

URBAN AFRICANS — NATAL
1984

JANUARY — DEC.

**CHIEF
GATSHA
BUTHELEZI: Little sup-
port for his Inkatha
movement.**



JORAC RULES

**(OR IT WOULD IF THE PEOPLE
OF DURBAN WERE ALLOWED TO
DECIDE)**

346 1st 2nd 3rd

C. Press
29/11/84

FURTHER violence has been predicted in the townships around Durban if the Government persists with its plan to incorporate 30 000 of the townships' residents into

KwaZulu.



The prediction is contained in a survey, "Durban blacks: local government in crisis", published by the University of Natal's Centre for Applied Social Sciences (Cass).

Cass director Professor Laurence Schlemmer — who is also director of the Inkatha Institute — and Ms Marisa Fick found that Inkatha and the KwaZulu Government lag far behind the Joint Rent Action Committee in popularity — and that 80 percent of the residents would vote if Jorac put up community council candidates.

Jorac — set up last year when the townships in and around Durban faced huge rent hikes — has claimed to represent the people of these areas. But this is the first time that there has been independent back-up for its claims.

Commenting on the results of the survey, Professor Schlemmer said he felt they were not surprising, given the con-

text of developments in the townships.

Asked to explain Inkatha's bad showing, particularly after they tried to have the rent increases set aside in the Supreme Court, Professor Schlemmer said some residents possibly felt this action had been undertaken too late.

"This could have led many to feel that court action was initiated more to win credibility for the organisation than to show genuine concern for the community," he told City Press.

The two authors state in their introduction to the report that Durban's townships outside KwaZulu were the scenes of the most serious urban violence in South Africa during 1983.

"Only Mdantsane has come close to the level of disruption that has occurred in Lamontville and neighbouring areas," they wrote.

Jorac chairman RICHARD GUMEDE: "We are the messengers of the people."

They warn that the violence could flare up again if the Government tried to carry through its plan to incorporate Hambanathi and Lamontville into KwaZulu, a move that would deprive about 30 000 residents of their Section 10 rights.

They point out that the Government has to decide whether to continue with the obviously unpopular PNAB "rule" in the township or to go ahead with turning the area over to KwaZulu. "If the latter policy is implemented, there will most probably be further youth violence."

One hundred people were questioned by the researchers to find out whether the "ordinary people" of the area in fact held the views

claimed for them by the more vocal members of the community.

Another aspect of the report highlighted how many people would be prepared to vote if certain types of candidates stood for election.

Almost 80 percent would vote if Jorac candidates stood, while 12 percent would vote if Inkatha stood and only 10 percent if the "usual" kind of candidates were available.

Asked to comment, Jorac chairperson Richard Gumede said he was not surprised by the findings of the report.

"We have said all along that we speak with the voice of the people," he said. "We do nothing without consulting the people — in fact, you could describe us as the people's messengers," he

said.

But in spite of being assured both by the survey results and their own knowledge of the situation, Mr Gumede said Jorac was not going to put up anyone for community council elections.

"Jorac is not prepared to work within the system," Mr Gumede said.

He predicted that Jorac would continue its policy of giving voice to the "genuine feelings" of the community. They would try to express this through direct negotiation with the authorities, such as the meeting last year with Co-operation and Development Minister Piet Koornhof, rather than through participating in the community council system itself.



C/Mess
09/11/84 (34)

Rents: Jorac in court

12/2/84 (341)
City Press

THE Joint Rent Action Committee (Jorac) has applied for a court order restraining the Port Natal Administration Board (PNAB) and the Department of Co-Operation and Development from implementing increased rents.

In papers filed in the Durban Supreme Court, Jorac, an organisation comprising representatives from residents' associations and action committees in black residential townships and hostels administered by PNAB, wants the provisions of regulation R823 of April 23 1983 which aims to increase tariffs to be suspended.

Jorac also wants the regulation to be declared nul and void.

When rent hikes were announced last year, protests and dissatisfaction

—By—
BANCROFT
HLATSHWAYO

prevailed resulting in unrest and disturbances in townships under PNAB.

The subsequent formation of Jorac as an umbrella body in place of the "defunct" community councils helped to bring about representations and undertakings from PNAB.

Jorac submits that the increased rents which have been payable since August last year should be suspended until the process of negotiation as directed by the Department of Co-Operation and Development and agreed to by other parties has been completed.

The order is returnable in 10 days.

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R1 billion cost involved 'Enormous task of black housing ahead'

Property Editor

GREATER Inanda, an area earmarked for a huge black housing development, will cost the country a billion rand for the infrastructure alone over the next 15 years, beginning with R20 million a year.

This was reported yesterday by Mr Alan Hankinson, former Tongaat Group executive, who is sitting on a Government housing investigation committee with Mr Louis Rive, at a seminar on development of the Natal North Coast in Tongaat.

Mr Hankinson told 200 delegates to the seminar that it might well be said the country could not afford expenditure of this magnitude.

'On the other hand, the question must be asked whether the country can afford not to meet whatever cost is necessary to rectify the present critical situation,' he said.

Stability

'The price of stability among this important segment of our population may be high, but the cost in instability will surely be much higher.

'We now have to pay the price of so many years of indecision and neglect. The account has been rendered — payment must be made.'

Mr Hankinson told the meeting, organised by the North Coast Regional Development Association, that only 220 houses have been built during the last 22 years in the townships falling under the jurisdiction of the Port Natal Administration Board and listed figures for other areas.

In Umlazi, no houses have been built for seven years; in KwaMashu only 298 houses have been built over the last five

years — 238 of them by the KDC and 60 by private people.

In all other formal townships including KwaNdengezi, KwaDebeke and Ntuzuma, only 3 184 houses were built over a period of eight years, with PNAB acting as agents for the Department.

'We can say that the entire formal building programme for blacks during the last eight years comprises 3 702 dwellings,' said Mr Hankinson.

Backlog

These figures were given against the official backlog in 1981 of 33 000 houses — 'another reliable source has quoted a backlog of 93 000 housing units... all I know at this stage is that there is an enormous task ahead.'

Mr Hankinson said some of the PNAB's townships have been accorded the status of permanency and 99-year leasehold rights. Others such as Chesterville, St Wendolin's, Klaarwater and Shia Moya are 'hanging in the air with an undetermined future and with the inhabitants living in a state of suspension and under a cloud of apprehension.

'There is suspicion on the part of blacks as to the Government's real intentions. There is uncertainty on their part in relation to their continuing rights under Section 10 of the Urban Areas Act. This is a very real and explosive aspect.'

800 black job-seekers try for permits daily

Mercury 2/3/84

Mercury Reporter

MORE than 17 000 unemployed blacks registered for work-seeker's permits at the Port Natal Administration Board labour bureaux during February, an average of more than 800 every working day.

And only 1 349 black men and 658 women who registered at the Umlazi, Kwa Mashu and Ordinance Road bureaux were placed in perma-

nent jobs by the end of the month.

Only residents in the board's townships qualify for work-seeking permits but, according to a bureau manager, there could be many more blacks who have not bothered to register.

The manager, Mr S A Thomas, said those who were not placed in permanent positions would have to rely on temporary jobs, move to other grow-

ing cities such as Richards Bay, where there was a need for more workers, or remain unemployed.

With this wave of unemployment the number of court orders issued against people who could not honour their hire purchase payments debts has increased considerably.

In the past three months in Umlazi alone, 1 925 summonses were issued and were related to

clothing accounts, loans from African Bank and the KwaZulu Development Corporation.

However, it was announced yesterday that the Government, forced to take action because of the effects of the drought, has launched a multi-million-rand job relief scheme similar to the one used to give jobs to destitute whites during the depression years.

Dr Piet Koornhof, Min-

ister of Co-operation and Development, said more than 50 000 jobs had already been created.

'The drought is causing tremendous problems and there is a constant movement of people trying to find employment in other areas. Without jobs they have no food,' he said.

Indians

Most of the jobs are involved with road construction and repairs, forestry, soil conservation, the removal of noxious weeds and plants and smaller construction projects such as the building of pit latrines.

According to the Department of Manpower in Durban there has been a steady increase in the number of unemployed whites, coloureds and Indians.

In one month, from December to January, there was an increase of 1 405 unemployed people in this group. The majority of them are Indians.

A blueprint for better life

3410
Sawban
5/3/84

A COUNCIL to investigate ways of improving the quality of life of blacks in the Durban metropolitan region has been formed in Cape Town, it was announced.

In a joint statement, the Minister of Co-operation and Development, Dr Piet Koornhof, and the KwaZulu leader, Chief Gatsha Buthelezi, said they had agreed in principle after a meeting to establish a planning council responsible for the overall development of the black urban and peri-urban areas in the Durban metropolitan region.

"The planning council will be charged with the task of investigating ways and means of improving the quality of life of the people living in the area as far as is feasible with the means available, with their full participation," the

statement said.

Chief Buthelezi and Dr Koornhof said their delegations had discussed the poor conditions in the area and the urgent need to improve

living conditions.

"The discussions were wide-ranging, frank and all concerned agreed they were extremely useful," the statement said. — Sapa.

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~~34~~ ~~205~~ Hammond
Blacks (Urban Areas) Consolidation Act
Q. 61. 669 16/3/84
534. Mr G B D McINTOSH asked the
Minister of Law and Order:

How many Black (a) males and (b) females were (i) arrested by the South African Police and (ii) prosecuted in the pietermaritzburg municipal area in 1983 for contraventions in terms of the Blacks (Urban Areas) Consolidation Act, No 25 of 1945?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(a) (i) 35.

(ii) 35.

(b) (i) 14.

(ii) 14.

~~344~~ Court told Transkeians got R700 after killing

DURBAN — A 70-year-old Transkei man on trial in the Supreme Court here, for the murder of a Lamontville community leader, Mr Harrison Dube, last April, said that after Mr Dube's death he and another man received R700 from a man who was later shot and killed.

A statement by Mr Julius Ndodana of Bizana, made to Colonel D.J. van Wyk on June 22 last year, was handed into court yesterday after the policeman had given evidence. The admissibility of the statement was not contested.

Mr Ndodana and four other men, Mr Moonlight Gasa, 54, and Mr Ebenezer Mapamulo Mngadi, 59, of Lamontville, Mr Vakuthethwa Yalo, 30, of Bizana, and Mr Ban-

gumhlaba Mbawala, 36, of Amaoti, have all pleaded not guilty to murdering Mr Dube at his home on April 25.

Col van Wyk said when he took the statement Mr Ndodana told him he wanted to tell what happened. He said he was at home when he was called to Mr Mbawala's place and told that everything was ready.

They left for Lamontville with Mr Mbawala carrying a gun. He did not know the name of the man they were going to shoot but he was shown the house where he lived.

They walked to the victim's house and before they got there they tied shirts around their faces. They waited in a dark place and saw

three men drinking on the verandah.

After a time the owner came near to the place where they were and urinated. One of his companions waiting in the bushes with him walked up to the owner and greeted him. The man asked who they were. The third person then pulled out a gun and fired two shots.

They then went to the home of a man referred to only as Uhlangulele and said they had shot the man. The following day they were given R5 each for their busfare back to Transkei.

At a later stage they returned to Lamontville where they were given R700 by Uhlangulele to divide between them. the Trial continues today. — DDC.

Black bus fares set for three stage rise

Political Reporter

ILANGA Transport bus fares for single trips in the Inanda/Ndwedwe area will rise by an average of 20 percent on April 1 and commuters can expect another two increases in the next 18 months.

This will bring fares into line with Putco tickets in that area.

Mr E Marshall, managing director, said about 350 000 people would be affected by the increase which was to comply with a directive from the Department of Transport

that all operators in the Inanda area must charge the same fares.

Commuters using trip tickets, now valid for 14 days instead of five days, faced minimal increases.

It was too early to say what the next two increases would be.

The bus company had met representatives of all the chiefs in the area to explain the situation.

While they had obviously not welcomed the increases they appeared to have understood the need to raise fares.

The last increase had been in August 1982 and operating costs had increased considerably since then. Fares on most other bus services had been raised at least once since 1982.

The board of Kwazulu Transport, which controls Ilanga Transport, issued a statement yesterday that it accepted that parity in fares was in the long-term interest of passengers.

But it would be unreasonable to implement parity at once.

Court told of pirate taxis

DURBAN — A taxi-rank manager, who gave evidence yesterday at the murder trial of five men charged with killing community leader Mr Harrison Dube, denied that Mr Dube had charged taxi-owners a R5 fee for operating in Lamontville during the 1982-83 bus boycott.

Mr Cyprian Mkhize said he was aware money was collected from all taxis that oper-

ated in Lamontville.

He said that one of the accused before court and another man, Mr Aubrey Mhlaba, had collected the fees from the taxi-owners to bribe the police. He had never seen Mr Dube near the taxi ranks.

Appearing before Mr Justice Friedman and two assessors in the Supreme Court here are the chairman of the Ningizima Community Council,

Mr Moonlight Gaza, 54, Mr Ebenezer Mngadi, 59, Mr Vakuthethwa Yalo, 30, Mr Julius Ndodana, 70, and Mr Bangumhlaba Mbawula, 36. All have pleaded not guilty.

Under cross-examination Mr Mkhize said it was Mr Dube who had arranged for pirate taxis to operate in Lamontville.

He agreed that Mr Mhlaba and Mr Mngadi were upset about the

situation. Nevertheless they collected fees from the taxi-owners which they said was paid to police to ensure that the taxis were not stopped.

Mr Mkhize, who said he was a supporter of the late Mr Dube, also denied that the taxis had operated at reduced fares but agreed they were eventually forced out of Lamontville by Mr Mngadi and Mr Mhlaba. He said there was violence and many people were assaulted.

He was also asked about a meeting at which Mr Dube was alleged to have said that Mr Mngadi and Mr Mhlaba had received vehicles from the Durban Corporation.

He said he knew nothing about that and he also did not know about an allegation which had been made that Mr Mngadi was an informer for the corporation.

The hearing continues today. DDC



Mrs Agnes Dube, mother of slain Lamontville community leader Harrison Dube, outside the Gaza trial at the Durban Supreme Court this week.

city press ~~27/6~~
25/3/84 ~~347~~
**I heard
Gaza plot
Dube's death
— accused** ~~347~~

ONE OF the five men accused of murdering Lamontville community councillor Harrison Dube told the Durban Supreme Court this week that police put a bag over his head, beat him up and gave him electric shocks after his arrest.

Mr Ebenezer Mngadi, 59, is charged with Lamontville "mayor" Moonlight Gasa, 54, Mr Vakuthethwa Yalo, 30, Mr Julius Juja Ndodana, 70, and Mr Bangumhlana Mbawula, 39, of murdering Mr Dube on April 25 last year.

They have all pleaded not guilty.

Mr Mngadi told the court that, after he had been given electric shocks at the Marienhall police station, he struggled to get up but someone grabbed his leg. He said he fell down and struck his head on the cement floor.

Mr Mngadi said he pleaded guilty to the murder of Mr Dube in the Durban Magistrate's Court because he "was somewhat muddled up" after he had struck his head.

He said he was present in Mr Gasa's house when the plot to kill Mr Dube was allegedly discussed, but denied he had taken part in the discussion.

the Deputy Postmaster-General, prior to or since 10 April 1980 in order to bring any friction to our attention.

Handwritten: 341, Inanda rail link, Q. 61, 28/3/84, 767
 *3. Mr R A F SWART asked the Minister of Transport Affairs:

Whether the South African Transport Services intend constructing a rail link to Inanda in Natal; if not, why not; if so, (a) when will construction (i) commence and (ii) be completed and (b) what is the total estimated cost involved?

†The MINISTER OF TRANSPORT AFFAIRS:

(a) and (b) An investigation into the conveyance of the Blacks settled in the Inanda area indicated that rail would be the best mode of transport.

A proposal for the construction of a rail link to Inanda is included in the S.A. Transport Services' planning programme for the financial year 1986-87. Should funds be available and Transport Services is indemnified against operating losses, construction of the line can be commenced with in 1986 and be completed during 1991. The approximate cost will be R120 million.

Always: discount to members of Defence Force

*4. Mr P A MYBURGH asked the Minister of Transport Affairs:

(1) What are the particulars of the discount allowed to members of the South African Defence Force on South African Airways flights;

(2) whether there are any restrictions on which members of the South African Defence Force qualify for this discount; if so, (a) why and (b) what are these restrictions;

(3) whether the booking of seats in terms of this discount can be made (a) at any South African Airways office in

the Republic and (b) by telephone; if not, (i) why not and (ii) where are these bookings to be made?

The MINISTER OF TRANSPORT AFFAIRS:

(1) National servicemen doing their initial two years' service qualify for a discount of 30 per cent (40 per cent with effect from 1 April 1984) of the full fare on domestic flights.

(2) Yes.

(a) and (b) The discount is not granted to members of the Permanent Force, Citizen Force and Commandos as the view is held that they are normally already in full employment and in receipt of a regular income. On the other hand the national serviceman doing his initial national service normally has just left school and has no other income except his military pay.

(3) (a) and (b) Yes.

Flight reservation facilities in military camps

*5. Mr P A MYBURGH asked the Minister of Defence:

Whether any flight reservation facilities are provided in military camps by the South African Defence Force; if not, (a) why not and (b) what procedures are Defence Force personnel to follow in making flight reservations; if so, what facilities are provided?

The MINISTER OF DEFENCE:

Yes. Requests for flight reservations from national servicemen who are performing 24 months initial national service and who qualify for the reduction on airfares of the SA Airways are accepted at orderly rooms and the necessary communication with the SA Airways is undertaken by the orderly room concerned.

Permanent Force personnel and Citizen Force and commando members attending camps do not come into consideration for the concession scheme and are consequently responsible for their own bookings for flights

which they undertake in their private capacity.

Handwritten: 341, Edenvale Hospital: doctors, 28/3/84, 769
 *6. Mr M A TARR asked the Minister of Health and Welfare:

(1) Whether all the doctors employed at Edenvale Hospital in Natal are in the employ of his Department; if not, in whose employ are the other doctors;

(2) whether the conditions of service for all doctors at this hospital are the same; if so, what are they; if not, (a) why not and (b) in what respects do these conditions of service differ;

(3) whether he intends to take any steps in this regard; if not, why not; if so, (a) what steps and (b) when?

The MINISTER OF HEALTH AND WELFARE:

(1) No, the kwaZulu Government Service;

(2) (a) and (b) the conditions of service of the White doctors who are seconded by the Department of Health and Welfare are prescribed by the Commission for Administration. A territorial allowance is payable to White doctors, so seconded. It is not known whether the conditions of service, prescribed by the kwaZulu Government Service are the same as those applicable to doctors employed by the Department of Health and Welfare;

(3) no, the conditions of service of the doctors employed by the kwaZulu Government Service do not fall within the ambit of the Department of Health and Welfare.

Imbali: hostel for Black migrant workers

*7. Mr M A TARR asked the Minister of Transport Affairs:

(1) Whether he has received any representations regarding the location of a hostel for Black migrant workers at Imbali, near Pietermaritzburg; if so, (a) when, (b) from whom and (c) what was the nature of the representations;

(2) whether he intends to take any steps in this regard; if not, why not; if so, (a) what steps and (b) when?

†The MINISTER OF TRANSPORT AFFAIRS:

(1) No.

(a), (b), (c) and (2) Fall away.

Alexandra: site for post office

*8. Mr D J DALLING asked the Minister of Co-operation and Development:

(1) Whether his Department has received any representations from the Department of Posts and Telecommunications relating to the allocation of a site for a post office in Alexandra; if so, (a) how many and (b) on what date in each case;

(2) whether a site has been allocated for this purpose; if so, on what date; if not, (a) why not and (b) when is it anticipated that a site will be allocated?

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION:

(1) and (2) The Administration Board did receive representations and offered certain structures but these proved unsuitable for use as a post office.

On 29 June 1982 the Department of Posts and Telecommunications wrote to the Administration Board indicating that the said structures were unsuitable and applied for a site of 900 square metres.

So far a site could not be allocated because it was planned for the post office to be situated in the central area, but said central area had not been upgraded. The possibility to allocate a suitable site outside the central area is now being investigated.

341 344 11A

Gasa gets 12 years



City Press 1/4/84

DUBE HIT-MAN TO HANG

VAKUTHETWA Yalo will hang for his part in the murder of Lamontville community leader Harrison Msizi Dube — and former mayor Moonlight Gasa will spend 12 years in jail.

Two of the others who helped kill Mr Dube — Abenezzer Mahlafuna Mngadi, 59, and Julius Juju Ndodana, 71 — were sentenced to life, and 39-year-old Bangumhlaba

**By BANCROFT
HLATSHWAYO**

Mbawula got eight years when sen-

tence was passed in the Durban Supreme Court yesterday.

Judge Friedman found extenuating circumstances in the case of all the accused except Yalo.

Excited crowds outside court hooted with derision as members of Gasa's family went down to the cells to see him.

The relatives hid their faces from the crowd as the laughter and hissing increased, and refused to speak to reporters.

"We're not saying anything whatsoever about the case," they said.

After sentence had been passed, Mr Dube's sister, Daphne Mnuni, told City Press: "I'm so relieved. After all we've gone through, it's such a relief that justice has been done."

"My brother may rest in peace now. I hope he will be in peace, and that he will look after us with my mum until we meet him again."

When they appeared in court yesterday to hear sentence on the murder charge, Gasa and his co-accused wore what looked like matchsticks in their hair — apparently so that the

judge would treat them leniently.

Sentencing Gasa, Judge Friedman said Gasa was the mayor of Lamontville and played a prominent part in the community — and should have set a good example.

Instead, he offered to help finance the killing.

The judge said Mngadi was one of the chief plotters and was active in "instigating" the plot against Mr Dube.

He even provided a gun for the killing, and was lucky to have escaped the death sentence.

'Let the Gasa dust settle'

THE UNVEILING of a tombstone on Lamontville community leader Harrison Dube's grave has been postponed to allow the dust to settle after the conviction of the men who killed him.

Peace has returned to the township after the jubilation at the 12-year sentence for former mayor Lamontville Moonlight Gasa and the various sentences — including death for the man who shot him, Vakuthetwa

Tombstone for Dube delayed

By
BANCROFT
HLATSHWAYO

Yalo — passed on his co-accused.

But the unveiling of the tombstone has still been postponed for a while "to allow the dust to settle".

Gasa, meanwhile, has stepped down as chairman of the Nizimu Community Council — and controversial Lamontville resident Ella Nxasana is the acting mayor.

This was confirmed by Port Natal Administration Board director H du Plessis, who told City Press the council would have to meet soon to elect a new chairman.

Gasa was forced to step down in terms of a Government regulation forbidding people with

a criminal record from holding office.

Lamontville residents are now speculating on where the former mayor will live once he serves his 12-year sentence. His house in the

township was razed by angry residents soon after Mr Dube was shot.

Gasa's wife Charlotte, a nursing sister, has been living in another area since then.

Ex-police chief missing

WARRANTS have been issued for the arrest of former Transkei police chief Major-General Martin Ngceba and 10 others who failed to appear in the Umtata Regional Court this week.

They are charged with assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm following an alleged attack on witch-doctor Sidwell Faku on January 7.

The case was postponed to April 11.

'Anywhere but Ciskei'

DUNCAN Village's Ward One residents have rejected Cabinet Minister Piet Koornhof's suggestion that they move to the Ciskei. 113-year-old residences to the Ciskei.

Angry residents said at a recent meeting they would accept to move to the proposed Reeston area in South Africa but they reject the idea to be resettled in Mdantsane which is part of the Ciskei.

Speaker after speaker said it would be unbearable to live under the unstable circumstances which prevail in the Ciskei.

"To be sent to a foreign country like the Ciskei is like being dumped on an ash heap" said one speaker.

a 'dead deal'

white woman, Mrs Rika Lourens.

Motlaping said the Thula group had organised an R18-million loan from overseas to buy up the booze empire — but were unable to raise enough money to process the loan

ket, comes only a few days after the Soweto Council said "No" to the sale of bottle stores to members of the public.

The council's argument is that without liquor revenue they will be forced to add more burdens to the residents



We're not signing a treaty with SA-Lesotho

★ LESOTHO has said there are no African National Congress bases inside its territory — so there is no need for it to follow Mozambique in

Press
8/4/84
them money because they agree on cer with the syn-

Parliament and Politics

Township to get freehold

Political Staff

ST WENDOLINE'S, the black settlement near Pinetown whose 12 000 inhabitants have lived in fear of removal for 18 years, is to become a black town with freehold rights and its own local authority.

The government has also accepted an offer by the Mariannhill Mission to spend R20 million on the development.

This was announced yesterday by Dr Piet Koornhof, Minister of Co-operation and Development, and was immediately welcomed by the Opposition's chief spokesman on homelands, Mr Ray Swart, who is also leader of the Progressive Federal Party in Natal.

Dr Koornhof's announcement reverses a decision 18 years ago to declare the area for Indian occupation and ends a concerted campaign to allow the black community to remain.

Mr Swart described

the move as "highly sensible".

"It follows a great deal of uncertainty and means now that the community will be se-



cure in the knowledge that they will remain there permanently and that positive steps are to be taken to develop the area and provide a better quality of life," said Mr Swart.

"One can only commend the government for taking a realistic view of the situation in the interests of all concerned.

"I hope it will show the same compassion and sensitivity for other threatened removals elsewhere in the

country."

Dr Koornhof said the decision had been taken by the cabinet in light of many representations by black leaders, various organizations and the Mariannhill Mission.

St Wendoline's would be developed as a town in terms of the South African Development Trust in which case the residents would have freehold rights.

"It has been agreed that the mission will develop and allocate the stands but that the day-to-day administration would be handled by the Department of Co-operation and Development," said Dr Koornhof.

"The administration of the town will be handed over to a black local authority when the development has reached a suitable stage."

The SA Development Trust would also contribute to the development of the area in the usual manner.

THURSDAY, 12 APRIL 1984

East Rand: trespass

769. Mr P G SOAL asked the Minister of Law and Order:

How many (a) Whites, (b) Coloured persons and (c) Indians were arrested for trespass by the South African Police in 1983 in each of the police station areas on the East Rand?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

	(a)	(b)	(c)
Springs	49	17	—
Sundra	3	7	—
Brakpan	20	66	—
Devon	—	3	—
Dunnotar	—	10	—
Kempton Park	19	81	—
Boksburg	2	145	—
Boksburg North	15	59	4
Oifantsfontein	—	5	—
Germiston	1	24	—
Primrose	4	99	—
Alberton	14	198	4
Elsburg	—	5	—
Edenvale	—	21	—
Benoni	2	3	2
Actonville	2	6	4
Petit	—	12	—
Purfontein	—	71	—
Heidelberg	5	11	—
Greylingstad	—	5	—

Swimming pool in Pretoria

786. Mr J H VAN DER MERWE asked the Minister of Defence:†

With reference to his reply to Question No 13 on 4 April 1984, (a) how many members of the South African Defence Force were involved with the filling of the swimming pool at his official residence in Pretoria, (b) how long did it take, (c) how many kilometres were covered by the SA-MIL vehicle in this connection and (d) what are the particulars of the cost in respect of the (i) services of the members and (ii) vehicles of the South African Defence Force used for this purpose?

The MINISTER OF DEFENCE:

- (a) Two.
 (b) Five hours.
 (c) 37 Kilometres.
 (d) (i) Calculated at 5/24 of the combined daily pay of R12,10 the cost of 5 hours which was taken up by the task, was R2,52.
 (ii) 37 Kilometre @ 82,8 cent per kilometre. Total cost therefore R30,63.

The service was performed as normal maintenance of facilities at a State residence.

THURSDAY, 12 APRIL 1984

†Indicates translated version.

For written reply:

Hansard
Q. 61. 928
 295. Mrs H SUZMAN asked the Minister of Co-operation and Development:

- (1) How many families are living at Magopa at present;
 (2) whether it is his intention to remove these families to (a) Pagsdraai and (b) any other specified resettlement area; if so, when;
 (3) (a) how many (i) schools, (ii) clinics, (iii) water taps and (iv) shops are there in, and (b) how far from the nearest place of employment is, each resettlement area;
 (4) whether compensation has been paid to families from Magopa already resettled in other areas; if not, why not; if so, what amount (a) was paid to

THURSDAY, 12 APRIL 1984

each family and (b) will be paid to those who are still to be removed?

The MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT:

- (1) No.
 (2) Falls away.
 (3) (a) (i) 3.

- (ii) A weekly mobile clinic.
 (iii) 40.
 (iv) 2.

(b) The nearest major employment centre is Rustenburg, 70 kilometres distant. Employment opportunities also exist in the vicinity of Pagsdraai.

(4) Yes.

(a) This is a personal matter to each of the families concerned and I cannot disclose the amounts. Compensation paid so far amounts to R1 208 268 and was paid to 420 heads of families.

(b) Falls away.

341
Hansard
Q. 61. 929
 382. Mr G B D MCINTOSH asked the Minister of Co-operation and Development:

(a) How many houses were built by the (i) Drakensberg Administration Board and (ii) Port Natal Administration Board in 1983 and (b) what was the amount spent on (i) housing and (ii) infrastructural development for such housing by each of these Administration Boards in the 1982-83 financial year?

The MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT:

(a) (i) Nil.

(ii) 35 houses.

(b) (i) Drakensberg Administration Board—nil.
 Port Natal Administration Board—R313 877.

(ii) Drakensberg Administration Board—nil.
 Port Natal Administration Board—R136 490.

The reasons why few or no housing units were provided by the Drakensberg and Port Natal Administration Boards are *inter alia* as follows:—

DRAKENSBERG ADMINISTRATION BOARD:

The urban township of Sobantu is small and practically fully developed and cannot be expanded further because it is surrounded by other development areas and land users.

Imbal/Eendendale in the South African Development Trust area is however being developed where additional houses will be erected. During the 1982-83 financial year an amount of R12 470 000 was allocated for development in the adjacent South African Development Trust areas.

PORT NATAL ADMINISTRATION BOARD:

No sites for new houses are available in Lamontville and Chesterville.

Members of the Black communities employed in urban areas are mainly from townships in the adjacent kwaZulu

Reference books/influx control: fines
Q. 61. 930
 476. Mr R A F SWART asked the Minister of Co-operation and Development:

What was the total amount paid in fines by Blacks convicted of offences relating to reference books and influx control in each of the main urban centres of the Republic in 1983?

The MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT:

THURSDAY, 12 APRIL 1984

932

Pretoria	R 22 755
Johannesburg	194 224
Durban	2 765
East London	4 370
Port Elizabeth	3 860
Cape Peninsula	184 615
Bloemfontein	61 015
West Rand (Excluding Johannes-	
burg)	427 039
East Rand	255 197

Hem and
Q. 61. 931, 12/4/84
 530. Mr K M ANDREW asked the Minister of Co-operation and Development:

(a) For what total number of hours were the Langa Commissioners' Courts in session in 1983 and (b) what total number of persons appeared before these courts in that year?

THE MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT:

(a) 630.

(1) (a) R1 240 843,54.

(b) (i)

The Trustees of the Hindu Institute	944 m ²	R 12 300,00	1969
The Trustees of the Cato Manor Indian Benefit Club	1997 m ²	R 816,40	1960
Joint Estate of the Late Walter Hoover and his surviving spouse Lourdes Mary Sophia Hoover (née Gabriel)	929 m ²	R 1 869,36	1965
John Felix Emmanuel Gabriel	945 m ²	R 6 000,00	1970
Amod Khan	971 m ²	R 7 000,00	1969
Tatiah Moonesamy Reddy	961 m ²	R 683,16	1963
Ramaswami Venket Ramiah	938 m ²	R 1 556,00	1969
Mahomed	950 m ²	R 3 600,00	1969
Ramesh	1079 m ²	R 700,00	1968
Estate Late Lutchniaran	2776 m ²	R 1 160,00	1966
Khalroomisa	1094 m ²	R 685,12	1960
Estate Late Gabriel Andrews	1,1028 ha	R 6 260,00	1969
Amed Suleman and Goolam Hoosen Suleman	2052 m ²	R 8 000,00	1969
Goolam Nabee Ismail Moolia	986 m ²	R 7 270,50	1969
Abdul Hamid Mulla	1009 m ²	R 8 000,00	1969
Mahomed Hussain	1381 m ²	R 1 216,80	1964

Building plots

718. Mr P C CRONJÉ asked the Minister of Community Development:

(b) 7 890.

(1) (a) What was the total cost to his Department of the land referred to in his reply to Question No 9 on 9 March 1984 and (b)(i) from whom was this land acquired, (ii) what area of land was acquired from each person or body and (iii) what amount was paid to each such person or body in respect of this land;

(2) whether any of the 25 building plots offered for sale to the public by tender were awarded to tenderers; if so, (a)(i) to whom, (ii) on what basis and (iii) at what price was each plot awarded and (b) what is the size of each of these plots?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT:

THURSDAY, 12 APRIL 1984

(b) (i)

(ii)

(iii)

Date of purchase

Sheik Hoosain	1280 m ²	R 3 250,00	1968
Martamma	2072 m ²	R 5 511,25	1969
Manikkam	1,1836 ha	R 7 148,35	1966
Vyapury	6146 m ²	R 4 465,00	1975
Muniamma	1951 m ²	R 2 360,00	1969
Munsami	3182 m ²	R 9 200,00	1968
Muniappen Naiken	1012 m ²	R 850,00	1969
Ponnama, Munsami, Thangavelu, Arumugam, Subbiah and Parevathceemal	8385 m ²	R 4 943,24	1967
Yeaganbram Mohamberry Cooppan	2053 m ²	R 1 600,00	1968
Govindasamy Naidu	965 m ²	R 666,39	1964
Mahalingam Yagabaram Nannar	5727 m ²	R 4 052,90	1966
Vyapury	6178 m ²	R 5 200,00	1969
Kader	3491 m ²	R 2 290,00	1967
Estate Late Ellamma and Latchmanen	1275 m ²	R 4 100,00	1967
Trustees of the Choornilal Rana Family Trust	8094 m ²	R 21 724,00	1965
Chinnah	929 m ²	R 760,00	1966
Mariah, Nagiah and Estate Late Motai	929 m ²	R 800,00	1968
Narainsamy	929 m ²	R 716,64	1964
Stree Gangannan	1875 m ²	R 4 850,00	1971
Estate Late Cassimjee Hoosen	929 m ²	R 500,00	1970
Trustees of the Second River Muslim Society	929 m ²	R 3 000,00	1973
Hashmatullah	929 m ²	R 4 136,00	1968
Estate Late Janaki	929 m ²	R 2 892,00	1966
The Second River Muslim Society	1,9825 ha	R 9 517,27	1961
The Second River Muslim Society	9680 m ²	R 17 000,00	1973
Chinnasami and Samasundari	1,0248 ha	R 7 532,00	1968
Kistnappa	2012 m ²	R 4 478,40	1961
Moonoosamy Perumal Appavoo	3,3179 ha	R 30 000,77	1969
Thillaysababathay Pillay	8103 m ²	R 5 118,40	1967
Atchiganoomah, Ganesa Moodley and Kistamma	3,2012 ha	R 20 000,00	1969
The Trustees of the Cato Indian Education Society	3948 m ²	R 32 000,00	1969
Kistna Singh	1,8210 ha	R 12 861,60	1966
Dorasamy	1012 m ²	R 1 600,00	1969
Jamiah Chengiah	1012 m ²	R 720,00	1965
Atchiganoomah, Ganesa Moodley, Kistamma, Neelavathi, Govindamma and Sivagamie Moodley	2,0234 ha	R 30 000,00	1976
Dawood Osman	2023 m ²	R 8 860,00	1969
Dukhni	1760 m ²	R 1 161,93	1969
Ramnath	982 m ²	R 5 262,55	1966
Dwarika	1042 m ²	R 1 516,06	1969
Sheik Ameer	1071 m ²	R 600,00	1966
David Soppam	2,0234 ha	R 10 000,00	1970
Latchmaya, Venketsamy and Govindasamy	2,0234 ha	R 11 032,00	1968

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'Strange twists' in St Wendolin's story

Lorraine Tulleken
Political Reporter

THE story behind the Government's amazing about-turn on St Wendolin's is one of perseverance, strange twists and proof of the power of Government officials over the country's policymakers, according to Father Damien Weber, former head of the Mariannhill Mission Institute.

It is 18 years since the area, which has been inhabited by blacks for a century, was declared an Indian area. Since then 12 000 people have lived in fear of forced removal.

Fr Damien said it soon became apparent the Government was determined not to bow to pressure groups.

Catalyst

'While the struggle to get officials to back down on earlier decisions had some frightening twists,

the assistance we received from the policy-makers offers new hope for this country.

'And Mr Frank Martin, Natal's senior MEC, proved the catalyst when all could have been lost.'

Formal negotiations began in 1981 when Mr Owen Jones, a former mayor of Pinetown, and Fr Damien, addressed a meeting attended by the Deputy Minister of Co-operation and Development, the Deputy Minister of Community Development and other high-ranking officials.

Pledged

Mr Jones warned that it would probably take another 20 years to develop alternative residential areas in KwaDabeka and KwaNdengezi at a cost of at least R25 million to hard-pressed Government coffers.

It would be preferable for all concerned to develop St Wendolin's ridge instead.

Fr Damien pledged R5 000 000 towards this and to make a grant of 300 ha of mission-owned land. He gave assurances that the residents would be prepared to contribute to the upgrading of the area if they could buy the non-freehold sites on a 99-year lease basis.

It was agreed that the matter be reinvestigated by the Group Areas Board.

Telexed

The public hearing took place in June 1982, when the Indian community supported the move. But nothing was heard until November that year when Mr Martin discovered that officialdom had dug its heels in and the application was about to be turned down.

He advised Fr Damien to provide tangible proof that the Mariannhill Institute would commit itself to finding the full amount needed for the development.

Fr Damien said: 'Within 20 minutes I had had a firm commitment for the full development of 2 500 sites and the information was telexed to Dr Piet Koornhof, Minister of Co-operation and Development.'

But there was another clincher. Mr Jones was so convinced that the reluctant officials would finally spike the proposal by claiming the topography of the ground would not allow for proper town planning, that he took a six month sabbatical from his practice to do the work himself.

The completed plans were given to Dr Koornhof on January 12.

Buthelezi

welcomes

Govt

decision

**African Affairs
Correspondent**

THE Chief Minister KwaZulu, Chief Buthelezi, welcomed the decision of the Department of Co-operation and Development to retain St Wendolin near Pinetown as black area.

Responding last night to an announcement of this effect by the minister in charge of the department, Dr Piet Koornhof, Chief Buthelezi expressed thanks that plea from the KwaZulu Government on behalf of the people of St Wendolin's had been heeded.

He also welcomed the opportunity which the residents of the area would have to ensure their stability as a community.

Chief Buthelezi thanked Mr Amichand Rabansi, executive chairman of the South African Indian Council, and members of the Indian community who stood with the KwaZulu authorities against the removal of black people from St Wendolin's.

Mercury 12/4/84

twists' in olin's story

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Buthelezi welcomes Govt decision

African Affairs
Correspondent

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A jubilant Mrs Colda Makhaya smiles broadly when told that St Wendolins Mission would not be moved. School-children also showed their joy.

'God softened the hearts of the officials'

African Affairs
Reporter

RESIDENTS of St Wen-
dolins Mission, near
Mariannhill, were over-
joyed yesterday when
they heard that Dr Piet
Koornhof, Minister for
Co-operation and Devel-
opment, had decided not
to move them out of the
area.

When the Mercury ar-
rived at the mission, it
found a group of men dis-
cussing the future of St
Wendolins. When told of
the decision, the men
stood in silence for a mo-
ment apparently not be-
lieving the news.

Mr D Z Shelela, who
runs a shack shop, said:
'We thank God for His

help because He softened
the hearts of the officials.
We have won the battle
not because we are clev-
er, but because God lis-
tened to our prayers.'

The news spread quick-
ly and people gathered in
groups clasping their
hands. Some were jump-
ing about in the streets.

Mr Philmon Khoza, a
resident, said a prayer
meeting should be held to
thank God. He said many
prayer meetings were
held in the mission ask-
ing God to save them from
the removal and it would
be 'a good thing to say
thank you'.

Children said they were
happy that the mission
school would continue to
be their school.

Blacks can stay in St Wendolin's

Mercury
12/4/84

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ORMANDE POLLOK
Political Correspondent

CAPE TOWN—St Wendolin's, the Black settlement near Pinetown whose 12 000 inhabitants have lived in fear of removal for 18 years, is to become a black town with freehold rights and its own local authority.

The Government has also accepted the offer by the Mariannhill Mission to spend R20 million on the development.

This was announced yesterday by Dr Piet Koornhof, Minister of Co-operation and Development, and was immediately welcomed by the Opposition's spokesman on homelands, Mr Ray Swart, who is also leader of the PFP in Natal.

Dr Koornhof's announcement reverses an 18-year-old decision to declare the area for Indian occupation and ends a concerted campaign to allow the Black community to remain.

Permanent

Mr Swart described the move as sensible.

It follows a great deal of uncertainty and means now that the community will be secure in the knowledge that they will remain there permanently and that positive steps are to be taken to develop the area and provide a

better quality of life,' he said.

'One can only commend the Government for taking a realistic view of the situation in the interests of all concerned.

'I hope it will show the same compassion and sensitivity for other threatened removals elsewhere in the country.'

Developed

Dr Koornhof said the decision had been taken by the Cabinet in light of many representations by black leaders, various organisations and the Mariannhill Mission.

St Wendolin's would be developed as a town in terms of the South African Development Trust in which case the residents would have freehold rights.

● See also Page 6

Death threats for Xundu and Shabalala

TWO prominent Lamontville community leaders — both executive members of the Joint Rent Action Committee — have received anonymous letters threatening them with death for trying to prevent the incorporation of Lamontville into KwaZulu.

Lamontville Jorac chairman Dan Shabalala and the local Anglican priest Reverend Mcebisi Xundu, have been told to stop "interfering in KwaZulu affairs" — or face the same fate as Msizi Dube.

The letters added that the people of Lamontville "belong to KwaZulu" and claim that Xundu and Shabalala were "trying to obstruct the people from going to their legitimate homeland".

"You are not untouchable," the letters warned.

They also said the

CP Correspondent



REV XUNDU:
Death threats.

two leaders should "stop abusing the name of KwaZulu Chief Minister Gatsha Buthelezi in vain," and ask: "Who is the UDF to say they are the representatives of the community — Inkatha is

the genuine representatives."

