Mr Chairman, if that situation should arise, we will look at it pertinently at that particular time. Since the matter has not arisen, we cannot state what we would do. At that juncture there could—as was the case when the Acting Chief Executive Director was put in the post—be a situation in which a personal promotion is given to the lesser candidate, or the candidate who is less senior in this particular regard. I do not say that this is the case, but many other explanations could be made regarding his particular post.

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Education and Culture

(1) Whether any educators who were promoted with effect from 1 January 1991 failed to take up their appointments at the schools to which they had been promoted, if so, (a) how many and (b) for what reasons,

(2) what is the policy of his Department in such cases?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) Yes

(a) Three

(b) Too costly to take up post away from home due to
cost of boarding and lodging.
cost of fuel required to travel to and from work.
spouses serving in another Province.

(2) Such educators are required to relinquish their post and the vacancies are filled by the next most suitable candidate by way of promotion.

However, in very deserving cases and in the interest of the Department, appointments at new headquarters are deferred until the incumbent is in a position to take up his post.

Also, in the interest of the parties concerned, wherever possible, applications for mutual transfers have been considered very sympathetically without adversely affecting the Department's efficient functioning.
The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

(a) The estimated cost of administering each Department is tabulated hereunder:

(i) Department of Budgetary and Auxiliary Services R833 800
(ii) Department of Housing R919 300

(b) The number of personnel, excluding Ministers, involved in the administration of each Department is as follows:

(i) Department of Budgetary and Auxiliary Services 15
(ii) Department of Housing 7

The expenditure figures are, however, not final as the books of the Administration are expected to be closed in July 1991.

Free text/prescribed books: cost

27 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

What was the cost of providing free textbooks and prescribed books in (a) primary and (b) secondary schools under the control of his Department in the last specified financial year for which information is available?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

Figures available for the latest financial year (1989/90) are as follows:

(a) R2 005 228
(b) R4 276 219

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

QUESTIONS

Indicated translated version

For oral reply

General Affairs

Murder in Bethelsdorp: SAP investigation

*1 Mr W J DIETRICH asked the Minister of Law and Order

(1) Whether the South African Police are conducting an investigation into the alleged murder of two persons, whose names have been furnished to the Police for the purpose of the Minister's reply, near Damasus Farm in Bethelsdorp on or about 3 September 1990, if so, (a) what efforts were made initially to solve the alleged murders and (b) what are the names of the persons involved,

(2) whether any progress has been made in this investigation, if not, why not, if so, what progress,

(3) whether it is his intention to (a) offer a reward and/or (b) call in the assistance of the mass media in an effort to solve this case?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER

(1) Yes

(a) The South African Police made every effort and used all the means at their disposal to solve the case. They made use of, inter alia, local newspapers, Radio Algoa, Dossier and the Police helicopter to trace the accused.

(b) Wilfred Emmanuel Holburn, and Jennifer Longrat

(2) No, because all attempts made so far to trace the accused have been fruitless

(3) Yes
By NORMAN WEST

MINISTERIAL representatives in the House of Delegates were accused this week of being "inefficient," "irresponsible" and a waste of taxpayers' money.

The assessment was made in Parliament by Raman Bhana, minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services, in the House of Delegates.

The three ministerial representatives -- appointed by the Indian Ministers' Council chaired by Solonality leader Dr. JN Reddy to help cut red tape -- are Niseen Raju and Sulaiman Maseen, of Natal, and the Rev. Chin Reddy of the Transvaal.

They receive salaries and perks equal to that of deputy ministers -- R104,740 a year, plus a R20,049 reimbursement allowance, an R8,000 housing allowance and an "official" Mercedes-Benz 510 (1,500).

Waste

Official Opposition leader Amichand Rajbansi raised the matter by accusing "certain political functionaries" of "not performing the tasks for which they were appointed."

In reply, Mr. Bhana said the R1.2 million that the ministerial representatives cost the administration was "a waste of taxpayers' money."

"It is a fact, and I say it quite openly today, that I too, found them to be inefficient and completely irresponsible."

He said although he could not "fire and hire" them, he would make "a recommendation" to the Ministers' Council.

There are also four white and four coloured ministerial representatives.
The MINISTER OF TRANSPORT (for the Minister of National Health)

1. The recommendations of this report are at present being evaluated by a committee of Ministers,
2. The Minister of National Health as per the framework established by the Government, has advocated for the development of the Tala Valley as a hub for agricultural and industrial activities.
3. The Tala Valley, with its fertile soils and abundant water resources, is a promising area for economic development.
4. Mr. N. JUMUNA asked the Minister of Agriculture about the implementation of the Department of Agriculture's plans for the Tala Valley.
5. Mr. E. JOOSAB asked the Minister of Finance about the privatization of state pension schemes.

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF FINANCE

1. The Department of Finance recently announced a committee of experts to expedite the implementation of pension reform.
2. The Minister of Finance is to be commended for his efforts in privatizing state pension schemes.

The MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE

1. The Minister of Agriculture is in charge of the Department of Agriculture and is responsible for the agricultural development of the Tala Valley.
2. The Tala Valley is a prime area for agricultural development, with potential for both economic growth and environmental sustainability.

HOUSING CONSULTANT: HOURS OF WORK/PAYMENT

1. The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPosiTiON asked the Minister of Housing about the consultant's work hours and pay.
2. The consultant's work hours and pay are compliant with the relevant regulations.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPosiTiON

1. The leader of the opposition requested information about the consultant's work hours and pay.
2. The information provided is consistent with the regulations in place.
Give us not a saving, but a reduction in the overall cost of about 127 projects. For example, if one is building 500 homes, and the sewer connection pipe requirement per unit is five meters in one method and 2.5 meters in the other, the savings can be significant.

The chairman of the Housing Development Board will tell me that this is a regular feature in housing administration, especially from the time we established that Department of Housing in this country. However, I do not want to take issue on that.

What we want to know is whether this consultant’s transport costs are paid. Besides earning a certain amount of rands paid per hour, is the consultant flying all over the country and are such transport costs being paid? Of course, what will happen at the end of the present financial year is that if the housing department’s actual performance is equal to that of last year or worse than that of last year, the consultant will be attacked. I am sure that a tremendous amount of care was taken when the decision to appoint a consultant was made, and I am sure that an accounting officer of the Administration must have been involved before a decision was taken.

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF HOUSING Mr. Chairman, I think it is understandable that this information has come from the hon. the Leader of the Opposition. Naturally this House has to justify an appointment of this nature, which was made for the first time. For the information of this House, I would like to provide some details of savings that have been effected in respect of the Department of Housing since the time of this appointment.

The redesigned road at Shakaskraal saved the department R35 000. At Copesville the reduced price of the 100 houses from R38 000 to R20 000 amounted to a saving of R800 000. At Clumberburn 355 sites were redesigned, and the standard services were reduced from R14 000 per unit to R10 000 per unit, which saved the department R1 020 000. With regard to the 1 460 houses at Cato Manor, the fees were reduced from 16% to 10%, inclusive of sales and marketing.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION That was done five years ago. [Interjections]

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE [Time expired]

The DEPUTY MINISTER IN saying this, I must add that it was imperative that some action was taken, and such action was taken by us. We are happy that our action has been justified.

Mr. S. PACHAI Mr. Chairman, I am not convinced by the explanations of the hon. the Minister and the hon. the Deputy Minister I would have liked to hear whether Innovas administration charge of 15% has been reduced to 10% as the other consultants’ fees have been reduced.

I would also like to know whether the hon. the Deputy Minister meets with the official in question over weekends, for how long, at what cost and what type of communications take place at these meetings? It is not true that the so-called consultant is the designated manager of the housing programme, I would like to know why he has to hide behind a smoke screen.

Do the hon. Ministers and the Administration find it difficult to deal with the truth? The truth is that the Chief Director of Housing has been pragmatically redirected to serve as Director of Local Government and Agriculture, the Cinderella department. This appointment, to say the least, has been insensitive and, as I have said before, has lowered the morale of the loyal officials who are now being called on to do the dirty work and whose chances of promotion have been jeopardised. I say this advisedly. I say that eight hands are not equal and one could be the same given the rate of pay involved. However, more work could definitely have been done.

I have referred this matter—if people criticise me for this, so be it—to the hon. the Minister of Finance and I would like to know whether the rules of the game have been applied. The hon. the Minister has referred the matter to the hon. Minister concerned with State Expenditure who will investigate this appointment and I am awaiting his reaction to my request to find out if this has been done within the rules and expenditure at that level is justified. This House, as the hon. the Leader of the Opposition has said, will continue to seek value for the money it has expended. That is the role that this House has to play. [Time expired]

Mr. N. SINGH Mr. Chairman, the hon. the Leader of the Opposition and certain other hon members in this House seem to be trying to score political points off the appointment of the housing consultant.

Given the problems encountered in the provision of housing, which were vociferously articulated by many hon members in the debate yesterday, I do not believe that official who knows something about housing, but even all the officials working in our department knew nothing about housing, they would still be employed by the department, because they are not building contractors who are given jobs as senior officials in our department. What I am saying is that this gentleman, Mr. Hall, can be of tremendous assistance to us. In Shakaskraal, as the hon. member for North Coast admitted, he was able to say on site that this scheme could be completed at a far lower cost than had been anticipated. We made a success of it. What I am saying is that a man of his experience knows what can be done to effect savings.

Officials are not experts. One might have an architect, but he may not be involved in that particular job. I agree with the hon. the Leader of the Opposition I too am an expert in my own way, otherwise I would not have cancelled that application from a Transvaal office for some R35 million for housing. I stopped it because, on the basis of certain calculations, it was defective. It was not an ideal setup. I realised that, not technically, but with regard to the calculation of costs which were excessive. I turned the application down and I answered a question in that regard here. I believe we need somebody who can concentrate all his energies on evaluation and cost cutting.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr. Chairman, the only action that has resulted in demoralising housing officials, whose performance last year was excellent—the allocation was the largest since the establishment of the House of Delegates—is the undermining action of appointing a consultant. Paradox my tone, but I have to reply to that hon member.

As I have said, the only argument relates to savings. Savings were effected long ago. Ten years ago—hon members can take out the files in this regard—officials at the head office, and not consultants, reduced the cost of one scheme by R2 million. Saving does not mean that one saves. It means that one gives the local authority a smaller loan thereby spending less money on the scheme.

It is not a question of a reduction in cost in which one gets an actual saving. Saving is the cutting down on certain things, for example water pipes. We are not dealing with what is up front. [Time expired]

The MINISTER OF HOUSING Mr. Chairman, believe that what we have done is correct. One might be lucky enough to have an administrator or an official who knows something about housing, but even all the officials working in our department knew nothing about housing, they would still be employed by the department, because they are not building contractors who are given jobs as senior officials in our department. What I am saying is that this gentleman, Mr. Hall, can be of tremendous assistance to us. In Shakaskraal, as the hon. member for North Coast admitted, he was able to say on site that this scheme could be completed at a far lower cost than had been anticipated. We made a success of it. What I am saying is that a man of his experience knows what can be done to effect savings.

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The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION* We are not being negative. Your man was negative.

The MINISTER We believe we all agree that we have done something to expedite housing. Let us give it a try. If what has come forth is not any indication, a saving of this nature could be of enormous benefit to our Administration in its task of providing homes.

Debate concluded

QUESTIONS

For oral reply

Own Affairs

Question standing over from Tuesday, 14 May 1991

Durban metropolis: housing shortage

*2. The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Housing

(1) What is the extent of the housing shortage for Indians in the Durban metropolitan area?

(2) Whether his Department has planned any new housing projects for this area, if not, why not, if so, (a) how many and (b) where are these projects to be developed?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING

(1) Approximately 47 000 applications. We are satisfied that many of these applicants are duplications and some people have lodged applications with a number of authorities. We are discussing the matter with the Data Bank to avoid some of the anomalies which are presently revealing themselves.

(2) Yes

(a) 35 Projects

(b) Verulam

Durban Phoenix, Newlands West, Springfield, Chatsworth and Cato Manor.

Isipingo Malakazi and Orient Hills.

The problem is that many of these have been on the cards for a number of years. We believe it is now necessary to press on with the development of these projects. The resources are available and the priority must be given to the most urgent cases.

Pine Town Savannah Park, Welbedacht, Dassenhoek and Mahumdhul Shalloo Cross Buffelsbosch, Kloof Wyebank.

The difficulty is now to acquire land within the price range that will enable the Administration to provide low cost housing bearing in mind that the service cost of stands at the present time amounts to approximately R2 500. At this price is it an impossible challenge to cater for the demand. However, the high cost of this facility is a matter which has already been broached with the Committee of Housing Ministers and will again feature prominently at the next meeting.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION* We have been knocking on this for 10 years. We want to get on with the job. Our consultant is handling the matter so that the final selling price of stands and houses can be made known. We want to give transfer wherever possible, thereby introducing more funds into the housing pool. It is in our interest to finalize these projects. We want to get rid of the properties, and if people can obtain mortgage bonds and pay us, we would all be happier. I hope we shall be able to discount some of these properties in the not too distant future. Maybe we can accept 60% of the price as opposed to 100%, so long as we can have cash in the kitty.

New questions

Ministerial Representative: leave/transport/ accommodation

*1. The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services

(1) Whether any Ministerial Representatives were granted leave during April 1991, if so, (a) what type of leave, (b) to whom it was granted, and (c) for which days in each case.

(2) Whether any official (a) air transport and (b) accommodation was used by the Transvaal Minister Representative during the period 20 to 26 April 1991, if so, what are the relevant details?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

(1) Yes—verbal and written complaints were received from the hon. Leader of the Opposition on the use of State vehicles by Mr Mansoor and Reverend Reddy to transport voters during the recent by-election in Montford. It has been established that Mr Mansoor and Reverend Reddy did not use State vehicles as alleged by the Leader of the Official Opposition.

(2) No

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Arising out of the hon. Minister's reply, I would like to know as full as the nature of the investigations was. Did the hon. the Minister call for any sworn statements from witnesses in respect of the use of State vehicles?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES As far as I am concerned, I have contacted both these gentlemen. What I have stated is what they have told me. I have also asked an official of my Department to investigate this matter.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Arising out of the reply by the hon. the Minister, I want to know if he is prepared to take sworn statements from witnesses who saw State vehicles being used?

The MINISTER, Mr. Chairperson, it seems that the hon. the Leader of the Official Opposition knows the registration numbers of the vehicles. If these could be submitted to the official through my office, it would certainly be of help to us

Principal of certain school complaints

*3. Mr. D. K. PADHACHEY asked the Minister of Education and Culture

(1) Whether his Department has received

STATE VEHICLES, TRANSPORT OF VOTERS

*2. The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services

(1) Whether any complaints were received in regard to State vehicles being used to transport voters during a recent election, if so, what are the relevant details?

(2) Whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

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(1) Whether his Department has received
Thousands of Indians to get housing aid

The House of Delegates would help more than 12 000 families acquire home in the financial year, Minister of Housing Dr. JN Reddy said yesterday.

Presenting the housing vote, he said the HoD housing development fund exceeded R300 million for the first time.

In this financial year, R249 million would be spent on new and existing projects in Natal, R28 million in the Transvaal and R11 million in the Cape. That would result in 5184 stands and 7646 houses being developed.

In the past year more than 40 new housing projects had been initiated and approved. The central Government, local government, the private sector as well as individuals had to play a role in providing housing, Dr Reddy said.

There had been inordinate delays in the proclamation of townships, "many extending to 10 years or thereabout."

"I have now directed the department to give priority attention to ensuring that townships are proclaimed and registered as quickly as possible. This will mean that the houses and sites can be sold sooner so that the funds realised from such sales can flow back to the fund and be used to finance further projects at an accelerated pace."

Dr Reddy said that in many areas in the Transvaal and Natal, "urban settlers" had invaded and were occupying land earmarked for housing. "Their presence is presently causing this administration very serious problems."

While the HoD approached this with understanding, "no administration can allow people to occupy land and deny the owners the right to proceed with the development of housing for those people who have been waitlisted for many years and for the provision of whose housing this administration is responsible."

Savannah Park phase 2 and 3 developments had been relinquished to the Natal Provincial Administration for the provision of housing for black "urban settlers."

In Lenasia, more than 200 ha of land had been handed over to the Transvaal Provincial Administration for the resettlement of black "urban settlers who have invaded land earmarked for housing by our administration," Dr Reddy said.
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

used subsequently in the same interpellation, indicates the original language

General affairs

INTERPELLATIONS

1. Mr A E Reeves—Transport [Withdrawn]
2. Mr A E Reeves—Transport [Withdrawn]

The sign * indicates a translation. The sign †, indicates translated version.

For written reply

Own Affairs

Telephone of Ministers' Council: amount paid

19 The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services:

(1) What amount was paid by the Administration House of Delegates for the use of telephones by each Minister and Deputy Minister of the Ministers' Council in their residences in (a) Cape Town and (b) Natal during the period 1 January 1990 to 31 January 1991?

(2) What was the cost of the use of telephones by each Minister and Deputy Minister of the said Ministers' Council in their offices in (a) Cape Town and (b) Durban during the above period?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

(1) Residences

Chairman of Ministers' Council and Minister of Housing

R692.04  R2 616,62

Minister of Education and Culture

R4 185,03  R5 597,65

Minister of Health Services and Welfare

R1 249,85  R1 391,56

Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services

R2 012,59  R1 198,15

Minister of Local Government and Agriculture

R3 531,35  R4 575,89

Deputy Minister of Housing

R1 670,62  R1 929,52

(2) Offices

Cape Town  Natal

Chairman of Ministers' Council and Minister of Housing

R5 568,40  R2 775,72

Minister of Education and Culture

R3 138,77  R3 655,75

Minister of Health Services and Welfare

R5 718,52  R4 363,12

Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services

R1 811,05  R1 843,48

Minister of Local Government and Agriculture

R4 576,30  R3 822,71

Deputy Minister of Housing

R3 683,66  R2 211,56
SAF personnel/servicemen drug abusers/ addicts

359 Mr L FUCHS asked the Minister of Defence

(1) Whether any Defence Force personnel and national servicemen were found to be drug abusers and drug addicts during the latest specified 12-month period for which information is available, if so, (a) what estimated number of persons was involved, (b) which drugs were most commonly used and (c) what were the sources of the drugs.

(2) (a) what steps are being taken to (i) treat and (ii) rehabilitate drug abusers and addicts in the Defence Force and (b) what results have been achieved,

(3) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

B951E

360 Mr J CHILOÉ asked the Minister of Defence

(1) Whether any research has been undertaken or is being undertaken in the Republic with a view to developing a South African fighter aircraft, if so, (a) over what period and (b) at what total cost,

(2) whether the Government has instructed Armscor to discontinue research in this connection, if so, (a) when and (b) why,

(3) whether any persons have been discharged as a result of this decision, if so, (a) how many persons and (b) in what categories,

(4) how long it is estimated would it still have to take to complete this research and develop the first prototype,

(5) whether the Government has drastically changed its standpoint on this research since 1990, if so, for what reasons?

B950E

The MINISTER OF DEFENCE

It is not considered in the public interest to divulge this information as it concerns the operational deployment of the SA Defence Force. I am however prepared to discuss the relevant background with the hon member on a personal level.
The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE. Mr Chairman, further arming out of the hon. Minister's reply, I would just like to make it clear that the Department of Education and Culture did not at any stage object to the Lata Mangeshkar Show coming to South Africa.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE. Order! That concludes the questions arising from question 3.

Cato Manor: undeveloped land

Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Planning, Provincial Affairs and National Housing (1) Whether he recently paid a visit to Cato Manor in order to decide on the future of the undeveloped land there, if so, (a) when, (b) with whom he met and (c) what was decided,

(2) whether he will make a statement on the matter.

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF PLANNING (for the Minister of Planning, Provincial Affairs and National Housing) (1) On request the Minister of Planning, Provincial Affairs and National Housing I paid a visit to Cato Manor (a) 14 May 1991

(b) I held a meeting with representatives of Administration House of Delegates Administration House of Assembly Natal Provincial Administration Development and Housing Board Westville Town Council Durban City Council Minister Y Moosa MP, Mr CJ van R Botha, Administrator of Natal, Mr V A Volker MEC and Dr D S Rajah MEC were amongst those who attended the meeting

(c) During the visit to Cato Manor it was decided that all relevant facts and inputs which have an effect on the development of the Greater Cato Manor Area be identified with specific reference to vested rights and interest of all parties concerned. This action is being co-ordinated by a Chief Director of our Department in deliberation with officials of the Department of Planning, Provincial Affairs and National Housing and the Office for Regional Development in co-operation with officials of the Natal Provincial Administration the Administration House of Delegates, as well as the city councils of Durban and Westville.

A complete report will be submitted to the Minister subject to his approval, the recommendations will be discussed with all the role players. At this point in time it is already clear that the problem regarding squatters in the area is a short term issue that should be given urgent attention.

(2) No Mr M RAJAB. Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon. the Deputy Minister's reply, could he please tell hon. members of this House when it is estimated the report will be completed.

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF PLANNING Mr Chairman, I can give the hon. member for Springfield the assurance that my instructions to our Chief Director were to complete it sooner rather than later. I sincerely hope that we will have a report on the matter within the next fortnight.

Single-sex hostels: conversion

Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of National Health (1) Whether the State President assigned to her Department the task of co-ordinating a programme to convert single-sex hostels into family units, if so, (a) when and (b) in what manner;

(2) whether her Department has now completed this programme, if not, (a) why not and (b) when is it expected that the programme will be completed, if so,

(3) whether she will make a public announcement on this programme, if not, why not, if so, when;

(4) whether she will make a statement on the matter.

The MINISTER OF NATIONAL HEALTH (1) No,

(2), (3) and (4) fall away.

Indian family in Kransepl: land expropriated

Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Planning, Provincial Affairs and National Housing (1) Whether his Department has received representations in respect of the return of land expropriated in terms of the Group Areas Act, No 36 of 1966, from an Indian family in Kransepl, Natal, if so, (a) what is the name of the family and (b) what is the extent of the land involved.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE. Order! That concludes the questions arising from question 3.
existing buildings are also to be included in the upgrading programme on high priority. The services required at Greyville at this stage must be viewed objectively against the services that may be required more urgently at schools elsewhere in the country.

(a) and (b) fall away

(2) Falls away

Housing Development Board: houses at discount rate

*6 Mr D K PADJACH EY asked the minister of Housing

(1) Whether he will consider letting houses owned by the Housing Development Board to the present tenants at a discount rate, if not, why not, if so, what are the relevant details,

(2) whether he will consider selling the South Fork Flats in Lenasia Extension 9 to the tenants under sectional title, if not, why not, if so, what are the details in this regard? D169E

The MINISTER OF HOUSING

(1) Yes Circular Minute No 17 of 1983 as amended by Circular No 3 of 1987 apply to the sale of houses within the Sales Campaign and it has also discounted the selling prices of houses subsequently built.

(2) Yes The Housing Development Board approved that a consultant be appointed by the Department to undertake investigations in order to determine the feasibility of selling these flats D169E

For written reply

Own Affairs

Management chief superintendents

30 Mr K PANDAY asked the Minister of Education and Culture (258)

(1) How many management chief superintendents are there in his Department,

(2) whether a certain official, whose name has been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply, has been transferred back to his post in Durban from the sectional post he held in Cape Town, if so, (a) why, (b) what is the designation of the post (i) to which he was transferred and (ii) which he held in Cape Town and (c) what is the name of the official in question? D126E

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) 4 excluding two Acting Chief Superintendents of Education (Management)

(2) Yes

(a) The official was required at Head Office to assist the two Acting Chief Superintendents of Education (Management) until they could undertake their duties without further assistance. Whilst at Head Office, he continued to liaise between the Ministry and the Department. If he is required to be in Cape Town to assist the Department the Acting Chief Executive Director will so instruct.

(b) (i) Chief Superintendent of Education (Management)

(a) Role Playing Post of Parliamentarian Officer

(c) Mr A H A Raman

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

QUESTIONs

For written reply

Prohibited organisations: prisoners released

358 Mr L F STOFBERG asked the Minister of Correctional Services (2)

(a) How many members of the ANC, the SACP and other previously prohibited organisations who were detained in prisons in South Africa were released in the 1990 calendar year,

(b)(i) how many such prisoners are still being detained and

(ii) in respect of what date is this information furnished and (c) what are the names of the other previously prohibited organisations? B937E

The MINISTER OF CORRECTIONAL SERVICES

(a) The political alliance of prisoners does not form part of the information required from a prisoner on his admission and consequently the information as requested by the hon member is not available. However, I would like to confirm that 1 013 sentenced security, security related and unrest related prisoners were released between 2 February 1990 and 27 May 1991. These releases included persons on various sides of the political spectrum. Persons and/or organisations who had not committed themselves to peaceful solutions and development, did not enjoy the benefits of an earlier release in terms thereof.

(b) I refer the hon member to my written reply in the House of Assembly to question number 302 on 10 May 1991 (see col 1401 (c)

The hon member is referred to the contents of Government Gazette 12267 dated 3 February 1990 (Government notices R21 and R229)

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

Black residential areas: total amounts owing

360 Mr L F STOFBERG asked the Minister of Planning, Provincial Affairs and National Housing (a)

What total amounts were owing by residents of Black residential areas in (a) the Transvaal, (b) the Orange Free State, (c) Natal and (d) the Cape Province in respect of (i) electricity, (ii) rentals and (iii) service charges as at 31 December 1989? B957E

The MINISTER OF PLANNING, PROVINCIAL AFFAIRS AND NATIONAL HOUSING

(a) Transvaal

(i) (ii), (iii) B996 572 389

Unfortunately, it is not possible to furnish the outstanding amount in the breakdown required.

(b) Orange Free State

(i) R1 044 603

(ii) Not separately available Included in service charges

(c) Natal

(i) R267 512

(ii) R969 848

(iii) R2 400 023

(d) Cape Province

(i) R11 351 909

(ii) R29 201 381

(iii) R68 556 423

SADF base Vlamber: visit

367 Mr R R HULLY asked the Minister of Defence.

(1) Whether, during the period 28 to 30 July 1988, the South African Defence Force (SADF) transported to and accommodated at the SADF base Vlamber near Meurina a number of young guests, including a certain person (particulars of whom have been furnished to the SADF
Pressure on the Department of Education and Training (DET) has resulted in the adjustment of the black school calender to be coincide with that of white schools.

The rejection of the DET calender was intensified last year during the teacher's defiance campaign against the department's code of conduct.

Several schools, particularly on the Reef, ignored the DET calender during the June holidays, but due to apparent lack of co-ordination among the various teacher and student structures, the schools returned to the department's calender during the September holidays.

Disciplined (25%)

In the northern Transvaal region, several teachers were disciplined by the department for failing to report to school as a result of the "defiance calender".

The department said that the decision to have a calender similar to that of the white Transvaal Education Department was in line with the DET's policy to "meet the aspirations of black pupils”

Dates

Thus, schools under the jurisdiction of the DET will close on July 5 instead of June 14 or 15. They will reopen on July 29.

In the last quarter, the schools will close on September 20 and re-open on October 1. The school year will end on November 29.
curred recently. From the action plan it appears that the hostels are in many cases overpopulated alternative accommodation will have to be found for the people who cannot be accommodated in these hostels which will result in major expenditure for the State. The upgrading and conversion costs must, however, still be added to this expenditure.

On 30 April 1991 during his budget speech, the State President mentioned that special attention would be given to the financing of hostel projects with funds obtained from the sale of strategic supplies.

The Provincial Administrators have already been asked to identify hostels for upgrading or conversion and to submit projects for this purpose.

They have at the same time been asked to submit time schedules within which the upgrading and conversion of hostels are going to be completed if funds are made available on short notice.

The availability of funds plays a very important role and, therefore, it cannot at this stage be stated exactly when the project will be completed.

(3) A public announcement will not be made at this stage for fear of raising expectations. An announcement will be considered as soon as funds are available.

(4) A statement will be made at a suitable time.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, arising out of the reply of the hon the Deputy Minister, is not correct that the responsibility to administer these hostels in Natal is entrusted to a member of the Executive Committee and, secondly, is it not correct that an Indian MEC administers the hostels?

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF PLANNING Mr Chairman, I really do not want to reply to that in a racist remark as whether it is an Indian, a White person or a person of colour that administers the hostels. We appoint the administrators and MECs on merit and not because of the colour of their skins.

Secondly, may I just mention to the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition that certain hostels are administered by the State with the provincial administration as their agent. However, there are also private companies which run hostels all over South Africa. The South African Railway Services run hostels. I do not quite know the reason for the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition’s question.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, I crave your indulgence I did not have the time to request something in respect of the question on General Affairs for which the time expired. I want to place on record that if the time had not expired, the hon the Minister of Home Affairs would have adequately cleared me on the issue of the visa of Lata Mangeshkar.

Business interrupted in accordance with Rule 180C (3) of the Standing Orders of Parliament.

Certain organisations: application-to-bring artists to SA (55B)

*3 Mr K PANDAY asked the Minister of Home Affairs

(1) Whether, with reference to his reply to Question No 3 on 28 May 1991, his Department received any communication, either in writing or telephonically, from the Department of Education and Culture in the House of Delegates in connection with any recommendations relating to an application by a certain organisation, the name of which has been furnished to the Minister’s Department for the purpose of his reply, to bring the artists Lata Mangeshkar to South Africa, if so, (a) when and (b) what is the name of this organisation,

(2) whether any conditions were suggested by the Department concerned, if so, what conditions,

(3) whether his Department laid down any conditions in respect of the granting of a visa in this regard, if so, what were these conditions?

The MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS

Because of the controversy regarding the granting of visas to the "Lata Mangeshkar Group" it is advisable to give a full account of the course of events (158).

The general policy of the Department is that local talent should be protected. At the same time the public should have the privilege to enjoy exposure to overseas talent. Overseas artists can also play an important role in the development of local talent.

To come to a well-balanced decision, the Department consults as wide as possible. One of the most important sources with which the Department consults is the Department of Education and Culture in the Administration House of Delegates.

To give the Department sufficient time to do the necessary consultations, it requires that promoters should apply well in advance of the expected time of arrival of artists. Promoters quite often fail to do so with the result that the Department is often faced with the dilemma that a show has already been advertised, halls have already been reserved and tickets have already been sold to the public. In such cases the Department finds itself in the difficult position of having to rescind a decision on the part of the Department has also been abused by promoters, often with the intent to harm the box office of other shows arranged by competitive promoters.

The point had been reached where the Department had to clamp down on this practice. All the political parties in the House of Delegates supported the Department in this regard.

In the case of the "Lata Mangeshkar Group" the Department was basically confronted by a similar situation. The Minister of Education and Culture Ministers’ Council of House of Delegates, while supporting the Department to clamp down on late applications, was reluctant to recommend refusal of the entry of a person of the stature of Lata Mangeshkar. The leader of the Opposition concurred with these sentiments.

The Department therefore had to explore the possibility of deferring a decision on this matter which means initially a refusal of the indicated date of arrival. At no time was the Department of Home Affairs, nor the Department of Education and Culture, nor the leader of the Opposition in principle against admitting Lata Mangeshkar.

Consequently the Director-General held discussions with the promoters, “Sahara Stage
Show Promotions* It was agreed that the Department would allow the group to perform as scheduled and that the promoter would compensate by not using the name "1890 Settlers' Association" in promoting the show and that an additional show at a reasonable price would be arranged to enable the poorer section of the community to attend the show. The promoter also undertook to explore the possibility to reschedule the show scheduled for 8 May 1991 as a token of apology for putting all concerned in a very awkward position. The rescheduling however proved not to be feasible.

The course of events illustrates the dilemma the Department is faced with and I trust that hon members will support the Department's sincere efforts to foster Indian culture in a disciplinary manner. Efforts to exploit the situation for party-political purposes are counterproductive, especially when it concerns a person of the stature of Lata Mangeshkar.

INTERPELLATION
The sign * indicates a translation. The sign †, used subsequently in the same interpellation, indicates the original language.

Own Affairs

Housing shortage: projects

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Housing whether, since he became Minister of Housing, he has instructed any projects that do not alleviate the critical housing shortage of approximately 47,000 units in the Durban metropolitan area, if not, why not, if so, what projects other than those commenced before he assumed office, and whether he will make a statement on the matter.

D200E INT

The MINISTER OF HOUSING Mr Chairman, the answer to the first part of the question is no. As hon members might already be aware, I assumed responsibilities for the Housing portfolio in March 1989, and since then there has been no project that has not assisted in identifying areas of particular need. Now the areas of particular need were identified by the former and first Minister of Housing in the House of Delegates, of course, consulted, and the consultant very clearly and accurately identified the shortage.

However, we are alarmed about areas that have been identified in a belt between Phoenix and Verulam—not necessarily those around the Mount Edgecombe Mill—where there is the greatest potential for development. Unfortunately, besides the infrastructure, and because the land that was identified by the Verulam Municipality, there has been absolutely no progress in this particular direction.

As a result, if one excludes the remaining portion of Phoenix, Cato Manor and the Shallcross area, there are very few signs of any progress in respect of submissions made by hon members of this House, the hon member for Verulam and the former member for the Verulam constituency.

We therefore feel that a true and accurate picture must be given to those who are on the housing waiting lists of the Durban Municipality and of the Administration House of Delegates. They must know that besides what was identified earlier and what was already in the pipeline, there is no tangible evidence of any new projects having been identified or being in the pipeline.

Further, the planning of various projects is in the pipeline and construction will commence in the near future. In this respect I refer to the serving of sites and the construction of houses in Trenance Park, Phoenix, Newlands West, Chatsworth, Cato Manor, Malakwane, Orniet Hills, Isipingo, Savanna Park, Welbedacht, Dasheenkole, Isipingo and Wye Bank.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, I do not want to repeat what was stated during the debate on the Housing Vote, but the intention of this interpellation is to give certain reassurances to people, the majority of them in the lower-income group, in the Durban metropolitan region, which houses approximately 60% of South Africa's Indian population.

As the hon the Minister indicated, when he resumed the Housing portfolio in March 1989, there were inputs from the hon members of Parliament concerned which assisted him in identifying areas of particular need. Now the areas of particular need were identified by the former and first Minister of Housing in the House of Delegates, of course, consulted, and the consultant very clearly and accurately identified the shortage.

The MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND AGRICULTURE Mr Chairman, I think that this Administration has emphasised the provision of housing for the lower-income group. It is regrettable that, without trying to score points, to use the words of the hon the Leader of the Opposition, for many years we did not aim at the lower-income group. If we had aimed at the lower-income group, we would not have had this kind of backlog today. Without casting aspersions, I think that the facts that the hon the Leader of the Opposition is asking for should be provided.

The fact is that when we had the opportunity to develop and expand the areas that we had, we ended up buying areas outside the province of Natal. We did this in spite of the fact that 60% of the population was in the Natal region, if one looks along racial lines. Hence it seems to me that right now we have the situation that only 30% of the land that is being utilised is on the Tramway, and 60% of the assets which we have acquired, will not be utilised for housing purposes for the component of the community that we represent. Therefore there was an excess in one area and a lack of similar emphasis in another.

Notwithstanding the fact that we were presented with a report, we still went ahead and bought land in areas outside Natal.

Furthermore, I would like to say that in so far as the question of delays and delays are concerned, the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition always mentions the fact that they are old projects. These old projects were delayed indefinitely before. The problem was that in Sanger, for example, we battled for something like five years, even before this Administration took over, to get that go-ahead. There are deliberate delays in this particular regard. Many projects of that nature were delayed. Therefore we now have to utilise our funds. We have to use our funds to develop those properties in our possession. We cannot continue to buy land.
HOUSE OF DELEGATES

QUESTIONS

For written reply

Own Affairs

Truro House: request for transfer

31 Mr K PANDAY asked the Minister of Education and Culture

(1) Whether a certain person, whose name has been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply, requested to be transferred from the library in Truro House, if so, what is the name of the person in question,

(2) whether a senior official of his Department was mentioned as one of the reasons for this request, if so, (a) what are the circumstances surrounding the matter and (b) what were the other reasons,

(3) whether he will identify the senior official in question, if not, why not, if so, what is his name,

(4) whether the reasons advanced by this person were investigated, if not, why not, if so, with what result?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) Yes

As furnished An open identification will prejudice the good name of the person concerned as the purport of the rest of the questions has not been established by the Administration

(2) No

(a) and (b) fall away

(3) and (4) Fall away

Disability grants cancelled/terminated/reinstated

35 Mr H M NEERAHOO asked the Minister of Health Services and Welfare:

(a) How many disability grants were cancelled or terminated during the period 1 January 1990 to 30 April 1991 and (b) (i) how many of these grants have been reinstated as a result of (aa) reviews and (bb) appeals and (ii) in respect of what date is this information furnished?

The MINISTER OF HEALTH SERVICES AND WELFARE

(a) 4 178

(b) (i) (aa) 1 959

(bb) 14

(iv) 28 March 1991

Management training: amount spent

45 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Education and Culture

(a) R41 682 For the period 1 April 1990 to 31 March 1991

(b) 0,005%

What (a) amount and (b) percentage of the education budget of his Department was spent on management training during the latest specified 12-month period for which figures are available?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(a) R634 518 457

(ii) R 28 831 304

(iii) R 12 244 338

(iv) R 5 072 728 (Service Workers)

(v) R 15 530 114

(vi) R 4 456 579

(vii) R 12 146 190

(viii) R 85 819 281

(b) (i) 75,68%

(ii) 3,44%

(iii) 1,46%

(iv) 0,61%

(v) 1,85%

(vi) 5,30%
HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

QUESTIONS

Mr A J LEON asked the Minister of Law and Order

(1) Whether the South African Police are carrying out ongoing investigations into right-wing extremist groups, if not, why not, if so, (a) what is the nature of the task force involved, (b) how many persons have been allocated to this force, (c) what is the rank of the officer in charge, (d) in which region or regions is the task force situated, (e) when was it established and (f) what is the nature of the investigations they undertake,

(2) whether any arrests have been made as a result of the investigations undertaken by this task force, if so, (a) how many, (b) what are the names of the persons arrested, (c) what were the reasons for the arrest in each case and (d) on what date was each arrest made,

(3) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER

(1) Yes, not only regarding right-wing extremist groups, but also in respect of extremist activities of all persons and groups

(a) to (f)

The task force to which the hon member refers are investigation teams who are involved in all Police Regions in investigations which are indicative of extremist activities. The numerical strength of the investigation team is determined in accordance with the needs which are experienced in the various Regions.

The investigation team has been functioning since the seventies, and at present their activities are being co-ordinated by a branch at the South African Police Head Office in Pretoria.

(2) Yes

(a) to (d)

Taking into account the many years which the investigation team members have been functioning, the hon member will understand that this information is not readily available.

To acquire this information would not only be extremely time-consuming, but would take place at the detriment of other more important duties. I can therefore unfortunately not supply the information which the hon member desires.

(3) No, except to say that the teams in question are extremely successful in their investigation of cases of this nature. Of the 23 bomb explosions for which right-wing extremist groups were responsible in 1990, 20 of the incidents were solved, i.e. 87%.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

QUESTIONS

Mr M M RAJAB asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services

With reference to his reply to Question No 21 on 14 May 1991 in connection with the personnel involved in the administration of the Department of the Administration House of Delegates, what was the function and/or job description of each of the personnel listed in subparagraphs (b) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv) and (v) of the above reply?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

The functions/job descriptions of the relevant personnel, per Department, are indicated hereunder

(i) Department of Budgetary and Auxiliary Services (21 personnel)

(Cost R1 496 300)

1 Minister
1 Administrative Secretary
1 Private Secretary
1 Ministerial Typist
1 Secretary
1 Language Practitioner
1 Typist
1 Senior Executive Assistant
1 Telephone
1 General Assistant (Messenger)
1 Assistant (Messengers)

The following persons render management services in the Budgetary and Auxiliary Services

1 Chief Director Budgetary and Auxiliary Services
1 Director Financial Management
1 Director Personnel Management
1 Director Administration
4 Secretaries are provided to these persons for the purposes of general secretarial and typing services

In addition, the Director-General functions as the head of the Administration and Treasury Services are provided by a Director Financial Administration. A Secretary is also provided to the Director-General.

(a) Department of Local Government, Housing and Agriculture

(Cost R1 320 300)

1 Minister
1 Deputy Minister
The following persons render administrative support services to the Minister and Deputy Minister of Housing
2 Administrative Secretaries
2 Private Secretaries
3 Ministerial Typists
2 Assistant Private Secretaries
1 Driver
1 Parliamentary Officer
1 Assistant Parliamentary Officer
1 Public Relations Officer

The following persons render management services
1 Director Planning and Building Services
1 Director Housing
1 Director Development and Agriculture
3 Secretaries are provided to the Directors mentioned above for the purposes of general secretarial and typing services

(b) Ministry of Local Government and Agriculture (10 personnel)

(Cost R496 900)

1 Minister
The following persons render administrative support services in the Ministry of Health Services and Welfare
1 Administrative Secretary
1 Private Secretary
1 Assistant Private Secretary
1 Public Relations Officer
1 Ministerial Typist
1 Registry Clerk
1 Parliamentary Officer

A Chief Director renders Management Services in the Department of Local Government and Agriculture. A Secretary is provided to him for the purposes of general secretarial and typing services.

Department of Education and Culture (16 personnel)
(Cost R1 232 900)
1 Minister
The following persons render administrative support services to the Minister of Education and Culture
1 Administrative Secretary
1 Private Secretary
1 Assistant Private Secretary
1 Public Relations Officer
1 Ministerial Typist
1 Registry Clerk
1 Provisioning Administration Officer

The following persons render Management Services to the Department of Health Services and Welfare
1 Chief Director
1 Director Health Services
1 Director Social Services
3 Secretaries are provided to these persons for the purposes of general secretarial and typing services

Admin HoD public relations officers employed

46. The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services
(1) Whether any public relations officers are employed by the Administration House of Delegates, if so, (a) how many in respect of (i) each member of the Ministers’ Council and (ii) the Administration as a whole and (b) in respect of what date is this information furnished,
(2) whether the services of the Bureau for Information or the South African Communication Services were engaged to assist in the distribution and/or preparation of the budget speeches of any members of the Ministers’ Council during the current year, if so, (a) who are the members concerned and (b) what was the cost in each case?

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The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES
(1) Yes
(a) (i) Ministry of Housing
NECC to march on DET headquarters

The Southern Transvaal region of the National Education Co-ordinating Committee (NECC) will mark June 16 by marching to the DET headquarters in Pretoria to protest against the prevailing crisis in education.

The organisation’s regional secretary, Amon Msane, said the march would also mark the beginning of a massive campaign against the department.

Resignation

He said one of the issues that would be demanded was the resignation of education and training minister, Stoffel van der Merwe. The NECC feels that Van der Merwe has failed to resolve the education crisis.

The march will start from Church Square, Pretoria, to the DET head office, on Saturday. The second phase of the commemorations will be in the form of rallies in various venues throughout the country on Sunday.

On Monday NECC officials will pay visits to several diplomatic missions to inform them about the education crisis.
The MINISTER OF HEALTH SERVICES AND WELFARE

On 19 March 1991 the Dean of the Medical School at Cape Town addressed the Chief Directors of Own Affairs and Local Authorities and requested them to

(i) financially assist the Hospice Movement who deliver extensive terminal care services and bereavement counselling to anyone regardless of their race, age or religious affiliation,

(ii) promote this concept within their own communities to alleviate the demand for hospital beds and to reduce the cost per bed at a hospital of ±R315 to ±R150 at a hospice,

(iii) to assist their communities to care for the terminally ill at home

Considering that the St Lukes Hospice in Cape Town and the Highway Hospice in Durban attend to all peoples, it was decided to assist financially until our own services can be fully implemented

On the above grounds and on compassion and as these organisations are registered welfare organisations employing social workers, the Department subsidised these institutions

(a) N/A

(b) N/A

(c) Highway Hospice — Durban

St Lukes Hospice — Cape Town

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister’s reply, is it not correct that neither he nor has department received any request from these organisations?

The MINISTER OF HEALTH SERVICES AND WELFARE Sir, my answer is clear. The request came from the dean of the medical faculty. As was alleged during the debate, the Hospice Association has dealt with 15 Indian patients up to now. However, as from yesterday one does not talk about Indians, Coloureds and Whites any more

St Luke’s has dealt with at least 50 patients with names of Indian origin in Cape Town

Durban-Westville: dental faculty

*5 Mr M RIAAB asked the Minister of Health Services and Welfare

(1) Whether has Department received a request from the University of Durban-Westville to establish a dental faculty, if so, (a) when and (b) in what manner,

(2) whether approval has been obtained from the Treasury to finance this project,

(3) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF HEALTH SERVICES AND WELFARE

(1) Yes A request was made to the then Department of Indian Affairs. The Oral and Dental Training Hospital was established in 1979 by mutual agreement between the Department of Indian Affairs, Department of Health and the University of Durban-Westville to train Dental Therapists and Oral Hygienists with the intent that this could serve as an infrastructure to a future Dental Faculty in Natal

(a) The Ministers’ Council in January 1986 obtained Cabinet approval, in principle, to update the existing facility to a fully fledged DENTAL FACULTY

(b) In writing

(2) No Treasury prioritising and approval can only be obtained when the following documentation prepared by the Administration House of Delegates and the University of Durban-Westville jointly, and approved by the relevant National Authorities are submitted to Treasury for evaluation

(a) Administration House of Delegates

Hospital norms prepared by the Department of Health Services and Welfare and ratified and approved by the Department of National

Health and Population Development

Approval was obtained in accordance with the above on 7 April 1989 for a 61 Dental Chair Hospital

(b) University of Durban-Westville

The academic needs and norms must be prepared and submitted to the National Department of Education for ratification and approval

This documentation is awaited

(3) Yes At an appropriate time

Administration HoD number of our tickets for staff (185)

*6 Mr D K PADIACHY asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services

(1) Whether the number of air tickets available to members of the staff of the Administration House of Delegates who are stationed in Cape Town during the Parliamentary session is to be increased, if so, (a) when and (b) by how many,

(2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

(1) No

(a) and (b) fall away

(2) No

Serviced land utilization policy

*1 Mr K PANDEY asked the Minister of Housing

(1) Whether it is the policy of his Department that all serviced land should be utilized fully as soon as possible, if not, what is the policy in this regard,

(2) whether he will allocate serviced land to small private developers in order to speed up the utilization of such land, if not, why not, if so, what are the relevant details?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING

(1) Yes

(2) Yes Small private developers are free to submit their tenders when tenders are invited for the construction of houses and further provision is also made for their valued contribution by undertaking assisted self-help housing projects as we have done in BuffaloBosch and Shallov where they are playing a very important role.