Commenting on the letters, Xundu said that it seemed that was a group which wanted to get rid of certain people in Lamontville.

"But I want to warn them that any attempt to eliminate leadership in this way will fail — even if the leaders themselves are killed. New ones will always take their place.

"I must add that my commitment to the social problems of the people comes from my commission as a minister. No amount of Mafia-style threats can make us abandon the work which God has given us."

R2 each to save Lamont...

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city press
15/4/84



Gumede to speak at service

RESIDENTS of two Durban townships have started a new scheme to prevent their incorporation into KwaZulu — each family is to donate R2 towards sending a delegation to meet top Government officials.

But at the same time, the KwaZulu Government is pushing ahead with its plans, with Chief Minister Gatscha Buthelezi telling the homelands' legislative assembly by the incorporation could take place next year.

The Joint Rent Action Committee plans to send a delegation to hold talks with Co-operation and Development Minister Piet Koornhof, in a bid to persuade him to change his mind.

Residents have already collected R150 to cover costs.

"People in Lamontville and Hambanathi oppose incorporation because they weren't consulted in any way," said Jorac chief Richard Gumede.

"They also object to the Government stripping them of their South African citizenship rights, and they believe they will lose their Section 10 rights."

CP Correspondents

He added: "Even though the handover was agreed to in a discussion between the Department of Co-operation and Development and Chief Buthelezi, we hope we will be able to persuade Dr Koornhof to reconsider."

Mr Gumede said Dr Koornhof had admitted he only consulted Chief Buthelezi and the former advisory boards of the two townships.

"This is clearly not consultation as we understand it," Mr Gumede said.

He said the delegation wanted to remind Dr Koornhof of the widespread violence which erupted after the handover was first announced.

"We feel we must urge him to drop the

idea to avoid a repeat of this unrest and death."

The decision to send a delegation was made at a meeting at the new Lamontville Catholic Church, attended by more than 2 500 residents.

Jorac vice-chairman Mcebisi Xundu has been elected to head the delegation.

In KwaZulu, meanwhile, Chief Buthelezi told the Legislative Assembly the plan for incorporation was going ahead.

He said he had stipulated that the Department of Co-operation and Development should give additional funds to KwaZulu, before they could take over the townships.

A SERVICE to pray for the victims of forced removals will be held in Durban's Emmanuel Cathedral tomorrow afternoon.

The meeting will focus on the plight of Lamontville and Hambanathi, two Durban townships facing the threat of incorporation into KwaZulu.

Among the speakers will be Archbishop Denis Hurley S A Catholic Bishops' Conference President, Joint Rent Action Committee chairman Richard Gumede and Reverend Mcebisi Xundu.

Residents from the coloured township of Wentworth — themselves victims of removals under the Group Areas Act — will go on a pilgrimage to the Cathedral with their Lamontville neighbours.

A speaker from the Black Sash will outline the labour consequences of the proposed incorporation.

Anne Raynal

ARE THERE LESSONS FOR SOUTH AFRICA?

POST INDEPENDENCE HEALTH SERVICE DEVELOPMENTS IN ZIMBABWE

'Watch the Section 10 trap'...

JOINT Rent Action Committee chairman Richard Gumede says he's not impressed with this week's announcement that residents of townships faced with incorporation into KwaZulu won't lose their Section 10 rights.

The announcement was made by Co-operation and Development Minister Piet Kooiñhof, who said the Section 10 rights of residents of Hambanathi, Lamontville and any other area to be included into KwaZulu would not be jeopardised.

Mr Gumede said he didn't understand why the two Durban townships should be given special treatment "all of a sudden"—particularly since residents of every other area incorporated into a homeland forfeited their Section 10 rights.

He said he feared it might be "bait" to lead people, unsuspectingly, into a trap, and called for the people of Lamontville and Hambanathi to remain as they are.



GUMEDE: Not impressed.

City Press

15/4/84

International banker Edmond likely to visit KaNgwane this year, or Enos Mabuza has announced.

Mabuza dis- to re- Jan Smuts after his e-day tour to see diplomatic and poten- ors about in Ka-

of Mr was a the former assador to Sir John

moment I anything has been said. "But has been

said Mr Edmond from the Rothschild

By ZB MOLEFE

family - had promised to visit KaNgwane.

He declined to name other financiers and investors he met on his visit.

"I can't tell you much about our potential investors," said Mr Mabuza. "All I can say at the moment is that a firm commitment from investors will come from industries related to agricultural activity."

Asked about his reception in the light of the opposition to investment in South Africa, Mr Mabuza said: "Information we received was that there is a hardening of attitudes against South Africa."

Bedridden attorney charged

★ MDANTSANE attorney and ex-Ciskei magistrate, Mr Xolile Qabaka, has been charged with terrorism, subversion and incitement.

Mr. Qabaka is still in Hospital at Cecilia Makiwane since April 11, and the hearing was postponed in his absence in the Mdantsane Regional Court this week.

Mr Qabaka was arrested by Ciskei police on March 13 shortly after he had defended a client in the Mdantsane magistrates court.

Bail was fixed at R500.

Political comment in this issue by P Selwyn-Smith and P Qoboza. Newsblits by P Selwyn Smith, and headlines and subediting by D Nidrie all of 62 Eloff St Ext 1HB.

City Press

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Extension
JOHANNESBURG

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news items and
tip offs to
THE EDITOR.
PHONE 836-0972

WRITE TO:-
P.O. BOX 57473,
SPRINGFIELD,
2127

SECTION 10 PROMISE REJECTED

GOVERNMENT assurances that Lamontville and Hambanathi residents will not lose their Section 10 rights when the townships are incorporated into KwaZulu have been rejected by a mass meeting in Durban.

More than 1 000 people at the Emmanuel Cathedral rejected the assurance, and called on Co-operation and Development Minister Piet Koornhof to scrap the incorporation plan.

Black Sash advice officer Gillian Nicholson accused the Government of embarking on a deliberate campaign to confuse people.

"All of us have every reason to feel angry that a man in Dr Koornhof's position can engage in such deception," she told the meeting.

"Section 10 is part of the Urban Areas Act. It is part of a law which, by definition, cannot apply to KwaZulu. And no matter what Dr Koornhof may say, it is impossible for people in KwaZulu to have these rights."

She said Dr Koornhof was proposing to remove a legal right "and replace it with one of his promises" with only an assurance that people will be able to look for work in Durban.

"People don't want concessions - they want their legal rights," she said.

"In 1978, Connie

CP Correspondent

Mulder said that if Government policy was taken to its logical conclusion, there would be no black South African citizens.

"Many people didn't believe these words. But look at Durban now - only 5 percent of Durban's black people have urban rights. Only 5 percent are not accommodated in a bantustan.

She said that once incorporation went through, residents would depend on the KwaZulu Government for matters such as housing, health, and labour.

"But Black Sash experience with the issue of pensions gives us little confidence that it will be in the best interests of Lamontville and Hambanathi people to fall under KwaZulu.

"Incorporation not only means joining the stream of people excluded from South African citizenship, it also means being incorporated into the problems of bantustan government."

Meanwhile KwaZulu

Chief Minister Gatsha Buthelezi has offered to go to Lamontville himself to test the feeling of the community.

He said he would be surprised if the Government, having decided on the incorporation of the two areas, changed its mind "merely because a bunch of manipulated youths has passed a resolution in a chathedral".

He also criticised SA Catholic Bishops' Conference president Denis Hurley's involvement in the meeting.

Chief Buthelezi said he was "greatly disturbed" to hear of the archbishop's participation and warned him not to spoil the "veneration" of the people for him "as a man of God, during the twilight of his years."

Archbishop Hurley told City Press he had not meant to upset Chief Buthelezi. He said he became involved because resident of the two townships felt strongly about the lack of consultation over the incorporation scheme.

Msinga squad swings into action

A SPECIALLY-TRAINED police task force starts operating at Tugela Ferry today, in a bid to end the faction fighting

Although they will be based at Tugela Ferry, they will work throughout the Msinga area - the scene of bloody faction fighting.

By LEN KALANE

THE Great M pilgrimage is again, and the city of Moria will witness over Easter more than a million Zion Church followers converge for annual get-togethers.

Traffic inspectors bracing themselves for the thousands of vehicles on the Great M Road, heading for ZCC headquarters in Pietersburg.

A Putco spokesman said 204 buses had hired by the ZCC. Other 260 buses had hired by private parties and would leave various points in PWV area.

Heavy traffic is expected from this noon and Transvaal Police Chief G W Veen said traffic and the South African Police would be kept "a watchful eye" on the major Transvaal road.

Heavy traffic is expected on the M1 Durban, as well as to the Eastern Transvaal Cape Town and City.

Mr Van der warned that if would take stern to keep the road as low as possible.

Minor offences failing to fasten belts would be met with ruthless penalties said.

Putco has hired buses to the SA port Service to people to home from today.

A Railways spokesman said 69 special trains would Johannesburg today.

Last Easter's toll was 240, spokesman for National Road Council said that aim was to reduce figure.

A number of would patrol the routes, and be in constant contact with on the ground.

People spotted aircraft would given spot fines, summoned to court.

Despatch



Easy contest for Inkatha men

African Affairs
Reporter

David Maphumulo Ward
5

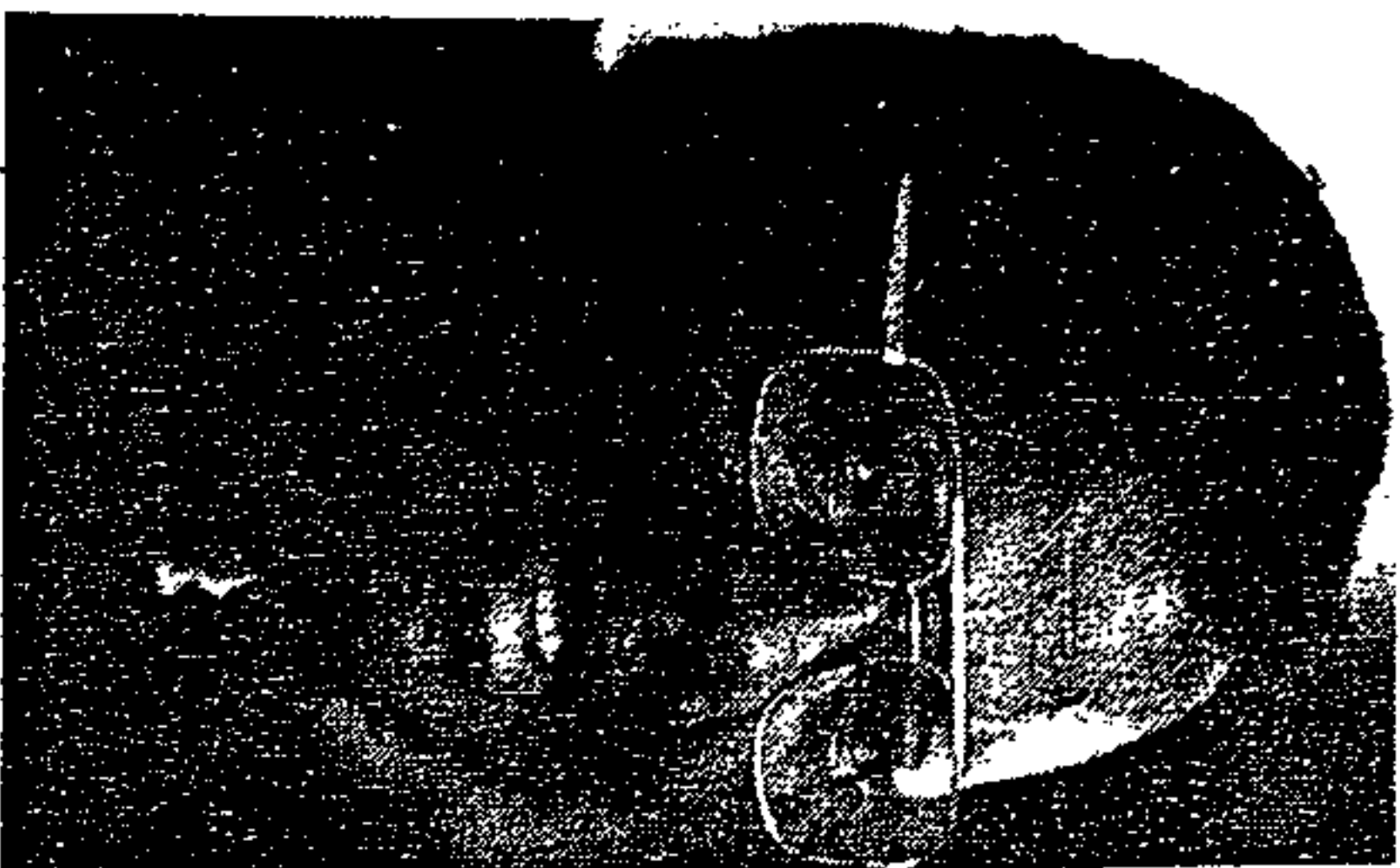
TWO candidates fielded by Inkatha to contest the Hambanathi Community Council by-election in Tongaat this week have been returned unopposed.

Observers felt this was an indication that the proposed take-over of the township by the KwaZulu Government might have little opposition.

Mr Bekinkosi Amon Zulu took Ward 2 and Mr

The by-election in Ward 2 was caused by the resignation of Mr Ian Mkhize who was chairman of the Hambanathi Community Council and who opposed rent hikes imposed by the Port Natal Administration Board.

The vacant seat in Ward 5 was caused by the resignation of Mr Mhlayiso Malokweni.



GATSHA BUTHELEZI
out to test public opinion.

'Buthelezi's welcome in Lamontville if...'

CP Correspondent

CHIEF Gatsha Buthelezi should have consulted Lamontville residents and their real leaders a long time ago — before he concluded the incorporation deal with the Government, says Joint Rent Action Committee Chairman Richard Gumede.

He was reacting to remarks made in the KwaZulu Legislative Assembly this week by Chief Whip F Z Conco.

Mr Conco told the assembly residents of Lamontville did not want Chief Buthelezi to go to Lamontville because they feared violence would break out and there would be a repetition of Ngoye and of damage to property.

Nevertheless he did not believe that this should prevent the Chief Minister from "doing his duty".

He added that if such a meeting took place, he would expect members of the United Democratic Front and the Joint Rent Action Committee to attend and put the case for why the township should not be incorporated into KwaZulu.

Chief Buthelezi raised the issue himself last week when he said he would be prepared to go there to "test public opinion" if the assembly thought it necessary.

Commenting on Mr Conco's remarks, Mr Gumede said he thought it strange that Chief Buthelezi was only

now talking about the kind of consultation which should have gone on before he had requested that Lamontville be incorporated into KwaZulu.

The feelings of the community should have been canvassed before such a significant step was taken, he said.

He added that he had doubts about whether a "genuinely representative meeting" of Lamontville residents would be called by Chief Buthelezi.

"It is far more likely that he will arrive with a great number of supporters from other areas and that Lamontville people, who do not trust him, will stay away," he said.

DORMANT COUNCIL GOES TO THE POLLS

344 City press 6/5/84

THE NINGAZIMA Community Council has not sat in 17 months — but it will be holding elections in June.

Nominations close on May 21 and elections will be held on June 6, says Electoral Officer A D Mooney.



SOLE SURVIVOR: Ella Nxasana

Since the continuing Lamontville bus boycott began 17 months ago the council has not sat once — but then Mrs Ella Nxasana is presently the only remaining elected councillor. The rest have fallen away.

First councillor Harrison Msizi Dube died, then councillor Gertrude Ngubane resigned and finally councillor Moonlight Gasa was sent to jail — for his involvement in Dube's killing.

Upstaging the council in its "hibernation" has been the Joint Rents Action Committee, which has taken the lead in fighting issues for township residents: higher rents and increased bus fares.

No-one in Lamontville is sure who will go to the polls to vote and it is feared that voting may become a flash-point of violence.

Nevertheless, Mr Mooney said nomination forms were available from township and hostel managers and nominations may be lodged from May 14 with him at the office of the Commissioner in Durban's Whitehead Building. Nominations must be in not later than 2pm on May 21.

Each nomination

By
**BANCROFT
HLATSHWAYO**

must be accompanied by a R50 deposit, which will be refunded after the election, unless the candidate fails to poll more than one fifth of the total votes.

Wards and polling stations are as follows:

Lamontville Township (Ward 1) —

Lamontville administration Block;
Lamontville Township (Ward 3) — Interdenominational Church, cnr Ntwasa and Mbhele Streets;

S J Smith Hostel (Ward 6) — B G Nicholson Hall; Glebe Hostel (Ward 7) —

Glebe Administration Block;

Chesterville Township (Ward 12) — 12 tent, soccer field.

Spotlight falls on legal plight of farm workers

LABOUR WEEK
by PHILLIP VAN NIEKERK

THE inadequate legal protection of farm workers was again highlighted last week by an industrial court finding that six Rainbow Chicken employees were industrial and not agricultural workers.

If the court had found otherwise, the six workers would have been excluded not only from the protection of the Basic Conditions of Employment Act but from access to the industrial court itself.

This situation is a direct result of a divided labour system which grants protection and rights to the bulk of the country's workforce while denying it to millions of farm workers and domestic workers as well as to State and semi-State employees.

The Rainbow Chickens dispute arose when the company fired the six workers for refusing to work overtime, a right guaranteed by the Basic Conditions of Employment Act.

The Legal Resources Centre took the case to the court, charging that it was an unfair labour practice and that the workers had been unfairly dismissed.

The key finding by Mr D B Ehlers was that the workers, who were employed at the company's processing plant at Hammarsdale, were industrial workers and therefore entitled to protection under the Act — as well as the right of access to the industrial court.

This technicality made the world of difference. It has altered their entire legal status, their right to belong to a trade union and their conditions of employment at the workplace.

The finding has important implications for other workers in the borderline industries such as abattoirs and sugar cane plantations. It would appear from Mr Ehlers' judgement that the nature of work done and not the type of operation determines whether the worker is an industrial worker.

The question of workplace rights for agricultural and domestic workers — who are probably more in need of legal protection than any other group of workers in the country — was placed on the National Manpower Commission's agenda more than two years ago.

A report has still not seen the light of day, presumably because it is regarded as being less important than the NMC's controversial recommendations on registration and the industrial court and its report on small businesses.

□ □ □

TELEVISION viewers who saw the first episode of "1922", the story of the 1922 mineworkers' strike, on TV on Thursday night might be surprised to know that 60 years later white worker power still carries huge clout on the mines.

Last week the Mine Surface Officials' Association (MSOA) finalised a deal with the Chamber of Mines extending that union's closed shop.

The deal also re-affirmed the "better utilisation of labour" agreement which obliges the Chamber of Mines to consult

the MSOA before appointing blacks to jobs traditionally held by whites.

At the same time the chamber's attempts to scrap mining apartheid have come up against the hard-line stand of the Mine Workers' Union who are in no mood to bargain away the privileges of the white miner.

The chamber's deal with the MSOA came about after a lengthy dispute formally declared eight months ago but which in reality has been going on for longer than two years.

It is strange that at a time when the closed shop, forcing all employees in a particular area to belong to one union, is under fire in other industries the mining industry has entrenched it.

They have removed the right to freedom of association from all coloured people, Asiatics and blacks employed as senior officials on chamber mines after April 9.

The MSOA argues that the new agreement protects both white workers (from being undermined by blacks employed at lower salaries doing the same work) as well as black workers (from being paid lower salaries).

While there are probably few blacks in the higher official grades now, the agreement effectively heads off the Black Mine Surface Officials Association formed by the National Union of Mineworkers' after their annual conference in November last year.

With a likely increase of blacks in these occupations in future there could well be resentment that not only are black workers forced to belong to the MSOA but that a white-dominated union has such power over their appointments.

At the same time all attempts to scrap racial job reservation on the mines seem to be dependent on the sanction of the MWU, which says in the latest edition of the Mynwerker that it is not prepared to negotiate with the chamber and sees no need for the removal of these race barriers.

The statement by the union's general secretary, Mr Arrie Paulus, that they will consider proposals from the chamber if they guarantee the "future of the white miner" has been seen by some as a softening of attitude and a sign of hope that the talks between the Chamber and the mining unions will lead somewhere.

But there is little doubt that Mr Paulus wants to see a very good offer on the table before he even sniffs at it.

□ □ □

WAGE talks between the Chamber of Mines and the National Union of Mineworkers which will affect some 450 000 black mineworkers and which are becoming the most important annual industrial relations hurdle in the industry were due to start on Friday.

However, the talks got off to a bad start before they even started when the chamber postponed the first meeting for a week.

The NUM — highly sensitive to the timing of the talks after last year's debacle brought about by the short space of time allowed for a settlement, and committed to calling a special conference this year if there is no settlement soon — were none too happy about the postponement.

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May 22 to

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ally and

ny Chauvier, said their
decision to back the team
fell in line with a policy
of providing sportsmen
with the chance of com-
peting against the
world's best.

The Worrell 1000 was
first sailed in 1976, a
year after restaurant
owner Michael Worrell
sailed from Virginia
Beach to Fort Lauder-
dale in a small catama-
ran on what started out
as a 'prolonged day sail'.

Ancient tombs bulldozed

MOSCOW. — Road build-
ers keen to keep to a
construction plan bull-
dozed ancient burial
mounds in Siberia, al-
though they knew their
historical value, a Soviet
newspaper reported.

The builders, who used
the mounds as hardcore
for the new road bed,
were an example of a
growing number of con-
struction teams who con-
sidered conserving relics
an "undesirable factor"
that hindered their work,
Izvestia reported. — Sapa-
Reuter.

UCT Carnegie inquiry: Wilson replies to Minister

THE Department of
Health and Welfare had
at "no stage" been asked
to stay away from a Uni-
versity of Cape Town
conference on rural pov-
erty, Professor Francis
Wilson, director of the
second Carnegie inquiry
into poverty and develop-
ment in Southern Africa,
said.

In response to the Min-
ister of Health's speech
during the debate on his
vote in Parliament last
night, Professor Wilson
said in Cape Town he
wanted to make the fol-
lowing points:

"At no stage was the
Department of Health
and Welfare ever asked
to stay away.

NOT CORRECT

"Nor is it correct that
the critical issue of popu-
lation growth and pov-
erty was not touched on in
the investigation.

"Indeed, an important
paper on poverty and
contraception was deliv-
ered by a senior medical
officer of the Western

Cape regional office of
the Minister's own de-
partment, who played an
active part in the confer-
ence.

"Moreover, a number
of other papers pertain-
ing to health and poverty
issues around the country
were written and deliv-
ered by medical person-
nel employed in one ca-
pacity or another by
various branches of the
country's State health
services.

TWO PAPERS

"Regarding the Minis-
ter's statement that nei-
ther the Medical Re-
search Council nor the
CSIR were there, the
facts are as follows:

"Two papers were
written and delivered at
the conference by doc-
tors attached to the
Medical Research Coun-
cil.

"And as regards the
CSIR, with whom the re-
search unit responsible
for organising the confer-
ence has very good links,
a special invitation was
extended but, unfortu-

nately, at the last mo-
ment, the person who had
accepted the invitation
was unable to come.

LETTER FILED

"The relevant letter
from the CSIR, dated
April 11 1984 and wishing
us a very creative and
successful conference, is
on our files.

"With regard to the
distribution of confer-
ence papers as widely as
possible, it is important
to note that these pre-
liminary findings of a
scientific and scholarly
investigation have been
published with library
catalogue (ISBN) num-
bers, which ensures that
they are immediately de-
posited in a number of
key South African librar-
ies.

"From there it is only
natural that as part of a
worldwide academic
community we should
wish them to go further
afield." — Sapa.

● UCT study "flagrant-
ly unscientific" — Page
18.

official all Business management Course

The only course of its kind recognised by the South African Institute of
Management (SAIM).

SECURE YOUR INVESTMENT

Many small businesses run into difficulties not necessarily because of a poor
product or service, or because they do not have access to funds, but simply
because their owners or managers have not acquired the skills essential for
managing the business properly.

Designed specifically for these people and concentrates on the day to day
managing a small business. As well as teaching the basic principles and techniques
of marketing management, it will help you answer questions such as:-

Should I form a company?

Are there other markets I could, or should, be in?

How do I control my business without creating mountains of paperwork?

How can I legitimately reduce my tax?

Where and how do I get finance?

Am I over or under insured?

What should I expect from my auditor, lawyer and banker?

How do I control stock?

How do I increase sales?

I can't increase sales, how do I increase my return on investment?

Learn the principles of management, but you will also have a unique opportunity
to learn from the experiences of other businessmen.

COURSE: Topics covered include: Basic strategy (objectives, resources,
risks); bookkeeping; cash forecasts; costing and pricing; budgeting; balance sheet
expenditure; sources of finance; your banker, insurance broker, auditor and
accountant (sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability, closed corporations);
marketing and selling, and getting the most out of your resources.

Three months (2 hour sessions, twice a week, Tuesday and Thursday evenings
— 25 sessions in all)

DATE: Tuesday 22nd May at 6.30 p.m.

VENUE: Management School, 10th floor, Vogue House, Thibault Square.

The course is directed by Mr. J. Barnes, BA (Hons), MBA, FCMA a
consultant with Pim Goldby, assisted by guest lecturers who are experts in their
fields.

The course leads to a Diploma in Small Business Management which carries the
status of the SAIM.

WHO ATTEND: Owners/Managers of small businesses, those intending to start their
own business, or corporate managers who manage their division or branch with a degree of

Five bullet holes found in radiator of journalist's car

Argus Bureau

PORT ELIZABETH. — A
journalist who took her
car to a garage to have
an overheating problem
attended to was told that
the radiator had five
9 mm bullet holes in it.

Miss Deirdre Moyle,
27, a sub-editor on the
Eastern Province Herald,
learnt of the bullet holes
when the head of the
Port Elizabeth murder
and robbery squad, Colo-
nel Eric Strydom, inter-
viewed her after he had
been notified by the ga-
rage owner.

Last month the brake
cables on Miss Moyle's
car were cut and last
year the exhaust, door
and boot locks were
sealed with putty.

Miss Moyle said she
stopped at the first ga-
rage she came to yester-
day when the car's tem-
perature gauge went into
the red.

"I haven't even seen
the holes yet. I learnt of
them only when Colonel
Strydom phoned me at
work."

Miss Moyle said she
had no idea who was re-
sponsible for the damage
to her car.

Cuba planning big offensive, says US

Argus Foreign Service

WASHINGTON. — Cuba plans to launch a large-
scale guerrilla offensive in El Salvador during the
United States presidential election towards the end
of this year, says President Reagan's national securi-
ty adviser, Mr Robert McFarlane.

Intelligence information indicated that the Cubans
planned to double the scope of the operations of the
leftist guerrillas trying to overthrow the El Salvador
Government, he added.

Appearing on television, he urged increased mili-
tary aid to El Salvador to help beat off the guerril-
las.

Union appeals to Koornhof in Natal dispute

By PHILLIP VAN NIEKERK

THE Sweet, Food and Allied Workers' Union (SFAWU) has appealed to Dr Piet Koornhof, the Minister of Co-operation and Development, to take urgent action over a dispute between the union and the Port Natal Administration Board (PNAB).

The SFAWU is an affiliate of Fosatu and the Minister's response could be an important indication of state employers' willingness to deal with emerging unions.

The union appeal follows a strike in demand of higher wages by about 500 workers at the PNAB-controlled Congella Brewery in Durban on Monday.

In a statement the SFAWU said the union had been trying for the past few months to negotiate with the PNAB but had been consistently told it was only the Minister who could agree to increases.

The statement said the workers were "sick and tired of the PNAB hiding behind the Minister. Our union has been recognised and we therefore demand the right to negotiate right inside the factory."

"Workers have returned to work on the assurance that management has telexed the Minister asking him to take urgent action on their demands."

A spokesman for the De-

partment of Co-operation and Development was unable to contact any of the officials at the PNAB for comment yesterday afternoon but confirmed that the strike had occurred.

Meanwhile, the Minister of Manpower, Mr Pietie du Plessis, has approved a statutory conciliation board to resolve the deadlocked wage dispute between the SFAWU and sugar giant C G Smith.

A statement from the Fosatu-affiliated SFAWU yesterday said both the company — which is owned by Barlow Rand — and the union had applied for the board and had agreed on an independent chairman.

The SFAWU is recognised at three of C G Smith's six mills in Natal — the only three mills which negotiate wages outside the industry's industrial council. The National Sugar and Refining and Allied Industries Employees Union, which is a party to the council, is recognised at the other three.

The union statement said: "We are set for more difficult negotiations. Workers are in a desperate situation. We are determined to win a living wage which will allow us to live like human beings and not animals."

A spokesman for the company refused to comment yesterday but confirmed the board had been approved.

'Poverty wages' halt brewing

City Press 3/6/84 (341)
FIVE hundred Port Natal Administration Board brewery workers downed tools this week over what they describe as "poverty wages".

The strike affected the Congella Brewery as well as all its depots and bottle stores.

The 500 went back to work after they were given assurances that the Minister had been sent an urgent telex to take action.

1635

FRIDAY, 15 JUNE 1984

1636

can only be taken when the investigation in respect of the proposed council for standards, evaluation and certification referred to in paragraph 4.5.5 of the White Paper on the Provision of Education in the RSA, has been completed.

Howard Q. 6/1. 1635
Certain person declared a listed communist

*15. Dr F HARTZENBERG asked the Minister of Law and Order:†

- (1) Whether a certain person, whose name has been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purposes of his reply, has been declared a listed communist; if so, when;
- (2) whether this person is still a listed communist; if not, when was his name removed from the list;
- (3) whether this person is resident in the Republic at present; if not, (a) what are his whereabouts at present and (b) when did he leave the Republic if so;
- (4) whether he will furnish any further particulars in regard to this person; if not, why not; if so, (a) where is this person resident at present and (b) by whom or what concern is he employed?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) No.
- (2)-(4) Fall away.

Howard Q. 6/1. 1635
Westfort Hospital, Pretoria
*16. Dr W J SNYMAN asked the Minister of Health and Welfare:†

- (1) Whether (a) White and (b) non-White patients are treated at the Westfort Hospital in Pretoria; if so, what categories of (i) White and (ii) non-White patients;
- (2) whether any patients are treated in this hospital by order of Attorney-

General; if so, what categories of (a) White and (b) non-White patients;

- (3) whether any security measures are taken at this hospital in regard to such patients; if not, why not; if so, what security measures?

†The MINISTER OF HEALTH AND WELFARE:

- (1) (a) Yes;
- (b) yes;
- (i) leprosy
- (ii) leprosy and psychiatric;
- (2) no;
- (3) falls away.

Westfort Hospital, Pretoria

*17. Dr W J SNYMAN asked the Minister of Law and Order:†

- (1) Whether any (a) complaints were lodged and/or (b) charges were laid with the South African Police recently in connection with alleged theft at the Westfort Hospital in Pretoria; if so, (i) what was the nature of the alleged offences and (ii) on what dates did these offences occur;
- (2) whether the South African Police has investigated these complaints and/or charges; if not, why not; if so, with what result?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) (a) and (b) Yes.

(i) and (ii) Complaints of the alleged theft of a television set, a firearm, cooking oil and a motorcar battery were lodged with the Police on 1, 5 and 15 January and on 15 April 1984 respectively.

1637

FRIDAY, 15 JUNE 1984

1638

- (2) Yes. The investigations have not yet been completed.

Westfort Hospital, Pretoria

*18. Dr W J SNYMAN asked the Minister of Law and Order:†

- (1) Whether any (a) complaints have been lodged and/or (b) charges have been laid with the South African Police since 1 January 1984 in connection with alleged assaults of Whites by non-Whites in the vicinity of Westfort Hospital in Pretoria; if so, what are the particulars of each of the complaints and/or charges;
- (2) whether the South African Police has investigated the complaints and/or charges; if not, why not; if so, with what result?

†The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) (a) and (b) Yes. Four complaints of alleged rape and one of alleged robbery in which cases the victims were threatened with knives were lodged with the South African Police.
- (2) Yes. The investigations have not yet been completed.

Howard Q. 6/1. 1637
Huhudi community
*19. Mr P G SOAL asked the Minister of Co-operation and Development:

- (1) Whether the residents of Huhudi are to be moved; if so, (a) why, (b) when, (c) where will they be moved to and (d) how many persons are involved;
- (2) whether his Department has held discussions with the Huhudi community regarding the proposed move; if not, why not; if so, (a) when and (b) what was the response of the community;
- (3) whether he or any member of his Department has received any representations from the Huhudi community; if so, (a) when and (b) what was the nature of the representations and (ii) his response thereto?

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION:

- (1) to (3) The matter will be discussed on 31 August 1984 with all the interested parties.

Howard Q. 6/1. 1638
Blacks (Urban Areas) Consolidation Act
*20. Mr M A TARR asked the Minister of Co-operation and Development:

How many persons resident within the prescribed area of Pietermaritzburg qualified for rights under section 10 of the Blacks (Urban Areas) Consolidation Act, No 25 of 1945, as at the latest specified date for which figures are available?

†The DEPUTY MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION:

11 844 as at 31 May 1984.

Howard Q. 6/1. 1638
Luckhoff: resettlement
*21. Mrs H SUZMAN asked the Minister of Co-operation and Development:

- (1) Whether residents of the Black township at Luckhoff in the Orange Free State were resettled recently; if so, (a) (i) why, (ii) when, (iii) on whose authority and (iv) where were they resettled, (b) how many (i) families and (ii) individuals were involved, (c) how many of these residents are employed at Luckhoff and (d) what is the distance between this township and the resettlement area;
- (2) whether facilities have been provided for them at the resettlement area; if not, why not; if so, what facilities;
- (3) whether any compensation has been paid to them; if not, why not; if so, what compensation;

Kwazulu officials in stone battle

A PACKED Durban Regional Magistrate's Court this week heard how two members of the KwaZulu government — an MP and an urban representative — hit back after they had been surrounded by an angry crowd who allegedly threw stones at them during an Inkatha meeting at Lamontville last year. *341 107*

The court hearing was a sequel to a meeting at which a woman was shot at and wounded and seven motor vehicles and a house belonging to insurance broker, Layton Makhathini, were burned down.

Appearing before the court on a charge of public violence were Sindi Mbambo, 25, Jabulile Ngcobo, 32, Fredrina Mbele, 22, Julia Mbambo, 26, Banki Khumalo, 42, Phakade Alfred Magwza, 21, and Robert Zwane — all of Lamontville. They pleaded not guilty and are out on R100 bail each.

Charges against Sibusiso Mathebula were withdrawn.

A 70-year-old Lamontville councillor and deputy chairman of the Ningizimu community council, Mrs Ella Nxasana, told the court she had organised the meeting but could not name all the invited guest through a "lapse of memory".

The meeting was planned for Lamontville residents although she could not account for the presence of outsiders in the hall.

Mrs Nxasana said the meeting was disrupted by Mr Zwane who stormed onto the platform and grabbed the microphone.

She said he told the audience: "You know what you are going to do. Get out."

Mr Zwane then left the hall, she said, followed by a group shouting slogans.

The hall doors were suddenly flung open and stones rained down forcing those who had

stayed behind to flee.

Mrs Nxasana said KwaZulu MP Andrew Dlamini and urban representative J T Zulu joined a group who returned the barrage of stones which lasted for at least an hour before the police arrived.

She said she spotted Ms Mbambo smash her vehicle which was later set alight.

Under cross-examination by Advocate Louis Skweyiya she denied having seen anyone armed with a stick, revolver or any weapon and also denied seeing any person wearing an Inkatha uniform, except for Mrs Manjanja who was seated on the stage.

Asked if she knew that a woman was shot and wounded at the meeting, she said she only heard from "some girl" when she got home that a certain Ms Happy Mngadi had been injured.

Ms Mngadi, who died as a result of the shooting, was unconscious for weeks at Wentworth Hospital.

Inkatha member Alzina Ngubane, who denied being a staunch supporter of the organisation, told the court she was seated in the front row at the meeting.

Ms Ngubane, who asked the court for police protection after giving evidence, said that when Mr Zwane snatched the microphone he shouted: "Thulani Maqabane (keep quiet comrades). Get out and do what we discussed yesterday."

The trial is proceeding.

By BANCROFT
HLATSHWAYO

Cold feet for 'hot seats' in township



HARRISON DUBE: No-one to contest his seat.

TWO LAMONTVILLE wards will not be contested when the township goes to the polls on June 6 after a resolution by residents last year calling for community councils to be scrapped and replaced with the Joint Rent Action Committee.

The wards — Ward Two and Ward Three — were previously represented by slain community councillor Harrison Msizi Dube and councillor Moonlight Gasa, who was jailed for Dube's murder.

No nominees have come forward for the two wards. Only Gertrude Ngubane, who had resigned after Mr Dube's death, stood for election in Ward One — and was returned unopposed.

Gasa had vacated his seat after he was jailed last month for 12 years. He was chairman of the community council and councillor for Ward Two.

Mrs Ngubane's decision to opt for the "hot seat" after her unceremonious retreat during the stormy period

**CP Correspondent
DURBAN**

in the township, has met with a mixed reception.

Mrs Ngubane told City Press she had decided to regain her position at the insistence of her ward members, who felt they were being victimised by increased rent issues because they had no one to represent them.

"I even asked for a round-table conference with Rev Mcebisi Xundu to iron out our differences for the good of the Lamontville community," she said.

"But up to now Rev Xundu has not come forward. I am still looking forward to a meeting with him, though."

Mr Daniel Shabalala, who was Mr Dube's right-hand man and a possible nominee in his place, has decided not stand for election in Ward Three.

"The Lamontville masses spelt it out clearly when they resolved to scrap the community council system and instead opt for Jorac as their true representative," said Mr Shabalala.

"I have no desire to go against their wishes.

"We are now adopting a wait-and-see attitude — we want to see who will stand up and be counted with the township's people and not stand for election to the commu-

nity council."

Mr Shabalala said Lamontville was going through a crucial stage in its history — the incorporation of the township into Kwa Zulu was also hovering above its head.

Meanwhile Jorac, who had asked for a round-table conference with co-operation and Development Minister Piet Koornhof regarding the incorporation of Lamontville, have been referred to the KwaZulu Chief Commissioner for discussions in Maritzburg.

However, the commissioner has in turn informed Jorac that the Minister was not prepared to meet Jorac.

Natal residents sign away rights

341

END

1/7/84 C.P. en

RESIDENTS of two Northern Natal townships are confused and angry about an agreement they have to sign with the Drakensberg Administration Board before they are allowed to build new homes or alter their old ones.

They believe the agreement signs away their rights to compensation if they become victims of Government removal.

People of Sibongile and Thembalihle were not allowed to build or alter their homes from 1968 to 1983 when Section 10 holders were given permission to go ahead. But the conditions attached left many people still feeling very insecure.

They have to sign a "memorandum of agreement" with the DAB before they get the green light to build.

One of the conditions of the agreement stipulates that no compensation will be paid for alteration or the building itself if the occupier is evicted or "should he for other reasons be required to relinquish occupation."

For years the 13 000 people of the two townships have fought off removal.

Now they believe that the agreement they are signing is paving the way for the removal threat to start all over again. But, because they need more space in their houses, many have signed and gone ahead with improvements.

Last month the PFP spokesman on black af-

CP Correspondent

fairs, Ray Swart, asked the Minister of Co-operation and Development whether his department still intended moving the people.

He replied: "The matter remains to be considered."

Then Mr Swart asked about compensation in the event of removals. Dr Koornhof said: "Should it be decided to settle these people they will be compensated to the value of the improvements they have effected."

This did not seem to square with the memo residents were signing, so City Press asked Mr Karl Eggers, Chairman of the DAB to explain.

He said that although the DAB wouldn't pay

compensation, residents would be compensated by the Department of Community Development if they were removed. He also said that residents who had any problems with documents of the DAB should consult with the community councillors in the area rather than running to the Press.

"There is definitely no suggestion that they will not be paid out if they are moved."

Residents are not satisfied.

"It is fine for him to make these verbal assurances, but legally we have no guarantees. The only document we have is the one in which we give up our rights to compensation."

1951

FRIDAY, 6 JULY 1984

1952

which posters with inflammatory slogans were displayed.

(2) No persons were killed, but a few were injured.

(a) (aa)(i) and (ii) and (b)(i) Fall away.

(bb) (i) (ii)

T T Solomons	20 years
A Thobey	15 years
K Jantjes	43 years
J Futchana	10 years
R Khali	24 years
Warrant Officer	
A M Fourie	32 years
Warrant Officer	
J J Lerm	55 years
Sergeant	
G E Borchers	39 years
Sergeant	
C Hills	24 years
Sergeant	
P G M van Zyl	25 years

(b) (ii) The five members of the Force were injured when they were hit by stones thrown by the rioters, while the other persons were injured when the police were compelled to use their arms.

(3) Yes. They were surrounded by the rioters and pelted with stones and were therefore compelled to fire shots in self defence.

(4) Yes.

(a) and (b) Apart from the arrests they effected, they also made use of teargas, rubber bullets and batons to put an end to the rioting and to restore order.

(5) Yes.

(6) Yes.

(a) 38.

(b) (i) and (ii) Since they have

already appeared in court, their names are public knowledge. Their ages are as follows:

1 is 10 years
5 are 12 years
4 are 14 years
3 are 15 years
2 are 16 years
5 are 17 years
1 is 18 years
5 are 19 years
5 are 20 years
2 are 21 years
2 are 24 years
1 is 26 years
1 is 33 years
1 is 43 years

(c) They were detained for contravening section 57 of Act 74 of 1982 and for public violence.

(7) Yes, 28 with contravention of section 57(1)(a) of Act 74 of 1982 and 10 with public violence.

*21. Mr R A F SWART asked the Minister of Co-operation and Development:

What total number of Black persons were moved during the period 1960 to 1982 (a) from (i) White-owned farms, (ii) Black spots and (iii) informal settlements, (b) for purposes of consolidating national and independent Black states, (c) in terms of (i) legislations governing influx control and (ii) the Group Areas Act, (d) in connection with urban relocation, (e) for (i) infrastructural development schemes and (ii) strategic or military purposes and (f) for any other specified reasons?

The MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT:

The following information is in respect of the period 1 January 1960 to 31 March 1984:

(a) (i) 48 693.

1953

FRIDAY, 6 JULY 1984

1954

(ii) 456 860, including people relocated from badly situated Black areas.

(iii) No statistics available.

(b) Included in (a) (i) and (ii). Separate figures are not available.

(c) (i) Statistics not available.

(ii) The Department of Co-operation and Development does not relocate people in terms of the Group Areas Act.

(d) Relocations from old townships to improved towns in the same Development Board areas amount to 979 034. In addition 487 321 persons were relocated in national states from towns that were disestablished. This figure includes squatters from urban areas. Separate statistics are not available.

(e) (i) 17 746.

(ii) 4 140.

(f) None.

How and Q. 6/1, 1953
341 Port Natal: population 6/7/84
*22. Mr R A F SWART asked the Minister of Co-operation and Development:

What was the (a) *de facto* and (b) *de jure* population of each township falling under the control of the Port Natal Development Board as at the latest specified date for which figures are available?

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION: (Reply laid upon the Table with leave of House):

The question presumably refers to the area of jurisdiction of the Natalia Development Board.

Township	(a)	(b)
Lamontville (Durban) ..	40 032	36 393
Chesterville (Durban) ..	13 803	12 549
Klaarwater (Pinetown) ..	4 895	4 488
Hambanani (Tongaat) ...	8 945	8 488
Shakaville (Stanger)	2 534	2 499
Shayamoya (Umzimto) ..	499	458
Cedarville	321	293
Colenso	1 216	1 126
Sibongile (Dundee)	8 506	8 090
Thembailhe (Glencoe) ..	3 994	3 688
Enhalakahle (Greytown)	4 077	3 943
Howick	1 056	985
Bongweni (Kokstad)	5 265	4 787
Steadville (Ladysmith) ..	7 779	7 499
Matatiele	840	815
Brunville (Mooi River)	4 163	3 948
Dumbe (Paulpietersburg)	2 725	2 712
Sobantu (Pietermaritzburg)	13 028	11 852
Bhekuzulu (Vryheid) ...	9 067	8 243

Particulars of hostels situated outside urban Black townships but proclaimed as urban Black townships for single persons in terms of section 2(1)(c) of Act 25 of 1945, are as follows:

Hostel	(a)	(b)
Glebe (Durban)	8 128	8 128
Dalton (Durban)	1 428	1 428
Jacobs (Durban)	884	884
Tokoza (Durban)		
(Womens Hostel)	668	668

As at 12 June 1984.

How and Q. 6/1, 1954
*23. Mr P G SOAL asked the Minister of Co-operation and Development:

(1) Whether (a)(i) Black and (ii) White persons and (b) industries are able to acquire full registered rights to ownership of land in any of the self-governing national states; if not, why not; if so, (aa) in which national

Tombstone unveiling postponed again

C. Piers
3/7/84
(341)

THE unveiling of the tombstone of slain Lamontville community councillor Harrison Msizi Dube — which was to have been held on Sunday — has been postponed to July 22 so all the Dube relatives can attend.

Costs for engraving the tombstone, which had initially been quoted at R2 700, have now risen to R3 161. Organisations such as Diakonia, Black Sash, UDF and the Natal Indian Congress have been approached to help finance the unveiling, which is expected to attract many people.



HARRISON DUBE

Mr Dube, who led the Lamontville boycott — now in its 18th month — previously served a two-year jail sentence for ANC activities.

His daughter Siyathemba ("We are hoping"), 14, is now doing her form II at St Francis College in Mariannhill. The Natal Indian Congress is paying for her tuition.

Although Jorac initially planned to erect tents at Gijima grounds in Lamontville, where Mr Dube's killers did their shooting practice before gunning him down, it has changed the venue because of alleged pressure from anti-Dube dissidents.

ed from Sir Benjamin

341 Mercury 14/7/89

Fears of election boycott

African Affairs Reporter

THE elections for the Community Councils under the Natalia Development Board would be held in September this year, Mr Pat Adderly, liaison officer for the board's community services, said yesterday.

Elections in Lamontville are likely to cause a problem because the community seems to be divided over the question of incorporation of the township into KwaZulu.

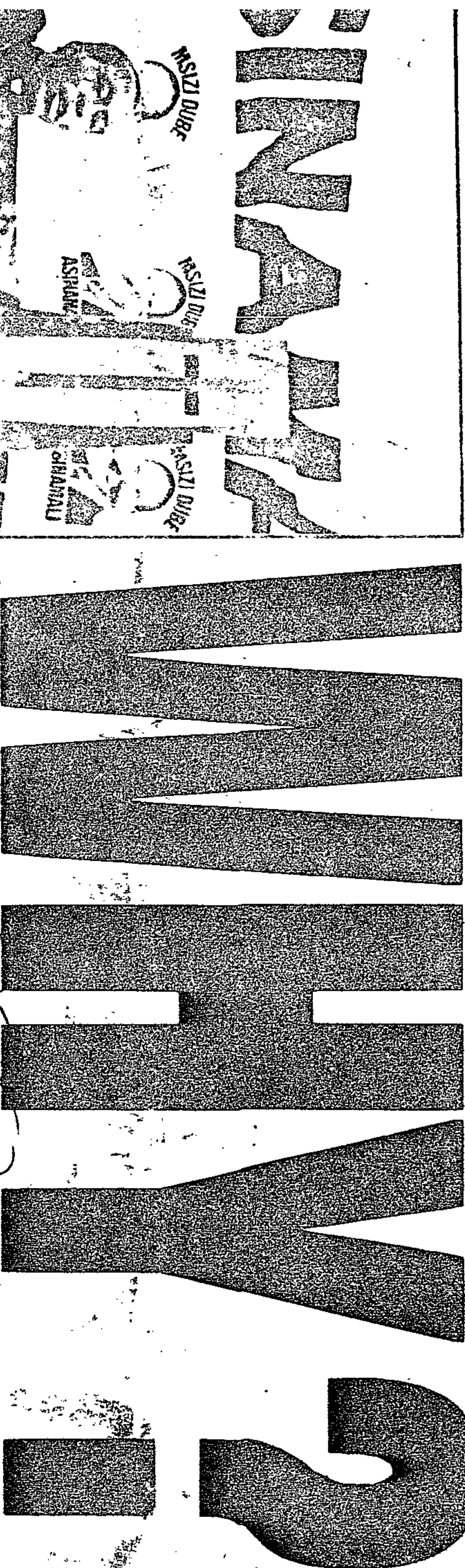
The standing councillors are in favour of the incorporation, but the Joint Rent Action Committee is opposed to the move and there are indications that its followers may ignore the elections.

In Umlazi, the town council elections will be held next month. There are 12 wards to be contested and the closing date for nominations is July 19.

This week, Prince Patrick Zulu, councillor for Ward 2, warned residents that if they were in arrears with rent and water accounts they would not be allowed to vote.

Members of the Inkatha "suicide squad" died within minutes of these pictures being taken — ravaged by angry mourners at the unveiling of Harrison Dube leads the singing of Mayibuye iAfrika during the unveiling.

'Does on 50 to 1 'suicide mission'



CP Correspondent

341

WHY did a hopelessly outnumbered group of 100 Inkatha supporters seek a confrontation with at least 5 000 mourners at the unveiling of Harrison Msize Dube's tombstone in Lamontville on Sunday? 29/7/84 Eyewitnesses say many of the Inkatha group were unarmed youths who appeared to have been led like lambs to the slaughter.

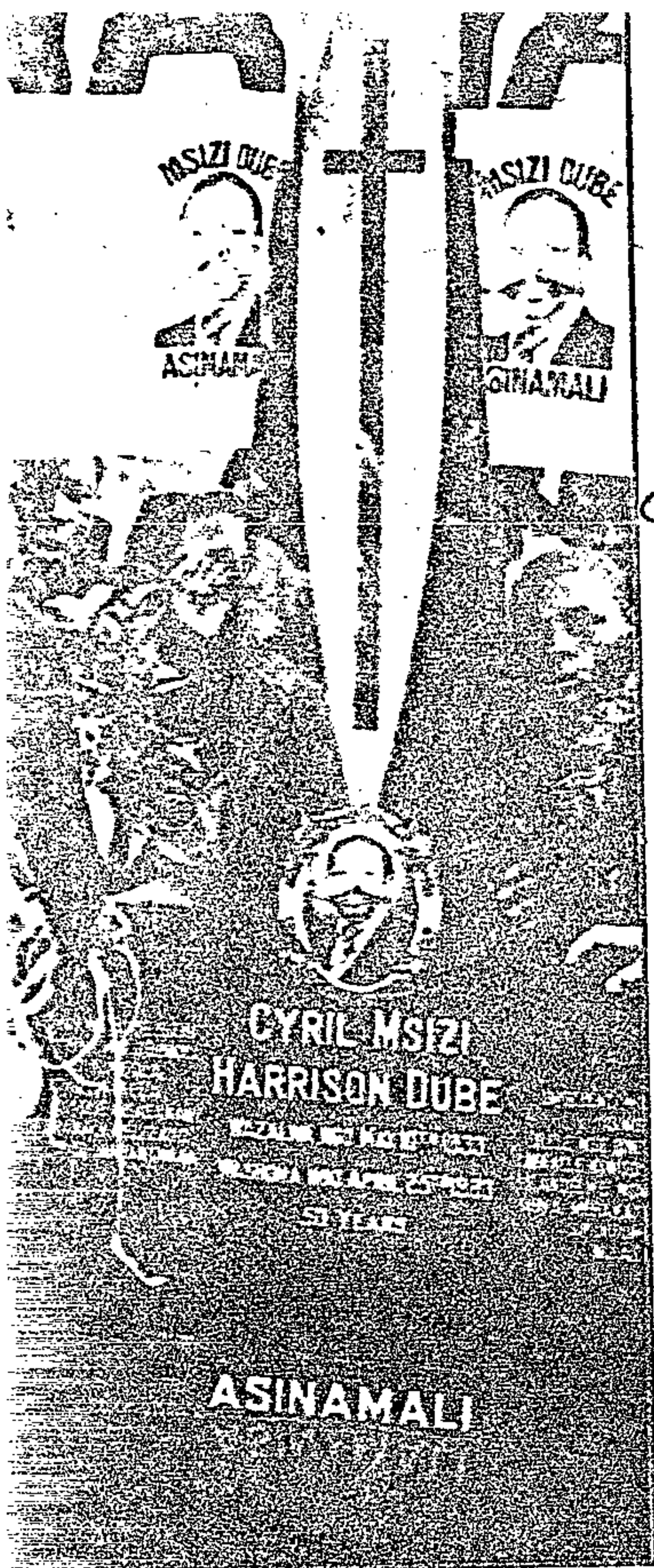
Two members of the group were stoned and stabbed to death with their own spears in the clash, and several others were injured.

LAMONTVILLE

KWAZULU

still

Inkatha secretary-general Oscar Dhlomo said this week the group had not been officially sent to the unveiling. Among them, however,



—Pic: RANJITH KALLY

C. Press **CP Correspondent**

WHY did a hopelessly outnumbered group of 100 Inkatha supporters seek a confrontation with at least 5 000 mourners at the unveiling of Harrison Msizi Dube's tombstone in Lamontville on Sunday? 29/7/84

Eyewitnesses say many of the Inkatha group were unarmed youths who appeared to have been led like lambs to the slaughter.

Two members of the group were stoned and stabbed to death with their own spears in the clash, and several others were injured.

LAMONTVILLE:
KwaZulu
still
plans
to
take
it
away...

—Page 3

Inkatha secretary-general Oscar Dhlomo said this week the group had not been officially sent to the unveiling.

Among them, however, were senior KwaZulu and Inkatha officials.

Two youths, who were part of the "suicide" group at the cemetery, told City Press of their horrifying experience, and were bitter at the way they had been recruited and the fact that they were unarmed.

"We could easily have been killed, all of us," said one.

The youths, who did not want their names published, said they were recruited more than a week before the unveiling and told to attend the "funeral" of an unnamed Lamontville person.

They were picked up by bus, and stopped on the way to Lamontville to pick up others.

"Later, we went to Umlazi to fetch more men. They were all older men, armed with weapons, and members of Inkatha."

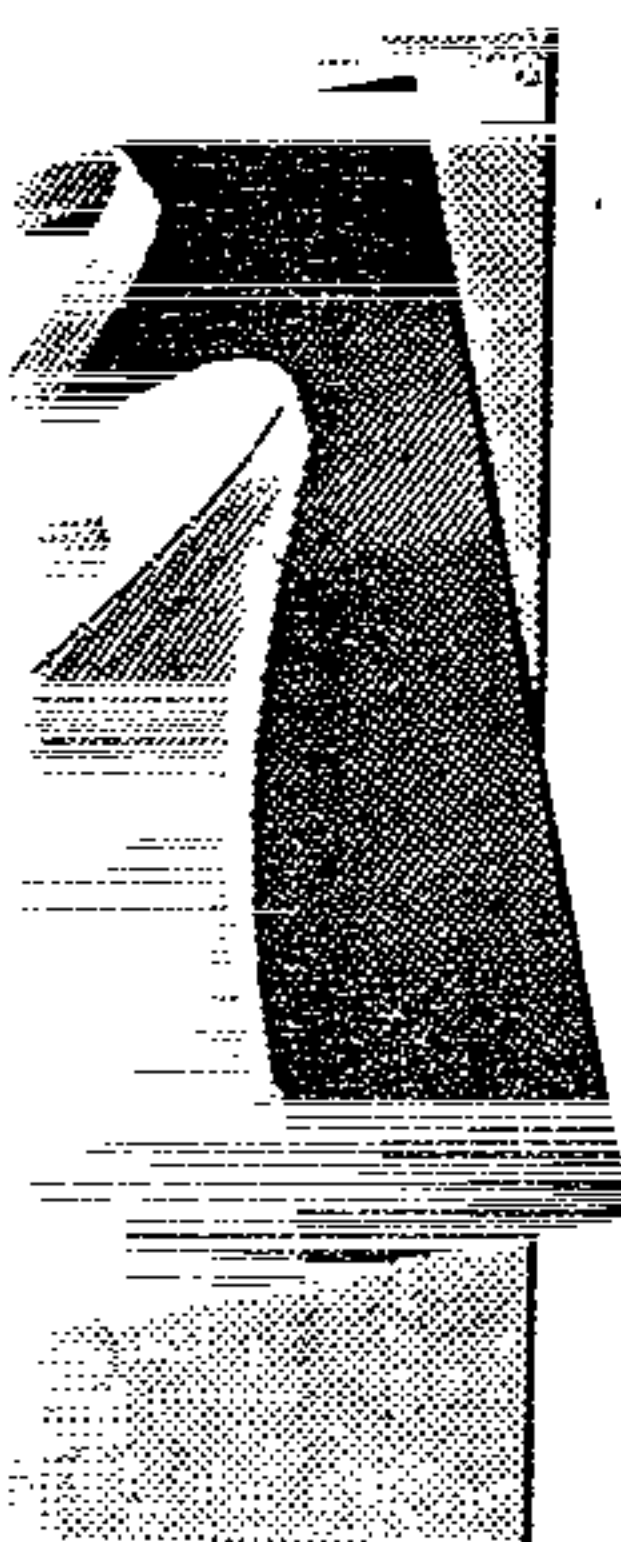
The youths said they had been surprised to find themselves at an unveiling, and not a funeral.

They were frightened by the hostility of the crowd and realised it was because of the Umlazi men's weapons.

When the battle broke out, the youths fled as bottles and stones rained down on them.

"We saw some of the dead and injured — they were running with us," one youth said.

341 276



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imaginable.
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Inkatha 'suicide raid'

From Page 1

City Press

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"The first person was hit but was dragged along by those he was running with. The next thing, even those in front of us were bleeding all over from the stones and bottles.

"We went into the river and had to leave some people in the river because they could not make it.

"We went up the hill, and were able to escape while people were hitting the ones in the river.

"We were very unhappy. Some of our officials were pressing us to go back and fight — they said we might as well fight, since we were being fought," the youth said.

"Our officials tried to stop us running away, telling us to fight, so we pretended we were picking up stones. But in fact we were looking around, trying to find a way to escape. We managed to do so, and got away."

The two youngsters — aged 18 and 19 — said they would definitely ask Inkatha officials about the raid, as it was clear they had known what was going to happen.

Reacting to the tragedy, Dr Dhlomo said the busload of people who arrived at the cemetery had not been officially sent by Inkatha. He said "any Zulu worthy of the name would have objected to any attempt to vilify Chief Buthelezi".

Both Dr Dhlomo and Chief Buthelezi slammed the use of funerals for "political gain", and criticised the fact that Dube mourners were carrying placards — including one which "vilified" Chief Buthelezi.

Chief Buthelezi blamed the incident on the "vilification by the UDF of himself and Inkatha."

Boycott leaders held

From Page 1

A national day of prayer has been organised for August 4, the day of the first shooting, and boycotters have appealed to workers outside the Ciskei to honour the

dead. But relations between CTC and the committee sank this week when bus company MD Kaiser declaring that they were not prepared to make any more "concessions."

Political comment in this issue by P Selwyn-Smith and P Qoboza, newsbills by P Selwyn-Smith, and headlines and subediting by D Niddrie, all of 62 Eloff St Ext, JHB.

C. Pless
29/4/87
341

Stabbed with their own spears, these two members of the Inkatha "suicide squad" died during the raid. Below: Rev Mcebisi Xundu leads the singing of Mayibuye iAfrika during the funeral.



Lamontville's heart still bleeds

ANTON HARBER, Political Reporter

THERE is no sign that the lengthy conflict in Lamontville, which has already cost a number of lives, is nearing an end.

Last week, two men were beaten to death when a crowd of angry Inkatha supporters arrived at a commemoration service for Mr Harrison Msizi Dube, a community leader who fell victim last year to the violent conflict.

This is only the latest in the violence that has plagued this township near Durban.

And with the township facing incorporation into KwaZulu, and feelings running high on this issue, there is every indication that clashes will continue.

Lamontville is in many ways typical of many South African dormitory townships. Created 50 years ago to house the many people who flocked from impoverished "homelands" to work in Durban, it now has 30 000 residents crammed into 2 750 houses, most of them sub-economic.

It suffers from the lack of development and the shortage of services that characterise most black townships. Little maintenance work is done on the rented houses and residents have been prevented from doing their own repairs.

In November 1982, the Durban Transport Management Board (DTMB) announced a 20% hike in bus fares.

Coming at a time of deep economic recession and high unemployment, this sparked a wave of protest aimed at both the DTMB and the local Community Council, which was accused of failing to consult the people and failing to act against the increases.

When an elected ad hoc committee attempted to meet DTMB and were told that there would be no negotiations on the matter and the price hike was irreversible, a boycott of the buses began.

The same month, the local administration board announced rent increases for all of Durban's townships.

Lamontville, with a 90% hike, was the worst hit.

One community councillor, Mr Harrison Dube, stood out from the rest, holding meetings around the township at which dissatisfaction

was expressed about the rent and transport increases, the condition of houses, roads and pavements and the poor sanitation service.

Mr Dube, a former Robben Island prisoner, became the focus of the campaign to oppose the rent and transport increases. The campaign slogan was "Asinamali" (We have no money) and there was widespread response to a call for residents not to pay the rent increase.

Mr Dube played a key part in bringing together residents' action groups in Lamontville, Hambanathi, Klaarwater, Shakaville and Chester-ville to form a Joint Residents Action Committee (Jorac).

On April 25, 1983 he was gunned down by masked gunmen outside his home.

This, and the rumour that other community leaders were on the gunmen's hit-list, brought a wave of violence, in which a number of people accused of being "collaborators" died and much property was destroyed.

The situation was worsened when the Lamontville "mayor", Moonlight Gaza, and other community councillors were implicated in Mr Dube's murder.

The issue became a national controversy when Parliament was presented with a series of affidavits alleging police brutality in dealing with the unrest and the Progressive Federal Party said the townships were in a state of "undeclared martial law".

Chief Gatsha Buthelezi's Inkatha movement and the local community councils took the rent increase to the Supreme Court on technical grounds and won a recommendation that the rise be suspended pending a decision.

The situation at that point was stalemated... until an entirely new factor came into play: it was announced that Lamontville and Hambanathi would be incorporated into KwaZulu.

Clearly, the Government had found

a new way of dealing with the problem township — hand it over to a homeland administration and let it bear the ever-increasing burden.

This rekindled the conflict, but this time it became a battle between the KwaZulu Government, favouring incorporation, and Jorac and its supporters, opposing it.

Jorac argued that incorporation would endanger residents' Section 10 urban rights and make KwaZulu — which is known to be short of funds — responsible for township services and upkeep.

It also believed that in the long run the struggle for full human rights would be impaired by residents becoming citizens of a homeland.

The conflict also became part of a wider political rivalry between Inkatha and the United Democratic Front, to which Jorac is affiliated.

The Government has now given the assurance that Section 10 rights would not be affected by incorporation. But suspicion remains and opposition has, if anything, increased.

The resistance delayed the incorporation and it is presently in abeyance.

In July, the Inkatha general conference passed a resolution saying the people of Lamontville must themselves decide on what happens to the township.

Chief Buthelezi has announced that he will hold a major rally in Lamontville on September 1 to allow people to express their views.

He said that the people themselves had originally requested incorporation, but dissent had been caused by "hoodlums".

Jorac has argued that there was never any consultation on the issue and a public rally will not provide a fair test of popular opinion.

And a number of community leaders — particularly from Jorac — have warned about the possibility of further violence if the rally is held.

LAMONTVILLE RESIDENT SUING LE GRANGE

341
C. Press
5/2/84

LAMONTVILLE resident Patrick Toyoto Shabalala, who was allegedly shot and wounded by police on June 16 last year, is suing Law and Order Minister Louis le Grange for R1 500.

The claim, which was heard in the Durban Supreme Court this week, was adjourned to a date still to be announced.

Mr Shabalala, 42, is represented by Advocate Justice Poswa, instructed by V N Mxenge.

In papers before the court, Mr Shabalala alleged that police threw a teargas cannister next to him and shot him in several parts of his body with bird-shot. He says the assault was wrongful, unlawful and intentional.

As a result of the assault, Mr Shabalala claims, he suffered certain body injuries. He is suing for R1 500 damages for pain and suffering and medical expenses.

Mercury 10/8/84 (341)

Election hopeful goes to court to fight ban

Mercury Reporter

A MAN rejected as a local election candidate because of an allegedly unpaid bill, went to court to challenge the ruling yesterday.

Mr Mafohla Nzimande, of Umlazi, applied for an order preventing the KwaZulu Interior Minister and an Umlazi magistrate from disqualifying him as a candidate in the town council elections in September.

The application was postponed sine die by Mr Justice Howard in the Supreme Court, Durban.

Mr Nzimande said in an affidavit that a few days after being legally nomi-

nated as a candidate, he was informed by an Umlazi magistrate that he had been rejected.

He said it was claimed he had not paid an overdue water account.

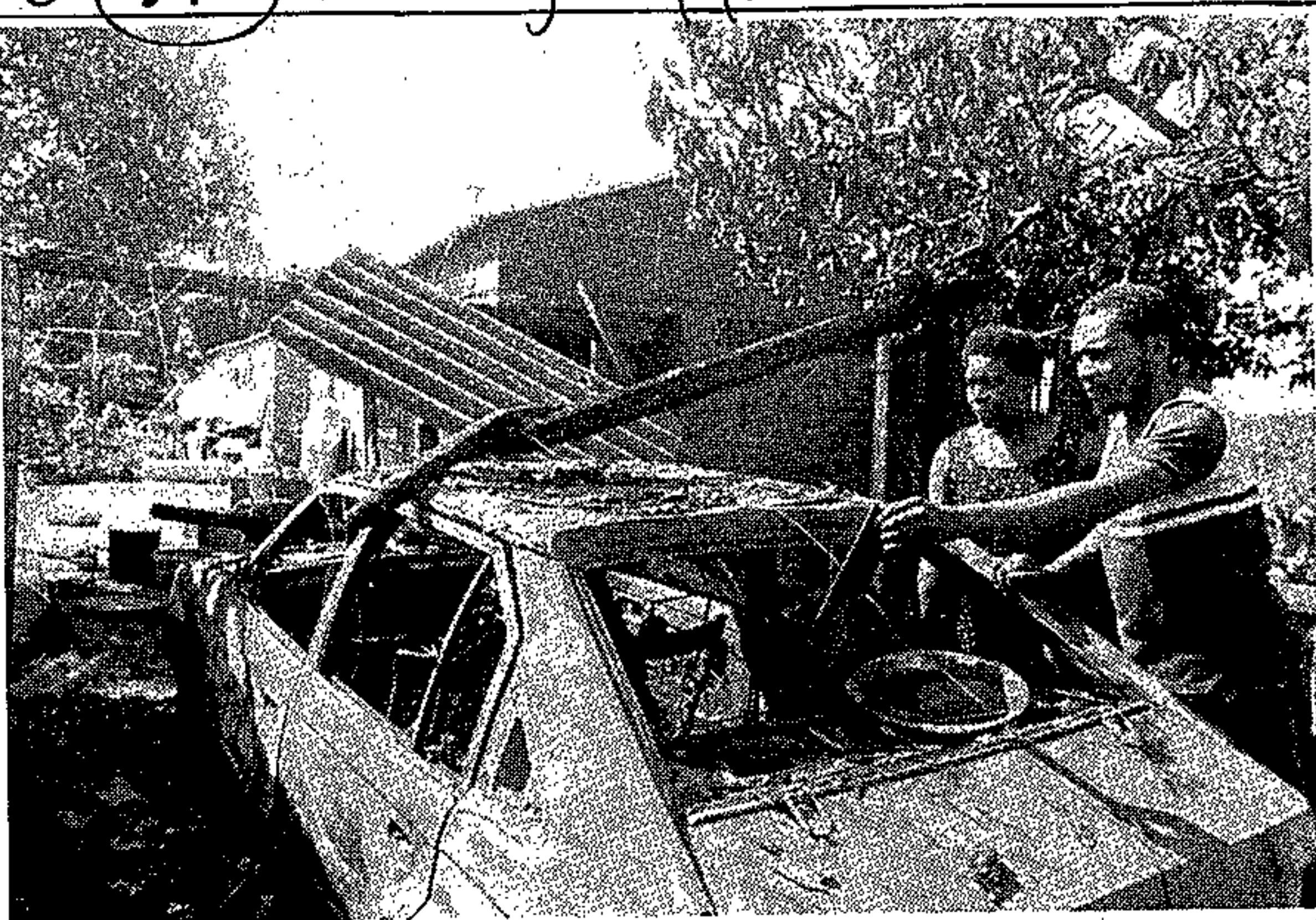
He approached the magistrate — who was also the returning officer — and was referred to a white official. That official said later that no review of the decision would be made, said Mr Nzimande.

He said that he received a water account for R435,92 in March. After investigation, he was told by the township manager that he owed R423,14. But a detailed water account which had

been promised, had not been furnished.

Mr Nzimande said that in May he received another water account for R434,66, and in July a fourth account for R245,22.

He claimed the township's water accounts' record was in a chaotic state, and it was unfair for the returning officer to disqualify anyone on the grounds of overdue accounts.



Mr Ian Mkhize and his wife, Eunice, next to the remains of their car, which was set alight after a petrol bomb was thrown at it.

Marauding mob attacks homes of township leaders

Mercury Reporter

A HAMBANATI community leader and his family were trapped in their home this week while a mob of more than 100 stoned the house, set fire to his car, and tried to break into the house, screaming that they wanted to kill him.

The crowd went on the rampage about 8 30 p m on Tuesday and attacked at least five houses belonging to prominent residents of Hambanati, near Tongaat. The houses were stoned, windows and doors were broken and cars were set alight.

The house of Mr Ian Mkhize, a former Hambanati Community Councillor and a member of the Joint Rent Action Committee which is opposed to the incorporation of Hambanati into KwaZulu, was the first to come under attack.

Mr Mkhize said: 'We

were at home watching television when there was a loud bang on the door. In no time all the windows were broken. I opened the back door to see my car burning and then the crowd ran away.'

The crowd went on to attack several other houses in the township, setting fire to at least one other car and an outbuilding, before returning to Mr Mkhize's house.

Dispersed

'They were out to destroy everything. They shouted things such as "we want your heart" and "we are going to kill you".'

'Some of them forced their way into the house by breaking the back door and some tried to climb through the windows. My wife screamed and I looked for something to defend us with and tried to take cover at the same time.

'Just then the police arrived and the crowd dispersed. If they had not come then I am sure we would have been killed.'

A police spokesman, Maj Piet Meiring, said the remains of a petrol bomb had been found in the car. It was estimated that more than R1 000 damage had been done to the house.

At least four other houses were attacked, including that of Mr Richard Gumede, chairman of Jorac.

A newly-married couple lost all their belongings when the mob set alight an outbuilding they lived in behind the house of Mr Alfred Sithole.

Mrs Goodness Sithole said: 'The crowd came and set the car alight and tried to open the door to our room. We were married in June and all our wedding presents and furniture were lost.'



Mrs Goodness Sithole with the remains of some of the furniture she and her husband were still paying off. The room they lived in was set alight by a mob which went on the rampage in Hambanati.

Mercury 24/8/84 (341)

'State alone can't carry service costs'

Pietermaritzburg Bureau

IMBALI residents face a possible increase in rates and taxes when the township's council takes over responsibility for the maintenance of its community services, Dr Piet Koornhof, Minister of Co-operation and Development, said here yesterday.

Addressing about 200 people at the inauguration of the Imbali Town Council in the township's community hall, Dr Koornhof said the Government could not alone carry the costs of these services.

Services

Dr Koornhof said the position of the township councils would be revised 'in the not too distant future' to give them greater powers.

'This new development will place greater responsibility on the shoulders of the council and the residents,' he said.

In the past three years R10 201 000 had been spent on the maintenance of services in the Edendale area — which includes Imbali — and this is the type of funding that will have to be generated by the council,' Dr Koornhof said.

'Especially in the present economic situation, the burden and financial load has become too much for the Government to carry alone.'

Houses

Imbali has at present 4 138 houses with about 8 700 pupils at eight primary and four secondary schools and an education complex which includes a teachers training college, a technical college, and a secondary school with boarding facilities.

Dr Koornhof said at the moment it was also being considered whether to recover the whole or part of the costs of the services provided by the Government from site owners.

This would not affect the 647 people who had already bought houses or sites or those who bought before the new 'costs for services scheme' came into operation.

He said he was disappointed by the poor response from individuals and businesses to provide

African housing in townships in spite of amendments to regulations making it easier to do so.

'South Africa needs the entrepreneur and the entrepreneur need not be concerned about his investment.'

Mortgage

'His investment is secured by provisions made by the granting of 99-year leasehold rights or alternatively the registration of mortgage bonds,' said Dr Koornhof.

Those earning less than R350 a month and not able to raise funds from private sources to build a house could also apply for a loan from the Department of Co-operation and Development.

The loan would come in the form of building materials and technical advice and assistance for those people qualified to stay in Imbali and who held a deed-of-grant for a site in the township, Dr Koornhof said.

Mob burns Jo

man's home

C. Press 26/8/84

12/11 2/11 3/11

AN ARMED mob of more than 100 chanting men and women who attended an Inkatha meeting in Hambanati township near Tongaat, went on a rampage this week — storming five houses and setting fire to Jorac treasurer Ian Mkhize's car.

The houses of Jorac chairman Richard Gumede, Zamani Crech principal Beauty Makhetha, and Empangeni's Mandlazaini primary school principal Alfred Sipho Sithole were stoned and the windows shattered.

Mr Sithole's house was also gutted when the mob set it alight with petrol siphoned from a van parked in his garage.

The van, which belongs to furniture salesman Elias Hadebe, was also burnt down by the mob.

Mr Sithole's furniture and back-quarters also burned.

A man who attended the Inkatha meeting said speakers at the Hambanati meeting accused supporters of UDF — to which Jorac is affiliated — of burning down the house of Hambanati mayor and local Inkatha chairman Muthikawupheli Albert Majola at the weekend.

Mr Majola has since been rehoused elsewhere in Tongaat.

Mr Mkhize, 42, said the armed mob chanted slogans and sang a song.

At about 8.30pm he heard a loud bang on the door. All the windows were then stoned.

He went out to investigate and discovered his car had been set alight.

Neighbours helped to put out the flames.

Mr Mkhize said the mob dispersed.

By BANCROFT HLATSHWAYO

when they saw him. They shouted obscenities at him as they retreated.

Mr Mkhize said he telephoned the police but they only arrived three hours later.

"Meanwhile the crowd returned later with reinforcements.

"They caused more damage to the house and completely burnt

out my car.

"They forced their way through the back door shouting 'We want your heart today and we are going to murder you'," he said.

Police arrived and fired teargas to disperse the crowd.

Mr Mkhize said the people were incited at the Inkatha meeting.

He complained about the late arrival of the police, saying the damage could have been prevented if the police had arrived promptly.

He said the damage to his house and car was estimated at R3 500.

Mr Hadebe's van was worth R10 000.

Police are investigating.



Ian Mkhize with his burnt-out car after the attack by an Inkatha

'HEAD HA'

THE TRIAL of four man — who allegedly killed 18-year-old woman's liver and private postponed to December Durban Supreme Court.

Gertrude Ntombela, Sipho Mbutho, 18, 29, Wilson Shwezi Ntombela, Mbhekiswa Shwezi Ntombela have all pleaded guilty.

The accused — w

C PRESS 26/8/84 (34)

Burns Jorac



Ian Mkhize with his burnt-out car after the attack by an Inkatha mob.

WAYO

car.
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Mr Hadebe's van was worth R10 000.

Police are investigating.

'HEAD HACKERS' REMANDED

THE TRIAL of four men and a woman — who allegedly chopped off an 18-year-old woman's head and roasted her liver and private parts — was postponed to December 10 in the Durban Supreme Court this week.

Gertrude Ntombela, 38, Sydney Siphon Mbutho, 18, Bernard Khawula, 29, Wilson Shwezi Ntombela, 29, and Mbhekiswa Shwezi Ntombela, 37, have all pleaded guilty.

The accused — who come from

the Mapumulo District — have made written "confessions" before a Durban Regional Magistrate.

The deceased is alleged to have been given brandy, beer and cane by the accused, who then took her to Umhlathuzana River and cut off her head, liver and private parts.

The body was later found by police buried near Umhlathuzana River — full of maggots.

Buthelezi won't budge

CP Reporter

LAST-minute attempts to resolve the growing conflict between the Joint Rent Action Committee and Inkatha failed this week when delicate negotiations over the planned visit by Chief Gatsha Buthelezi to Lamontville reached a deadlock.

At the end of the talks, Chief Buthelezi said he was adamant that he will go ahead with the visit.

After the breakdown in talks, Jorac is considering what action they can take to prevent the conflict which both sides fear could erupt on September 1 — the date set for the visit.

The talks, held in a beach-front hotel, lasted several hours but at the end the parties had not even reached a stage where they could issue a joint statement.

In a statement after the meeting, Chief Buthelezi said he hoped future discussions with Jorac would be more fruitful. He also regretted what he referred to as "Jorac's refusal to co-operate with Inkatha to avoid violence on September 1".

The weekend before the secret meeting, Chief Buthelezi told 8,000 delegates at the Inkatha Youth Conference in Uthandi that he had been asked by Richard Gumede to attend talks with Jorac, and that he had agreed to meet "the Jorac pupsqueaks".

Jorac officials said they had also hoped the Durban meeting would have been more fruitful.

"We hope to point out the inherent dangers in the proposed visit to Lamontville by Inkatha," said Jorac.

"Apart from incidents of violence which have broken out in Lamontville and elsewhere — heightening tension in those areas — we were seriously concerned about the response of the Inkatha leadership to this violence."



CHIEF BUTHELEZI: "I'm going to visit Lamontville."

26/8/84

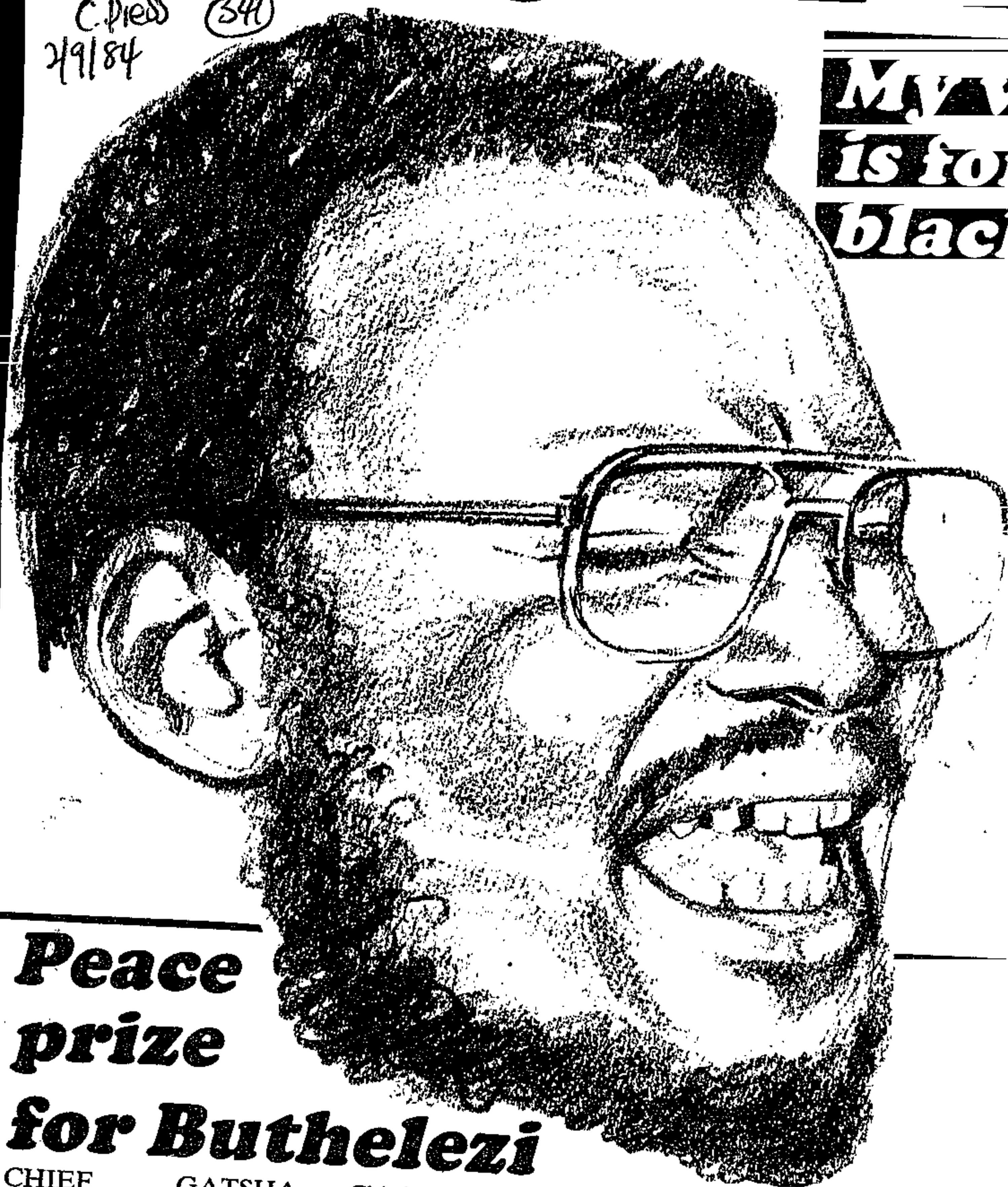
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Lamontville ex- Families flee town Court bid to stop **SHOW**

C. Press
2/9/84

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Peace prize for Buthelezi

CHIEF GATSHA Buthelezi will receive a special peace prize to-night from the Eshowe Rotary Club.

The prestige Paul Harris Fellowship is usually presented only to Rotary members who have served the community in some way, but the Eshowe branch has decided to give the award to

Chief Buthelezi even though he is not a member. It is the highest accolade they can give.

An Eshowe Rotary official said the award was being made in recognition of Chief Buthelezi's services to the Zulu nation and because of his non-violent policy.

They are also honouring

his opposition to sanctions and disinvestment in South Africa.

"We believe he has made a great contribution to our peaceful co-existence in this area, and are making the award as our personal recognition of his efforts," said the official.

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341 2/9/87
C. Press #107

isit unity

ON the eve of his controversial visit to tension-ridden Lamontville, Chief Gatsha Buthelezi issues the following statement:

I WISH to emphasise that my visit to Lamontville is as a result of the invitation by people there for me to pray for black unity.

"I am not going there to canvass for the people of Lamontville to come under KwaZulu. However, there are lies by those people who mislead others about which I will have to talk, to set the record straight.

"I am not going in a fighting mood. I appeal to people wanting to accompany me to go to Lamontville in the same spirit.

"By that I do not mean that we should not defend ourselves when we are attacked."

CP Correspondents

A MASSIVE evacuation campaign has started in Lamontville on the eve of Chief Gatsha Buthelezi's visit — with community leaders planning an urgent Supreme Court interdict to stop his meeting from going ahead.

Hundreds of people have already left the township and students from the two local high schools are to stay away from school today to help their families pack up to go.

Durban's mayor Sybil Hotz is trying to help organise accommodation in halls for some of the thousands of people who want to leave today for fear of unrest.

Others will be spending the weekend on relative's farms far from Durban.

At a meeting on Wednesday night, Lamontville youths decided that "lives were more important than property". Even though they feared their homes might be burned down or their property damaged if violence erupted, they said they preferred to leave.

Lawyers and members of the Lamontville community met Acting Chief Magistrate P G Castel to ask him to withdraw permission for Inkatha to hold an outdoor meeting in the township.

Mr Castel announced on Wednesday that he had given permission for the rally to go ahead in the Lamontville sports grounds. He said he had consulted a number of officials and no-one saw any reason to ban the meeting.

He said anyone with information to the contrary should contact the Security Police.

In addition, an urgent Supreme Court application was due to be made late yesterday asking that the meeting be prohibited in the interests of public peace.

Chief Buthelezi has already stated that "all the might of the State" would not prevent him from visiting the township, which is due to be incorporated into his KwaZulu homeland.

He has billed the meeting as a prayer rally to pray for peace in Lamontville, and prom-



Xundu prays for peace

LAMONTVILLE community leader Mcebisi Xundu has appealed there calm in the troubled township.

Reverend Xundu said he was "very concerned" about the situation.

"In spite of all our misgivings, we pray that there will be peace and we call on the community to remain calm."

ised not to use the rally to "persuade" people to agree to incorporation.

But several weeks ago, he made it clear that he intended to visit the area with a show of strength — to impress on the public that Lamontville could not be made a "no go" area for him.