Certain persons: duties/accommodation

*2 The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Education and Culture

(1) Whether an official of his Department was sent back to Durban from Cape Town on or about 8 February 1991 to perform his duties as a superintendent of education, if so, why,

(2) whether this official was recently brought back to Cape Town, if so, (a) when and (b) what are his duties in Cape Town,

(3) whether this official is residing at a hotel in Cape Town, if so, what is the daily cost to the State of (a) his accommodation and (b) any other allowances paid to him?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) Yes, but not on or about 8 February 1991

The precise date was 13 February 1991

The official was required in Durban to assist the two Acting Chief Superintendents of Education (Management) until they could undertake their duties without further assistance. This became even more necessary with the retirement of a senior Chief Superintendent of Education (Management) with effect from 1 February 1991

Whilst at Head Office, the official referred to at the very outset, continued to house between the Department and the Ministry

(2) Yes, for two periods

(a) 10 May 1991 to 23 May 1991 and, 1 June 1991 to 6 June 1991, giving a total of 18 days

HOUSE OF DELEGATES
(b) To perform administrative duties as a Chief Superintendent of Education (management) and also to assist with parliamentary work while he was in Cape Town

(3) (a) Yes, he did stay in a hotel, in terms of the provisions of Personnel Administration Standards. The total hotel bill (accommodation, meals and laundry) amounted to R3 144.50 giving a daily average expenditure of R174.70

(b) the usual sessional allowance of R37.25 per day

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon. the Minister’s reply, in view of the fact that his Department is running short of funds and that this official had lived in the official quarters at Pelican Park, why were no arrangements made for this official to reside in one of the three homes that were available at Pelican Park, which could have resulted in a saving?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE Mr Chairman, the answer to that is very simple. The houses at Pelican Park were not equipped and the gentleman did not have his household equipment with him. He did not come here as a permanent employee of the Ministry. He came to work in Cape Town as a departmental official and to administer the school. In fact, we saved money by using him for parliamentary duties

Management committee meetings: Minister’s attendance

*3 The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Education and Culture whether he has attended any management committee meetings of his Department, if not, why not, if so, (a) on what date did he attend his first such meeting and (b) how many such meetings (i) have been held and (ii) has he attended since this date?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(a) 15 February 1991 at the invitation of the Acting Chief Executive Director of Education and Culture to respond to queries raised by the Chief Superintendents of Education

(b) (i) nine Management Committee Meetings were convened by the Acting Chief Executive Director of Education and Culture

(ii) one on 1 March 1991, again at the invitation of the Acting Chief Executive Director of Education and Culture

Mr K PANDAY Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister’s reply, will he indicate whether any decisions were taken during the time he was present at the management committee meetings?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE Mr Chairman, when I attended two of these meetings, at the request of the Chief Executive Director, questions were put to me, but I left early and did not wait for the meeting to end. The meetings were conducted and concluded by the Chief Executive Director.

Mr K PANDAY Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon, the Minister’s reply, would he not agree that his very presence must have influenced the decisions that were taken at those particular meetings in some way?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, it is very difficult to answer a question of such a general nature. I was requested to attend those meetings by the Acting Chief Executive Director so that I could supply certain information that was needed by my divisional superintendent. No decisions were taken while I was there, so I cannot answer with regard to all the presumptions and other such matters.

INTERPELLATIONS UNDER NAME OF MEMBER

Burrows, Mr R M—

Own Affairs

Education and Culture, 803, 1064, 1666

Welfare, Housing and Works, 1252

Carlisle, Mr R V—

General Affairs

Home Affairs, 10

State President, 1811

Cassim, Mr M F—

Own Affairs

Education and Culture, 345

Chetty, Mr K—

General Affairs

Law and Order, 681

Dalling, Mr D J—

General Affairs

Correctional Services, 1738

Egba, Mr C W—

General Affairs

Foreign Affairs, 429

Gastrow, Mr P H P—

General Affairs

Law and Order, 1934

Gerber, Mr A—

Own Affairs

Education and Culture, 36, 469, 1554, 1759

Haswell, Mr R F—

General Affairs

Law and Order, 286

Hoandjien, Mr C B—

Own Affairs

Housing, 125

Hoon, Mr J H—

General Affairs

Foreign Affairs, 1428

Planning, Provincial Affairs and National Housing, 507

Jacobs, Adv S C—

General Affairs

Home Affairs, 421

National Education, 1221

Landers, Mr L T—

General Affairs

Justice, 251

Langley, Adv T—

General Affairs

Foreign Affairs, 1817

Defence, 281

Own Affairs

Agricultural Development, 891

Leon, Mr A J—

General Affairs

Law and Order, 1226

State President, 1421

Own Affairs

Budget and Local Government, 317

Education and Culture, 109
further concessions in respect of greater freedom—in other words, deregulation—for longdistance passenger and freight transportation. I hope to complete this before the end of this year and to encourage tourists and other people who do not have access to train transport to make use of bus services as an alternative for long-distance travel, particularly in cases where Transnet and its affiliate, Spoornet, have decided to cover only certain routes.

In reply to the question of the hon member for Mossel Bay, I say we are specifically engaged in examining the problem which he addressed here by mentioning the name of a specific company as an example. In other words, we are talking about transport from here to Johannesburg or Port Elizabeth, or from Port Elizabeth to Johannesburere etc. [Time expired]

Mr N ISAACS Mr Chairman, I want to link up with the hon member for Mossel Bay’s question about norms and standards.

I encountered a very interesting thing when I was in America. I saw that every taxi owner and taxi driver had a book of rules. So many people have points against them in many cases these people do not know what they should do or what they may do.

There is nothing wrong with peerin over somebody else’s shoulder to see what is done in another country. I stood in New York and looked at the many taxis in the streets and I was amazed at the discipline that is maintained there. They also have their problems, but each one of them—the driver as well as the owner—has a book of rules.

As far as norms and standards are concerned here, one encounters people who have no conception of what they may or may not do. The things that are given in this book of rules are very important and interesting. One should have a look at the definitions that are given in the Taxi Cab Drivers’ Rules. It states, for example:

A passenger Any individual who has hired or attempted to hire a taxi for travel or destination

They talk about a rent card, a renewal application and a modalion, which is actually our permit.

If every taxi driver had such a book, he would immediately know what his rights were. He would immediately know what he may do and what he may not do. Unfortunately we also have the situation—regret having to say so—that although there has been enough work as far as the taxis in the Black community are concerned [Time expired]

*The MINISTER OF TRANSPORT Mr Chairman, I am very grateful to the hon member for Bishop Lavis. He dealt with two very important points which I should like to support here.

Hon members should really forget that I wrote certain things 10 years ago that are now true. I undertake to place immediate emphasis on one important point mentioned by the hon member. The hon member is in my opinion correct when he says that we need a manual. I undertake that my department, together with sponsors, will write a manual, specifically with regard to what he asked for [Interjections] I want to thank the hon member very sincerely for raising such an important point. I fully support that point.

The second point I should like to mention here is that kombis have never been regulated. They did not want to be regulated. I agree that at the moment—this is the way it looks to me if I interpret the information passed on to me correctly—that we really need to help these people who have invested billions in that industry to survive, because at present they are experiencing a survival crisis. And who is going to suffer as a result of this? The passenger will suffer, because in the long run everything has to be geared towards the commuter. As far as my department and myself are concerned the commuter is the most important person. The second most important person is the person who is going to transport the commuter, whatever he may be, whether he does so by train, taxi or bus. However, the commuter remains the most important person.

At present I am holding discussions with some of the trade unions, representative organisations and political parties with the specific objective of examining how we can ensure the safety and convenience of the commuter, as well as the affordability of his transport. This remains our objective. After that we shall address this issue, but meanwhile I accept the proposal of the hon member for Bishop Lavis that we should take another look at whether we should introduce a certain degree of regulation [Time expired]

Debate concluded

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

21 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Planning, Provincial Affairs and National Housing

(1) Whether his Department keeps statistics on the number of attacks that have been made by dogs on human beings, if not, (a) why not and (b) which other bodies which Department has responsibility in this regard, if so, how many such attacks were made during each of the latest specified three years for which statistics are available?

(2) Whether it is his intention to introduce legislation relating to the control or importation of certain breeds of dogs that have been found to have so-called killer instincts, if so, what is envisaged in this regard,

(3) Whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS

(1) No

(a) and (b) Fail away

(aa) R60,00 per day in respect of the number of days allocated

(bb) R30,00 per day in respect of the number of days allocated

A number of days was allocated to each enumerator area according to the size of the area, the number of existing points in the area and whether it is an urban or a rural area.
(a) the Regulations relating to the election of management councils do not prohibit the distribution of pamphlets outside the hall in which the election is held.
(b) the pamphlets were handed out by parents without permission.
(c) prior to the election, the pamphlets compiled by supporters of the National Party were distributed to the parents outside the hall. Pamphlets compiled by the Conservative Party were distributed to the parents of this particular school in the streets.
(d) the name furnished by the hon member,
(2) no, because there are no grounds for any action,
(3) no

1990-91 budget certain amounts spent

89 Mr R M BURROWS asked the Minister of Education and Culture
Whether, with reference to his reply to Question No 50 on 27 March 1991, the information requested in Question No 50 is available as yet, if not, why not, if so, what total amount was spent in the 1990-91 financial year on (a) school textbooks, (b) library books, (c) hostel accommodation subsidies, (d) pupil transport subsidies, (e) school audio-visual equipment, (f) school buildings, (g) stationery and (h) school furniture at schools falling under his Department?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

No, because the books of some of the provincial education departments will close together with the books of the Provincial Administration that render services. The figures will therefore only be released during July 1991 by the relevant Provincial Administration.

Colleges of education: utilisation of buildings

91 Mr R M BURROWS asked the Minister of Education and Culture
Whether he or his Department has given consideration to the use to which the buildings of the colleges of education that are to be closed will be put, if not, why not, if so, to what use will these buildings be put in each case?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

Although no official decision has been made, the following are possible options:
- (1) Use for vocational training.
- (2) Use for community development.
- (3) Use for cultural activities.
- (4) Use for economic development projects.

Houses built by Department: number

38 Mr P PADAYCHEE asked the Minister of Housing
(1) How many houses, excluding houses forming part of local authority projects financed by the Housing Development Board, has his Department or the Board built in (a) Natal, (b) the Cape Province and (c) the Transvaal since he became Minister of Housing?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING

(1) (a) Natal 1 411
(b) Cape Province —
(c) Transvaal 1 126

(2) (a) Natal 7 479
(b) Cape Province —
(c) Transvaal 7 336

Rented HDB houses' sale

40 Mr S PACHAI asked the Minister of Housing
Whether the approximately 27 houses in Ryland Ext 10, presently being let by the Housing Development Board are to be sold to the tenants, if so,
(2) whether the sale is expected to be finalised before the introduction of value added tax, if so, when is the sale expected to be finalised?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING

(1) Whether any (a) business and (b) religious sites have been allocated and/or sold in (i) Lenasia and (ii) Lenasia South since 1 January 1991, if not, why not, if so,
(2) to whom in each case, (b) on what date was each (i) application for such sites received by his Department and (ii) such site allocated and/or sold and (c) what was the selling price of these houses have been determined, if not, why not, if so, (a) on what basis were these prices determined and (b) what is the selling price of each house,
(4) whether the buyers will be offered a State loan to purchase these houses, if not, why not,
(5) at what total cost did the Housing Development Board (a) acquire and (ii) service the erven and (b) build the houses in question?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING

(1) Yes
(2) Yes A submission in this connection will be considered by the Housing Development Board shortly.
(3) Yes

(a) The selling prices have been determined on the basis of the cost of acquisition of serviced erven plus actual construction cost of the dwelling plus 1% levy on the total of the aforementioned for community facilities subject to the approval of the Housing Development Board.
(b) The selling prices range between R65 200 and R83 100 per unit inclusive of land.
(4) No—the units will be sold for cash on registration and transfer.
(5) (a) (i) R246 180 for serviced erven
(b) R1 646 239,47
The MINISTER OF HOUSING

(1) (a) No
   (i) No Due to delays with the proclamation of the township
   (ii) No

(b) Yes
   (i) No

The MINISTER OF HOUSING

It is assumed that the question refers to the Housing Development Fund and consequently the reply furnished is in respect of the Fund

(1) (a) Nil
   (b) R14 427 132
   (c) R86 006 639
   (d) R227 748 965

(2) Yes

1988/89 Financial Year

(a) Local Authorities did not make full draws on total loans requested
   (b) R105 674 876

1989/90 Financial Year

(a) Local Authorities did not make full draws on total loans requested
   (b) R84 538 864

1990/91 Financial Year

(a) Local Authorities did not make full draws on total loans requested
   (b) R180 554 278

Wolverdiend/Carletonville area, the Regional Commissioner in the Western Transvaal has appointed a special investigation team to investigate these matters. The Regional Commissioner has indicated that, after the investigation has been completed, the evidence will be placed before the Attorney-General with a view to a decision regarding prosecution or not. The Regional Commissioner made this investigation known to the media by means of a press-release on 3 July 1991, and invited the public to support the Police in the investigation and to make any information which might be possessed, available.

(a) and (b)

An inquest docket was investigated in connection with the death of Phiri. The magistrate could not make a finding as to whether the death was caused by the act or omission involving or constituting an offence on the part of any person.

I refer the hon member to paragraph (1)(a) and give the assurance that the South African Police will leave no stone unturned so as to investigate all possible information which might be possessed or which comes to the attention of the Police.

I wish to give the further assurance that irregularities such as those alleged, are totally unacceptable, will not be tolerated, and that the necessary steps will be taken if prima facie evidence exists that members of the Force, or other persons, are guilty of any irregularities.

(4) Yes

C S Sithole committed suicide while he was in detention. He had no connection with any events at Wolverdiend.

A Commission of Inquiry under the chair-
and Blacks less applicants were enlisted than those who passed the tests. The reason for this is that some applicants lost interest in enlistment, while others did not comply with other requirements of the Force, eg previous convictions and physical disqualifications.

Hon members must realise that as a result of the demands of the time in which members of the Force must perform their duties, and keeping in mind the greater demands which will be placed on the South African Police in the future, it is essential that only applicants who comply with all the requirements of the Force, be enlisted.

Consequently, it is unfortunate that a large percentage of the applicants who apply for enlistment in the South African Police cannot be accepted in the force.

The aim of the psychometric tests is to serve as an objective, trustworthy and valid, in the selection of candidates for training in the South African Police. The test battery is based on the supposition that the achievement of a testee will give a valid indication of his general intellectual abilities and of his proficiency in the official languages, as demanded for training in the South African Police.

However, it must be emphasised that the psychometric tests are only an additional aid, and that various other criteria exist which an applicant for the South African Police must comply with before enlistment can occur.

**Pietermaritzburg/Newcastle offences**

17 Mr S PACHA1 asked the Minister of Law and Order (1) How many cases of offences relating to (a) liquor laws, (b) drug abuse and (c) child abuse were investigated in (1) Pietermaritzburg and (2) Newcastle during the latest specified period of 12 months which figures are available.

(2) in respect of each of the above-mentioned offences and areas, how many persons (a) were charged, (b) had the charges against them withdrawn, (c) were fined, (d) paid admission of guilt fines and (e) were found (i) not guilty and (ii) guilty in court?

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1. The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER

(1) (a) 336
(b) 115
(c) 705
(d) 299
(e) 53
(f) 14

(2) (i) Pietermaritzburg

(a) 336
(b) 705
(c) 5
(d) 38
(e) 18

(ii) 106
(iii) 23
(iv) 6
(v) 4

(iii) 202
(iv) 616
(v) 29

Trials not yet concluded 45

(i) Newcastle

(a) 151
(b) 229
(c) 14

(ii) 1
(iii) 32
(iv) 232

(i) 67
(ii) 0
(iii) 0
(iv) 27

(v) 6

Trials not yet concluded 11

Note

As regards (2)(c) and (d) it is brought to the attention of the hon member that in all instances where an admission of guilt was paid, the persons were regarded as being fined.

The figures are furnished for the period 1 May 1990 until 30 April 1991.

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1. The MINISTER OF PUBLIC WORKS AND LAND AFFAIRS

(1) (a) Yes

(2) (i) Chairman Ministers' Council

R 872.08

pm plus actual expenditure on municipal services and rates and taxes

Minister of Health

R 377.08

pm plus actual expenditure on municipal services and rates and taxes

Minister of Local Government and Agriculture

R 377.08

pm plus actual expenditure on municipal services and rates and taxes

Minister of Education and Culture

R 727.08

pm plus actual expenditure on municipal services and rates and taxes

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1. The compensation to Members of the Executive Committee and Ministerial Representatives is not payable by the Department of Public Works and Land Affairs but by the respective Provincial
Home Affairs that certain film producers or distributors submitted fraudulent claims for the payment to them of film subsidies, if so, what are the relevant details? D207E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER

Yes, it is alleged that false claims with regard to 64 films were submitted by 26 film producers and distributors, as a result of which approximately R12 million was paid out as film subsidies. The investigation of this matter is of great magnitude and is expected to carry on for quite a while.

Written replies to questions set down for oral reply on Tuesday, 25 June 1991

SABC: extension of Radio Lotus service

1. Mr E JOOSAB asked the Minister of Home Affairs

(1) Whether he or his Department has received any representations to request the SABC to extend the Radio Lotus service to the Cape and Eastern Transvaal, if so, (2) whether this request has been conveyed to the SABC, if not, why not, if so, with what result? D212E

(3) Whether he will make a statement on the matter? D212E

The MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS

(1), (2) and (3)

Except for a request addressed to me by the hon member for Eastern Transvaal on behalf of the hon member for Rylands during the debate on the Budget Vote in the House on 5 June 1991 to extend the services of Radio Lotus to the Cape Province, no representations were received by me or my Department. The SABC itself has received requests in the past from Indian cultural leaders and listeners to extend the Radio Lotus service to other areas in South Africa, including the Cape and Eastern Transvaal.

The Indian communities of the Cape and the rural parts of Transvaal do not receive the Radio Lotus broadcasting service as the provision and hire of additional transmitters for the coverage of the relatively small Indian communities in these geographically large areas is not economically viable.

Fraud in film industry: legal action

2. Mr E JOOSAB asked the Minister of Home Affairs

Whether, with reference to recent allegations that certain members of the film industry submitted fraudulent claims to his Department for the payment to them of film subsidies, he intends taking legal action against the persons concerned, if not, why not, if so, what legal actions (b) when and (c) against whom? D213E

The MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS

(a) The Department has instigated civil and criminal actions and will continue to do so, depending on the ongoing departmental and police investigations.

(b) This is done on an ongoing basis whenever investigations are completed.

(c) It is deemed not expedient to divulge names of persons against whom legal steps have been instituted at this stage as none of the persons involved had an opportunity to reply in court to allegations made against them.

Natal Prov Executive Committee certain members

3. Mr E JOOSAB asked the Minister of Home Affairs

The MINISTER OF PLANNING, PROVINCIAL AFFAIRS AND NATIONAL HOUSING

(1) Whether he will furnish information on the hours worked by and punctuality of a certain member of the Executive Committee of the Province of Natal, whose name has been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply, if not, why not, if so, (a) what is the person's name, (b) how regularly he is present in his office in Pietermaritzburg and (c) how punctual he is in arriving at his office, 

(2) whether he has received any complaints in regard to the manner in which this person performs his official duties, if so, what is the nature of these complaints.

(3) whether he has investigated or will investigate these complaints, if not, why not, if so, what are the relevant details? D216E

The MINISTER OF PLANNING, PROVINCIAL AFFAIRS AND NATIONAL HOUSING

19 The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Law and Order present

(a) How many arrests were made in Chatsworth in respect of offenses relating to Mandrax during the period 1 January 1991 up to the latest specified date for which figures are available and (b)(i) how many Mandrax tablets were confiscated during this period and (ii) what is the monetary value of these tablets? D207E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER

(a) 67

(b) (i) 815 Tablets and 7 capsules

(ii) Approximately R28 405,00

Note

The figures are furnished for the period 1 January 1991 until 12 June 1991

SAP: fraudulent claims in film industry

20 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Law and Order

Whether the South African Police have been investigating a claim by the Department of

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

FRIDAY, 21 JUNE 1991

It is estimated that the introduction of such a service would almost double the present costs of broadcasting. Since the introduction of Radio Lotus it has yielded an operating profit and the suggested extension would require abnormally large subsidies to serve an estimated 16% of the total Indian community of South Africa. Radio Lotus presently reaches approximately 84% of the total Indian population.

In an attempt to alleviate the problem for the communities which do not receive the normal Radio Lotus programmes, a special two-hour programme is broadcast on Sundays from 11 00 to 13 00 on the transmitters of Radio Lotus and Radio 2000 at a cost of approximately R180 000 per annum. It is also important to note that no additional income is obtained from advertisers in these regions.

Own Affairs

Improper land/house allocations: legal action

43 Mr S PACHAI asked the Minister of Housing

(1) Whether, with reference to his reply to Question No 33 on 21 May 1991 in connection with alleged improper land and house allocations in Richards Bay and Howick West, any legal action has as yet been taken against the 18 persons who had sub-let their accommodation, if not, why not, if so, what are the names of these persons and (b)(i) when was legal action taken and (ii) what legal action was taken.

Whether, in respect of this sub-letting, any improper enrichment took place, if so, (a) to what amount and (b) by whom.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

No. R. 1592 5 July 1991

EDUCATION AFFAIRS ACT (HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY), 1988

AMENDMENT OF REGULATIONS RELATING TO MANAGEMENT COUNCILS OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS, EXCLUDING INDUSTRIAL AND REFORM SCHOOLS

The Minister of Education and Culture has under sections 19 and 112 of the Education Affairs Act (House of Assembly), 1988 (Act No 70 of 1988), amended the regulations promulgated by Government Notice No R 690 of 30 March 1990, as set out in the Schedule

SCHEDULE

1. In this Schedule, unless the context indicates otherwise, the expression "the Regulations" means the Regulations promulgated by Government Notice No R 690 of 30 March 1990, as amended by Government Notice No R 459 of 8 March 1991

2. Regulation 14 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for subregulation (4) of the following subregulation

"(4) The Minister may grant permission that in the case of a particular school only one election be held, in which case the provisions of subregulations (1) and (2) and of regulation 2 (2) shall not apply"

ADMINISTRATION:

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

No. R. 1563 5 July 1991

REGULATIONS UNDER THE INDIANS EDUCATION ACT, 1965 (ACT No 61 OF 1965)

The Minister of Education and Culture has, under section 33 (1) (g) of the Indians Education Act, 1965 (Act No 61 of 1965), incorporated the measures contained in the personnel administration measures in respect of leave of absence of CS educators to form the regulations contained in the Schedule hereto

SCHEDULE

LEAVE OF ABSENCE OF CS EDUCATORS WHO ARE NOT NORMALLY REQUIRED TO DO DUTY DURING PERIODS WHEN TUITION IS SUSPENDED

Definitions

1. In these Regulations any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the Act shall have the meaning so assigned and, unless the context otherwise indicates—

"Administration" means Administration House of Delegates,

"Director-General" means the Head of the Administration

DEPARTEMEN VAN ONDERWS EN KULTUUR

No. R. 1592 5 Julie 1991

WET OP ONDERWYSAAANGELEENHETE (VOLKSRaad), 1988

WYSIGING VAN REGULASIES BETREFFENDE BE-Stuursraade Van Openbare Skole. Uitgese- norder Nywerheid-en Verbeteringskole

Die Minister van Onderwys en Kultuur, het kragtens artikels 19 en 112 van die Wet op Onderwysaangeleenhede (Volkseraad), 1988 (Wet No 70 van 1988), die regulasies afgekondig deur Goewermentskennisgewing No R 690 van 30 Maart 1990, gewysig soos uiteengesit in die Blyae

BLYAE

1 In hierdie Blyae, tansy uit die samehang anders blyk, beteken die uitdrukking "die Regulasies" die Regulasies afgekondig deur Goewermentskennisgewing No R 690 van 30 Maart 1990, soos gewysig deur Goewermentskennisgewing No R 459 van 8 Maart 1991

2 Regulasie 14 van die Regulasies word hierby gewysig deur subregulasie (4) deur die volgende sub-regulasie te vervang

"(4) Die Minister kan toestemming verleen dat daar in die geval van 'n bepaalde skool, slegs een verkiez- sing gehou word, in welke geval die bepalings van subregulasies (1) en (2) en van regulasie 2 (2) nie van toepassing is nie"

ADMINISTRASIE:

RAAD VAN AFGVAAARDIGDES

DEPARTEMEN VAN ONDERWS EN KULTUUR

No. R. 1563 5 Julie 1991

REGULASIES KRAGTENS DIE WET OP ONDER- WYS VIR INDIERS, 1965 (WET NO 61 Van 1965)

Die Minister van Onderwys en Kultuur het kragtens artikel 33 (3) (g) van die Wet op Onderwys vir Indiers, 1965 (Wet No 61 van 1965), die maatreëls in die personeeladministrasie maatreëls ten opsigte van afwesigheidsverlof van KS-opvoeders ingellyf om die regulasies te vorm in die Blyae hertoe vervat

BLYAE

AFWESIGHEIDSVERLOF VAN KS-OPVOEDERS VAN WIE NEE NORMAALWEG VERWAG WERD OM GEDURENDE TYDPERKE WAARDYDENS ONDER- RIG OPGESKORT WORD DIENS TE VERRIG NIE

Woordomskrywing

1. In hierdie regulasies het 'n woord of uitspraak waaraan in die Wet 'n betekenis geheg is, die beteke- nis aldus daaraan geheg en, tensy uit die samehang anders blyk, beteken—

"Administrasie" die Administrasie Raad van Afge- vaardigdes,

"Direkteur-Generaal" die Hoof van die Administrasie,
"Education Department" means the Department of Education and Culture in the Administration.

"Head of the Education Department" means the Head of the Department of Education and Culture in the Administration.


Absence from duty to be recorded as leave

2. Leave of Absence shall be classified under one of the following headings:
   (1) (a) Vacation leave,
        (b) sick leave,
        (c) special sick leave,
        (d) special leave for study purposes,
        (e) special leave for military training,
        (f) special leave for examination purposes,
        (g) special leave for quarantine purposes,
        (h) special leave for participation in sporting and other cultural events,
        (i) special leave for urgent private affairs,
        (j) special leave for accommodation,
        (k) special leave for continuity of service, and
        (l) special leave in extraordinary circumstances
   (2) All unauthorised absence from duty shall be regarded as special leave in extraordinary circumstances.

Absence from duty not to be recorded as leave

3. In the following instances an educator shall not be regarded as being absent from duty:
   (1) When he must appear as a witness—
        (a) in a criminal court case,
        (b) in a civil court case (including a divorce case),
        (c) in a court martial,
        (d) in a misconduct case or in a misconduct investigation in terms of any law;
        (e) before a commission or committee of inquiry appointed by the State or by an agency that derives its authority from a particular Act,
        (f) at a judicial inquest,
        (g) at a rent board inquiry, except when he is the person who initiated such inquiry
   (2) When he must appear as defendant or co-defendant in a civil court case arising from his official duties and in which the State or any statutory institution has a direct interest.
   (3) When he is taken into custody or must appear in court on a criminal charge and is later discharged, or the charge is withdrawn.

Minister" die Minister van Onderwys en Kultuur in die Raad van Afgevaardigdes soos bedoel in die Grondwet van die Republiek van Suid-Afrika, 1983 (Wet No 110 van 1983).

"Onderwysdepartement" die Departement van Onderwys en Kultuur in die Administrasie,

"Onderwysdepartementshoof" die hoof van die Departement van Onderwys en Kultuur in die Administrasie.

Afwesigheid van diens wat as verlof aangeteken word

2. Afwesigheid met verlof word onder een van die volgende hoofde ingedeel:
   (1) (a) Vakansieverlof,
        (b) sekteverlof,
        (c) spesiale sekteverlof,
        (d) spesiale verlof vir studiedoelendes,
        (e) spesiale verlof vir militêre opleiding,
        (f) spesiale verlof vir eksamindoelendes,
        (g) spesiale verlof vir kwaryantyndoelendes,
        (h) spesiale verlof vir deelname aan sport- en ander kultuurgeleenheid,
        (i) spesiale verlof vir dringende private sake,
        (j) spesiale verlof vir bevailing,
        (k) spesiale verlof ter wille van dienskontinueer, en
        (l) spesiale verlof in buitengewone omstandighede
   (2) Alle ongemagigde afwesigheid van diens word geag spesiale verlof in buitengewone omstandighede te wees.

Afwesigheid van diens nie as verlof aangeteken word nie

3. 'n Opvoeder word in die volgende gevalle geag nie van diens afwesig te wees nie:
   (1) Wanneer hy moet verskyn as getuie—
        (a) in 'n strafhofsak,
        (b) in 'n aviele hofsak (insluitende 'n egskeiding-sakak),
        (c) in 'n militêre hofsak,
        (d) in 'n wangedrasoak of 'n wangedragondersoek ingevolge die een of ander wet,
        (e) voor 'n kommissie of komitee van ondersoek deur die Staat aangestel of deur 'n instansie wat sy bovoegdheid aan 'n bepaalde wet ontleen,
        (f) by 'n geregtelike doodsondersoek,
        (g) by 'n huurraadondersoek, behalwe as hy die persoon is wat die insatief tot sodanige ondersoek geneem het
   (2) Wanneer hy moet verskyn as verweerder of medeverweerder in 'n aviele hofsak wat voorttuss uit sy amspilte en waarby die Staat of enige statutêre instelling direkte belang het
   (3) Wanneer hy in hegtens geneem is of voor die hof moet verskyn op 'n strafregtelike aanklag en hy later vrygespreek of die aanklag teruggetrek word
(4) When he attends a course or a lecture or undertakes undergraduate or post-graduate studies in respect of which the head of the education department has approved that attendance of the course or lecture or the undertaking of studies may take place during official hours (with retention of salary).

(5) When he attends a course that is presented by a State department and in respect of which the head of the education department has granted permission for him to attend the course during official hours.

(6) When he attends an instruction course under the National Survival Plan that is presented by the Civil Defence Division and in respect of which the head of the education department has granted permission for him to attend the course during official hours.

(7) When he does practical work with the approval of the head of the education department or does practice teaching to comply with the requirements for a formal qualification offered by a recognised tertiary or post-secondary educational institution.

(8) When he serves on a military selection board and is absent with the approval of the head of the education department in respect of the activities of such selection board.

(9) When he does committee work or has to attend a meeting or conference at national or international level in the interest of his education department or has to perform a similar duty at interdepartmental level or with a view to participation in the activities of the organised teaching profession for which the head of the education department has granted permission.

**Leave credit and leave computations**

4. (1) The leave credit of an educator shall increase by 12/365 of a day for every full day that he is in the service of the education department: Provided that no leave credit shall be earned in respect of days on which the educator is absent on leave without pay.

(2) An educator who is required by the head of the education department to perform duty during any period of a school vacation shall be credited, in addition to the leave credit contemplated in (1), with half the number of days on which he was expected to perform such duty: Provided that—

(a) such credit shall not exceed 24 days in any calendar year, and

(b) such educator may apply within 90 days of the performance of such duty for such additional leave credit to be converted into a non-pensionable cash payment in accordance with the formula A x B/365, where “A” represents the number of additional days’ leave credit and “B” represents the basic annual salary plus any pensionable allowance of such educator at the time of the performance of such duty.

(3) In any computation of leave contemplated in these regulations, fractions of a day thus computed shall be transferable to a subsequent leave computation.

(4) Wanneer hy 'n kursus of 'n leesing bywoon of voor- of nagraadse studies onderneem ten opsigte van die onderwysdepartementshoof goedgekeur het dat bywoning van die kursus of leesig of die onderneem van studies in amptelike tyd (met behoud van salaris) geskied.

(5) Wanneer hy 'n kursus bywoon wat deur 'n Staatsdepartement aangebied word en ten opsigte van toestemming deur die onderwysdepartementshoof aan hom verleen is om die kursus in amptelike tyd by te woon.

(6) Wanneer hy 'n ondergronds kursus onder die Nasionale Oorlewingplan bywoon wat deur die Afdeling Burgerlike Beskerming aangebied word en ten opsigte van toestemming deur die onderwysdepartementshoof aan hom verleen is om die kursus in amptelike tyd by te woon.

(7) Wanneer hy met die goedkeuring van die onderwysdepartementshoof praatlike werk verrig of praatonderwys gee om aan die vereistes van 'n formele kwalifikasie aangebied aan 'n erkende terafde of na-terafde onderwysingsreg, te voldoen.

(8) Wanneer hy in 'n militêre keurraad dien en in verband met die werkzaamhede van sodanige keurraad met die toestemming van die onderwysdepartementshoof van diens afwesig is.

(9) Wanneer hy komiteewerk verrig of 'n vergadering of konferensie op nasionale of internasionale vlak moet bywoon in belang van sy onderwysdepartement of 'n soortgelyke diens moet lewer op interdepartementele vlak of met die oog op deelname aan die aktiwiteite van die georganiseerde onderwysprosesse waarde van die onderwysdepartementshoof toestemming verleen het.

**Verlof krediet en verlof berekenings**

4. (1) Die verlof krediet van 'n opvoedvermeerder met 12/365 van 'n dag vir elke volle dag wat die opvoedvermeerder in diens van die onderwysdepartement is Met dien verstande dat geen verlof krediet vir dae waarop die opvoedvermeerder met verlof sonder besoldiging afwesig is, verleen word nie.

(2) 'n Opvoedvermeerder van wie die onderwysdepartementshoof verwerp het om gedurende enige tydperk van 'n skoolvakansie diens te doen, word bykomend tot die verlof krediet in (1) bedoel, gekrediteer met die helfte van die getal dae waarop van hom verwag is om aldus diens te doen: met dien verstande dat—

(a) hoogstens 24 dae in 'n kalenderjaar aldus gekrediteer mag word, en

(b) sodanige opvoedvermeerder binne 90 dae na die verriging van sodanige diens kan versoek dat sodanige bykomende verlof krediet omskep word in 'n nie-pensioenwettige kontantbetaling in ooreenstemming met formule A x B/365, in welke formule "A" die getal dae bykomende verlof krediet verteenwoordig en "B" die basiese jaarlike salaris plus enige pensioengewende toelaes van sodanige opvoedvermeerder ten tyde van die verriging van sodanige diens verteenwoordig.

(3) By enige berekening van verlof in hierdie regulasies bedoel, is breuke van 'n dag aldus verkry, oordeelbaar na 'n volgende verlofberekening.
(4) When he attends a course or a lecture or undertakes undergraduate or post-graduate studies in respect of which the head of the education department has approved that attendance of the course or lecture or the undertaking of studies may take place during official hours (with retention of salary).

(5) When he attends a course that is presented by a State department and in respect of which the head of the education department has granted permission for him to attend the course during official hours.

(6) When he attends an instruction course under the National Survival Plan that is presented by the Civil Defence Division and in respect of which the head of the education department has granted permission for him to attend the course during official hours.

(7) When he does practical work with the approval of the head of the education department or does practice teaching to comply with the requirements for a formal qualification offered by a recognised tertiary or post-secondary educational institution.

(8) When he serves on a military selection board and is absent with the approval of the head of the education department in respect of the activities of such selection board.

(9) When he does committee work or has to attend a meeting or conference at national or international level in the interest of his education department or has to perform a similar duty at interdepartmental level or with a view to participation in the activities of the organised teaching profession for which the head of the education department has granted permission.

**Leave credit and leave computations**

4. (1) The leave credit of an educator shall increase by 12/365 of a day for every full day that he is in the service of the education department. Provided that no leave credit shall be earned in respect of days on which the educator is absent on leave without pay.

(2) An educator who is required by the head of the education department to perform duty during any period of a school vacation shall be credited, in addition to the leave credit contemplated in (1), with half the number of days on which he was expected to perform such duty. Provided that—

(a) such credit shall not exceed 24 days in any calendar year, and

(b) such educator may apply within 90 days of the performance of such duty for such additional leave credit to be converted into a non-pensionable cash payment in accordance with the formula A × B/365, where “A” represents the number of additional days' leave credit and “B” represents the basic annual salary plus any pensionable allowance of such educator at the time of the performance of such duty.

(3) In any computation of leave contemplated in these regulations, fractions of a day thus computed shall be transferable to a subsequent leave computation.

(4) Wanneer hy 'n kursus of 'n lesing bywoon of voor- of nagaande studies onderneem ten opsigte waarvan die onderwysdepartementehoof goedgekeur het dat bywoning van die kursus of lesing of die onderneem van studies in amptelike tyd (met behoud van salarisse) geskik is.

(5) Wanneer hy 'n kursus bywoon wat deur 'n Staatsdepartement aangebied word en ten opsigte waarvan toestemming deur die onderwysdepartementshoof aan hom verleen is om die kursus in amptelike tyd by te woon.

(6) Wanneer hy 'n onderskursus onder die Nasionale Oorlogswesplan bywoon wat deur die Afdeling Burgerlike Beskerming aangebied word en ten opsigte waarvan toestemming deur die onderwysdepartementshoof aan hom verleen is om die kursus in amptelike tyd by te woon.

(7) Wanneer hy met die goedkeuring van die onderwysdepartementshoof praktyke werk verrig of proefonderwys gee om aan die vereistes van 'n vormele kwalifikaasie aangebied aan 'n erkende tersiêre of na-tertêre onderwysingsing, te voldoen.

(8) Wanneer hy in 'n militêre keurraad dien en in verband met die werkzaamhede van sodanige keurraad met die toestemming van die onderwysepartementshoof van diens afwesig is.

(9) Wanneer hy komiteewerk verrig of 'n vergadering of konferensie op nasionale of internasionale vlak moet bywoon in belang van sy onderwysepartements of 'n soortgelyke diens moet lewer op interdepartementele vlak of met die oog op deelname aan die aktiwiteite van die georganiseerde onderwysoorprosesse waaroor die onderwysdepartementshoof toestemming verleen het.

**Verlofrokrediet en verlofberekenings**

4. (1) Die verlofrokrediet van 'n opvoeder vermeerder met 12/365 van 'n dag vir elke volle dag wat die opvoeder in diens van die onderwysdepartement is. Met dien verstande dat geen verlofrokrediet vir dae waarop die opvoeder met verloop soender besoldiging afwesig is, verdien word nie.

(2) 'n Opvoeder van wie die onderwysdepartementshoof verwyg het om gedurende enige tydperk van 'n skoolvakansie diens te doen, word bykomend tot die verlofrokrediet in (1) bedoel, gekrediteer met die helfte van die getal dae waarop van hom verwag is om aldus diens te doen: met dien verstande dat—

(a) hoogstens 24 dae in 'n kalenderjaar aldus gekrediteer mag word, en

(b) sodanige opvoeder binne 90 dae na die verwagting van sodanige diens kan versoek dat sodanige bykomende verlofrokrediet omskakel word in 'n nie-pensioengewende kontantbetaling in ooreenstemming met formule A × B/365, in welke formule “A” die getal dae bykomende verlofrokrediet verteenwoordig en “B” die basiese jaarlike salarisse plus enige pensioengewende toelaes van sodanige opvoeder ten tyde van die verwagting van sodanige diens verteenwoordig.

(3) By enige berekening van verloop in hierdie regulasies bedoel, is breuke van 'n dag aldus verkry, oordraagbaar na 'n volgende verlofberekening.
(3) A school or college vacation that falls within a period of leave of the same type that is granted to an educator, shall not be regarded as forming part of such leave. Provided that where such vacation falls within a period of leave of the same kind, the conditions of remuneration for such vacation shall be the same as the conditions of remuneration for the last school or college day that immediately precedes such vacation.

(4) Any period of leave shall commence on the first day on which an educator is absent from duty and shall terminate on the last school or college day immediately preceding the day on which such educator must resume duty.

(5) A public holiday, Saturday or Sunday falling within a period of leave, or a school or college vacation falling within a period of leave granted without pay, shall be regarded as forming part of such leave and be taken into account as such. Provided that where the public holiday, Saturday and Sunday falls between two different kinds of leave, and such day or days and such leave form a continuous period, any such day or days shall not be regarded as leave.

(6) An educator who wishes to assume duty before the expiry of a period of leave granted to him in terms of these regulations shall not do so before having obtained the prior approval of the head of the education department.

(7) If an educator is granted in good faith more leave with full or half pay than he qualifies for at a particular stage in terms of these regulations, and such educator utilises such excess leave, such over-grant may be deducted from leave credit which subsequently accrues to him. Provided that, in the event of an educator resigning or his services being terminated before sufficient leave credit has accrued to him for the purpose of such deduction, that portion of the over-grant which exceeds his leave credit on the last day of his service shall be regarded as and overpayment of salary which must be either be recovered or written off in terms of Treasury instructions.

Vacation leave

6. (1) Subject to (4), vacation leave may be granted to an educator for a period as determined by the head of the education on the understanding that such educator has the necessary leave to his credit for the period concerned. Provided that—

(a) a maximum of 180 days or two consecutive school or college terms (whichever is the greater) and a minimum of 10 consecutive school or college days are granted,

(b) any application for vacation leave by an educator is received by the head of the education department at least 90 days before the date on which the vacation leave commences. Provided further that the head of the education department may also approve applications on shorter notice, and

(c) in exceptional cases, the head of the education department has the right to approve periods other than those prescribed in (a).

(3) 'n Skool of kollegagevakansie wat binne 'n tydperk van verlof van dieselfde soort val as wat aan 'n opvoeder toegestaan is, word nie as deel van sodanige verlof beskou nie. Met dien verstande dat waar sodanige vakansie binne 'n tydperk van verlof van dieselfde soort val, die betalingsvoorwaardes vir sodanige vakansie dieselfde is as die betalingsvoorwaardes vir die laaste skool- of kollegedag wat sodanige vakansie onmiddellik voorafgaan.

(4) Enige tydperk van verlof neem 'n aanvang op die eerste dag waarop 'n opvoeder van diens afwesig is en eindig op die laaste skool- of kollegedag onmiddellik voor die dag waarop sodanige opvoeder diens moet hervat.

(5) 'n Openbare vakansiedag, Saterdag en Sondag wat binne 'n tydperk van verlof val of 'n skool- of kollegagevakansie wat binne 'n tydperk van verlof sonder besoldiging val, word as deel van sodanige verlof beskou en as sodanig gereken. Met dien verstande dat waar 'n openbare vakansiedag, Saterdag of Sondag tussen twee verskillende soorte verlof en sodanige dag of dae en sodanige verlof 'n aaneenlopende tydperk uitmaak, enige sodanige dag of dae nee as verlof gereken word nie.

(6) 'n Opvoeder wat diens wil aanvaar voor die verskyn van 'n tydperk van verlof wat ingevoelige hierdie regulasies aan hom toegestaan is, mag dit nie sonder voorafverkere goedkeuring van die onderwysdepartementshoof doen nie.

(7) As daar te goeder trou meer verlof met volle of halwe besoldiging aan 'n opvoeder toegestaan en deur hom gebruik is as waarop hy op daardie tyd nagevolg deur hierdie regulasies geregist is, kan sodanige oortoekenings afgetrek word van verlofkrediet wat hom later toeval. Met dien verstande dat as die opvoeder bedryf of diens in ander woede word voordat die oortoekenings afgetrek word of die doel van sodanige afgetrek aan hom toegestaan is, gedeelte van die uitmekaerings wat sy verlofkrediet op die laaste dag van sy diens oorskry, as 'n oortoeken van salaris beskou word wat ingevoelige Tesoume-instrukisies of teruggevorder of afgeskryf moet word.

Vakansieverlof

6. (1) Behoudens (4) kan vakansieverlof aan 'n opvoeder toegestaan word vir 'n tydperk wat die onderwysdepartementshoof bepaal, mits sodanige opvoeder oor die nodige verlofkrediet vir die betrokke tydperk beskik. Met dien verstande dat—

(a) 'n maksimum van 180 dae of twee opeenvolgende skool of kollekegroepstale (watter ook al die meeste is) en 'n minimum van 10 aaneenlopende skool- of kollegedage toegestaan word,

(b) 'n aansoek om vakansieverlof deur 'n opvoeder die onderwysdepartementshoof minstens 90 dae voor die datum waarop die vakansieverlof 'n aanvang neem, bereik. Met dien verstande voorts dat die onderwysdepartementshoof ook aansoek op korter kennisgewing mag goedgekeur, en

(c) die onderwysdepartementshoof die reg het om in 'n onsonderlike geval 'n ander tydperk as die by (a) voorgesperk, goed te keur.
(2) Vacation leave with full pay shall be granted to an educator. Provided that any period of vacation leave with full pay may be converted into vacation leave with half pay on the basis of two days with half pay for each day with full pay.

(3) The head of the education department may at any time require that an educator take part of or all the leave credit at his disposal as vacation leave. Provided that the maximum period of leave prescribed in (1) (a) shall not be exceeded.

(4) Where the services of an educator terminate and he is reappointed after an interruption of service with the restoration of leave credit in terms of regulation 4 (4), no vacation leave where the restored leave credit is used may be granted within two years after such appointment.

7. (1) Sick leave shall accrue to an educator on the first day of a cycle, and with effect from the day of the full provision of the cycle concerned may be granted to him subject to the provisions of these regulations. Provided that unused sick leave prescribed for a particular cycle shall lapse at the end of that cycle and shall not be carried forward to the next cycle.

(2) A cycle mentioned (1) means a period of three years reckoned from 1 January 1959 and each ensuing period of three years. Provided that in the case of an educator who is appointed after 1 January 1959, and whose date of appointment does not coincide with the commencement date of a cycle, the period of his service from the date of his appointment to the date of commencement of the following cycle shall, for the application of these regulations, be regarded as a full cycle.

(3) An educator may be granted sick leave on account of his illness for 90 days with full pay and 90 days with half pay in the first cycle in which such educator renders service, which number of days' sick leave shall after the completion of each cycle, be increased by three days with full pay and three days with half pay up to a maximum of 120 days with full pay and 120 days with half pay. Provided that—

(a) such an educator may be granted sick leave without pay for any further period which the head of the education department may determine,

(b) where an educator retains his leave credit in terms of regulation 4 (5) and is appointed as an educator in the service of an education department, the date of commencement of his cycle in his previous department shall be regarded as the date of commencement of his cycle in terms of this regulation, and

(c) an educator referred to in (b) shall not be granted more sick leave with pay during the unexpired period of the cycle in which he has thus been appointed in terms of regulation 4 (5) than that which could have been granted had all his service during such cycle been service in the education department.

(2) Vakansieverlof word met volle besoldiging aan 'n opvoeder toegestaan. Met dien verstande dat 'n tydperk van vakansieverlof met volle besoldiging omskyn kan word in vakansieverlof met halwe besoldiging op die basis van twee dae met halwe besoldiging vir elke dag met volle besoldiging.

(3) Die onderwysdepartemente kan te enger tyd vereis dat 'n opvoeder 'n gedeelde van of al die verlof krediet tot sy beskikking as vakansieverlof neem. Met dien verstande dat die maksimum tydperk van verlof by (1) (a) voorgeskryf, nie oorskryd word nie.

(4) Waar die diens van 'n opvoeder eindig en hy na 'n onderbreking van diens weer aangesteld word met die herstel van verlof krediet krachtens regulasie 4 (4), word daar gebruik gemaak van die herstelde verlof krediet, geen vakansieverlof binne twee jaar na sodanige aanstelling toegestaan nie.

Siekteverlof

7. (1) Siekteverlof kom 'n opvoeder toe op die eerste dag van 'n tydperk, en met ingang van daardie dag kan, behoudens die bepaling van hierdie regulasie, die volle voorsiening vir die betrokke tydperk aan hom toegestaan word. Met dien verstande dat ongebruikte siekteverlof wat vir 'n bepaalde tydperk voor geskryf is, aan die emde van die betrokke tydperk verval en nie na die volgende tydperk oorgedra word nie.

(2) 'n Tydperk in (1) bedoel, beteken 'n tydperk van drie jaar gereken vanaf 1 Januarie 1959 en elke daaropvolgende tydperk van drie jaar. Met dien verstande dat in die geval van 'n opvoeder wat na 1 Januarie 1959 aangestel is en wie se datum van aanstelling nie met die aanvangsdatum van 'n tydperk saamval nie, die tydperk van sy diens vanaf die datum van sy aanstelling tot die aanvaansdatum van die voorgaande tydperk vir die toepassing van hierdie regulasie as 'n volle tydperk beskou word.

(3) Aan 'n opvoeder kan weens sy siekteverlof toegestaan word van 90 dae met volle besoldiging en 90 dae met halwe besoldiging in die eerste tydperk waarin sodanige opvoeder diens doen, en hierdie getal dae siekte verlof word na voltooiing van elke tydperk vermeerder met drie dae met volle besoldiging en drie dae met halwe besoldiging tot 'n maximium van 120 dae met volle besoldiging en 120 dae met halwe besoldiging. Met dien verstande dat—

(a) aan sodanige opvoeder siekteverlof zonder besoldiging toegestaan kan word vir enige verdere tydperk wat nie onderwysdepartementshoof bepaal is.