He also said that if one visit was not successful in establishing this, he would go back again and again.

Over 5 000 people from the S J Smith Hostels alone are expected to gather in Lamontville for the meetings.

Residents fear a situation similar to what happened in Hamba last week, when Inkatha supporters went door to door, demanding to know whether the people agreed.

Inkatha leaves town in flames



'ALL WE WANTED

WAS PEACE

(341) C. Pers

CP Reporter: DURBAN

9/9/84



REV XUNDU: "Jabbing at each other doesn't help."

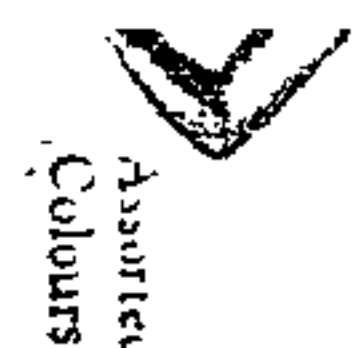
AMONTVILLE community leader Mcebisi Xundu has defended the Joint Rent Action Committee's last-minute court bid to prevent last weekend's Inkatha rally from taking place.

"It was a responsible action which brought positive results," Rev Xundu said in response to Chief Gatsha Buthelezi's accusation at the rally that the court action was the result of the reverend's "political megalomania".

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Xundu said, "I wanted this responsibility for peace to be shared with me by the judiciary. We wanted to use every lawful means at our disposal to make sure that the fears of the people did not come true."

Rev Xundu said Jorac could not have given an undertaking to guarantee control of the crowd at the rally. "I am sure that even though the judge ruled

against us, going to court helped dampen any plans for violence. "Because the people, the security police, the magistrate, the riot police and all these other bodies said the meeting should go ahead, they by implication accepted responsibility for making sure there was peace."

"Their presence in such large numbers obviously helped to make sure that no-

Buthelezi bashes City Press

9/9/84

C. Pers

CHIEF Gatsha Buthelezi says City Press is waging a campaign against him — but says this is understandable, as we're owned by "an Afrikaner agency", Nasionale Pers. He accused City Press of leading a media campaign of hatred against him and Inkatha, and said some papers made him out to be

Residents act to halt Pretoria school boycotts

BY THOMAS KWENATE

THE Soshanguve Residents' Association has convened an urgent meeting between parents and students to find an end to the protests which has engulfed the township.

A Soria spokesman said students had been invited to attend Sunday's meeting at 1pm at the Soshanguve community hall in order to voice their grievances before the situation took a "turn for the worst".

Events in the trouble-torn Pretoria townships this week include the following:

- Two houses of school committee members in Soshanguve were set on fire overnight.

PEACE TALKS FOR TOWNSHIP

341
C. Press

CRUCIAL talks take place in Durban today in a bid to end the conflict at Hambanathi between Inkatha and Jorac supporters.

The situation in the township is still so

Jorac, Inkatha to halt Hambanathi fear

CP Correspondent

tense that refugees from the violence are continuing to live at a local convent — too afraid to go back to their

homes.

The talks are to be chaired jointly by Inkatha's Dr Oscar Dhlomo and Jorac's Rev Mcebisi Xundu. A small delegation from each side will also attend the talks.

Three people died and many homes were burnt down in recent conflict between the two groups in the township.

Preliminary talks between Dr Dhlomo and Rev Xundu had been "promising", and a second round of discussions was set up with the aim of creating an atmosphere in which the refugees would feel safe to return.

Umlazi council will demolish backyard shacks

By PHINDA
KHUZWAYO

THE UMLAZI Council will take tough action against backyard shacks because "the legal structures are mushrooming in the township".

This was revealed in the minutes of a meeting held on September 5.

This drastic action — which has been opposed by community organisations in the past — has been suspended until after next week's council elections.

The council will then

hold a special meeting to discuss the matter.

According to the township manager, if illegal structures are allowed, Umlazi will be swallowed up.

In the past, the Umlazi Residents' Association condemned the demolition of the backyard shacks because they claimed that the four-roomed houses were too small.

Church windows smashed by mob in Natal

C. Press
30/9/84
(541)

THE ATTACK by hostel inmates who smashed the windows of the Methodist Church and St Simon's Anglican Church in Lamontville over the weekend, has been strongly condemned by many people in Durban.

The Methodist Church was the first to be attacked with rocks and missiles by the group from the S J Smith men's hostel in Merebank. Damage to the windows has been estimated at R300.

At St Simon's Parish, two windows were shattered.

Jorac chairman Mcebisi Xundu was away during the attack — attending the funeral of Thami Gumbi, who was allegedly shot by police when a group attacked the house of Lamontville community coun-

By BANCROFT HLATSHWAYO

cillor Gertrude Ngubane.

Ningizimu community councillor Gideon Sibiya, who lives at S J Smith Hostel, told King Goodwill Zwelithini at the Shaka Day celebrations in Glebelands that he could not be held responsible if his followers attacked Lamontville, where many Inkatha members had been killed.



REV XUNDU: Wasn't home when the raiders came.

He said the hostel inmates had told him he had restrained them for a long time, and they had decided to take away his command of their group.

At a residents' meet-

ing during the week, it was resolved to lay charges against the men. Rev Xundu said some of the attackers had been identified and legal action would be taken against them.

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many of men and children climbing Mozambique at night and it's not whom — on "freedom". they usually

takes about five to seven days, according to the SACBC, as the refugees only travel at night.

But their problems don't end once they're in South Africa. Many of the refugees told the SACBC they were hounded down — sometimes "betrayed" by indunas who are paid R10 for each refugee and taken back to the Mozambican border.

However, they escape back to South Africa at the first opportunity to escape the vicious methods used by the MNR in its battle against Frelimo.

Asked to comment, the SA Police said it "endeavours to prevent illegal immigrants from entering SA".

"If and when illegal immigrants from other countries — including Mozambique — are found in SA, they are arrested and brought before a court of law for a decision," the

police said.

Refugees said the rebels were plundering villages, killing old people and cutting off their heads to use as "seats" in the bush.

To gain information, they also killed the children whose parents refused to co-operate with them — sometimes by boiling the children alive in front of their parents.

Women were raped and taken away to carry the MNR's goods in the bush.

Refugees have been fleeing Mozambique for the past two years, but sources say there has been a dramatic increase since the signing of the Nkomati agreement.

The SACBC says the SA Government now appears to have not only violated the Geneva convention by not granting the Mozambicans refugee status, but also violated its own peace agreements.

JORAC STOPS HOSTEL RENT HIKE

THE 23 000 residents of Durban's Glebelands hostel won't have to pay rent increases because of a successful Supreme Court case brought by the Joint Rent Action Committee. C. Press

Last year Inkatha brought an unsuccessful application for the increases to be set aside, and is going to appeal against the decision. 30/9/84

Jorac challenged increases authorised last year by Co-operation and Development Minister Piet Koornhof, and announced by the Port Natal Administration Board.

Jorac's Rev Mcebisi Xundu said his organisation would now investigate the possibility of bringing a similar case to challenge the rent hikes in other PNAB hostels, including S J Smith Hostel, which houses 18 000 residents.

The rent hikes affected all houses and hostels in the PNAB townships and were supposed to come into effect on August 1, 1983.

Widespread unrest followed the announcement of the increases, and several people died in the violence.

Jorac brought the application on behalf of people living in houses in Lamontville, Chesterville, Klaarwater and Glebelands Hostel.

Judge Andrew Wilson ruled that the increases for house-dwellers were valid, but that those passed for Glebelands had to be set aside because the Minister did not consult the National Housing Commission, which funded the hostels.

Glebelands resident Joseph Mazeka said after the case that he was relieved by the news.

The increases were too high for workers, he

"THE MAIL KING CATALOGUE"

THIS MONTH'S SPECIALS

C BRAND-WOOD STYLE SKIRTS Assorted Colours Sizes: 32-46 R11,99	D HAND-PRINTED ZIM-BABWE WRAP One size fits all R24,99
G. LEFT AND RIGHT PLEATS Fully Lined Assorted Colours Sizes: 34-44 R13,99	H. HOOK UP SKIRT Assorted Colours Sizes: 34-40 R9,99
K BRAND-WOOD STYLE	L. WRAP AROUND WITH PLEATS

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HIKES

126 THE 23 000 residents of
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After last weekend's
violence in Lamontville,
in which two churches
were vandalised by peo-
ple from the S J Smith
hostel, Jorac has asked
for a meeting between
Gideon Sibiyi, who re-
presents the hostel on
the Ningizimu Communi-
ty Country, and senior
Jorac people.

Mr Sibiyi has agreed
to the meeting but a date
hasn't been finalised yet.



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"THE MAIL KING CATALOGUE"

THIS MONTH'S SPECIALS

C BRAND- WOOD STYLE SKIRTS

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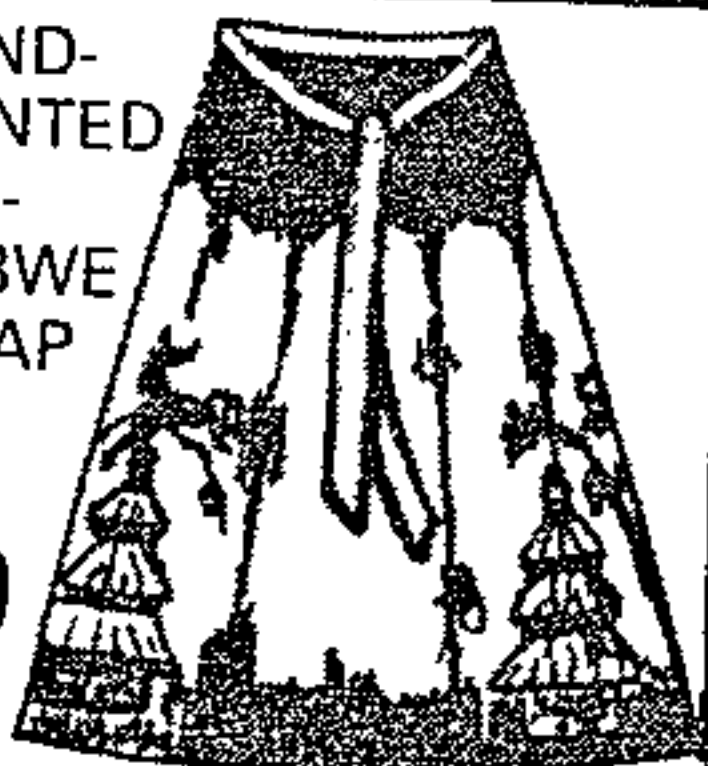


D HAND- PRINTED ZIM- BABWE WRAP

One size
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R24,99

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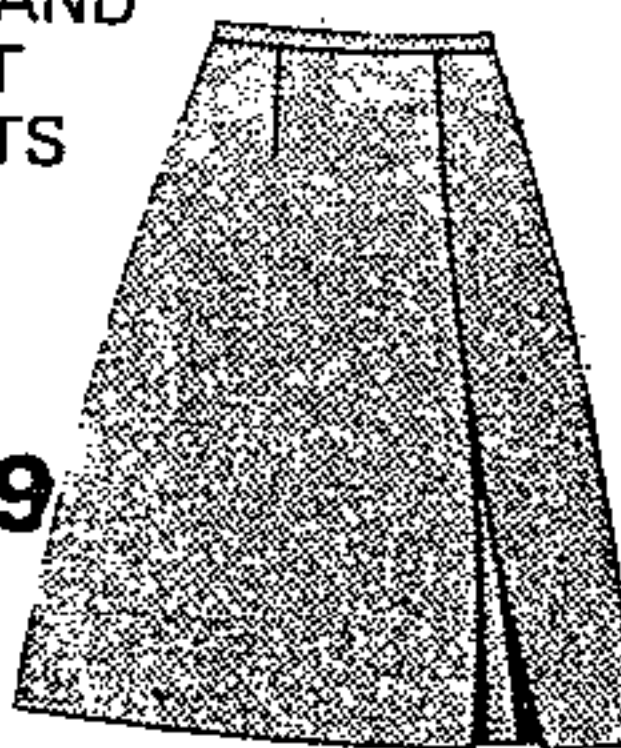
G. LEFT AND RIGHT PLEATS

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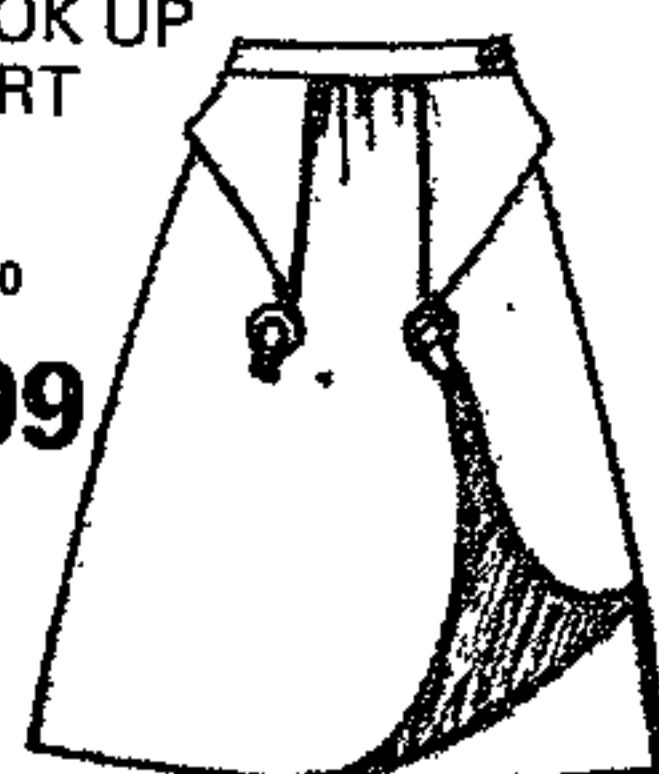
H. HOOK UP SKIRT

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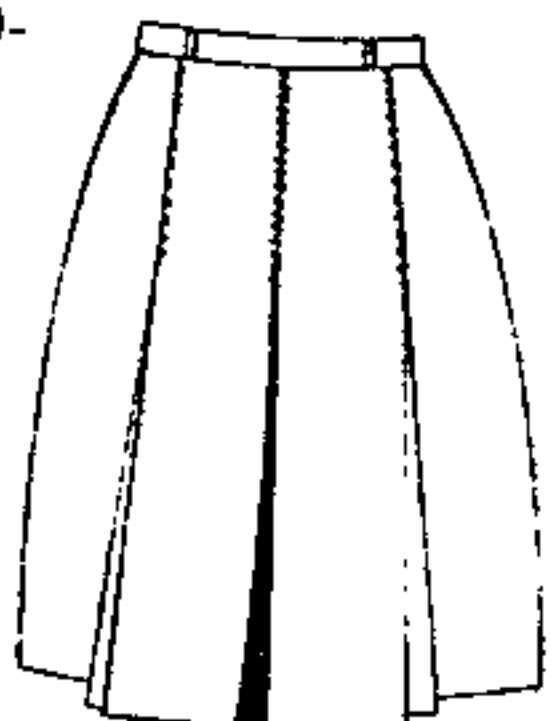
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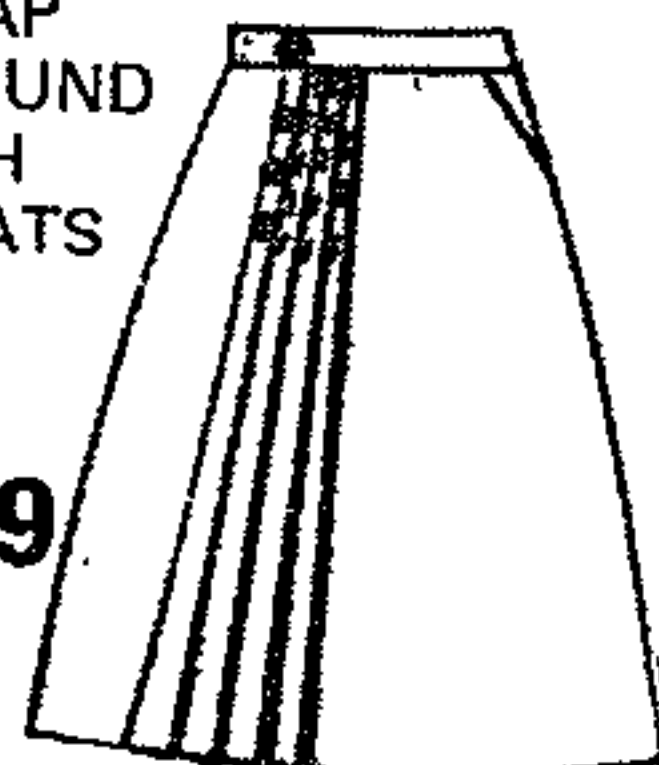
L. WRAP AROUND WITH PLEATS

Assorted
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Will they bury the hatchet?

7/10/84
341
C. Press

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In clashes — apparently between supporters and opponents of Inkatha — on Monday night, more homes were attacked and cars set alight.

There has been violence and unrest in the township for several months. Three people have died, and several homes destroyed. Dozens of people have taken refuge at a nearby convent.

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A Jorac official said the meeting had been useful and that an agenda had been drawn up for a third set of talks. "After these talks — for which no date had been set yet

CP Correspondent

— there is a possibility that the refugees will return," he said.

Wednesday's meeting aimed to "bring about peace and the safe return of the refugees", he said.

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They say that they feel it is unsafe to go back to school. Both groups discussed how harassment of the children could be prevented.

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USELESS BOARDS ARE NOT FOR US — EDENDALE

341

THE Edendale Advisory Board collapsed on Sunday — its 10 members refused to stand for re-election.

An extended nomination date failed to raise a single nomination from the whole Maritzburg township.

The outgoing board — which has been part of the township for 81 years has said it considered the Government's

CP Correspondent

township representation to be a dead-end.

Former board chairman Sibusiso Nyembezi issued a statement which outlined the reasons board members decided to quit the "frustrating" body.

"There was no campaign to dissuade people from offering themselves for nomination," he said.

"Our term of office as board members indicated beyond doubt that it was useless as a means to promote the interests of the community.

"A more frustrating body is difficult to imagine. The Edendale community has been very patient.

"However, it is unlikely that the community would elect people to a body which has no effective power to further their wishes."

Edendale is the third

Maritzburg township to reject advisory boards and community councils.

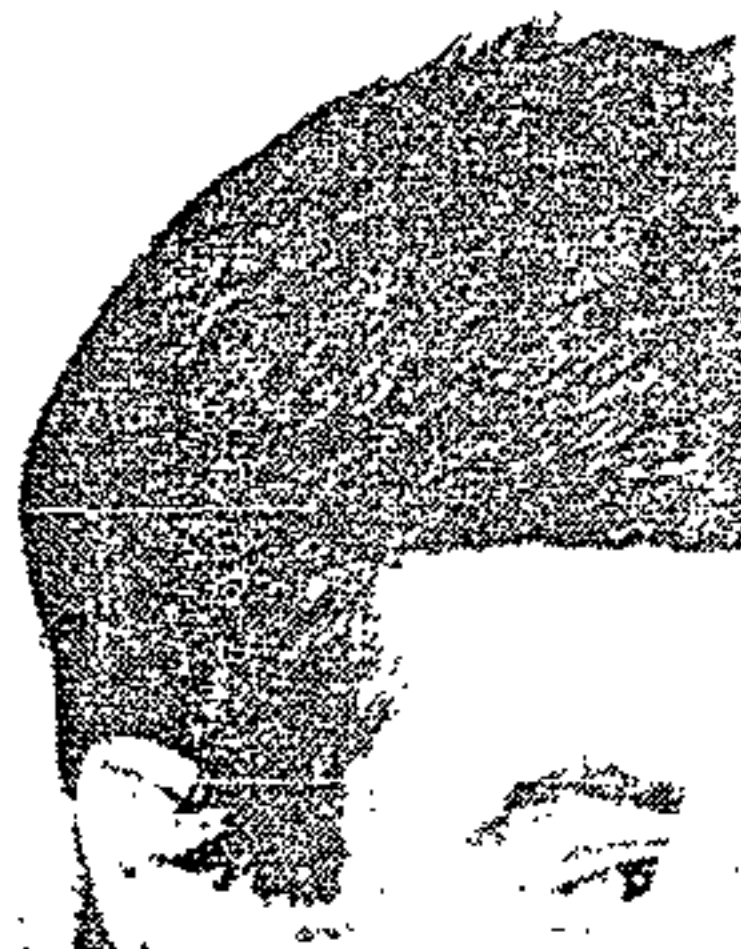
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FRAUD CHARGE DROPPED

TWO KwaZulu Health and Welfare Department employees appeared before a Durban magistrate this week on two counts of theft and one count of fraud involving R545,20.

Bhekinkosi Ntshiza, 20, and Nicholas Maphumulo, 24, both of Umlazi, pleaded not guilty.

Magistrate F C Fourie withdrew the case against Mr Maphumulo without giving reasons, but ordered Mr Ntshiza to appear in court on October 17.



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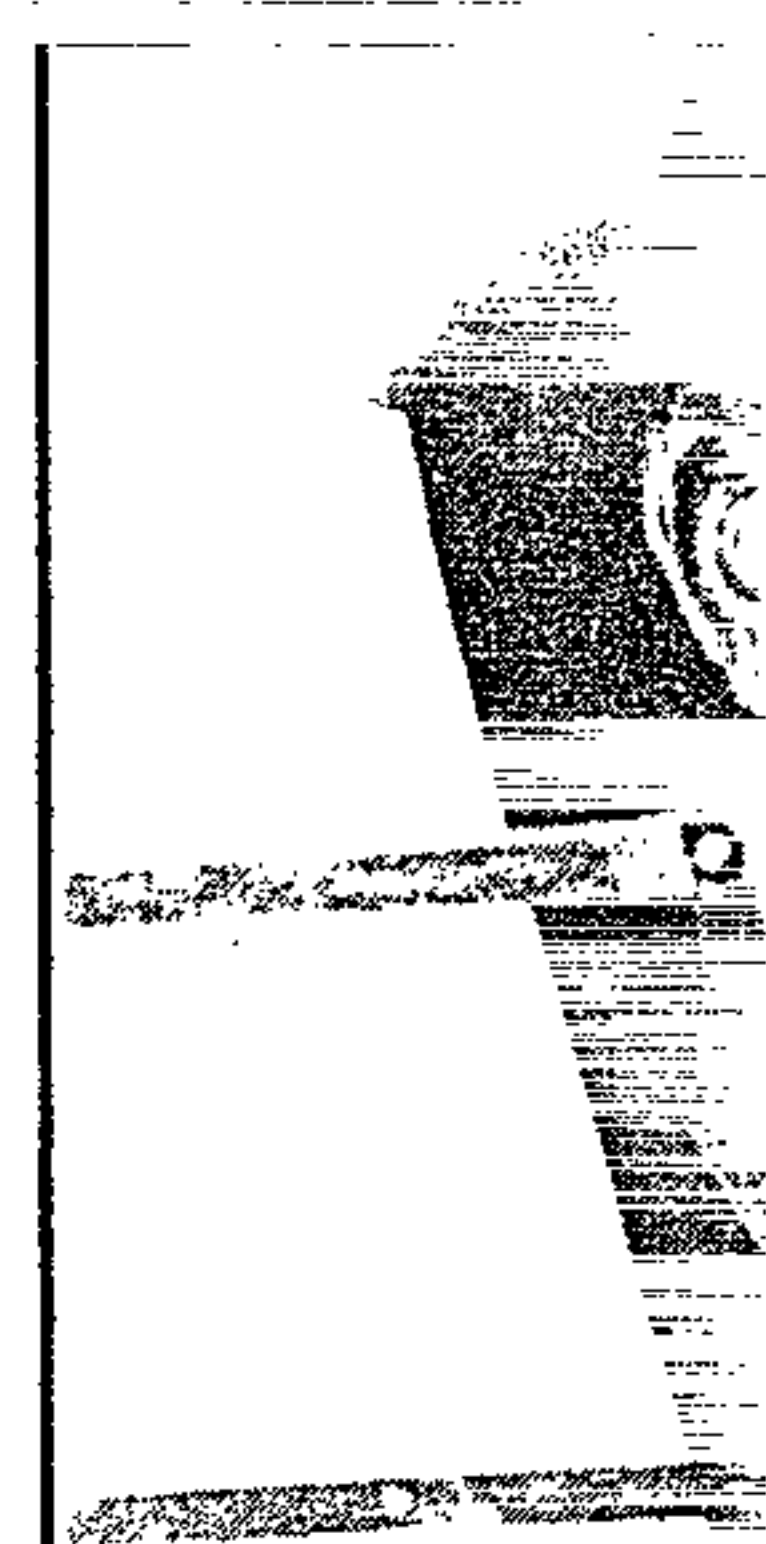
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AFRICAN National

By ZB MOLEFE



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Black area in urgent need of development

Inanda: 'Things in a shambles'

By Stovin Hayter

THE administration of black affairs at Inanda, identified by Government-appointed housing investigator Dr Louis Rive as one of three areas in Natal most urgently in need of planning and development, is in chaos.

It is feared that the running of the area could break down completely, increasing the hardships facing 40 000 people in the Inanda Newtown site-and-service township and more than 300 000 people living in informal settlements in the area.

People are suffering and there is a lot of hard-

ship, but now they don't even know who to go to. Things are in a shambles,' admitted an official who could not be identified.

Senior officials in the old Department of Co-operation and Development, who were administering the area, have been transferred to the Department of Justice, leaving junior, less-experienced officials to take their places.

The transfer took place with the implementation of the new constitutional dispensation and the subsequent restructuring of the Cabinet and Government Departments.

The former Chief Commissioner for Natal, Mr Roy Blumrick, was transferred to the Department of Indian Affairs at short notice.

Mr Blumrick had been chairman of the Inanda Development Committee, which co-ordinated the work of private companies, development agencies, Government departments and community representatives in the area.

All other officials with legal training were transferred to the Department of Justice. This included the two men most concerned with the adminis-

tration of Inanda, the commissioner for Natal, Mr Roy Blumrick, was transferred to the Department of Indian Affairs at short notice.

The acting commissioner for the area is Mr Chris Valentine, former head of finances for the Verulam office, who has been on leave since the change-over and is expected to take up his new post next week.

Some of the former commissioner's functions have been taken over temporarily by the Inanda Newtown township manager, Mr Basil Kretzman.

Sources close to the de-

partment said none of the men left behind had any high-level experience of running the affairs of the area and few had been involved in the work of the co-ordinating committees.

Top-level decisions appeared to have been left to officials in Pretoria who had little or no contact with the actual work being done and the problems of the area.

Last week, Dr Rive said at the launch of the new Natal/KwaZulu Planning Council that he had been struck by the haphazard development and complete lack of co-ordina-

tion in planning in Natal/KwaZulu.

He hit out at a lack of community involvement in planning and the demotivating effect of uncertainty about permanency and ownership.

Preparations for the development of the area according to a Government plan made public last year have begun.

But this, and further work envisaged by Dr Rive aimed at integrating Inanda as part of a greater metropolitan area including Kwa Mashu and Ntuzuma, could be jeopardised by a breakdown in management.

Mr Rogers Ngcobo, chairman of the Greater Inanda Liaison Committee, said monthly meetings with the Chief Commissioner of Natal and the Commissioner for Verulam had come to a halt 'about four months ago'.

'I don't know why. We were not told they were stopping,' Mr Ngcobo said.

'Some things were achieved by the meetings. The removals were stopped and reticulated water was provided.

'And now we do not even have a place where we can present our views,' he said.

Hands off, ladies!

C. Per By PHINDA KUZWAYO 14/10/84

BLAME it all on women — this is the conclusion of Lamontville councillor Gideon Sibiyi, who sees women as the cause of disharmony between the "bachelors" at S J Smith Hostel and the people of Lamontville.

At the recent peace talks between his delegation and members of the Joint Rent Action Committee, councillor Sibiyi said: "Lamontville is spoilt by women."

"They have a lot of influence on the bachelors staying at the hostel. They stay with the men there."

Because of this, there is already talk of barring the S J Smith men from courting the ladies of Lamontville.

This is seen as the solution to stop the on going attacks of the pro-Chief Gatsha Buthelezi hostel dwellers against the people of Lamontville — particularly those who support Rev Mcebisi Xundu.

Tension between the two communities reached a peak two weeks ago when the windows of the Methodist and Anglican Church in Lamontville — where Rev Xundu is based — were broken in a revenge-ston-

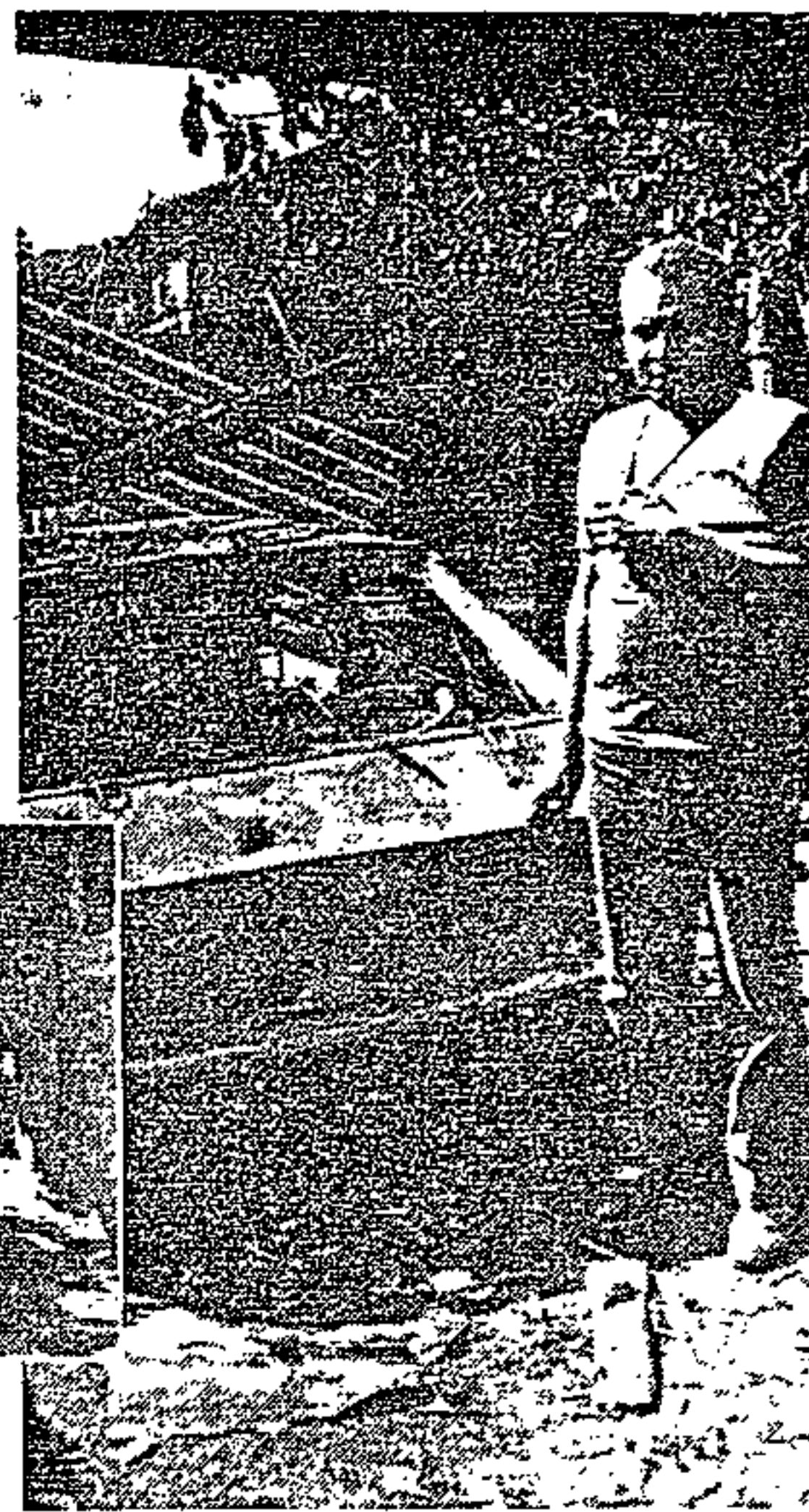


Some of the Lamontville victims, whose cars were set alight: Ian Mkhize, right, and the Hadebe family.

ing by a mob who were allegedly from S J Smith Hostel.

The stoning followed attacks — allegedly by Lamontville youths who support Rev Xundu — on pro-Inkatha people who recently stood in community council elections.

The first incident which sparked off tension between the two factions was on October 16 last year when Lamontville resi-



dents disrupted an Inkatha meeting called by councillor Ella Nxasana.

However, peace seem to be on the cards between the two warring factions now. In a brief moment after the "peace-talks" meeting, a joint statement read by Jorac vice-chairman Mr Xundu said the two groups had committed themselves "to continue the peace initiatives."

URBANISATION Rive's Natal role

Finding solutions to Natal's under-housed and rapidly urbanising black population probably presents former Postmaster General Louis Rive, who now heads the Natal/KwaZulu Planning Council, with his toughest task yet.

Urbanisation in the greater Durban area

Financial Mail October 19 1984

51



Rive ... 'appalled' by Natal's problem

is taking place at such a pace that the squatter community of more than 1m is expected to grow to 3m by the turn of the century. The growth rate is comparable to that of Mexico City which is regarded as one of the fastest-growing cities in the world.

Even Rive, whose report on Soweto and investigation into housing in the Eastern

Cape set the tone for development in both areas, admits that his Natal assignment will be no cakewalk.

He says he is appalled by the haphazard development, lack of co-ordination in planning, absence of community involvement and the "demotivating effect of uncertainty relating to permanency of ownership."

Recently Rive presided over the first

formal meeting of the council which is charged with examining black housing in Natal and making recommendations for improvements.

Greater Inanda, including Kwa Mashu and Ntuzuma, greater Umlazi and Edendale have been identified as priority areas. Seven working groups covering city planning, transport and roads, water reticulation, electricity and telecommunications, housing, commercial and industrial development and agricultural and rural development, have been set up with instructions to conduct in-depth studies of the areas. They will report to the council through a co-ordinating team.

Rive says several guidelines have been laid down; the people must be helped to help themselves, there must be full involvement of the communities concerned, communities should be self-sufficient and viable, the programme must be affordable and blacks must be uplifted economically in the process.

Financing the improvements remains a problem. According to Rive a "massive injection of funds is not feasible. The capital is simply not available." In this respect he suggests harnessing the peoples' "sweat equity" — the most "potent force of them all" — the possibility of a "black housing bond" and the option of further offshore borrowings. "There is no doubt that there is going to be a need for finance. At this stage it is a grey area," he says.

Having arrived at a plan Rive says the next step will be to convince the central government, the KwaZulu government and overseas financiers that it is indeed "workable."

341

FM 19/10/84

Residents smell a rat

pen 471184
THERE has been a call for an investigation into the Umlazi township's management after alleged irregularities in the allocation of houses.

The latest case which highlights the alleged irregularities is that of a 90-year-old paralysed, bedridden woman, Caroline Mkhize, who was kicked out of her house.

Mrs Mkhize brought a case against a number of people, including manager R T Viljoen, after she was "tricked" into thumbprinting an agreement that she would leave the house.

The Durban Supreme Court ordered that she be put back into her house.

The Durban Legal Resources Centre, which fought Mrs Mkhize's case, has called for a commission of inquiry into Mr Viljoen's administrative practices.

LRC director Chris Nicholson said that since 1982, the LRC had appeared in at least six Supreme Court cases, in which the Umlazi Township manager was cited as a respondent.

And, he said, the centre had settled 20 other cases out of court.

In each case, the issue was brought by township residents who claimed there were irregularities in the allocation of houses and the eviction of people.

The Supreme Court decided each case in favour of the residents, and Mr Viljoen was ordered to pay costs in each case.



The three children slept in a scrapyard for six weeks.

Mrs Mkhize told City Press that she was very happy with the Supreme Court ruling that she be allowed to stay on in her house. She said when she was evicted she was dumped outside her own home. Her furniture was left in the yard for many weeks and was ruined. Her children had to sleep in a nearby scrapyard for six weeks.

Rive's blueprint for improving 'atrocious' living conditions expected within a year



Louis Rive — 'no false hopes'

(34)

New deal for millions of Natal blacks?

By Deon Delpont

A BLUEPRINT for improving the lives of millions of Natal blacks living in "atrocious" conditions could be in the Government's hands within a year, said Louis Rive, head of the new Natal and KwaZulu Planning Council.

"I feel this task is more important than the work I did in Soweto and in the Eastern Cape," said Mr Rive, the former Postmaster-General and Government-appointed troubleshooter in sensitive areas.

Five study groups dealing with city spatial studies, transport and roads, water and sewerage, housing and electricity and Telecommunications have been appointed and convenors selected, said Mr Rive.

"The first meetings of these study groups will take place between November 20 and 22. There the detail, modus operandi and guidelines will be worked out," he added.

Two more study groups, one on commercial and industrial potential and another on agricultural and rural development would come into operation later, Mr Rive said.

Experts had been drawn from the Natal Provincial Administration, the large city councils, government departments of both governments, the Council for Scientific and Industrial Research, the Small Business Development Corporation, the Urban Foundation, the Southern African Development Bank, Industrial Development Corporation and black community councils.

His task was "much bigger in dimension, more complex for a variety of reasons and in the long run would have more impact," than his previous work, he said.

KwaZulu had a population of some five million people and there were about a million people living on Durban's doorstep under "atrocious conditions" in squatter camps, he said.

There was a great deal of potential for improving the situation and for laying the foundations for socio-economic upliftment of the people.

"It is my belief that socio-economic circumstances will undoubtedly have an effect on the political and constitutional circumstances of people," Mr Rive said.

The formation of the planning council had the blessings of President PW Botha and of Chief Gatsha Buthelezi.

The council should not take any longer than is necessary to do its task, taking into consideration the needs of hundreds of thousands of people.

Mr Rive said he had already made certain recommendations to the Government but declined to elaborate on their content.

Before the final report was submitted to both governments, he expected interim reports and recommendations to be forwarded to them, he said.

He praised the work of Natal academics saying they were "many studies, in depth, by professional men, consultants and universities".

The Buthelezi Commission's findings also should be studied. There was also a very good study on the Inanda area, he said.

"Our intention is not to duplicate the work already done, but first to determine the status quo and move from there," he said.

His brief was to improve the quality of life of blacks in Natal and all he could do was make the necessary recommendations.

"I do not want to give people false hopes," he said.

Residents Win!

Chesterville will not move



ELLA NXASANA: "Now we can start up-grading."

AFTER two decades of uncertainty, the people of Chesterville — one of Durban's oldest townships — have been given a reprieve from relocation.

According to a Government scheme announced 20 years ago, all 12 000 Chesterville residents were supposed to be relocated.

But Co-operation and Development Minister Gerrit Viljoen this week announced that Chesterville was not going to be moved.

Port Natal Administration Board chief director Hennie du Plessis said several individuals and organisations — including

BY BANCROFT HLATSHWAYO
and CP CORRESPONDENT

his board — have been pressing for the reprieve.

Also involved in the battle were the Ningizimu Council and the Chesterville Residents' Association — a Joint Rent Action Committee affiliate.

Mr Du Plessis said the township will be maintained as an "urban black township". Because of its location, it will not be incorporated into KwaZulu.

"Because Chesterville is surrounded by white and Indian areas, there is no way we can acquire land to link it to KwaZulu," he said.

According to Dr Viljoen's announcement, residents are going to be able to buy their

homes on a 99-year lease system.

Now residents can start up-grading their homes — a move which has been shelved for some time due to insecurity about the future of the area.

Negotiations are also under way for buying more land to extend the township. This means more homes can be built — after years of a freeze on development.

Acting Ningizimu Council chairperson Ella Nxasana was elated about the news. She told City Press that the upgrading of the township would receive top priority in the council.

She said approval has been given for negotiations for the extension of the boundaries.

Water
**No end
in sight
to bus
boycott**

29/11/84
332
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Labour Reporter

THE Hillcrest bus boycott entered its fourth week yesterday with no indication of an end in sight.

Thousands of commuters, mainly factory workers, living in black settlements in the Valley of a Thousand Hills near Hillcrest are boycotting buses run by Interstate Bus Lines following an increase in fares.

The boycotters are using minibus taxis to get to their destinations from Ngethu and Molweni while the buses continue to run empty.

Some people are walking up to 20 km a day in protest against the fares increase which came into effect from the end of October. Weekly ticket fares were increased by 5 c a trip and single trips by 20 c.

Determined

In spite of numerous meetings between local tribal chiefs and the management of the Transvaal-based bus company at which Maj Wynand van der Merwe, commanding officer of the S A P Reaction Unit, acted as mediator, the two sides are still deadlocked.

Chief Vusumuzi Gideon Mkize, head of the Embo tribe and leader of more than 13 000 residents, told the Mercury yesterday that the commuters were determined to continue the boycott irrespective of whether it took another month to resolve.

He said they wanted another company to take over the service which they believed would offer far cheaper fares.

'We are preparing an application to the Local Road Transportation Board to grant permission for another company to take-over the service, which might be lodged early next week,' he said.

Interstate Bus Lines' regional manager for Natal, Colin Bailey, could not be reached for comment yesterday, but he told the Mercury earlier that intimidation was playing an effective role in the bus boycott.

Mercury 23/11/84 341

Upgrading of townships to begin soon

Mercury Reporter

THE work on the newly formed Natal/KwaZulu Planning Council was well under way and the upgrading of townships would begin early in the new year, the council's chairman, Dr Louis Rive, has revealed.

Dr Rive was in Durban this week for the inaugural meeting of five of the working groups set up to make in-depth studies in the most important areas relating to urban planning.

The groups are looking at city and spatial planning, transport and roads, water and sewerage, electricity and telecommunications and housing.

In an interview, Dr Rive said: 'We have been busy for some months now. So far I have got the fullest co-operation from everyone.'

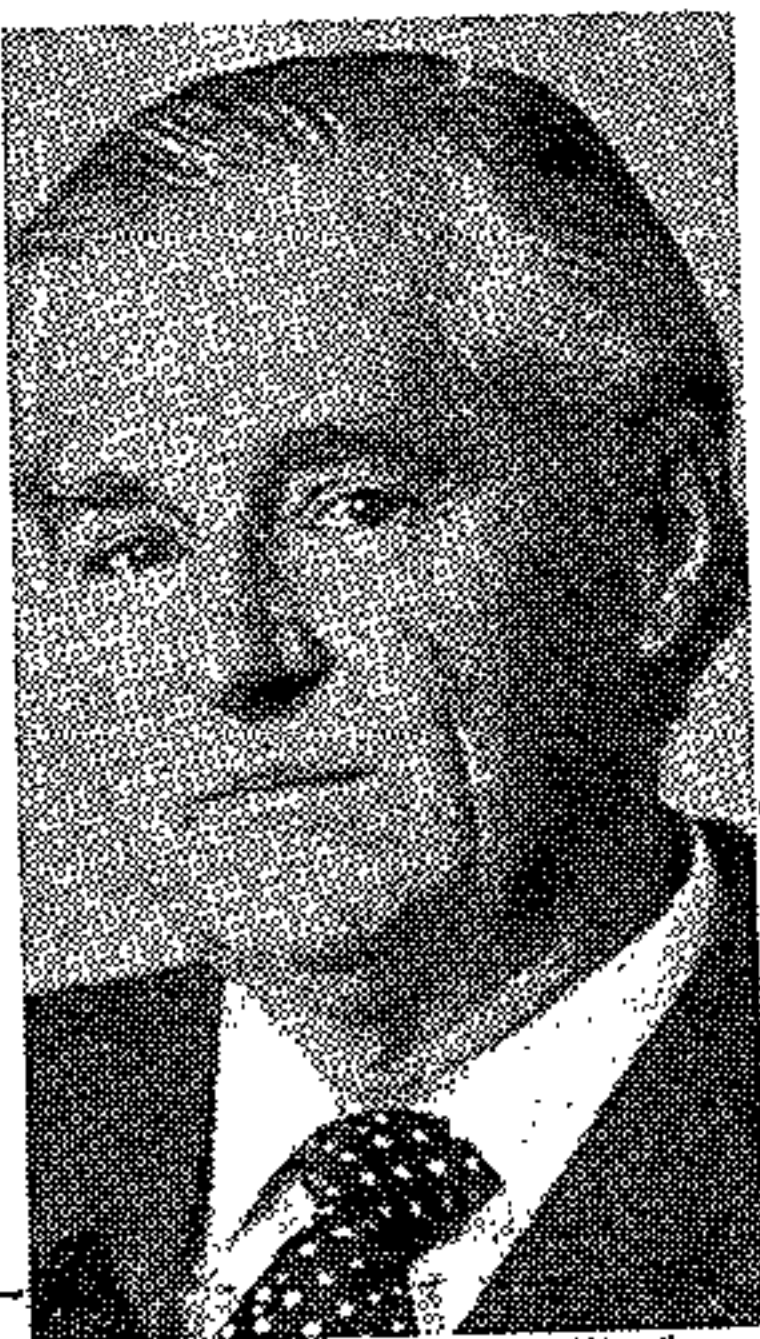
He said that apart from his work in and around Durban he had held talks with town and township authorities in Mooi River, Colenso, Ladysmith, Dundee, Glencoe, Vryheid, Paulpietersburg and had visited Matatiele, Cedarville, Kokstad, Groutville and Richards Bay.

Remain

He had recommended that a number of places facing possible removal, including Chesterville and Klaarwater and certain towns on the axis between Mooi River and Paulpietersburg, be declared permanent.

'I believe firmly that my recommendation will be implemented and these places will remain. We have made progress planning upgrading projects in close collaboration with the people in those communities.'

The Government announced only last week that Chesterville would remain a permanent black area and the residents would be able to buy their houses on the 99-year leasehold system as in other townships.



Mr Alan Hankinson

'We aim to have the final report ready by the end of next year, but there will be action long before that. We are far advanced with planning in a number of townships and physical work should start early in the new year.'

Dr Rive said his first priority was the greater Inanda area, followed by greater Umlazi and greater Edendale.

His present task was the most difficult he had undertaken, he said.

'The problems encountered, the areas and the numbers involved are bigger and more complex than with any other task.'

'Black urbanisation is unavoidable. The dilemma facing us is how to balance increasing numbers of people with the provision of amenities and jobs.'

Investigate

The Government has agreed to safeguard building societies' investments in KwaZulu and in townships earmarked for inclusion in KwaZulu. Government-appointed housing investigator, Mr Alan Hankinson, revealed yesterday.

Mr Hankinson was commissioned by the Government along with Dr Rive

to investigate ways of improving the quality of life of blacks in Natal/KwaZulu.

One of his recommendations to the Government was that Section 10 of the Urban Areas Act be scrapped.

Yesterday Mr Hankinson said he and Dr Rive had agreed at the beginning to work independently.

'I wanted to identify and remove certain obstacles which stood in the way of the improvement of the quality of life of blacks in Natal/KwaZulu. Dr Rive has an outstanding reputation as a planner and that is what he is doing,' he said.

AGAIN?

UMLAZI's controversial township manager has done it again.

For the seventh time in 12 months, a case has been brought against him in the Supreme Court for problems over his allocation of houses in the Durban township.

This week two Supreme Court judges ruled that Manager P R Viljoen should not have allocated a house to KwaZulu Works Depa-

CP Correspondent

rtment employee S Nombaba.

The court granted an order that Mr Viljoen should consider the claim of Hamilton Mdlalose as the rightful occupant of the house in terms of township regulations.

The case was brought to court by the Durban Legal Resources

Centre on Mr Mdlalose's behalf against the KwaZulu Interior Minister and the township manager.

Mr Viljoen was ordered to pay the costs of the case.

The LRC has sent a report of six earlier Supreme Court cases involving Mr Viljoen to the KwaZulu Government with a request that there be an inquiry into his administration.

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C. Press

2/12/84

Mercury 3/12/84

Township residents press for KwaZulu

341

African Affairs
Reporter

A DELEGATION representing major townships of Durban and Hambanati of Tongaat, has asked Chief Gatsha Buthelezi, KwaZulu's Chief Minister, to have the townships incorporated into KwaZulu.

Talks were held at Ulundi last week where Chief Buthelezi undertook to take the matter up with the Minister of Co-operation and Development and National Education, Dr Gerrit Viljeon, in the near future.

Delegates told the Mercury the chief had said he had made an appointment with Dr Piet Koornhof, the then Minister of Co-operation and Development, to discuss the matter in August, but the Minister had been unavailable.

One of the members of the delegation, Councillor, G Sibiya, who represents the S J Smith Hostel on the Ningizumu Community Council, said people in the townships had expressed their wish to have the townships incorporated into KwaZulu.

They were people of Lamontville, Hambanati, the S J Smith Hostel, the Glebelands Hostel, Chesterville and the Dalton Road Hostel.

The incorporation of Lamontville in particular has been a touchy issue for the past two years.

Chief Buthelezi pointed out that the KwaZulu Government had been approached many years ago in this regard by Mrs Willen Yengwa, a former member of the KwaZulu Legislative Assembly representing Umlazi.

Mercury 19/12/84 (341) (22)

Freehold rights for black township

Mercury Reporter

ST WENDOLIN'S Ridge near Pinetown will be developed as a black township by the Mariannhill Mission Institute and residents will be entitled to freehold property rights, the Government announced yesterday.

A statement by the director-general of the Department of Co-operation, Development and Education, Mr Gilles van de Wall, said negotiations between the department and the Mariannhill Institute on the development of St Wendolin's were being finalised.

'The development of an S A Development Trust township where residents will be entitled to freehold property rights is envisaged,' the statement said.

'The Mariannhill Mission Institute will develop the township in accordance with guidelines soon to be finalised.'

St Wendolin's has 12 000 residents and has been a black community

for more than 100 years.

It was declared an Indian area in 1966 and for the next 18 years the inhabitants lived under the threat of eviction.

An outcry by residents, church organisations, politicians, the Press and the Catholic Church forced the Government to back down on its intentions.

A Group Areas Board hearing was held in June 1982 to decide whether the area should be re-zoned for black occupation, but it was an offer by the Mariannhill Institute to develop the area which finally tipped the scales after a battle of nearly 20 years.

It was announced in April that St Wendolin's was to remain a black area.

URBAN AFRICANS-NATAL

1985-1986

Hambanati calms down

PEACE has finally returned to Hambanati township on the Natal north coast — nearly five months after hordes of Inkatha supporters allegedly began a terror campaign in the township.

During the past week more than 120 people who fled the alleged Inkatha-inspired violence in August last year returned to the township — to a tumultuous welcome from other residents.

The clashes had been between those who opposed and those who favoured Hambanati's incorporation into KwaZulu.

From PRESS TRUST

Several others were scheduled to return later this week, but the Port Natal Development Board had not completed repairs on their homes.

Hambanati Residents' Association executive member Ian Mkhize — whose house and car were burnt out completely — said leading HRA officials were monitoring the refugees' return.

HRA had completed an analysis of the community's needs — and education topped the list

of priorities, he said.

"We are determined to keep peace in our townships.

"The educational authorities' failure to provide adequate educational facilities up to the end of the 70's has done much to stifle the development of an indigenous, progressive and relevant leadership."

The refugees' return follows several rounds of talks between the Joint Rent Action Committee and Chief Gatsha Buthelezi's Inkatha movement — aimed at defusing the situation.

Three killed in hostel fight

KOM
15/1/85

341

Mail Reporter

THREE hostel inmates, who died in a faction fight, are among 12 people murdered in Soweto at the weekend.

The three, from the Roodepoort Durban Deep hostel, were bludgeoned to death with knobkieries, bottles and iron bars in a revenge fight at the Dobsonville hostel.

It is believed the bloody battle was between two groups from Dobsonville hostel and Roodepoort Durban Deep mine.

The three, aged 26, 48, and 48, died in the heat of the battle which, according to eyewitnesses, was believed to be a grudge fight.

Police have made no arrests.

Nine other people also died from stab wounds in separate incidents. A man has been arrested in connection with one of the deaths.

Two women were raped and no arrest has been made in connection with both incidents.

There were six robberies, including that of a minibus owner who was forced off the road and held at gunpoint by two men and robbed of his vehicle.

In another incident a man has been arrested for stealing meat from a kitchen at Baragwanath Hospital.

Five men have been arrested in connection with four stolen cars. Nine cars were reported stolen.

Police also recovered 13 stolen cars and another 20 suspected of having been stolen.

A total of 40 people have been arrested for illegally dealing in liquor and 559 dozen cases of liquor have been confiscated.

modation in these schools were accepted; if not, how many children were unable to be accommodated in each case?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION:

(1) (a) Yes.

(i) and (ii) Fall away.

(aa) 4

(bb) 106

(cc) 4.

(b) Yes.

(1) (i) and (ii) Fall away

(aa) 35

(bb) 1 390

(cc) 44.

(c) No.

(i) A secondary school is being erected which will start functioning from January 1986. Hundred and sixty scholars who passed standard five at the Khayelitsha Primary School at the end of 1984 are being accommodated in the primary school in four classrooms till the secondary school is finished. Five teachers are to their disposal.

(ii) Langa, Nyanga and Guguletu

(aa), (bb) and (cc) Fall away.

(2) Yes.

18/2/85
Decentralization/deconcentration benefits
135. Mr H H SCHWARZ asked the Minister of Trade and Industry:

What was the total amount paid out in respect of decentralization or deconcentration benefits from 1 February 1984 to the latest specified date for which figures are available?

The MINISTER OF TRADE AND INDUSTRY:

R306,9 million during the period 1 February 1984 to 31 January 1985.

Blue Train

154. Mr D J N MALCOMESS asked the Minister of Transport Affairs:

In respect of how many journeys was the Blue Train (a) fully booked and (b) (i) more and (ii) less than 90 per cent fully booked in 1984?

The MINISTER OF TRANSPORT AFFAIRS:

(a) 23.

(b) (i) 55.

(ii) 187.

341 Huhudi elections 18/2/85
162. Mr P G SOAL asked the Minister of Co-operation and Development:

(a) On what date were the latest elections for the Huhudi community held, (b) what was the percentage poll, (c) what are the names of the successful candidates and (d) when are the next elections due to be held?

The MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT:

(a), (b) and (c) 11 November 1983. The following candidates were elected unopposed:

M J Dikole
P K Thiba
O Mathoko
F Flobelo
B D Sebecweng
T M Mokwena

S L Maruping
P J Makgobi.

(d) September 1986.

Aircraft: aborted landings/technical difficulties/burst tyres

(a) How many South African Airways aircraft and (b) what types of such aircraft were affected by (i) aborted landings, (ii) technical difficulties causing delays and (iii) burst tyres on internal and international flights, respectively, in each month of 1984?

175. Mr D J N MALCOMESS asked the Minister of Transport Affairs: The MINISTER OF TRANSPORT AFFAIRS:

(a) and (b)

(i) Aborted landings

	Internal	International
January 1984	A300	B737 B747
February 1984	—	—
March 1984	1	1
April 1984	—	—
May 1984	—	1
June 1984	1	2
July 1984	—	1
August 1984	—	—
September 1984	—	—
October 1984	—	—
November 1984	1	—
December 1984	—	—

(ii) Technical difficulties

	Internal	International
January 1984	A300	B737 B747
February 1984	—	2
March 1984	1	1
April 1984	—	1
May 1984	1	—
June 1984	1	1
July 1984	—	1
August 1984	—	—
September 1984	—	3
October 1984	1	—
November 1984	2	—
December 1984	—	1

Only technical difficulties of pure technical origin were taken into account in furnishing the above particulars. Technical difficulties as a result of bird ingestion, lightning strikes, etc, have not been included.

(iii) Burst tyres

	Internal	International
January 1984	A300	B737 B747
February 1984	—	1

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	Internal	International
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April 1984	—	—
May 1984	—	—
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July 1984	—	—
August 1984	—	—
September 1984	—	—
October 1984	—	—
November 1984	1	—
December 1984	—	—

(ii) Technical difficulties

	Internal	International
January 1984	—	—
February 1984	1	—
March 1984	—	1
April 1984	—	1
May 1984	1	—
June 1984	1	1
July 1984	—	—
August 1984	—	—
September 1984	—	—
October 1984	1	—
November 1984	2	—
December 1984	—	1

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(iii) Burst tyres

	Internal	International
January 1984	—	—
February 1984	—	1

'Forget about us, KwaZulu'

LA MONTVILLE residents have left no stone unturned to make sure they stay in the township.

In their fight to stop incorporation into KwaZulu they

Buthelezi told to 'invest in justice, not in South Africa'

HALTING Western investment in South Africa could "bash the very victims of apartheid", Inkatha leader Gatsha Buthe-

ez said in Canada this week.

In Toronto he was greeted by about 50 demonstrators who carried placards saying: 'Invest in justice, disinvest in South Africa'.

have uncovered start-

ling evidence that the

houses they live in

were in fact bought

off by the community

under a white pur-

chase scheme in

2/3/85

And that's bound to

cause headaches for

those who are in favour

of the township being in-

corporated into Kwa-

Zulu.

from R1 000 to R5 000

— but the buyers were

not issued with title

deeds or deeds of grant

by the then Durban

municipality.

The Lamont Nylon

House Buying Commit-

tee, Lamontville Joint

and its "receiving atten-

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— but the buyers were

not issued with title

deeds or deeds of grant

by the then Durban

municipality.

The Lamont Nylon

House Buying Commit-

tee, Lamontville Joint

and its "receiving atten-

tion" said housing mana-

ger I.J. Hooper

has

sub-committee

of the houses

under the hire pur-

chase agreement, the cost

of the houses

ranged

from R1 000 to R5 000

- (b) Particulars are not readily available as statistics in respect of individual product advertisements are not kept separately.

South African Medical and Dental Council: legislation

*28. Dr M S BARNARD asked the Minister of Health and Welfare:

- (1) Whether he has received any representations concerning the introduction of legislation to establish a statutory right of appeal against disciplinary findings of the South African Medical and Dental Council; if so, (a) from whom and (b) what was (i) the nature of the representations and (ii) his response thereto;

- (2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF HEALTH AND WELFARE:

- (1) Yes.
(a) The Medical and Dental Associations of SA.

- (b) (i) They requested that sections 20 and 42(6) of the Medical, Dental and Supplementary Health Service Professions Act, 1974 (Act 56 of 1974) be re-enacted.

- (ii) I am still in correspondence with the Chairman of the Federal Council of the Medical Associations of SA, the tenor of which I am not prepared to divulge at this stage.

No. *Harward Q. 631.411*
341
Natalia Development Board
9/3/85

*29. Mr R A F SWART asked the Minister of Co-operation, Development and Education:

- (1) Whether the Natalia Development Board intends moving its offices to Pietermaritzburg; if so, (a) why, (b) when will the move take place and (c) what (i) is the total estimated cost of the move and (ii) items are included in this total;

- (2) whether all the personnel currently employed by this Development Board will be transferred; if not, why not;

- (3) whether any staff members who elect not to be transferred will be compensated for the loss of their employment; if so, what will be the (a) basis of such compensation and (b) total estimated cost involved?

The MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION, DEVELOPMENT AND EDUCATION:

- (1) In the interests of rationalization of State activities the Government decided in 1984 to merge the former administration boards of Port Natal (with head office at Durban) and Drakensberg (with head office at Pietermaritzburg) into one, namely the Development Board Natalia. Furthermore it was decided that its head office will be situated at Pietermaritzburg.

- (a) In the best interests of the decentralization effort and considering where the preponderance of the Board's activities lies.

- (b) As soon as suitable office accommodation can be obtained in Pietermaritzburg.

- (c) (i) If the market value of the buildings in Durban and Pietermaritzburg is realised by way of sale it should result in a surplus after a new head office building has been purchased or erected in Pietermaritzburg.

- (ii) Costs will include transfer cost in respect of personnel

and that related to the acquisition of a head office building in Pietermaritzburg.

- (2) No. Personnel performing duties at Sorghum beer producing and selling points, community councils and other regional offices will not be transferred.

- (3) This will be determined when the date of transfer has been decided upon.

- (a) Falls away.
(b) Falls away.

Mooi-Mgeni Government Water Scheme

*30. Mr R W HARDINGHAM asked the Minister of Water Affairs:

- (1) Whether compensation for servitude rights has been paid to owners of properties through which the Mooi-Mgeni Government Water Scheme passes; if not, why not;

- (2) whether he intends paying compensation to such owners; if so, when will payment be made?

The MINISTER OF WATER AFFAIRS:

- (1) No, as the Department of Water Affairs is still awaiting a valuation report.

- (2) Yes, upon receipt of the valuation report.

Mooi-Mgeni Government Water Scheme

*31. Mr R W HARDINGHAM asked the Minister of Water Affairs:

- (1) Whether bare surface areas were left by the construction of the Mooi-Mgeni Government Water Scheme; if so,

- (2) whether any steps have been taken to prevent soil erosion by grassing these bare surface areas; if not, why not; if so, (a) what variety of grasses has

been established and (b) with what result;

- (3) whether these measures have been effective in curbing soil erosion; if not, why not; if so, to what extent?

The MINISTER OF WATER AFFAIRS:

- (1) Yes. Certain sections were left bare where natural growth will take over and cover the servitude area with grass. On steep sections and on other sections where soil erosion is likely to occur hidro seeding was done during November/December 1984.

- (2) Yes.

- (a) *Dactylis Glomerata*
Digitaria Eriantha
Lolium Perenne
Panicum Maximum
Pennisetum Clandestinum
Rhodes Katambora

- (b) Results to date have been reasonable. The initial growth was slow due to a very hot and dry period shortly after the hidro seeding. Rain only fell recently and the grass has only now started to grow.

- (3) Yes, in most areas. The hydro seeding contractor is attending to the repair of the areas where grass has not grown properly. The contractor is also applying a limestone ammonium nitrate fertilizer (LAN) top dressing.

Harward Q. 631.414
32. Mr P H P GASTROW asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) Whether any lawsuits were brought against him in his capacity as Minister of Law and Order in 1984 by members of the public; if so, (a) how many and what (i) were the circumstances of the lawsuit, and (ii) was the outcome, in each case;

- (2) whether he paid out any moneys (a)

ANGER AT

PNAB MOVE

A multi-million rand plan to move the Natalia Development Board — formerly the Port Natal Administration Board — from Durban to Maritzburg has been confirmed by Co-operation and Development Minister Gerrit Viljoen.

The plan, involving at least R18-million, now has Government approval — and residents of Durban townships are furious about it.

It is a "removal scheme" with a difference.

The administration boards in Maritzburg and Durban were recently merged into one — the Natalia Development Board.

Now, virtually the entire operation of the Durban branch is to be moved to Maritzburg.

Although most of the details are being kept

under wraps, it is known that vast sums will have to be spent on buying and equipping the new premises in Maritzburg.

Staff in Durban will commute daily — at the board's expense — to Maritzburg.

If they eventually decide they don't want to move they will be given a "golden handshake".



About 1 000 dismissed Industex Textile workers in Port Elizabeth resolved in New Brighton this week to continue their fight for reinstatement.

The dispute between the workers and management this week entered its fourth month. Angry workers — mostly women — claimed they had been given a raw deal and that they had been dismissed unfairly by management.

Although management had replaced them with new workers, they urged their union, the National Union of Textile Workers, to reopen talks with management on the dispute. The meeting was told that attempts to end the dispute failed in November after lengthy talks between the union and management when the latter declared it was only prepared to rehire 280 of the dismissed workers.

Treason: Botha 'no' to plea

STATE President P W Botha has rejected a written request by Edward Kennedy and 26 other US senators to release treason trialists.

The senators had written to Mr Botha to express "our very deep concern".

2 AGs will study Biko inquiry

THE TRANSVAAL and Eastern Cape Attorneys-General will study the SA Medical and Dental Council's inquiry into the conduct of the two doctors who attended to Steve Biko before his death.



The planned protest follows growing discontent in the townships over recent 40 percent petrol price increases resulting in increases in consumer goods and bus and railway fares. People have been asked not to show in the city.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)
East London	37	29	393	508	70	—	190	285	213	886	4
Tyitaba	—	—	1	3	1	—	—	2	—	1	—
Duncan Village	50	16	648	328	80	—	113	29	121	206	—
Fort Jackson	3	2	19	110	13	—	13	7	20	48	—
Gonobie	16	7	49	25	10	—	17	24	23	163	—
Komga	2	1	38	17	5	—	4	6	4	45	—
Bluewater	4	2	96	34	20	—	11	3	18	94	—
Cambridge	14	28	84	109	26	—	62	214	90	862	—
Kei Mouth	3	—	48	29	2	—	4	1	9	63	—
Beacon Bay	5	4	32	14	12	—	13	42	10	132	—
King William's Town	10	17	147	230	27	—	54	96	55	344	—
Berlin	—	3	6	12	2	—	2	2	7	31	—
Belo	7	1	11	6	—	—	—	1	4	7	—
Kei Road	1	1	10	7	1	—	2	1	4	17	1
Kubisedrift	—	—	1	2	—	—	—	—	1	2	—
Stutterheim	6	5	190	135	18	—	10	19	38	154	—
Kidds Beach	2	3	31	7	11	—	4	11	11	54	—

Note: For statistical purposes burglary and housebreaking with intent to steal and theft are codified under the same code.

Cradock police district: offences

435. Mr E K MOORCROFT asked the Minister of Law and Order:

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) burglary, (g) robbery,

(h) theft of vehicles and cycles, (i) damage to property, (j) housebreaking with intent to steal and theft and (k) possession of drugs were reported at each specified police station in the Cradock police district in 1984?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)
Cradock	23	12	668	891	37	—	89	57	246	290	—
Adelaide	6	1	68	64	10	—	6	8	11	60	—
Bedford	—	6	26	132	8	—	6	4	16	33	—
Cookhouse	9	4	104	144	9	—	3	2	31	60	—
Keeypos	—	—	7	8	3	—	—	1	1	3	—
Middelton	1	2	20	24	2	—	—	—	7	15	—
Mortimer	—	4	36	27	5	—	—	5	12	12	—
Somers East	6	3	163	225	10	—	2	5	56	116	—

Note: For statistical purposes burglary and housebreaking with intent to steal and theft are codified under the same code.

Hanover 8.6.1.579

X

438. Mr R W HARDINGHAM asked the Minister of Co-operation, Development and Education:

What was the total amount in revenue received from the Black townships administered by the Natalia Development Board (a) in the form of (i) rates and (ii) rentals and (b) from other sources during the la-

test specified period of 12 months for which figures are available?

The MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION, DEVELOPMENT AND EDUCATION:

(a) (i) Nil.

Amounts in respect of the 1983-84 financial year.

(ii)	R
Shakaville (Stanger)	97 410
Hambanati (Tonga)	314 721
Ningizimu (Durban)	4 679 749
Shayomoya (Umzinto)	29 667
Klaarwater (Pinetown)	218 888
Colenso	46 457
Dannhauser	29 320
Dundee	389 572
Glencoe	194 014
Greytown	187 956
Kokstad	130 589
Ladysmith	293 922
Matatiele	44 317
Mooi River	175 998
Paulpietersburg	45 535
Sobantu (Pietermaritzburg)	192 867
Vryheid	325 727

(b)	Shakaville (Stanger)	69 551
	Hambanati (Tonga)	77 723
	Ningizimu (Durban)	951 205
	Shayomoya (Umzinto)	540
	Klaarwater (Pinetown)	90 217
	Colenso	101 838
	Dannhauser	40 382
	Dundee	617 904
	Glencoe	431 185
	Greytown	432 238
	Kokstad	343 569
	Ladysmith	517 863
	Matatiele	74 566
	Mooi River	327 152
	Paulpietersburg	86 880
	Sobantu (Pietermaritzburg)	550 413
	Vryheid	697 496

Natalia Development Board

439. Mr R W HARDINGHAM asked the Minister of Co-operation, Development and Education:

What were the administration costs in respect of the Black townships administered by the Natalia Development Board during the latest specified period of 12 months for which figures are available?

The MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION, DEVELOPMENT AND EDUCATION:

Amounts in respect of the 1983-84 financial year.

Shakaville	R76 979
Hambanati	R130 910
Ningizimu	R905 887
Shayomoya	R42 205
Klaarwater	R87 055
Colenso	R23 769
Dannhauser	R26 229
Dundee	R138 001
Glencoe	R74 026
Greytown	R77 744
Kokstad	R62 060
Ladysmith	R133 744
Matatiele	R22 567
Mooi River	R66 799
Paulpietersburg	R6 031
Sobantu	R123 443
Vryheid	R157 631

442. Mr R A F SWART asked the Minister of Co-operation, Development and Education:

What was the cost of purchasing land for the purpose of consolidation in respect of each (a) national state and (b) independent Black state as at 31 December 1984 or the latest specified date for which figures are available?

The MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION, DEVELOPMENT AND EDUCATION:

(a) and (b) On 31 December 1984 the cost of land purchased for consolidation purposes was R930 000 000. As all the boundaries of the national and independent states have not yet been finalized the land purchased for consolidation purposes is not at the time of purchase necessarily allocated to any particular state. The cost of land purchased for each state is therefore not readily available.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)
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Kei Road	1	1	10	7	1	—	2	1	4	17	1
Kubisdorff	—	—	1	2	—	—	—	—	1	2	—
Stutterheim	6	5	190	135	18	—	10	19	38	154	—
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Somerset East	6	3	163	225	10	—	2	5	56	116	—

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Handwritten: Natala Development Board

Handwritten: 12/3/85

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Natala Development Board

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Natal board millions pos

Murphy 13/3/85

l's
er

E POLLOK
respondent

Natalia Development
it of R10 600 000 in
pending a cent on
verage, lighting, bus
r facet of township
revealed yesterday.

have access to all the de-
tails needed.

However, this will be
investigated immediately
and we hope to have a re-
ply today.

Explanation

'The board's perfor-
mance is a disgrace par-
ticularly in light of the
housing backlog. The big
question is why has the
money not been used,'
said Mr Hardingham.

'With profits of this
magnitude one can un-
derstand people's anger
at rent increases when
nothing is done with the
money to improve the
housing position.

'We want an urgent in-
quiry into the operations
of the board and a full ex-
planation by the minister
as to what the board is
doing with the money.

'Is it just stashing away
the interest and have
there been accumulated
profits over the years?
We want a clear state-
ment of policy from the
minister as to how the
funds should be used.

'Why increase rents
when there is all this
money available and
nothing is being done
with it?

Mr Sam de Beer, deputy
Minister of Education
and Co-operation, said
late last night he did not

ORMAN
Political C

CAPE TOWN—The
Board made a pr-
1983/84 without
housing, roads,
depots or any
development, it w-

Moor River MP Ralph
Hardingham has called
for a full investigation
into the 'missing mil-
lions'.

He also wants to know
if the board has made
similar profits in recent
years and how much it
has accumulated.

'What has happened to
these millions of rands
and what is the board do-
ing with the money when
there is a backlog of more
than 12 000 houses in 17
black townships under its
control?' he asked.

According to informa-
tion released yesterday
by the Minister of Co-op-
eration and Develop-
ment, Dr Gerrit Viljoen,
the board, which created
a row by wanting to move
its headquarters from
Durban to Pietermaritz-
burg at a cost of millions,
spent R2 155 080 on ad-
ministration costs in
1983/84.

But it made R7 396 709
on rentals and R5 410 722
from 'other sources' in
the same year.

In reply to another
question by Mr Ray
Swart, the Opposition's
chief spokesman on black
affairs, Dr Viljoen said
the board had spent noth-
ing on housing or infra-
structure in its area but
revealed there was a
housing backlog of 12 111.

Mercury 14/3/85

Probe aimed at board's big reserves

341

Mercury Reporter

MR ALAN Hankinson, who at the request of the Government last year investigated the living conditions of black people in the Durban area, has criticised the financial practices of the Natalia Development Board.

The practices include the establishment of a fund for 'golden handshakes' out of income from township rents and the sale of sorghum beer.

Mr Hankinson's report revealed that at the time the board announced that it had been forced to increase township house rents — claiming it was losing money and its sources of finance were fast drying up — it was sitting on liquid funds of nearly R20 million.

And the latest figures reveal that the board now has short term investments of more than R21 million, less than half of which are tied up in statutory reserve funds.

This means that more than half the money could be available for use in capital development projects.

Invested

And in spite of claiming a net surplus of only R202 446 for 1983/84, the board's investments grew by more than R1 100 000 over the same period.

In his report Mr Hankinson said that in June 1983 the board had R19,91 million invested on a short term basis.

In a statement to the Mercury yesterday, the Minister of Co-operation and Development, Dr Gerrit Viljoen, said the board currently had R21 093 649 in statutory reserves and current cash funds.

The 'current cash funds', comprising more than half the total investments, were invested on short term or on demand.

The balance consisted

of a redemption fund, loss of rents reserve, leave reserve, gratuity reserve, maintenance and renewals reserve, insurance reserve, school levy fund and a community facilities fund.

In his report Mr Hankinson criticised the board's practice of keeping large capital reserves and recommended the money be used for the development of black townships.

Gratuity

The question must be raised as to whether it is realistic that moneys of this magnitude should be invested at a time when major percentage increases in rents/tariffs are being demanded, in spite of demonstrations of unrest, in order to "balance the accounts".

Mr Hankinson said this was particularly hard to justify when it was realised that R9 056 222 had been appropriated from the general account in 1981/82 and put into various reserve funds.

Of this, R2 029 416 had been transferred to the 'gratuity reserve fund', R2 026 806 to the 'leave reserve fund' and R5 000 000 to the 'capital development fund'.

Mr Hankinson said the large reserves were not necessarily wrong, and might be justified as a conservative measure.

'But to my mind, if the board is short of funds that money could be used to better effect in the short term.'

'No organisation could justify having twice its annual income in reserve.'

The Chairman of the Natalia Development Board, Mr K P H Eggers, said he was not in a position to comment about the activities of the board which took place before he became chairman in April 1984.

mlrny 15/3/85 (341)

MP calls for probe into board assets

Mercury Reporter

THE PFP's spokesman on black affairs, Mr Ray Swart, has called for a full disclosure of the Natalia Development Board's assets and its future development programme.

And a full judicial inquiry into the affairs of the board has been called for by the Durban church organisation Diakonia and the Joint Rent Action Committee.

The calls follow disclosures about the board's investments of R21 093 649.

The Minister of Co-operation, Development and Education, Dr Gerrit Viljoen, this week revealed that the board had statutory reserves and current cash funds of R21 093 649 invested on a short term basis. The current cash funds came to more than half the total investments.

The chairman of the Ningizimu community council, Mrs Ella Nxasana, said a special meeting of the council would be called to discuss the revelations.

Appealed

Councillor Gideon Sibya, who represents SJ Smith Hostel residents, said: 'Our hostels are badly overcrowded, they are dirty, the toilets do not work, the windows and gutters are broken and when it rains water comes into the rooms.'

'We have often appealed for something to be done about this but the board always says there is no money. So it has come as a surprise to us to learn how much money the board does have.'

Mr Swart said in times of financial stringency it was totally unrealistic for development boards to be accumulating large reserves when there was a critical shortage of housing and services.

'It is essential that a full public disclosure be made at top level as to the assets held by the Natalia Development Board and its future development programme.'

Mr Ian Mkhize, publicity secretary for the Joint Rent Action Committee, said Jorac was writing to the Minister to protest the handling of the board's financial affairs.

He urged opposition parliamentarians to call for a judicial commission of inquiry.

Invested

'When township residents urged the board in 1983 to freeze rentals and improve housing and living conditions in the townships, the board responded by claiming it had no money and its sources of finance were fast drying up.'

According to a report done last year at the request of the Government by Mr Alan Hankinson the board had R19,91 million invested on a short term basis in June 1983.

'Jorac questions the effectiveness of community councils if there can be so much misuse of people's money right under their noses and without a murmur of protest from them, and calls on them to resign,' Mr Mkhize said.

The director of Diakonia, Mr Paddy Kearney, said the disclosure was just the latest evidence of 'shocking mismanagement' by the board.

'The evidence calls for a full judicial inquiry into all aspects of the board, particularly when one thinks of the grave neglect of housing and services, and the fact that the rent increases led to serious unrest, a number of deaths, and the destruction of many properties.'

● See Editorial Opinion.

Mercury 20/3/85

341

Additional revenue needed to save Natalia

Mercury Reporter

THE Natalia Development Board will be bankrupt within the next 30 months unless it finds additional sources of revenue, according to the chief director of the board, Mr Hennie du Plessis.

Defending the board against recent reports that it had made a 'profit' last year and was sitting on a fortune in invested reserves, Mr du Plessis said he did not believe R21 million in working capital out of an annual budget of R120 million was 'a particularly large sum of money'.

Mr du Plessis said the income from house rentals and other sources in the townships did not nearly cover the cost of running the townships.

Increasing shortfalls were having to be met out of worker registration fees and the board's sorghum beer business.

But revenue from both these sources was dwindling because of rising costs and was not enough to cover the entire shortfall in revenue from the townships.

'We expect a budget deficit of R9 600 000 in the current financial year and the loss will have to be met out of our accumulated reserves,' Mr du Plessis said.

But these were expected to run out soon.

'The old Port Natal Administration Board had investments of about R19 million. When it was joined to the Drakensberg Administration Board to form the Natalia Development Board their combined investments came to about R31 million on June 30 last year.

'By February 14 this year that had been worked down to R21 million.

Worsening

'The board's position is worsening to the extent that we expect our accumulated funds to run out within the next 24 to 30 months.

'If we were a Government department which received funding from the Government, or had a strong tax base, then we could use our reserves on development projects.

'But we do not have that guaranteed income, and our only source of funds when our reserves run out will be the taxpayers.'

It had cost the board R18 050 888 to administer the black townships under its control in 1983/84, he said.

But the total income from house rentals and other sources like fines and licence fees had come to only R11 252 416, leaving a deficit of R6 798 472.

A figure of R2 155 080 mentioned in the House

of Assembly as the board's 'administration costs' was merely what the board had 'charged out' to the black local authorities as the 'head office component' of the cost of administering the townships.

This was also not the full cost of running the board's head office.

Mr du Plessis said it was not true to say the board had spent nothing on housing or infrastructure in the townships.

In addition to the R18 million spent on operating expenses the board had spent R4 634 870 on 'property and permanent works' in all the townships.

This included infrastructure projects such as roads, storm water drainage, offices and libraries but not housing. No houses had been built because development in all the townships under the board's control had until recently been frozen.

The board had, however, spent R500 000 on 98 core houses at Ntuzuma near Durban. Although Ntuzuma was not in the board's area, it had been necessary to build the houses to alleviate overcrowding at Chesterville.

Houses at Lamontville, Chesterville, Hambanati and Klaarwater had been renovated at a cost of R1 500 000, which had had to be borrowed from the National Housing Fund.

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Board may soon hand over its security force

Mercury Reporter

THE Natalia Development Board may soon hand over the functions of its security force — commonly known as 'blackjacks' — to the South African Police, according to the chief director of the board, Mr Hennie du Plessis.

The board could be relieved of the job of enforcing influx control regulations and policing townships by July this year.

'It is our firm intention to get rid of the more contentious things we have been saddled with, such as influx control enforcement and the policing of the townships,' said Mr du Plessis.

The move would be part of a major redefinition of the functions of development boards around the country.

And the board is engaged in a major restructuring of its staff complement, which is expected to save more than R2 000 000 a year in salaries alone.

Mr du Plessis said in an interview that the development boards, in conjunction with the Depart-

ment of Co-operation and Development, were 'taking a very careful look to see who should be responsible for what'.

'We hope a definite decision will be made by the middle of this year.'

Security

One result could be the end of the board's feared 465-strong security force in its present form, along with those of the other boards.

The force costs the board R2 300 000 a year to maintain.

Mr du Plessis said: 'I would like to see our inspectors and officials operating on the same basis as normal municipal officials, like health inspectors, and they should not be armed.'

The possibility of either handing the policing of the townships over to the S A P or placing the security force directly under the control of the community councils was being investigated.

A final decision would depend on the reaction of the S A P and the community councils.

Another of the controversial functions the

board could soon be relieved of was the enforcement of influx control regulations.

Last year board inspectors arrested 2 884 people on reference book offences in the Durban area alone, Mr du Plessis said.

The changes would do much to bring the boards in line with their stated purpose of being development agencies, he said.

Offences

'We want to help people get jobs and accommodation rather than picking them up for petty offences.'

The Natalia Development Board was at the same time reorganising its staff and had cut 427 posts, leaving a staff of 8 564 for the whole of Natal.

'We hope to save R2 062 997 a year on salaries alone, and about another 37 percent of that in perks,' Mr du Plessis said.

He explained that some of the posts had been unfilled ones, and where they had been filled every attempt would be made to absorb the people in other parts of the organisation.

Own Affairs:

Veterinarians

47. Mr E K MOORCROFT asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

- (1) How many (a) White, (b) Black, (c) Coloured and (d) Asian veterinarians are being trained at present at each specified university falling under his Department;
- (2) in respect of what date is this information furnished?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE:

- (1) Of the universities falling under the Department of Education and Culture, only the University of Pretoria trains veterinarians. The particulars are as follows:

White.....	656
Black.....	Nil
Coloureds.....	2
Asian.....	1

- (2) The information furnished, is in respect of 1983.

WEDNESDAY, 20 MARCH 1985

†Indicates translated version.

For written reply:

General Affairs:

Hansard Q. Col. 783
"Transit"/"Daylight Sitter"

325. Mr W V RAW asked the Minister of Transport Affairs:

What profit or loss was made on (a) "Transit" and (b) "Daylight Sitter" trains in the latest specified (i) 6-month and/or (ii) 12-month period for which figures are available?

The MINISTER OF TRANSPORT AFFAIRS:

- (a) A loss of R468 517 was sustained during the period 1 January to 31 December 1984.

- (b) A loss of R2 084 730 was sustained during the period 1 December 1983 to 30 November 1984.

The economy of all rail passenger services is at present being analyzed with a view to rationalizing these services.

Termination of certain services

327. Mr W V RAW asked the Minister of Transport Affairs:

- (1) Whether the South African Transport Services (a) have considered and (b) are considering the termination of certain services in (i) the Republic of South Africa and (ii) South-West Africa; if so, (aa) which services and (bb) when will they be terminated;

- (2) whether an investigation has been made into the effect the termination of these services will have on the revenue and expenditure of the South African Transport Services; if so, what effect will it have on (a) the cost of road maintenance and (b) transport costs of present rail users?

The MINISTER OF TRANSPORT AFFAIRS:

- (1) (a) (i) Yes.

(a) and (bb) The following branch lines were closed as indicated:

Estcourt—Weenen: 1 September 1983.

Fort Beaufort—Seymour: 1 April 1984.

Molteno—Jamestown: 1 April 1984.

- (ii) (aa) and (bb) No.

- (b) (i) (aa) and (bb) The economy of all branch lines are being monitored continually in collaboration with the community concerned. The closure of branch lines will only be considered when necessitated by prevailing circumstances and after all concerned have been notified in good time.

- (ii) No. SA Transport Services' assets in South-West Africa are being transferred to the Government of South-West Africa with effect from 1 April 1985 from which date the Administrator-General will accept full responsibility for rail and road service matters in the territory.

- (aa) and (bb) Fall away.

- (2) (a) and (b) Yes. Although the effect which the closing of branch lines has on the revenue and expenditure of Transport Services is calculated beforehand, the side effect on road maintenance is not calculable. However, the closing of branch lines has no effect on former users of these services as traffic is now conveyed by road at rail tariffs.

Commissions/departamental committees

409. Mr K M ANDREW asked the Minister of Home Affairs:

- (1) How many (a) commissions and (b) departamental committees of inquiry were appointed in respect of his Department in 1984;

- (2) whether any of the reports of such commissions and committees have been completed; if so, (a) how many and (b) of which commissions and committees;

- (3) whether any of the reports of such

commissions and committees have been made public; if so, (a) how many and (b) of which commissions and committees;

- (4) what is the total estimated cost relating to each of these commission and committees?

The MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS:

- (1), (2), (3) and (4) In respect of the former Department of Internal Affairs and the present Department of Home Affairs no commissions of inquiry were appointed in 1984. Only one Departamental Committee, who investigated possible misconduct by certain officials, was appointed in 1984 by the then Director-General of Internal Affairs. The report of the Committee has not been made public and the cost amounted to R2 070.

437. Mr R W HARDINGHAM asked the Minister of Co-operation, Development and Education:

- (1) What was the total number of houses built in Black townships administered by the Natal Development Board in the latest specified year for which figures are available;

- (2) what number of houses are planned for the next five years;

- (3) what is the estimated housing backlog in respect of these Black Townships?

The MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION, DEVELOPMENT AND EDUCATION:

- (1) The latest year for which statistics are available in 1984. No houses were constructed in townships administered by this Board during 1984. The majority by far of the Black people who are employed in the area served by the Board reside in KwaZulu.

- (2) None at present. The KwaZulu-Natal Planning Council under the chairmanship of Dr L F Rive is engaged in

an intensive investigation of the living conditions of residents of Black townships in Natal. Planning of future schemes for the housing of families on a self-build basis will be possible after completion of the investigation, except in the case of Melmoth, in respect of which funds have been provided for the provision of infrastructure to 134 sites.

The MINISTER OF NATIONAL EDUCATION:

- (a) No.
(b) No.

Contracts awarded to certain firm

498. Mr J J B VAN ZYL asked the Minister of Transport Affairs:†

Hambanati	200
Shakaville	210
Chesterville	525
Lamontville	258
Rest of Greater Durban	10 000
Klaarwater	64
Kokstad	205
Matatiele	70
Cedarville	2
Moorriver	49
Greytown	70
Pietermaritzburg	110
Dundee	126
Glenco	12
Ladysmith	100
Colenso	30
Weenen	80
	12 111

- (2) whether tenders were called for in respect of the contracts; if not, why not; if so, (a) who were the tenderers and (b) what were the tender prices in each case?

The MINISTER OF TRANSPORT AFFAIRS:

- (1) Yes.

(a) Boupen Construction (Pty) Ltd.

(b) Two.

(c) R868 921 for the erecting of 25 relay and battery rooms, and R437 389 for the design and erecting of a stores building at Jan Smuts Airport.

Johannesburg-North: national monuments

490. Mr P G SOAL asked the Minister of National Education:

Whether any properties in the electoral division of Johannesburg North (a) have been declared national monuments and (b) are currently under consideration in this connection; if so, which properties in each of the above categories in each of the suburbs comprising this electoral division?

- (2) Yes.

(a)	(b)
Tenderers for erecting relay and battery rooms—	Tender prices
	R
Boupen Construction (Pty) Ltd, Northcliff	868 921
Trust Home Builders (Pty) Ltd, Empangeni	1 106 516
Edda Construction (Pty) Ltd, Krugersdorp	1 083 268

(a) Tenderers for erecting relay and battery rooms—

(b) Tender prices
R

K G E Von Moltke Builders (Pty) Ltd, Bloemhof

1 037 750

1 149 808

1 163 000

Tenderers for the design and erecting of a stores building at Jan Smuts Airport—

Bakker and Griffioen (Pty) Ltd, Industria	403 160
Boupen Construction (Pty) Ltd, Northcliff	437 389
Mildura Construction (Pty) Ltd, Johannesburg	453 050
Fogolin Construction (Pty) Ltd, Sandringham	458 550
Trescon (Pty) Ltd, Johannesburg	461 295
L and F Metter (Pty) Ltd, Germiston	466 300
Tiber Bonvec (Pty) Ltd, Johannesburg	469 451
Dura Construction Company (SA) (Pty) Ltd, Rondebosch	472 675
Maisteel (Pty) Ltd, Krugersdorp	494 056
Steeldale Manufacturing Services, Johannesburg	501 501

The lowest tender was not acceptable as the design offered did not comply with the requirements laid down.

Commuter trains: passengers killed/injured

504. Mr D J N MALCOMESS asked the Minister of Transport Affairs:

- (1) Whether any passengers travelling on commuter trains in the Republic were (a) killed and (b) injured in 1984; if so, (i) what was the cause of death or injury in each case and (ii) in which centre did each incident occur;

Train manager

- (2) whether any of these persons were (a) killed and (b) injured as a result of falling through open doors from moving trains; if so, how many in each case;

- (3) whether any steps are to be taken to prevent commuters from keeping train doors open while trains are moving; if not, why not; if so, what steps?

The MINISTER OF TRANSPORT AFFAIRS:

- (1) and (2) Yes. Particulars of accidents

that occurred in the working of SA Transport Services during 1984 were laid upon the Table on 7 February 1985.

- (3) No. In cases of emergency passengers must be able to force the doors open. Doors are closed by push-button control before trains depart and a back-up system which closes doors automatically when trains come into motion is also now being provided.

551. Mr W V RAW asked the Minister of Transport Affairs:

- (1) Whether the post of train manager has been upgraded on any trains; if so, (a) why and (b) how many persons are affected;

- (2) whether such persons will be promoted to the upgraded posts; if so, (a) when and (b) what will be their salary scales; if not, why not;

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HoA

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HoA

Natalia's fortune

The Natalia Development Board (NDB) is finding it difficult to explain why it finds it necessary to increase township rentals when it has over R21m accumulated in reserve funds. What makes the explanation even more difficult is that last year the NDB did not provide a single house for blacks. In the past five years, it has built a few hundred units — while the actual need is close on several thousand/year.

In justifying its last round of rent increases — up 36% in some cases — the NDB claimed it needed the money to help balance

66



Viljoen ... tales of an operating surplus

its books. It further claimed it was losing money and that sources of revenue were drying up.

Minister of Co-operation and Development Gerrit Viljoen told Parliament last week that the board showed a R202 446 operating surplus last year. But that failed to take account of the R21,1m in statutory reserves and cash invested in short-term interest-bearing accounts or on demand.

Viljoen points out that, as reserve funds, they are not available to finance housing or infrastructure — although low-interest internal loans are sometimes made against them to finance capital works.

But Alan Hankinson, who inquired into the board's affairs as part of the Rive Com-

mission investigations, questions the practice of keeping such large reserves at a time when "major percentage increases in rents/tariffs are being demanded, in spite of demonstrations of unrest, in order to balance the accounts."

Hankinson's view is that while the holding of reserves is not necessarily incorrect, the money could have been used to better effect in the short term — especially if the board was short of funds. "No organisation can justify having twice its annual income in reserves," he says.

Hankinson noted further that, in 1981-1982, around R4m had been appropriated from the general account for staff gratuity and leave reserve funds — a fact not lost on township residents, who, he notes, "not unexpectedly ... are resentful of funds being set aside for these purposes."

In his report, Hankinson inferred that the NDB's sorghum beer and liquor outlet operations — major contributors to the NDB's income — were being mismanaged.

In addition, there was a loss of R23 629 on the 1982-1983 liquor account against a profit of R230 937 in 1981-1982. The revenue for the two periods was R2,428m and R2,649m respectively.

Notes Hankinson: "If a turnaround to the previous year's level of profits on sorghum beer and liquor accounts could be achieved, it would equate to a 30% increase in rents/tariffs."

The Natal housing crises

We're going bust — Natalia

THE Natalia Development Board claims it's about to go broke.

The board's bankruptcy claim follows the revelation that it had reserves of over R20-million and has built no new homes — although it collected over R5-million from residents in rents.

Natalia chief director Hennie du Plessis says the R20-million is peanuts if one takes into account that their budget is about R120-million every year.

He says the income from rents hardly covers the cost of running townships and adds that no new homes were built because of a Government "freeze".

Total administration costs for the townships

CP Correspondent

last year was over R18-million — and the total income from rent, fines and licences still left a shortfall of nearly R7-million.

"The board's position is worsening — we expect our funds to run out within the next 24 to 30 months."

Mr Du Plessis' comments follow mounting anger by township residents at what they see as mismanagement of their funds and growing calls for an investigation into the board's finances.

DURBAN'S feared "blackjacks" — who cost more than R2-million a year — may soon be handed over to the South African police or the community councils. The blackjacks are security guards for the Natalia Development Board.

Natalia chief director Hennie du Plessis says the 465 members could soon be handed over as part of the board's policy of getting rid of its "more contentious" functions.

The final decision will be taken by mid-year and will depend on how the councils and the SAP respond to the idea.

The board also wants to stop being responsible for enforcing influx control.

There is a backlog of over 12 000 houses in townships administered by Natalia, and they did nothing about it last year.

Co-operation and Development Minister Gerrit Viljoen said this week the shortfall of houses estimated is 12 111.

Planning for new houses will only start after an investigation into living conditions in Natal's townships was completed, he said.

Anti-removal project worker Mini Shembe said the announcement — affecting over 20 000 people — was welcome as the present situation was causing a lot of suffering in the townships.

The Government froze all the areas in 1968 and since then no one was allowed to extend their homes.

'Now you can stay for good'

FIVE Natal townships which have been threatened with removal have been given permanent status by the Government. (34) C. Pers

Co-operation and Development Minister Gerrit Viljoen announced that residents will receive 99-year leasehold rights and that the development of the five areas is to be unfrozen 24/3/85

Planning and upgrading is also earmarked for all the areas.

He says Steadville and Nkanyezi residents who wanted to move to KwaZulu would be given the necessary assistance to do so.

The other areas are Brantville, Sibongile and Thembalihle.

Umlazi row

CONTROVERSIAL Umlazi township manager P R Viljoen, who lost a Supreme Court action recently to have six people evicted from their houses, was this week transferred to KwaMashu.

The new Umlazi manager is J S de Wet.

Natalia Board seen as symbol of repression

THE Natalia Development Board, which last year had a budget of R122 million, has direct control over the homes, welfare and living conditions of more than 127 000 urban black people in Natal.

But while the board is promoted by the Government as an agent of development for urban blacks, large sections of the urban black population see it as a symbol of apartheid repression.

Since its formation in 1973, when the Government took over control of black housing from the city councils, the board has been dogged by a series of controversies and scandals.

Then known as the Port Natal Bantu Affairs Administration Board, it inherited the Durban City Council-built townships of Lamontville and Chesterville. It also had control over Klaarwater, Hambanati, Shakaville, Shayamoya and the Glebe, S J Smith, Dalton Road and Thokoza hostels.

Last year the administration boards were replaced by — according to some, simply renamed — Development Boards in terms of the second of the controversial 'Koornhof Bills', the Black Communities Development Bill.

The Port Natal Administration Board and the Drakensberg Administration Board were amalgamated to form the Natalia Development Board, which

now has control more than 17 townships in 'white Natal'.

Attempts were made to change their image and emphasis from administration to 'promoting the viability, development and autonomy of black communities', but none of their former administrative functions was dropped.

The boards are agents



The Natalia Development Board's headquarters in Durban

This is the first in a series of three articles on the Natalia Development Board, written by **STOVIN HAYTER**

of a system not of their making, and not all the blame for the conditions in the townships and for black frustrations with bureaucratic tangles and official indifference can fairly be levelled at them alone.

They exist for ideological reasons, and operate on the fringes of the local authorities which once performed the functions the boards took over in 1973.

The Natalia Development Board's only regular income is from township house and hostel rentals, fines and

licence fees, employee registration fees and a multi-million-rand sorghum beer industry.

Development in all the townships under the Natalia Development Board's control has for decades been frozen because they were earmarked for removals which never took place.

At the same time the townships' populations grew beyond their

capacities, while the board was in most cases prevented from building houses or improving facilities or infrastructure.

The Government recently declared Chesterville a permanent black area, and permanency was granted to six townships in Northern Natal only this month. The board has been involved in preparing some areas for the sale of houses

under the 99-year leasehold system.



Mr Hennie du Plessis, the board's chief director

The boards are also required to perform governmental functions, including the enforcement of influx control regulations and the policing of the townships, out of revenue from mainly black pockets.

The Government is, however, looking at ways of changing this, according to the Natalia Development Board's chief director, Mr Hennie du Plessis.

The board spends R2 300 000 a year maintaining a 465-strong semi-private security force, known as 'black-jacks', to police the townships.

The board's labour bureau inspectors last year arrested 2 884 people for reference book offences in the Durban area alone.

It is easy for township residents to conclude from such figures that they are paying for their own oppression, and this is one of the factors responsible for the boards being widely re-

garded among black people as symbols of oppression and the apartheid state.

But the 'boards' cumbersome administrative machinery, the indifference of many officials, and the very real neglect of black townships and hostels, which are squalid and overcrowded, have not done anything to detract from this image.

Calls have been made for the boards to be scrapped and the townships to be run by the municipalities of the towns they form part of, in the same way that coloured and Indian areas are.

Proponents of this view, including the Joint Rent Action Committee, which was formed to fight rent hikes in the townships, say it is an expensive and unnecessary duplication to differentiate against blacks.

Another criticism often levelled at the boards is that they obtain a large portion of their revenue from the sale of liquor and sorghum beer.

The income is used to subsidise the losses made in running the townships and hostels, and the boards argue that without it residents would be forced to pay much more in rentals and service charges.

But at the same time the boards are in the invidious position that their solvency depends on how much black people drink.

The Government announced in 1983, after pressure from a number of quarters, that the sorghum beer industry was to be gradually

privatised over several years.

While the move has generally been welcomed, concern has been expressed at the loss of income to the boards, and the possibility of further unrest if township residents have to bear the brunt of this.

Legislation passed in 1983 provided for the creation of black local authorities to replace the existing Community Councils, and the transfer of some of the functions and powers of the development boards to the new authorities.

So far 38 have been established throughout the country, although with little success. In many cases it was the local authorities who were the targets of the recent rioting and unrest.

But if the legislation is fully implemented the boards will gradually be phased out as administrative agencies.

Prof Nic Olivier of the P F P's research office said the more general functions of the boards, like labour recruitment, would probably be taken over by other Government departments.

Scandal that rocked the P N A B

A NUMBER of financial scandals have blot-
ted the records of development boards
around the country since they were formed
in 1973, including that of the Natalia Devel-
opment Board.

In 1983 the Government was prompted to prom-
ise stricter control over board finances and
investments.

A row which erupted this year after the Minister of
Co-operation and Development, Dr Gerrit Viljoen, re-
vealed some details of the board's finances in answer
to questions put to him in the House of Assembly,
was only the latest in a long line of controversies.

In 1980 the Auditor General revealed that eight ad-
ministration boards, including the Port Natal Admin-
istration Board, as it was then known, had lost
hundreds of thousands of rands when investments in
the Rondalia Bank and Rand Bank went sour.

The second in a series of three articles
on the Natalia Development Board,

written by
STOVIN HAYTER

The P N A B invested R1 100 000 in the Rand Bank
only weeks before it was placed under curatorship
and the interest rate slashed from around 12 percent
to six percent.

Most of the money was eventually repaid, but hun-
dreds of thousands of rands in interest were lost be-
cause of the bad investment.

Later in 1981 it was revealed that boards, including
the P N A B, had been channeling thousands of
rands, mostly from black pockets, into the S A Bureau
for Racial Affairs (Sabra), a Broederbond front
organisation dedicated to working out the finer
points of separate development.

The chairman of Sabra, Professor Carel Boshoff,
was also chairman of the Broederbond at the time,
and one of Sabra's stated aims was to promote the
creation of a 'white homeland' in the north-eastern
Cape.

Grants by the country's administration boards pro-
vided about a quarter of Sabra's annual income.

At the same time township and hostel residents
were engaged in a series of bitter disputes with the
board over rent increases. The board claimed it was
losing millions every year on its black housing
account.

The Auditor General also revealed further
unsatisfactory controls. In 1980 an unaccounted for
R108 000 had been written off to the sorghum beer
account.

In 1982 the Deputy Minister of Co-operation and
Development, Dr George Morrison, told the Natal Ag-
ricultural Congress that the P N A B had spent

R225 000 collecting levies of R216 000 from farmers in
the previous year.

Following an investigation, the Parliamentary Se-
lect Committee on Public Accounts declared that in-
efficiencies on the part of the country's
administration boards could cause racial friction.

The committee's report to Parliament said: 'Your
committee is perturbed at the unsatisfactory internal
control measures, the general financial administra-
tion and the investment policy of certain boards.'

The policy of keeping large reserves in investments
also came under fire.

'The boards apparently devote little attention to
their cash flow requirements, in consequence of
which larger amounts are invested than are required
for reserve purposes, with the result that optimum
utilisation of funds for the purpose for which they
were obtained is not achieved.'

Serious doubts

'Serious doubt has arisen about the administrative
efficiency of administration boards, and your com-
mittee is of the opinion that the department should
exercise greater control and supervision over the
boards.'

In response to questions in Parliament in 1981 Dr
Piet Koornhof revealed that the P N A B had
R13,8 million invested and the Drakensberg Adminis-
tration Board R8,1 million, but neither had spent
anything on housing or infrastructure in the urban
black townships in 1980/81.

But development in most of the Natal townships
had been frozen for decades because they had been
earmarked for removal.

Administration boards around the country had a
massive R160 million invested at the end of June,
1981.

The issue resurfaced in the House of Assembly this
year when the Minister of Co-operation and Develop-
ment, Dr Gerrit Viljoen, revealed that the Natalia
Development Board now had investments, consisting
of statutory reserves and current cash funds, of more
than R21 million.

Criticisms were again levelled at the board for 'sit-
ting on the money' and not spending it on develop-
ment in the black townships.

But according to the board's chief director, Mr
Henrie du Plessis, the board, because of its losses, is
forced to use its reserves to pay its way on a day-to-
day basis.

Reserves used

'We expect a deficit of R9,6 million this financial
year, which will have to be met out of our accumulat-
ed reserves,' he said.

When the Port Natal Administration Board and the
Drakensberg Administration Board were amalgamat-
ed to form the Natalia Development Board, their com-
bined investments had come to R31 million.



Dr Gerrit Viljoen, Minister of Co-operation
and Development... revealed Natalia De-
velopment Board investments of more than
R21 million.

Between June last year and February this year that
figure had been worked down to R21 million.

'The board's position is worsening to the extent
that we expect our accumulated funds to run out in
the next 24 to 30 months,' Mr du Plessis said.

Another recent controversy, which still continues,
has been over plans to move the board's headquar-
ters from Durban to Pietermaritzburg at a possible
cost of millions.

The move will entail selling the board's present
buildings in Durban and Pietermaritzburg and either
leasing or building sufficient office space in the
capital.

But the board's valuation of its Durban headquar-
ters at between R7 000 000 and R8 000 000 has come
under fire from Mr Roy Stuart, chairman of the
finance committees of both the Westville and
Pinetown councils.

The municipal valuation of the building is only
R3 000 000 and the likely market value has been put
at not more than R4 000 000.

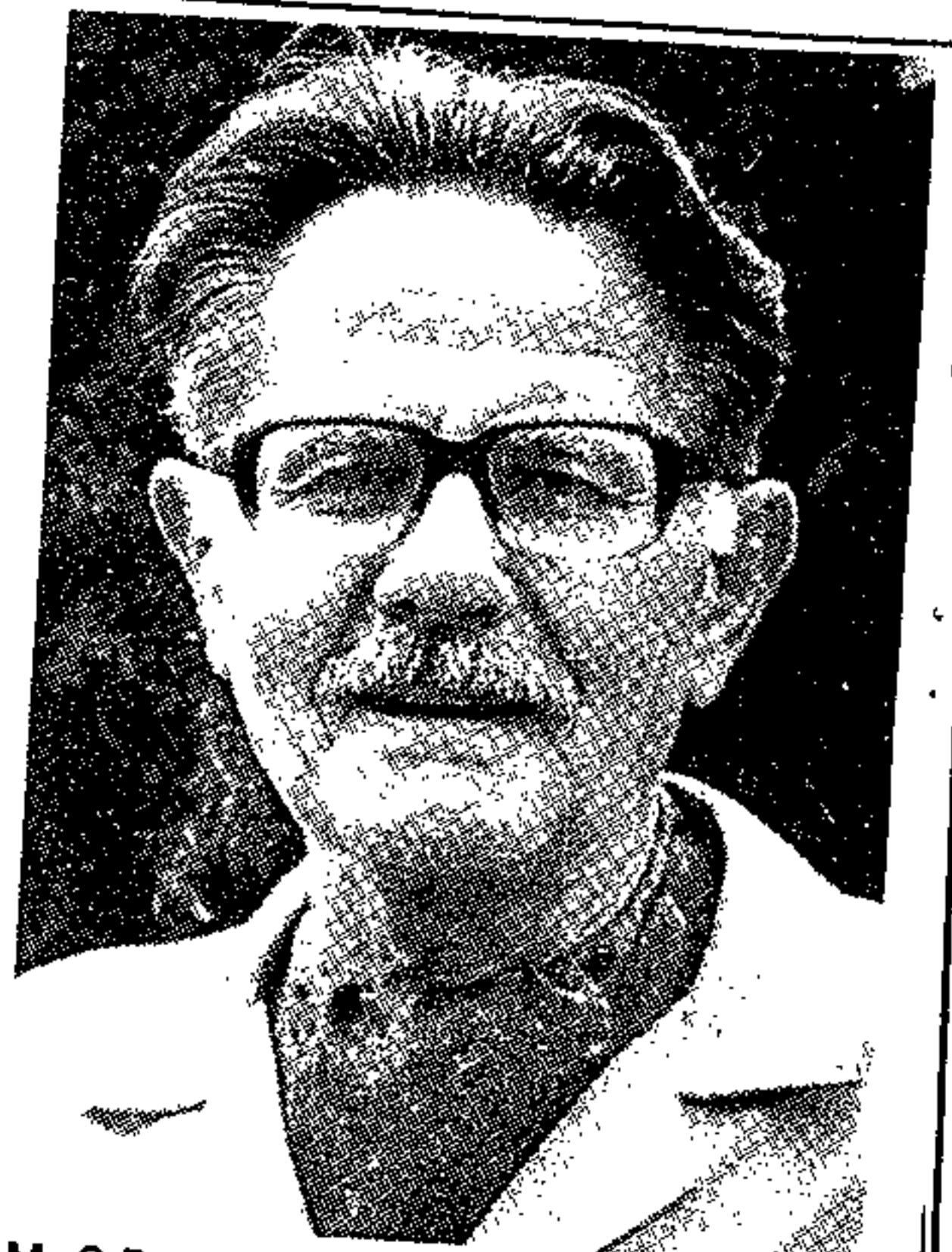
Mr Stuart and the Metropolitan Consultative Com-
mittee have questioned the wisdom of such a move in
the present economic circumstances.

The move is also opposed by many of the board's
white employees, 217 of whom will have to be re-
housed in Pietermaritzburg.

The Mercury has been told that senior employees
who would leave the board because they did not want
to move to the Capital have been promised 'golden
handshakes' of upwards of R100 000. They would also
still get their full pensions when they turned 65.

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Bitterness in black townships persists



Mr S Bourquin, former chief director of the Port Natal Administration Board, defended hostel conditions in the late 'seventies on the grounds that migrant workers would have to be ejected if standard regulations were enforced.

SINCE it took over the running of Durban's black townships and hostels in 1973 the Natalia Development Board, then the Port Natal Administration Board, has been involved in a series of bitter disputes with residents over rents.

And the board has periodically come under fire for appalling conditions in the townships and at Durban's SJ Smith, Glebe and Dalton Road migrant hostels.

In March 1978, when the then Port Natal Administration Board was planning hostel rent increases of about 300 percent, a Mercury investigation exposed desperately overcrowded, squalid and unhealthy conditions in the hostels.

Resistance

Tenants resisted the rent increases, claiming they could not be expected to pay more if conditions were not improved, and argued that the Government should subsidise the rising cost of running the hostels.

The director of the P N A B at the time, Mr Sighart Bourquin, defended the conditions by saying that if standard regulations were enforced hundreds of migrant workers would have to be ejected on to the streets.

The housing deficit for that year was R2 700 000 and with the rent increases revenue would still barely cover hostel staff wages, he said.

Nearly three years later, in September 1980, nothing had changed.

Photographs in the Mercury revealed the same overcrowding, appalling sanitary conditions, and general neglect.

Rooms were used for cooking, eating and sleeping. Food was stored under beds, and the walls were covered with soot. Residents were without cupboards, and used every available space to store their belongings. Beds were flat planks without mattresses.

Following that investigation the board

announced that it was to spend R140 000 on lockers, mattresses and benches.

A year later, in August 1981, the lockers and mattresses had not yet materialised but were still being promised, and in January 1982 tenants began being supplied with them.

A plastic bag rubbish disposal system was introduced, and doors were fitted to the communal toilets, which had been without them.

A visit to the SJ Smith Hostel at the weekend revealed that while two of the 16 dormitory blocks have been refurbished and, among other things, kitchens and electrical connections supplied, conditions for the majority of residents had still not improved substantially.

In his final article on the Natalia Development Board
STOVIN HAYTER
writes about the ongoing dispute over rents

But the worst unrest over rents came after the board announced increases averaging more than 60 percent in the hostels and townships under its control in 1983.

The rioting which broke out in Lamontville and Chesterville left several people dead and property damage amounting to thousands of rands.

According to the chief director, Mr Hennie du Plessis, the board faced a deficit of several million which would have to be met out of its accumulated reserves.

And while the board had R22 million invested, all but R5 000 000 of it was earmarked for statutory reserves, he said.

The only sources of income for the board's R80 million a year budget were township house and hostel rentals, fines and licence fees, contributions paid by employers registering black staff, and a successful sorghum beer business.

Employee registration fees could not easily be raised because of employer opposition, and the only alternative to bankruptcy was to raise rents.

Mr du Plessis said at the time that repeated requests for financial assistance from the Government had met with no response.

Meanwhile township residents began campaigning against the increases and complained that the people simply could not afford the sharp rises.

The advice of the Ningizimu Community Council not to raise the rents was overruled, and as a result the council lost support and came to be seen as an ineffective tool of the board.

The seething frustrations exploded into open rioting after former community councillor Msizi Harrison Dube, who had thrown his weight behind the Joint Rent Action Committee to fight the rent increases, was murdered.

After several weeks of unrest the Minister of Co-operation and Development, Dr Piet Koornhof, met Jorac and Community Council delegations.

The rent increases were postponed to August, and the battle moved into the courts where it is still being fought.

Special permission was given to use R250 000 from the sport facility fund so that renovations and maintenance could be carried out in the townships, and negotiations for a loan of a further R1,25 million were started.

The improvements, however, left many residents unimpressed, and the board was accused of simply painting 'rotten houses'.

Residents of Lamontville and Chesterville, led by the Joint Rent Action Committee, called for the townships to be run by the Durban City Council in the same way that Indian and coloured areas were.

The Durban Supreme Court upheld the right of the then Minister of Co-operation and Development, Dr Piet Koornhof, to raise rentals, but the Inkatha-backed Ningizimu Community Council, which brought the case, has appealed against the judgement.

The appeal has still to be heard.

Few paying up

The Natalia Development Board's district housing manager, Mr Lionel Hooper, said few residents were now paying the increased rentals, and those not paying them were not being forced to.

Rent increases have become a highly politicised, volatile issue in townships around the country and this was one of the factors which sparked off bloody rioting in the Vaal Triangle, which the SADF was called in to help quell, last year.

Another volatile issue in the Durban townships under the control of the board is that of incorporation into KwaZulu.

Many of the residents are bitterly opposed to incorporation, while others feel rents would be lower and the townships better run if they were under KwaZulu.

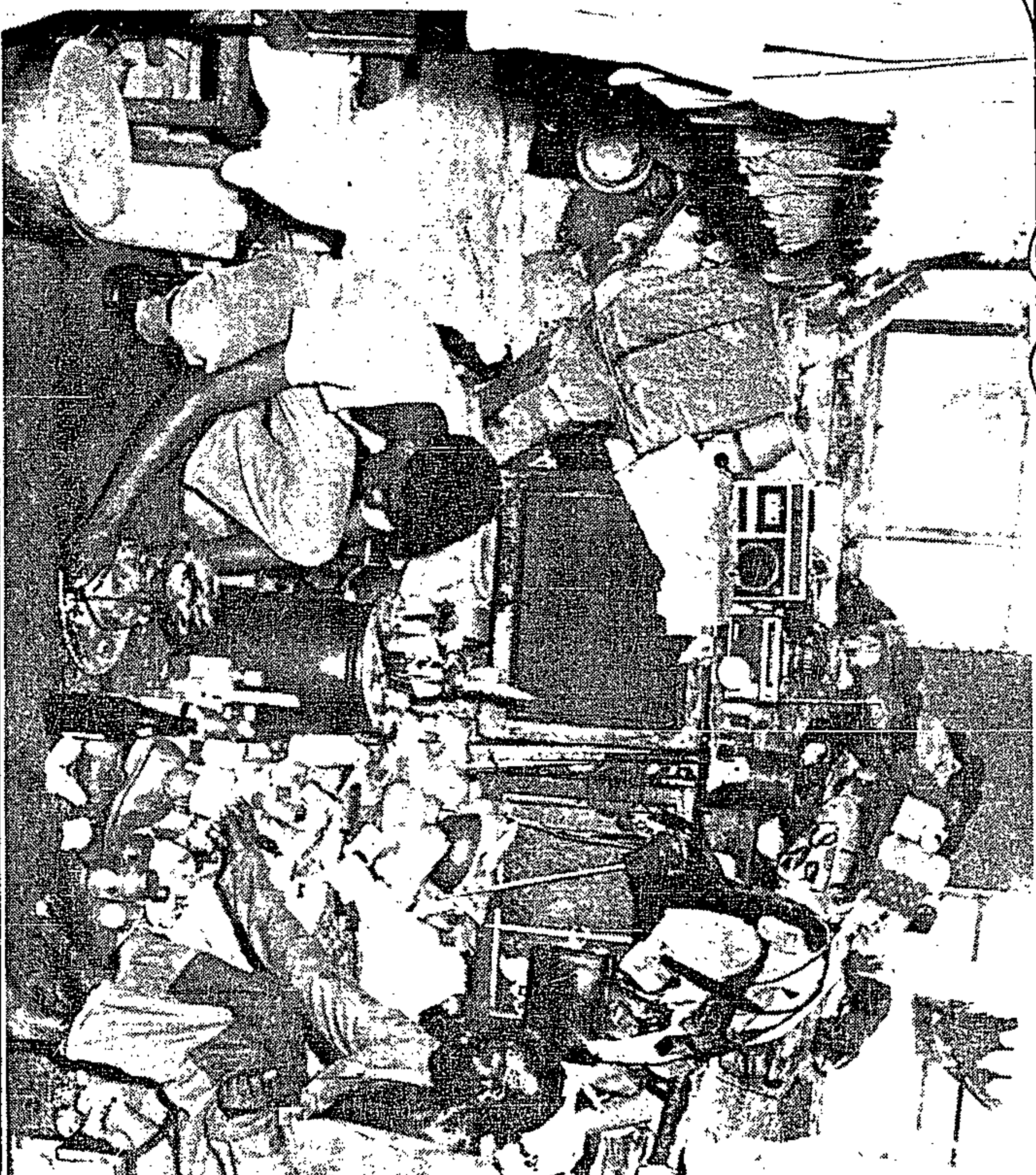
Lamontville has a high proportion of non-Zulu residents, and many people fear the loss of their 'urban' rights if they are administered by a homeland government.



Flashback: Crowds at the funeral of Community Councillor Msizi Harrison Dube, whose murder while fighting rent increases sparked rioting in the Ningizimu area.

Anger over conditions in Durban's hostel for migrant workers

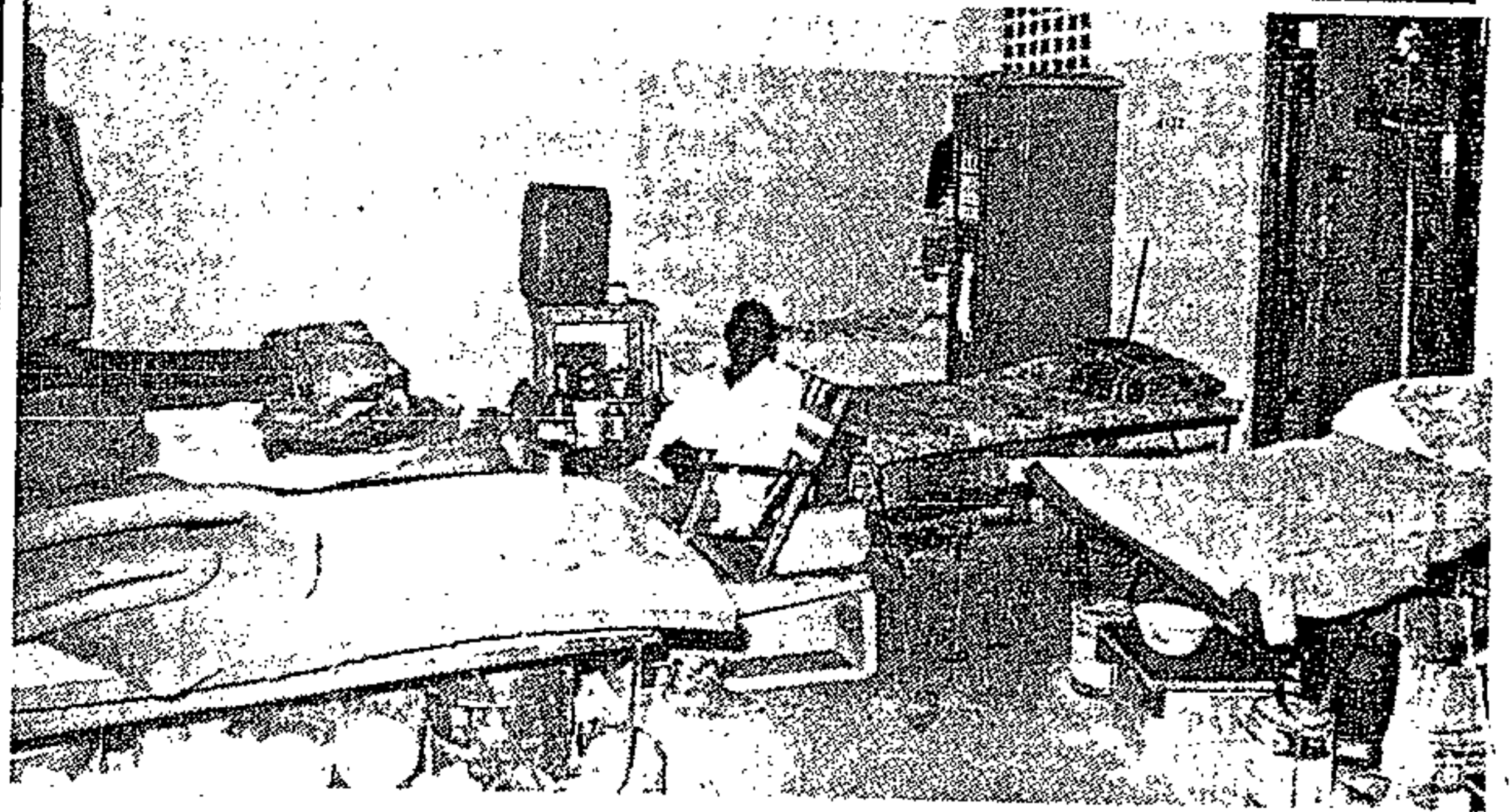
ON THE RIGHT: This four-bed room is used for cooking, eating and sleeping. The walls and ceiling are caked in soot from paraffin stoves. Clothes are hung all over the room because there are no cupboards. LOWER PICTURE: A room in one of the two refurbished blocks at the S J Smith Hostel. The rooms have been painted, electrical connections and fluorescent lighting fitted, and cupboards have been provided.



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'Things are not as they should be' admits M o H

By Stóvin Hayter

DURBAN'S S J Smith hostel for migrant workers at Lamontville is being refurbished at a cost of more than R10-million, but thousands of residents are still living in filthy, overcrowded and unhygienic conditions — and will continue to do so for some time.

The toilets and showers were unpainted, dingy, dark and dirty and some of the toilets did not flush.

Outside rubbish was heaped against fences and the walls of dormitory blocks. Clouds of flies swarmed around piles of black plastic rubbish bags, which Mr Sibya said had not been removed for several weeks.

Rentals at the hostel are R2.05 per

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(344)

some time.

The refurbishing started more than two years ago and so far two of the 16 blocks have been completed at a cost of about R500 000 each.

But the other fourteen blocks are still much the same as they were when the Mercury first exposed conditions there seven years ago — and at intervals since then. However, the beds now have mattresses, and doors have been fitted to the toilets.

The dormitory floors also serve as beds at night and some of the rooms sleep more than double their official capacity.

There are no cupboards and every available space is used for storage.

The men cook, eat and sleep in the cramped rooms and the walls and ceilings are caked with soot from paraffin stoves.

Broken windows have not been replaced for several years and nobody can remember when the buildings were last painted.

Two of the hostels' representatives on the Ningizimu Community Council, Mr Gideon Sibya and Mr Mthembeni Xulu, condemned the Natalia Development Board for neglecting the hostels under its control.

'I don't know how the board can expect men to live like this,' said an angry Mr Sibya who, together with Mr Xulu, conducted a Mercury team around the S J Smith hostel at the weekend.

The huge complex officially houses about 4 000 people, but unofficially the figure is much higher.

Hundreds of 'illegals' have been taken in by the official tenants because they have nowhere else to stay, short of giving up their jobs and returning to the 'homelands'.

According to Mr Sibya and Mr Xulu, scores sleep in the bushes and grass and in a number of car wrecks in the hostel grounds.

Men who venture into unlighted parts of the grounds at night are in danger of being attacked by 'tsotsis'.

Rentals at the hostel are R9,95 for accommodation in a 10-bed room, R12,70 in a four-bed room, and single rooms are R21 a month.

Conditions in the two newly refurbished blocks were better.

The rooms had been painted and fluorescent lighting fitted. There were new kitchens on each floor with sinks and hot plates. Bathrooms had been refitted and were cleaner and brighter.

Residents had been provided with metal lockers, there were electrical connections in the rooms, and washing lines had been erected in the courtyards.

Mr Lionel Hooper, district housing manager for the Natalia Development Board, said the refurbishing was costing more than R500 000 for each block. The whole programme was expected to cost more than R10 million.

'But we are dependent on funds supplied by the Department of Community Development and at the moment we are only able to do about one block a year.'

The hostel superintendent, Mr Ken Tanner, said refuse was removed twice a week and litter was cleaned up 'on an ongoing basis'.

One of the main problems facing those trying to keep the hostel clean was an illegal bus rank at the entrance.

'There is not a tap or a toilet there and thousands of people come into the hostel to use the facilities, especially at weekends,' he said.

Mr Hooper said there were no plans for extending the hostel but that the Glebe Hostel was being extended and would eventually accommodate about 20 000 people.

Durban's Medical Officer of Health, Dr Muriel Richter, said her department periodically inspected the hostels and she was aware that conditions were 'not as they should be'.

A health inspector would be sent to report on the hostel, she said.



BUSES using an illegal bus rank in the road outside the hostel have knocked down the perimeter wall in parts. Piles of litter like this one were found all over the grounds.

No service charges for township, judge rules

MARITZBURG — Between four and six million township residents in South Africa no longer have to pay service charges to township authorities, in terms of a Supreme Court judgment here yesterday.

Mr Justice Shearer and Mr Justice Law upheld an appeal by four residents from Mondlo township near Vryheid against a conviction in the Ngutu Magistrate's Court for not paying service charges on their township houses between 1979 and 1983.

Mr Justice Law said a literal reading of the Government notice indicated that township residents had to pay an initial service charge of R3,40 or R1,50 levied over the last six years.

The appellants' counsel, Mr Chris Nicholson, said after the trial that the findings would apply to all black townships outside Transkei and Bophuthatswana, and to townships outside "prescribed areas".

"The question now is whether residents can reclaim for the amount they have been paying over the last six years," he said. — Sapa.

Mercury 1/4/85 (341)

Viljoen defends board's finances

Mercury Reporter

ALTHOUGH the Natalia Development Board has investments of more than R21 million in reserve, the money is used for black development, according to the Minister of Co-operation and Development, Dr Gerrit Viljoen.

Dr Viljoen said a large portion of the money was

used for black development through internal loans at lower interest rates than could be obtained on the open market.

He was defending the board against accusations that it was 'sitting on' large sums of money instead of using it to the benefit of the black community.

Capital expenditure from the capital development fund on such things as clinics, creches and libraries in townships and hostels this year was expected to be R8 808 505.

'Had this amount been raised on the open market it would have cost the black residents approximately R800 000 more a year in interest,' Dr Viljoen said.

Funds from the capital development fund were not used for housing projects because money for housing was obtained from the National Housing Fund.

The board's own resources were used 'to develop black local government through black local authorities and community councils as well as to assist in financing community projects such as libraries, clinics, creches and offices'.

During the last financial year community councils in Natal had been financed to the tune of more than R8 000 000, said the minister.

The board had R6 900 000 on call for financing current expenditure within a total budget

of R182 million, which 'is to be regarded as very reasonable', Dr Viljoen said.

The board was a self-funding institution as far as running expenses were concerned and therefore had to make its own provision for such things as a leave reserve and a gratuity reserve for its employees.

'All the reserves are not statutory reserves but are fully justified.'

The board had ended the last financial year with a net surplus of only R202 466.

Dr Viljoen said 'the current unwarranted hounding of the board' was causing an unjustified credibility breakdown which could in the long run only be to the detriment of the people whom the board was trying to serve.

Plans to improve

life in townships

Political Reporter

THE Natalia Development Board is to begin work on a blueprint to substantially improve the quality of life in several Northern Natal townships under its control, it was announced yesterday.

At the same time the chairman of the board, Mr K R H Eggers, called on private sector employers with employees in these townships to help their workers financially in the building of homes and other facilities in the townships.

The townships are Bruntville (near Mooi River), Nkanyezi (Colenso), Sibongile (Dundee), Thembalihlo (Glencoe), Steadville (Lady-smith) and Bhokuzulu (Vryheid).

Development in these townships has been frozen for many years while the Government decided whether or not to relocate their residents.

Last month the Minister of Co-operation and Development, Dr Gerrit Viljoen, announced the townships would be permanent and residents were given 99-year leasehold rights.

The lifting of this freeze has enabled the board to begin development in these townships, a spokesman said yesterday.

Food samples: tests

723. Dr M S BARNARD asked the Minister of Health and Welfare:

- (a) What was the total cost to his Department of carrying out tests on additional food samples in the 1984-85 financial year and (b)(i) what was the cost of (aa) additional food samples and (bb) the testing of these samples, (ii) in respect of how many tests are these costs made up and (iii) in how many cases were traces of (aa) aflatoxin and (bb) any other specified form of contamination discovered in these samples?

The MINISTER OF HEALTH AND WELFARE:

- (a) Expenditure to date R100 315. Total additional cost will only be available at the end of June when books 1984-85 are balanced.

- (b) (i) (aa) This is part and parcel of normal services and expenses of the Inspectorate. It is impossible to quantify.

(bb) R100 315.

(ii) 2 075.

- (iii) Traces are not recorded, only positive levels ie amounts in excess of legally permitted levels.