(b) in die geval van 'n opvoeder wat sy verloof krediet ingevolge regulasie 4 (5) behou en wat as opvoeder in diens van 'n onderwysdepartement aangestel word, die aanvaansdatum van sy tydperk in sy volgende departement beskou word as die aanvaansdatum van sy tydperk in gevolg die bepaling van hierdie maatregel, en

(c) aan 'n opvoeder in (b) bedoel, nie meer siekteverlof met besoldiging gedurende die onverstrektye tydperk van die tydperk waarin hy aldus krachtens regulasie 4 (5) aangestel is, toegestaan mag word nie as wat aan hom toegestaan kon word indien al sy diens gedurende sodanige tydperk diens by die onderwysdepartement was.
(4) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in (3), additional sick leave may, after the completion of nine years continuous service and up to and including the end of the cycle in which the nine-year period expires and in every three cycles thereafter, on the recommendation of a registered medical practitioner or a registered dentist, be granted to an educator up to a maximum of 90 days with full pay and 90 days with half pay. Provided that the additional sick leave with full pay follows immediately upon the sick leave with full pay referred to in (3).

(5) Any application for sick leave in respect of a continuous period of more than four days shall be supported by a certificate by a registered medical practitioner or a registered dentist, and the head of the education department may require that such medical certificate be submitted in support of any application for sick leave for a period of four days or less if he is of the opinion that circumstances warrant the submission of such certificate. Provided that—
   (a) if the head of the education department is satisfied that in exceptional cases an educator’s absence for a period not exceeding 14 days is bona fide owing to illness and if he is further satisfied that there are sufficient reasons for the non-production of a medical certificate, he may, in his discretion, dispense with the submission of a medical certificate,
   (b) sick leave in respect of which a medical certificate as referred to in (a) has not been submitted, may be granted only for an aggregate of 10 days during any calendar year,
   (c) any further absence without a medical certificate shall be covered by the granting of special leave for urgent private affairs, and
   (d) the provision contained in the foregoing two provisions shall not apply to any period of absence in respect of which exemption from the submission of a medical certificate in terms of this regulation was granted.

(6) Sick leave shall not be granted to an educator in respect of—
   (a) illness, indisposition or injury owing to the misconduct of the educator or his failure to take reasonable care or precautions, or
   (b) neurasthenia, insomnia, debility or other similar ill-defined disease or condition of ill-health, unless the head of the education department is satisfied that—
      (i) such educator is not in a fit state of health to perform his duties, and
      (ii) the condition such educator is in could not have been avoided by reasonable care or precautions on his part or by utilising his vacation leave privileges.

(7) Where any sick leave is granted to an educator, the date on which such leave is deemed to have commenced and the date on which it is deemed to have ended shall, subject to the medical requirements of the case, be the dates determined by the head of the education department, who may, in determining the period of such leave, take into consideration the interests of any school or institution affected by the granting thereof.

(4) Ondanks andersluidende bepalings in (3) vervalt, kan daar, na voltooiing van nege jaar aaneenlopende diens tot en met die einde van die tydperk waarmee die nege jaar verstrek en in elke drie tydperke daarna aan ‘n opvoeder, op aanbeveling van ‘n geregistreerde geneesheer of ‘n geregistreerde tandarts, bokmekaar betekende verlof van hoogstens 90 dae met volle besoldiging toegestaan word. Met dien verstande dat die bykomende siekteverlof met volle besoldiging direk op die siekteverlof met volle besoldiging bedoe in (3) volg.

(5) Donke siekteverlof en opsigte van ‘n aaneenlopende tydperk van meer as vier dae moet gedaan word deur ‘n sertifikaat van ‘n geregistreerde geneesheer of ‘n geregistreerde tandarts, en die onderwysdepartementshof kan eis dat so ‘n mediese sertifikaat voorgelê word ter stawing van enige aan- seisoek om siekteverlof vir ‘n tydperk van vier dae of minder indien hy meen dat omstandighede die voorregting van so ‘n sertifikaat regverdig. Met dien verstande dat—
   (a) indien die onderwysdepartementshof oortuig is dat enige ondersoeke nie opdrog deur ‘n tydperk van hoogstens 14 dae nie, dan moet die opvoeder of geneesheer of tandarts, en die onderwysdepartementshof kan eis dat so ‘n mediese sertifikaat voorgelê word ter stawing van enige aanseisoek om siekteverlof vir ‘n tydperk van vier dae of minder indien hy meen dat omstandighede die voorregting van so ‘n sertifikaat regverdig. Met dien verstande dat—
   (b) geen verdere afwesigheid sonder ‘n mediese sertifikaat gedeel moet word deur die toestaan van speciale verlof vir dringende private sake, en
   (c) enige verdere afwesigheid sonder ‘n mediese sertifikaat gedeel moet word deur die toestaan van speciale verlof vir dringende private sake, en
   (d) die bepalings in (3) voorafgaande twee voorbehoudsbepalings nie van toepassing is nie op enige tydperk van afwesigheid ten opsigte waarvan vrystelling van die indiening van ‘n mediese sertifikaat algemene verleent is.

(6) Siekteverlof word nie aan ‘n opvoeder toegaan nie ten opsigte van—
   (a) enige siekte, ongesteldheid of besordering wat toe te skrywe is aan die opvoeder se waggedrag of gebrek aan ‘n redelike mate van sorg of voorsorg, of
   (b) neurasthenie, slaaploosheid, swakheid of dergelike minder goed omskrywe siekte of ongesteldheid, tenys die onderwysdepartementshof oortuig is dat—
      (i) sodanige opvoeder se gesondheidsstoestand hom ongeskik maak vir sy werk, en
      (ii) die toestaan waarin sodanige opvoeder verkeer, nie deur ‘n redelike mate van sorg of voorsorg van sy kant of nie deur gebruik te maak van sy vakansieverlof voorregte, vermy kon geword het nie.

(7) Waar enige siekteverlof aan ‘n tydperk van die dag is, word die datum waarop sodanige verlof geag word toe die dag waarop dit geag word te geëindig het, met inaamhaling van die geneeskundige verestes van die geval, de datum bepaal deur die onderwysdepartementshof, wat die besluit in dié tydperk van sodanige verlof die belange van enige skool of inligting wat deur die toestaan daarvan geraak word, in aanmerking kan neem.
(8) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in these regulations, an educator may, at his written request, be granted vacation leave in lieu of any portion of sick leave granted with half pay or without pay. Provided that sick leave with half pay may be combined with vacation leave with half pay upon the request of the educator.

(9) In the event of an educator becoming ill while he is on vacation leave, the period during which he was ill may, subject to the provisions of (5), be converted into sick leave provided such educator applies for such conversions, in writing, within 30 days after resumption of duty.

(10) Notwithstanding the submission of a certificate as referred to in (5), the head of the education department may, on the grounds of further medical advice, refuse to grant sick leave with pay in respect of any absence from duty which the certificate relates, and such absence shall be regarded as special leave for urgent private affairs.

(11) Whenever the head of an education department has reason to suspect that the state of health of an educator is such that he is unfit to perform his duties as an educator in a satisfactory manner, the head of the education department may on a particular date call upon him to be examined at State expense by a medical practitioner nominated by the head of the education department, and whenever the head of the education department is satisfied that an educator is, owing to ill-health (including any mental or physical disability), unable to perform his duties as an educator satisfactorily, he may order such educator to take sick leave for a specific period.

Special sick leave

8. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in regulation 7 (1), an educator who is absent from duty owing to an injury sustained in an accident arising out of and in the course of the performance of his duties, or owing to an illness contracted in the course of and as a result of the performance of his duties as an educator may be granted special sick leave with full pay for the period during which he cannot perform such duties owing to incapacity, or, if the case falls within the scope of the Workmen’s Compensation Act, 1941, as amended, he may be granted special sick leave with remuneration equal to the difference between full remuneration and the compensation payable to him in terms of that Act. Provided that such leave shall not affect sick leave which may be granted in terms of any cycle. Provided further that such absence from duty is not attributable to misconduct by the educator or his failure to take reasonable care or precautions.

8. Ondanks andersluidende bepaling in hierdie maatteëls vervat, kan daar aan 'n opvoeder op sy skriflike versoek, in dié plek van enkele gedeelte van sekteverlof wat met halwe besoldiging of sonder besoldiging toegestaan is, vakansieverlof toegestaan word. Met dien verstande dat sekteverlof met halwe besoldiging gekombineer kan word met vakansieverlof met halwe besoldiging indien 'n opvoeder aldus versoek.

(9) Indien 'n opvoeder siek word terwyl hy met vakansieverlof is, kan die tydperk waarmee hy siek was, behoudens die bepaling van (5), in sekteverlof omskep word, mits sodanige opvoeder binne 30 dae na dienshervatting skriflik om sodanige omskepping aanseker moet.

(10) Ondanks die indding van 'n seftikaat in (5) bedoel, kan die onderwysdepartementshoof, op grond van verdere mediese advies, weer om sekteverlof met besoldiging toe te staaan in opsigte van enige afwesigheid van diens waarop die seftikaat betrekking het, sodanige afwesigheid word as spesiale verlof vir dringende private sake beskou.

(11) Wanneer 'n onderwysdepartementshoof rede het om te vermoed dat die gesondheidstoestand van 'n opvoeder sodanig is dat dit hom ongeskik maak om sy pligte as opvoeder op bevredigende wyse uit te voer, kan die onderwysdepartementshoof hom aansê om op 'n bepaalde datum op Staatskoste onderzoek te word deur 'n geneesheer wat deur die onderwysdepartementshoof benoem word, en wanneer die onderwysdepartementshoof oortuig is dat 'n opvoeder weens swak gesondheid (met inbegrip van enige geestelike of liggaamlike gebrek) nie in staat is om sy pligte as opvoeder na bevredigende wyse uit te voer nie, kan hy sodanige opvoeder aansê om vir 'n bepaalde tydperk met sekteverlof te gaan.

Spesiale sekteverlof

8. Ondanks andersluidende bepaling in regulasie 7 (1) vervat, kan aan 'n opvoeder wat van diens afwees is weens 'n besering opgedaan in 'n ongeluk voortvloeiend uit en in die loop van die uitvoering van sy pligte as opvoeder, of weens 'n siekte opgedaan in die loop van of as gevolg van die uitvoering van sodanige pligte, spesiale sekteverlof met volle besoldiging toegestaan word vir die tydperk wat hy onbevoeg is vir sodanige pligte, of, indien die geval onder die Ongevallewet, 1941, soos gewysig, ressorteer, spesiale sekteverlof met die besoldiging gelyk aan die verskil tussen volle besoldiging en die vergoeding wat ingevolge genoemde Wet aan hom betaalbaar is. Met dien verstande dat sodanige verlof nie sekteverlof wat kragtens 'n tydperk toegestaan kan word, aants nie. Met dien verstande voorts dat hierdie afwesigheid van diens nie toe te skryf is aan die opvoeder se wangedrag of gebrek aan 'n redelike mate van sorg of voorzorg nie.
Special leave for study purposes

9. (1) Special leave may be granted to an educator for a course of study and for a period approved by the head of the education department, on the following basis: in respect of each day of vacation leave with full pay which an educator uses for study, one additional day’s of special leave for study purposes with full pay, or, at the written request of such educator, two additional day’s special leave for study purposes with half pay may be granted, and in respect of each day’s vacation leave with half pay which an educator uses for study, one additional day’s special leave for study purposes with half pay may be granted.

(2) If special leave for study purposes is granted to an educator, the head of the education department may call for periodic progress reports and such educator shall enter into an agreement as set out in Annexure I with the education department, in terms of which he undertakes to serve an education department immediately after completion of the period of special leave for study purposes for a period (hereinafter referred to as the period) equal to at least the period for which special leave for study purposes with full pay in terms of (1) has been granted to him, or if special leave for study purposes with half pay has been granted, for a period (the service period) equal to half the period for which special leave for study purposes with half pay has been granted. Provided that if leave without pay has been granted to him during his service period, his service period shall be extended by the number of days for which leave without pay has been granted to him.

(3) Special leave for study purposes shall not be brought into account against the leave credit of the educator.

Special leave for military training

10. (1) Special leave for military training may be granted with full pay to an educator when such educator is required, in terms of the Defence Act, 1957, or any regulation promulgated thereunder, or the Police Act, 1958, or any regulation promulgated thereunder, to undergo continuous or interrupted training or thus do service, except in the case of his initial continuous compulsory national service, in which case special leave for military training shall be granted and his salary reduced by an amount determined from time to time by the Treasury due consideration of the circumstances of individual educators.

(2) An educator who is called up for his initial continuous compulsory national service by the South African Defence Force, or who receives home front training, shall enter into an agreement as set out in Annexure II with the education department in terms of which he undertakes to serve an education department for a period equal to the period for which special leave for military training has been granted to him.

Spesiale verlof vir studiedoeleinders

9. (1) Spesiale verlof kan aan 'n opvoeder toege- staan word vir 'n studie kursus en 'n tydperk wat die onderwysdepartement genoot vir volledige en wel op die volgende basis: Ten opsigte van elke dag verkansie- verlof met volle beslissing wat 'n opvoeder vir studie gebruik, kan een addisionele dag spesiale verlof vir studiedoeleinders met volle beslissing of, op sodanige opvoeder se skriflike versoek, twee addisionele dag spesiale verlof vir studiedoeleinders met halve beslissing toegestaan word, en ten opsigte van elke dag vakansieverlof met halwe beslissing van 'n opvoeder vir studie gebruik, kan een addisionele dag spesiale verlof vir studiedoeleinders met halwe beslissing toegestaan word.

(2) Indien spesiale verlof vir studiedoeleinders aan 'n opvoeder toegestaan word, kan die onderwysdepartement peronodek vorderringsversae vereis om en moet sodanige opvoeder 'n vocort as soos Bylae II uiteen, met die onderwysdepartement aangaan, waarby hy onderrig om 'n onderwysdepartement onmiddellik, na verstryking van die tydperk van spesiale verlof vir studiedoeleinders de dien vir 'n tydperk (hierdie die dienstdyderper genoem) gelykstaaande met minstens die tydperk waarvoor spesiale verlof vir studiedoeleinders de dien vir 'n tydperk (hierdie die dienstdyderper genoem) gelykstaaande met die helfte van die tydperk waarvoor spesiale verlof vir studiedoeleinders met halwe beslissing toegestaan is: Met dien verstande dat indien verlof sonder beslissing aan hom gedurende sy dienstdyderper toegestaan word, sy dienstdyderper met die aantal dae waarvoor verlof sonder beslissing aan hom toegestaan is, verleng word.

(3) Spesiale verlof vir studiedoeleinders word nie teen die opvoeder se verlofkrediet verrekke nie.

Spesiale verlof vir militêre opleiding

10. (1) Spesiale verlof vir militêre opleiding kan met volle beslissing aan 'n opvoeder toegestaan word wanneer sodanige opvoeder ingevoeg die Verdedigingswit, 1957, of enige regulasie daarkragtens uitgevaardig, of ingevoeg die Policewet, 1958, of enige regulasie daarkragtens uitgevaardig, ononderbroke of onderbrokke opleiding moet ondergaan of al- dus diens moet verrig, behalwe in die geval van sy aanvanklike onderbrokke verpligte nasionale diensplig, in welke geval spesiale verlof vir militêre opleiding toegestaan moet word en sy salaris verminder word met die bedrag wat van tyd tot tyd deur die Tesoume, met insynering van afsonderlike opvoorders se omstandighede, bepaal word.

(2) 'n Opvoeder wat vir sy aanvanklike onderbrok- kers verpligte nasionale diensplig deur die Suid-Afrikaanse Weermag oorgeploeg word of tusfron topleiding ontvang, moet 'n vocort as soos Bylae II uiteen- gestel, met die onderwysdepartement aangaan, waarby hy onderrig om 'n onderwysdepartement te dien vir 'n tydperk gelykstaaande met die tydperk waarvoor spesiale verlof vir militêre opleiding aan hom toegestaan is.
(3) Written proof shall be submitted from the South African Defence Force, or the South African Police Force that the educator must undergo training or do service.

(4) Special leave for military training granted in terms of (1) may include any period actually and necessarily taken up in travelling for the purpose for which the leave is granted.

(5) Special leave for military training shall not be brought into account against the leave credit of an educator.

**Special leave for examination purposes**

11. (1) Special leave for examination purposes with full pay may be granted to an educator for each day on which he sits as a candidate in any approved examination. Provided that one additional day's special leave for examination purposes with full pay may be granted for each day such educator actually sits for the examination and that such additional days shall be taken before the last school or college day on which he writes the examination.

(2) Over and above the special leave for examination purposes contemplated in (1), the head of the education department may, once only, grant continuous special leave for examination purposes to an educator in his final year of an approved first degree or diploma for a maximum period of 16 school or college days.

(3) Special leave for examination purposes granted in terms of (1) may include any period actually and necessarily required for travelling in connection with such examination.

(4) Special leave for examination purposes shall not be brought into account against the leave credit of an educator.

**Special leave for quarantine purposes**

12. (1) Where an educator is compelled to take leave on account of the existence of an infectious or contagious disease in his family or at his place of residence or elsewhere, which warrants exclusion from a school or institution in terms of the provisions of law concerning public health, special leave for quarantine purposes with full pay may be granted to such educator.

(2) Any application for such leave shall be accompanied by a certificate of a registered medical practitioner stating the period of quarantine as well as the reasons necessitating such leave.

(3) Such leave shall not exceed the period required for the removal of the contagion or infection or for disinfection.

(4) Special leave for quarantine purposes shall not be brought into account against the leave credit of the educator.

**Special leave for participation in sporting and other cultural events**

13. General policy in this regard is still to be determined. In the meantime the appropriate dispensation, as presently prescribed for teaching CS Educators, must be applied.

(3) Skriflike bewys moet voorgelê word van die Suid-Afrikaanse Weermag of die Suid-Afrikaanse Polisie mag dat die opvoeder opleiding moet ondergaan of diens moet verrig.

(4) Spesiale verlof vir militêre opleiding wat ingevolge (1) toegestaan word, kan enige tydperk insluit wat werklik en noodsaaklik was in beslag geneem word deur reise afgelei vir die doel waarvoor die verlof toegestaan word.

(5) Spesiale verlof vir militêre opleiding word nie teen die opvoeder se verlof krediet verreken nie.

**Spesiale verlof vir eksamendoeleinders**

11. Spesiale verlof vir eksamendoeleinders met volle besoldiging kan aan 'n opvoeder toegestaan word vir elke dag waarop hy as 'n kandidate enige goedgekeurde eksamen afle. Met dien verstande dat 'n adiddionale dag spesiale verlof vir eksamendoeleinders met volle besoldiging toegestaan kan word vir elke dag waarop sodanige opvoeder werklik eksamen afle en dat hierdie adiddionale dae voor die laaste skool- of kollegedag waarop hy eksamen afle, geneem moet word.

(2) Bo en behalwe die spesiale verlof vir eksamendoeleinders in (1) bedoel, kan die onderwysdepartemenshooi eeneenmaal aan 'n opvoeder wat finale-jaarsvakke ter voltooiing van 'n goedgekeurde eerste graad of diploma moet afle, aaneenlopende spesiale verlof vir eksamendoeleinders vir 'n maksimum tydperk van 16 skool- of kollegedag toestaan.

(3) Spesiale verlof vir eksamendoeleinders wat kragtens (1) toegestaan word, kan enige tydperk insluit wat werklik en noodsaaklik was vereis om in verband met sodanige eksamen te reis.

(4) Spesiale verlof vir eksamendoeleinders word nie teen die opvoeder se verlof krediet verreken nie.

**Spesiale verlof vir kwantantyndoeleinders**

12. (1) Waar 'n opvoeder verplig word om verlof te neem omdat daar 'n besmetlike of aansteklike niekte in sy gesin of in sy tuiste of elders heers, wat uitsluitend uit 'n skool of instelling regverdig ingevolge die wetsbeplings met betrekking tot openbare gesondheid, kan spesiale verlof vir kwantantyndoeleinders met volle besoldiging aan sodanige opvoeder toegestaan word.

(2) Enige aansekerom sodanige verlof mag vergepel gaan van 'n geregistreerde geneesheer waarin die tydperk van kwantanty asook die redes waarom sodanie verlof nodig is, vermeld word.

(3) Sodanige verlof mag nie vir 'n langer tydperk wees as die wat nodig is vir die verwydering van die besmetting of aanstekings of vir ontsteking nie.

(4) Spesiale verlof vir kwantantyndoeleinders word nie teen die opvoeder se verlof krediet verreken nie.

**Spesiale verlof vir deelname aan sport- en ander kultuurgeleentheede**

13. Algemene beleid in hierdie verband moet nog bepaal word. Intussen moet die toepaslike bedeling soos wat dit tans vir ondernemgewende KS-opvoeders voorgesteld is, toegpas word.
Special leave for urgent private affairs

14. (1) With the approval of the head of the education department, special leave for urgent private affairs may be granted to an educator to attend to private affairs.

(2) Special leave for urgent private affairs shall be with full pay if the educator has the necessary leave to his creditor and shall be brought into account against such leave creditor or shall be without pay if the educator no longer has any leave to his credit.

Special leave for accouchement

15. (1) A married female educator may apply for special leave for accouchement without pay, and such application shall be submitted at least 90 days prior to the expected date of her accouchement.

(2) Special leave for accouchement will normally be granted from 60 days prior to the expected date of accouchement. Provided that with due consideration of the circumstances at the educational institution concerned as well as the state of health of the applicant, the head of the education department may approve a shorter or longer period.

(3) Special leave for accouchement normally terminates 90 days after the date of accouchement. Provided that, with due consideration of the circumstances at the educational institution concerned as well as the circumstances of the applicant, the head of the education department may approve a shorter or longer period.

(4) In the event of an illness unrelated to the pregnancy, sick leave may be granted during the period of special leave for accouchement, if the educator concerned applied therefor and her application is supported by a medical certificate.

(5) Special leave for accouchement without pay in the case of the adoption of a child may also be granted to a female educator for a period of 90 days. Provided that with due consideration of the circumstances at the educational institution concerned as well as the circumstances of the applicant, the head of education department may approve a shorter or longer period.

(6) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in these regulations, the educator concerned may request in writing that vacation leave in lieu of special leave for accouchement be granted to her to the extent that she has leave to her credit.

Special leave for continuity of service

16. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in these regulations, the head of the education department may grant to an educator who is appointed in the service of his education department and who was previously employed by the same or another education department or a department of education in the Territory of South-West Africa as an educator, special leave for continuity of service without pay for the purpose of preserving the continuity of such educator’s service from the first day following the date upon which such educator last received pay from his previous education department to the day preceding the date of assump-

Spesiale verlof vir dringende privatsake

14. (1) Aan 'n opvoeder kan, met die goedkeuring van die onderwysdepartementshoof, spesiale verlof vir dringende private sake toegestaan word om aandag te skenk aan private sake.

(2) Spesiale verlof vir dringende private sake is met volle besoldiging indien die opvoeder oor die nodige verlokkrediet beskik en word teen hierdie verlokkrediet verrek of is sonder besoldiging indien die opvoeder nie meer oor enige verlokkrediet beskik nie.

Spesiale verlof vir bevalling

15. (1) 'n Getroue vroulike opvoeder kan vir haar bevalling aansoek doen om spesiale verlof vir bevalling sonder besoldiging, en sodanige aansoek moet ingedien word minstens 90 dae voor die verwagte datum van haar bevalling.

(2) Spesiale verlof vir bevalling word normaalweg toegestaan vanaf 60 dae voor die datum van die verwagte bevalling. Met dien verstande dat, met inagrening van die omstandighede aan die betrokke onderwysinstelling asook die gesondheidstoestand van die aansoeker, die onderwysdepartementshoof 'n korter of langer tydperk kan goedkeur.

(3) Spesiale verlof vir bevalling eindig normaalweg 90 dae na die datum van die bevalling. Met dien verstande dat, met inagrening van die omstandighede aan die betrokke onderwysinstelling asook die omstandighede van die aansoeker, die onderwysdepartementshoof 'n korter of langer tydperk kan goedkeur.

(4) Indien 'n siekte toestand ontstaan wat nie verband hou met die swangerskap nie, kan siekteverlof toegestaan word binne die tydperk van spesiale verlof vir bevalling, indien sodanige opvoeder daarom aansoek doen en haar aansoek geruggesteld word deur 'n geneeskundige sertifikaat.

(5) Spesiale verlof vir bevalling sonder besoldiging kan ook in die geval van die aanvraag van 'n kind aan 'n vroulike opvoeder toegestaan word vir 'n tydperk van 90 dae met dien verstande dat, met inagrening van die omstandighede aan die betrokke onderwysinstelling asook die omstandighede van die aansoeker, die onderwysdepartementshoof 'n korter of langer tydperk kan goedkeur.

(6) Ondanks andersluidende bepaling in hierdie regulasies vervat, kan die betrokke opvoeder skriflik versoek dat vakansieverlof in plaas van spesiale verlof vir bevalling, in soverre sy oor verlokkrediet beskik, aan haar toegestaan word.

Spesiale verlof ter wilde van dienskontinuitet

16. Ondanks andersluidende bepaling in hierdie regulasies vervat, kan die onderwysdepartementshoof aan 'n opvoeder wat in die diens van sodanige hoof of in onderwysdepartement aangestel word en wat voorheen by die selfde of 'n ander onderwysdepartement of onderdeel van onderwys in die gebied Suidwest-Afrika as opvoeder in diens was, spesiale verlof ter wilde van dienskontinuitet sonder besoldiging toestaan vir die doel om die kontinuitet van sodanige opvoeder se diens te behou en wel van die eerste dag na die datum waarop sodanige opvoeder die laaste keer deur sy vorige onderwysdepartement besoldig is tot die dag.
tion of duty at his present education department in terms of such appointment, if such period does not exceed 120 days. Provided that the limitation of 120 days shall not apply where the period concerned is from the day immediately following the last day of a school or college term to the day immediately preceding the first day of the school or college term after a full school or college term has elapsed.

Special leave in extraordinary circumstances

17. Where in the opinion of the head of the education department circumstances justify it, he may, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in these regulations, grant an educator special leave in extraordinary circumstances for any purpose or for any period he may determine, and such leave shall be without pay unless the Minister determines otherwise. Special leave in extraordinary circumstances shall not be brought into account against the leave credit of the educator.

Leave gratuities

18. A leave gratuity, calculated as set out in regulation 19, may be paid:

(a) to an educator whose service terminates as a result of retirement on pension. Provided that for this purpose the voluntary resignation of a temporary educator on or after attaining the age of 60 years shall also be regarded as retirement on pension,

(b) to an educator as a result of termination of service on account of:

(i) ill health that is not caused through his own fault, or owing to diminishing powers,

(ii) redundancy, abolition of a post or reorganisation,

(iii) incompetence that is not caused through his own fault (unlike misconduct), or

(iv) if he has been appointed on a contract basis, the expiry of his period of service or the voluntary resignation according to the provisions of the contract,

(c) where an educator dies, to the following person, persons or estate in the following order of precedence:

(i) The widow or widower of such educator,

(ii) the fully dependent children, including a stepchild or a lawfully adopted child, in equal shares,

(iii) the dependent parent or parents, and

(iv) the estate of the deceased,

(d) to an educator serving in a temporary capacity, whose service terminates after having completed at least five years’ satisfactory service, unless special leave for continuity of service can be granted, and

(e) to an educator serving in a permanent capacity, on his written request, where such educator has the option of retiring on pension before attaining the compulsory retirement age, and does not retire before attaining such age.

Spesiale verlof in buitengewone omstandighede

17. Waar die onderwysdepartementshoof van oordeel is dat omstandighede dit regvordig, kan hy, ondanks andersluidende bepalinge in hierdie maatreëls vervat, aan 'n opvoeder spesiale verlof in buitengewone omstandighede toestaan vir enige doel en vir enige tydperk wat hy bepaal, en sodanige verlof is sonder besoldiging, tensy die Minister anders bepaal. Spesiale verlof in buitengewone omstandighede word nie teen die opvoeder se verlofregistre verneke nie.

Verlofgrantifikasie

18. 'n Verlofgrantifikasie, bereken soos in regulasie 19 uiteengesit, kan betaal word—

(a) aan 'n opvoeder wees diens eindig as gevolg van uitdienstreding met pensioen. Met diens verstande dat vir die doeleindes hiervan die vrywillige bedanking van 'n tydelike opvoeder by of na berekening van die leeftyd van 60 jaar ook as uitdienstreding met pensioen beskou word,

(b) aan 'n opvoeder ten gevolge van diensbeendiging wees—

(i) swak gesondheid nie deur eie toedoen veroorsaak nie of as gevolg van afnemende kragte,

(ii) oortoeligheid, afskaafing van 'n pos of reorganisasye,

(iii) onbekwaamheid nie deur eie toedoen veroorsaak nie (in teenstelling met wangedrag), of

(iv) indien hy kragtens 'n kontrak aangestel is, die verslyking van die dienstdydpark of die vrywillige bedanking van die opvoeder ooreenkomstig die bepalinge van die kontrak,

(c) waar 'n opvoeder te sterwe kom, aan die volgende persoon, persone of boedel in die volgende orde van voorrang:

(i) Die weduwatjie of wewenaar van sodanige opvoeder,

(ii) die tien volle afhanklike kinders, met inbegrip van 'n sterkind of 'n wettige aangeneke kind, in gelyke dele,

(iii) 'n afhanklike ouer of ouers, en

(iv) die boedel van die oorledene,

(d) by diensbeendiging aan 'n opvoeder wat in 'n tydelike hoedanigheid aangestel is, na voltooiing van minstens vyf jaar bevredigende diens, tensy spesiale verlof ter wille van dienskontinuïteit toegestaan kan word, en

(e) aan 'n opvoeder wat in 'n permanente hoedanigheid in diens is op sy skynstelike versoek, indien sodanige opvoeder die kusse het om voor berekening van die verplichte uitdienstredingsleefyd met pensioen uit diens te tree, en nie voor berekening van sodanige leefyd uit diens tree nie.
Calculation of the number of days which may be converted into a leave gratuity

19. (1) A leave gratuity shall be payable to an educator whose service terminates in the circumstances set out in regulation 18 (1) (a) or (b) or (c), calculated against the total number of days' leave standing to his credit at the termination of his service.

(2) A leave gratuity up to a maximum of 184 days shall be payable to an educator contemplated in regulation 18 (1) (d) or (e).

(3) Leave credit over and above the number of days in respect of which a leave gratuity is paid, shall be retained by the educator.

Calculation of the amount of leave gratuity

20. The amount of the leave gratuity shall be calculated in respect of the number of days' leave that can be converted into the gratuity and at a rate equal to the total of the educator's basic salary plus any pensionable allowance payable on the date on which such gratuity is payable.

Payment of leave gratuity

21. If an educator applies for the payment of a leave gratuity and such gratuity has been paid to him, he shall not be allowed to refund such gratuity and to again apply therefor at a later stage.

Entrenchment benefits

22. Where more favourable conditions are applicable to an educator on the implementation of these regulations, such benefits shall be retained personally for as long as such educator remains in service without interruption.

Assignment of powers and duties

23. The Director-General may assign, either generally or in any particular case, any power or duty conferred or imposed upon him by or in terms of these Regulations, to any other officer in the Administration.

Berekening van getal dae wat in 'n verlofragiatifikasie omskep kan word

19. (1) 'n Verlofragiatifikasie is betaalbaar aan 'n opvoeder wie se diens eindig in die omstandighede in regulasie 18 (a) of (b) of (c) uiteengesit, bereken teen die totale getal dae wat hy by sy diensbeëindiging as verlofragiet het.

(2) 'n Verlofragiatifikasie tot 'n maksimum van 184 dae is betaalbaar aan 'n opvoeder bedoel in maatreël 18 (d) of (e).

(3) Verlofragiet het en behalwe die getal dae ten opsigte waarvan verlofragiatifikasie uitbetaal word, word deur 'n opvoeder behou.

Berekening van bedrag van verlofragiatifikasie

20. Die bedrag van dié verlofragiatifikasie word bereken teen opsigte van dié getal dae wat in dié gratifikasie omskep kan word en teen 'n tarief gelyk aan die totaal van dié opvoeder se basiese salaris en die pensioengewende toelae op die datum waarop sodanige verlofragiatifikasie betaalbaar is.

Betinging van verlofragiatifikasie

21. Indien 'n opvoeder om die betaling van 'n verlofragiatifikasie aanseok gedoen het en sodanige gratifikasie aan hom betaal is, word hy nie toegelaat om sodanige gratifikasie terug te betaal en op 'n later tydperk terug aan aansoek te doen nie.

Verskansing van voordele

22. Waar gunstiger voorwaardes door die inwerkingtreding van hierdie regulasies op 'n opvoeder van toepassing is, word sodanige voordele persoonlik behou solank as wat sodanige opvoeder sonder diensonderbreking in diens is.

Oordrag van bevoegdheid en pligte

23. Die Direkteur-generaal kan enige bevoegdheid of plig by of ingevolge hierdie Regulasies aan hom verleen of oppel in die algemeen of in 'n besondere geval aan enige ander beampte in die Administrasie opdra.

ANNEXURE I

AGREEMENT

1. I, [Name], hereby undertake towards the head of the education department of the [Name of education department], immediately after expiry of the period of special leave for study purposes granted to me in terms of general education policy for the period [from] to [to] to serve in an education department (herein referred to as my service obligation) for a continuous period of [days].

2. I hereby further undertake, during this leave, periodically and as determined by the head of my education department, to submit progress reports in respect of my study courses from the institution at which I am studying and to submit such reports to the head of my education department, and I understand that he retains the right on the basis of such progress reports to instruct me to resume service immediately and to terminate the privileges of this leave granted to me and to convert such leave into vacation leave or special leave in extraordinary circumstances and in the latter case to recover any excess payment from me which might have occurred as a result thereof, and to transfer such payment to the education department with which this contract has been concluded.

3. I hereby declare that I understand that authorised leave with full or partial pay normally counts as service towards the fulfillment of my service obligation and that, if leave without pay is granted to me before my service obligation is fulfilled, my service obligation will be extended by the number of days equal to the periods for which leave without pay was granted to me.

4. I hereby further undertake, if in any manner whatsoever, except in the event of my death, or as a result of my permanent disability not caused by me, fail to fulfill this agreement fully, irrespective of whether such failure is the result of discharge owing to misconduct, to repay on request the service bonus and salary which I received during the above-mentioned period of special leave for study purposes on a pro rata basis to the education department with which this contract has been concluded.

Signed at [this day], [day] of 19

Witnesses:
1
2

Signature of Educator
ZAIRE

Correspondent

ZAIRE has so much untapped wealth it could become one of the world's richest States, say analysts. Yet the latest reports from Kinshasa indicate there is such complete economic collapse that most of the country has returned to the dark ages.

The rejection of its present government and structures by the world is almost complete. The International Monetary Fund and the World Bank have cut off aid to President Mobuto Sese Seko's government.

Even the Americans, who for so long have been pouring money into Zaire's State coffers to support this anti-communist bastion in a key region of Africa, are now refusing to provide money. Belgium, the former colonial master, is also refusing to give aid.

The cold war is over and the Americans and Europeans make no secret of the fact they are no longer prepared to give African States money, most of which eventually lands in secret bank accounts in Europe.

Mobuto is reported to have R1.2 billion in secret accounts in Europe and elsewhere. It is also an open secret that so-called State-controlled "people's corporations" are fleeced by family members and a huge circle of "friends" who have a vested interest in keeping him in power.

The economic collapse after 26 years of Mobuto rule is so complete that virtually the entire road system has disappeared.

Yet, to Mobuto's credit, efforts are being made to democratise the State. In April, Mobuto promised he would allow legal opposition and today there are more than 100 opposition parties.

Some of the more cynical leaders are so demoralised they claim difficulty in finding a government to oppose.

The press is often very critical of the Mobutu government but with so many diverse political players on the scene it seems impossible to find a coherent alternative to support.

Even to criticise government departments is futile. Some of them have closed down while very little work gets done in many others. Officials are often not paid for months.

Recently, the State-controlled copper mine, which earns more than 90 percent of the country's foreign exchange, stated that its exports had been cut by almost half because of strikes, stayaways and equipment that had broken down because of lack of maintenance.

With the wrecked communications system, even bad weather causes the transportation of thousands of tons of copper ore to come to a standstill.

The one bright spot on the economic scene is the private sector which, despite the government's incompetence, seems to muddle along. As in South Africa, there is a large informal sector operating successfully in a world of its own.

With its huge river system, vast territory, and rich mineralised areas, Zaire holds immense untapped promise.

Strong directives from government will be needed to stop the present slide into chaos, though some desperate opposition leaders are trying to rally large numbers of people to protest against the Mobutu government's failure to hold the promised elections.

But even if these are held - a difficult exercise when the entire communications system has largely collapsed - the road to recovery will be long and painfully slow.

How vast the collapse has become is reflected by authoritative estimates that the economy has shrunk to barely one third of what it was in 1960.

Nobody knows where to turn and many key leaders are even unsure whether national unity will be maintained if, and when, the heavy hand of the Mobutu dictatorship disappears.
Mobutu offer to opposition is booted out

KINSHASA - Opposition leader Etienne Tshisekedi turned down as a ploy a surprise offer to head an interim government. He said pro-democracy groups would continue protests to force President Mobutu Sese Seko from power.

Zaire's state news agency said Tshisekedi was giving in to threats from his followers to kill him if he accepted what they called 'Mobutu's poisoned gift'.

Tshisekedi told a late-night news conference Tuesday that his nomination as prime minister of an interim government was "a huge distracting manoeuvre".

He spoke before thousands of pro-democracy militants who have besieged his house since Monday night, demanding he refuse Mobutu's compromise.

Opposition parties said what appeared to be a major concession from Mobutu was a ploy to divide them.

Mobutu made the offer Monday, saying he hoped it would ease tensions in the country which has been paralysed by strikes and protests because Mobutu has stalled on a promise to install multiparty democracy by May 1993.

Under pressure

Mobutu took power in late 1965 and made Zaire a one-party state. Last April, under pressure from protesters and Western donors, he agreed to allow opposition parties to operate freely.

But security forces regularly break up opposition meetings and clash with protesters.

Belgium and the United States, Mobutu's strongest ally for years, cut aid last year after troops were accused of killing dozens of university students in a May riot raid on a university campus.

Tshisekedi's announcement came after hours of discussion among leaders of the Sacred Front for Change, formed by nearly 200 pro-democracy groups last week.

SAPA
Indian ministers accused of bizarre treatment of guards

ASTONISHING claims about the relationship between ministers and MPs in the House of Delegates and their police guards were made by a retired police officer this week.

In one instance, it is claimed, a minister complained that police guards at his home were not saluting his wife.

The disclosures were made by Lieutenant Mike Reddy, who also claimed:

- A minister twice complained that he suspected police guards had scratched his car.
- Reddy had investigated the complaints and found them to be unfounded.
- An MP who failed to provide toilet facilities for guards at night complained that they were urinating in his garden.
- Police launched a full-scale investigation, headed by a senior officer, and took urine samples from guards. After much questioning and matching of urine samples, the culprit was identified.

**Complained**

Lt Reddy said certain ministers and MPs had behaved unreasonably towards the police and gone out of their way to give policemen a hard time.

Some MPs complained directly to the Minister of Law and Order or his representative about their police guards.

Lt Reddy said about 130 policemen of all ranks are attached to the special guard unit in Durban, whose main function is to guard the homes of the five ministers.

The ministers' homes are guarded 24 hours a day, even when the ministers are in Parliament.

While they are in Cape Town, another large team of policemen act as guards.

"Apart from the 130, another 20 policemen in Durban act as chauffeurs and bodyguards and members of local police stations also guard ministers' homes," said Lt Reddy.

**Vague**

Police spokesman Lt Bala Nadoo said Lt Reddy had made a "vague and very generalized statement."

Minister of Education and Culture Dr Kateh Rayoo said he did not accept Lt Reddy's allegations.

"I know of colleagues who have meals with policemen who guard their homes. I don't believe any MP will reduce himself to such pettiness as described by Lt Reddy."

Democratic Party MP Mamoo Rajab said the claims made by Lt Reddy are like a script from a Pink Panther movie.

"It is time all these guards are withdrawn and put back on normal police duties. If MPs feel insecure, they should resign from Parliament," he said.
Angry parents disrupt ‘old’ school’s opening

DURBAN — A man was arrested yesterday when angry parents disrupted the official opening of St Michaels Primary School in Red Hill here.

Parents held a placard demonstration outside the school from 6am until the opening at 11am.

There was a heavy police presence, which included armoured cars. At the start of the ceremony parents entered the marquee chanting. They were asked to leave and some were forcibly removed.

The official opening of the school by the Indian House of Delegates has attracted criticism from parents who feel it is unnecessary because the school has already been open for 11 years.

The treasurer of the Umgeni North branch of the ANC and member of the Parent Crisis Committee, Mr Sam Prakash, said the HOD was using the official opening as a political ploy in an effort to gain popular support.

Minister Mr D Dookas accused the ANC of intimidating the local community. — Sapa
PE toddler falls in pool, dies

OWN CORRESPONDENT

PORT ELIZABETH. — A two-year-old boy, Patrick Creeth, yesterday died in the Provincial Hospital here shortly after falling into a swimming pool at his home in Villiers Road, Walmer. A police spokeswoman said the incident happened between 10.15am and 10.45am. She said the Creeth's domestic worker ran to a neighbour after finding the toddler in the pool.

"Mr Peter Saunders and members of the Metro Rescue Unit had applied treatment, but Patrick died shortly afterwards in hospital," she said.

Natal cleaners' strike ends

OWN CORRESPONDENT

JOHANNESBURG. — Agreement was yesterday reached between the National Contract Cleaners' Association and the Transport and General Workers' Union, ending the month-long wage strike by about 7,000 contract cleaners in Natal.

The chairman of the Ministers' Council in the House of Delegates (HoD), Mr J. N. Reddy, said in a statement yesterday that the HoD had been assured that cleaning services at Indian schools would be fully restored by not later than the end of the week.

KINSHASA. — Zaïre's main opposition leaders stood firm behind Prime Minister-designate Mr. Etienne Tshisekedi yesterday, pledging their support to him in his standoff with President Mobutu Sese Seko.

The opposition alliance, called the Sacred Union, met for several hours to discuss the political crisis over future control of Zaïre's army and security agencies.

"The Sacred Union is totally welded together and there are no rifts," spokesman Mr. Frederic Kibassa told reporters.

Opposition supports Tshisekedi

"Mr. Tshisekedi told supporters before the opposition meeting that the priority was that his government have control over the military sector. But Mr. Mobutu is refusing to cede control over the armed forces and threatened last weekend to appoint a new premier unless Mr. Tshisekedi backed down."

"Mr. Kibassa said Mr. Tshisekedi remained the union's sole candidate for the premiership and would shortly meet Mr. Mobutu for a third attempt to resolve the crisis. There were signs that backroom negotiations for a compromise might be making progress and Mr. Kibassa insisted that a government team would soon be named." — Sapa-Reuters
KINSHASA — Security forces fired in the air to disperse a demonstration by opponents of Zaire’s President Mobutu Sese Seko yesterday as efforts to form a crisis government continued.

About 100 troops briefly surrounded the headquarters of the main opposition Union for Democracy and Social Progress party of Prime Minister Mr. Etienne Tshisekedi before pulling back.

Some troops then moved to nearby positions outside Mr. Tshisekedi’s house as four armoured personnel carriers raced through the streets of the residential area.

According to highly placed sources, a new government would be named later yesterday.

The announcement, if true, would mark yet another twist in the on-again, off-again negotiations between Mr. Mobutu and Mr. Tshisekedi. — Sapa-Reuters
As 8 000 contract cleaners in Natal ended a six-week strike and returned to work earlier this week, a private cleaning company and the House of Delegates (HoD) remained in dispute over a R30m contract to clean 400 Indian schools.

At the same time, paramedics working for Natal’s provincial Ambulance and Emergency Medical Services (AEMS) have given Health Minister Rina Venter until the end of the month to meet a list of salary and job-related demands.

A memorandum sent to Venter warns that “devastating action” will be taken by AEMS staff unless urgent attention is given to their working conditions. It further calls for a delegation from the State, including Venter, to meet a Natal Provincial Staff Association delegation to negotiate and implement the demands.

If the threatened action takes the form of a strike, it will be the second major blow this year. In May, most of the senior management staff resigned and set up a private ambulance and emergency medical service.

Meanwhile, paramedics, who say their salaries have not been reviewed since 1983, are demanding an increase to bring pay in line with other local authority personnel, a minimum starting salary of R1 700 a month, night and danger allowances, and the opportunity to upgrade their qualifications.

The cleaners’ strike saw most Indian schools close early last term. It was marred by violence, including the fatal shooting of striking cleaner Cynthia Mhlongo. It ended last weekend after a meeting between the National Cleaners’ Contract Association and Cosatu’s Transport and General Workers’ Union (TGWU).

The central demand by striking cleaners was a R1 000 a month minimum wage. Shortly before the strike started a 16% increase saw the minimum wage rise to R510 a month. TGWU assistant general secretary Randall Howard said agreement had been reached on re-employment of dismissed strikers, no victimisation of strikers, private arbitration on allegations of intimidation, and the setting up of a national industrial council for the industry.

An interim forum comprising the union and the employers’ association began negotiations this week on wage demands and the establishment of a provident fund and industrial council. Howard said it was agreed that negotiations should be concluded by the end of the year.

But as cleaners went back to work and schools returned to normal, HoD head Jayaram Reddy was trying to cancel a three-year contract with Sneller Services, one of the cleaning companies at the centre of the strike.

The HoD claims the company has not met the conditions of its contract to keep schools clean. The HoD is trying to end the contract and employ, directly, about 1 000 school cleaners employed by Sneller Services.

However, Sneller chairman Lionel van Tonder maintains the strike and subsequent closure of schools was beyond the company’s control and that as far as possible, schools were kept clean by hiring casual staff.

He also claims the HoD cannot cancel the contract, which is worth about R10m a year for the next three years, saying this can only be done by the State Tender Board. As the FM went to press, both parties were taking legal advice.
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HoD minister resigns

PORT ELIZABETH — Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services in the House of Delegates and MP for Malabar, Mr Raman Bhan, has resigned from the Ministers' Council, citing ongoing intrigue in the HoD and a belief that the tricameral Parliament should disband.

And it is understood he may be followed by other members of the 45-man HoD who share his views.

Mr Bhan, who has been in public office for 24 years and has been Malabar MP since August 1984, said yesterday he had informed Mr J N Reddy, chairman of the Minister's Council, he would quit as Minister of the Budget on December 1 and as MP on February 1.

Mr Bhan said that, from its inception, the House of Delegates administrations had been characterised by intrigue and a "clamouring for position" and added that he could no longer tolerate the situation.

He said the tricameral system was redundant and insignificant and of no further use.
HoD Minister quits

THE Minister of the Budget in the House of Delegates, Mr. Raman Bhana, 61, quit this week, blaming political intrigue, clique-forming, attempts at "blackmail" and demands from MPs for jobs for pals.

Mr. Bhana, a Port Elizabeth businessman, said his patience with the "political musical chairs" in the House has now worn too thin for him to continue as MP and Minister.

His resignation from the Ministers Council takes effect on December 1 and he will quit as MP for Malabar on February 1.

Dr. Reddy said in his comment Mr. Bhana "had the prerogative to do what he had done."

Mr. Bhana caused a stir in the Ministers' Council in February when he said in Parliament the three Indian Ministerial Representatives were "a waste of taxpayers' money" and that the million rand's used to keep them and their staff in office "could be put to better use."

Mr. Bhana said there was "a constant cabal-forming operation" in the House of Delegates and a "gang-up of behind my back in the Ministers' Council."

He said most Indian MPs were in Parliament "for reasons other than what they had promised the electorate."

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GOEWERMESTSKENNISGEWINGS

ADMINISTRASIE:
RAAD VAN AFGEVAARDIGDES
DEPARTEMENT VAN ONDERWYS EN KULTUUR
No. R. 2819 29 November 1991

WET OP ONDERWYS VIR INDIERS, 1965. WYSI-
GING VAN DIE REGULASIES BETREFFENDE DIE
ADMINISTRASIE VAN EN DIE BEHEER OOR DIE
GELD WAT VIR STAATSKOELE OF STAATSONDER-
STEUNDE SKOLE INGESAMEL WORD

Die Minister van Onderwys en Kultuur het kragtens
artikel 33 van die Wet op Onderwys vir Indiers, 1965
(Wet No 61 van 1965), en in ooreig met die Minister
van Beproeting, die regulasies in die Bylae hiervan
vat, uitgevaardig

BYLAE

Omskrwing
1 In hierdie regulasies beteken “die Regulasies”
die regulasies afgekondig deur Goe wermentskennisge-
ling No R 694 van 6 Mei 1966, soos gewysig deur
Goe wermentskennisgewings Nos R 235 van 28 Febr-
uane 1969, R 1790 van 8 September 1978 en
R 2590 van 15 November 1985

Wysiging van regulasie 1 van die Regulasies
2 Regulasie 1 van die Regulasies word hierby
gewysig—
(a) deur die omskrwing van “komitee” de vol-
gende omskrwing in te voeg
“ Direkteur-generaal” die Direkteur-generaal ADMI-
NISTRASIE Raad van Afgewaardigdes,”,
(b) deur die omskrwing van “Uitvoerende Direk-
teur” te skrap,
(c) deur na die omskrwing van “komitee” die vol-
gende omskrwing in te voeg
“ onderwysskool” die beaamde beoog in artikel 2 van
die Wet op Onderwys vir Indiers, 1965 (Wet No 61 van
1965), en

977—A

GOVERNMENT NOTICES

ADMINISTRATION:
HOUSE OF DELEGATES
DEPARTEMENT OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE
No. R. 2819 29 November 1991

INDIANS EDUCATION ACT, 1965. AMENDMENT OF
THE REGULATIONS RELATING TO THE ADMINI-
STRATION AND CONTROL OF SCHOOL FUND

The Minister of Education and Culture has under
section 33 of the Indians Education Act, 1965 (Act No.
61 of 1965), and in consultation with the Minister of the
Budget, made the regulations contained in the Sch e-
dule hereto

SCHEDULE

Definition
1. In these regulations “the Regulations” means the
regulations published under Government Notice No
R 694 of 6 May 1966, as amended by Government
Notices Nos R 235 of 28 February 1969, R 1790 of 8
September 1978 and R 2590 of 15 November 1985

Amendment of regulation 1 of the Regulations
2 Regulation 1 of the Regulations is hereby
amended—
(a) by the insertion after the definition of “committee” of the following definition:
“ ‘Director-General’ means the Director-General Administration: House of Delegates,”,
(b) by the deletion of the definition of “Executive Director”,
(c) by the insertion before the definition of “school” of the following definition
“ ‘head of education’ means the officer contemplated in section 2 of the Indians Education Act, 1965
(Act No 61 of 1965),” and

13646—1
(d) deur na die omskrywing van "onderwyshoof" die volgends omskrywing in te voeg:
   "'ouer-onderwysersvereniging' is 'n ouer-onderwysersvereniging ingestel by regulasie 2 van die regulasies afgekondig by Goewermentskennisgewing No. R. 1224 van 30 Mei 1991;"

Wysiging van regulasie 2 van die Regulasies

3. Regulase 2 van die Regulasies word hierby gewysig deur subregulasies (3), (4), (5) en (6) deur die volgende subregulasies te vervang:
   "(3) 'n Komitee bedoel in subregulase (2) bestaan uit:
   (a) in die geval van 'n Staats- of Staatsondersteunde primêre of sekondêre skool—
   (i) die prinspaal, wat amphiwale die voorsitter is;
   (ii) 'n maksimum van twee persone van die skool se onderwyspersoneel wat deur die prinspaal aangewys en deur die onderwyshoof goedgekeur is; en
   (iii) 'n maksimum van twee ouers van leerlinge wat die skool byvooi, welke ouers—
   (aa) in die geval van 'n skool waar 'n ouer-onderwysersvereniging saamgestel is kragtens regulasie 3 van die regulasies afgekondig by Goewermentskennisgewing No. R. 1224 van 30 Mei 1991, deur die meerderheid lede van genoemde vereniging benoem moet word;
   (bb) in die geval van 'n skool waar nie 'n ouer-onderwysersvereniging kragtens genoemde regulasie saamgestel is nie of waar 'n aldaar saamgestelde ouer-onderwysersvereniging weier om sy verteenwoordigers in die komitee te benoem, deur die betrokke prinspaal aangestel moet word;
   (b) in die geval van 'n onderwyskollege of tegnese kollege—
   (i) die rektor of prinspaal, na gelang van die geval, wat amphiwale die voorsitter is;
   (ii) twee persone van die kollege so doenerende personeel wat deur die rektor of prinspaal, na gelang van die geval, aangewys en deur die onderwyshoof goedgekeur is, en
   (iii) een persoon van die kollege se administratiewe personeel wat deur die rektor of prinspaal, na gelang van die geval, aangewys en deur die onderwyshoof goedgekeur is.
   (4) Indien 'n komitee nie ooreenkomsstig subregulasie (3) saamgestel kan word nie, word dit, ondanks die bepalings van genoemde subregulasie, saamgestel op sodange ander wyse as wat die onderwyshoof bepaal.
   (5) Behoudens die bepalings van subregulasies (6) en (7), bekle 'n lid van 'n komitee die amp vir 'n tydperk van twee jaar vanaf die datum van sy aanstelling.
   (6) 'n Lid van 'n komitee ontrum sy amp indien hy onderhewig raak aan 'n diskwalifikasie in regulasie 3 bedoel."

(d) by the insertion after the definition of "head of education" of the following definition.
   "'parent teacher association' means a parent teacher association established by regulation 2 of the regulations published under Government Notice No. R. 1224 of 30 May 1991;"

Amendment of regulation 2 of the Regulations

3. Regulation 2 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for subregulations (3), (4), (5) and (6) of the following subregulations:
   "(3) A committee referred to in subregulation (2) shall consist of—
   (a) in the case of a State or State-aided primary or secondary school—
   (i) the principal, who shall ex officio be the chairman;
   (ii) a maximum of two persons from the teaching staff of the school, appointed by the principal and approved by the head of education; and
   (iii) a maximum of two parents of pupils attending the school, which parents shall—
   (aa) in the case of a school where a parent teacher association has been constituted in terms of regulation 3 of the regulations published under Government Notice No. R. 1224 of 30 May 1991, be nominated by the majority of members of the said association,
   (bb) in the case of a school where a parent teacher association has not been constituted in terms of the said regulation or where a parent teacher association so constituted declines to nominate its representatives to the committee, be appointed by the principal concerned,
   (b) in the case of a college of education or technical college—
   (i) the rector or principal, as the case may be, who shall ex officio be the chairman;
   (ii) two persons from the lecturing staff of the college, appointed by the rector or principal, as the case may be, and approved by the head of education; and
   (iii) one person from the administrative staff of the college, appointed by the rector or principal, as the case may be, and approved by the head of education
   (4) If a committee cannot be constituted in accordance with subregulation (3), it shall, notwithstanding the provisions of the said subregulation, be constituted in such other manner as may be determined by the head of education.
   (5) Subject to the provisions of subregulations (6) and (7), a member of a committee shall hold office for a period of two years as from the date of his appointment.
   (6) A member of a committee shall vacate his office if he becomes subject to any disqualification referred to in regulation 3."
Wysiging van regulasie 4 van die Regulasies

4 Regulasie 4 van die Regulasies word hierby gewysig deur subregulasie (2) deur die volgende subregulasie te vervang:

"(2) Indien 'n lid van 'n komitee om watter rede ook al ophou om sy amp te beklee, stel die komitee, behoudens die bepalings van subregulasie (1) en regulasies 2 (3) en 3, vir die onverstrekte tydperk van sy amptstervorm 'n persoon in sy plek aan."

Wysiging van regulasie 11 van die Regulasies

5 Regulasie 11 van die Regulasies word hierby gewysig in subregulasie (4) die uitdrukking "R20" deur die uitdrukking "R50" te vervang.

Vervanging van sekere uitdrukings in die Regulasies

6 Die Regulasies word hierby gewysig —

(a) deur die uitdrukking "Uitvoerende Direkteur" waar dit ook al voorkom deur die uitdrukking "onderwyser" te vervang, en

(b) deur die uitdrukking "skoelsman" waar dit ook al voorkom deur die uitdrukking "direkteur-generaal" te vervang.

Voorbehoudsbepalings en inwerkingtreding

7. (1) Enige bestaande komitee kragtens die bepalings van regulasie 2 (3) van die Regulasies saamgestel om 'n skoolfonds te administrer, gaan, totdat die amptstervorm van sy lede verstryk word, voort om as sodanig te fungeer asof regulasie 3 van hierdie regulasies nie uitgevaarig is nie.

(2) Hierdie regulasies tree op 2 Januare 1992 in werking.

Amendment of regulation 4 of the Regulations

4 Regulation 4 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for subregulation (2) of the following subregulation:

"(2) If a member of a committee ceases to hold office for whatever reason, the committee shall, subject to the provisions of subregulation (1) and regulations 2 (3) and 3, appoint a person in his place for the unexpired period of his term of office."

Amendment of regulation 11 of the Regulations

5 Regulation 11 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution in subregulation (4) for the expression "R20" of the expression "R50".

Substitution of certain expressions in the Regulations

6 The Regulations are hereby amended —

(a) by the substitution for the expressions "Executive Director", wherever it occurs, of the expressions "head of education"; and

(b) by the substitution for the expressions "secretary", wherever it occurs, of the expressions "Director-General".

Savings and commencement

7. (1) Any existing committee constituted in terms of the provisions of regulation 2 (3) of the Regulations to administer a school fund, shall continue to function as such until the term of office of its members expires as if regulation 3 of these regulations had not been made.

(2) These regulations shall come into operation on 2 January 1992.
PUBLIC SECTOR-GOV'T. ASIAN AFFAIRS

1992
CAPE TOWN — Members of the National Party parliamentary caucus burst into applause yesterday when Sathe Naidoo (Durban Bay) walked in proudly as the first NP House of Delegates member.

Mr Naidoo (36) applied to join the NP more than a year ago. The Cabinet finally decided to admit him to the party on Wednesday.

Dr Johan Steenkamp, the NP MP for Umlatuzana, said Mr Naidoo was the tip of a lot of grassroots support for our policies within the Asian community.

Thus did not mean the NP had declared war on Solidarity or the National People’s Party, but the NP could not close its ranks “to those who have been waiting quite a while to come closer to us”, Dr Steenkamp said.
MEMBERS of the National Party parliamentary caucus burst into applause when Mr Sathie Nadoo (Durban Bay) walked in proudly as the first NP House of Delegates member.

It had been a long wait for Mr Nadoo. He applied to join the NP more than a year ago. The Cabinet admitted him on Wednesday and he took his seat yesterday.

Mr Nadoo polled the least votes of all the winning HoD candidates in the 1989 election.

He stood as a National People's Party hopeful, having previously been appointed a Ministerial Representative by the then-Chairman of the Minister's Council, Mr Amichand Ramkissoon.
(1) How many rent-controlled premises/dwelling units were there in the Cape Town Gardens constituency as at 31 December 1991?

(2) how many premises/dwelling units in the said constituency were decontrolled during the period 1 January 1990 to 31 December 1991?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING AND WORKS

An amount of R 6 080 544.00 was spent by the Department of Local Government, Housing and Works in respect of housing assistance during the 1990/91 financial year which ended on 31 March 1991

Rent-controlled premises Cape Town Gardens

*4* Mr K M ANDREW asked the Minister of Housing and Works

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**HOUSE OF DELEGATES**

**INTERPELLATION**

The sign * indicates a translation. The sign † indicates that the intepretation, indicated in the original language.

Own Affairs

Shallcross link road recovery of money

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Housing

Whether any arrangements have been made to recover from the Development and Services Board and the Durban Municipality money spent on the Shallcross link road, if so, what are the details of these arrangements?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING Mr CHARMAN, in response to the interpellation put by the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition, I wish to say the following

The final cost will only be established when the project has been completed, after which the ongoing negotiations with the relevant authorities for the recovery of funds outlined in respect of this project can proceed

This road is being built at the request of the Development and Services Board, the local authority responsible for the Shallcross area and following representations made by the local MP supported by the Shallcross Local Affairs Committee

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, I should like to place on record that I am not arguing the merits or demerits of this road. It is necessary and it is there for the general benefit of the residents

In this regard, however, the House of Delegates is acting as a financing institution. We do not give grants for roads. This is the fastest project ever undertaken in the history of the House of Delegates. In record time, the plans for the road were drawn up, tenders called for and contracts awarded. It is just like the House of Delegates going to a man’s property, drawing up the plans for his house, awarding the contract, building his house and completing it without any binding arrangement as to the recovery of the cost incurred. That is the reason for my question

I want the House to know whether or not it is correct that the director-general of the Administration received a letter from the Durban Municipality, which, in blunt language, told him to ‘go to hell’ because this road was supposed to promote a business venture. I want to know that if this was not brought to the attention of the hon the Minister, I want to know why not, because I have a photograph of that letter. It actually conveys a blunt message to the effect that a statement was made in the House that the road was supposed to promote a commercial venture and that therefore the Durban Corporation is not paying.

I warned the Ministers’ Council before the contracts were awarded that they should tie up arrangements for the recovery of the R5 million. We are telling every hon member of Parliament that there is no money for housing, but the picture as far as our money recovery is concerned, is dismal. This is a House of Delegates project and I believe the House of Delegates must emerge from it with integrity. The full facts have to be placed before the community and this House

I want to say to the hon member for Cavenhill that I am not opposing this road, but we should do things properly. I understand that the cost has escalated to R7 million, and yet we have not made any arrangements for the recovery of this amount. I want to know when we received a letter from the Development and Services Board requesting that this road be built. If there was a request from the Development and Services Board, we want to know when this was decided by that Board

I still maintain that this road has nothing to do with any housing scheme or development. It is going to become a scandal. I am not trying to score points and I will not do so in the future, but I believe the House of Delegates has to retain its credibility. I want to say that if I warned the Ministers’ Council before the contracts were awarded that they should reach binding arrangements with the local government structures for getting the money back. [Time expired]

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF HOUSING Mr CHARMAN, one can fully understand the comments made by the hon the Leader of the Official
Opposition regarding this particular matter: An announcement to that effect was made in this House last year. Understandably the contracts have been awarded and work is in progress. At the same time, this department's announcement has been in consultation with reputable institutions such as the Durban Municipality and the Development and Services Board. At no stage was there total reluctance on their part.

The hon the Leader of the Official Opposition is absolutely correct, as far as the justification for that road is concerned. We are in agreement on that. However, what one foresees in these circumstances is a situation in which the institutions know full well the plight of the House of Delegates is in the balance. Therefore I believe that their co-operation we expected will not be forthcoming. I want to be very honest as far as this is concerned.

On the other hand we did state in the announcement that, in addition to this road's being absolutely essential to cater for the largest number of people in that area, it would also contribute as far as commercial stands were concerned. [Time expired]

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, the hon the Deputy Minister made an announcement here before the contract was signed—I emphasise, before the contract was signed. They are not reacting because of the plight of the House of Delegates. The Durban Municipality will honour its obligation if one forces them to do so. Nothing was finalised. They took the statement of the hon the Deputy Minister of Housing to mean that this road was for a commercial venture. I do not want to say that this is scandalous. One cannot argue that the road will be for commercial and industry, because commerce and industry already has a road. There is a beneficial access road for that purpose. All the link road does is to provide for business to get business from Chatsworth. I am afraid that the municipality has taken that statement and used it in the letter to the director-general to say that this is for a commercial venture.

I want to say that I will fight tooth and nail. We are not going to come here to pass a Bill for an additional appropriation. I warned the Ministers' Committee and the director-general in a number of letters that, before he leaves his department—he is an accounting officer—they will have to pay R50 000 per month, with interest, from their own pockets to make good the R7 million. [Interjections]

Mr P. D. DE VANN Mr Chairman, to begin with I wish to state that I am not at variance with the views expressed by the hon the Leader of the Opposition, but I crave his indulgence with regard to the circumstances in which we find ourselves in the House of Delegates. I think this is paramount importance.

The proposed Shallcross link road has an interesting background which I would like to share with all hon members. Unfortunately time does not permit me to give hon members this background as fully as I would like to. All representations by the Shallcross Ratepayers' Association and the advisory committee to the authorities were fruitless. There were several memos and many meetings, but no progress. The problem was compounded as this specific road fell within two local authorities, namely the Development and Services Board and the Durban Municipality. Representations were also made to the provincial administration and the central Government. The local authorities were not sympathetic to the demands of the Indian community.

What can one do? There was prolonged correspondence between the people affected and the authorities, extending over 15 years. Since I started in 1985 I have received a large amount of correspondence.

It must be conceded that if the House of Delegates had not stepped in and provided the much-needed bridging finance, as I still call it, the Shallcross link road would have been a non-starter. That road would not have become a reality for the next 10 years or more and the community would have continued under sufferance. We would still be whistling bits birds in the wilderness, and I mean it.

I am not opposing what the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition said. We want to pursue that path. The strategy adopted by the hon the Minister of Housing was a laudable one under the circumstances and nobody can dispute that.

I want to qualify my assertion. It is the service given to the people that should be extolled. The Development and Services Board and the Durban Municipality have a moral obligation to fulfill. [Time expired]

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, last Friday I indicated that I had enough immuration, but I want the House of Delegates to come out of this with integrity. Its integrity is at stake, because this is going to be one of the biggest scandals ever to have rocked the House of Delegates.

I believe that all the facts should be put on the table and that the director-general and the Ministers' Council will have to accept the responsibility for the recovery of this amount. There is such a thing as a surcharge. If one deliberately does something that is wrong, one has to pay from one's pocket. I want to say that this is not a matter to be taken lightly.

Our allocation for housing next year will be the lowest we have ever had. We are crying about not having money for homes, yet we are actually squandering money. This is an excellent example of the squandering of the much-needed money that is required for housing.

One cannot simply make an amendment. In this House we warned them not to award the contract because they had not signed agreements with the Durban Municipality. [Time expired]

The MINISTER OF HOUSING Mr Chairman, the need for the road link was established more than 10 years ago by the Development and Services Board and the project has the support of the civic association, the local affairs committee and a whole lot of other organisations including the Southern Durban Indian Local Affairs Committee.

In 1981 the cost was R50 000 and if the road is not built, the cost will continue to escalate. We will do our best to negotiate with the local authorities concerned.

As far as I am concerned, the road is being built in the larger interests of the people of Chatsworth. I cannot identify who is going to benefit and who is not. The facts remain, however, that at this point in time, an individual living in Chatsworth who wants to go to the R K Khan Hospital in an emergency, has to travel seven and a half kilometres. This makes for a return journey of 15 kilometres. This distance will now be reduced to about a kilometre and a half.

We have lost money in Marinhall, in Petermaritzburg and in the Transvaal. Even if we do not recover the money, I believe it was a justifiable investment. [Interjections]

I want to go along with the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition, however, and say that we will try to recover this money from the Development and Services Board, the regional services board and from anyone else who has been involved. If it has not been done urgently, and if it had not been done then, it would never have been done. I would like hon members to show some understanding. The matter was put out to public tender. Discussions were held between the city engineer of Durban and members of the Ministry, as well as with the Development and Services Board.

I believe, however, that it is natural for the financial people to be slowly entering to present problems, and we will do our utmost to recover the money we have used in providing this road, from the Development and Services Board. It does not matter how long it takes, because ultimately they are responsible. To the extent that we can get the Durban Municipality to compensate us, we will do so. However, this can only be done once we have the figures.

Whatever attitude the Durban Municipality may have as an organ, we do not have to discuss. There is a responsibility because the new road links with the Huggisson highway. The people living within the Chatsworth scheme which was developed by the Durban Municipality, will also benefit from this road. I think the best way to judge this matter, is to go and see what benefit will accrue to the people of Chatsworth as a whole, including the people in Shallcross, before we pass any adverse judgement in this regard.

An HON MEMBER. We must join hands and demand the money.

The MINISTER. That is correct. Debate concluded.
Indian and coloured education budgets cut

CAPE TOWN — President F W de Klerk’s commitment to trim government spending started taking shape yesterday with news of further education budget cuts.

It was learnt yesterday that coloured and Indian education departments had also been told to cut their budgets. The Indian Education and Culture Department has to cut its R914,783m budget by 23% or R213m, while coloured education has been told to cut but not yet by how much.

It is understood that Finance Minister Barend du Plessis has informed departments of the cuts to their revised current budgets, which include the additional appropriation due to be voted today. The cuts were all in nominal or rand terms and would mean a real cut in monetary terms for next year’s budget.

Tomorrow’s important mini-Budget speech by Du Plessis will give a clearer indication of the economy’s direction.

Apparently health and welfare and black education will be high priorities for the main Budget, which is likely to be expansionary with increased capital spending on export-directed industry.

All education departments except black Education and Training have been told their budgets are being cut and they have to find ways to meet their targets.

Education and Culture Minister in the House of Delegates Kisten Rapoo said yesterday he did not plan to retrench teachers or close schools. One of the ways he had averted laying off staff had been to open Indian schools increasingly to other races.

The department planned to cut back library and counselling staff. It would reduce subjects offered, and involve the private sector in teaching technical subjects.

DP education spokesman Roger Burrows said Rapoo would have to do “more than mere tinkering” to make the cut.
HOUSE OF DELEGATES

Telephone rentals House of Delegates

QUESTIONS

Indicates translated version

For written reply

Own Affairs

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

PERIOD: JANUARY TO DECEMBER 1991

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Note

1. The above amounts include rentals.
2. Cognisance must also be taken of the fact that the above accounts is inclusive of the Ministers’ role as Members of Parliament.


- **Members of Parliament**
  - Office Bearer (eg. Leader of Official Opposition) 2250 units = R371,25 per month
  - 5625 units = R928,12 per month

These latter amounts exclude rentals

House of Delegates

2. Mr M. ABRAHAM asked the Minister of Health Services and Welfare

- What amount of his Department’s budget for health services and welfare was spent by (a) his Department itself and (b) other...
overspent by R24 million on land defence and R186 500 000 on the Special Defence Force. How can one justify the shortage of funds, as far as the Government is concerned, when there is an apparent overestimation of the correct amounts?

We accept the fact that the SA Defence Force is a member of the security family, but it is that member of the security family which does not receive funds now that R210 million which the SA Defence Force overspent could have been used to alleviate the shortfall in the Department of Law and Order.

I believe that we need not only a strong and disciplined police force, but a well-paid and contented police force. This means not only that they must be granted the necessary benefits.

We are all aware that the police sector of our security establishment has been experiencing attacks from all sides. They have been vilified. Therefore, the department must ensure that they are protected.

Mr M KRAAI, Mr Chairman, I am grateful to the hon the Minister for making the commitment this afternoon that after the presentation of the Budget, he and his department will review firstly the recruitment drive, and secondly the conditions that have been imposed on members of his department.

I merely want to repeat what I said earlier, namely that we believe we must have a well-motivated and well-staffed police force if we are to enforce law and order in this country. Before I resume my seat, I want to say that I think the hon the Minister is right when he says that the word outside that present the SA Police Force is underpaid and overworked, and that is not a joke.

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER Mr Chairman, nobody is more aware of that situation than I, because I live with policemen, and I also have dealings with their relatives when they are killed.

I refer to the phrases ‘body and soul together’ and ‘meagre salary’ which have been used here. I want to warn against this terminology. I am not saying that policemen are the best paid people in the world, but they are not the worst paid people in South Africa either. That is also true. Their salaries constitute a living wage. Obviously, I shall do everything in my power to increase the salaries of the SA Police, but we should really avoid terms such as the ones I referred to. I do not think that kind of description contributes to the solution of our problems.

I just want to refer to the expenses involved in obtaining the national diploma. We paid this for everybody at the beginning of the year. As the hon member of this house usually starts with good New Year’s resolutions. We have paid millions of rands to students who have failed. What we are now saying, is that if they prove themselves, we shall pay them. I think this is an improvement on the present system.

In conclusion, I want to refer to the hon the Leader of the Opposition. I think we have overspent by R210 million and not by R202 million, because we will be discussing the same Appropriation Bill in a little while and I have to participate in that.

I just want to say that I will not be drawn into a debate on the allocation of funds to the SA Defence Force as opposed to the allocation of funds to the SA Police. We each have our place in the safety of South Africa and the SA Defence Force plays a vital role in the defence and security of South Africa as the SA Police does. We have to be careful, especially in the light of the huge scaling down of their budget and the people they have rehearsed, that we do not make our Defence Force a bulldog without any teeth. We have to maintain the strength of our SA Defence Force in order that it may play its role in the arid situation of South Africa as a whole.

Time expired.

Debate concluded.

INTERPELLATION

The sign * indicates a translation. The sign |, used subsequently in the interpellation, indicates the original language.

Own Affairs

Home of Delegates: education committee

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Chairman of the Ministers’ Council (Kraai) if (1) whether he will appoint a committee to inquire into the running of education in the Administration House of Delegates; if not, why not, if so, when; (2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

D88E INT

The CHAIRMAN OF THE MINISTERS’ COUNCIL Mr Kraai, the reply to part (1) of the interpellation is No.

My response is in terms of Chapter 7 of the hon members’ Financial Handbook, which stipulates that a committee of inquiry can only be appointed by the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services on receipt of written information that there is a need for a commission of inquiry. Therefore, we decided, and the Teachers’ Association of South Africa determined, to have nothing to do with that committee of inquiry.

It is within the competency of the Ministers’ Council to appoint a committee, because at that time the Ministers’ Council did not have affidavits from the Leader of the Opposition. It was a result of the hue and cry from all over, even from hon members on the other side of this House. There was pressure. We did not have to give an affidavit. There is no Committee. There is chaos. When the hon the Chairman of the Ministers’ Council was the Leader of the Opposition, he sent a letter to the hon the State President requesting an inquiry in respect of education. The Ministers’ Council would gain a tremendous degree of credibility and the entire House would gain respect, if the hon the Chairman of the Ministers’ Council would examine why last year’s committee of inquiry, to which a senior magistrate was appointed, failed.

The image of our department of education and that of the Ministry are at their lowest ebb. They are stuck in the mud, and there is no chance that that image will ever change without the appointment of a committee of inquiry. I am asking the hon very senior magistrate who has had tremendous experience in the judicial field, at his helm, to perform its task openly. There must be no secrecy about this. I want to suggest that the hon the Chairman of the Ministers’ Council examine all the communications that took place between the Department and the office of the State President due to the draft resolution moved by the former Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services in this House last year.

We are all concerned about education. We are all concerned about public reaction.

The MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND AGRICULTURE AND OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES Mr Kraai, have listened attentively to what the hon the Leader of the Opposition had to say. Firstly, may I respond by saying this Ministers’ Council is committed to clean administration. I also want to say that if there is a need for a commission of inquiry, we shall definitely support the appointment of such a commission. Such a request was made to the hon the State President last year. Regrettably, however, the hon the State President did not see his
The hon Minister of Education and Culture is being given bad advice. Early in 1990 I warned him that his solutions were poor. Either he is not sufficiently equipped with a knowledge of education at the various levels because of his lack of experience at those levels, or he unfortunately and unjustly has been led by the nose by some senior people in the department who are pulling the wool over his eyes. Whatever the case may be, it is obvious that the results are startling and alarming.

When one looks at the mismanagement of the Department of Education and Culture, one comes to the overall conclusion that the hon the Minister must take full responsibility and the total blame. For the first time in the history of Indian education, schools are not fully staffed as yet. I have been informed that 57 teachers have yet to be employed. Transfers of teachers are not being considered and not being finalised in time to avoid disruptions in the running of schools.

The criteria for the promotion of teachers are not being spelt out well in advance. The hon the Minister of Education and Culture has been asked repeatedly to explain the criteria for promotion but departments are not being given in time to finalise the criteria in time. It is the officials or is it the hon Minister? The promotion lists are not being finalised in time. [Time expired]

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE Mr. Chairman, at the outset I should like to respond quickly to the hon member for Rosivert Hills. He made certain statements and said that he had proof in certain letters and telephone calls. I should like to see that proof.

Mr. K. PANDAY
Mr. Chairman, the appointment of this committee is a must. Education is certainly, in the eyes of everybody, is a shambles.

For the benefit of the hon the Chairman of the Ministers' Council as well as the hon the Minister of Local Government and Agriculture and of the Budget and Auxiliary Services in particular, I want to say that I also have proof. I have received letters and telephone calls, some of these highlighted in the no-confidence debate.

There is no smoke without fire.

The hon the Minister of Education and Culture is being given bad advice. Early in 1990 I warned him that his solutions were poor. Either he is not sufficiently equipped with a knowledge of education at the various levels because of his lack of experience at those levels, or he unfortunately and unjustly has been led by the nose by some senior people in the department who are pulling the wool over his eyes. Whatever the case may be, it is obvious that the results are startling and alarming.

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There is no smoke without fire.
Call for positive vote

The House of Delegates should call on the white electorate to vote positively in the referendum, so that the hands of President de Klerk could be strengthened and Codesa's work speeded up. The chairman of the Ministers' Council, Dr J N Reddy, said yesterday he said his party wanted to end the Tripartite Parliament as soon as possible.
(u) During a meeting on 3 October 1991 the necessity for the second access road was forcefully discussed with the Minister of Transport, who agreed that such a project was essential. However, the Minister indicated that the economic constraints of the focus is such that no firm commitment can be made at this stage. The main budget speech of the hon minister of Finance underscores this.

(2) The Minister of Local Government and Agriculture also addressed a letter in this regard to the Minister of Transport on 21 October 1991 who replied on 16 January 1992, inter alia, to the effect that—

"the Chatsworth Second Access Road must be regarded as a local matter and as such I have no hesitation in referring it once more to the Durban Metropolitan Transport Advisory Board".

The said Minister also indicated that the South African Roads Board did agree that it would contribute 60% of the costs towards a certain route and further that the said Board may decide to contribute towards the costs if any other route or alternative is chosen, but that the said Board would at this time find it very hard to find the money out of the sadly depleted National Road Fund, no matter which route was adopted.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, arising out of the reply of the hon the Chairman of the Ministers’ Council, does he have any idea of what the cost of the second access road will be?

The CHAIRMAN OF THE MINISTERS’ COUNCIL Mr Chairman, from the figures given to us at that meeting, it seems it will be very much in the order of R50 million.

(1) Whether the post of Chief Executive Director of Education and Culture in the Administration House of Delegates has been filled, if not, (a) why not and (b) when is it anticipated that it will be filled, if so, (i) when and (ii) by whom;

(2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) No

(a) The Commission for Administration directed in terms of section 3(1)(a)(i) of the Public Service Act, 1984 that the post be re-advertised with an explicit indication of the duties and requirements of the post.

(b) The post had been re-advertised in national newspapers and within the Public Service. This seeks applications up to 21 April 1992. Thereafter, candidates of suitable candidates will be submitted to the Commission for Administration for a recommendation according to the Public Service Act’s directives. An appointment is, therefore, not expected before these procedures have been completed.

(2) No

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Chairman’s reply, in accordance with established procedure in this country for the past 20 years, did he make a recommendation to the Cabinet through the Ministers’ Council and, if not, why not?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, since the Commission for Administration was involved in this matter and since the Director-General is responsible for all personnel and administration, it was left to the Director-General to expedite this matter.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister’s reply, is he aware of the fact that the Commission deals only with ratings, and that it is the political arm that has to make a recommendation on the advice of the Commission? Why was such a recommendation not made?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, that information is given to the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition. As far as we are concerned, the Director-General in the House of Delegates is responsible for its administration. The Commission for Administration was given that type of recommendation by the Director-General, and the Ministers’ Council left it in their hands to expedite this matter.

Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister’s reply, am I to assume that the Ministers’ Council made absolutely no recommendation with regard to the filling of this post?

The MINISTER Sr, the Ministers’ Council was briefed by the Director-General and recommended that this position should be filled expeditiously.

Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister’s reply, did the Ministers’ Council recommend the name of one particular individual who, in its wisdom, it felt should have been appointed?

The MINISTER Sr, the Ministers’ Council did not make a specific request for the appointment of any specific individual, because we wanted to leave it to the Director-General to make an objective decision.

Appointments for new council: University of Durban-Westville

*2 Mr A SINGH asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

Whether any appointments have been made for the new council of the University of Durban-Westville, if not, why not, if so, what appointments?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, since the Commission for Administration was involved in this matter and since the Director-General is responsible for all personnel and administration, it was left to the Director-General to expedite this matter.

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The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Housing:

1. Whether he was at any stage the intention to build a large number of houses in the Dassenhoek area, if so, (a) how many houses were to be built and (b) when;

2. Whether he has, since his assumption of office, taken any steps in regard to this project, if not, why not, if so, (a) what steps and (b) when?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING:

1. Yes, (a) in Birchwood Park, 170 units were completed.

2. (a) Housing Utility Company acquired the Luganda site and planned a housing project of 1724 units. Due to the failure of developer to relocate existing residents, the project was never commenced with A steering Committee appointed by the tanker negotiated an amicable solution and recently the Housing Development Board approved a development strategy for Luganda whereby 850 proposed crwns is to be developed as a multi-racial project by the proposed Luganda Development Trust, whilst this Administration has retained a portion on which approximately 300 crwns can be developed for our community.

The Oaklands project which was planned by the Poutown Municipality as a 403 unit housing project was not proceeded with because the residents were most reluctant to be relocated and furthermore the site could not be connected to the sewerage disposal works. The Local Authority has now gained approval to develop the site as a multi-racial project.

(b) The Birchwood Park project was completed in 1990.

For written reply

General Affairs

Budget: percentage spent on salaries

18 Mr. M. RAJAB asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services:

What percentage of the budget of the House of Delegates was spent on salaries and salary-related expenditure in each of the latest specified years for which figures are available?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES:

Yes.

(a) Housing Utility Company acquired the Luganda site and planned a housing project of 1724 units. Due to the failure of developer to relocate existing residents, the project was never commenced with A steering Committee appointed by the tanker negotiated an amicable solution and recently the Housing Development Board approved a development strategy for Luganda whereby 850 proposed crwns is to be developed as a multi-racial project by the proposed Luganda Development Trust, whilst this Administration has retained a portion on which approximately 300 crwns can be developed for our Community.

(b) The Birchwood Park project was completed in 1990.

For written reply

General Affairs

Budget: percentage spent on salaries

18 Mr. M. RAJAB asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services:

What percentage of the budget of the House of Delegates was spent on salaries and salary-related expenditure in each of the latest specified years for which figures are available?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES:

Yes.

(a) Housing Utility Company acquired the Luganda site and planned a housing project of 1724 units. Due to the failure of developer to relocate existing residents, the project was never commenced with A steering Committee appointed by the tanker negotiated an amicable solution and recently the Housing Development Board approved a development strategy for Luganda whereby 850 proposed crwns is to be developed as a multi-racial project by the proposed Luganda Development Trust, whilst this Administration has retained a portion on which approximately 300 crwns can be developed for our Community.

(b) The Birchwood Park project was completed in 1990.

For written reply

General Affairs

Budget: percentage spent on salaries

18 Mr. M. RAJAB asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services:

What percentage of the budget of the House of Delegates was spent on salaries and salary-related expenditure in each of the latest specified years for which figures are available?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES:

Yes.

(a) Housing Utility Company acquired the Luganda site and planned a housing project of 1724 units. Due to the failure of developer to relocate existing residents, the project was never commenced with A steering Committee appointed by the tanker negotiated an amicable solution and recently the Housing Development Board approved a development strategy for Luganda whereby 850 proposed crwns is to be developed as a multi-racial project by the proposed Luganda Development Trust, whilst this Administration has retained a portion on which approximately 300 crwns can be developed for our Community.

(b) The Birchwood Park project was completed in 1990.

For written reply

General Affairs

Budget: percentage spent on salaries

18 Mr. M. RAJAB asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services:

What percentage of the budget of the House of Delegates was spent on salaries and salary-related expenditure in each of the latest specified years for which figures are available?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES:

Yes.

(a) Housing Utility Company acquired the Luganda site and planned a housing project of 1724 units. Due to the failure of developer to relocate existing residents, the project was never commenced with A steering Committee appointed by the tanker negotiated an amicable solution and recently the Housing Development Board approved a development strategy for Luganda whereby 850 proposed crwns is to be developed as a multi-racial project by the proposed Luganda Development Trust, whilst this Administration has retained a portion on which approximately 300 crwns can be developed for our Community.
Herby word bekend gemaak dat die Staatspresident sy goedkeuring geheg het aan die onderstaande Wet wat herby ter algemene inligting gepubliseer word —

No 780 11 Maart 1992

No 26 van 1992: Addisionele Begrotingswet (Raad van Afgevaardigdes), 1992

It is hereby notified that the State President has assented to the following Act which is hereby published for general information —

No 780 11 March 1991

No 26 of 1992: Additional Appropriation Act (House of Delegates), 1992
Wet No 26, 1992

ADDISIONELE BEGROTINGSWET
(Raad van Afgevaardigdes), 1992

WET

Tot bewilliging van addisionele bedrage geld vir die behoeftes van die Administrasie Raad van Afgevaardigdes in die boekjaar wat op 31 Maart 1992 eindig.

(Engelse teks deur die Staatspresident geteken)
(Goedgekeur op 3 Maart 1992)

DAAAR WORD BEPAAL deur die Staatspresident en die Raad van Afgevaardigdes van die Republiek van Suid-Afrika, soos volg —

Bewilliging van addisionele geld vir behoeftes van Administrasie Raad van Afgevaardigdes

1. Behoudens die bepaleings van die Skatkswet, 1975 (Wet No 66 van 1975), word daar hierby vir die behoeftes van die Administrasie Raad van Afgevaardigdes in die boekjaar wat op 31 Maart 1992 eindig, as 'n las teen die Inkomsterekening Raad van Afgevaardigdes, die addisionele bedrage geld uteengest in kolom 1 van die Bylae bewillig

Kort titel

2. Hierdie Wet heet die Addisionele Begrotingswet (Raad van Afgevaardigdes), 1992
ACT

To appropriate additional amounts of money for the requirements of the Administration: House of Delegates during the financial year ending 31 March 1992.

(English text signed by the State President)
(Assented to 3 March 1992.)

BE IT ENACTED by the State President and the House of Delegates of the Republic of South Africa, as follows—

Appropriation of additional moneys for requirements of Administration: House of Delegates

5 1. Subject to the provisions of the Exchequer Act, 1975 (Act No 66 of 1975), there are hereby appropriated for the requirements of the Administration House of Delegates during the financial year ending 31 March 1992, as a charge to the Revenue Account House of Delegates, the additional amounts of money shown in column 1 of the Schedule

10 Short title

2. This Act shall be called the Additional Appropriation Act (House of Delegates), 1992
**Wet No. 26, 1992**

**ADDISIONELE BEGROTINGSWET**

(RAAD VAN AFGEVAARDIGDES, 1992)

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**Bylae**

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PROKLABMASIE
van die
 Staatspresident
van die Republiek van Suid-Afrika

No. 18, 1992

TUSSENVERKIESING: RAAD VAN AFGEVAAR-DIGDES KIESAFDELING MALABAR

(1) Kragtens die boogheid my verleen by artikel 110 van die Kieswet, 1979 (Wet No. 45 van 1979), verklaar ek hierby dat 'n vakature ontstaan het in die verteenwoordiging van die Raad van Afgevaardigdes in die kiesafdeling Malabar

(2) Kragtens die boogheid my verleen by artikel 33 van die Kieswet, 1979 (Wet No. 45 van 1979), bepaal ek hierby ingevolge die bepaalings van artikels 34 en 110 van genoemde Wet—

(i) Vyrdag, 10 April 1992, as die dag waarop 'n nornasarie van opsigte van die kiesafdeling Malabar, in hou om nominasies van verkoopsters-kandidate te ontvang vir die verkiesing van 'n lid van die Raad van Afgevaardigdes vir daardie kiesafdeling,

(ii) Woensdag, 20 Mei 1992, as die dag waarop, indien 'n stemming in die bedoelde kiesafdeling nodig word om die redes vermeld in artikel 41 van die genoemde Wet, die stemming ten opsigte van die verkiesing van die lid van die Raad van Afgevaardigdes in die kiesafdeling hierbo gemeld, gehou sal word, welke stemming ooreenkomsst met artikel 94 van genoemde Wet op daardie dag om 07:00 sal begin en om 21:00 sal sluit

Gegewe onder my Hand en die Seel van die Republiek van Suid-Afrika te Kaapstad, op hiervoor die Twalde de dag van Maart Eeuwender Negehonderd Twee-en-negentig

F. W. DE KLERK,
Staatspresident

Op las van die Staatspresident-in-Kabinet

E. LOUW,
Minister van die Kabinet

204 — A

PROCLAMATION
by the
State President
of the Republic of South Africa

No. 18, 1992

BY-ELECTION HOUSE OF DELEGATES
ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MALABAR

(1) Under the powers vested in me by section 110 of the Electoral Act, 1979 (Act No. 45 of 1979), I hereby declare that a vacancy has occurred in the representation of the House of Delegates in the Electoral Division of Malabar

(2) Under the powers vested in me by section 33 of the Electoral Act, 1979 (Act No. 45 of 1979), I hereby determine, in terms of the provisions of sections 34 and 110 of the said Act—

(i) that Friday, 10 April 1992, shall be the day on which a nomination court will sit in respect of the Electoral Division of Malabar, to receive nominations of candidates for election as a member of the House of Delegates for that electoral division,

(ii) Wednesday, 20 May 1992, as the day on which, if a poll becomes necessary in the said electoral division for the reasons mentioned in section 41 of the said Act, the poll in respect of the election of the member of the House of Delegates in the electoral division mentioned above shall be taken, which poll in accordance with section 94 of the said Act will commence at 07:00 and will close at 21:00 on that day

Given under my Hand and the Seal of the Republic of South Africa at Cape Town this Twelfth day of March, One thousand Nine hundred and Ninety-two

F. W. DE KLERK,
State President

By Order of the State President-in-Cabinet

E. LOUW,
Minister of the Cabinet

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The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) Whether his Department has repossessed any houses that are alleged to have been obtained fraudulently; if not, why not, if so, what are the relevant details,

(2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING

(1) Whether a committee has been appointed to investigate the sale of the Havenside shopping complex, if so, (a), (b) and (c) the name, the appointment date, the duration of the appointment, and the purpose of the appointment.

(2) whether this committee has made any recommendations, if not, when is it expected to do so, if so, what are these recommendations?

(3) whether his Department has implemented any of these recommendations, if not, why not, if so, which recommendations?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING

(1) A Committee, which was appointed during August 1991, furnished its report on 27 September 1991.

(2) That Committee recommended that

(i) The Minister of Housing should formulate a formal report regarding the sale of the shopping complex that is being owned by the Housing Development Board and that in the formulation of such a policy due consideration be given to the policy adopted by the former Department of Community Development in the determination of sales prices

(ii) The Minister should, once such a policy is formulated, make it public by informing all interested parties

(iii) In future sales of complexes, the period of the option granted to tenants should be a reasonable one given the circumstances of the particular sale

(iv) The Department of Housing should inform all tenants of their rights before any sale is concluded

(v) The Department of Housing should keep all interested parties fully informed of all developments regarding the sale of any shopping complex

(vi) Insofar as the sale of the shopping complex is concerned, the Department of Housing should investigate urgently the question of affordability on the part of the flat tenants, and if so deemed necessary, the Department in amelioration of the situation, should consider the following possibilities

(a) The first time home owners subsidy

(b) The once-off payment of R7 500

(c) The provision of suitable alternative accommodation for tenants after proper consultation with them

(vii) The Department of Housing must take the necessary steps to ensure that no person who has already been accommodated by the Department is in any way benefited from and/or participate in any other allocation by the Department

Repossession of houses obtained fraudulently

*4 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Housing

(a) Falls away

(b) My Department has relaxed the minimum age requirement for admission into class one, bringing it in line with the policy obtaining at schools under the control of the House of Assembly. The relevant regulations governing the admission age of pupils of the other race groups obtains.

Mr P NAIDOO: Mr Chairman, arising from the hon member's reply, I should like to know the cost implication this dispensation holds for the Department.

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

Mr Chairman, I do not have the specific figures of the number of new members of the hon member puts his question in writing, I shall answer him later.

If we take the extra children using the date of 30 September 1992, we shall be taking 3 955 extra students. If the date was 31 July, it would have been 1 336. We are therefore taking 2 619 extra students for 1992. [Interjections]

New question:

Overcrowding, Unit 3B, Westcliffe

*1 Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Housing

Whether any overcrowding is being experienced in respect of the flats in Unit 3B, Westcliffe, if so, to what extent,

whether any steps are being taken to alleviate this problem, if not, why not, if so, what steps have been taken?

whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING

(1) This is a local authority project. Although it can be accepted that overcrowding may exist due to the natural growth in family sizes over the years, the Durban City Council is not aware of any large scale overcrowding.

(2) Thus far, representations in this regard by individual leaseholders have been considered by the relevant City Council.

(3) Yes, the Minister has asked his Administration to investigate two areas in Chatsworth, with a view to identifying suitable land for the construction of low cost housing.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES
The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE Mr Chairman, if any department specifically requests any site that we have and that we do not need for building schools, we shall meet that request if it is a laudable one.

Regarding residences, there are certain areas that we shall reserve for residences for teachers, as that was requested by the Department. We have 18 school sites that will have handed over for housing or other purposes for which they are necessary in this country.

Mr M MOHANLALL Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, will he return this land which was occupied or owned by members of a particular community to that community or will he deprive them of that opportunity?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I do not want to deprive anybody of land that they held previously, and historical imbalances must be rectified if such a request is made. My department has received a request with regard to a specific area in Umgeni South near Durban, namely site no. 8 at Palmiet, which is State-owned and reserved for a school. It has been requested by a particular family that owned it previously. This will be considered most sympathetically.

Mr M MOHANLALL Mr Chairman, further arising from the hon the Minister's reply, I did indicate to the hon the Minister in previous debates that the same applies to the sites in Close Road and Burton Place that land should also be returned to the original owners.

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, that aspect is being looked at by the Department and finally will be reached when a suitable price can be agreed upon.

Retired person appointed as school principal

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, is able to let us know whether land is going to be released to other education departments for educational purposes or housing, or whether consideration was given to these sites being given to other communities that had been deprived of schooling accommodation?

(1) Whether a certain person, whose name has been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply, was brought back from retirement to act as principal of a school, if so, (a) why, (b) what is her name and (c) to which school was she appointed.

(2) Whether he will make a statement on the matter?

Retired person appointed as school principal

2 The second announcement deals with a general special remission of sentence for the broad spectrum of prisoners who had followed upon the Groote Schuur and Pretoria Minutes benefited only a specific category of prisoners. This brought about an imbalance, and a more even-handed approach is called for.

I therefore decided to grant a one third remission of sentence to all sentenced first offenders who were serving sentences on 1 July 1991. This remission will, however, not apply to persons serving life sentences, sentences for sexual offences, abuse and molestation and a few other exceptions. On release, all relevant factors will be taken into consideration, such as integration into the community, the possibility of readjustment and the prospects for rehabilitation. Thus the safety and interests of the public will also receive adequate attention.

In appropriate cases parole will also be considered. Where the seriousness of the crime, however, justifies it and the prisoner has not yet served a significant part of his sentence, longer than normal parole periods—up to 5 years—will apply and no stricter conditions will be set.