- (aa) 106 positive out of 532 control samples.

- (bb) Of 1 543 milk samples, 167 were positive for Dieldrin. Occasionally Alpha BHC, HBC, Gamma BHC, DDE, Aldrin DDT and Campheplor were found.

341 *Hansard* Q. 61.1135
Natal: staff employed by Administration Boards/Development Board
16/4/85

726. Mr R W HARDINGHAM asked the Minister of Co-operation, Development and Education:

- (1) What was the total number of staff employed in respect of the administration of Black townships in the (a) Port Natal and (b) Drakensberg Administration Board areas in the 1978-79, 1979-80, 1980-81, 1981-82 and 1982-83 financial years, respectively;

- (2) what was the total number of staff employed in respect of the administration of Black townships in the Natalia Development Board area in the 1983-84 financial year or as at the latest specified date for which figures are available?

The MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION, DEVELOPMENT AND EDUCATION:

(1)(a) and (b) *Port Natal Administration Board*

1978-79	473
1979-80	447
1980-81	458
1981-82	437
1982-83	482

Drakensberg Administration Board

1978-79	730
1979-80	740
1980-81	722
1981-82	735
1982-83	742

(2) *Natalia Development Board*

1983-84	1 172.
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The above figures represent the total numbers of officials and employees of the respective Boards for the periods mentioned. An analysis of the numbers into different categories is not readily available.

Natalia Development Board

727. Mr R W HARDINGHAM asked the Minister of Co-operation, Development and Education:

Whether the Natalia Development Board paid any subsidies to community councils of Black townships in the 1983-84 financial year; if so, (a) what are the

names of the townships concerned, (b) what was the total amount paid in respect of each such township and (c) for what specified purposes were these subsidies paid in respect of each such township?

The MINISTER OF HEALTH AND WELFARE:

(1) (a) 4 272.

(b) 804.

(c) 576.

(d) 263.

(2) (a) 49.

(b) None; subsidization of social work posts has been transferred to the Administrations of the House of Assembly, House of Representatives, House of Delegates and to the Department of Co-operation and Development.

Hansard
Craddock: members killed/injured
Q. 61.1138 16/4/85
763. Mr E K MOORCROFT asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) (a) How many members of the South African Police have been (i) killed and (ii) injured in Craddock in attempts to contain rioting since November 1983 and (b) how many civilians have been (i) killed and (ii) injured in rioting in the Black townships of Craddock since that month;

- (2) (a) how many buildings belonging to (i) the State and (ii) private individuals have been destroyed or damaged since November 1983 and (b) what is the estimated value of buildings so destroyed or damaged;

- (3) (a) how many arrests of civilians have been made during this period, (b) on what charges were they arrested and (c) how many such civilians are currently still being held?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1) (a) (i) One.

(ii) Seven.

Councillors' homes under 24-hour guard

African Affairs
Reporter

DUNDEE—The homes of community councillors in Themblihle township in Glencoe and Sibongile township in Dundee, are under constant guard by the South African Police, while the Defence Force continues to keep a close watch on the two townships.

A spokesman for the Natalia Development Board in the area said police had been posted to guard the councillors and their families 24 hours a day.

The spokesman held a meeting in Themblihle with the councillors yesterday where it was decided that the councillors, as elected people, had a task to inform residents about the administration of the township.

Twenty-seven people have appeared in the Glencoe Magistrate's Court in connection with unrest in the township.

Tear-gas was used at the weekend when youths ran amok and destroyed property in the township.

A member of the SA Defence Force was slightly injured when he was hit by a stone on Saturday.

The mob attacked the Natalia Development

Board's offices and then marched to the local beer hall which they stoned and looted.

The councillor, W K Langa, the Mayor of Themblihle, told the Mercury meetings were being arranged to take place very soon. The purpose of the meetings were to explain to the residents why their rents had been increased.

He said the board had informed the councillors that it had no money to build houses and it was decided that sites should be allocated to people to build their own homes.

made redundant, (b) dismissed and (c) retired prematurely as a result of these staff cuts; if so, how many in each race group in respect of each of the above categories;

(4) in respect of what date is this information furnished?

The MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS:

(1) to (4) As the curtailment in personnel expenditure as announced by the State President, only becomes effective from 1 April 1985, I cannot answer the Honourable Member's question at this stage.

Committee regarding the Economic Position of the Farmer and Agricultural Financing in General

733. Mr M A TARR asked the Minister of Finance:

(a) What are the names of the persons serving on the Committee regarding the Economic Position of the Farmer and Agricultural Financing in General (Jacobs Committee) and (b) what organizations do they represent on this Committee in each case?

The MINISTER OF FINANCE:

- (a) and (b)
1. Dr A S Jacobs (Chairman)..... South African Reserve Bank
 2. Mr I S Geldenhuys (Vice-Chairman).... Department of Agricultural Economics and Marketing
 3. Mr C R Baard Department of Agricultural Economics and Marketing
 4. Mr J C Hugo Land and Agricultural Bank of South Africa
 5. Mr K H W Späth Land and Agricultural Bank of South Africa
 6. Mr J J H Kotze Department of Finance
 7. Mr H J Kleyhans Department of Finance
 8. Mr J le R Rietief Agricultural Credit Board
 9. Dr L W A Nel Department of Trade and Industry
 10. Mr J A Jooste South African Agricultural Union
 11. Dr A P Scholtz South African Agricultural Union

Middelburg by-pass road to Belfast

750. Mr P G SOAL asked the Minister of Transport Affairs:

(1) Whether, in view of the additional revenue that will accrue to the National Road Fund owing to the increase in the road levy, he plans to complete the Middelburg by-pass road to Belfast; if not, (a) why not and (b) when is it anticipated that it will be completed; if so, (i) when (aa) will work on the by-pass road commence and (bb) is it due to be completed and (ii) what is the extent of this increase per litre of fuel sold;

(2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF TRANSPORT AFFAIRS:

(1) Yes.

(a) Falls away.

(b) At a yet undeterminable date between 1988-89.

(i) (aa) Provisionally during August 1985.

(bb) Please refer to my reply at (b).

(ii) 1,946 cent per litre which will result in an estimated additional income of R164 million during the 1985-86 financial year.

(2) No, not at this stage.

Attention is drawn to the fact that the announced increase is not in respect of road levies which in its existing connotation is commonly associated with toll. What has in fact been approved is an increase in the levy which the Minister may in terms of section 2 (1A) of the National Roads Act, 1971 (Act 54 of 1971) impose on every litre of petrol or distillate fuel which is sold or supplied by any person at any point in the Republic for consumption, or imported by any person into the Republic, with the concurrence of the Minister of Finance and the Minister of Mineral and Energy Affairs.

Howard Q. 661. 1257
Income tax 24/4/85
758. Dr W J SNYMAN asked the Minister of Finance:†

What total amount of income tax was paid by private persons in respect of each specified population group during the 1983-84 financial year?

The MINISTER OF FINANCE:

Statistics in respect of income tax paid are not available. The following statistics are however furnished in respect of assessments issued until 31 January 1985 for the 1983-84 tax year:—

	R
Whites	3 421 951 000
Asians	84 751 000
Coloureds	110 592 000

Note: The statistics at my disposal relate only to tax levied under the Income Tax Act, 1962, which Act was not applicable to the income of Blacks in respect of the 1983-84 tax year.

Own Affairs:

Teachers' associations/federations

69. Mr R M BURROWS asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

Whether his Department recognizes, for consultation and negotiation purposes, teachers' associations and federations; if not, why not; if so, (a) which associations and federations are recognized by his Department, (b) what number of teachers are represented by each of these recognized bodies and (c) what criteria are applied by his Department prior to its granting recognition to a teacher organization?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE:

Yes;

(a)	(b)
The South African Association for Technical and Vocational Education for teachers at special schools, schools of industries and reformatories and training centres for mentally retarded children	2 493
The Association of Technical Colleges	2 055
The Federal Council of Teachers' Associations	50 000

(c) The Department of Education and Culture is responsible for the administration of the educational and training at special schools and schools of industries and reformatories in terms of the Educational Services Act, 1967 (Act 41 of 1967); training centres in terms of the Mentally Retarded Children's Training Act, 1974 (Act 63 of 1974) and technical colleges in terms of the Technical Colleges Act, 1981 (Act 104 of 1981) and their associations are therefore recognized for purposes of negotiation.

The Federal Council of Teachers' Associations represents the various associations of teachers employed at provincial level. The Department of

Govt cannot detail R8 m subsidies

Ormande Pollok
Political Correspondent

THE Government is unable to provide a specific breakdown for the R8 000 000 in subsidies paid to community councils in townships under the control of the Natalia Development Board.

This emerged yesterday as Mr Ralph Hardingham (NRP Mooi River) pursued inquiries into the board, and said he was totally dissatisfied with replies to his questions by the Minister of Co-operation and Development, Dr Gerrit Viljoen.

While Dr Viljoen provided the full amounts of subsidies paid to the councils, he said: 'The purpose of the subsidies mentioned is to cover the losses on current expenditure reflected in the books of account of the black townships.'

Misgivings

Mr Hardingham said he had been advised by an official of the department that they were 'unable' to provide a detailed breakdown of expenditure in each case.

'This confirms the misgivings I expressed last month about these subsidies,' said Mr Hardingham.

'The minister's reply to my original question was that these subsidies had been paid to cover the losses on current expenditure.'

'It is incomprehensible to me that they cannot furnish details of this expenditure as I feel the public has a right to know how the funds of the development board are being administered.'

Mr Hardingham said he would not 'drop' the matter until he received satisfactory replies to

further questions he would table in Parliament.

He also criticised the staff figures of the Natalia Board which had virtually the same number of workers as the combined staff of the two boards it replaced, the former Port Natal Board and the Drakensberg Board.

The minor reduction had done little to streamline the staff components and it was difficult to understand why the two boards had been amalgamated if the costs could not be reduced.

In reply to another question, from Mr Peter Soal (PFP Johannesburg North) Dr Viljoen said the board had no plans to build any houses in the townships under its control this year.

tion requested is not kept in a special register and cannot be gathered without performing a considerable quantity of work, which is deemed unjustified.

(aa) It is estimated that 30 057 Black persons were granted old-age pensions in 1984. This figure reflects only pensions granted by the Department of Co-operation and Development and does not include those granted by the national states.

Influx control/identity documents
Q. Col. 1355 30/4/85
676. Mr R W HARDINGHAM asked the Minister of Co-operation, Development and Education:

(a) What amount was derived by the Natalia Development Board in 1984 from fines imposed for offences relating to influx control and identity documents and (b) how much of this amount was in respect of the (i) Port Natal and (ii) Drakensberg Development Boards (aa) before and (bb) after their amalgamation?

THE MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION, DEVELOPMENT AND EDUCATION:

(a) The Natalia Development Board was established on 1 April 1984. From that date until 31 August 1984 (the date on which the Department of Justice took over the control of courts) R2 791 were collected in fines.

(b) (i) (aa) From 1 January 1984 to 31 March 1984 (the date of amalgamation with the Drakensberg Development Board.) R1 645 were collected in fines.

(ii) (aa) From 1 January 1984 to 31 March 1984 (the date of amalgamation with the Port Natal Development Board.) R34 were collected in fines.

(i) (bb) See (a) above.

(ii) (bb) See (a) above.

HoA

Commissioners' courts; legal representation
Q. Col. 1356 30/4/85
720. Mr P G SOAL asked the Minister of Co-operation, Development and Education:

Whether any persons appearing before commissioners' courts in 1984 were legally represented in court; if so, how many persons in each specified commissioner's court (a) were and (b) were not so represented as at the latest specified date for which figures are available?

THE MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION, DEVELOPMENT AND EDUCATION:

Yes.

	(a)	(b)
Bloemfontein	93	5 144
Kroonstad	4	682
Welkom	5	7 768
Vaal Triangle	27	20 098
Botshabelo	128	1 098
Pietermaritzburg	8	629
Durban	20	4 452
Pinetown	20	1 604
Empangeni	1	863
Vryheid	0	988
Umzimto	30	137
Port Shepstone	2	127
Ladysmith	13	943
Dundee	0	369
Estcourt	0	103
Newcastle	0	847
Stanger	8	63
Inanda	29	37
Queenstown	0	1 823
East London	51	3 662
Grahamstown	20	416
Port Elizabeth	728	3 647
Langa	229	4 369
Kimberley	0	688
Benoni	0	5 158
Brakpan	1	1 842
Nigel	12	1 032
Springs	9	2 453
Germiston	213	22 344
Boksburg	15	5 277
Krugersdorp	40	2 171
Roodepoot	10	8 713
Alexandra	85	13 302
Randfontein	0	5 419
Johannesburg	41	58 152
Tzaneen	0	824

Louis Trichardt	0	737
Potgietersrus	23	817
Pietersburg	0	624
Ermedo	8	1 707
Barberton	17	7 531
Nelspruit	26	2 751
Brits	4	1 762
Pretoria	520	21 445
Rustenburg	2	1 106
Witbank	580	4 313
Middelburg	90	2 756
Groblersdal	15	274
Lydenburg	3	946
Lichtenburg	2	1 125
Potchefstroom	10	1 734

Figures up to 31 August 1984.

Influx control/identity documents

740. Mrs H SUZMAN asked the Minister of Co-operation, Development and Education:

- (1) How many persons were (a) tried for and (b) convicted of offences relating to influx control and identity documents at the Commissioner's Court in Market Street, Ferreira'sdorp, Johannesburg, in 1984 or as at the latest specified date for which figures are available;
- (2) what was the average daily number of such cases heard by this court during that period;
- (3) what amounts accrued to the State from fines imposed for these offences?

THE MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(2) whether any persons being detained as suspected illegal immigrants admitted that they were illegally in the country in 1984; if so, (a) how many, (b) how long had each been detained when signing an admission to the effect that he was an illegal immigrant, (c) of which countries were they citizens in each case and (d) where had each been detained while his case was investigated?

- (1) (a) (i) 133 as at 1985-03-28.
- (ii) 276 as at 1985-03-28.
- (b) In terms of sections 32, 35(1), 40(1), (4) and (5), 52 of Act No 59 of 1972, section 12(1) and (2) of Act No 25 of 1945 and section 26(1) of Act No 67 of 1964.

THE MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION, DEVELOPMENT AND EDUCATION:

- (1) (a) 53 130.
- (b) 29 009.
- (2) 310.
- (3) R15 970.

Figures up to 31 August 1984.

HoA

(3) Yes. A certain researcher, in a published work, misquoted the reference number of a document concerning the ancestors of President S J P Kruger and this caused a futile search on wrong files and lead to reports in newspapers that documents were missing. The matter has, however, since been corrected and the relevant documents relating to the ancestry of the Kruger family are available for perusal in the Cape Archives Depot, Queen Victoria Street, Cape town, under the reference number MOOC 13/1/1 file 138.

With this piece of information, Sir, I have also completed my last small task in Parliament. When I walk out of here for the last time just now I, like my predecessors, will merely be a document in an archive with a number which is quoted incorrectly. All that is left, is to say thank you and my very best wishes.

HON MEMBERS: Hear, hear!

Hammond
Ixopo 30/4/85

*7. Mr R W HARDINGHAM asked the Minister of Co-operation, Development and Education:

Whether approval has been granted for the establishment of a Black residential area at Ixopo; if so, (a) when and (b) by whom; if not, why not?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND OF CO-OPERATION:

Yes.

(a) 25 January 1967.

(b) The then Deputy Minister of Bantu Administration and Education.

Hammond
Zwide Township Q. Col. 1319
30/4/85

*8. Mrs H SUZMAN asked the Minister of Law and Order:

(1) Whether any members of the South African Police took any action in re-

spect of a crowd of mourners in Zwide Township near Port Elizabeth on or about 14 April 1985; if so,

(2) whether such action included the use of firearms; if so, (a) at what time did the firing take place, (b) what type of ammunition was fired and (c) what were the circumstances surrounding the decision to fire;

(3) whether any further action was taken by the police on this occasion; if so, (a) what action and (b) why;

(4) whether any persons were (a) killed and (b) injured as a result; if so, how many in each case;

(5) whether any policemen were injured on this occasion; if so, what was the cause of the injuries in each case?

†THE MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1) No, not against mourners but against rioters.

(2) Yes.

(a) At 13h30 and again on 17h00.

(b) Teargas, rubber bullets and buckshot.

(c) At 13h30 a crowd of approximately 1 000 Black men, women and children forced a police patrol vehicle in Koyana Street, 2 kilometres from the church to stop, surrounded and rocked it. Teargas and rubber bullets were used to disperse the crowd. At 17h00 the same crowd attacked the residence of a black member of the Force in Bokani Street with stones and the three guards who guarded the property had to flee as their lives were in danger. The crowd was dispersed by the police who used teargas, rubber bullets and buckshot.

(3) No.

(4) Yes.

(a) One.

(b) Three.

(5) Yes, three members sustained injuries when they were hit by stones.

Hammond
Schools: textbooks
Q. Col. 1321 30/4/85
*9. Mr R M ANDREW asked the Minister of Co-operation, Development and Education:

Whether any Black schools in the Western Cape had not received all the textbooks they required by the beginning of the 1985 school year; if so, (a) which schools had not received all such books at the time, (b) when did each of these schools receive all the books they required, (c) in respect of which subjects had textbooks not been received and (d) how many (i) pupils were affected and (ii) textbooks were involved?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND OF CO-OPERATION:

Yes.

(a) Schools in the Western Cape were provided with enough supplementary textbooks for the normal growth in pupil numbers, but due to an unforeseen abnormal growth and the not handing back of textbooks shortages were experienced at all schools.

(b) All public schools in the Western Cape have received their books by the end of March 1985.

(c) In the region as a whole all subjects were involved, but this was not the case at all the schools.

(d) (i) Approximately 8 000 pupils.
(ii) Approximately 40 000 textbooks.

Hammond
Khayelitsha Q. Col. 1322 30/4/85
*10. Mr R M ANDREW asked the Minister of Co-operation, Development and Education:

(1) Whether any of the (a) leaders of communities and (b) communities at Old Crossroads have been offered incentives to move to Khayelitsha; if so,

(2) whether these incentives were financial; if not, what was the nature of these incentives; if so, (a) when, (b) what amount of money were they offered, (c)(i) by whom and (ii) on what conditions was the money offered and (d) to whom was the offer made;

(3) whether the offer was accepted by any leader or community; if so, which person or persons accepted the offer?

†THE MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION, DEVELOPMENT AND EDUCATION:

(1) (a) and (b) and (2) No, but expenditure was incurred in connection with costs for removal and related costs on behalf of those persons who are moving. The extent of the expenditure in this regard cannot, at this stage, be specified.

(3) Falls away.

Hammond
Q. Col. 1322 30/4/85
Classrooms

*11. Mr R M ANDREW asked the Minister of Co-operation, Development and Education:

(1) Whether, with reference to his reply to Question No 30 on 12 February 1985, the additional classrooms being provided in Langa, Gugulethu and Nyanga are ready for use; if so, when did they become available; if not, (2) whether it is anticipated that these classrooms will be ready for use before the beginning of May 1985; if so,

(3) Yes. A certain researcher, in a published work, misquoted the reference number of a document concerning the ancestors of President S J P Kruger and this caused a futile search on wrong files and lead to reports in newspapers that documents were missing. The matter has, however, since been corrected and the relevant documents relating to the ancestry of the Kruger family are available for perusal in the Cape Archives Depot, Queen Victoria Street, Cape town, under the reference number MOOC 13/1/1 file 138.

With this piece of information, Sir, I have also completed my last small task in Parliament. When I walk out of here for the last time just now I, like my predecessors, will merely be a document in an archive with a number which is quoted incorrectly. All that is left, is to say thank you and my very best wishes.

HON MEMBERS: Hear, hear!

341 *Q. 6.1.1319* *30/4/85*
*7. Mr R W HARDINGHAM asked the Minister of Co-operation, Development and Education:

Whether approval has been granted for the establishment of a Black residential area at Ixopo; if so, (a) when and (b) by whom; if not, why not?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND OF CO-OPERATION:

Yes.

(a) 25 January 1967.

(b) The then Deputy Minister of Bantu Administration and Education.

Howard Q. 6.1.1319 30/4/85
*8. Mrs H SUZMAN asked the Minister of Law and Order:

(1) Whether any members of the South African Police took any action in re-

spect of a crowd of mourners in Zwile Township near Port Elizabeth on or about 14 April 1985; if so,

(2) whether such action included the use of firearms; if so, (a) at what time did the firing take place, (b) what type of ammunition was fired and (c) what were the circumstances surrounding the decision to fire;

(3) whether any further action was taken by the police on this occasion; if so, (a) what action and (b) why;

(4) whether any persons were (a) killed and (b) injured as a result; if so, how many in each case;

(5) whether any policemen were injured on this occasion; if so, what was the cause of the injuries in each case?

†THE MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1) No, not against mourners but against rioters.

(2) Yes.

(a) At 13h30 and again on 17h00.

(b) Teargas, rubber bullets and buckshot.

(c) At 13h30 a crowd of approximately 1 000 Black men, women and children forced a police patrol vehicle in Koyana Street, 2 kilometres from the church to stop, surrounded and rocked it. Teargas and rubber bullets were used to disperse the crowd. At 17h00 the same crowd attacked the residence of a black member of the Force in Bokani Street with stones and the three guards who guarded the property had to flee as their lives were in danger. The crowd was dispersed by the police who used teargas, rubber bullets and buckshot.

(3) No.

(4) Yes.

(a) One.

(b) Three.

(5) Yes, three members sustained injuries when they were hit by stones.

Howard Q. 6.1.1321 30/4/85
*9. Mr K M ANDREW asked the Minister of Co-operation, Development and Education:

Whether any Black schools in the Western Cape had not received all the textbooks they required by the beginning of the 1985 school year; if so, (a) which schools had not received all such books at the time, (b) when did each of these schools receive all the books they required, (c) in respect of which subjects had textbooks not been received and (d) how many (i) pupils were affected and (ii) textbooks were involved?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND OF CO-OPERATION:

Yes.

(a) Schools in the Western Cape were provided with enough supplementary textbooks for the normal growth in pupil numbers, but due to an unforeseen abnormal growth and the not handing back of textbooks shortages were experienced at all schools.

(b) All public schools in the Western Cape have received their books by the end of March 1985.

(c) In the region as a whole all subjects were involved, but this was not the case at all the schools.

(d) (i) Approximately 8 000 pupils.
(ii) Approximately 40 000 textbooks.

Howard Q. 6.1.1322 30/4/85
*10. Mr K M ANDREW asked the Minister of Co-operation, Development and Education:

(1) Whether any of the (a) leaders of communities and (b) communities at Old Crossroads have been offered incentives to move to Khayelitsha; if so,

(2) whether these incentives were financial; if not, what was the nature of these incentives; if so, (a) when, (b) what amount of money were they offered, (c)(i) by whom and (ii) on what conditions was the money offered and (d) to whom was the offer made;

(3) whether the offer was accepted by any leader or community; if so, which person or persons accepted the offer?

†THE MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION, DEVELOPMENT AND EDUCATION:

(1) (a) and (b) and (2) No, but expenditure was incurred in connection with costs for removal and related costs on behalf of those persons who are moving. The extent of the expenditure in this regard cannot, at this stage, be specified.

(3) Falls away.

Howard Q. 6.1.1322 30/4/85
*11. Mr K M ANDREW asked the Minister of Co-operation, Development and Education:

(1) Whether, with reference to his reply to Question No 30 on 12 February 1985, the additional classrooms being provided in Langa, Guguletu and Nyanga are ready for use; if so, when did they become available; if not,

(2) whether it is anticipated that these classrooms will be ready for use before the beginning of May 1985; if so,

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new Medical School at the University of the Witwatersrand and for the extension of the faculty of Veterinary Science at the University of Pretoria.

The subsidies payable in respect of interest on and capital redemption of state and private loans have not been taken into account.

Q. 601.1363
30/4/85

73. Mr H E J VAN RENSBURG asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

- (1) How many (a) farm schools, (b) farm school teachers and (c) farm school pupils were there for Whites in the Republic at the end of 1984;

- (2) what was the per capita expenditure, (a) including and (b) excluding expenditure of a capital nature, on farm school pupils in the 1983-84 financial year?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE:

- (1) There are no farm schools under the jurisdiction of the Department of Education and Culture. Farm schools are the responsibility of the provincial education departments which are still administered in terms of the Provincial Government Act, 1961 (Act 32 of 1961). The number of (a) farm schools, (b) farm school teachers and (c) farm school pupils as well as the per capita expenditure are therefore a domestic matter.

- (2) Falls away.

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†Indicates translated version.

For written reply:

General Affairs:

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Q. 601.1365
1/5/85

555. Mr P G SOAL asked the Minister of Co-operation, Development and Education:

- (1) (a) How many schools administered by his Department were closed in each region as at the latest specified date for which figures are available, (b) what were the reasons for the closing of each such school and (c) how many pupils were there in each such school;

- (2) whether any of these schools will be reopened; if not, why not; if so, (a) which schools, (b) when and (c) what steps are being taken to reopen them?

THE MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION, DEVELOPMENT AND EDUCATION:

- (1) (a) No schools are at this stage officially closed by the Department. There are schools where—

- (i) classes have been suspended temporarily; and

- (ii) pupils are boycotting.

In respect of (i) and (ii) the data is as follows:

Cape Region: 18 schools
Highveld Region: 16 schools
Orange-Vaal Region: 1 school
OFS Region: 5 schools
Northern Transvaal Region: 1 school
Natal Region: None
Johannesburg Region: None

- (b) Circumstances and alleged reasons for boycotting differ from school to school. Reasons for boycotting range from fear of victimization to attendance of court cases.

- (c) Cape Region: 12 141 pupils
Highveld Region: 12 984 pupils
Orange-Vaal Region: 1 200 pupils

OFS Region: 5 592 pupils
Northern Transvaal Region: 1 238 pupils
Natal Region: None
Johannesburg Region: None

- (2) Yes.

- (a) All schools are still open.

- (b) As soon as students stop boycotting the schools.

- (c) (i) Continual consultation with governing bodies and school committees is taking place.

- (ii) Any real difficulties receive immediate attention.

Data as on 6 March 1985.

Q. 601.136
1/5/85

678. Mr R W HARDINGHAM asked the Minister of Co-operation, Development and Education:

What was the cost to his Department of the subsidization of farm schools in 1984?

THE MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION, DEVELOPMENT AND EDUCATION:

Subsidies for farm school buildings amounted to R1 973 847.00 in 1984.

Port Natal/Drakensberg Administration

Q. 601.136
1/5/85

728. Mr R W HARDINGHAM asked the Minister of Co-operation, Development and Education:

What were the administrative costs in respect of each of the Black township administered by the (a) Port Natal and (b) Drakensberg Administration Board for the 1978-79, 1979-80, 1980-81, 1981-82 and 1982-83 financial years, respectively?

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The MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION,
DEVELOPMENT AND EDUCATION:

(a) Port Natal Administration Board:

	1978/79	1979/80	1980/81	1981/82	1982/83
Shakaville.....	293 973	217 435	257 437	338 083	478 912
Hambanati.....	376 198	432 243	484 738	616 144	1 027 969
Ningizimu.....	5 033 454	5 341 297	6 246 960	8 137 545	11 325 802
Shayamoya.....	78 114	51 930	39 380	51 794	89 654
Klaarwater.....	510 299	384 949	529 224	697 216	1 047 147

(b) Drakensberg Administration Board:

Cedarville.....	—	6 825	7 647	15 743	21 461
Colenso.....	49 599	55 876	106 190	116 958	161 667
Dannhauser.....	15 665	50 873	84 592	92 546	133 231
Dundee.....	140 286	407 064	558 135	613 467	826 625
Estcourt.....	83 775	100 975	126 710	151 229	231 161
Glencoe.....	89 611	219 550	329 190	369 654	524 989
Greytown.....	146 085	171 634	263 277	347 438	593 873
Howick.....	59 239	64 949	105 274	127 346	168 050
Kokstad.....	—	98 992	180 129	232 584	433 976
Ladysmith.....	302 071	333 724	476 164	583 586	923 605
Matatiele.....	—	27 790	52 948	53 790	87 898
Mooi River.....	119 080	139 434	222 919	279 196	443 439
Paulpietersburg.....	36 007	49 060	60 722	76 294	126 345
Sobantu.....	723 642	673 563	1 040 853	953 690	1 474 926
Vryheid.....	214 171	314 581	458 141	600 971	858 275
Weenen (Emergency camp).....	18 463	25 812	48 155	36 674	58 241
Winterton/Bergville.....	3 070	3 306	4 272	5 875	10 835

The above costs include operating costs. In the reply to question 439 of 1985 the operating costs of these towns were not included. If these costs are included the figures in respect of the 1983/84 financial year are as follows:

Shakaville.....	R 464 725
Hambanati.....	1 089 946
Ningizimu.....	10 025 428
Shayamoya.....	107 094
Klaarwater.....	851 555
Cedarville.....	15 800
Colenso.....	102 227
Dannhauser.....	119 052
Dundee.....	622 349
Estcourt.....	221 164
Glencoe.....	430 889
Greytown.....	397 502

65. Mr E K MOORCROFT asked the Minister of Co-operation, Development and Education:

- (1) Whether any buildings in the Eastern Cape (a) belonging to and (b) under the control of his Department have

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been damaged since August 1984; if so, (i) how many buildings and (ii) where are these buildings situated and (iii) what was the nature of the damage in each case;

- (2) what is the estimated cost of the damage?

The MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION,
DEVELOPMENT AND EDUCATION:

- (1) (a) Yes.

- (b) No.

- (i) Buildings at 25 schools.

- (ii) Port Elizabeth, Oudstroom, Port Alfred, Grahamstown, Uitenhage, Fort Beaufort, Pearston and Despatch.

- (iii) Arson and stone throwing in all the cases except at one school each in Port Elizabeth, Oudstroom and Uitenhage where stone throwing only took place.

- (2) Estimated cost: R1 201 600,00.

Homeward Q. 601. 1369
State Departments:
officials/service benefits

774. Mr J J B VAN ZYL asked the Minister of Home Affairs:

- (1) What total number of officials were employed by State Departments falling under the Commission for Administration (a) as at 31 March 1979 and (b) in each specified financial year from 1979-80 up to and including the latest financial year for which figures are available;

- (2) what total amounts were spent by such State Departments on (a) salaries, (b) bonuses, (c) leave money, (d) gratuities, (e) subsidies and (f) other specified forms of remuneration in respect of the above-mentioned officials, in each specified financial year from 1978-79 up to and including the

latest financial year for which figures are available?

The MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS:

Remarks

The information supplied was extracted from the *Bulletin of Statistics* under the heading LABOUR, Employment, salaries and wages, Central Government.

The concept 'Central Government' in the *Bulletin of Statistics* does not include the provincial administrations, national states, statutory institutions, the Department of Post and Telecommunications and the SA Transport Services.

The concept 'Salaries and wages' for the Central Government in the *Bulletin of Statistics* includes global figures regarding salaries, wages, overtime earnings, bonuses and allowances, but does not include the State's contribution to medical, pension and other funds. Information regarding the last-mentioned as well as information regarding leave money, gratuities and subsidies are not readily available.

- (1) (a) 309 384.

- (b) As at 31 March at the end of each financial year:

1979-80: 325 762
1980-81: 331 841
1981-82: 343 173
1982-83: 363 288
1983-84: 386 087

- (2) Total amount spent on (a), (b) and (f):

1978-79: R1 153 814 000
1979-80: R1 326 010 000
1980-81: R1 632 771 000
1981-82: R2 035 968 000
1982-83: R2 568 680 000
1983-84: R3 051 647 000

Homeward Q. 601. 1370
Notifiable diseases 1/5/85
799. Dr M S BARNARD asked the Minister of Health and Welfare:

Whether, with reference to his reply to

(c) Since the Committee is mainly an advisory body for the Minister of National Education, and the policies on which the Committee advises the Minister of National Education will be made public, I am not prepared to disclose the specific matters that had been discussed by the Committee.

(2) No. For the same reason mentioned in 1(c).

(3) No.

*28. Mr K M ANDREW asked the Minister of Co-operation, Development and Education:

(1) (a) How many persons were living (i) in core houses, (ii) at Site C and (iii) in other specified accommodation at Khayelitsha as at the latest specified date for which information is available and (b) how many of these persons were (i) male, (ii) female and (iii) children in each case;

(2) how many of these persons living (a) in core houses, (b) at Site C and (c) in other accommodation at Khayelitsha came from (i) Langa, (ii) Nyanga, (iii) Guguletu, (iv) the Old Crossroads area, (v) the KTC squatter area, (vi) other specified Western Cape townships, (vii) farms in the Western Cape and (viii) any other specified places?

The MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION, DEVELOPMENT AND EDUCATION:

- (1) (a) (i) 8 034.
(ii) 31 735.
(iii) There are as yet only core houses at Khayelitsha.

(b) No. The farm Compensation is situated adjacent to the bigger Impendle area.

(1) The families concerned were assisted to settle with their consent at the request of the landowners on whose land they lived.

(ii) 23 families (149 persons)

during the period 1 December 1984 to 31 May 1985.

Mr R W HARDINGHAM: Mr Speaker, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, may I ask him why it was necessary to bring families down from Weenen to an area which is distant from the area from whence they came? They were moved from Northern to Southern Natal. Why was it necessary to move those people such a distance to an area where they have no tribal connections?

The MINISTER: Mr Speaker, I do not have the full details of this particular movement but I would like to point out, as is stated in the answer, that this was done with the agreement of the people concerned.

*31. Mr R W HARDINGHAM asked the Minister of Co-operation, Development and Education:

- (1) Whether it is the intention to sell the Durban headquarters of the Port Natal Administration Board; if not, why not; if so,
(2) whether a buyer has been found; if so, for what amount has it been sold?

The MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION, DEVELOPMENT AND EDUCATION:

- (1) No decision about the sale of the building or not has so far been taken.
(2) falls away.

Drakensberg Administration Board:
Pietermaritzburg: headquarters

*32. Mr R W HARDINGHAM asked the Minister of Co-operation, Development and Education:

- (1) Whether it is the intention to sell the Pietermaritzburg headquarters of the Drakensberg Administration Board; if not, why not; if so,
(2) whether a buyer has been found; if so, for what amount has it been sold?

The MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION, DEVELOPMENT AND EDUCATION:

- (1) No decision about the sale of the building or not has so far been taken.
(2) falls away.

Mr R W HARDINGHAM: Mr Speaker, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, may I ask whether it is because there has been no offer made for these premises that they are not being sold?

The MINISTER: Mr Speaker, the whole question regarding the change of headquarters of the Natalia Development Board and the possible property transactions involved is still being studied by the board and by the department.

Urban transport: buses

*33. Mr P R C ROGERS asked the Minister of Transport Affairs:

- (1) Whether his Department and/or any organizations falling under his Department is engaged in any experiments involving various types of buses for urban transport; if so, (a) what organization or organizations, (b) in which city or cities, (c) at whose cost were these buses purchased and (d) what is the object of these experiments;
(2) whether any preliminary findings are available in this regard; if so, what are they; if not, when is it anticipated that such findings will be available?

Inquiry tour of black townships

Mercury Reporter

MEMBERS of the President's Council Constitutional Committee yesterday toured black townships and squatter areas around Durban as part of an investigation into urbanisation.

The 12 committee members spoke to community representatives and toured the Inanda area yesterday afternoon after visiting Umlazi and Clermont in the morning.

They toured Imbali and Edendale on Thursday.

The chairman of the committee, Dr Dries Oosthuizen, said difficulties had been experienced in the transition from providing full housing to concentrating on infrastructure.

The natural growth of existing urban areas not being sufficiently allowed for had led to overcrowded townships.

'Townships can be degraded while the authorities are trying to upgrade them.'

He said the committee would be hearing evidence from black leaders, 'both inside and outside the system', and from academic experts.

'We have to look at the physical, social and economic implications of rapid urbanisation, which is predominantly black urbanisation.'

At the end of its investi-

gations the committee would make its recommendations.

'We started at the beginning of this month and have to report by the end of July,' he said.

Still no go-ahead for St Wendolin's

Mercury Reporter

THE Government has still not given the go-ahead for the development of St Wendolin's Ridge near Mariannahill — more than a year after it was declared a permanent black area.

The Government announced in April last year that St Wendolin's would be made a separate black local authority and residents would be entitled to freehold property rights.

At the same time, the director-general of Co-operation and Development, Mr Gilles van de Wall, said the Mariannahill Mission Institute would handle the redevelopment of the area and had raised money overseas for the task.

Yesterday a spokesman for the institute, Fr John Bouma, said work would start on the development immediately a formal agreement between the Department of Co-operation and Development and the institute had been finalised.

'The draft agreement

has been going to and fro with various changes for some time,' he said.

'I hope it will not be long anymore.'

Negotiations over the agreement had already begun when the Government made its announcement in April 1984.

St Wendolin's redevelopment scheme makes provision for more than 2 500 serviced sites. There are already about 1 250 dwellings, ranging from shacks to substantial brick houses, housing about 12 000 people.

The Government's announcement last year marked the culmination of a 20-year battle by residents and community organisations to get St Wendolin's declared a permanent black area.

A spokesman for the Ministry of Co-operation and Development, Mr Theo Kleyn, said negotiations between the Government and the Mariannahill Mission Institute were still continuing.

'No finality has been reached and it is impossible to say when finality will be reached,' he said.

NM 25/5/85

7K605
Thursday August 8 1985 3

Buthelezi warns of backlash

Argus Correspondent
DURBAN. — Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi last night expressed concern at what could happen if the anger of people being terrorised in the black townships around Durban were to "express itself in action".

Chief Buthelezi said blacks had for generations resented being terrorised by those who oppressed them and there was no way in which they would accept being terrorised by other blacks, "aided and abetted by misguided children and thugs that they are using to burn, maim and kill".

"I am troubled about the consequences of this thuggery, particularly if the anger of the people who are being terrorised expresses itself in action," he said.

TRANSPORTED

The Kwazulu Cabinet had information that young people who were in the townships of Kwamashu and Umlazi disrupting classes, intimidating businessmen and burning public buildings were being transported from the surrounding areas of Lamontville and Chertville.

Chief Buthelezi gave his condolences to the children of Mrs Victoria Mxenge, the civil rights lawyer who was murdered last week.

"I am surprised by the manner in which certain elements are exploiting Mrs Mxenge's tragic death to promote anarchy in Umlazi.

He rejected as a lot of "hogwash" attempts to present this kind of political thuggery as the black liberation struggle.

Sapa reports that the Chief Minister of the House of Delegates, Mr Amichand Rajbansi, said he was "personally monitoring" the position of Indians fleeing from the troubled Indian area to the neighbouring Indian township of Phoenix.

FLEEING

Mr Rajbansi said he was keeping in touch with police about the safety of the fleeing people.

A Durban spokesman for the United Democratic Front, Mr Billy Nair, today denied that his organisation was responsible for the outbreak of violence in Durban townships.

He said it appeared that a boycott of classes by the Congress of South African Students (Cosas) to protest against the death Mrs Mxenge had been "exploited by an element of hooligans and looters".

Traders free to return to riot-torn township, says minister

Uninsured Inanda Indians to be compensated for homes

Mercury 14/8/85

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Mercury Reporter

MOST Indians whose houses or shops were looted and burned at Inanda will be compensated by the Government, Mr Boetie Abramjee, Budget Minister, said yesterday.

Mr Abramjee and Mr Amichand Rajbansi, chairman of the Minis-

ters' Council, fly to Pretoria today for talks with the Minister of Co-operation and Education, Dr Gerrit Viljoen, about the violence in Durban's black townships and the Indian victims from Inanda.

'Recently forms were handed to Indians at Inanda in which they were asked to fill in the value of their properties, unrest, he said.

houses, and improvements,' Mr Abramjee said. Many of the forms had not yet been returned.

The House of Delegates, in conjunction with the Department of Co-operation and Education, will decide on a formula to compensate those people who had not sent their forms but had lost their houses during the unrest, he said.

Mr Abramjee said that affected Indian traders at Inanda would have to motivate their own claims and submit them to the Department of Co-operation and Education for compensation.

He said some traders in the area were covered by insurance and would not be entitled to compensation from the Government.

Commenting on claims by Indians that they would return to Inanda if they were compensated, Mr Abramjee said the House of Delegates could not stop people from re-turning to the ravaged area.

'If the traders and families want to return they are entitled to do so,' he said.

Meanwhile, the official

death roll from the riots stood at 70 last night, of which 37 were the result of police action, a police spokesman in Pretoria said.

He said calm had slowly returned to most black townships in Durban.

However, there were isolated incidents of looting and burning of houses and business premises in Kwa Mashu and Umlazi.

Diakonia reported that it had received several requests for help from people whose houses had been petrol-bombed yesterday.

Mr Rajbansi announced yesterday that many of the Indian victims of Inanda who were accommodated at two halls in Phoenix were being moved into better temporary accommodation.

Rents

Several people told the Mercury yesterday that they had had offers of houses in Phoenix, but the deposits and rents were beyond their reach.

Mr Mohan Singh said he had been asked for a deposit of R1 382 and was told that he had to earn R380 a month to qualify and would have to pay a monthly rent of R95.

Yesterday Indians were escorted by police to salvage their belongings from burned or looted homes in Inanda.

All of them were disarmed by the police before being taken into the township.

Many families retrieved some of their furniture and appliances from the homes of blacks who had taken care of the goods during the looting.

Mr Ram Mohan said he was surprised when a black man told him all his belongings were safe and that he had stored them.

The Haffajee family, which lost four of their shops at Inanda, have re-opened the only Indian-owned shop in the area which was left intact. The shop — opposite the Inanda Police Station — was supported by blacks yesterday.

Burned

Mr Mahomed Asmal, whose shop and modern home at Inanda were burned down during the unrest, claimed yesterday he was one of the lucky few who had both his shop and house covered by insurance.

'When trouble broke out at Kwa Mashu I asked my broker to insure the house and three days later he telephoned and said the house and shop were covered by insurance,' said Mr Asmal. Both were burned down the same evening.

In Umlazi the home of the chairman of the Umlazi Residents' Association, Mr David Gasa, was petrol-bombed.

Mr Gasa said he had returned from Mrs Victoria Mxenge's funeral in King William's Town late on Monday night and had just fallen asleep when a loud crash woke him.