These measures will take effect immediately and will be administered by the Department of Correctional Services. The effect of the special remission will be spread over an extended period. A substantial number of prisoners will, however, benefit immediately or in the near future, by way of release and/or parole.

I am also considering further proposals as to what may be done, if anything, in respect of second and further offenders.

The Government believes that it has now reached an equitable solution to all outstanding questions relating to the release of prisoners.

I wish to emphasize that justice will continue to take its course and that all offenders, especially those involved in violence, can expect to be prosecuted and punished in accordance with the law. The release programme as a whole and the Groote Schuur and Pretoria Minutes has now virtually run its course, resulting in the release of more than 1,040 prisoners.

The Government is confident that other issues such as prisoners in neighbouring independent countries could similarly be discussed amongst responsible parties.

The Government is prepared to play an intermediary role.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, rising out of the hon the Minister's reply, in respect of the 47,349 that were released on parole, is the hon the Minister able to let us know how many of these were convicted of drug-related offences?
Regulated by die Postkantoor Geregistreer
Registered at the Post Office as a Newspaper

Vol. 321
KAAPSTAD, 20 MAART 1992
CAPE TOWN, 20 MARCH 1992
No. 13866

KANTOOR VAN DIE STAATSPRESDENT

No 906.
20 Maart 1992

Hieraan word bekend gemaak dat die Staatspresident sy goedkeuring gehet aan die onderstaande Wet wat hierby ter algemene algemene ingestel gepubliseer word —

No 32 van 1992 Gedeeltehke Begrotingswet (Raad van Afgevaardigdes), 1992

STATE PRESIDENT'S OFFICE

No 906
20 March 1992

It is hereby notified that the State President has assented to the following Act which is hereby published for general information —

No 32 of 1992 Part Appropriation Act (House of Delegates), 1992
WET

Tot bewilling van 'n bedrag van hoogstens R574 000 000 uit die Staatsinkomstefonds vir 'n gedeelte van die behoeftes van die Administrasie: Raad van Afgevaardigdes vir die boekjaar wat op 31 Maart 1993 eindig.

(Engelse teks deur die Staatspresident geteken)
(Goedgekeur op 16 Maart 1992)

Daar word bepaal deur die Staatspresident en die Raad van Afgevaardigdes van die Republiek van Suid-Afrika. soos volg —

Bewilling van geld vir gedeelte van behoeftes van Administrasie: Raad van Afgevaardigdes

1. Behoudens die bepalings van die tweede voorbehoudsbepaling by subartikel (1) en van subartikel (2) van artikel 4 van die Skatkiswet, 1975 (Wet No. 66 van 1975), word daar hierby uit die Staatsinkomstefonds 'n bedrag van hoogstens R574 000 000 ten laste van die Inkomsterekening Raad van Afgevaardigdes bewillig wat nodig mag wees vir 'n gedeelte van die behoeftes van die Administrasie Raad van Afgevaardigdes gedurende die boekjaar wat op 31 Maart 1993 eindig, tot tyd en wyl voorsiening in 'n Begrotingswet vir die behoeftes gemaak is.

Kort titel

2. Hierdie Wet heet die Gedeeltelike Begrotingswet (Raad van Afgevaardigdes), 1992
ACT

To appropriate an amount not exceeding R574 000 000 out of the State Revenue Fund for a part of the requirements of the Administration: House of Delegates for the financial year ending 31 March 1993.

(English text signed by the State President)
(Ascented to 16 March 1992)

BE IT ENACTED by the State President and the House of Delegates of the Republic of South Africa, as follows —

Appropriation of moneys for part of requirements of Administration: House of Delegates

1. Subject to the provisions of the second proviso to subsection (1) and of subsection (2) of section 4 of the Exchequer Act, 1975 (Act No 66 of 1975), there is hereby appropriated out of the State Revenue Fund such amount not exceeding R574 000 000 as a charge against the Revenue Account House of Delegates as may be necessary for a part of the requirements of the Administration: House of Delegates during the financial year ending 31 March 1993, until such time as provision has been made in an Appropriation Act for such requirements

Short title

2. This Act shall be called the Part Appropriation Act (House of Delegates), 1992
people who want to catch the train. The victims are mainly members of the Indian community.

I want to remind the hon the Minister that the satellite station was provided as a result of continuous agitation on the part of the members of the Indian community. I want to make an appeal for a continuous 24-hour foot patrol and the visible presence of policemen in this vicinity at all times.

Furthermore I want to ask the hon the Minister whether he does not think that since Indians always appear to be the victims in this particular area, there is no right for the Government to take very stern action against those who are caught with unlicensed firearms. Let us look at the legislation so that even if a person is caught being in possession of an unlicensed firearm [Time expired]

Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition, I am grateful to the hon the Minister for having provided us with those particular statistics that Victoria Street area. I am also pleased to hear from the hon the Minister that afternoon that generally the police appear to be doing their job fairly satisfactory, and we all know how difficult it is to do that job at the present time.

I also agree with the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition when he says that the perception, and the reality certainly, is that there are a large number of minor crimes which go unpunished. Perhaps that is why the hon the Minister is not aware of the situation. I agree with the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition that perhaps one of the remedies would be to institute a 24-hour foot patrol.

Two weeks ago there was a report in the Sunday Tribune Herald that traders in that particular complex in Victoria Street were running scared because of the crime in that area, and that as a result, several had closed down their operations. The report indicated that five had already left those premises and that a few more were contemplating shutting up shop. This was because of the muggings and the thefts that are prevalent in that area.

The hon the Minister indicated this afternoon that we have a satellite station in that area. That satellite station is some distance away from this particular area and the idea was mooted that a mobile unit be established on those premises which are owned by the SBDC. I would like to ask the hon the Minister whether any representations have been made to him or his department in that regard.

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER Mr Chairman, may I first of all thank the hon member for Springfield for his kind words to the SA Police.

Mr M RAJAB I am kind to all hon Ministers who do their job properly.

The MINISTER Well, I thank the hon member specially for that compliment. I would appreciate it if he could put it in writing and send it through to me. Perhaps I could use it in the near future to find a job somewhere in South Africa.

As hon members know, we are really trying to do our best. The hon member will remember that just before the referendum I announced a plan to increase visible policing. We have already decided to allocate another 25 policemen to that specific area. If the hon member will bear with us, so that we can get our act together and get those people trained, we hope that we shall be able to prevent crime through this greater visibility. I am sure that if we can get our training programme implemented and if the new policemen recruited as soon as possible, we shall be able to effect a marked improvement in regard to the whole crime situation in South Africa.

This brings me to the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition. I hope he does not mind when I say that I want to protect only Indians from being mugged, etc. We want to protect everybody in South Africa, regardless of their colour, religion, etc. [Interjections] That is the duty of the police. We try to act in an unbiased fashion in our protection of people wherever they may be, because we believe that is the duty of the SA Police. [Time expired]

Mr K CHETTY Mr Chairman, Victoria Street is branded as the infamous Cashab area. Over the years this has been a problem area as far as the working class people are concerned. People in our and other communities use the bus rank to get to their homes and work respectively. However, this place is plagued with problems of violence, robbery, pickpocketing etc. Crime is on the increase in this area. Over the years this area has basically been a forgotten area as far as the SA Police was concerned. [Interjections]

An HON MEMBER It is used by all people.

Mr K CHETTY I agree, it is used by all people.

In this area, right at the bus rank, people are robbed on buses and even on trains. People are even mugged and robbed right at the Daren Station. In fact, a number of Indian women, wearing their religious chains around their necks, were almost throttled when robbers tried to pull these chains off.

As much as we appreciate what the SA Police are doing, I know their hands are tied, because they do not have the necessary manpower. At the same time, however, people's lives are important. I think the hon the Minister must also take into consideration. He must see whether he can step up police protection in that area, because it is really needed.

A person works for a whole month, and when he finally gets to the bus stop on his way home, he is robbed of his monthly earnings. That is a blow to anyone. When somebody loses a loved one because that person has been stabbed to death, it is a great loss for a family. Such a tragedy puts a family back.

It is therefore important that this area must be patrolled at all times, even if it is patrolled on a 24-hour basis, as was done by the Leader of the Official Opposition said.

Mr M F CASSIM They must use snu-camera for surveillance.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, I referred to members of the Indian community, because there is no doubt about the fact that these muggers concentrate mainly on Indians.

The morale of people is very low. During the referendum campaign the hon the Minister announced quite a lot of measures to protect people. Notwithstanding the excellent job the SA Police is doing, I wish to put forward another two proposals:

Firstly I want to repeat that we need a 24-hour foot patrol. Secondly I am extending an invitation to the hon the Minister—I see they are advertising in the Chatsworth Sun for support for the NP—to make his presence felt in the Cashab area. I am inviting not only him, but also Black, Coloured and White leaders, to come to the Cashab area so that they can see that we are looking after all communities. I ask him please not to refuse this invitation. [Time expired]

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER Mr Chairman, I can only say to the hon member for Chatsworth Central once again that I understand the problem. We are well aware of the situation. There is definitely not an apathy within the SA Police, we do accept the situation. We are using all kinds of methods, such as better and more modern methods of policing and more policemen to fight this situation. Somebody said something about a camera. Interjections...

I have announced that that is the sort of thing we are going to do. We are going back in time by upholding some old, proven methods, such as bicycle patrols. We are really doing our best.

The Government was kind enough to allow a tremendous increase in the allocation made to the SA Police in comparison with the increases in the budgets of other departments. We have to be very grateful for this increase.

At the same time, however, we want to step up our police protection. I want to draw the attention of the hon member to the fact that there are foot patrols in that area.

I said so in my initial speech I could repeat myself, but I do not think that is necessary. We go out of our way. We have a special crime prevention clean-up in the Cashab area. Members of the Force Hon members must remember that we draw those members from other areas just to concentrate on a certain area. So, although I understand the problem, we are doing our best, and I think we are succeeding. As I proved here today, the crime rate is decreasing.

In conclusion, I want to appeal to the people of this community to report crimes to the SAP. Unless they do so, we cannot deal with the problem.

Debate concluded

Own Affairs

Shopping complex in Chatsworth: agreement cancelled

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Housing.

(1) Whether his Department has cancelled any purchase and sales agreement in respect of any shopping complex in Chatsworth, if so, what are the relevant details.

[Answer]

The HOUSE OF DELEGATES
The MINISTER OF HOUSING Mr Chairman, firstly, no, and secondly, yes. The position with regard to the Moorort and Montford shopping complexes is that the sales have automatically lapsed since the consortium involved failed to comply with the conditions of sale. In the case of the Mobeon Heights shopping complex, the consortium did comply with certain conditions of the agreement, and has been given an extension of time to comply with the remainder. In this instance the agreement is accordingly still in force.

I wish to draw the attention of all hon members to the fact that the Cabinet has recently directed that State assets, especially immovable property in the form of shopping complexes and vacant residential, commercial and industrial land, be sold at a price of urgency. The purpose of such sales is to generate essential funds to meet the ever-increasing demand for housing for those for whom they are directly responsible or otherwise return the funds realised to the Treasury. It is therefore imperative that we act expeditiously and finalise the sale of our shopping complexes as a matter of top priority.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, I want to place on record that my interpellement was directed at the Mobeon Heights shopping centre, where certain traders expressed their concern that they had learnt that, because of the failure of that consortium to perform, the department had cancelled the purchase and sale agreement.

I telephoned the chief director of the hon the Minister's department, and he replied that he would check the file and telephone me. He returned my call after having checked the file, and informed me that it was true that his department had cancelled the agreement of sale. I want to place this on record, because this was not an isolated discussion over the telephone.

The chief director first checked the facts.

In the hon the Minister's answer, however, relating to the Montfort and the Moorort shopping complexes, he indicated that the sales had automatically lapsed since the consortium involved had failed to comply with the conditions of sale. I should like the hon the Minister to state what the legal position is, because I notice that in respect of Mobeon Heights an extension of time has been given. If what is contained in this answer is correct, why were extensions of time not given in respect of the other shopping centres, and is the hon the Minister prepared to confront the chief director of his department in respect of the answer he gave me in response to a query I made on behalf of the traders?

I want to make an appeal in respect of the conditions of sale, the hon the Minister should seriously consider whether the conditions of sale are reasonable and whether the time limit imposed by the Administration and the Housing Development Board is reasonable. I want to press my concern, however, that the answer which the head of his department gave me was completely different to the answer we got today.

There have been other instances where the answers given to the House differed from the official answers given by the Administration.

The MINISTER OF HOUSING Mr Chairman, I do not want to go into any further details, but I believe if these enter into a mutually acceptable agreement, they should perform that is the basis of our law.

However, if I interpret the question regarding the Mobeon shopping complex correctly, they probably responded in part, and not in respect of all the requirements that had to be met. I would like to believe that the department said that, in view of the fact that they had indicated a willingness to carry on with the deal, they would extend the time. That is the conclusion I draw.

However, I want to make it very clear, that so far as shopping complexes are concerned, where an agreement has been finalised and prices have been agreed on, one cannot allow the matter to drag on, for the simple reason that we are depending on the R6 million or so that we are going to earn from the sale of shopping complexes in Cresthurt. We need this money in order to address the urgent need for housing. My appeal is this: if there is some matter they want to discuss with the department, they should by all means put their case before the department, and discuss it, and do nothing about it, is unfair to the parties.

I would like to say to the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition that the agreement lapsed because there had been no performance. However, the people who represent these two consortium should put their case, or whatever it is that they want to reconsider, to the Administration. I am sure the matter would be looked at.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, I want to quote the actual words of the hon the Minister of Housing, "mutually accepted agreements", "agreements finalised" and "price agreed on".

There are no mutually acceptable agreements as far as these shopping centres are concerned, in the case of one shopping centre there was an agreement between the department and the traders. I believe there was Ministerial intervention as a result of which that mutually acceptable agreement was thrown overboard. These traders were told—on Ministerial instructions—that the price had gone up, and that they could take it or leave it. There was never any question of anyone agreeing on a price! They had prices imposed on them.

They received letters to the effect that they could take it or leave it, and that the price was not negotiable! Worse still, they were given a time limit along with the threat that if they did not accept the offer of the price by a certain date, the property would go on public auction on the instructions of the Ministers' Council.

There is therefore no question of "mutually acceptable agreements", I agree that if there is a willing seller and a willing buyer, the Mobeon Heights shopping centre can be sold for R50 million, provided the agreements are mutually acceptable to both parties, and not a one-sided affair.

Despite our discussions there are one or two officials of the department who are ruthless as far as these matters are concerned. Let us translate what said here into practical reality, because there is a tremendous measure of interest in these two words, "mutually acceptable". What I am saying about mutually acceptable agreements can be proved, not only in words, but in writing. In every case a gun is held to these traders' heads, and they are threatened. Take it or leave it. I repeat, they are threatened and told that the instructions come from the hon the Minister of Housing. They are told if they do not accept the property at a certain price, it will be sold in respect of these shopping centres, where the sales have lapsed. [Time expired]

Mr K MOODLEY Mr Chairman, when dealing with these shopping centres, a number of factors have to be taken into account. Some of them are new and others are old. Some of them have been paid for over the years by the tenants.

What intrigues me, though, is that the department gives notice to traders that they have to buy their shops at a certain price! Imagine then that they are given a notice on 1 December according to which they have to sign, confirm and conclude the agreement by 31 December. When these traders come back and ask the department to call a meeting in order to discuss and clarify certain matters, that is accepted. They are told they can come and meet the department. The day before the meeting they hear that the meeting would serve no purpose and that it will therefore not take place.

I know that no matter who the Minister is, he is not going to be able to check on all the departments. These are the things that happen. I think that there should be someone who can give directions, to give instructions and ensure that this kind of anomaly does not take place.

Certainly we are looking at a group of people who are suddenly told they have to raise R2 million, or whatever the price may be, and given 30 days in which to do it. I find this very difficult to accept. When one has to approach the department to discuss these issues, and the agreement is accepted at first whereas one is then told no purpose will be served, one will get cancellations of sales and problems will arise. I think that this must be dealt with in a more mutually acceptable manner.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, the hon the Deputy Minister of Housing can confirm that I have given him the name of an official who is smooth when dealing with our people. He is unreasonable and he is ruthless.

They produce these high figures, praying that these people will refuse them, because there is somebody in the private sector who is prepared to buy this property on the open market and even give somebody commission.

Let us take one case in which I quoted earlier on in which there was a mutually accepted agreement.
between the traders and the department. The meaning of the term "mutually accepted" was translated into its proper, practical meaning. They came back to the traders, however, and said the hon the Minister of Housing had given instructions that he was not prepared to accept this mutual agreement, and they raised the price. I shall prove that I shall give hon members the information. The hon the Minister must get McLachlan out into his office and arrange an all-party meeting. I shall get the traders. It is on record that it was a Ministerial instruction that the prices agreed upon would not be acceptable. This is what was reported, and I have confirmed it to be the truth. [Time expired]

The MINISTER OF HOUSING Mr. Chairman, as far as the Moberi Heights shopping centre is concerned, the reason that consideration was extended to them is that they were able to furnish the financial guarantee for the money on the basis of the sale price agreed upon.

I want to make it absolutely clear that shopping complexes are valued at the market price. Those prices are discounted for the trauma our people have gone through as a result of the Group Areas Act. As far as I am aware, there have been prolonged negotiations with regard to Montford and Moorcut. Ultimately there was an agreement. After all, even if they ask us to sell the shopping centres for peanuts, we cannot simply do that. It is not money belonging to the Minister, it is State money.

There is a method of valuing the property. What we did and are doing all over with regard to shopping complexes, is to discount the open-market value by considering what our people have suffered, due to displacement. The price in terms of the agreement is arrived at on that basis. I want to make it clear that I cannot simply give away shopping complexes. I do not want to become popular. It is State money and I am answerable for it.

What we want to ensure is that people expedite the negotiations. One cannot carry on negotiations for six months or a year. If that deal were given to a lawyer to handle on our behalf, it would have been closed, one way or the other, long ago. I have indicated that I am prepared to advise that my officials talk to these people again if they want to talk about the matter.

We need the money. There is the Cabinet directive. The Treasury imposes certain conditions. I am not involved in these negotiations. I have no interest in them. I went out of my way, even as far as Havenside was concerned, to help finalise matters as far as possible. Fortunately Havenside has also produced its guarantee. Moberi Heights has produced a guarantee. What we are charging is a fair market value, not the market value as determined by people like Issac Geshen and Company. We accept that figure, and then we try to discount the price on the basis of the trauma our people have gone through. [Time expired]

Debate concluded.

QUESTIONS
† Indicates translated version
For written reply
General Affairs
Vacant posts: King Edward VIII Hospital, Natal Medical School, (a) King Edward VIII, 11, Natal Medical School—Urology, Gynaecology and Obstetrics, Neurology, Surgery, Anatomy, Chemical Pathology, Haematology, Microbiology, Pharmacology, Forensic Pathology and Virology, 29 February 1992
29 February 1992
5 March 1992,
(v) King Edward VIII—Retirements, promotions and resignations
(m) King Edward VIII—Personnel were selected and will assume duty soon
Natal Medical School—Posts are being advertised,

D52E

The MINISTER OF NATIONAL HEALTH
(1) (a) Yes and
(b) yes,
(i) (aa) King Edward VIII—11, Natal Medical School—13,
(bb) King Edward VIII—Clinical Wards

Natal Medical School—Unattractive conditions of service and the fact that private practice is more lucrative and

Natal Medical School—Posts are being advertised,
### The MINISTER OF NATIONAL HEALTH

**Notified cases of each notifiable medical condition**
Republic of South Africa, 1991

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<td>Pesticidal poisoning</td>
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<td>Paratyphoid fever</td>
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<td>Plague</td>
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<td>Smallpox</td>
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**Livingstone Hospital: beds**
183

Lt-Gen R H D ROGERS asked the Minister of National Health:

What, in respect of the Livingstone Hospital, was the (a) total number of beds, and (b) number of beds not utilized, in 1991? B33E

The MINISTER OF NATIONAL HEALTH

(a) 793 beds

(b) none

**Own Affairs**

**Subsidized school buses**

40

Mr R M BURROWS asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

(a) (i) How many pupils were transported daily in subsidized school buses, and (ii) what was the total net annual cost of such transport, in each province in 1991 and (b) what is each provincial education department’s policy regarding the transportation of pupils? B33E

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(a) (i) 9,493

(ii) R6 501,120

(b) All provinces are moving towards a self-supporting school bus transport system. At present, facilitation is given to pupils who live farther than 3 km from their nearest school and where public transport or hostel accommodation is not available.

**HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY**

**HOUSE OF DELEGATES**

**QUESTIONS**

†Indicates translated version

**For written reply**

**Own Affairs**

Training of teachers. cost

5 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

What is the estimated cost to the State of training a teacher at (a) an university and (b) teacher-training college on a non-residential full-time basis for four years? D42E

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

The lowest estimated cost to the State of training a teacher on a non-residential full-time basis for four years is as follows

(a) at a university, say University of Durban Westville, the State subsidy of R7,371,00 p x 4 which is R29,484,00 (minimum)

(b) at a teacher-training college, say Springfield College of Education, R11,283,10 p x 4 which is R45,133,56 (minimum)

Mass protests: Indian schools

6 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

(i) Whether teachers in Indian schools staged any mass protests during 1991, if so, (a) when, (b) where, (c) why and (d) what amount of teaching time was lost as a result,

(ii) whether he will make a statement on the matter? D43E

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(i) Yes

(a) From 5 February 1991 to 8 February 1991

(b) Staged "sit-in/chalk down" in most schools

Subsidized school buses

8 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

(a) How many pupils attending schools falling under his Department were transported daily in subsidized school buses, and

(b) Subsidized school buses

(a) 794 (as at 4 March)

House of Delegates
and (b) what was the total net annual cost of such transport, in each province in 1991.

(2) what is his Department's policy regarding the transportation of pupils?

DSE

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) (a) None, the Department does not provide subsidized school buses, but 14,433 pupils were transported on State Contract Buses.
(b) The total cost of providing State Contract bus services for 1991 was R6 205 411. A breakdown per province is, as yet, not readily available.

(2) The existing policy of the Department requires a levy of R25.00 per term per pupil on a strict affordability basis. This policy of providing a State Contract bus service is being revised whereby a transport allowance will be given to indigent pupils who qualify through a means test.

Free textbooks/prescribed books: cost

10. Mr M Rajab asked the Minister of Education and Culture what was the cost of providing free textbooks and prescribed books in (a) primary and (b) secondary schools under the control of his Department in the latest specified financial year for which information is available.

DSE

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

Figures available for the latest financial year (1990/1991) are as follows:

(1) Promotion/upgrading of professional personnel in the Department of Education and Culture—House of Delegates since 1 January 1988 to 29 February 1992

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<tr>
<th></th>
<th>(a)</th>
<th>(b)</th>
<th>(c)</th>
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<td>Imposition and advisory services</td>
<td>Psychological services</td>
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<tr>
<td>(i) PL 4 to PL 5</td>
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<td>(ii) PL 5 to PL 6</td>
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<td>(iii) PL 6 to PL 7</td>
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<td>(iv) PL 7 to PL 8</td>
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</table>

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(2) (a) Superintendents of Education
Promoted from Level 4 to Level 5

1. Mr G S Ebrahim
2. Mr J Govender
3. Mr L Ndoo
4. Mr P Govender
5. Mrs A C Jansen
6. Mr M A Padyachree
7. Miss V Ramhali
8. Mr H B Singh
9. Mr J Rautalal
10. Mr R Valjee
11. Miss F R David
12. Mrs P Laban

(2) (b) School Psychologists
Promoted from Level 4 to Level 5

13. Mr K P Govender
14. Mrs P Ndoo
15. Mrs M Persad
16. Mr R Maharaj
17. Mrs S Balkenson
18. Mrs D D Ndoo
19. Mrs J Fakir
20. Miss S Ismail
21. Mrs D L Ndoo
22. Mrs S Pillay
23. Mr D M Moodley

(2) (c) Education Planners
Promoted from Level 5 to Level 6

1. Mr I Kathrada
2. Mr S E Majam
3. Mrs E Buys
4. Mr M H Abooabaker
5. Mr L V Pillay
6. Mr A I Ismail
7. Mr R L Beharee
8. Mr N Moodley
9. Mrs E S Somers
10. Mrs M Walters
11. Mr A D Padyachree
12. Mr P A Ndoo

13. Mr V Ndoo
14. Mr M M Moodley appointed on Level 5 on 1/2/91
15. Mr H Rameshur
16. Mr P J Venter
17. Mr G Khadaroo
18. Mr M Naramsay
19. Mr J Pillay
20. Mr V R Govender
21. Promoted from Level 7 to Level 8
22. Mr L R Ndoo
23. Dr C G Shah
24. Mr P M Govender
25. Mr S G Moodley
26. Mr V Ndoo
27. Mr P Ndoo
28. Promoted from Level 5 to Level 6
29. Mr R N Singh
30. Mr J Naramsay
31. Promoted from Level 6 to Level 7
32. Mr P B Singh
33. Promoted from Level 5 to Level 6
What amount was spent by the State in respect of housing assistance to the Indian population group in the latest specified financial year for which figures are available?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING

In the 1990-91 financial year R181,119,418 was expended in respect of departmental and local authority housing projects from the Housing Development Fund and R17,200,001 from voted funds in respect of the First Time Home Owners' Subsidy Scheme.

QUESTIONS

†Indicates translated version

For written reply

Own Affairs

Housing assistance to Indians

19 Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Housing

The sign * indicates a translation. The sign †, used subsequently in the same interpellation, indicates the original language.

General Affairs

移动法庭

*1 Mr J J S PRINSLOO asked the Minister of Justice

(1) Whether he will comment on the legal validity of the procedures followed in the functioning of the mobile courts which were put to the test at the end of 1991, if not, why not, if so, what are his comments,

(2) whether these courts were operated on a sound financial basis?

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF JUSTICE Mr Speaker, on behalf of the hon the Minister of Justice my reply is as follows: Firstly, the procedure that was followed in the functioning of the mobile courts was in accordance with the law. The places where the mobile courts held sessions were determined in terms of section 2(1)(b) of the Magistrates' Courts Act as places in existing magisterial districts for the holding of court sessions. The Government notices in this regard, with which the State legal advisers complied, were published in the Gazette in terms of section 2(1) of the Magistrates' Courts Act. I refer to this regard to Gazette 13691 of 12 December 1991.

The courts functioned like any other court in the country which was instituted in terms of the Magistrates' Courts Act. Magistrates, prosecutors, clerks of the court and interpreters were on duty at the courts, and rules of criminal procedure, the law of evidence and other procedures were complied with. The Legal Aid Board made legal representatives available to the courts to give the accused legal advice, if they so desired.

Secondly, mobile courts were conducted on a sound financial basis. A proper infrastructure was created in that a clerk of the court was made available for the receipt of fines and bail, the takings being duly accounted for on instructions of the Treasury by means of receipts, the moneys securely locked in a steel cabinet, paid daily to the accounting departments of the seats of the local courts and accounted for in cash books and banked at the earliest opportunity.

Supplementary to the reply of the hon the Minister of Justice to Question 2 on 4 February 1992, I would like to point out that the administration of justice is not a commercial commodity. The functioning of the administration of justice cannot depend on a profit and loss account in which costs and cents are a consideration. Court cases cannot be quantified in advance, and the number of court cases brought to court and their duration can similarly not be determined in advance.

If costs really have to be a consideration in the administration of justice, consideration will have to given to abolishing periodic courts in remote places and places which are geographically difficult of access. In this regard examples such as Tom Burke and the Samboubrug in the district of Potgietersrus may be mentioned. There are 182 of these periodic courts in the country.

An aspect that I want to emphasise supplementary to the hon the Minister's previous reply is the value of the additional measures which were instituted in the field of the administration of justice. From April 1991 to February 1992 in night courts alone 8 608 cases were heard, on which 4 395 judicial hours were spent. Ganged at a norm of 1 000 hours per court per annum this figure represents 4 395 courts for which it will be unnecessary to incur expenditure for an increased staff complement and the creation of capital-intensive court facilities [Time expired]

*Mr J J S PRINSLOO Mr Speaker, I am sorry that the hon the Minister is not here himself to deal with this interpellation because what I am going to say also applies specifically to actions of the hon the Minister. When I put questions to the hon the Minister at the beginning of this year's session for information on mobile courts, he was clearly tense, nervous and completely over-reacted. At that stage I wondered why the information that has since come to my attention with regard to the procedures followed at these mobile courts and the financial implications of...
Freedom of the media
‘an unattainable goal’

By EVE VOSLOO

PEACE can only be achieved in the open marketplace of ideas, which should give both sides an opportunity to speak freely, the chairman of the South African Media Council, Professor Kobus van Rooyen, SC, said in Cape Town this week.

Professor Van Rooyen, a former head of the Publications Appeals Board which heard appeals against the then rigid censorship in force in South Africa, was addressing a meeting of the Media Council in the Cape Town civic centre.

He said that during the past decade, the Media Council — set up by the Newspaper Press Union and the Conference of Editors — had played an enormous role in furthering the freedoms of the media and maintaining high standards of journalism.

“Although the laws referred to mostly had extremely far-reaching consequences, for example, state security and peace and good order: it needs little argument to continue ones which these vague and wretched laws are open to abuse,” he said.

Opposition to these laws by the Media Council had led to the changes in their proposals to amend and repealing statutes such as the Official Secrets Act, the Journalists Protection Act, the Protection of Security of State Act and the Progressive Control of Publications Act.

The change in the 1979 Press Act was against the council’s wish.

In one of the more notable cases, the council had reversed its position, but the publishers’ bodies had stuck to them.

“Under such circumstances, the council’s role becomes one of monitoring and enforcement,” he said.

A rare exception was the Non-European Education Act, which was in force now, and the council was prepared to monitor it.

“On the contrary, we must address ourselves to the question of how we should approach the issue of the right to freedom of the press and freedom of expression in a country with an apartheid system,” he said.

He said that the council had submitted a proposal to the state to shift the burden of proof to the state and not the individual in court cases.

“Freedom of the press can only be achieved through a free media which is able to inform, to think, to speak, to write and to publish,” he said.

In his view, the freedom of the press was essential for a stable democracy and a free society.

“I am not suggesting that we abandon our work or the council’s work,” he said.

“I am suggesting that we approach the issue of freedom of the press and freedom of expression in a different way,” he said.

He said that the council was prepared to monitor the changes in the Press Act, but not to enforce them.

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He said that the council was prepared to monitor the changes in the Press Act, but not to enforce them.
BY-ELECTION HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES: ELECTORAL DIVISION OF DIAMANT

(1) Under the powers vested in me by section 110 of the Electoral Act, 1979 (Act No. 45 of 1979), I hereby declare that a vacancy has occurred in the representation of the House of Representatives in the Electoral Division of Diamant.

(2) Under the powers vested in me by section 33 of the Electoral Act, 1979 (Act No. 45 of 1979), I hereby determine, in terms of the provisions of sections 34 and 110 of the said Act—

(i) that Wednesday, 20 May 1992, shall be the day on which a nomination court will sit in respect of the Electoral Division of Diamant, to receive nominations of candidates for election as a member of the House of Representatives for that electoral division,

(ii) Wednesday, 24 June 1992, as the day on which, if a poll becomes necessary in the said electoral division for the reasons mentioned in section 41 of the said Act, the poll in respect of the election of the member of the House of Representatives in the electoral division mentioned above shall be taken, which poll in accordance with section 94 of the said Act will commence at 07:00 and will close at 21:00 on that day.
Given under my Hand and the Seal of the Republic of South Africa at Cape Town, this Twenty-ninth day of April, One thousand Nine hundred and Ninety-two

F. W. DE KLERK,
State President

By Order of the State President-in-Cabinet

E. LOUW,
Minister of the Cabinet

---

**INHOUD**

**No**

**PROKRAMASIE**

39 Keswet (45/1949) Tussenverkiesing Raad van Verteenwoordigers Kesaatde- ling Diamant

**Bladsy Koerant No**

**1 13965**

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**PROCLAMATION**

39 Electoral Act (45/1979) By-election House of Representatives Electoral Division of Diamant

**Page No**

**1 13965**
Deputy Minister of Housing

R6 456.15 p.m. plus actual expenditure on municipal services and rates and taxes

Tax are deducted from all the amounts payable under (b)

(3) The State does not own sufficient residences to accommodate all political office-bearers. Members of the Ministers' Council of the House of Delegates are entitled to furnished official residences in both Cape Town and Durban. Should office-bearers choose to reside in their private residences, the Department of Public Works will, subject to certain conditions, compensate office-bearers for the use of their private residences as official residences. Such compensation is made up of basic rental for the use of the residence, compensation for general maintenance, use of own furniture, cleaning and gardening services, as well as actual expenditure on municipal services and rates and taxes. The compensation is paid throughout the year as State-owned residences are continuously at the disposal of office-bearers.

Own Affairs

Departmental personnel: House of Delegates

17 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services

With reference to his reply to Question No 21 on 14 May 1991 in connection with the personnel involved in the administration of each Department of the Administration House of Delegates, what was the function and/or job description of each of the personnel listed in subparagraphs (b)(i), (ii), (iv), (v) of the above reply?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

With regard to the above question I wish to refer the hon member to my reply to Question 41 on 28 May 1991 which appears in columns 1903 to 1908 under ‘Interpellations, Questions and Replies’ of Hansard No 23 of 1991.

Budget: percentage spent on salaries

18 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services

What percentage of the budget of the House of Delegates was spent on salaries and salary-related expenditure in each of the latest specified three years for which figures are available?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

The percentage of the budget of the House of Delegates spent on salaries and salary-related expenditure in the financial years 1988/89 to 1990/91 is as follows:

- (i) 1988/89: 47.1%
- (ii) 1989/90: 49.7%
- (iii) 1990/91: 56.7%

INTERPELLATIONS UNDER NAME OF MEMBER

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Carlisle, Mr R V—

Own Affairs

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Gerber, Mr A—

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Langley, Mr T—

General Affairs

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Leon, Mr A J—

General Affairs

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Le Roux, Mr F J—

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Rajbans, Mr A—

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Sawman, Dr W J—

General Affairs

National Health, 521

Van der Merwe, Mr H D K—

General Affairs

Constitutional Development, 399

Van Eck, Mr J—

General Affairs

Law and Order, 405
The MINISTER OF NATIONAL HEALTH

(a) R5 873 880 and
(b) (i) (aa) R538 200 000—House of Assembly
   R473 184 000—House of Representatives
   R125 928 000—House of Delegates
   (bb) R808 680 000—Transvaal Provincial Administration
   R316 440 000—Cape Provincial Administration
   R207 444 000—Natal Provincial Administration
   R246 120 000—Provincial Administration of the Orange Free State
   (cc) R1 621 041 880—Self-governing territories and
   (dd) R1 336 080 000—Independent states (TBVC states)

The MINISTER OF NATIONAL HEALTH

(a) 163 beds and
(b) none

Note

The distribution of the amounts at (cc) and (dd) is not available.

PE/Unsengele metropole pupil numbers

205 Mr E W TRENTE asked the Minister of Home Affairs

How many (a) White (b) Coloured, (c) Asian and (d) Black children of school-going age in the (i) pre-school, (ii) primary school, (iii) secondary school and (iv) 18 to 22 years age categories were there in the Port Elizabeth/Unsengele metropole as at the latest specified date for which statistics are available?

The MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS

(a) 7 001
(b) 11 377
(c) 465
(d) 24 030

(iv) 20 243
(viii) 28 284
(xiii) 1 235
(xiv) 64 458
(iv) 14 697
(iv) 19 459
(iv) 868
(iv) 45 682
(iv) 15 543
(iv) 19 869
(iv) 779
(iv) 52 470

Note

The age categories are compiled as follows:
(i) 3 to 5 years
(ii) 6 to 12 years
(iii) 13 to 17 years
(iv) 18 to 22 years

The 1991 Population Census information, as at 7 March 1991, is furnished. This information has not yet been adjusted for possible undercount. The information refers to the magisterial districts of Port Elizabeth and Unsengele as data on the metropole is not available.

Dora Nguza Hospital: number of beds/unutilized beds

208 1.1-Gen R H D ROGERS asked the Minister of National Health

What, in respect of the Dora Nguza Hospital, was the (a) total number of beds, and (b) number of beds not utilized, in 1991?

The MINISTER OF NATIONAL HEALTH

(a) 163 beds and
(b) none

Note

The distribution of the amounts at (cc) and (dd) is not available.

QUESTIONS

1Indicates translated version

For written reply

General Affairs

South African tourists to Far East

22 The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Home Affairs

(a) How many South Africans left South Africa as tourists to the Far East in 1991 and (b) how many of them departed from (i) Jan Smuts Airport, (ii) Louis Botha Airport and (iii) D F Malan Airport?

The MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS

(a) 25 548
(b) Not available

Countries included are

Afghanistan
Bangladesh
Bolivia
Brazil
China
East Indian Islands
Hong Kong
India
Indonesia
Japan
Java
Solomon Islands
Kampuchea
Korea
Lao
Macao
Malaysia
Mongolia
Nepal
New Guinea
Pakistan
Philippines
Republic of China (Taiwan)
Sarawak
Singapore
Thailand
Vietnam

Transfer of homes to tenants

23 The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Local Government and National Housing

(1) Whether any policy decisions have been taken to transfer homes, free of charge, to tenants, if so, (a) when and (b) by whom.
(2) whether any members of the Indian community are to benefit in terms of the policy if not, why not, if so in what manner?

The MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND NATIONAL HOUSING

(1) No
(2) Falls away

Reprint of Question No 18 and reply thereeto (see col 657)

Leasing of private residences as official residences

18 Mr R ARAAB asked the Minister of Public Works

Whether compensation is payable to political office-bearers and office-bearers of Parliament whose private residences are leased by the State as official residences, if so,

(2) whether he will furnish particulars in regard to residences so leased, if not, why not, if so, (a) which members of the Ministers' Council in the House of Delegates are paid such compensation and (b) what are the amounts paid in each case,

(3) on what basis is the compensation calculated?

The MINISTER OF PUBLIC WORKS

(a) Yes

(2) Chairman Minister's Council

R8 727.08 p m plus actual expenditure on municipal services and rates and taxes

Minister of Health
R8 377.08 p m plus actual expenditure on municipal services and rates and taxes

Minister of Local Government and Agriculture and of the Budget and Auxiliary Services
R8 377.08 p m plus actual expenditure on municipal services and rates and taxes

Minister of Education and Culture
R8 727.08 p m plus actual expenditure on municipal services and rates and taxes
KANTOOR VAN DIE STAATSPRESIDENT
No. 1107 16 April 1992

HERSAMESTELLING VAN DIE MINISTERSRAAD VAN DIE RAAD VAN AFGEVAARDIGDES

Herby word vir algemene inligting bekendgemaak dat die Staatspresident kragtens artikel 24, saamgelees met artikels 21 en 27, van die Grondwet van die Republiek van Suid-Afrika, 1983 (Wet 110 van 1983), besluit het om die Ministersraad van die Raad van Afgevaardigdes met ingang van 1 April 1992 soos volg haar saam te stel:

Dr. Jagaram Narainsamy Reddy LP as Voorsitter van die Ministersraad
Mnr. Baldeo Dookie LP as Minister van Gesondheidsdiens en Welsyn
Mnr. Yunus Moolla LP as Minister van Begroting en Ondersteuningsdiens en van Plaaslike Bestuur
Dr. Kisten Rajoo LP as Minister van Onderwys en Kultuur.
Mnr. Palanisamy Iyanna Devan LP as Minister van Behuising en Landbou
Mnr. Soobramoney Vythilingam Naicker LP as Adjunkminister van Behuising.

DEPARTEMENT VAN STAATSBESTEDING
No. 1079 16 April 1992

Tesoone, Pretoria

ONTVANGSTE—RECEIPTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Head of Revenue</th>
<th>Month of March 1992</th>
<th>Month of March 1991</th>
<th>Month of March 1990</th>
<th>Total 1 April to 31 March 1992</th>
<th>Total 1 April to 31 March 1991</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Skatkussels</td>
<td>Exchequer Balance 31 March 1991</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>R</td>
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<tr>
<td>Skatkussels</td>
<td>Exchequer Balance 28 February 1992</td>
<td>6 783 832 866</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td>Skatinstellingsrekening</td>
<td>State Revenue Account</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>R</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bronslikeste inkomste</td>
<td>Inland Revenue</td>
<td>6 235 035 306</td>
<td>6 285 325 456</td>
<td>63 006 565 452</td>
<td>58 504 459 277</td>
<td>6 101 040 536</td>
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<td>Bronslikeste inkomste</td>
<td>Customs and Excise</td>
<td>1 399 852 873</td>
<td>782 029 565</td>
<td>2 001 056 310</td>
<td>2 101 034 955</td>
<td>3 101 034 955</td>
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<tr>
<td>Brs. Afrikawe Ontwikkelingstulfonds</td>
<td>South African Development Trust Fund</td>
<td>269 273</td>
<td>3 364</td>
<td>62 799 761</td>
<td>72 757 548</td>
<td>3 364</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brs. Afrikawe Ontwikkelingstulfonds</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>4 277 277 044</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ander Ontvangst</td>
<td>Treasury Bills</td>
<td>4 303 323 781</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Ander Ontvangst</td>
<td>Loan levy 1989—94</td>
<td></td>
<td>2 032 250</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Ander Ontvangst</td>
<td>Individuele Skatkussels</td>
<td>22 005</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ander Ontvangst</td>
<td>Individuele Skatkussels</td>
<td>1 055 100</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Ander Ontvangst</td>
<td>Individuele Skatkusses</td>
<td>57 200</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ander Ontvangst</td>
<td>Internal Registered Stock</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ander Ontvangst</td>
<td>12%, 2004/5/6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ander Ontvangst</td>
<td>12%, 2005/5/6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ander Ontvangst</td>
<td>12%, 2006/5/6</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ander Ontvangst</td>
<td>12%, 2007/5/6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ander Ontvangst</td>
<td>12%, 2008/5/6</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ander Ontvangst</td>
<td>12%, 2009/5/6</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ander Ontvangst</td>
<td>12%, 2010/5/6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

STATE PRESIDENT'S OFFICE
No. 1107 16 April 1992

RESTRUCTURING OF THE MINISTERS' COUNCIL OF THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES

It is hereby notified for general information that the State President has, in accordance with section 24, read with sections 21 and 27 of the Republic of South Africa Constitution Act, 1983 (Act 110 of 1983), decided to restructure the Ministers' Council of the House of Delegates as follows with effect from 1 April 1992:

Dr Jagaram Narainsamy Reddy MP as Chairman of the Ministers' Council
Mr Baldeo Dookie MP as Minister of Health and Welfare.
Mr Yunus Moolla MP as Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services and of Local Government
Dr Kisten Rajoo MP as Minister of Education and Culture.
Mr Palanisamy Iyanna Devan MP as Minister of Housing and Agriculture
Mr Soobramoney Vythilingam Naicker MP as Deputy Minister of Housing

DEPARTMENT OF STATE EXPENDITURE
No. 1079 16 April 1992

Statement of Receipts into and Transfers from the Exchequer Account for the period 1 April 1991 to 31 March 1992.
Treasury, Pretoria.
The MINISTER OF JUSTICE

(1) The required information is not readily available. To obtain all court records will have to be scrutinized which is not economically feasible. In an effort to be of assistance to the hon member, the various attorneys-general were contacted and information regarding the following case was obtained:

In the *State versus Andre Esterhuizen* the accused was prosecuted and convicted in Kempton Park on various counts of fraud and culpable homicide as well as a contravention of section 36(1)(a) of the Medical, Dental and Supplementary Health Service Professions Act, 1974 (Act 56 of 1974), by practising for gain as a paediatric whilst not registered. The case is remanded until 16 May 1992 for sentence.

(2) A statement is not necessary

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

QUESTIONS

(1) The required information is not readily available. To obtain all court records will have to be scrutinized which is not economically feasible. In an effort to be of assistance to the hon member, the various attorneys-general were contacted and information regarding the following case was obtained:

In the *State versus Andre Esterhuizen* the accused was prosecuted and convicted in Kempton Park on various counts of fraud and culpable homicide as well as a contravention of section 36(1)(a) of the Medical, Dental and Supplementary Health Service Professions Act, 1974 (Act 56 of 1974), by practising for gain as a paediatric whilst not registered. The case is remanded until 16 May 1992 for sentence.

(2) A statement is not necessary

OWN AFFAIRS

Cost of administering departments

9 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services

(a) What was the cost of administering the Department of (i) the Budget and Auxiliary Services, (ii) Housing, (iii) Education and Culture, (iv) Health Services and Welfare and (v) Local Government and Agriculture in the 1991-92 financial year and (b) how many personnel, including Ministers, were involved in the administration of each such Department?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

(a) The estimated cost of administering each Department is tabulated hereunder:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Department</th>
<th>Cost (R)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(i) Department of Budgetary and Auxilary Services</td>
<td>1 869 648</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii) Department of Local Government, Housing and Agriculture</td>
<td>1 447 170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Housing</td>
<td>R 447 170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Local Government and Agriculture</td>
<td>R 883 798</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iii) Department of Education and Culture</td>
<td>1 670 381</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iv) Department of Health Services and Welfare</td>
<td>1 157 467</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(v) See (a)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NB Expenditure in respect of the Chief Director and his secretary has been allocated on the basis of 70% to Housing and 30% to Local Government and Agriculture

(b) The number of personnel, including Ministers, involved in the administration of each Department as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Department</th>
<th>Personnel</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(i) Department of Budgetary and Auxilary Services</td>
<td>1 869 648</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii) Department of Local Government, Housing and Agriculture</td>
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<td>1 157 467</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(v) See (a)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND
AUXILIARY SERVICES

Yes

(a) The vehicles are used by the ministerial
staff who are often required to work late
in the evenings and over weekends. Cer-
tain private secretarial duties are under-
taken during the day, which also necessi-
tate the use of vehicles. This is in keeping
with the practice followed by the House of
Assembly and the House of Representa-
tives.

(b) Office of the Chairman of the Ministers'
Council and Ministry of Housing
Ministry of Local Government and Agri-
culture and of the Budget and Auxiliary
Services
Ministry of Health Services and
Welfare
Ministry of Education and Culture
Deputy Ministry of Housing

* Indicates the Ministers where a police
driver is afforded use of a vehicle

Those hon members can be thankful that the
referendum was not held last year, because then
81 more votes would have counted against them.
The 50 passports issued in London represent
only 2.62% of the 3,429 special votes that were
cast there. If all these new passport holders had
done a fact vote. What is more important, however, is
that every one of the 90 applicants qualified fully
and was entitled to a SA passport on account of
his or her SA citizenship. The hon member
surely does not want to deprive SA citizens of
their right to be able to apply for passports?

Mr J H VAN DER MERWE. Especially not if they
vote yes.

The MINISTER. The hon member for Losberg
must pardon me when I refer to his irresponsible
press statements immediately after his return
from London. [Interruptions] These link up with
his highly questionable action during the refer-
endum campaign. They link up with the feed-
back that I received in respect of the counting hall in Roodepoort, which to say the least was
shocking.

The hon members for Roodepoort and Losberg
tried to dominate the counting at that polling
station causing endless delays, impeded officials
in carrying out their duty and made no secret of
the fact that they trusted nobody. The hon
member for Losberg, as a no-agent, kept jump-
ing onto the platform and making announce-
ments. [Interruptions] What was he? He was
nothing but a no-agent! [Interruptions]

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE. Order!

The MINISTER. Threats were frequently made
of intimidation and court cases.

Mr C J W BADENHORST. He was just like Terre’Blanche’s horse.

The MINISTER. With this action in Roode-
poort in the 1989 election he cast grave suspicion
on the excellent officials of my department. The
officials feel very hurt over incidents such as
those in Roodeberg—pardon me, I mean Roode-
poort—and other places. [Interruptions] [Time
expired]

Mr H D K VAN DER MERWE. Mr Chair-
man, the hon the Minister has now ranted and
raved dreadfully. It is as though someone fired a
shot in the dark and hit the hon the Minister.

* Indicates the Ministers where a police
driver is afforded use of a vehicle

The hon member for Losberg must pardon me when I refer to his irresponsible
press statements immediately after his return
from London. [Interruptions] These link up with
his highly questionable action during the refer-
endum campaign. They link up with the feed-
back that I received in respect of the counting hall in Roodepoort, which to say the least was
shocking.

The hon members for Roodepoort and Losberg
tried to dominate the counting at that polling
station causing endless delays, impeded officials
in carrying out their duty and made no secret of
the fact that they trusted nobody. The hon
member for Losberg, as a no-agent, kept jump-
ing onto the platform and making announce-
ments. [Interruptions] What was he? He was
nothing but a no-agent! [Interruptions]

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE. Order!

The MINISTER. Threats were frequently made
of intimidation and court cases.

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HOUSE OF DELEGATES

THURSDAY, 23 APRIL 1992

D71E

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(a) (b)

R985 938 458 100 %

(i) R686 717 522 76.65 %

(ii) R22 294 263 2.48 %

(iii) R14 069 248 1.57 %

(iv) R4 851 917 0.54 %

(v) R12 825 861 1.43 %

(vi) R148 578 043 16.59 %

(vii) R6 601 605 0.74 %

(viii) Nil —

The above are provisional figures in respect of expenditure up to 29 February 1992 of the 1991/1992 financial year. The final figures for the entire financial year will only be available after the finalization of the appropriation account figures are not maintained in terms of a calendar year.

The revised requirement for financial year 1991/92 was R1 005 261 009

Springfield/Transvaal College of Education:
councils/senate

22 Mr M RAJAH asked the Minister of Education and Culture

Whether councils and/or senates have been established at the (a) Springfield and (b) Transvaal College of Education, if not, why not, if so, (i) when, (ii) what are the (a) names and (bb) qualifications of the persons appointed to these councils and/or senates, and (iii) what procedure was followed in appointing these persons, in each case?

SPRINGFIELD COLLEGE OF EDUCATION COUNCIL MEMBERS

APPOINTMENTS IN TERMS OF REGULATION 3(1)

(b)

Name

Qualifications

(a) Prof L E Peters (Chairman)

BA, BSc, UED, MEd

(b) Prof F Reddy (Vice Chairman)

MSc, UED

(c) Dr D Bagwaddeen

PhD, BEd

(d) Prof T H Bennett

BSc(Eng), BSc(Eng), MSc, PhD (London)

Prof M Moodley

BSc(H), BEd, UED, MEd, DEd

(e) Mr J A Louw

Bachelor of Military Science

Mr M M Moodley

BA(H), BEd

Mr B M Moodley

BA, BEd

Mr S T Enoch

BSc(H), BEd, NTSC, NTSD

(f) Two vacancies exist w e f 1992-03-01 in view of the dissolution of the recognized teachers' association (TASA)

(g) Dr T Isaac

BSc, BEd

Mr M Mahapathi

MA, BEd, UED

(h) Mr M Mia

M aren

Mr T Singh

BA, BEd

(i) Mr S Zuma

BA Dip in Tertiary Education

Mr J N Singh

BA(Natal), LLB(Whits)

(j) Prof R Soni

BA(H), LLB(Natal), LLD(SA)

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

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3(1)(a) was effected after the M L Sultan Technikon submitted its nominations.

3(1)(b) was effected after the Chief Executive Director nominated the Senate.

3(1)(c) was effected after the Senate adopted the recommendations of the EXCO.

The appointments in terms of regulations 8(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) and (g) are self-explanatory.
TRANSVAAL COLLEGE OF EDUCATION SENATE MEMBERS (continued)

Name Qualifications

14 Mrs R B Noor Mahomed — MA, HED
15 Mrs K Pillay — BA, BED, TTd
16 Mr H A Jooma — BA, TTd
17 Mr A H Bapoo — BS(Ch), DIS
18 Mr A D Padayachee — BS(Ch), UHDE, BED
19 Mr E E Patel — BA, TIKOS
20 Mr J Pillay — NTSC, BA(H), HED
21 Prof H J Schutte — MA
22 Prof H Kruger — MSc, PhD
23 Prof P G Jooste — MA, DPhil
24 Prof W J Frater — BSc, MEd, DEd, NTD
25 Prof J F Stuart — BA, MEd, DEd, THOD
26 Prof D J Greyling — BA(H), MEd, DEd
27 Prof M Pastorius — MSc
28 Prof E Reynhardt — MSc
29 Prof W H Louw — BA, BEd, MEd, DEd, THOD
30 Prof M Skuy — DLitt et Phil (UNISA) MA, BA(H)
31 Prof E R Harry — MA, DLitt et Phil
32 Prof S J R Vorster — BSc, PhD

Subsidies to societies

Natal Tamil Vedic Society R12 810
Sat-Chat-Ananda Tempel Society R1 680
Natal Gujarati Panchad R6 285
Islamic School Council R11 139
Glebelow Cultural Council R1 470
Verulam Kaalyaz Khazagam R2 599
Natal Indian Cultural Organization R5 198

(c) (i) Grants-in-aid are subject to the following conditions

1 Constitution

An organization applying for the first time must include a copy of its constitution with its application. Should the constitution be amended, the Department must be supplied with an amended copy.

2 Office Bearers

The names and addresses of the Chairman, Secretary and Treasurer must be furnished to the Department with each application. The Department must be notified immediately of any change which may occur during the year.

3 Members

A record of members and a proper attendance register of meetings attended by Committee members must be kept.

4 The organization’s annual report

4.1 A detailed report of the general activities of the organization must be enclosed with the organization’s application for financial assistance. This report should cover the same period as the audited financial report.

4.2 Financial report

4.2.1 An audited Statement of Income and Expenditure and a balance sheet of the previous year must be enclosed with a first application.

4.2.2 Within 3 months after completion of the project(s) for which a grant was received the organization must submit to the Department an audited Statement of Income and Expenditure.

4.2.3 If the grant received is R1 000 or more then a Statement of Income and Expenditure in respect of the project(s) drawn up by a practising auditor or Chartered Accountant must be submitted to the Department.

4.2.4 If the grant is less than R1 000 then a Statement of Income and Expenditure certified by the Chairman, Secretary and Treasurer of the organization may be submitted.

4.2.5 Organizations that receive a grant for more than one project must within 3 months after completion of the last approved project submit an audited financial statement. Please refer to paragraphs 4.2.3 and 4.2.4.

4.3 Report(s) on project(s)

(a) Attendance
(b) Critical evaluation of the project(s), i.e. strong and weak points
(c) General comments

5 The Department retains the right to have a grantee’s activities monitored by someone appointed for that purpose.

6 Amendment of conditions

The Department is entitled to add, amend or delete conditions, as and when necessary.

7 Acknowledgement to the department

7.1 Organizations which receive grants from the Department must indicate this clearly as follows:

"Received as a grant from the Department of Education and Culture"

7.2 All programmes and advertising material:

"Presented with the assistance of the Directorate of Cultural Affairs of the Department of Education and Culture, Administration House of Delegates"

8 Provisos

8.1 The grant must be used for the purpose for which it was requested within the financial period for which it was awarded.

8.2 If it should appear that a project is not being carried out to the satisfaction of the Department, or that a project is being utilized for the purposes for which the Department has not been approved or that one or more of these conditions have not been complied with by the Department, the Department may withhold all further assistance and, if necessary, demand a refund of the full amount already paid out or a portion of it.

8.3 Should the organization be dissolved, the grant or unused portion thereof, must be refunded immediately.

(c) (i) Recommendations made by the Chief Executive Director for approval by the Minister of Education and Culture.

University of Durban-Westville
M. L. Sultan Technikon

25 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

(1) How many (a) Whites, (b) Coloureds, (c) Indians and (d) Blacks were registered as students at the (i) University of Durban-Westville and (ii) M. L. Sultan Technikon in 1989, 1990 and 1991, respectively.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES
HOUSE OF DELEGATES

QUESTIONS

*1 Mr FRAJAB asked the Minister of Correctional Services:

(1) Whether the Umzinto Prison has been completed, if not, (a) why not and (b) when is it anticipated that it will be completed; if so, (i) when was it completed and (ii) what is the cost of the project?

(2) Whether this prison has been inaugurated; if not, why not; if so, when?

(3) Whether he will make a statement on the matter?

D117E

The MINISTER OF CORRECTIONAL SERVICES

(1) No

(a) Due to limited capital funds the erection of the prison at Umzinto has not yet commenced. However, civil engineering works have been completed.

(b) According to present planning the tender date is set for February 1993 and it is expected that the project will be completed by 1996, provided that sufficient funds are available.

(i) and (ii) Fails away

(2) Fails away

(3) I do not envisage making a statement on the matter at this stage.

Mr FRAJAB Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister’s reply, would the hon the Minister tell us whether the number of inmates that will be accommodated at this particular institution is in line with what had been arranged previously, or whether this number has been reduced?

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, as far as I know —I do not know that was arranged previously—however the number of prisoners is 355, plus housing for married members of the prison staff as well as single quarters.

Mr P NAIDOO Mr Chairman, further arsing out of the hon the Deputy Minister’s reply, is he aware that the existing prisons are bursting at the seams and lacking in facilities.

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, I am aware of this problem that we are experiencing across the country. This is why I am pushing very hard for more money. As hon members all know, this is a big problem at this stage and we must do our best to deal with the situation as best we can. I am worried about this situation, however, and I want to assure the hon member that I am doing everything in my power to get the funds available as quickly as possible so that we can alleviate this very serious problem.

Local authorities: rearranging of council membership

*2 Mr FRAJAB asked the Minister of Local Government and Natural Resources:

(1) Whether, in view of certain remarks the Chairman of the Management Committee of the Durban City Council is alleged to have made recently, it is the intention of his Department to allow local authorities to rearrange council membership in such a way as to represent truly all citizens living within their area of jurisdiction, if not, why not; if so, what steps will be taken in this regard?

(2) Whether he will make a statement on the matter?

D117E

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND NATIONAL HOUSING.

(1) It is accepted that the remarks referred to by the hon member, concern the news report which appeared in the Daily News on 11 April 1992. Section 8 of the Interim Measures for Local Government Act, 1991, provides for six possibilities regarding negotiated settlements, of which sections 8(6) and (7) include the possibility that representatives of all citizens of a town or city can be represented in one council.

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The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Deputy Minister’s reply, is he aware of the fact that the mayor of Durban made attempts to establish forums in terms of the legislation, and that extra-parliamentary forces do not want to work within the ambit of this particular legislation, because they are opposed to co-option? In the light of that, is the hon the Deputy Minister’s department prepared to create informal forums so that such structures can be established?

The DEPUTY MINISTER: Mr Chairman, I am standing in for the hon the Minister at the moment and I have not been informed on that point. Consequently I shall not be able to answer the question.

INTERPELLATION

The sign * indicates a translation. The sign † used subsequently in the same interpellation, indicates the original language.

Own Affairs

Land/housing in Lenasia: irregularities

1 The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION to ask the Minister of Housing and Agriculture:

(1) Whether he will appoint an independent committee of inquiry to investigate allegations of irregularities relating to land and housing matters in Lenasia, if not, why not; if so, what are the details?

(2) Whether he will make a statement on the matter?

D134E INT

The MINISTER OF HOUSING AND AGRICULTURE Mr Chairman, the answer to the first part of the question is no and the answer to the second part is yes.

As the administration already has a senior regional magistrate seconded to it at present, and because this person is currently investigating a series of alleged irregularities, both past and present, regarding land and housing matters throughout the administration’s area of jurisdiction, including Lenasia, it is not considered necessary at this stage to appoint any further committees of inquiry.

Should hon members have information about any specific cases of alleged irregularity, they should submit these to the Director-General or to me for referral to the investigating officer. It must be stated clearly, however, that such submissions should be supported by substantial evidence of irregularities to enable the investigating officer to proceed with his investigation.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, I was under the impression that the hon members of the Ministers’ Council attach tremendous importance to values. We are not referring to an official of another department who was seconded to screen applications. That is the task of the magistrate, Mr Reed, and not of a committee of inquiry. As a magistrate, he investigates individual cases.

As far as substantiated allegations are concerned, many questions have been tabled in this House by many hon members. What prompted me to put this question was the official answer given to a question in this House last week, which pointed a finger not at the administration, but at one or two hon members of the Ministers’ Council. It is very clear that the hon the Minister does not want a departmental investigation. If a Minister took part in an act of corruption, would a departmental investigation reveal that? There is a need, because the House of Delegates is working as far as Lenasia is concerned.

There is no doubt about the fact that the political arm is heavily involved in going against officials. I believe in one case an official had to intervene because a Minister was going against the Housing Development Board. They are manipulating the board. They are deciding. I believe one hon member of this House was called by a Minister who said they wanted to give someone a plot and asked whether he had any objections. This type of evidence can only be produced at an independent committee of inquiry.

I want to appeal to the hon the Minister, seeing that he has taken over, please to get hold of those files. I believe the handwriting of his predecessors should be made available before those files disappear, because when the James Commission of Inquiry was announced, some valuable files which I could have used disappeared from the departmental records.
Lenasia strikes, and as long as Lenasia strikes, the Ministers' Council and the hon Ministers will sink. One member of the Ministers' Council, who is not the Minister of Housing, now had a meeting at the Blue Waters Hotel in 1986 as a result of which there was manipulation with regard to the price of a building which was allocated by the former Department of Community Development.

The answer the hon the Minister gave about Lenasia last week is sufficient reason for us to have an independent committee of inquiry. What is happening? In the case of some hon Ministers, when there is a no-confidence debate and the Ministers' Council is being threatened, one can get anything done. There are crossed lines on the rolls, because the parties get crossed lines, and one finds that people have read them.

Mr D K Padiachey Mr Chairman, I came into this debate because it concerns an area that I represent in Parliament. Lenasia has had a lot of problems in the past, and recently I have been getting a lot of faxes and documentation with regard to the corruption that is taking place there.

When the hon the Minister was only an MP he was aware of the things that were taking place in Lenasia. Now he is a Minister and I am surprised that he said today that he would not appoint an independent committee of inquiry. This is a blot on the name of the Ministers' Council and also of hon members of Parliament, because people look upon all of us as being part and parcel of the corruption that is going on in Lenasia.

Recently land was apparently allocated by the hon the Chairman of the Ministers' Council without the approval of the regional director. This accusation was made yesterday by the hon member for Lenasia. Even the Deputy Minister visited Lenasia. These issues are coming up here. According to Mr Padiachey, the hon the Chairman of the Ministers' Council made that allocation in order to get the hon member for Lenasia East to join Solidarity.

These are allegations which must come to the fore. If an independent committee of inquiry is not appointed, all of this will be swept under the carpet. I plead with the hon the Minister, in order to allow us to do our job and walk the streets in peace, to appoint this committee. Let this thing come to the fore once and for all. If there is no action taken by the Leader of the Opposition, if hon Ministers are involved, let it come out. If hon MPs are involved, let it come out. Time expired.

The MINISTER OF HOUSING AND AGRICULTURE Mr Chairman, I have listened to the plea of the hon the Leader of the Opposition. If the hon member for Central Rand is willing to say at this stage that he has taken note of the appeal of the hon member for Central Rand to the hon the Minister of Housing and that he will make a report of the fact that he did not say that he did not want to appoint a committee of investigation, I qualify it by saying that I did not want to appoint a committee of investigation at this stage.

However, if there is substantial evidence as was alleged by both hon members this afternoon, I want to give hon members the assurance that, after I have taken the necessary procedural steps required to investigate this matter, I will not waste a minute in seeing that the necessary steps are taken to establish a commission of enquiry.

Mr M Rajab Mr Chairman, the hon the Minister referred to the Reed Committee of Inquiry. I want to remind him that this is an important committee that does not function in the open, which reports behind closed doors to the hon the Chairman of the Ministers' Council. It is important to have made that point, because an allegation has been made that the hon the Chairman of the Ministers' Council, the previous Minister of Housing, was involved in an alleged irregularity.

I am aware that the hon the Minister has been threatened with legal action by several attorneys, in all cases involving so-called alleged irregular allocations and allocations. I would like to take the opportunity to tell the hon the Minister that we are aware that he only recently took on the position of Minister of Housing, but that he should ensure that he is not tainted with any irregularities that occurred before his appointment.

I also want to take the opportunity of telling the hon the Minister that subsequent to his reply to my question in this Chamber last week, I received a phone call from my desk I know not where. Time expired.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, I am very pleased with the response of the hon the Minister of Housing and Agriculture. Of course, in terms of legislation regarding the Ombudsman, we must explore all avenues.

However, I understand the hon the Deputy Minister of Housing visited Lenasia yesterday. This kind of action is taken whenever the Ministers' Council is threatened. Since 1989, the land on which the Ministers' Council wanted for family members or friends, they have got it. I believe there are no grounds from going out from an hon member of the Ministers' Council to officials about how and what to allocate housing. Such an allegation was made yesterday, and the hon the Deputy Minister visited Lenasia.

Mr N Gounden You failed for you wanted to form an alliance with them and now accuse them of corruption.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION No, that was a political alliance with some of them. That is a different matter.

We are here to perform a duty, and I am sure every hon member of this House will be ashamed of this matter. In the official answer I was told that only in respect of Lenasia was the Housing Development Board and reports to the board manipulated. If the hon the Minister is worried about losing positions, we will not move a motion of no confidence, provided these values are treasured and upheld. Time expired.

The MINISTER OF HOUSING AND AGRICULTURE Mr Chairman, I want to assure the hon the Leader of the Opposition that they are surely fulfilling their duty as the Official Opposition. If they were doing anything less, they would be failing their duty. I want to assure them that whether it concerns Lenasia, Timbuktu or Vladivostok, if there is a genuine case that has to be considered, it will be investigated.

It is alleged that Ministers may make recommendations regarding the allocation of areas. It is left to the Housing Development Board to consider such recommendations and to make its own decision. That is why we have a Housing Development Board.

Reference was made to stands, particularly stand No 223 in Extension 11A. The board must still decide on this issue. No allocation has been made yet. I also want to add for the information of hon members that while we await further development in that direction, the office of the Advocate-General will be investigating alleged irregularities. Therefore hon members should refer irregularities to the Advocate-General for the time being.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION You will spend the rest of your life replying to questions!
I trust that the hon MP's who are responsible for the Lassen area—there are many of us—will get together with the hon the Minister and the officials as promises have been made to resolve the issue [Time expired]

Mr D K PADIACHY Mr Chairman, I probably have a short memory, but I think the hon the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services and of Local Government has no memory at all. As a Minister he has done nothing whatsoever. If he remembers correctly, I sent him a letter stating that we should do something about the farming. If the farmers have abused their right, we should now draw a line so that we can give all proper farmers land. This is what we are saying today. Give the genuine farmers the land. For one and a half years the hon the Minister sat on his backside and did nothing [Interjections]

Mr Y M MAHDA Mr Chairman [Interjections]
The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE: Order! The hon member for Central Rand may proceed

Mr D K PADIACHY I apologize, Mr Chairman He sat on his backside [Interjections]
The time has come for us to do something constructive. The hon member for North Western Transvaal said quite clearly that this is happening. All hon MP's in the Transvaal have this problem. The farmers have approached us. The hon the Deputy Minister was there last week and he saw for himself what was happening. People are waiting and sitting. [Time expired]

The MINISTER OF HOUSING AND AGRICULTURE Mr Chairman, it must be categorically conceded that we are discussing the matter in a very generalised manner this afternoon

The hon member for Springspring made a specific suggestion. I have a lot of respect for people like that who look at these problems and suggest something that is worth pursuing. He suggested that, if necessary, the issue be investigated and that the matter be set straight with these farmers, regardless of any injustice that has been done to them. In that regard I want to suggest for the present and the future, that complaints should be specific in order to make the direction one should take absolutely clear. It must be stated whose lease has been cancelled, when this was done and by whom [Interjections]

Mr D SAKALINGUM By your department's officials! [Interjections]
The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES AND OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT Bring the evidence!

The MINISTER OF HOUSING AND AGRICULTURE If we receive such a complaint, it will be investigated on which we will have no option but to take action [Interjections]. We will then pass such information. [Interjections]
The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE: Order! The hon the Minister is on his feet

The MINISTER We will then pass such information on to the department so that the relevant action can be taken. I cannot say anything more. I can say a lot about other areas, for instance about the agricultural land that is under investigation at Kip River. I can talk about the Palmridge area where 19 plots were identified and nine have already been allocated. I can talk about Reifenthal where it was intended to have agricultural holdings. That matter is being investigated.

To conclude, I want to make it very clear that there must be some agreement between the lessor and the lessee, namely the House of Delegates and these market gardeners or farmers. That aspect is being given due consideration and will be regularised in the future.

Debate concluded

QUESTIONS

[Indicates translated version
For oral reply
Own Affairs

Two former Ministerial Representatives: debt

1 Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services

(1) Whether two former Ministerial Representatives for the Minister's Council of

the House of Delegates, whose names have been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply, owe any money in respect of motor vehicle loans granted to them by the Department, if so, (a) what are the details in this regard and (b) what are their names,

(2) whether it is the intention to take any action in regard to these monies, if not, why not, if so, (a) what action and (b) when,

(3) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

(1) No

(2) Falls away

(3) Falls away

The Durban City Council indicated that there are 12 halls, all in private ownership in the Merebank area, of which the majority are available to the community for hiring.

Yes

Although this matter really falls within the jurisdiction of the hon the Minister of Education and Culture I wish to point out that in view of, inter alia, the concerted effort by my colleague's Department to promote culture, a need was identified for the provision of a suitable facility for the schools in the area and consequently a decision in principle was taken to provide a regional school hall which can be used by the schools in the area, as well as the community at large, if necessary.

However due to the severe financial constraints this Administration has to contend with, the matter is under review and no final decision has been taken as to when and at what cost such a facility will be provided, if at all

Hon members will recall that in my reply to Question No 3 on Wednesday, 22 April 1992, I indicated that community halls are not regarded as a priority as the limited funds available in the Housing Development Fund are urgently required to provide housing for the many poor families awaiting a roof over their heads.
It must be further mentioned that the Local Authority must also play a role and provide community halls from municipal funds, whilst the provision of school halls would be the responsibility of this Administration. Thank you Mr Chairman.

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QUESTIONs

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For written reply

General Affairs

Steering committees: Greater Cato Manor area

29 Mr M ABRAHAM asked the Minister of Regional and Land Affairs:

(1) Whether he has appointed (a) a chairman and (b) a vice-chairman of the negotiating forum and the steering committee for the Greater Cato Manor area, if not, why not, in each case, if so, (i) (aa) what criteria were applied in, and (bb) whom did he consult before making each appointment, (ii) when and (bb) for what term of office was each appointment made and (ii) what salary and/or allowances are payable to each incumbent,

(2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF REGIONAL AND LAND AFFAIRS

(1) (a) No. The Administrator of Natal has, however, appointed a chairman on the recommendation of the negotiating forum.

(b) As for (1)(a) above

(i) (aa) The names of both the chairman and the vice-chairman were unanimously agreed upon by the negotiating forum. The chairman was appointed because of his acceptability to the negotiating forum, as well as the broad community. The vice-chairman was appointed in view of his experience in matters relating to planning and development.

(b) (aa) The negotiating forum was informed on 28 March 1992 of the appointment of the chairman and vice-chairman, and a public announcement was made in a press release on 29 March 1992. Formal letters of appointment to the chairman and the vice-chairman were signed by the Administrator of Natal on 1 April 1992 and 8 April 1992 respectively.

(bb) One year from the date of appointment with the option to renew the appointment.

(uu) For the chairman, the standard remuneration as laid down by the Department of State Expenditure, namely R438,00 per day.

The remuneration of the vice-chairman is still being negotiated by the parties concerned.

(2) See (1)(b)(aa) above
HoD to probe deed of sale irregularities

By Anna Louw
East Rand Bureau

An investigation into the sale of low-cost housing in Villa Liza, Boksburg, was among the many grievances raised by the People's Action Committee during a meeting held at the house of the Deputy Minister of Housing SV Naicker in Boksburg last week.

Action committee spokesman Ned Pillay said it was distressing to discover that the owners had not been properly informed of the sale of their property and that they had no legal recourse.

Mr Naicker said the involvement of the Action management committee member in the issue was "highly irregular" and that the matter would receive priority investigation.

The plight of the 600 families of Villa Liza involves:
- Lack of infrastructure and adequate public transport.
- No private or public telephones.
- No emergency services and an under-equipped clinic.
- Poor-quality building materials used for the construction of the houses, which had resulted in walls and floors cracking.
- People had been forced to pay inflated prices (R32 000) for homes which have been described as a "shell".
- Home-owners were not properly informed about the terms and conditions of their deed of sale and the fact that the houses were being sold "voetsloots" cracks and all.
- Dissatisfaction over the single school bus.

To qualify for a house, a family's income must not exceed R500 a month, but their rent is R500 a month.

Mr Pillay said the problems were discussed at a meeting with Mr Naicker, the Rev Chin Reddy, a representative of the House of Delegates, and a member of the Actionville management committee, Salaam Mayet.

He said the Boksburg Town Council had offered to investigate the matter.

Mr Naicker assured the action committee that he would see to it that the alleged irregularities regarding the deeds of sale would not happen again.

Mr Pillay said his committee had demanded that an administration office be established in Villa Liza where people could pay their rent and that a joint forum would be established where the people of Villa Liza could make their own decisions.
The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, on a point of order. The hon the Minister's answer to the first part of my question was "no". In replying to the second part of the question the hon the Minister is now covering the ground of an official interrogation that has been handed in.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! May I ask the hon the Minister whether he is responding to the question as it appears on the Question Paper or to an interrogation which is still to come?

Mr Y MAKDA Mr Chairman, in his reply the hon the Minister said that he was making a statement as requested under section 2 of the question. As far as the interrogation is concerned, it has not gone through the Whip's committee yet and it is not on the Question Paper. Accordingly, the rule of anticipation does not apply.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! The hon the Minister may proceed.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, on a further point of order. In the light of the fact that the hon the Minister's answer to question 3(1) is "no", there is no need for a statement.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! No, my interpretation is that although the request for the hon the Minister to make a statement on the matter is interrelated to the main question, it is still something that stands on its own. The hon the Minister is entitled to make a statement on the matter.

The MINISTER The farm, totalling 365 hectares, is situated on the Natal North Coast about 65 kilometres from Stanger. The original asking price was R4 000 000.00, whilst the finally negotiated price was R3 337 700.00 for the land plus R567 250.00 for the pool A sucrose quota of 2 269 tons, totalling R3 900 000.00.

The farm is situated 9 kilometres from the nearest mill and consists of:
- 300 hectares of registered land planted with sugar cane, 180 hectares of which is under a well-developed irrigation system,
- 7 hectares planted with Litchis, under macro jet irrigation and which is nearing bearing stage,
- 0.5 hectares planted with mangoes, 2 years old, and
- 57.5 hectares for housing, roads and other non-commercial land, such as river verges, steep bushland, etc.

The housing consists of:
- A main house of 500 square metres, a garage of 170 square metres, a spare/office at 76 square metres, 2 cottages, totalling 310 square metres, a workshop of 264 square metres, a packed of 392 square metres, 16 compounds totalling 1 441 square metres.

Water for year-round sprinkler irrigation of approximately 265 hectares is available from 2 dams in the Msinga and Nomzamo rivers, even in extreme drought conditions.

Cane production over an 8-year period averaged at 15 500 tons per year, which is equivalent to 1 940 tons of sucrose.

The all-inclusive price of R10 685.00 per hectare compares very favourably with the price of R12 760.00 per hectare which was recently paid for a nearby farm which lies 3 kilometres nearer to the Mill, has no irrigation infrastructure except a small portable plant and with no possibility of dam construction.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply and with regard to the amount of approximately R10 000 per hectare paid for this particular piece of land, is the hon the Minister aware of the fact that the Administration is considering leasing this land back to the seller and if so, at what price? Secondly, does the hon the Minister's Department value the land according to the Natal Cane Growers Association, which, by the way, was negative? Thirdly, is it not correct that the original report of the extension officers was negative and that they were subsequently pressured by a new Minister to change the report?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I would like some time to go into all the details I would like to reply to the question, but my answer would not be complete.

Mr N SINGH Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply and his reference to an evaluator being appointed, could he tell us who this person is? Secondly, could he tell us whether the Agricultural Credit Committee was asked to value this farm?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I ask the hon member for Umzinto for his understanding, I will do the necessary research and give him an answer.

Mr N JUMUNA Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, may I ask him when the land was acquired and what the present status of the land is? Is the land being sold or not? If it is being sold, what are the terms and conditions? Furthermore, since the milling season has already started, I would like to know whether the crop on the land is being harvested at this stage?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, the hon member for North Coast is a sugar cane farmer and, if I may say so, I think he ought to know whether it is the harvesting and milling season I am not in the know about these issues. However, with regard to his other questions, the land has been acquired by the general affairs department.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION As an agent?

The MINISTER Yes, as an agent. The hon member also wanted to know how long ago the land was acquired, and the answer to this is a month or two ago. I understand from reliable sources that the registration of the sale is almost through. That is all I can tell the hon member for North Coast at this stage.

Mr N SINGH Mr Chairman, further arising from the hon the Minister's reply, regarding the registration of sale, would be correct in saying that this land will be subdivided and sold off to farmers? I also wish to ask the hon the Minister whether he can give us the value of all the items he referred to as "housing" in his reply.

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I will do so with pleasure.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, there is time for another supplementary question?

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! I think there have already been five supplementary questions.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, there have been three.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! Then the Leader of the Official Opposition may proceed.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further arising from the hon the Minister's reply, in any transaction relating to the acquisition of land by our Administration, is it the policy of the Department to state that no agents were involved in the transaction?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I do not know what specific aspect of a transaction the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition is referring to, but I do not think that is a normal practice.

* Amount paid to housing consultant
  (1) What amount was paid to the housing consultant in 1991?
  (2) Whether the contract period of this consultant has been extended, if not, why not, if so, (a) why and (b) for what period,
  (3) Whether he will make a statement on the matter.

D138E

The MINISTER OF HOUSING AND AGRICULTURE

(1) R439 659.76

HOUSE OF DELEGATES
(2) No

The contract runs from 1 February 1991 to 31 May 1993

(3) Yes

Mr Chairman,

As will be recalled, during the debate following the answering of questions on this subject in the House on 19 March 1991, several members expressed their reservations and concerns at the magnitude of expenditure to be incurred in engaging the services of the consultant.

Today, however, in retrospect some hon members have changed their earlier impressions for genuine and factual reasons.

Although I will dwell more comprehensively in my Budget Speech on the benefits which accrued to our Administration through the efforts and achievements of the consultant which amounted to a very significant financial saving, I wish to enumerate a few, in illustration, at this stage.

(a) The outflow of funds on budgeted projects during the past financial year reached a record high, whilst the total value of projects awarded exceeded R335 million.

(b) The number of houses built during the last financial year exceeded the target budgeted and is by a wide margin the highest number ever achieved during the lifespan of the Administration.

(c) The consultant successfully concluded negotiations aimed at achieving acceptability and affordability in housing provision in a climate of high inflation, e.g.

House prices achieved on contracts in 1991/92 were on the same level as that of 4 years ago.

Limits on land servicing costs could be imposed by mutual agreement.

Appreciable reductions in respect of consultants’ fees could be negotiated on the basis of standardization of house types, etc.

I have no doubt whatsoever in my mind that the Consultant achieved that which was intended by his appointment and the benefits referred to, fully justify the expenditure involved in engaging his services. I can only foresee more good accruing from his services now that he has obtained experience during the past year.

Thank you Mr Chairman.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister’s reply, is he aware that houses are only built three years after a scheme has been established? That is my first question. My second question is, does the hon the Minister deem it necessary to pay a consultant a salary which is twice that of a State President and more than twice that of a member of the Cabinet or a member of the Ministers’ Council?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, that question is a very arbitrary one. I want to be absolutely honest about the fact that I had my misgivings about this person [Interjections]. However, hindsight tells me that he earned his salary. He has successfully undertaken many issues. I want to state categorically that, without exception, there is no other official such as he in that Department. He has made a definite contribution.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further arising from the hon the Minister’s reply, since he is justifying the State’s trimming of expenditure, is he aware of the fact that the trimming of the prices of projects submitted by municipalities has been an ongoing exercise in the housing administration for the past 30 years, and that nothing new has resulted from it?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I do not want to differ with the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition. However, we never before have we had the degree of success we had last year when it comes to the trimming of costs. We have really recorded a marked improvement in that regard. That is what I mean when I say that considered as a whole, the engagement of this consultant has not been a loss.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further arising from the answer of the hon the Minister, is it not correct that the successful trimming achieved last year was the result of the foundation laid three years earlier? [Interjections]
The DEPUTY MINISTER: This has not been brought to my notice, but if it is the case, I ask the hon the Leader of the Opposition to provide me with the necessary facts.

Chemical plant in Cato Ridge: mercury poisoning

Mr T PALAN asked the Minister of Water Affairs and Forestry

1. Whether, with reference to a certain chemical plant in Cato Ridge and instances of mercury pollution of a nearby stream, particulars of which have been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply, an investigation is to be instituted to determine the environmental impact of the chemical plant in question, if not, why not, if so, (a) when and (b) by whom will the investigation be conducted, (c) what is the name of the chemical plant and (d) what are the details of the case?

2. Whether he will make a statement on the matter.

D146E

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF WATER AFFAIRS AND FORESTRY

1. Yes. A comprehensive geophysical and hydrological investigation and impact assessment of the plant on groundwater and on the surface water and sediments of the Umzimkulu River and its tributaries has been instigated.

(a) Studies commenced towards the end of 1990.

(b) Constituents appointed by the Company concerned and the Department of Water Affairs and Forestry.

(b) The name is the one provided by the hon member.

(c) Elevated mercury levels were limited to a relatively small area in the soil in the direct vicinity of the plant. Action taken by the Department resulted in the termination of operations on 19 April 1990, of the production of any effluent containing mercury. This, together with further remedial actions, resulted in a marked improvement in the surface and groundwater quality.

(2) Yes. No effluent containing mercury is presently produced at the plant. Effluent containing mercury which has been generated in the past is contained in double-lined dams. The effluent is currently treated to remove mercury to a level below the General Standard in terms of the Water Act, 1956 (Act 54 of 1956). The treated effluent is used under strict control, for intermittent irrigation and the environment is not adversely affected by this practice.

INTERPELLATIONS

The ngs * indicates a translation. The ngs † used subsequently in the same interpellation, indicates the original language.

Own Affairs

1. Court actions to defend Department

(1) What total amount and in legal costs to defend its Department in court actions during the period 1 January 1990 up to the latest specified date for which figures are available?

(2) Whether he has taken a decision in regard to the engagement of any member of the legal fraternity to represent the Department of Delegates, if not, why not, if so, what did he decide?

D163E

Mr Y M MAKDIA: Mr Chairman, as I informed the House yesterday, unfortunately the hon the Minister of Education and Culture has been hospitalised. As he is still in hospital, I wish to suggest that this interpellation be withdrawn. While I am on my feet I also wish to suggest that Questions No 1 and No 2 for oral reply under own affairs, which are the Minister of Education and Culture was to reply to, also stand over.

D1021

Allocation of business/industrial plots Transvaal

Mrs R EBRAHIM asked the Minister of Housing and Agriculture

(1) What procedure is adopted by his Department in allocating business and industrial plots in the Transvaal?

(2) Whether this procedure has been adhered to in all such allocations, if not, what exceptions are made?

DISE IN

The MINISTER OF HOUSING AND AGRICULTURE: Mr Chairman, hon members will know that when a business person requires a piece of land for the purposes of conducting business, it is required of him to apply to the Department of Local Government, Housing and Agriculture where such an application will be scrutinised and processed provided the applicant is a displaced person in terms of the Group Areas Act or other legislation.

While it is the policy of the Administration to sell off commercial and industrial stands, in order to generate funds which in turn are used for our low-cost housing delivery programme, such actions are governed by the aspect of proclamation and registration of townships. Where the latter has not been finalised, sales cannot be concluded, since transfer of the property into the name of the purchaser cannot be done in such circumstances.

Where the situation of non-proclamation and non-registration pertains, sites can only be leased to successful applicants who are willing to opt for this alternative. Over the years sites have been allocated to individual entrepreneurs on the basis of applications submitted and often also taking cognisance of the support given by local public representatives such as local committee members. In non-proclaimed areas sites were leased to individuals, whilst in proclaimed areas sales by private treaty could be and have been concluded.

Furthermore, in view of the limited number of such sites available, the large number of applicants of more or less equal standing, and the keen interest evident among applicants to acquire sites, certain available sites have been advertised for sale by tender where the highest tenderer is allocated the site tendered for.

In this way the needs of those entrepreneurs who are not displaced persons are also satisfied. Another method of allocation is sale by public auction, where a site is auctioned and allocated to the highest bidder.

To summarise, there are basically four alternatives for disposing of land, which implies the allocation of sites. The first is leasing to individual applicants for a specific period at a specified rental (Time expired).

Mrs R EBRAHIM: Mr Chairman, newspaper articles and both direct and indirect intimidation of Mr Sayed, the towing operator who was allocated stand No 10058 in Lenasia, prompted me to place this interpellation on the Question Paper. I want to add that I have ascertained many facts before arriving at a decision regarding this interpellation.

The Ministry of Housing confirmed in a letter to me—I have the letter here—that business sites are sold exclusively by tender. However, there have been exceptions where land has been sold by private treaty. During the course of last year representations were made to me by a member of Parliament by three businesspersons to assist them in their endeavours to purchase land. At that stage two of them had been negotiating through Mr T C Chetty and a third through Rev Reddy, the Ministerial Representative in the Transvaal. Two persons have already entered into deeds of sale with the House of Delegates.

Mr O Sayed of Omar's Towing Services has taken occupation of the erf allocated to him on lease pending sale and transfer. In terms of a letter addressed to Mr Sayed by Mr Meinig, the regional representative of the department, the erf would be leased to Mr Sayed with effect from 1 April 1992 at a monthly rental of R350 until such time as the area is proclaimed and a sales agreement entered into.

Notwithstanding the written commitment given to Mr Sayed, the Department refuses to honour its undertaking and enter into this lease agreement. Mr Sayed is occupying the land, has effected improvements and has established his business on these premises. What is the reason for not honouring the written undertaking given by the regional representative?

The hon the Chairman of the Ministers' Council, who was the Minister of Housing at the time, must be aware of the situation. He chaired the meeting at
was instructed to carry out certain decisions. If he acted prematurely or ultra vires, he was an agent of the board and the matter could be sorted about between them. I think however, the claim of estoppel in law might hold, and the agent will have to bear the brunt of what his juniors did.

The MINISTER Mr. Chairmain, I do not want to disagree with the last two speakers. It is clear that there was some misunderstanding in respect of communication, but subsequently the matter was resolved in law. The agent was asked to hold on so that the normal procedure could be put into effect. I am ad idem with the hon. the Leader of the Official Opposition.

I wish just to complete my statement. There are basically four alternatives when it comes to disposing of sites. The first is to base sites to individual applicants for a specific period at a specified rental. The second is to sell sites to individual applicants by private treaty at a specified price, normally a market-related price.

Thirdly, the sites can be sold to persons who have responded to advertisements of sale by tender of sites, and whose tenders are the highest. In this case offset prices are given and the highest prices tendered must be higher than or equal to the offset prices.

Fourthly, the sites can be sold by auction, in which case the highest bidder purchases the site auctioned. In this case a reserve price is set. The successful bid must be higher than, or equal to, the reserve price. This practice has thus far not been resorted to.

I may also mention that the Housing Development Board has recently approved that a deposit of 10% of the price tendered be asked from tenders in an effort to discourage successful tenders from withdrawing before the validity period expires, such action causes unnecessary and sometimes costly delays and duplication. In the case of unsuccessful tenderers such deposits will be refunded without interest being added. In the case of successful tenderers the deposit will be viewed as a payment towards the purchase price, but also without interest, or forfeited by the successful tenderer should be withdraw and not conclude the sale.

In conclusion, I wish to point out that the policy of the Housing Development Board in general terms is to opt for and give preference to the sale of its property by public tender as prescribed by the State Tender Board. It is not a hard and fast rule, however, and the said board, which is the legal owner of such property, has to decide if it will allow itself to be guided by the dictates of prevailing circumstances in special cases.

Debate concluded

Questions

Indicates translated version

For oral reply

Own Affairs

* Mr K Chetty — Education and Culture [Question standing over]

* Mr M Rajab — Education and Culture [Question standing over]

Purchasing of lands North Coast area of Natal

* The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Housing and Agriculture

(1) Whether he or his Department intends purchasing any land for agricultural purposes in the North Coast area of Natal, if so, (a) where is the said land situated and (b) what is the asking price (per hectare and in total),

(2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING AND AGRICULTURE

(1) No

(a) Falls away

(b) Falls away

(2) Yes

Mr. Chairmain: Hon. members of this House will agree that as in the case of land for housing, the search for and acquisition at reasonable cost, of suitable land for agricultural purposes, is an on-going process. Thus suitable land already identified, but the price thereof at R25 000.00 per hectare.
Loo paper price causes a stink

The high cost of toilet rolls — almost R1 each — purchased for about 500 Indian schools raised a stink in Parliament.

Former teacher lecturer and Solidarity's nominated MP Pasek Cassim, of Stanger, Natal, highlighted the issue during the House of Delegates session this week.

Mr Cassim complained to Education and Culture Minister, Dr Kisten Rajoo, "We in this department are paying just over R1 a roll for single-ply toilet paper."

He added that he had been looking through expenditure documents during the education budget vote when he noticed the cost of a single-ply roll was R1,05.

"This is one example of overpayment. It stinks and yet we purchase in bulk. The department should buy no-name brands at less than 50c each."

The Sunday Times has established that the suppliers are two big-name companies — Nampak, in Natal and the Cape, and Kimberly Clark, in the Transvaal and Free State.

Ridiculous.

Mr Cassim said he had made an "issue" about the tissue because people "appreciated" the cost of toilet rolls.

"This smells like a scam. We want to know who is responsible for buying toilet rolls at this ridiculously high price."

Other MPs, including opposition leader Amichand Raphanl, agreed that toilet rolls could be bought at 45c or probably a few cents less through bulk buying.

Mr Steve Enoch, acting chief director of the Department of Budgetry and Auxiliary Services in Durban, said any procurement of stock, furniture or equipment was done according to the regulations of the state treasury.

The State Tender Board awarded the contract for toilet paper, he said.
Colonel on trial for theft of State money

Court Reporter

The former commanding officer of a South African Army base yesterday went on trial on three counts of theft totaling R123 000.

Colonel Geoffrey Holland-Muter (39), who commanded Group 18 at Doornkop, has been accused of stealing separate amounts of R17 162 and R51 660 from the State or the SADF.

He also allegedly stole R15 000 from the Witwaterstrand Command officers' club.

Colonel Holland-Muter, who lives at Hartbeespoort Dam, pleaded not guilty to the charges put to him.

The first witness, police sergeant Adriaan Brooks, said the SAP had approved claims from the Chief of Army.

These claims were for the accommodation costs and mess fees of policemen who had stayed at Doornkop from May to November last year.

Account officer at Chief of Army, Major Eduard Morrison, said vouchers in respect of the mess fees were paid to Group 18.

It was the commanding officer's responsibility to have the money handed over to the mess via the base's administration officer, Major Harrison said.

The hearing continues.
Mr R Ebrahim asked the Minister of Housing and Agriculture

Question No 3 on 22 April 1992 in regard to Portion 3 and 7 of Stand 6676 in Lenasia Township, the companies involved were registered in terms of the Companies Act, No 61 of 1973, at the time the properties were sold to them, what basis was used by the Housing Development Board in re-instatuting the sale.

The housing development Board were advised of the resignation and re-instatement prior to 13 December 1991, if not, when were they advised.

Mr Peter Ponday asked the Minister of Housing and Agriculture

Purchase of business sites in Cato Manor negotiations

(1) Whether he has entered into negotiations in regard to the sale of business sites in Cato Manor, Durban, if not, why not, if so, what are the details in this regard,

(2) Whether he will make a statement in the matter.

The MINISTER OF HOUSING AND AGRICULTURE

(1) No

(2) Falls away

I want however to give the following explanation on the matter. An amount of R4 286 033.00 was originally approved by the Housing Development Board for the project. The Durban City Council has already drawn an amount of R3 082 930.00 and also applied for an increased loan for the upgrading of the domestic water supply. The Housing Development Board on 3 April 1992 approved an increase of R3 387 300.00. An amount of R1 212 402.00 of the total loan of R4 677 696.00 approved for the project is therefore still available

Mr M Rajab Mr Chairman, arising from the hon the Minister’s reply, would the hon the Minister please tell us how it was possible to complete this transaction with a deregistered company as one of the parties?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I had hoped to have an answer for the hon member for Springfield. However, as this is a legal issue I do not have an answer, but I will look into the matter. If the hon member puts his question in writing I will give him an answer in writing.

Mr M Rajab Mr Chairman, further arising from the hon the Minister’s reply, I will ask the hon the Minister. It is not possible to complete a transaction with a company that is deregistered. If that is not possible, would I like to ask the hon the Minister how it was done?

The MINISTER Legally
Education and Culture of this House on members of Parliament, as promised by him on 20 March 1992 (see Debates of Parliament (Hansard) cols 2609-70). I ask, why not, if so, with what results?

The CHAIRMAN OF THE MINISTERS' COUNCIL.

The Committee of Enquiry has been appointed to investigate the matters referred to by the hon member of Parliament for Springfield and other matters pertaining to the Ministry of Education and its Administration. A notice inviting representations will appear in the press in due course.

The Committee of Enquiry comprises:

Advocate H E Malu, SC (Chairman)
Dr P H Bredenkamp (Assessor)
Mr R L Charles (Assessor)

Ministers' Questions standing over from Wednesday, 13 May 1992

Misspropriation of funds—former school principals

1. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Education and Culture (1) Whether any allegations of misappropriation of funds by the former principal of a certain secondary school, the name of which has been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply, have been investigated, if not, why not, if so, (a) who conducted the investigation, (b) what were the findings and (c) what is the name of the school in question,

(2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

Mr K CHETTY Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, what was the reason for transferring the principal?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, the answer to that question is amply evident from the answer I have just given. As I said, the situation can be described as one of gross mismanagement. This is an example for a transfer.

University of Durban-Westville: appointments to council

*2. Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

(1) Whether a list of persons to be appointed to the council of the University of Durban-Westville was recently submitted to the State President, if so, whose names appeared on this list,

(2) whether the Ministers' Council of the House of Delegates approved this list, if not, why not, if so, when,

(3) whether the list was amended as a result of representations made in this regard, if so, (a) who made these representations and (b) (i) what amendments were made and (ii) why?

Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, will he tell us whether the representatives of the University of Durban-Westville gave reasons for their request?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, the very good reason given by the University of Durban-Westville in the light of the progressive method used by all universities throughout the world, was in the Ministers' Council found that it was prudent to grant them their request.

Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, will he tell us precisely what the motivation was in each particular instance?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I have endeavoured to give a general outline of the reasons, but if the hon member for Springfield would like precise reasons and if he puts his question in writing, I shall ask my division to research the matter and give him a precise answer in respect of every case.

Mr M RAJAB Would the hon the Minister do that?

The MINISTER Yes, Mr Chairman, I shall endeavour to do that. Generally the Minister's idea was that a broad representation of the university's membership, including the students, should form part of the university council, as is the new trend throughout the world. University students were given an opportunity in this regard.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, in connection with the appointment of members to university councils,

did the Office of the State President at anytime consult our hon Minister in respect of the appointment of Indians to the councils of other universities?

The MINISTER No, Mr Chairman, I have no knowledge of that.

Mr P NADOO Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, could he tell this House whether the council of the University of Durban-Westville is functioning more efficiently now that these five members have been excluded?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, that is a very profound question and I should like to give the hon member a profound answer. We have not yet had the time to analyse that.

New questions

Applications: Stand 2417 Lenasia South Extension 2

*1 Mrs R EBRAHIM asked the Minister of Housing and Agriculture:

(1) Whether any applications have been received for the acquisition of Stand 2417 Lenasia South Extension 2, if so, who are the applicants,

(2) whether he, any other Minister or any official has made any recommendations in this matter, if not, when are such recommendations expected to be made if so, what are these recommendations,

(3) whether the Housing Development Board has implemented any of these recommendations, if not, why not, if so, which recommendations,

(4) what has Stand 2417 been zoned for?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING AND AGRICULTURE

(1) Yes—from Pilleasure Property Development C C, as well as from Shri Rams Valair Temple Organisation who requires the site for use as a parking area for the Temple complex

(2) No—The sale of Erf 2417 will shortly be presented to the Housing Development Board who will deal with the matter on its merits.
Cultural promoters: services terminated/contracts renewed

31 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Education and Culture

(1) Whether any cultural promoters in the employ of his Department recently had their services terminated, if so, (a) what are their names and (b) why were their services terminated?

(2) whether the contracts of any part-time educators employed as cultural promoters have been renewed by his Department, if so, (a) what are their names and (b) why were their contracts renewed?

D145E

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

(1) Yes

(a) Mrs P Gokal

(b) The services of a show promoter were no longer required. Financial constraints led to the termination of her services

(2) Yes

(a) 1 Mr K S Naidoo
2 Mr N C Naidoo
3 Mr N P Pillai
4 Mr K S Naidu
5 Mr V K Naidoo
6 Mr R A Naidoo
7 Mr M G Namasulu
8 Mr V J Jagannath

(b) The services of the first 9 persons were required as language promoters and the services of the other 6 persons were required as cultural promoters.

Reprint of Question No 18 and reply thereon (see col 657)

D74E

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

The percentage of the budget of the House of Delegates spent on salaries and salary-related expenditure in the financial years 1988/89 to 1990/91 is as follows:

(i) 1988/89 47,1%
(ii) 1989/90 49,7%
(iii) 1990/91 56,7%

INTERPELLATIONS UNDER NAME OF MEMBER

Booth, Dr W J—
General Affairs
Finance, 841, 1053

Burrows, Mr R M—
Own Affairs
Education and Culture, 185, 436, 1004

Carlisle, Mr R V—
General Affairs
Public Enterprises, 917
Transport, 848
Own Affairs
Housing and Works, 619

Charlewood, Mrs C H—
General Affairs
Local Government and National Housing, 1059

De Beer, Dr Z J—
General Affairs
State President, 981

Ebrahim, Mrs R—
Own Affairs
Housing and Agriculture, 1021

Gerber, Mr A—
Own Affairs
Education and Culture, 291, 537, 1081

Gibson, Mr D H M—
Own Affairs
Education and Culture, 864

Haswell, Mr R F—
General Affairs
Law and Order, 272
Local Government and National Housing, 527

Hoon, Mr J H—
General Affairs
National Education, 911

Jacobs, Adv S C—
General Affairs
Home Affairs, 725

Langley, Mr T—
General Affairs
National Intelligence Service, 1

Leon, Mr A J—
General Affairs
Law and Order, 129
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Le Roux, Mr F J—
General Affairs
Foreign Affairs, 123

Memberg, Mr J H—
General Affairs
Mineral and Energy Affairs, 7
National Education, 611

Mudlachey, Mr D K—
Own Affairs
Housing and Agriculture, 951
Questions

For written reply

General Affairs

Attorneys struck off roll/admitted

27 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Justice (1) (a) (i) How many attorneys were struck off the roll in each province during the latest specified period of three years for which information is available and (ii) what are their names and (b) (i) how many attorneys were admitted to practice in each province during the above period and (ii) what are their names;

(2) how many attorneys does his Department estimate will be admitted to practice during the next three years?

The MINISTER OF JUSTICE

The required statistics are not kept by the Department. In an attempt to be of assistance to the hon member, the Association of Law Societies of the Republic of South Africa was approached. The following information regarding the respective law societies was received from the Association

A) The Law Society of Transvaal

1 Attorneys struck off the roll
1989—7
1990—14
1991—10

2 Attorneys admitted to practice
1 4 1989 to 31 3 1990—245
1 4 1990 to 31 3 1991—276
1 4 1991 to 31 3 1992—206

3 An estimated 250 attorneys per annum will be admitted to practice during the next three years

B) The Law Society of the Cape of Good Hope

1 Attorneys struck off the roll
1989—7

Persons qualified as teachers

26 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Education and Culture (1) Whether any persons qualified as teachers at the (a) University of Durban-Westville and (b) Springfield College of Education in 1989, 1990 and 1991, if not, why not, if so, how many in each of these years,
### Educator Planners

**Promoted from Level 4 to Level 5**

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<th>Date promotion effected</th>
<th>Experience</th>
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**Promoted from Level 5 to Level 6**

1. S P Naicker (Dr) 1/9/86 1/9/86 1/9/86 12
2. C L Joshua 31/5/89 1/9/89 1/9/89 11
4. B Singh 1/2/91 1/2/91 1/2/91 13
5. G Singh 30/6/86 1/9/86 1/9/86 11
6. G Nadru 1/1/190 1/2/91 1/2/91 10
7. P B Peters was transferred and appointed on Level 6 1/6/91 1/7/91 1/7/91

**Promoted from Level 6 to Level 7**

2. M Nadru (Dr) 1/7/91 1/1/91 1/1/91 15

**Promoted from Level 7 to Level 8**

1. B L Pienaar 1/6/91 1/7/91 1/7/91 23
2. B M Moodley 1/6/91 1/7/91 1/7/91 17

### School Psychologists

**Promoted from Level 4 to Level 5**

<table>
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<th>Date filled</th>
<th>Date promotion effected</th>
<th>Experience</th>
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<td>20/6/90*</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Promoted from Level 5 to Level 6**

1. N D Singh 1/12/88 1/12/88 1/12/88 14
2. J Naraansamy 1/12/88 1/12/88 1/12/88 13

**Promoted from Level 6 to Level 7**

1. P B Singh 1/12/88 1/12/88 1/12/88 11

### Upgrading of Educational Posts Promotions

29 Mr. K. PANDAY asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

(1) With reference to his reply to Question No 12 on 30 March 1992 in regard to the upgrading of the posts of certain superintendents of education, school psychologists and education planners, (a) how many years of experience each of these promoted persons have and (b) what criteria were applied in selecting them for upgrading.

(2) whether any personnel who complied with the criteria for promotion were not promoted, if so, why were they not promoted.

(3) whether any personnel who did not comply with the criteria for promotion were promoted, if so, why were they promoted,

(4) whether he will disclose the names of the persons referred to in paragraphs (2) and (3) of this question, if not, why not, if so, what are their names, in each case?
Meanwhile, the NP was this week considering a report of a group of delegates who had met in secret to discuss a possible withdrawal from the opposition. The group, led by NP leader Mr. Van den Brink, had been meeting in a hotel in Cape Town to discuss ways to strengthen the party's position in the legislature.

The three other independent MPs who make up the NP's opposition group are Mr. Mostert, Mr. Venter, and Mr. Moodie. They have all been critical of the NP's leadership, particularly the conduct of the party's leader at the recent conference in Bloemfontein.

NP sources have confirmed that the group met to discuss a possible withdrawal from the opposition. However, they have refused to comment on the details of the meeting or the reasons for the group's actions.

In a statement, the NP's leader, Mr. van den Brink, said that he was concerned about the growing number of MPs who were expressing dissatisfaction with the party's leadership. He said that he would be meeting with the group to discuss their concerns and to try to find a way forward for the party.

The NP's decision to consider withdrawing from the opposition comes at a time when the party is facing criticism for its handling of a recent scandal involving the withdrawal of a large chunk of its budget from the national parliament.

NP sources have said that the group's decision was not taken lightly and that it was the result of a long period of discussion and debate within the party. They have said that they would be making a decision on their next move in the coming days.
The MINISTER OF HOUSING AND AGRICULTURE

(a) The Regional Representative of the relevant Department, within the Administration House of Assembly which is responsible for this function, reported that they will not be able to distinguish between the two electoral divisions as all cases dealt with by the Natal Rent Board in respect of the Natal Region are done in such a manner without there being a distinction between electoral divisions. However, they were able to extract the number of cases dealt with in respect of the Durban Central Region which also includes the Brickfield area. In this sub-region, 47 cases/blocks, viz 527 units/flats and 18 houses were dealt with during the period 1 January 1990 to 31 December 1991.

(b) In respect of your request to supply the average percentage increases granted, such information cannot unfortunately be given due to the large volume of files which will have to be perused to obtain the necessary information. This task will, of necessity, take some weeks to complete.

My Department has not yet requested the Administration House of Assembly to undertake the investigation as it would be a time-consuming and laborious task requiring many officials. In the light thereof, I have to respectfully enquire whether you still require the relevant information.

Rent increases: Durban Bay/Brickfield

23 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Housing

Whether any applications were received in 1990 and 1991 for rent increases in respect of rent-controlled dwellings in the electoral divisions of Durban Bay and Brickfield, if so, (a) how many, and (b) what was the average percentage increase granted, in respect of each of these electoral divisions in each of the above years?

D112E

Selling of business sites: involvement of department

32 Mrs R EBRAHIM asked the Minister of Housing and Agriculture

(1) Whether his Department was involved in the selling of any business sites in (a) Lenasia and (b) Lenasia South by (i) public tender and/or (ii) private treaty during the latest period of 24 months for which information is available, if not, why not, if so,

D112E

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

The MINISTER OF HOUSING AND AGRICULTURE

(1) (a) Yes

D157E

The MINISTER OF HOUSING AND AGRICULTURE

(i) Mr R Daya, MP

Mrs R Ebrahim, MP

(ii) Mr R Daya, MP—10 May 1991

Mrs R Ebrahim, MP—16 May 1990 and 12 April 1991

(iii) Mr R Daya, MP

Erven 12129, 12130, 12131, 12132 and 12133, Lenasia Extension 13

Mrs R Ebrahim, MP

Erf 6298, Lenasia Extension 5

(iv) Mr R Daya, MP—Radhia Soani Satsang Bess

Mrs R Ebrahim, MP—Lenasia Muslim Association

Sites in Lenasia/Lenasia South

33 Mrs R EBRAHIM asks the Minister of Housing and Agriculture

(1) Whether any (a) religious, (b) creche and (c) nursery school sites have been allocated or approved for allocation in Lenasia and Lenasia South owing to representations made by members of Parliament since September 1989, if so, (i) what are the names of these members of Parliament, (ii) what were the dates of the representations, (iii) what erf numbers were involved and (iv) on behalf of which organizations were those representations made,

D258

(2) The rezoning of land in Lenasia Extension No 13 is under consideration but will only proceed once the township has been proclaimed

(3) The sale of all properties owned by the Housing Development Board is subject to a two-year building clause. The requirement is that all purchasers are to adhere to this condition. Extensions can however be granted in valid cases.

(4) No

Representations on behalf of residents of Blybank

34 Mrs R EBRAHIM asked the Minister of Housing and Agriculture

Whether he or his Department recently received any representations on behalf of the residents of Blybank in the Transvaal, if so, (a) when and (b) what was (i) the nature of these representations and (ii) his response thereto?

D157E

HOUSE OF DELEGATES
HOUSE OF DELEGATES

QUESTIONS
*Indicates translated version

For oral reply

General Affairs

Two officials suspended: investigating into prison food

1. Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of National Health

(1) Whether two officials of the Department of National Health and Population Development, whose names have been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply, were suspended in 1991 following an investigation into substandard prison food, and if so, (a) what are their names and (b) what were the circumstances surrounding their suspension,

(2) whether these officials have been reinstated, if not, why not, if so, (a) when and and (b) why,

(3) whether she will make a statement on the matter?

D139E

The MINISTER OF NATIONAL HEALTH

(1) Yes,

(a) Mr G H C Gerber and Dr J P Kotze

(b) it was brought to the attention of the Department that the South African Police were investigating allegations against the officers which could possibly result in a charge against them of an offence or misconduct,

(2) yes,

(a) Mr Gerber resumed duty on 30 September 1991. The date of Dr Kotze's resumption of duty in the Department is being arranged in consultation with him and

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE: Mr Chairman, the total amount expended on legal costs from 1 January 1990 to date is R111 497. I have not taken any policy decision on this matter.

Hon members are aware that all the legal matters of the Administration House of Delegates are normally handled by the State Attorney's office. However, in 1991 the Department engaged the services of a private firm of attorneys, namely Pat Poovathingam and Company, to attend to certain specific matters which required prompt responses from the Department. This firm had once represented the Teachers' Association of South Africa and is also totally au fait with the provisions of the Indians Education Act and the regulations promulgated thereunder. In fact, this was the only prominent case in which the Department was successful.

Unfortunately it is not always possible to get prompt advice from the State Attorney's office, and this decision was taken for that reason. Under normal circumstances the required procedure is followed.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION, Mr Chairman, the main purpose for which I placed this interpellation on the Question Paper was to establish whether we are defending cases that should not be defended and whether steps have been taken that should not have been taken in the first place.

I want to refer to a very big case involving a school principal in the Shalcoholic area in which the present hon Minister of Housing and Agriculture was involved. I do not want to mention the principal's name, but this case received a lot of publicity. However, I think everyone is aware of the fact that the steps that were taken against this particular principal, for trivial reasons, have brought him a lot of bad publicity. Furthermore, there was an historical grievance on the part of an individual who held position of authority in the House of Delegates and when he found the simple excuse of a charge of misconduct, he took this person to court. As the Chairman of the Ministers' Council at the time, I did not want to interfere and the matter was eventually settled out of court. I believe that the Department lost about R90 000. Are we engaging in exercises such as this? I do not want to deal with a matter that is still before the Supreme Court, but I think this needs to be re-examined.

When I was the head of the SA Indian Council, the Director-General of the Department of Justice indicated to me that we had the right to choose our own legal team, but only through the office of the State Attorney. Mr S S van der Merwe was the director-general and he made this ruling, and I believe that this ruling is applicable now.

What is happening now is that the same counsel is being engaged all the time, namely Colin Mann. It suits the Counsel to drag out the case. In housing matters, when it is getting close to the trial date an out-of-court settlement is reached. In the case of an official who was suspended and took the matter to court, Colin Mann actually worked against him at the James Commission of Inquiry although he was engaged by the Department to defend the particular official. I have documentary evidence of what Colin Mann did to this official. How could he defend him when another public body was taking action against the Department? I did not raise this because of Mr Pat Poovathingam, but I believe that a lot of people, including Mr Poovathingam, should be given the opportunity to represent the State.

Mr D K PADIACHEY: Mr Chairman, following on what the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition said, we have capable men and legal team in our society which we could use. When an hon Minister may use his discretionary power and appoint a legal team, it is unfortunate that we still go through the legal advisors who then proceed with the case as the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition said, it is true that we are only using one team, namely that of Colin Mann, and that matters are dragged out.

We know for a fact that we are short of funds in the Education budget. By allowing this to drag on and on, the State is losing money. Where must the money come from? We cannot afford it.

When it comes to the personal grievances we may have against principals and teachers, it is not fair that we should now look at matters in regard to which we can take them to court and take legal action against them. We must also try to short-circuit these issues. It is not necessary for everything to go to court. At the beginning of the year a case regarding the promotions went to court. There was an out-of-court settlement which allowed the House of Delegates and the politicians on the whole. I think we must be careful of this in the future.

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I am mindful of what the hon the Leader of the Official Oppo-
tion and the hon member for Central Rand have stated here. It is a matter of concern also to us in the Department of Education and Culture that so many issues seem to be of a problematic nature and need to be redressed by the courts. The point is that we do not have a total say in this matter. It depends on the respondents and people who desire to take the Department to court, and if they choose to do so, we are obviously bound to defend the Department. The State Attorney’s office takes the decision in this matter, obviously with the concurrence of the director-general and his Department in the House of Delegates.

We also feel that the Department has lost too many cases over the years. We feel that perhaps expertise in this particular area should be brought in to us that we shall win cases, as some of the cases seem winnable from our layman’s perspective. [Interjections] We are not here as lawyers, but as laymen. However, who am I to tell another man whether he should represent our Department or not? The point is that our nation’s cup of tea is another man’s something else, and that is a problem.

As far as trivial cases are concerned, the Education and Welfare Board has been set up specifically for dealing with this. Two hundred cases involving the board have had their appeal won. The Department have been amicably resolved. As a result, many cases do not go to court. Wherever it is stated that we are going to court, it is not the court of my Department or my choice as a Minister. It is the choice of the State Attorney’s office, which advises us. Sometimes we even want to question whether we have a valid case or not.

The hon the Leader of the Official Opposition made a statement with regard to our attorneys within the community to serve our needs. We should perhaps spread the cases throughout the community.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Spread the butter!

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! Unfortunately there is very little butter left to spread within this time limit.

Mr N SINGH Mr Chairman, as I have stated previously in this House this Administration holds the undeniable record of having lost almost every legal suit instituted by it. It is a record that must reflect poorly not only on the Administration, but also on the Ministers’ Council. It would seem that the decision to institute legal actions is not made after due consideration of the evidence at hand, but rather by a desire to flaunt its autocratic and high-handed approach.

To add insult to injury, this hon Minister, for dubious reasons, has arrogated to himself the authority to single out this firm of attorneys for actions instigated by his Department. I would like to pose the following questions to the hon the Minister: Firstly, why were the services of the State attorneys not engaged? The answer given by the hon the Minister earlier on is certainly not adequate.

Secondly, if the State attorneys were not suitable, what was the basis of this finding and has this been conveyed to the Department of Justice? Thirdly, if the services of private practitioners are considered necessary, is it not customary to appoint attorneys from which judicial appointments may be made? I think the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition alluded to that as well.

Fourthly, why is he promoting monopolistic practices? This begs the question whether similar practices are being promoted in other areas of his Department. Fifthly, has this attorney been engaged by the hon the Minister in his personal capacity? If he has, does this not point to a conflict of interest? Lastly, is this attorney being biased in his fee or is he favouring the hon the Minister to cover the hon the Minister secures in the Durban Weekly of which this particular attorney is a guest columnist? The hon the Chairman of the Ministers’ Council cannot give tangible effect to his constant proclamations of clean administration and honesty, which are beginning to sound increasingly hollow. It is becoming apparent that he is using control over his Ministers, where he becomes a law unto themselves. That should certainly not go unchecked.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, I do not agree with the hon the Minister that every case must be defended. We had a case in the past in which an organization took us to court, but we got an independent opinion. Only after we had got that independent opinion, did we win the case right up to the level of their division.

I once asked a former Chief Executive Director of Education why he was going to court. He told me in Hindi “Sarkar ke paas.” In other words, it is the taxpayers’ money, so spend it anyhow. [Interjections] I think that the matter still exists. Colm Mann and his team were given R250 000, against my advice, as a result of the actions of the former director-general who, it was disclosed, took sides as far as politics was concerned. This chapter is not closed.

Something must be done. If, on moral grounds, a teacher feels that the only avenue he has is a court of law, and one feels he is right, why defend the suit? In many cases we were proved wrong in court. I quoted the particulars regarding the Ellensburg link road. The hon the Minister of Housing and Agriculture agrees with that. The fact that he was not found guilty in a court of law will not undo the harm that was done. The layman remembers what first made an impression on his mind. [Time expired]

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I would like to thank the hon member who took part in this interpellation, who raised some pertinent aspects of a clinical nature from their layman’s point of view. I also want to thank them for the advice they gave us. However, I would like to state categorically that the hon member for Umbento does not have his facts straight. [Interjections] He should check his facts. I would do that.

Firstly, the Minister has neither the right nor the authority to appoint any attorney. The hon member implied that I was involved in monopolistic practices as if I had appointed anybody. That is not correct. This has to go through the director-general. The director-general at that time was aware of this case and of what exactly had transpired. Here is the letter from the Chief Executive Director to the Director of Treasury of the Administration. Its contents will highlight clearly the hon member’s lack of knowledge on the matter. The letter reads:

Please be advised that it is not possible to quantify that the appointment of Pat Poovalingam and Company was financially to the best advantage of the State. However, in view of expediency in the matter, the action taken by the Department to appoint Pat Poovalingam and Company was to the best advantage of the State due to the following reasons.

The Department needed urgent legal advice on various matters, which involve the valuation and transgression of the provisions of the Indians Education Act by educators. In order to expedite these matters, the firm Pat Poovalingam and Company were sought for prompt advice in view of the facts that this firm had represented the teachers also in South Africa, and is also familiar with the provisions of the Indians Education Act and the regulations promulgated hereunder. Unfortunately, it was not always possible to get prompt advice from the State Attorney’s office.

I want the hon member for Umbento to listen very carefully to what is being said here. I repeat: Unfortunately it was not always possible to get prompt advice from the State Attorney’s office in the matter between Mr E Padayachee and the Department. Mr Padayachee was in the particular case, where his services were engaged, made an urgent application to the Supreme Court for the setting aside of his suspension by the Department. [Time expired]

Debate concluded.
NEWS IN BRIEF

Mining tax contribution down
THE mining industry had paid R2.2bn in tax in the 1990/91 tax year against R3.46bn in the 1989/90 year, Finance Minister Derek Keys said in Parliament yesterday.
He said this represented a contribution of 3.3% against 10.1% of state revenue. In 1989/90 mining's contribution was R2.27bn or 3.7% of state revenue.

ANC cashes in on 087 lines
THE ANC has joined the 087 pay-line operation to raise funds. It will cost R3.97 a minute to phone on the ANC's 087 line and a top prize of R1,000 will be presented at a special luncheon.

Coast guard may be established
THE possibility of establishing a coast guard in SA is being investigated by an inter-departmental committee following the De Beers commission of inquiry's recommendations. Environment Affairs Minister Louis Pienaar and Transport Minister Piet Welsmead said yesterday the committee would investigate the formulation of a national maritime policy.

High-tech NP campaign starts
THE NP launched a countrywide, hi-tech campaign yesterday to draw black supporters. The party caucus gave the six-language marketing package the nod yesterday and at least 2500 meetings will be held using videos, full colour sea flats, cartoons and display portfolio folders.

Indian, coloured MPs join NP
PRESIDENT FW de Klerk welcomed four former independent MPs from the House of Delegates into the NP yesterday, while two more members of the Labour Party crossed the floor to join the NP in the House of Representatives.
Five fined for assault at park

From Page 1

Gerhardus van der Linde, another suspect in the case, was acquitted yesterday by magistrate WJ Fouche because of insufficient evidence against him.

The magistrate said it was clear that the group of children, under the supervision of two minsters, were on an organised outing when the confrontation took place in a Louis Trichardt park.

Policemen went to investigate why the group had stopped in the park, and were told that the party were on their way to a nearby church.

A group of men, armed with sjamboks and sticks, then arrived in several vehicles and assaulted the children, despite being assured by police that the situation was under control and that the church group would be moving on.

One of the men insulted and attacked a police officer, saying "the AWB is now in control", the court found.

It was evident that, apart from the physical attacks on the children, at least two vehicles were driven into the crowd. Several children were injured during the chaos, the magistrate said.

Earlier, Olaf de Meyer, defending the accused, claimed the evidence of the two ministers in charge of the children had been unreliable.

He also questioned the testimonies of two detectives who were at the scene of the violence.

Arguing in mitigation, Mr de Meyer claimed the entire situation had become an emotional matter for the men, as there had been threats of an unruly ANC march on that day.

The magistrate pointed out that the accused had no right to take the law into their own hands or to obstruct police.

He said he had taken into account that some of the men had lost their jobs since the attack.
Firstly, this particular link road and the funds which have been ploughed into its construction are cause for concern, but the road is the result of dire need in that area. Every organisation, from civic associations to local authorities, as well as community leaders, supported this project. Even the hon member for Springfield acknowledged the need for the road. However, what is of importance at the moment is the question of funding. Unfortunately the Durban Municipality appears to have placed this item on their next five-year plan, but the hon the Minister has undertaken that whoever holds this portfolio, or is on the Ministers' Council, will be bound to account to the community and to give proof of continuous negotiation to secure these funds. Whatever monies have been ploughed in, must be secured. If not, other projects that are absolutely necessary for the poor section of the community will be compromised. This is important.

The other startling exposure made by the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition is indeed surprising. It only hope the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition will be given another opportunity to speak.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! The DEPUTY MINISTER! I only hope he will be given another opportunity to speak so that he can tell us who is behind this project. [Time expired]

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION! Mr Chairman, before the contract was to be signed, I instructed the accounting officer to sign an agreement with the Durban Municipality that they would repay the money. Five-year priorities are a normal thing. When we began the Cato Manor scheme, a link road was supposed to be built five years later. The Durban Municipality built the road, and we provided the finance, but we only gave them the money after we had signed an agreement that they would repay it, with interest, five years later. What our Administration and the Ministers' Council therefore failed to do, was to sign such a loan agreement.

In May last year, when we were trying to expose that the purpose of this road was the promotion of business, the hon the Deputy Minister wrote up and read a statement. I asked him why he had read the statement and he answered that as he had entered this Chamber, he was told to read this statement. That statement confirmed

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! I confirm that the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition has expired

The MINISTER OF HOUSING AND AGRICULTURE! Mr Chairman, I want to repeat that in a way I am pleased that the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition is focusing attention on this issue. He referred to this as a great scandal, but sensible hon members will realise, and I believeposterity will record, that this is not a scandal, but a blessing in disguise.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION! This is the biggest scandal!

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I ask for your protection

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! The MINISTER! I think people must not be foolish about this.

The MINISTER! Mr Chairman, I ask for your protection

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! The hon the Minister is not prepared to take a question.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! The hon the Minister must proceed.

The MINISTER! Mr Chairman, I offer anyone any platform at any time, at midnight or at any other time, to discuss this issue.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! The hon the Minister must proceed.

The MINISTER! Mr Chairman, should be no doubt.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! The hon the Minister must proceed.

The MINISTER! Mr Chairman, I ask for my injury time.

I have received letters from the hon the Minister of Transport, I want to read from a press report

The Metropolitan Transport Advisory Board, which is a national transport commission rep

1. R2 15 625,03 for 16 rolls of 600 sheets each
2. Yes

The Chief Directorate Procurement Administration of the Department of State Expenditure is responsible for the framing of specifications and the invitation of tenders for contracts. After the awarding of a contract by the State Tender Board, purchases by all State Departments are made in terms of this contract.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION! Mr Chairman, arising out of the reply read by the hon the Chairman of the Ministers' Council, I want to ask him a question, but I want to caution him to be very careful: Is it not correct that the blame cannot be laid at the door of the State Tender Board? Is it not true that the State Tender Board receives the tenders, but that the House of Delegates has to approve them?

The CHAIRMAN OF THE MINISTERS' COUNCIL! Mr Chairman, I am not in a position to answer the question put by the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition. However, I wish to confirm that the hon the Minister of Education and Culture has asked for a full report on the procedure that is followed by our Administration. We will, upon receipt of this report, be able to investigate that matter.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION! Mr Chairman, further arising out of the reply of the hon the Chairman of the Ministers' Council, in view of the Administration's commitment to curb State expenditure and in view of the repeated cries by the Minister's Council about a shortage of funds, I want to know whether the hon the Minister of the Administration took into consideration that if reasonable toilet rolls were bought at supermarkets on streets corners, this amount of R1 250 000 would have been reduced by hail?

The CHAIRMAN OF THE MINISTERS' COUNCIL! Mr Chairman, I am not in the business, but I want to assure the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition that we have asked for a full report. Upon receipt of the report we shall take into account the suggestions that have been made by different hon members.

* Leader of the Official Opposition—Housing and Agriculture [Withdrawn]
Reservoir Hills community hall

Mr K PANDAY asked the Minister of Housing and Agriculture:

(1) Whether a community hall is to be built in Reservoir Hills, if not, why not, if so, (a) when, (b) at what cost and (c) where will it be situated?

(2) Whether schools in the area will be able to utilize this hall, if not, why not, if so, which schools?

(3) Whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING AND AGRICULTURE:

(1) No

The Housing Development Fund is extremely limited for the financial year 1992/1993. Whatever money is available is urgently required to provide housing for the many poor families who are desperately awaiting a roof over their heads. In these circumstances, community halls are not regarded as a priority at present.

(a) Falls away

(b) Falls away

(2) Falls away

(3) No

Mr K PANDAY: Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon. the Minister’s reply, I would like to know how he reconciles his decision to retain the R5 million for the Shallears link road which has been built from housing funds, as against the housing needs for which he expounded.

The MINISTER OF HOUSING AND AGRICULTURE:

The decision to retain the R5 million for the Shallears link road was taken after careful consideration of the needs of the community in various areas. It was considered necessary to allocate these funds to meet the needs of the community, particularly in the area of education.

(1) Whether any land has been set aside for official quarters for teachers in Rylands, if so, (a) when and (b) where is it situated?

(2) Whether this land is to be sold, if not, why not, if so, (a) when and (b) why?

(3) Whether he will make a statement on the matter?

Mr M RAJAB: Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon. the Minister’s reply, can he tell this House what is the community hall in Reservoir Hills, whether his Department has undertaken any investigations to determine whether or not the community of Reservoir Hills is adequately served with regard to the provision of community halls?

Mr K CHETTY: Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon. the Minister’s reply, I would like to know whether he is aware that an amount of R7 million has been set aside by his Department for the building of a hall in Merebank, that the plans have been drawn up for that hall, and that these are in an advanced stage.

Mr D NHLOPFU: Mr Chairman, I do not want to be too technical in answering that question, but in order to set the hon. member’s mind at rest, I will say that there has been no approval of R7 million for the hall that he referred to, or for any other hall anywhere else in the country.

Rylands: land for official teachers’ quarters

Mr A G MOEDEMPE asked the Minister of Housing and Agriculture:

(1) Whether any land has been set aside for official quarters for teachers in Rylands, if so, (a) when and (b) where is it situated?

(2) Whether this land is to be sold, if not, why not, if so, (a) when and (b) why?

(3) Whether he will make a statement on the matter?

Mr R RAJAB: Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon. the Minister’s reply, can he tell this House whether or not the community hall in Reservoir Hills, whatever his Department has undertaken any investigations to determine whether or not the community of Reservoir Hills is adequately served with regard to the provision of community halls?

Mr K CHETTY: Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon. the Minister’s reply, I wish to say that there is a need for official quarters in the hon. the Minister’s area. I am aware of the fact that teachers who have been posted to the Cape area from other parts of the country have a need for teachers’ quarters in the area.

Mr A G MAHOMED: Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon. the Minister’s reply, we need teachers’ quarters at this moment.

Mr D NHLOPFU: Mr Chairman, I agree with the hon. member for Rylands. I shall ensure that the Ministers’ Council pursues this matter in the light of the demand.

The MINISTER OF HOUSING AND AGRICULTURE:

Yes, 13 sites were set aside by the Cape City Council:

(a) prior to 1987, and

(b) in Rylands Extension No 5 adjacent to the Rylands Primary School No 3

Not, if the need for official quarters still exists and they are still being earmarked for this purpose.

(a) Falls away, and

(b) Falls away

No

The MINISTER OF HOUSING AND AGRICULTURE:

(1) Yes, 13 sites were set aside by the Cape City Council

(a) prior to 1987, and

(b) in Rylands Extension No 5 adjacent to the Rylands Primary School No 3

I want to make a very sincere and urgent observation. Sometimes one is confronted by a revelation such as this one, and I think one must
years of service are projected until age 65 years. In addition to the gratification and yearly amount which is payable out of income, the member or his next-of-kin is also compensated from the Pension Fund.

(3) No

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Speaker, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, is he able to tell the House how many policemen have been attacked while not wearing bullet-proof vests?

The MINISTER Mr Speaker, I cannot give the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition the answer to that; I would appreciate it if he would place that question on the Question Paper.

Mr M RAJAB Mr Speaker, further arising out of the hon member for Springfield, the hon member for Malabar may proceed.

Mr K PADAYACHI Mr Speaker, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, could he tell us how many policemen lost their lives this year? I know that last year 137 policemen paid the highest price in the execution of their duties. Three weeks ago a young policeman who was known to me was shot and killed in Port Elizabeth, and according to newspaper reports over the past two days, [Interjections]

The MINISTER Mr Speaker, I do not have the exact figure, but I believe it is well over 70.

Mr M RAJAB Mr Speaker, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, he indicated that the Department had made provision for a financial package to be paid to the next-of-kin of a member of the Force who is killed on duty. I would like to ask the hon the Minister whether he is referring to a package by way of insurance cover to which all members of the Force contribute, or whether this is something that is provided over and above that particular provision?

My second question, which arises from my first one, is whether the hon the Minister has considered paying into effect an insurance package for all members of the Force for which the Department would pick up the tab?

The MINISTER Mr Speaker, as I have already indicated, compensation is paid out of State funds from the income account. I cannot tell the hon member whether insurance policies exist which are paid for out of the Police Force's own funds, because that is purely in the hands of the SA Police. There are organisations to which all policemen belong. However, I do not know whether they have policies of that nature, because that matter does not fall under me.

As far as whether we are considering a package deal from an insurance point of view is concerned, may I say that it must always be remembered that policemen fall under the Commission for Administration and that therefore their emoluments and salaries are part of the salary package of the State as a whole. As far as I am aware, no provision has been made for such a package. However, I am able to inform the hon member that I have called for an inquiry within the department to establish the salary structure and all the fringe benefits of the SA Police. We intend to have a very close look at that, but unfortunately I cannot give the hon member any further information at this stage because the investigation is still under way.

Protection of wetlands

2 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Environment Affairs:

(1) Whether his Department, as a signatory to the International Wetlands Convention (Ramsar Convention), has given or intends giving legislative effect to its commitment to the protection of wetlands, if not, why not, if so, how?

(2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

DITTE

The MINISTER of ENVIRONMENT AFFAIRS

(1) Yes As signatory to the Convention on Wetlands of International Importance especially as Waterfowl Habitat (Ramsar Convention), South Africa undertook to respect its provisions. It is well known that wetlands registered as such with the Secretariat of the Ramsar Convention have no legal status. Existing legislation does however provide for the protection of wetlands. Moreover, ecologically processes and it is so that most of South Africa’s Ramsar-registered wetlands are already enjoying conservation status, either in terms of national acts or provincial ordinances.

Moreover, the Department of Environment Affairs also initiated a wetland conservation programme which will, inter alia, determine the need to promulgate any additional legislation. The programme is based on an undertaking to the sustainable use of resources.

Of the 64 Contracting Parties only 7, of which South Africa is one, have established a national committee to guide wetland conservation activities in terms of the Convention.

In pursuance of the objectives of the Convention a national policy on wetland conservation is at present being developed in terms of the Environment Conservation Act, 1989 (Act No. 9 of 1989).

The first draft of this policy has been presented to a subcommittee of the Committee for Environmental Management and is currently being circulated to relevant departments for comment.

Once the policy has been adopted, any additional legislation, as may prove necessary, will be promulgated.

(2) No

INTERPELLATION

The sign * indicates a translation. The sign † used subsequently in the same interpretation indicates the original language.

OWN AFFAIRS

Housing Development Board: shops sold at cost price

1 The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Housing and Agriculture:

(1) Whether he and/or any of his predecessors gave any undertakings to the effect that shops owned by the Housing Development Board would be sold at cost price to tenants who are resettlement cases, if so,

whether he intends honouring these undertakings, if not, why not, if so, what are the relevant details?

DISS INT

The MINISTER OF HOUSING AND AGRICULTURE Mr Speaker, to the answer to the first part of the question is no. With regard to the second part, as far as can be ascertained no undertakings were ever given. However, from records held by the Administration it appears that a previous Minister of Community Development had intimated that the premises would be sold at a reasonable price, taking into account the cost plus interest to date and all other relevant factors, such as the cost of maintaining the premises, administrative services, and so forth.

The Administration therefore resolved to give existing tenants the first option to purchase the shop complexes which they are occupying at present. Furthermore, to ensure that the prices were reasonable, the department obtained market-values which I then discounted to compensate for the loss, hardship and trauma suffered by the affected tenants.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Speaker, I want to be very critical of the hon the Minister of Housing and Agriculture, because the question asks "whether he and/or any of his predecessors" gave any undertakings. Of course the present hon Minister did not give any undertaking, but he is not sure whether or not his predecessors gave any undertakings. This matter was roused in this House from time to time and was not disputed.

Of course, there is a contradiction in the hon the Minister's reply when he says that according to the records a previous Minister of Community Development has given certain undertakings. I shall name that Minister. He was the Minister of Community Development, Mr S J Marnitz Steyn, who was succeeded by Mr P J Kotze. He gave the undertaking that all the shops where victims of the Group Areas Act had been resettled would be sold to the occupants, who were resettlement cases, at the cost at the date of construction. There are witnesses to this promise. We would like the hon the Minister to tell us in his reply where these records are and what the details are as far as the records are concerned, because I was present when that particular Minister gave this undertaking.
As a follow-up action, the House of Delegates—I think it was in 1986 when the present hon Chairman of the Moshavim Council was the Minister of the Budget—honoured that undertaking when the price of the Oriental Plaza in Johannesburg was determined. The perception in the Indian community was that there would be fairness under a White administration and a White Minister in dealing with the victims of the Group Areas Act. However, as far as the present administration is concerned, there is a tremendous measure of ruthlessness when one wants to introduce the concept of market value to be determined in any way in dealing with the victims of the Group Areas Act. I am sure the hon member for North Western Transvaal and the hon member for Eastern Transvaal, who have expressed these sentiments in this House from time to time, will confirm that such undertakings were given.

The fact that such undertakings were given was not denied. This matter was also raised repeatedly in our Housing Advisory Committee. The purpose of this interpellation is to ensure that the victims of the Group Areas Act are treated in a transparent and non-discriminatory manner in which they were treated before the House of Delegates was established in the Transvaal Parliament.

Records in Chatsworth and in the Shallcross area, which the hon the Minister serves, testify to the price of the construction of the shopping centre. It was sold eight years after the date of construction for approximately the construction cost. This question of determining the market-related cost, or shall I say investment cost, was never adhered to by the previous Minister. I appeal to the hon the Minister to examine the records. He should gather evidence from those who were present and if he can ensure that the undertakings given to these victims of the Group Areas Act are honoured.

In 1983 the former Department of Community Development sold a particular property in Chatsworth for R25 000, when the market value of that property at the time of the sale was R75 000. It was sold at one-third of the market value because it was sold to a victim.

Mr Y M MAKDA Mr Speaker, I have a particular interest in this matter, because there are shopping complexes in a large part of my constituency. I shall just name the townships very quickly: Bloemhof, Coligny, Lichtenburg, Louis Tshvendar, Pietersburg, Potchefstroom, Rustenburg, Schweizer-Reneke, Swartkops, Ventersreg, Wolmaranstrand, and Zecras 1, I am going to touch very briefly on the history of Rustenburg [Interjections] The Asiatic Bazaar in Pretoria is included as well.

As far as Rustenburg is concerned, it is recorded in history that the Indians settled there in 1880 and were treated there ever since. When the negotiations in terms of the Group Areas Act took place, one particular trader was expropriated at a cost of R75 000 and the local authority sold that land to the OK Bazaar at R50 000. In 1970 the Department of Community Development engaged an economist to look at the economic viability of a shopping complex in the Indian area.

He concluded that it would not be economically viable, but the local authority insisted on having it constructed, and the Indian people refused to concede that moving the Indian traders would be morally wrong, economically unsound and historically unjustified. The shopkeepers were offered the shops at the erection cost at that time, but because of the undertakings they were not prepared to move. I think this capital outlay. Some of them decided to buy the shops after two years, but their money was held back and returned after some five years, after deducting rental.

Last week, I went to great lengths to explain to the hon the Minister the contents of a letter I had received from the former town clerk of Pietersburg, in which he stated that he could confirm that the former Minister had given an undertaking that the complexes would be sold at erection cost.

To compound the matter, the House of Delegates has now spent R180 000 on renovations to those complexes in Rustenburg, instead of selling them to the individuals concerned.

The MINISTER Mr Speaker, we have examined all our records and have found no indication that there was a categorical undertaking that shopping complexes would be sold at market value. However, I hasten to say that I found the following indications in a reply from one of the former Ministers of Community Development. The actual words of the reply are as follows:

I am gratified that premises will be sold at a reasonable price, taking into account the cost plus interest to date and all other relevant factors.

What are these other relevant factors? Shopping complexes were set at reasonable rentals from the beginning. The maintenance costs were considerable. In addition to maintenance costs, administrative costs had to be borne. At present, we are actually offering a considerable discount on the price of the shops in relation to their market value, because the Government has indicated that if we do not sell the shopping complexes and other assets, we shall have to return these assets to the State.

The Ministers' Council is fully aware of the hardship, pain and suffering that members of the Indian community, and particularly people in the business sector, have experienced.

Mr M RAJAB Mr Speaker, it is my considered view that instead of approaching this particular interpellation on the basis of whether an undertaking was given by some other official, we should approach it on the basis of the spirit and the thrust of this particular interpellation which has been proposed by the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition. I believe that we should really view this interpellation against the background of the perspective of the Group Areas Act, its applications and its repeal.

There is no denying the fact that the Group Areas Act was responsible for our people's being dispossessed of their land for a mere pittance. This fact has been recognised by the present Government, hence the appointment of the Advisory Commission on Land Allocation. This has been done in a spirit of reconciliation, and it is the principle to which we should really be addressing ourselves in this interpellation this afternoon.

It is my belief that the Housing Development Board, about which the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition spoke, and the Community Development Board are really one and the same. The only thing that distinguishes one from the other is that in terms of the tripartite constitution the latter board falls under the House of Delegates' Department of Housing.

I believe we should really be looking at the whole idea of recompense. We should really be addressing that particular issue.

I have great sympathy for the argument that was advanced by the hon member for North Western Transvaal. I certainly believe that the formula in terms of which the Housing Development Board is addressing this problem at present, is inadequate. I understand the motivation and rationale behind it, but I do not believe that enough is being done.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Speaker, I suggest to the hon the Minister that in terms of the law this goes by decedent cases. He should examine the sale price of the Oriental Plaza in Cape Town, the sale price of the Oriental Plaza in Johannesburg—and what is nearest and dearest to his heart—the sale price of the shopping centre in Shallcross, as well as the rents at which the former Department of Community Development and our Administration are charging in many of our centres.

Let us take one example, namely the Asiatic Bazaar in Pretoria. Irrespective of what final price is determined, the hon the Minister should ensure that offers made by the tenants are not ignored. Our Administration should not determine a price and impose it on a take-it-or-leave-it basis, telling the tenants they have 30 days to decide, and threatening that if they do not accept this price, they will sell the shopping complexes on the open market, even if it means.

The MINISTER Mr Speaker, if the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition wants us to double the 30-day period by increasing the number of days to 60 days, we are prepared to play the game. However, there is a problem.

Mr M RAJAB The prices in Hunsdorp were fair.

The MINISTER There is a problem in that we are not putting up these shopping complexes at market prices. If there is any evidence to show that we have put up shopping complexes at market prices, I give hon members the assurance that the director of the department would stop the sales. We are satisfied that in only reason we get a valuator is to find out what the market price is, merely to ensure that our prices are far below that market price. Unfortunately we cannot
Mr P NAIDOO Would the hon the Minister afford a similar opportunity to the thousands of householders who are much more deserving of such special treatment?

The MINISTER. I would like to, but I cannot. I had hoped to, but I could not. I might as well stipulate some of the conditions or factors that are taken into account before finally arriving at the place at which we are offering these shops. The situation of the shop is taken into account, as are the present condition of the premises and the type of business. If there are too many barber shops, for instance.

[Time expired]

Mr P NAIDOO Mr Speaker, is the hon the Minister prepared to take a question? The hon the Minister’s time is very limited, but it is up to him to decide.

The MINISTER I am prepared to take a question.
challenge the Department and the Ministry in the light of evidence. [Interjections] Let us not delay in this regard. Let us not wait for an auspicious day on which to raise this kind of matter by way of an interpolation or a question.

Upgrading of regional welfare office. Gatesville

Mr. A. G. MOHAMED asked the Minister of Health Services about the Welfare Services in Gatesville.

(a) whether any arrangements have been made to upgrade the regional welfare office in Gatesville, Cape Town, if not, why not, if so, (a) what is envisaged in this regard and (b) when will the upgrading be carried out.

(b) As soon as possible.

2 No.

Mr. A. G. MOHAMED. Mr. Chairman, an answer was not out of the house. The Minister's reply, what do we have the House of Delegates for? [Interjections] Who is responsible for this?

The MINISTER Mr. Chairman, I think the answer is self-evident. If the hon member is asking specifically whether we are going to build homes for teachers in that area, there are no immediate plans to do so, because no such request has been made to my division by the educators themselves. [Interjections]

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! I must get things straight. Was the hon member for Rylands referring to the reply given to Question 5?

Mr. A. G. MOHAMED. Yes, Mr. Chairman.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! The reply the Minister is referring to was with regard to the building of homes, not with regard to Question 5. [Interjections]

The MINISTER Mr. Chairman, instead of saying “educators”, I should have said “health officials.”

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

QUESTIONS

Indicates translated version

For written reply

General Affairs

HSRC: genealogical data/papers

283 Mr. H. D. K. VAN DER MERWE asked the Minister of National Education.

(1) Whether the Human Sciences Research Council has received any genealogical data and/or papers from members of the public during the last specified period of 12 months for which information is available, if so, (a) from whom or what bodies, (b) when and (c) what is the purport of the data or papers.

2 No. The HSRC received the documents on the understanding that—

(a) the publications/manuscripts be taken into the HSRC library.

(2) whether these data and/or papers are subject to any conditions, if so, to what conditions?

768E

The MINISTER OF NATIONAL EDUCATION

(a) About 18 manuscripts/publications were received from a large collection of the Van der Merwe family by the HSRC. These were also kept in the special collection of Genealogical Information. Information for the series South African Genealogical Registers were also received mainly from members of the Genealogical Society and, among others, from Mr. H. D. K. van der Merwe for assistance with the editing and extension of the late Dr. J. A. Heeke's (deceased 1990) manuscript.


About 34 documents (loose information) which are preserved in the special collection (i.e., family files) of the Genealogical Information, were also received from Dr. J. D. Louw, George, Dr. F. H. F. du Toit, Durban, C. P. Massey, George, D. Attwell, England, Brg. Oliver Henning, Verwoerdburg, J. A. J. de Klerk, Duncan Park, Chantelle, Durban, Mrs. P. Groothuis, Richmond, L. Storey, Durban, Brg. A. E. Louw, Faure Glen, R. Wolmarans, Northmead, W. A. I. Schultz, Snoville, T. C. Reut, Nelspruit, G. F. Raubenah, Snoville, Prof. C. F. van der Merwe, Blybroek, C. M. van Oostuysen, Netherlands, M. A. Venter, Danhof, Dr. Petrus Krige, Namibia, J. Hough, Berlyche, Johan Ering, Coetzeeburg, Mrs. A. W. Muller, Waddenhof, Neville W. Smith, England, J. W. A. Hmene, Lynnwood Ridge, Mrs. A. Gillner, East London, Mrs. M. E. de Villiers, Randburg, Dr. H. Malan, Blyvooruiting, Dr. C. A. R. G.
The MINISTER OF HOUSING AND AGRICULTURE

(1) No, it is the responsibility of the Local Authority to provide such a community facility,
(a) Falls away,
(b) Falls away, and
(2) No

Mr K CHETTY Mr Chairman, arising from the hon the Minister’s reply, I would like to know why he, being the hon the Minister of Housing and Agriculture, cannot go ahead with that project in Phoenix. Those people need that facility. The hon the Minister says it is the responsibility of the local authority, but I remember very clearly that the former Chairman of the Ministers’ Council was responsible for the Chatsworth Stadium. He personally allocated the funds to the Durban City Council when he was still the Minister of Housing.

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I do not need to tell the hon member for Chatsworth Central that we are discussing this issue in 1992 and at a time when money for housing is in short supply. I can assure him that if we had the necessary funds today, we would start building a hall in Phoenix tomorrow. However, one has to take the current situation into account.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further arising from the hon the Minister’s reply, is he aware of the fact that as the Minister of Housing, he controls the allocation of community facility funding by any municipality? In view of this fact, will the hon the Minister direct that an investigation be carried out to ascertain how much money the community facility fund of Phoenix has at its disposal? Is the hon the Minister aware of the fact that there has been a policy decision that the profits from all unsold sites in Phoenix be used to provide facilities and that this money could be used to start building the stadium in Phoenix?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I am very mindful of the issue which the hon the Leader of the Opposition has raised. However, for the information of this House, I will certainly carry out the investigation which he has suggested.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

Mr K PANDAY Mr Chairman, further arising from the hon the Minister’s reply and in view of the similar answers he and the Durban City Council have given in respect of the shortage of funds, I would like to know whether the hon the Minister would consider a joint venture in the development of the sports centre at Phoenix.

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, for the information of the hon member for Reservoir Hills, do I not want to give a categorical answer at this stage. It is an issue which, for the benefit of our people, may be considered in future.

Mr T L GOUNDEN Mr Chairman, further arising from the hon the Minister’s reply, I would like to know if he would consider a sports stadium, a hospital or a clinic in Phoenix a priority.

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I stand to be corrected, but I do not think the development of sports complexes under the jurisdiction of the Housing Development Board of the Province controls the issue which the hon member has just raised. The sports stadium at Phoenix, of course, is a matter which falls under my department. Provided funds are available, we will certainly provide such facilities.

Mr D K PADIACHEY Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister’s reply, I would like to ask him whether he is aware that when Dr Mandela visited Phoenix over the weekend, only 20% or less of the crowd were Indians, because of the poor facilities offered in Phoenix? [Interjections]

*4 Leader of the Official Opposition—Education and Culture [Withdrawn]

QUESTIONs

Indicates translated version

For oral reply

General Affairs

Opportunity given to Deputy Minister of Defence to reply to Question No 2 for Oral Reply on Question Paper under General Affairs, pursuant to Resolution adopted by the House today (see col 11471)

 Alleged assault of 21 Battalion on squatters

2 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Defence
(1) Whether the South African Defence Force has investigated an incident involving members of 21 Battalion who are alleged to have assaulted squatters in the Tambobville squat area near Watville, Benoni, on or about 24 May 1992, if not, why not, if so, what are the findings,
(2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF DEFENCE

Mr Chairman, thank you very much for this opportunity. I would like to convey my sincere apologies to the Chair and to all hon members for not being here on time. I was incorrectly informed by my office.

(1) Yes, a Board of Inquiry has been convened to investigate the incident, but it has as yet not been completed

(2) No

Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister’s reply, would he tell this House when it is anticipated that the board of inquiry will complete its task?

The DEPUTY MINISTER Mr Chairman, it is difficult to say, but I would imagine that it will do so within the next few weeks. It should not take longer than that.

For written reply

General Affairs

Ministerial Representatives travelling/subsistence expenses

33 Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Constitutional Development
(1) Whether two Ministerial Representatives of the House of Delegates, who serve on Codesa and whose names have been furnished to the Minister’s Department for the purpose of his reply, have claimed any travelling and subsistence expenses in regard to their attendance of Codesa meetings, if so, (a)(i) for how many air tickets and (ii) what (aa) road transport and (bb) hotel expenses have been claimed by each and (b) in respect of what specified period are these figures furnished,

(2) what are the names of the Ministerial Representatives in question?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT

(1) No

(a) Falls away

(b) Falls away

(2) Falls away

Ministers of State travel/accommodation expenses

34 Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Constitutional Development
(1) Whether the (a)(i) air and (ii) road travelling and (b) accommodation expenses incurred by Ministers of State attending meetings of Codesa are paid for by his Department, if not, (aa) why not and (bb) by which Departments are they paid for, if so, why,

(2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT

(1) (a) (i) No

(ii) No

(b) No

(aa) The air and road travelling expenses of ministers are paid by their respective departments and ministers are accommodated in their official residences

(bb) Falls away

(2) No

Own Affairs

Number of court cases

House of Delegates

30 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services

Whether his Department has information on the number of cases involving the Administration House of Delegates that were handed on behalf of the Administration by the Office of the State Attorney in each of the latest specified three years for which information is available.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES
available, if not, why not, if so, (a) how many such cases were there in each of these years, (b) what are the names of the advocates who were given briefs in this regard by the said Office, (c) what was the total amount paid by the Administration in respect of costs to the (i) Office of the State Attorney and (ii) each of these advocates for each of the three years referred to above and (d) how many cases were successfully defended?

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES

(a) The table below indicates the number of cases for each of the last three years:

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<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Education and Culture</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>6</td>
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<tr>
<td>Health Services &amp; Welfare</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Local Government, Housing and Agriculture</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Budgetary and Auxiliary Services</td>
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<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Totals</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>19</td>
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(b) The table below indicates the names of the Advocates who were given briefs:

NB Figures in brackets ( ) indicate that counsel was appointed to assist a senior advocate

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<td>NIL</td>
<td>5</td>
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<td>J E Hewett SC</td>
<td>NIL</td>
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<td>N V Hurt SC</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>NIL</td>
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<td>C G Marnewek SC</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
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<td>R J A Callum</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>NIL</td>
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<td>A W M Harcourt</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>NIL</td>
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<tr>
<td>D G Harpur</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>NIL</td>
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<td>C B Mann</td>
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<tr>
<td>J Marais</td>
<td>NIL</td>
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<td>NIL</td>
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<td>P Meekan</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>P J Olsen</td>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>NIL</td>
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<tr>
<td>F G Richings</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A L Simpson</td>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>NIL</td>
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<tr>
<td>B L Skinner</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>1</td>
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<td>P S Smith</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>NIL</td>
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<tr>
<td>G O van Niekerk</td>
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<td>NIL</td>
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<tr>
<td>S F Burger SC</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>NIL</td>
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<tr>
<td>G L Grobler SC</td>
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<td>C J H Badenhorst</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>NIL</td>
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<tr>
<td>A B de Wet</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>L van Wyk</td>
<td>NIL</td>
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<tr>
<td>J Heunis</td>
<td>NIL</td>
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(c) The total amount paid by the Administration in respect of legal costs for each of the last three years is indicated in the table below:

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<tr>
<td>Education and Culture</td>
<td>168 959</td>
<td>27 100</td>
<td>24 100</td>
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<tr>
<td>Health and Welfare</td>
<td>1 723</td>
<td>1 911</td>
<td>438</td>
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<td>Local Government, Housing and Agriculture</td>
<td>194 351</td>
<td>611 935</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Budgetary and Auxiliary Services</td>
<td>6 253</td>
<td>549</td>
<td>98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>371 286</td>
<td>641 495</td>
<td>315 384</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

(d) The office of the State Attorney does not raise fees on the "attorney and client" basis as at the practice by private attorneys and only recovers, from the user Department, disbursements made by the State Attorney's Office on such Departments' behalf. Counsel's fees are paid by the State Attorney's Office and recovered from the user Department through the inter-Department accounting system.

Different amounts have been paid to the various counsel in respect of their services rendered in a particular matter for which they were appointed by the State Attorney's Office concerned. It is not possible to extract the information required relating to fees paid to individual advocates within the time permitted, as the details required are distributed over several Departments and each payment to the Office of the State Attorney would have to be examined to extract payments to individual counsel.

(d) The table below sets out the details of the outcome of the cases for each of the last three years

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<thead>
<tr>
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<tr>
<td>EXPROPRIATION</td>
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<tr>
<td>(a) Received</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Finalized</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Carried forward</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>NIL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Pending</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OTHER CASES RECEIVED</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>16</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pending</td>
<td>2</td>
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<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cases won</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cases lost</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>NIL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cases settled</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
the hon member for Campedown as a "jester boy" It is my considered opinion that that is
unparliamentary

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! I shall look into that, and I shall respond once we have concluded the day's business

QUESTIONS

Humbates translated version

For oral reply

General Affairs

SAP: death in police custody of certain trade unionist

*1 Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Law and Order

(1) Whether the South African Police have undertaken an investigation into the recent death in police custody of a certain trade unionist, whose name has been furnished to the Police for the purpose of the Minister's reply, if not, why not, if so, (a) what is his name and (b) what were the findings of the investigation?

(2) Whether he will make a statement on this matter?

D189E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER

(1) Yes

The deceased was not under arrest at the time of his death, but was questioned by the Police on information supplied by him regarding an armed robbery

(a) Simon Lekula Seema

(b) On 19 May 1992, an autopsy was carried out on the body of the deceased by the Senior State Pathologist. His report was forwarded to the Attorney-General of the Transvaal, whose decision is not yet known

(2) No

Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, I want to say to him with great regret that his reply has a ring of déjà vu about it. We have heard about these mysterious deaths in the past. I shall not take that matter any further, however.

The question I want to ask the hon the Minister is when the Attorney-General's decision is expected.

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I do not know what the implication of the hon member's first remark was [Interjections] Was the idea that we do not care whether people die or not? If so, I take exception to that member's interjection [Interjections] I am answering a question now.

Mr M RAJAB [Inaudible]

The MINISTER Unfortunately the hon member cannot answer my questions, but I must answer his question.

We are concerned about all people in South Africa who lose their lives, whatever the situation may be. Whether they die in detention or in the streets, as we have seen now, they remain our concern.

As far as the second part of the hon member's question is concerned, that is not something that is under my jurisdiction. That falls under the hon the Minister of Justice and the National Intelligence Service. The documentation has been sent to the Attorney-General of the Transvaal and we will just have to await his decision.

Mr M RAJAB Mr Chairman, in reply to the hon the Minister's question and in reaction to it,

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! Does the hon member have a supplementary question arising from the hon the Minister's reply?

Mr M RAJAB Yes, Sir. Further arising from the hon the Minister's reply is he not aware that in our very recent past too many people have died under mysterious circumstances, either in detention or while in the custody of the SA Police?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, if the hon member is making the allegation that through foul play people are dying in the custody of the SA Police—that is what he is suggesting at the moment—then I repeat that I take the strongest exception to that. If the hon member has any information regarding foul play in the SA Police, I would be only too happy to investigate the matter. However, I do not think it is fair to the SA Police to spread rumours of that nature.

*2 Mr M Rajab—Deference: Question standing over; See col 1449 for reply to this question

Geological tests

*3 Mr DK PADIAKHEY asked the Minister of Local Government and National Housing

Whether, with reference to his reply to Question No. 3 on 1 April 1992, the geological tests conducted in Lenasia Extensions 9 and 10 to establish whether the area is suitable for residential development have been completed, if not, (a) why not and (b) when is it expected that the test results will be available, if so, what are the findings?

D195E

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND NATIONAL HOUSING

The geological tests have been completed and it was established that the area is not suitable for residential development.

Mr DK PADIAKHEY Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Deputy Minister's reply, would he tell us what will happen to the people who are in the transit camp in that area at the moment?

The DEPUTY MINISTER Mr Chairman, I am not in a position to answer that question at the moment.

Incorporation of certain areas into Lenasia

*4 Mr DK PADIAKHEY asked the Minister of Local Government and National Housing

(1) Whether his Department has made any approaches to the Johannesburg City Council to incorporate into Lenasia proper certain areas situated to the southeast of Lenasia, if not, why not, if so, what are the relevant details?

(2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

D196E

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND NATIONAL HOUSING

(1) No

In the Transvaal Provincial Administration, in its own right, it is dealing with this matter.

(2) No

INTERPELLATION

The sign * indicates a translation. The sign †, used subsequently in the same interpellation, indicates the original language.

Own Affairs

Regional school hall in Merebank. decision

1. The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Education and Culture

Whether, with reference to the reply by the Minister of Housing and Agriculture to Question No. 2 on 6 May 1992, a final decision has as yet been taken on building a regional school hall in Merebank, if not, (a) why not and (b) when is it anticipated that finality will be reached, if so, (i) what is the estimated cost and (ii) what progress has been made in the provision of this hall?

D214E INT

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE Mr Chairman, a policy decision has been taken by the Department to erect a regional school hall in Merebank. The final decision is dependent on the availability of funds for capital works. The estimated cost is approximately R5.674 million.

Consultants, architects, engineers and quantity surveyors have been appointed to design and document the proposed hall. The documentation has been brought to tender stage and the tender month is June 1992. My Department has submitted representations for funds to complete the building programme.

The Department has been severely handicapped by funding cutbacks over the past four years. Nevertheless, the department's policy of providing regional school halls is continuing as our schools and communities need the facilities to provide indoor sporting facilities and cultural and social amenities, especially in the areas where Government mass housing has been erected.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, I appreciate the hon the Minister's placing these facts on record, but I want to ask him certain questions.

Firstly, when the hon the Minister says his Department has submitted representations and that his Department's policy of providing these
halls is continuing, is it not correct that by “Department” he means the senior management of the Department of Education and Culture? Is it not correct that the senior management of the department has not taken such decisions? Is it not correct that the appointment of consultants and architects was not the result of any decision taken by the Department? Is it not correct that the hon the Member took this whole proposal to the Ministers Council and that the Ministers’ Council has put this on hold because of the shortage of funds?

I want to refer to a speech made by the hon the Member on 27 February 1992. I quote from Hanard, col 1906:

the whole Ministers’ Council is responsible for education, only we get the flak. It is always the case of the Minister of Education and Culture doing this and that.

Here the hon the Minister refers to the whole Ministers’ Council as being responsible. According to this the whole Ministers’ Council has taken the decision to put this on hold because of financial restraints. The hon the Minister by-passed the Consultative Council and wants individual hon members to support him.

I am against any hall, but I want to make it an allegation about the hon the Minister’s statement that the Department has taken this decision. When I phoned a senior official, who is the highest ranking officer in the Department, he told me they knew nothing about the appointment of consultants. The hon the Minister is bypassing them and giving instructions to a junior official, Mr Petzer, by telephone. The management of the Department of Education has taken no such decision. I want the hon the Minister to confirm or deny that he is giving instructions to a junior official, and that whatever has been done is the result of the actions of a junior official. Why does the hon the Minister write to individual hon members when the Ministers’ Council, as a result of the hon the Minister’s going to the Ministers’ Council, decided to put everything on hold?

I suggest that in order to resolve this, the hon the Minister must urgently call a meeting with the Education Advisory Committee together with his colleagues, so that we can look at regional halls and community halls and see how we can resolve this issue jointly. We are not against this hall if it is needed and if it has to be afforded priority, let us jointly decide on that so that the hon the Minister cannot be criticised. If Reservoir Hills or Phoenix needs a regional hall or Chatsworth needs a community hall, let us jointly decide on it.

Mr M ABRAM Mr Chairman, in my motivation to build the regional hall, I heard the hon the Minister of Education and Culture state that Christian functions could not be held in a Hindu temple and Hindu functions could not be held in a Christian church. That is perfectly legitimate and understandable. However, we see from the document we have at hand which was submitted by the Merebank community centre that the research that has been done already indicates that sufficient provisions already exist at Merebank.

The submission states that there are twelve halls. Seven belong to Christian churches and four belong to Hindu temples, and there is one general community hall which serves more than 600 people at a time. The question that I would like to ask is whether sufficient research was done before the hon the Minister undertook the matter or whether it was just another exercise in futility. Many other projects have been initiated in that way and only later do we realise that this should never have been done.

At a time like this, with the economic decline in our country, I would strongly suggest that the money be put to better use. In Tongaat, for example, we used nearly R6 million—that is the estimated cost of this hall—to build 162 homes for low-income families. Would that not be a priority? I ask the hon the Minister to reconsider this decision. Nearly R300 000 has been spent on consultants’ fees and things like that. I think we should just halt progress until a proper investigation has been done. The decision must then be motivated again.

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE Mr Chairman, I would like to place certain facts on record so that everybody has a clear understanding of what is happening. It is not true that the Minister is instructing a junior official to carry on with this particular hall in Merebank which is my constituency. As far back as 1986 the Merebank hall was put on the priority list of the building programme. This was done with the full knowledge that the department did not have the funds to build school halls. When those in the community every White school has a gymnasium and a hall, our children are not able to have that.

I looked at the matter very carefully. My Department had certain halls built in the Cape Town and Transvaal regions, but at that time there were funds. When it was decided that they could not build any more halls, the concept of regional halls came to the fore. The hon the Leader of the Official Opposition was the first one to moot that a hall be built in Arena Park, which is his area, and rightly so, because it is being put to good use. It is fully booked all the time. The PRO in that particular department at that time made certain that publicity was given to that hall. It is a good hall.

We must make certain that regional halls will serve the needs of the community especially when mass housing is concerned and where there are no amenities for our people. I would like to dispel the notion that somehow this money is used for housing. Money allocated to the Education and Culture Department is used for building halls. The Housing and Agriculture Vote is used to build houses. If we do not build that hall, that money is not going to be used to build 600 homes in whatever area.

The Ministers’ Council has not taken a decision to put the building of that hall on hold. The Ministers’ Council is awaiting a decision based on facts to find out whether it is feasible and whether we can get more money. During the past four years there have been cutbacks of R459 million on my department’s budget. If this money was forthcoming, we could have built a regional hall in every centre in South Africa.

Our people must not be forced to have inferior halls without facilities, unlike what the Whites have. When there are cutbacks on allocations to the Whites, why does this hon member not complain and say they should not build halls and gymnasia? [Time expired]

Mr K CHETTY Mr Chairman, I am rather confused about the manner in which the Ministers’ Council goes about its duty. The hon the Minister of Housing and Agriculture stood in this very Chamber on 6 May and told this House that any final decision had been taken with regard to this hall because of financial constraints. Suddenly this hon Minister of Education and Culture tells this House today that plans are already in progress and that he has already appointed a consultant to draw up plans. Does the hon the Chairman of the Ministers’ Council know what is going on in his council? Can the hon the Chairman of the Ministers’ Council give this House some indication as to what is going on in his Ministers’ Council, because two hon Ministers have given us two different versions of what is going on?

We are concerned. As far as I am concerned, the hon the Chairman of the Ministers’ Council also told us that this project was going to be on hold. Then suddenly the hon Minister of Education and Culture tells us that this hall is a priority, and that this priority was established in 1982, long before he even came to this country. I want to know what is going on. [Interjections] This is a shame.

If there was such a thing as a priority, it should have been given to the area the hon the Chairman of the Ministers’ Council comes from, namely Weissdelf. They need that hall there. They need a hall in Newlands Werf, they need one in Summer South as well, but not in Merebank. Merebank is overcrowded with halls.

I am not in any way against the hon the Minister of Education and Culture. I know that is his constituency and that he must look after it. However, the way he is going about this whole thing is wrong. What the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition has said is true, namely that he is putting pressure on his planning staff to go ahead with this project. I was also told that a private consultant had been appointed to draw up plans, but that there is now some problem as far as payment is concerned. [Time expired]

THE LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, in an area west of Chatsworth, our pupils, in order to do physical education, have to jump over the fence and use private homes as changing rooms. In Lenasia South the department does not have the money to build classrooms for the pupils. They are using homes for that purpose. The Ministers’ Council has put this on hold. This is serious contempt on the part of the Ministers’ Council.
If a bill for Mercant's priority, let us have it, but let us do it properly. In 1988 all halls were taken off the priority list. Let us not come with excuses as far as 1986 is concerned. I was officially informed by senior management that the hon the Minister was doing his own thing in telephoning junior officials and giving Mr. Penuar instructions R250 000 has been spent in bypassing the Department. The Department is the management of education, but the management of education does not know anything about this decision. What is the hon the Minister going to do about the contempt of the Ministers' Council? Previously the hon the Minister said the Ministers' Council was responsible and nobody criticised it [Time expired]

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE Mr Chairman, I just want to reply to the hon member for Chatsworth Central. As long ago as 1984 the hon member for Chatsworth Central was actively assisting me, as a local affairs committee member, to build that hall [Interjections]. At that time the hon member realised the need for this. When he says that he is totally confused, he is speaking the truth [Interjections]. In his confusion he has gone to my constituency and spoken to the people, giving them a blanket assurance that that hall would not be built. The hon member for Chatsworth Central will see to it. He is the Mafia boss! [Interjections]

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! I must call on the hon the Minister to withdraw the words "Mafia boss". We do not have any Mafia members in this House.

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I withdraw it, but I shall say that a hon member uses strong-arm tactics [Interjections].

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE Order! The hon the Minister may proceed.

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I have nothing against the hon member for Chatsworth Central stating that Westditch needs a hall. I should like to mention the areas in South Africa in which halls are needed, according to my department's priority list Mercant, Shakaskraal, Lensus, Richard's Bay, Newlands West, Shalcross Extension I, Avoca, Dunstan, Howick West, Tugela, Chatsworth, Isipingo, Ladismith and Wyebank. Feasibility studies have recently been conducted regarding the last three, Isipingo, Ladismith and Wyebank, because hon members of Parliament have requested this.

I should like to tell the hon the Leader of the Opposition that I do not bypass the Ministers' Council, nor do we bypass the chief of staff. Our chiefs of staff are constantly meeting and discussing this issue. We want to build halls, and I am pushing for this. When a unitary system of education has been established, we shall have no money to build halls for our people [Interjections]. [Time expired]

Debate concluded

QUESTIONS

Question translated version

For oral reply

Own Affairs

Building of homes in Lensus South by utility company

1. Mr D K PADIACHEY asked the Minister of Housing and Agriculture

(1) Whether the regional representative gave his approval to homes being built in Lensus South by a utility company in 1990, if not, what are the relevant details, if so,

(2) whether the building of these homes was subsequently stopped because of the intervention of the Chairman of the Ministers' Council, if so, what were the circumstances surrounding the matter,

(3) whether any action has been taken against the said regional representative, if not, why not, if so, (a) what action and (b) when?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING AND AGRICULTURE

(1) Yes, at the end of May 1992, 496 purchasers owed R515 090.65 in respect of arrear instalments

(2) No, the purchasers have had beneficial occupation from the inception and were also aware from which date their instalment payments became effective. The local authority has therefore been requested to recover the arrears.

Mr D K PADIACHEY Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, has he given the Boksburg City Council specific instructions to recover these arrears?

Mr D K PADIACHEY Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, has he given the Boksburg City Council specific instructions to recover these arrears?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, specific instructions have been issued to local authorities throughout the country, since it has been found that money that should have been paid into the coffers of the Housing Development Board for the development of houses for the very large number of people that are waiting, has not been paid.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, is it in the light of his emphasis on the fact that money should be paid into the coffers of the Housing Development Board, and of the fact that the Ministry of Housing is wilfully seeing to it that the R5 million for the link road is not being paid into the coffers of the Housing Development Board, is he prepared to consider waiving the arrears of those people, who deserve such a decision?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, as we are all aware, the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition is obsessed with the link road [Interjections]

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION Because it is a sink road! It is a stench from which party will never recover [Interjections]

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I think the link road has become a very important issue, and the person responsible for this is none other than the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition. Nevertheless, in brief, each issue has to be treated on its merits, and I cannot see any justification for waiving arrears rentals.

Mr D K PADIACHEY Mr Chairman, further arising from the hon the Minister's reply, is he aware of the fact that the Boksburg City Council is awaiting a reply from the House of Delegates with regard to the collection of those arrears rentals?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I want to thank the hon member for Central, and for that information and assure him that I will look into the matter.

Mr MABRAM Mr Chairman, further arising from the hon the Minister's reply, I would like to know what method he would suggest for collecting arrears rentals. Would it not be more prudent to allow for these arrears rentals to be added onto the final cost of the houses, so that it would be easier in the current economic climate for people to pay back that money?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, I am pleased that the hon member for Tongaat has posed that question, but time does not permit me to give him a complete answer. In those cases where large amounts are owing and people have not entered into an agreement to purchase, the arrears rentals have been added onto the capital. Those people will pay according to their income and according to what they can afford.

Sports stadium in Phoenix

3. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Housing and Agriculture

(1) Whether his Department intends to establish a sports stadium at Phoenix, if not, why not, if so, (a) when and (b) where?

(2) Whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, in the case of the Phoenix stadium, tender notices were put out, but until a decision on the location of the stadium has been made, it is difficult to say whether this will be possible.

Mr K CHETTY Mr Chairman, is the Minister aware that the PCFA has made representations to the community on this matter?

The MINISTER Mr Chairman, these representations have not been made to me, but I will take note of them.
MK ‘will have fewer than 1,000’

LONDON - The ANC’s military wing, MK, which has more than 10,000 members in the country, has announced that it will have fewer than 1,000 members by the time it holds its national congress next month.

This comes as a response to the claim by the ANC’s political wing that the organisation is on the decline.

The MK spokesperson, Mr. Mzwawu, said that the decision was made during a meeting with senior members of the ANC’s political wing.

He added that the organisation had undergone a significant transformation over the years, and that the new membership figure would reflect this.

Freeze on payments for state housing

Kenyata and illustrations on state-owned houses have been frozen indefinitely, National Housing Minister Mr. Leon Kwenani announced last night.

In a statement, Mr. Kwenani said the decision followed earlier announcements that rentals and instalments on state-financed housing would not be increased until “certain investigations” had been completed.

The “freeze” was applicable only to the interest and capital redemption elements of the rental or instalment, and not to increases in municipal tariffs, service charges and other levies that also part of them.

Four more independent cash MPs join NP

The new National Party (NP) has announced the addition of four independent cash MPs to its ranks.

The MPs, who are all members of the former National Democratic Alliance (NDA), include Mr. Loyola Chiragwa, Mr. Thabo Senake, Mr. John Mabola, and Mr. Sipho Mkhize.

Viljoen rejected inquiry into corruption

The government has rejected an inquiry into corruption by former finance minister Mr. Gerrit Viljoen.

Mr. Viljoen had accused the government of corruption and called for an inquiry into the matter.

However, the government has said that it will not entertain the idea of an inquiry, arguing that it would undermine the country’s democratic processes.

Community allowed to stay on farm

The Kgopa people, who were forcibly removed from their land by the government, have been allowed to stay on the farm.

The government had previously evicted the Kgopa people from their land to make way for a new highway.

However, a court ruling has now allowed the Kgopa people to stay on the farm.

Health Talk

987 309 32 32

F W entertains Moroccan minister

The Moroccan Minister of State for Foreign Affairs and Cooperation, Dr. Abdellatif Filali, is due to arrive in South Africa on Saturday. He will be attending a meeting with the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr. P. de Kock. Filali is expected to meet with other officials to discuss bilateral relations.

Healthcare

From Chris Bateman

 public relations

MK ‘will have fewer than 1,000’

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Healthcare

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public relations
GOEWERMESTSKENNISGEWINGS

ADMINISTRASIE:
RAAD VAN AFGEVAARDIGDES

DEPARTEMENT VAN PLAASLIKE BESTUUR,
BEHUISING EN LANDBOU

No. 1860 3 Julie 1992

WET OP BEHUISINGSONTWIKKELING (RAAD VAN
AFGEVAARDIGDES), 1987 (WET No. 4 VAN 1987)

HERAANSTELLING VAN DIE LEDE VAN DIE RAAD
OP BEHUISINGSONTWIKKELING

In gevolge artikel 3 (4) van die Wet op Behuisingsont-
wikkeling (Raad van Afgevaardigdes), 1987 (Wet 4 van
1987), word vir algemene inligting bekendgemaak dat
die Minister van Behuising, Ministersraad van die Raad
van Afgevaardigdes kragtens die bevoegdheid hom
verlaan by artikel 3 (1) en (2) van genoemde Wet die
ondergenoemde persone heraangestel het as lede van
die Raad op Behuisingsontwikkeling. Die Minister het
ingevolge artikel 4 (1) van genoemde Wet die lede
heraangestel vir die perioode 1 Julie 1992 til 30 Junie
1993

Voorsitter:
Mr J G Brand

Vise-voorsitter:
Mr D Naicker

Lede:
Mr Y S Chinsamy
Mr R I Arenstein
Mr M H Keerath
Mr V V Parkhouse

388 — A

GOVERNMENT NOTICES

ADMINISTRATION:
HOUSE OF DELEGATES

DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT,
HOUSING AND AGRICULTURE

No. 1860 3 July 1992

HOUSING DEVELOPMENT ACT (HOUSE OF DELE-
GATES), 1987 (ACT No. 4 OF 1987)

REAPPOINTMENT OF THE MEMBERS OF THE
HOUSING DEVELOPMENT BOARD

In terms of section 3 (4) of the Housing Development
Act, (House of Delegates), 1987 (Act 4 of 1987), it is
hereby notified for general information that the Minister of
Housing, Ministers' Council of the House of Delegates
under and by virtue of the powers vested in him
by section 3 (1) and (2) of the said Act has reappointed
the undermentioned persons as members of the Hous-
ing Development Board. In terms of section 4 (1) of the
said Act, the Minster has reappointed the members for
the period 1 July 1992 to 30 June 1993

Chairman:
Mr J G Brand

Vice-Chairman.
Mr D Naicker

Members:
Mr Y S Chinsamy
Mr R I Arenstein
Mr M H Keerath
Mr V V Parkhouse

14099 — 1
Party to push for federalism

DURBAN — Solidarity, the ruling party in the House of Delegates, has resolved to promote its policy of a federal system of government for South Africa, thus clearing the way for the party's attendance at President de Klerk's planned summit on federalism next month.

The decision was taken on Saturday at Solidarity's provincial congress which was held in Durban.

Solidarity party officials will now be empowered to push for federalism at "whatever forum and in association with any political grouping or organisation." — Sapa
Lenasia project falls into dispute

None of the directors of the board could be reached for comment. A secretary said they had been told by the director-general not to comment.

In another development, papers have been filed in the Durban Supreme Court by Universal Homes against the housing development board and its leader, JN Reddy.

Universal Homes is claiming damages of R3.68m from the board which allegedly had approved the allotment of 369 serviced sites in Lenasia South Ext 4 to it for the building and selling of homes.

A loan of R15.99m at 11.5% interest a year payable over five years was also allegedly approved.

Thus, Universal Homes says, was with the approval of the House of Delegates' Local Government, Housing and Agriculture Minister.

"On or around January 22, 1991, the defendant wrongly and unlawfully repudiated its obligations under the said approval, which resulted in Universal Homes sustaining damages of R3.68m," the company said.

The defendant denied all the claims, pleading they were bad in law for several reasons.

The installation of services at the site was completed some time ago and the House of Delegates has built and is selling its homes as it has an arrangement whereby it can do this.

"Nothing appears to be happening and more than R300m in taxpayers' money is just lying there waiting," another developer said.

"There is the desperate need for housing and the poor conditions in the building industry are unacceptable."
AMENDMENT OF REGULATIONS RELATING TO LEAVE OF ABSENCE OF CS EDUCATORS WHO ARE NOT NORMALLY REQUIRED TO DO DUTY DURING PERIODS WHEN TUITION IS SUSPENDED

The Minister of Education and Culture has under section 33 (1) (g) of the Indians Education Act, 1965 (Wet No. 61 of 1965), amended the regulations promulgated by Government Notice No. R. 1563 of 5 July 1991, as set out in the Schedule

SCHEDULE

1. In this Schedule, unless the context indicates otherwise, the expression "The Regulations" means the regulations promulgated by Government Notice No. R. 1563 of 5 July 1991

2. Regulation 13 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for the existing regulation of the following subregulations:

"Special leave for participation in sports and other cultural events with full pay without such leave being brought into account against the leave credit of an educator, may be granted with the approval of the head of the education department when an educator—

(a) is selected by an amateur sports body or a cultural institution, recognised by the head of education department for this purpose—

(i) to take part as a competitor, coach or manager in a sports or cultural event outside the borders of the Republic, or
(a) die land, Provinsie of streek by 'n internasionale, nasionale, provinsiale of streek-sport-/kultuurgeleentheid binne die Republiek te verteenwoordig, of

(b) as skedesreger, beampte, beoordelaar of kur-susleerer by 'n sport-/kultuurgeleentheid op internasionale vlak binne of buite die Republiek optree, of

(c) as 'n individu wat hom op die hoogste vlak onderskei het, gekies of uitgenoel word of op eie insaats, aan 'n sport-/kultuurgeleentheid op internasionale of nasionale vlak binne of buite die Republiek deelneem."

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**DEPARTEMENT VAN FINANSIES**

No. R. 2524  
11 September 1992

DOEANE-EN AKSYNS, 1964

WYSIGING VAN BYLAE No. 1 (No. 1/1/494)

Kragtens artikel 48 van die Doeane- en Aksynswet, 1964, word Deel 1 van Bylæ No. 1 by genoemde Wet hiermee gewysig in die mate in die Bylæ hierna aange-toen.

J. A. VAN WYK,
Adjunkminister van Finansies.

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**BYLAE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pos</th>
<th>Subpos</th>
<th>Artikelbeskrywing</th>
<th>Statistiese Einheid</th>
<th>Skaal van Reg</th>
<th>Annotasies</th>
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<tr>
<td>16 04</td>
<td>&quot;20 2&quot;</td>
<td>Deur subpos No 1604 13 20 deur die volgende te vervang Sardines (sardyne) (Sardinops spp.), in lugdige metahouers</td>
<td>kg</td>
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Opmerking De skaal van reg op sardines (sardyne) (Sardinops spp.), in lugdige metahouers, word van 6c/kg na vry verlaag

**SCHEDULE**

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<tr>
<th>Heading</th>
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<th>C</th>
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<th>Article Description</th>
<th>Statistical Unit</th>
<th>Rate of Duty</th>
<th>Annotations</th>
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<tr>
<td>16 04</td>
<td>&quot;20 2&quot;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>By the substitution for subheading No 1604 13 20 of the following Sardines (pickhards) (Sardinops spp.), in airtight metal containers</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>free</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note — The rate of duty on sardines (pickhards) (Sardinops spp.), in airtight metal containers, is reduced from 6c/kg to free

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**DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE**

No. R. 2524  
11 September 1992

CUSTUMS AND EXCISE ACT, 1964

AMENDMENT OF SCHEDULE No. 1 (No 1/1/494)

Under section 48 of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964, Part 1 of Schedule No. 1 to the said Act is hereby amended to the extent set out in the Schedule hereto

J. A. VAN WYK,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

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**AMENDMENT OF SCHEDULE No 4 (No 4/117)**

Under section 75 of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964, Schedule No. 4 to the said Act is hereby amended to the extent set out in the Schedule hereto

J. A. VAN WYK,
Deputy Minister of Finance.
Sharp increase in public servants

PRETORIA — The number of workers in own affairs departments increased by 20 000 people between 1987 and the first quarter this year. Central Statistical Service (CSS) figures show.

The number went up from 170 000 to more than 190 000.

The own affairs pay bill has also rocketed. In the last quarter of 1987 the salary bill came to just over R600m. In the first quarter of this year, the payout totalled R1.5bn.

There are five House of Delegates departments and six House of Representatives departments, all of which have counterparts in general affairs.

And SA’s public sector pay bill, including salaries and wages of general staff and own affairs bureaucrats, will soar to nearly R5.5bn in the 1993/94 financial year, according to calculations based on CSS figures.

The figures, released at the weekend, show the 550 145 workers in general affairs and own affairs in the second quarter this year had an increase of R621m compared with the second quarter of last year.

However, for the first time in years there was a significant decline in overall staff numbers.

In general affairs departments, the numbers decreased by 10 842 to 3 644 687 and in own affairs departments by 3 502 to 1 835 378.

The CSS said there had been big staff increases in the provincial administrations and in the homeland bureaucracies.

Provincial departments’ personnel increased by 8 642 to 2 131 162. For the quarter they were paid R1.439bn — an increase of R375.399m compared with the second quarter last year.

Workers in the civil services of the six homelands increased by a huge 11 349 to a new high of 215 988 and they were paid R1.156bn, up by R252m compared with March-June last year.

The public sector includes government trade establishments — Transnet, the Post Office and Telkom — universities and parastatals, local authorities and public corporations.

DP finance spokesman Douglas Gibson said the duplication and fragmentation of the tripartite system had cost the country billions of rands in futile expenditure since the system’s inception in the early 1990s.

However, he said if the abolition of own affairs meant all workers would be absorbed in central government jobs, the savings would be minimal.
Whether the South African Police keep statistics on policemen who suffered injury or death as a result of gunshot wounds to the chest or back whilst on duty in 1989, 1990 and 1991, if not, why not, if so, in respect of each of these years, how many such policemen (a) were (i) injured and (ii) killed and (b) were wearing bullet-proof vests at the time.

B848E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER

No

Comprehensive details of the nature and position of wounds and fatal injuries are recorded in respect of each occurrence, but are included in files in respect of departmental Boards of Inquiry and inquests. It is not possible to differentiate cases of this nature from other individual cases. A complete analysis of cases whereby a policeman, in the course of his duties, has been unlawfully killed or injured by another party by means of a firearm has however, been kept and statistics recorded since 1 January 1992.

House of Delegates

Questions

Indicates translated version

For written reply

Chairman of Ministers' Council: visit to USA

43. The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Foreign Affairs

(1) Whether the Chairman of the Ministers' Council in the House of Delegates visited the United States of America earlier this year in order to address a meeting of the Security Council of the United Nations, if so.

(2) whether his Department incurred any expenses in respect of this visit, if so, what were the (a) hotel, (b) travelling and (c) other specified expenses?

D225E

The MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS

(1) Yes

(2) No

(a), (b) and (c) fall away
available programmes are also offered to them if feasible.

Moreover, it can be mentioned that the centralised detention of sentenced juveniles in certain regions is a direct consequence of the successes obtained by the youth centres and programmes at Leewnikop (since 1986) and Pollsmoor (since 1987).

Generally the intention with these programmes is to equip the juvenile with the life skills which could contribute to his successful reintegration into the community after release.

The following basic guidelines are followed:

- The achievement of a certain level of education in order to facilitate adaptation into the community. In other words — acceptable norms and values must be acquired.

- Education and training as the basis of the programme. Depending on the present level of education, intellectual capabilities of prisoners and the term of sentence it is envisaged to achieve a specific level of education.

- Meaningful utilisation of time which is aimed at positive attitude after release.

- Maintenance of present social structures to counteract institutionalisation and consequently prevent recidivism eg maintainance and strengthening of family ties

- Meaningful realisation of religious needs

- Healthy physical development through physical training and care

Should the need arise, the further centralised detention of sentenced juvenile prisoners can be considered at certain centres which are deemed suitable for this purpose

(i) 31 August 1992

(b) The precise information cannot be provided to the hon member as it is, inter alia, not centrally available. There are also various practical problems with regard to the possible recording of such statistics by the Department of Correctional Services.

To conclude this point I refer to the hon member to the information supplied by me in reply to question 87 on 26 February

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

1992 in the House of Assembly (Hansard Col 313-314)

(2) (a) No

(i), (ii) and (iii) Fall away

(b) No

(i), (ii) and (iii) Fall away

No, except to refer to the attached press release issued on 21 October 1992 by the office of the Deputy Minister of Manpower and of Local Government, and National Housing, Mr G. M. E. Carelse, confirmed that a special work group was appointed by the Deputy Minister of Manpower and of Local Government and National Housing, Mr G. M. E. Carelse, MP, to investigate the question of facilities for the detention of juveniles under the age of 18 years.

Deputy Minister takes note of Nico's report on children awaiting trial

Mr Glen Carelse, Deputy Minister of Manpower and of Local Government and National Housing, said in Cape Town today that the Government is equally concerned about the seriousness of the situation regarding children in detention, of which approximately 4,000 are presently being detained in prison.

Mr Carelse was reacting to the report released today in Cape Town which was compiled by the South African National Institute for Crime Prevention and Rehabilitation of Offenders (Nico), the community law centre at the University of the Western Cape and Pietermaritzburg's Lawyers for Human Rights.

The Government has for quite some time been concerned about this matter, and as a result an interdepartmental working group was appointed on 17 September 1992 by Mr Carelse. The mandate of the working group is to investigate the possibilities of alternative centres and services where youth are being detained. The final report of the working group will be submitted to him by the end of November 1992. The Working Group comprises the following departments:


National Housing, National Health and Population Development and the four Provincial Administration.

The private sector will be co-opted by the sub-committees of this Working Group

In order to carry out its functions, the working group divided into several task groups, on which the interested parties from the private sector have been co-opted.

The task groups will be considered matters such as:

- the true figures of children under age awaiting trial;
- alternative services that can be rendered;
- liaison between the role players, and
- legislation.

Due to the seriousness of the problem, Mr Carelse has already requested that the working group submit an interim report to him by the end of October 1992. This will enable the Government to consider, if necessary, possible interim steps, even before the final report is published.

Mr Carelse said that he welcomes the interests of Nico in this particular matter. He indicated that the interdepartmental committee will scrutinise Nico's report, together with other inputs it may receive in preparing its report. He also said that most of the issues addressed in Nico's report were being dealt with by one of the sub-committees of the interdepartmental working group.

Mr Carelse has already visited two places of safety in the Transvaal and most of his visits to places of safety in the other provinces have already been scheduled. These visits are a result of his undertaking to acquaint himself with the situation in order to find a suitable solution.

Issued by the office of Deputy Minister Carelse Pretoria 21 October 1992

Contact person: John Oosthuizen

Telephone (012) 421 1406 (w)
(011) 976 4234 (h)

Own Affairs

Judicial commission of enquiry: representations to State President

38. The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Speaker of the Minister's Council whether he will make representations to the State President to appoint a judicial commission of inquiry into alleged irregularities and political interference in respect of, inter alia, staff appointments, promotions and property allocations in the Administration House of Delegates since 1 September 1990, if not why not, if so, when does he intend making such representations?

The CHAIRMAN OF THE MINISTERS COUNCIL

(1) No

(2) I do not deem it expedient to make such representations.

Telephone usage in Ministerial offices/residence

39. The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services if so, during which periods:

(1) Whether he went abroad during 1992, if so, during which periods;

(2) whether he has private and/or general telephone in his (a) official residence and (b) official residence in Nelspruit.

The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES


(2) (a) (i) Yes — by the personed in the Ministry of Budget and Auxiliary Services

Unable to determine actual number of units for the period 15/5/92 to 15/6/92 as the accounts overlap the said period.

For information purposes the amounts for the period 8/5/92 to 15/6/92 and 25/6/92 to 4/7/92 are £38,75 and £51,48 respectively.

(a) Unable to determine actual number of units for the period 15/5/92 to 15/6/92 as the account —
For information purposes the amounts for the periods 95/92 to 96/92 and 96/92 to 97/92 are R37.42 and R13.42 respectively.

For the period 99/92 to 26/92 a claim for R58.99 was made, no further claims received since the above date.

**Services of private attorney**

40. The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of the Budget and Auxiliary Services (1) Whether, during the course of 1992, the services of a private attorney were engaged by him or his Department for the Minister or Department of Education and Culture, if not what are the relevant particulars, if so, (a) why, (b) who was the attorney, (c) on whose directive was he so engaged and (d) what was the fee tendered by the attorney.

(2) Whether the engagement of the services of this attorney was declared to be unauthorized by the Auditor-General or any other person or body acting for the State, if so, (a) by whom or what body and (b) on what grounds?

**Ministerial Representatives/Ministers' Council leave**

43. Mr H M NAFRAHOO asked the Minister of the Ministers' Council (1) Whether he will furnish information on leave and sick leave taken by members of the Ministers' Council in the House of Delegates or any of his Ministerial Representatives since 1 January 1990, if not, why not, if so, (a) in respect of each such member and Ministerial Representative, what period of (i) leave and (ii) sick leave were taken in 1990, 1991 and 1992, respectively, and (b) in respect of what date is the information for 1992 furnished.

(2) Whether any of the above-mentioned persons were paid their full salaries while being on sick leave, if not, why not, if so, on whose authority?

**The CHAIRMAN OF THE MINISTERS' COUNCIL**

(1) No, the Committee was appointed by the Acting Director-General on 19 May 1992.

(2) No, still in the process of finalisation. The draft report is expected to be completed at the end of October.

(3) Not applicable.

(4) The Director-General will decide upon receipt of the report.

**The MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND AUXILIARY SERVICES**

(1) No

(2) Yes

The Treasury Administration House of Delegates after consultation with the State Attorney (Natal) and the Department of State Expenditure.

In terms of Treasury Instruction W3 2 all civil claims and actions should be dealt with by the State Attorney.

**Mall Committee inquiry/report**

41. Rev M ABRAHAM asked the Chairman of the Ministers' Council (1) Whether the Mall Committee was appointed by the Ministers' Council to investigate alleged irregularities in the Department of Education and Culture of the Administration House of Delegates, if so, when.

(2) Whether this committee has completed its inquiry, if not, why not, if so, when.

(3) Whether it has submitted a report, if so, when.

(4) Whether this report will be made public, if not, why not, if so, (a) when and (b) in what manner?

**INTERPELLATIONS UNDER NAME OF MEMBER**

**Bothe, Dr W J**

*General Affairs*

Finance, 841, 1053

**Brauer, Mr A A B**

*Own Affairs*

Agricultural Development, 1244

Local Government, 1404

**Burrows, Mr R M**

*Own Affairs*

Education and Culture, 185, 436, 1004

**Carlisle, Mr R V**

*General Affairs*

Public Enterprises, 917

Transport 848

*Own Affairs*

Housing and Works, 619

Local Government, 1310

**Charlewood, Mrs C H**

*General Affairs*

Local Government and National Housing, 1059

**Chioke, Mr J**

*General Affairs*

Environment Affairs, 1281

**De Beer, Dr Z J**

*General Affairs*

State President, 981

**Ebrahim, Mrs R**

*Own Affairs*

Housing and Agriculture, 1021

**Gerber, Mr A**

*Own Affairs*

Education and Culture, 291, 537, 1081

**Gibson, Mr D H M**

*General Affairs*

Trade and Industry, 1376

*Own Affairs*

Education and Culture, 864

**Haswell, Mr R P**

*General Affairs*

Law and Order, 272

Local Government and National Housing, 527

**Hoon, Mr J H**

*General Affairs*

National Education, 911

**Jacobs, Adv S C**

*General Affairs*

Home Affairs, 725

**Langley, Mr T**

*General Affairs*

Foreign Affairs, 1219

National Intelligence Service, 1

**Lean, Mr A J**

*General Affairs*

Law and Order, 129

Transport, 732

**Le Roux, Mr F J**

*General Affairs*

Foreign Affairs, 123
NP set to move on Solidarity

THE National Party, stung by its failure to push the Further Indemnity Bill through Parliament, is poised to take control of the House of Delegates.

It will probably make its move soon after Parliament is reconvened on January 23 next year, government sources said yesterday.

One said President FW de Klerk had been reluctant in the past to move against Solidarity in spite of repeated approaches from House of Delegates MPs.

However, it was "very unlikely" that he would refuse future approaches, said the source.

"We are poised to take over," he added.

This follows the vote against the indemnity legislation by Solidarity and the opposition National People's Party in the House of Delegates during the short session which ended last week.

Solidarity and the NFP blocked the passage of the legislation by 17 votes to 10, forcing President de Klerk to turn to the President's Council to rubber-stamp the controversial Bill.

One MP pointed out that 28 HoD MPs had voted for the legislation, abstained, or had been absent during voting last Wednesday.
Minister is clear - probe

AN official inquiry into the Administration of Education under the House of Delegates has cleared the Minister of Education and Culture, Dr Kasten Rajoo, of political interference. But it implicated certain politicians in the day-to-day running of the department.

This emerged in a report of the three-man investigation chaired by Advocate Hassan Mall and released in Durban yesterday. The inquiry found the conduct of MPs, who sought special favours from the Minister, did not amount to political interference.

'Natal could...