He said his wife, Rosalia, had received a threatening telephone call before the attack warning her that Umlazi was going to be cleared of all United Democratic Front leaders.

In another incident in Umlazi, a butchery was attacked and set alight.

Black councillors seeking protection

Mercury Reporter

THE Ningizimu Community Council in Durban has called for police protection of members' homes because of the current disturbances.

The matter was discussed at a council meeting recently. It was decided to send a delegation of three or four councillors to the Cato Manor police station to make representations to the station commander.

Mr E T Ngobeni, vice-chairman of the council, said that apart from re-

ceiving police protection, the councillors wanted to be compensated for losses suffered when their properties and homes were set alight.

He said the Natalia Development Board was only concerned about repairing damaged houses and did not take into account personal belongings inside the houses.

'We want to be given the same protection that is afforded white leaders in cases of unrest. We want this protection because our functions are the same as theirs.'

Township gets mobile police office

Pietermaritzburg

23/9/85 - Bureau

THE Mpophomeni township near Howick which has been the scene of recent disturbances, now has its own police detachment. *Moury*

A mobile police station was inaugurated on Saturday by Brig Mulder van Eyk, Divisional Commissioner, Natal Inland, at an informal ceremony attended by the Mayor of Howick, Mr Lance Turnbull, Town Clerk Ron Robbins and senior SAP officers from Pietermaritzburg and Howick.

The new station will be open all day every day and will be manned by eight policemen with a warrant-officer in charge.

Power switch in black areas

Mercury Reporter

DURBAN is to take over the distribution of electricity to individual consumers in the KwaZulu areas of Umlazi, Kwa Mashu, Ntuzuma and Kwa Makuta.

This will add about R2 to the monthly electricity account of consumers in these areas and could lead to a 1 to 2 percent increase in tariffs in the next few years for other consumers served by Durban.

The takeover of the service was approved in principle by the city council yesterday but municipal and KwaZulu officials must still negotiate the details of the takeover.

In the past Durban has supplied bulk power to these areas but KwaZulu has been responsible for its reticulation. However limited KwaZulu funds mean that prospective consumers have to wait a long time for such a service.

Manco chairman Mrs Sybil Hotz said the efficient supply of electricity was important for these areas as the lack of it inhibited industrial and commercial development.

Electricity was also important for study purposes, she said.

Only 24 percent of the people living in the affected KwaZulu areas have electricity, she said.

The plan has the approval of the people and administration of KwaZulu.

A combined report by the City Treasurer and City Electrical Engineer said although a moderate increase in tariffs was possible it was desirable that all consumers in the electricity supply zone be handled by a single supply authority with the same tariffs.

Adoption of such a system would also result in a more efficient and economical supply system for the zone as a whole, it said.

'Gains from a more efficient reticulation system could ultimately offset the short-term disadvantage of a possible small rise in tariffs by taking over responsibility for individual consumers in KwaZulu,' it said.

Six die as Zulu warriors run wild

CANL T.M.S 30/9/85

JOHANNESBURG. — At least six people died when Zulu warriors, some in full battle regalia, fought local youths in Durban's Lamontville township on Saturday. Twelve people, including a three-year-old child, were injured.

Lamontville residents said warriors took to the streets with fighting sticks and assegais, beating up people and smashing windows.

Many of them wore traditional Zulu battle regalia including skin skirts, beads and ankle rattles and carried cowhide shields.

Elsewhere in the country, police said they shot and killed a black man at Dordrecht, near East London, on Saturday when he fire-bombed a school and two whites were injured, when blacks attacked their car on a public highway near King William's Town.



Chief Buthelezi at the Umlazi rally.

According to a police spokesman, Mr V L Stotter and Mr R E Tooze fled when

a crowd stoned them and set fire to their vehicle.

In KwaZakele outside Port Elizabeth on Friday night, two soldiers were injured, one seriously, when a petrol bomb exploded in a Buffel armoured vehicle.

A Defence Force spokesman said last night Rifleman A H Coetzee of Brakpan and Rifleman G Maree of Johannesburg were in a satisfactory condition in Port Elizabeth Hospital.

A man has been arrested in connection with the incident, police said.

At Cathcart, also in the Eastern Cape, police opened fire on a crowd of blacks throwing petrol bombs at a private house. One man was killed, a police spokesman said.

The new deaths were reported as South Africa entered the 11th week of a state of emergency aimed at crushing year-long unrest that has seen about 720 people killed.

Fighting erupted in Lamontville, outside Durban, as the Zulu monarch, King Goodwill Zwelithini, and Chief Gatsha Buthelezi addressed about 10 000 tribesmen at a rally in memory of Shaka, founder of the Zulu nation.

Chief Buthelezi arrived wearing a leopardskin headband and a necklace of lion claws and carrying a shield and fighting sticks.

He donned a leopardskin cape before he addressed the crowd in Durban's strife-torn Umlazi township where dozens of blacks died in internecine fighting last month.

"I do not want to leave this place if there is any doubt about my leadership," he said to cheering supporters.

Three-quarters of the way through Chief Buthelezi's speech, three busloads of amabutho (warriors) — among them a top Inkatha official — in tribal dress and many of them armed, left the Umlazi stadium and crossed the freeway into neighbouring Lamontville.

As he spoke, the warriors battled UDF supporters in Lamontville, stabbing four people to death, smashing windows and furniture in houses and injuring residents.

At least 12 people, including a three-year-old girl, were admitted to King Edward VII Hospital. Two of them had bullet wounds. According to hospital sources, one of the 12 was critically injured.

Men stoned and burnt

Two dead men, believed to be Inkatha members, were burnt in the fighting.

The body of one of the victims lay smouldering in the middle of the road almost an hour after he had been stoned to death and set alight.

In further violence in the troubled region, about 30 black children were injured when a bomb exploded in a toilet at Umlazi's Executive Hotel about 5.30pm yesterday.

According to the manager of the hotel, Mr Peter Davidson, a loud bang shook the building, creating chaos among about 150 children who were attending a "children's day" at the hotel.

About 30 of them suffered cuts from the flying glass and were treated by nurses and parents on the scene. — UPI, Sapa and Own Correspondent

● Buthelezi, King Goodwill attack ANC, page 2

Jorac rejects call to remove Xundu

Political Reporter

THE Joint Rent Action Committee (Jorac) has rejected accusations that its deputy chairman, Rev Mcebisi Xundu, had fomented violence in Lamontville township and said it had full confidence in his leadership.

Jorac reacted in a statement to a call by a delega-

tion from the SJ Smith Hostel on Anglican Bishop Michael Nuttal to remove Rev Xundu from Lamontville near Durban.

Rev Xundu, who was detained earlier this month under Section 29 of the Internal Security Act, is also the Natal chairman of the United Democratic Front.

sday, October 15, 1985

5

Council moves to regain control of Sobantu Village

Mercury
341 15/10/85
Pietermaritzburg
Bureau

THE Pietermaritzburg City Council is to take urgent steps to have Sobantu Village township on the outskirts of the capital brought under its control again.

The council decided by a majority vote yesterday to make urgent representations to the authorities concerned for the re-incorporation of Sobantu within the city of Pietermaritzburg and under its authority.

The State excised the township from the city

some years ago and placed it under the control of the former Drakensberg Administration Board, now the Natalia Development Board.

Yesterday the chairman of the Finance Committee, Miss Pamela Reid, said the land was owned by the council and the people of Sobantu lived and worked in the city.

For many years it had been a showpiece of black urban living but was today 'a village gravely in need of upgrading', Miss Reid said.

R108 million housing plan hangs in balance

Rive delivers his ultimatum

5/11/85 Stan

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~~41~~

By Michael Chester

Housing supremo Mr Louis Rive has threatened to quit as chief of the kwaZulu/Natal Planning Council if an initial R108 million package of recommendations is spiked.

Mr Rive, former Postmaster-General and chairman of the Greater Soweto Planning Council, was made head of the Natal council by Dr Piet Koornhof, Minister of Development and Co-operation, and Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi, Chief Minister of kwaZulu, in mid-1984.

He delivered the ultimatum in

Johannesburg last night after he had been presented with the Allied Building Society special "Visionary of the Year" award for his work on black housing programmes.

He said a total of 70 priority projects had been listed in an interim report that had been approved by the kwaZulu Government but now depended on a final decision.

"It would be a pity if, because of financial or other reasons, problems should be encountered with the implementation of this first instalment of recommendations aimed at enhancing the quality of life of some two million blacks," he said.

"Tragically, we can no longer look for assistance from overseas.

"If only I could lay hands on the money now being unavoidably but unproductively spent on efforts to maintain law and order!

"If we are unable to implement the recommendations then there will be no sense in completing the total planning package envisaged by my council and which will obviously require much more capital.

"It would be unwise to pursue a course by which false hopes and expectations are raised — and I will not be party to it".

● See Page 13.

Rive says he'll quit if jobs plan is stalled

by Michael Chester

At least 10 000 new jobs could be jeopardised if first moves with a master plan for black advancement in Natal and kwaZulu run into a barrier of red tape and political bickering, the kwaZulu/Natal Planning Council supremo said in Johannesburg earlier this week.

And Mr Louis Rive said he would quit if the R108 million employment programme got bogged down.

Mr Rive, the former Postmaster General, delivered his ultimatum to business leaders at the *Sunday Star*/Allied Building Society banquet.

He said that if initial recommendations were not implemented "it will be unwise to pursue a course by which false hopes and expectations are raised, and I will not be party to it".

The full details of the proposals have yet to be revealed but it is known they include at least 70 major projects in areas that spread from Greater Durban along the Indian Ocean coastline and deep into inland Natal.

PREPARED

Mr Rive appears reasonably content about the outcome of the masterplans he prepared for Soweto, which have given a R400 million spurt to electrification and housing programmes, and the Eastern Cape, where he recommended a R396 million development scheme around Port Elizabeth and Uitenhage.

But in the kwaZulu/Natal assignment, insiders fear he has run into a possible bureaucratic knot.

Mr Rive has ignored administrative and political boundaries and instead concentrated on a masterplan for black advancement in the region as a whole.

He estimates about two million blacks will benefit from community projects that are added to housing and jobs programmes, new bus services and so on.

The Natal plan now has to find a way through a complex web of boundaries and bureaucracy. Each element in the interim plan has been interwoven in a way that will demand a rubber stamp of approval from each of the authorities. A Government spokesman said yesterday: "The Department of Development Aid and the Department of Constitutional Development and Planning are giving urgent attention to the recommendations." Mr Rive said yesterday that he preferred to add no comment at the moment but would make a decision on his role by the year's end — all depending on whether the first recommendations had been bogged down in indecision or had managed to break through the red tape.

Decision

MERCURY
soon on
26/11/85
funds for
townships

Political Reporter

THE Government will decide within the next 10 days whether any more money is to be made available for the upgrading of townships in Natal.

It announced last week that Natal would get only R214 000 of the R155 000 million President Botha had promised for improving the quality of life in townships around the country.

Dr Louis Rive, head of the Natal-KwaZulu Planning Council, said he had spoken to Development Aid Minister Gerrit Viljoen and Constitutional Development and Planning Minister Chris Heunis about the possible allocation of more money for Natal.

Priority

He had been told the Cabinet would make a decision either tomorrow or at another meeting in December.

Earlier this month Dr Rive said he refused to be party to raising people's expectations if nothing concrete was to be done over the R107,6 million needed for 70 priority projects in Natal.

He revealed that the planning council was already working on the first draft of its final report to the Government.

'If things go well it should be available around May next year,' he said.

'But if money is not made available for the projects recommended in the interim report then we might have to consider whether it is wise to bring out a second report.

'It is entirely up to the Cabinet.'

CAPE TIMES 16/7/85
**Man hurt
in shootout**

(341)

Own Correspondent

DURBAN. — A man was seriously injured in a shootout between members of the "A-Team" vigilante group and rampaging youths in Cheshireville after the funeral of a slain trade unionist on Saturday.

A police van was also stoned, a police spokesman said.

After the funeral of unionist Mr Ian Zamisa, a group of youths stoned the home of a man said to belong to the A-Team.

Later the group clashed with people armed with bushknives and a shootout began between the groups.

A man believed to be a member of the A-Team was taken to King Edward VIII Hospital with bullet wounds.



at into taxis after Putco had withdrawn its buses from operating in the KwaMakutha, Folweni, Isipingo, Amanzimtoti and Umbumbulu districts.

Commuters stranded in bus dispute

Mercury Reporter

SEVERAL thousand commuters from KwaMakutha, Umbumbulu, Folweni, Isipingo and Amanzimtoti were left stranded at the Isipingo bus rank yesterday following the withdrawal of 65 Putco buses from the KwaMakutha depot.

Scores of commuters told the Mercury they had arrived late for work. The shortage of transport arose after the dismissal of 128 Putco drivers on Tuesday after a labour dispute.

Yesterday all Putco buses had been removed from the KwaMakutha depot in what a company spokesman described as 'purely a precautionary measure'.

The spokesman said the dispute centred around the newly introduced time-tables which had been ignored by the drivers.

In vain

He said in terms of their agreement with the drivers' union, the Transport and General Workers' Union, they still had an opportunity to negotiate with the company.

Commuters said the subsequent withdrawal of buses from service had left them stranded and taxis tried in vain to transport people to work.

Yesterday afternoon there was a scramble for taxis and long queues of passengers formed.

Isipingo taxi operators, who were reinforced by operators from neighbouring townships, reduced their fares to help commuters.

Commuters said they were greatly inconvenienced.

'Most of us buy weekly coupons but we had to pay from our pockets for alternative transport because Putco has withdrawn its buses. What is going to happen to our coupons which we would have used for a whole week?' asked one.

Putco officials could not be reached for comment last night.

10 000 new jobs on the way for Natal

WORK for 10 000 people will be created as a result of the Government giving the green light for 70 projects costing a total of R107,6 million.

They had been recommended by the Natal-KwaZulu Planning Council to upgrade living conditions of black people in the region.

The work is likely to affect millions of people in Natal and KwaZulu.

It includes the upgrading of vast squatter settlements in the Inanda area as well as projects in the greater Umlazi and Edenburg areas and 11 other townships around the province.

Improvements are also to be made to 19 migrant worker hostels.

Prompt

The projects were recommended by the Natal-KwaZulu Planning Council, headed by Dr Louis Rive, in its interim report to the Government this year.

Last month Dr Rive described the package as a first instalment and said that unless the recommendations won prompt Government approval he could see no point in his council continuing its work.

A joint statement by Constitutional Development Minister Mr Chris Heunis, the Minister of Education and Development Aid, Dr Gerrit Viljoen and the Chief Minister of KwaZulu, Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi, said approval had been granted for the proposals to be accepted in principle as basic guidelines for the implementation of initial development.

The proposals include 15 projects in the greater Inanda area, 12 in greater Umlazi, 13 in greater Edendale and 11 Natal

Mercury Reporter

townships — Bruntville (Mooi River), Inkanyesi (Colenso), Tembahlile (Glencoe), Sibongile (Dundee), Bhekuzulu (Vryheid), Chasterville (Gato Manor), Enlhalakhe (Greytown), Bhongweni (Kokstad), Steadville (Ladysmith), Matatiele, Shakaville (Stanger) — as well as 19 hostels in various centres.

A joint co-ordinating and project committee has been set up to implement projects. It would be chaired by the Department of Constitutional Development and Planning and would include representatives of the KwaZulu Government, the Natal Provincial Administration and the Department of Finance.

One of its first tasks would be to work out where the money would come from.

Upgrading

Meanwhile the Natal Development Board revealed yesterday that it would spend R4 600 000 during the current financial year upgrading facilities in the 18 townships under its control.

A spokesman for the board said that 1 400 people were to be employed in jobs specially created and another 2 159 were to be trained for other jobs.

The spokesman said the upgrading included repairs to homes, water drainage improvements and increased maintenance of sports fields and sports stadiums.

He said that R382 000 was to be spent on the upgrading of hostels administered by the board.

Chesterville's weeks of terror in the nights

IT IS the nights that are most terrifying for the residents of the Durban township of Chesterville.

People have been locking their doors and staying inside since the spate of killings, assaults, petrol bombings and stonings started three months ago.

Their fears stem from experiences like those of Chesterville youth leader Bongani Nxumalo.

Four days after the murder of his friend Ian Zamisa, organiser for the South African Allied Workers Union, people arrived at his home in the middle of the night.

They knocked on his door and said "Open up; we are from the police". He said he looked out and saw members of a vigilante group known as the A-team and police.

By ROGER SMITH and BILLY PADDOCK

"I kept silent. I did not want to respond because of what has been happening."

"They then started shaking the windows and doors and called out that they knew I was home. After I still did not come out, they fired teargas through the windows."

The men stayed outside for about two hours. When it started to get light, they left.

"We stayed inside even though the teargas was burning because if we went out we would have been killed."

"That's what they do — they chase you out of the house," he said, "and then as you run out they attack you."

A number of residents have had

such experiences allegedly involving A-team members and have now lodged a 38-page statement with the Attorney General for investigation.

The residents' claims include allegations that Ian Mtheku was shot, his throat was slit and his arms were hacked off after he was taken away by A-team members, allegedly in the presence of the police.

A-team members were said to have tortured Nhlanhla Hlongwane, cutting him and hitting him with bush knives and a sjambok.

Former Cosas members Zakhele Mambo, Schoolboy Moforeng and Percival Mpanza have all claimed assaults at the hands of A-team members.

A police representative said, "Any person who has reason to believe that there is legal cause for complaint can lodge an affidavit with the police through any of the existing channels. The allegations will be investigated."

The targeting of United Democratic Front members, trade unionists and students is seen by them to be a direct result of an inability by the police to quell unrest in the township, which borders the affluent white suburb of Westville.

Unlike Durban's other townships, many of which are in KwaZulu, there is no strong Inkatha presence in Chesterville.

One resident said "I believe the A-team was formed at the instigation of the authorities in order to get at youths who they thought were responsible for the unrest."

Chesterville was quiet during the August riots in Durban, but in September pupils at the senior secondary school went on boycott after the detention of one of their leaders.

During the boycott at least nine trucks, buses and cars were set alight, including the car of the local assistant director of Education and Training, Dan du Toit.

Part of the school was gutted late one night by fire and the violence spilled out of the township when youths stoned cars on the nearby Western Freeway.

The violence escalated with numerous homes being petrol-bombed and stoned, with shootouts in the streets, assaults and murders. A hand grenade was thrown into the home of a policeman but did not explode. At least eight people have died.

One student leader said youths had begun to retaliate to attacks on them in November, when an A-team member's house was petrol-bombed.

"We have approached the stage where we cannot run anymore. We are now staying and fighting back."

At the funeral of Ian Zamisa, Nxumalo called for all the township's residents to stand together against the A-team. "Those people who were peeping out at us from behind their curtains when we marched down the road should be here with us now."

However, many residents are terrified of being seen taking sides. One woman who refused to be named said people in the township were scared to talk to each other about what was going on.

"We just greet each other and say nothing more. When my husband and I get home from work we close the door and don't go out."

"I hope and pray that my son doesn't go running around the township getting mixed up in these things."



Home-made revolver tucked in his belt, a Pondo leader waits for his Zulu foe to return.

Grenades in faction war

KWAZULU police confiscated two hand grenades in arrests after faction fighting which left at least six dead at the weekend.

Deputy Commissioner of Police for KwaZulu, Colonel Sipho Mathe, said the discovery of the grenades — rusty and full of sand — in the pockets of two men during follow-up operations after the fight was "a very worrying development".

Fighting between the Mbatha and Qulunga clans in the remote Okhukhu area of Mhlabatini district in northern KwaZulu broke out on Sunday morning and lasted about an hour. Mathe, who is heading investigations into the fighting, said tension had been simmering between

The bodies all had bullet or knife wounds and none of the dead found so far had been killed by grenades.

Most of the "warriors" had fled into the hills or left for their workplaces in Johannesburg or other centres, Mathe said, but 100 police were tracking down those still in the area; a helicopter was used to search the mountains near Okhukhu. By mid-week 20 people from the Mbatha clan had been arrested.

Mathe said he hoped to initiate "peace talks" involving the local indunas, the chief and the magistrate as soon as police had completed their investigations.

By CARMEL RICKARD

Cops' teargas destroyed my R150 000 home — father

By SIBUSISO MNCADI
COPS caused R150 000 damage to his house and property by setting it alight with teargas canisters, a resident of Sinbangile outside Dundee claims. Cops have admitted fir-

ing three teargas canisters into 58-year-old Barnard Shongwe's house at 950 Madondo Street on January 8.

But the cops claim the canisters could not have set the house alight — as they had been used several times before without causing a fire.

They claim the house had already been petrol-bombed when they arrived. A Major Brandt said the cops had fired the canisters into Shongwe's home because they thought "the crowd putting out the fire" were "rioters or trouble-makers".

Shongwe — whose 13-member family is now crammed into a two-roomed house — is adamant the cops were responsible for the destruction of his home.

Shongwe's daughter Mingei Hlela, in whose bedroom the fire started, said cops stopped the neighbours from extinguishing the fire.

"Something was shot into the bedroom. It suddenly bulged, filling the room with smoke."

"I was burnt as I scrambled to save my 18-month-old baby, Sinehenba," she said.

5, February 2nd, 1986

THE cry "Ayithelwa" (we won't pay) has become a popular slogan for residents of Sibongile outside Dundee, who this week entered their tenth month of a rent boycott.

Now Sibongile, in the heart of KwaZulu, has come to be regarded as the "liberated zone of the north" by neighbouring black communities.

Despite a recent court ruling - asked for by landlords Natalia Development Board - in favour of rent payment, defiant residents are determined to go ahead with the boycott.

The rent increase by NDB from R23 to R28 last April sparked off what became the first unrest incident in Natal.

The unrest in Sibongile shocked many observers, who thought Natal would not be affected by unrest because of the "strong leadership" of Inkatha's Chief Gatsha Buthelezi.

Sibongile residents have demanded proper services in the township, and have said their houses are not fit for people to live in.

They also claim that despite undertakings by the township authorities, no taps have been installed in the houses. And the only communal tap in each street is shared by more than 20 families.

By SIBUSISO MNGADI

The township still uses the toilet bucket system.

Sibongile Civic Association vice-chairman Torrolo Khanyende said the SCA has sent a memorandum to Constitutional Planning Minister Chris Heunis, asking him to attend to resi-

dents' grievances.

Khanyende said his executive committee had suffered "severe harassment" by security police, who have detained them several times since the SCA's formation last year.

The commission of inquiry held in December issued a "warrant of execution" authorising the NDB to recover the rent arrears - leaving many people in fear

of what could happen to their property while they were at work.

The commission also found that the NDB had followed all suitable channels when increasing rentals - the April increase was therefore valid.

Local chief Alex Sithole, 51, supported the residents' boycott action and condemned the living conditions. He has also not paid

his rent, despite being subjected to threats of eviction.

Chief Sithole has vowed he would never betray his people. "I am prepared to die for their cause," he said.

He accused the board of by-passing him.

He said because of his outspoken views against injustice, the authorities preferred to talk to "unpopular and unrepresentative" councillors.

Other residents told City Press that since the beginning of the rent boycott, the conditions in the township have become "more deplorable".

★ **CONTROVERSIAL** Butterworth mayor De Villiers Qunda has resigned after a dispute with residents. Qunda was accused of favouring people in the allocation of houses.

'Ayithelwa' is their cry

2/2/86
341
CITY P.

Mine's consumer boycott to end

By HERMAN LETSIE

THE consumer boycott on three concession stores on the Libanon Gold mine near Westonaria will be lifted on March 1.

The Libanon branch of

the National Union of Mineworkers called the boycott in December because of the "gross exploitation" of workers.

The boycott followed complaints that:

● Prices were high com-

pared to those of Westonaria shops;

● GST was charged on all goods at the concession stores;

● Food sold to workers was not fresh, and;

● Workers were treated disrespectfully by store owners.

Several meetings between NUM's executive committee and management ended in deadlock, said NUM branch chairman Aubrey Muntwana.

PRICE

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**Don't miss City Press on Sunday for the name of
the Footballer of the Year!**
★ Full details on the Back Page

By SIBUSISO MNCADI

A GROUP of Lamontville residents marched to the local police station this week and opened fire – challenging the cops to a gun battle.

Before the drama a grenade was thrown at an unidentified cop in a patrol vehicle in the township.

He was not injured.

Residents then marched to the police station – and started firing.

There were no casualties. Minor damage was caused.

Cops returned fire with birdshot and teargas. The type of weapons used by the attackers are unknown.

Police headquarters in Durban confirmed the incident.

Meanwhile, Lamontville and Clermont are being heavily patrolled by troops and police casspirs after the eruption of violence triggered by the recent bus fare increase by three major bus companies.

In another incident, an army vehicle was petrol bombed, injuring two soldiers in Clermont near Pinetown.

There are conflicting reports on what happened.

Speaking from Addington Hospital after suffering 15 percent burns on his face, arms, hands and chest, airman Kevin Nel, 21, said he and Steven Gooderson, 21, were attacked by a crowd in Blair Athol Road in New Germany.

But cops said their burnt-out car was found at the corner of Kings Road and North Road in Clermont.

Eye-witnesses said the two soldiers were stoned and petrolbombed as they pulled away from a local dagga joint at the corner of Kings Road and North Road.

Nel and Gooderson, both of Durban, claim they had gone to pick up a friend in Pinetown on their way to a

Cops dared to gun battle



CITY P
9/2/86



camp in Bloemfontein.

Witnesses said near a stop street in Clermont the soldiers were confronted by a large group of youths who had earlier stoned several Durban Corporation buses.

Two petrol-bombs were thrown into their car, followed by stones.

The youths shouted "kill the SB's". One occupant struggled to get out. By the time he freed himself the top of his body had already caught fire.

They were chased down the road into the traffic. A motorist pulled them into his car and raced off.

Arrests were made in both incidents.

According to Durban Transport Board general manager Marshal Cuthbert 25 buses were stoned causing damage estimated at R80 000.

Hill Street blues

FINH4C
21/2/86

If Umhlanga's plan to create pedestrian malls has run into snags (*Property* January 24), the town should spare a thought for poor old Pinetown where the concept has been a burning issue for close on 20 years.

Last week consultants took the wraps off the latest plan to turn Hill Street and parts of Pinetown's main thoroughfare, Crompton Street, into a pedestrian mall. It was like opening up an old wound.

Traders in particular, recalling an earlier botched attempt to summarily close off the streets, distanced themselves from the plan. Borough officials, fearing another controversy, also back-tracked, expressing doubt whether the town had the resources to fund the project and suggesting that further expert opinion should be called for.

That could successfully forestall any decision on the issue for another 20 years. But there is a strong body of opinion, including the consultant responsible for the plan, which feels a decision on the issue is vital and that Pinetown procrastinates at its peril.

The major concern is the plan announced recently by Retail International (RI) for a 33 000 m² shopping complex in Kings Road (*Property* January 17). Many, quite justifiably, feel the centre, with Pick 'n Pay as the major, 25 000 m² of line shops and parking for 1 200 cars, could present a serious challenge to the CBD itself.

Parking is already in short supply in central Pinetown. If RI's development is left to go unchallenged by, say, a bold plan to create pedestrian malls, it could merely accelerate the drift of shoppers away from the CBD.

Says consultant architect Derek Sherlock: "I believe it is imperative that the council makes a start on this plan and gets it done in the shortest possible implementation period."

If cash really is a problem, Sherlock suggests that Pinetown could get over it by tackling the project in "bite-size chunks." It could, he says, follow Durban's example by "taking a few small areas and paving and lighting them properly."

Parking, Sherlock believes, would be critical to the success of any pedestrian plan. The council, he notes, already owns land zoned for parking development at both ends of Hill Street, in Chapel Lane and Moodie Street, that would be ideal.

management, teacher training and organised teaching profession;

Mr C Hickling: school boards of control;

Dr G A Hosking: school education in general and particularly for Whites, as well as education management;

Mr L Kriel: the education and training requirements of an important business sector;

Mrs D J le Roux: non-formal education and youth movements;

Dr S K Maseke: school education in general and particularly for Blacks, as well as education management;

Mr A M Muller: school education in general and particularly for Coloureds, as well as education management;

Dr G K Nair: school education in general and particularly for Indians, as well as education management;

Mr J Ndlovu: school education in general and particularly for Blacks, as well as education management;

Mr M C O'Dowd: support for education by the private sector and the requirements of employers;

Rev I Petersen: parent involvement in education particularly in the Coloured community;

Sister E Quinlan: private education;

Prof H W Rossouw: universities;

Prof S J Schoeman: education in general and teacher training;

Dr T C Shippey: technical and technological education;

Dr H J S Stone: education management and comparative education;

Dr J A S van Niekerk: non-formal education, particularly the requirements of the agricultural sector;

Dr J B Z Louw: an officer in the employment of the State appointed as Executive Officer of the Council.

(2) Yes. A basis for the remuneration of members is being considered by Treasury.

(3) No. The Act does not provide for the dismissal of members.

(a) and (b) Fall away.

(4) Yes. In constituting a ministerial advisory body attention is given to the collective expertise of the body. The Council is fortunate in having a number of members with formal qualifications in education. Those members who do not have such qualifications represent in turn fields of expertise which often result from years of experience. A life-history of each member was obtained. The members of the Council were appointed after consultation with the other Education Ministers. At the same time it was established that the composition of the Council complied with Government policy contained in paragraph 4.4.2(c) of the White Paper on the Provision of Education in the RSA, 1983.

ANSWERS 4/3/86
Natalia Development Board: Chief Director
36. Mr G B D McINTOSH asked the

Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

(1) Whether the Chief Director of the Natalia Development Board has held any meetings with the Sobantu Committee of Twelve since 1 November 1985; if so, when;

(2) whether the Chief Director was present for the full duration of these meetings; if not, why not;

(3) whether the Chief Director laid down any conditions for his attendance at future meetings; if so, (a) what conditions and (b) why?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

(1) Yes. On 3 February 1986. It was not a formal meeting but he met the Sobantu Committee of Twelve as inhabitants of the township to discuss certain matters.

(2) The Chief Director as Chairman was present until the discussion was terminated by him as a result of alleged personal and unwarranted attacks on him which made any further discussions impossible.

(3) Yes.

(a) Conditional upon the person being responsible for the incident in (2) not being present at future discussions unless an apology is tendered for his behaviour.

(b) See 3(a) above.

ANSWERS 4/3/86
Prisoners: unit cost
437. Mrs H SUZMAN asked the Minister of Justice:

What was the unit cost per prisoner per day in 1985?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND WATER SUPPLY (for the Minister of Justice):

As the 1985/86 financial year has not been closed, it is not possible to calculate an exact figure at this stage. At present the estimated cost per prisoner per day is R8,71.

Members of Parliament: motor vehicles

ANS. 4/3/86
38. Mr D J N MALCOMESS asked the Minister of Transport Affairs:

(1) whether any motor vehicles belonging to Members of Parliament were transported to Cape Town for the 1986 session by the South African Transport Services at the expense of Parliament; if so,

(2) whether any of these motor vehicles were damaged en route; if so, (a) how many, (b) what was the cause of the damage and (c) what total amount will have to be paid by the South African Transport Services to repair this damage?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS (for the Minister of Transport Affairs):

(1) Yes.

(2) Yes.

(a) Five.

(b) Tarpaullins/dust covers that came undone en route and the handling of a truck canopy at the loading station.

(c) R3 791,29 in respect of four claims. The fifth claim is still being processed.

ANSWERS 4/3/86
Municipalities: profit margins
39. Mr L F STOFBERG asked the Minister of Finance:

(1) Whether the Government has at any

- (a) (i) Schools
(ii) Houses
(b) The Building/maintenance of Roads and Drains
(c) Electricity/Streetlights
(d) Other amenities and services

Total

	Lwandle	Mfuleni	Worcester
	R	R	R
(a) (i) Schools	—	—	—
(ii) Houses	—	—	—
(b) The Building/maintenance of Roads and Drains	—	—	—
(c) Electricity/Streetlights	43 477	10 000	—
(d) Other amenities and services	—	1 470	7 930
	—	66 939	37 883
Total	R43 477	R78 409	R45 813

Bongweni/Brentville/Mvana: improvements
215. Mr R W HARDINGHAM asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning

Whether any improvements were carried out in the Black townships of (a) Bongweni (Kokstad), (b) Brentville and (c) Mvana (Howick) in the latest specified period of 12 months for which figures are available; if so, (i) what was the nature of these improvements and (ii) what amount was expended in each case?

THE MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

(a) and (b) Yes, projects for the upgrading of Bongweni (Kokstad) and Brentville (Mooi River) are at present under way.

(a) *Bongweni*

(i) Project	(ii) Amount
Renovation of hostel	R26 800
Installation of stoves (Hostel)	R30 200
Fencing of reservoir and Community hall	R20 000

(b) *Brentville*

Servicing of 100 sites	R350 000
Upgrading of soccer field and new tennis court	R 26 000
Stormwaterdrainage	R 20 000

(c) No upgrading in respect of Kwa Mvana (Howick) has as yet been commenced with as the retention of

this urban Black township is still under consideration.

Decentralisation incentive benefits
238. Mr A SAVAGE asked the Minister of Trade and Industry:

Whether any industries that have been awarded decentralisation incentive benefits (a) have had these incentive benefits (i) removed and (ii) reduced, (b) were place-bound industries and (c) have since ceased to operate; if so, how many in each case?

THE MINISTER OF TRADE AND INDUSTRY:

(a) (i) A total number of 92 firms have been notified that the incentives which they presently enjoy will be phased out over a period of two years ending on 31 August 1987 and, in the case of one company, on 30 June 1987. In the case of a number of firms falling under the sawmilling industry the incentives will be withdrawn only in respect of part of their production, namely wet sawmilling which does not qualify for incentives while certain secondary stages of processing do qualify.

(ii) A total of 122 firms have been notified that certain components of the incentives package granted to them will be phased out. In the case of producers of cer-

tain cement products and tombstone manufacturers the transport rebates will be withdrawn on 31 August 1987 and in the case of industries established at Coloured and Indian preference employment points the long term incentives will be withdrawn on 29 February 1988.

(b) The withdrawal of the incentives of the 92 firms mentioned in (a)(i) above and of 38 of the firms mentioned in (a)(ii) above, ie a total of 130 firms, is being effected in terms of multi-lateral guidelines on the consideration of applications for incentives by raw material orientated and locally-bound industries as well as on the basis of a decision by the Government in 1984 to phase out the incentives of existing industries falling in the two categories.

(c) The Decentralisation Board is not aware of any firm closing down its operations as a direct result of having to forfeit part or all of its decentralisation incentives.

Q. COL 546

Natalia Development Board
244. Mr R W HARDINGHAM asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

Whether the Natalia Development Board paid any subsidies to community councils of Black townships in the 1984-85 financial year; if so, (a) what are the names of the townships concerned, (b) what was the total amount paid in respect of each such township and (c) for what specified purposes were these subsidies paid in respect of each such township?

THE MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

Yes.

(a)	(b)
Colenso	R 84 680
Dundee	376 360

(c) To compensate community councils for deficits on their general accounts.

Trespass

254. Mrs H SUZMAN asked the Minister of Justice:

How many (a) Whites, (b) Coloured, (c) Indians and (d) Blacks were convicted of trespass in 1984 and 1985, respectively, in (i) each of the main urban centres and (ii) the Republic?

THE MINISTER OF JUSTICE:

The information is not readily available.

Squatters
Q. COL 546

261. Mr K M ANDREW asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

Whether officials of his Department or any Development Board took any steps in respect of shelters of squatters in 1985; if so, (a) what steps, (b) how many shelters in respect of each specified Development Board area were effected by these steps and (c) where were these shelters situated in each case?

THE MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

Yes, officials of the development boards listed in items (b) and (c) hereunder.

(a) Certain squatters were warned to remove their shelters or were given written notice to do so within 21 days and to obtain accommodation where their residence would not be illegal.

Eastern Express R1 284,19
Boksburg Advertiser R1 284,19
Alberton Record R1 284,19
Rodepoort Record R1 284,19
Northcliff/Melville Times R1 284,19
Randburg Sun R1 284,19
Sowetan R1 539,00

Q COL 507 Administration costs
 17/3/86 341 284,19
 444 NSARD 17/3/86 341 284,19

139. Mr R R W HARDINGHAM asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

What were the administration costs in respect of each of the Black townships administered by the Natalia Development Board during the latest specified period of 12 months for which figures are available?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

Administration costs for the period 1 July 1984 to 30 June 1985:

BLACK TOWNSHIPS

SHAKAVILLE R R

(i) Administration costs 120 022
 (ii) Agency fees ... 504 092 = 624 114

HAMBANATI

(i) Administration costs 198 212
 (ii) Agency fees ... 1 075 306 = 1 273 518

NINGIZUMA

(i) Administration costs 1 650 438
 (ii) Agency fees ... 8 966 423 = 10 616 861

SHAYAMOYA

(i) Administration costs 37 275
 (ii) Agency fees ... 155 995 = 193 270

KLAARWATER

(i) Administration costs 147 345
 (ii) Agency fees ... 894 103 = 1 041 448

COLENSO

(i) Administration costs 22 382
 (ii) Agency fees ... 100 096 = 122 478

DANNHAUSER

(i) Administration costs 28 386
 (ii) Agency fees ... 133 060 = 161 446

DUNDEE

(i) Administration costs 128 823
 (ii) Agency fees ... 679 885 = 808 708

GLENCOE

(i) Administration costs 71 697
 (ii) Agency fees ... 458 554 = 530 251

GREYTOWN

(i) Administration costs 97 053
 (ii) Agency fees ... 449 259 = 546 312

KOKSTAD

(i) Administration costs 100 814
 (ii) Agency fees ... 415 957 = 516 771

LADYSMITH

(i) Administration costs 135 006
 (ii) Agency fees ... 507 900 = 642 906

MATATIELE

(i) Administration costs 30 458
 (ii) Agency fees ... 66 806 = 97 264

MOOIRIVIER

(i) Administration costs 79 824
 (ii) Agency fees ... 326 334 = 406 158

PAULPIETERSBURG

(i) Administration costs 35 997
 (ii) Agency fees ... 122 820 = 158 817

SOBANTU

(i) Administration costs 201 290
 (ii) Agency fees ... 732 225 = 933 515

VRVHEID

(i) Administration costs 116 501
 (ii) Agency fees ... 64 722 = 181 223

BERGVILLE/WINTERTON

(i) Administration costs 5 960
 (ii) Agency fees ... 12 464 = 18 424

CEDARVILLE

(i) Administration costs 10 876
 (ii) Agency fees ... 8 911 = 19 787

ESTCOURT

(i) Administration costs 33 256
 (ii) Agency fees ... 235 224 = 268 480

HOWICK

(i) Administration costs 16 273
 (ii) Agency fees ... 168 980 = 185 253

WEENEN

(i) Administration costs 15 835
 (ii) Agency fees ... 67 287 = 83 122

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

(i) and (ii) All the Boards do not keep the required statistics to 31 January 1986.

99-year leasehold scheme

149. Mr P R C ROGERS asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

(a) How many persons in each specified Development Board area applied for leases in terms of the 99-year leasehold scheme in 1985 and (b) how many applications were granted?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

West Rand Development Board

(a) 11 095.
 (b) 6 295.

East Rand Development Board

(a) 2 977.
 (b) 2 188.

Oranje-Vaal Development Board

(a) 986.
 (b) 985.

Southern Free State Development Board

(a) 2 769.
 (b) 533.

TRANSARD 17/3/86 QCOL 529

99-year leasehold scheme

145. Mr P R C ROGERS asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

How many houses (a) built and (b) sold in terms of the 99-year leasehold scheme were financed (i) by building societies and (ii) by means of private capital from the inception of this scheme to the latest specified date for which figures are available?

Uncertainty of blacks' future in Mariannhill area

ORMANDE POLLOK
Political Correspondent

THE future of the Greater Mariannhill area appears to be back in the melting pot in spite of last month's Government statement that blacks could have permanent residence there.

Mr Roger Burrows, Progressive Federal Party MP for Pinetown, is to seek an urgent meeting with Mr Chris Heunis, Minister of Constitutional Planning and Development, today to seek clarity on the situa-

tion. *Mercury*

Mr Burrows reacted strongly yesterday to a reply by Mr Heunis to a question in Parliament in which he said a black township was to be established in Greater Mariannhill area.

He said blacks were living all over the area, some in a part classified for coloureds and others in an area classified for Indians.

Now the Government wanted to establish a township in the area between St Wendolin's Ridge and Klaarwater.

No doubt

'Is the Government going to stick to its word, or, is it going to forcibly move the blacks from all over the Greater Mariannhill area into the new township?' asked Mr Burrows.

'From my contacts with the community, there is no doubt in their mind that their permanent residence was settled last month.'

Mr Heunis told Parliament: 'The Government has decided that, in the interests of orderly development of the area, St Wendolin's Ridge, Klaarwater and the intervening area will, as a matter of urgency, be developed into a black township.'

Asked if the permanent residence rights in the remaining areas of Greater Mariannhill would be affected, Mr Heunis said: 'Yes, because the areas have been proclaimed group areas for races other than black.'

Numerous representations had been received for blacks to reside anywhere in the area.

Mr Heunis said the latest decision would not prejudice continuing negotiations concerning the search for equitable solutions to the overall development problems of the sub-region.

†The MINISTER OF JUSTICE:

On 17 March 1986, the figures were as follows:

- (a) 249.
(b) 255.

South West Africa/Namibian prisoners

*30. Mrs H SUZMAN asked the Minister of Justice:

How many South West African/Namibian prisoners in South African prisons were serving sentences for crimes against the security of the State as at the latest specified date for which figures are available?

†The MINISTER OF JUSTICE:

None.

*31. Mr R M BURROWS—National Education [Reply standing over.]

QCS 603

Blacks

HANSARD 18/3/86

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*32. Mr R M BURROWS asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

- (1) Whether he issued a joint statement on or about 21 February 1986 on the permanence of Blacks in the Greater Marianhill area; if so, in conjunction with which other persons was the statement issued;

- (2) whether he intends establishing a Black township in the Republic in this area; if not, why not; if so, on what specified land;

- (3) whether the permanent residence rights of Blacks in the remaining areas of Greater Marianhill are to be affected as a result; if so, (a) why and (b) in what manner;

- (4) whether he has received any representations regarding the granting of

rights to Blacks to reside permanently in all remaining areas of Greater Marianhill; if so, (a) from whom, (b) when and (c) what was his response thereto;

- (5) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

- (1) Yes. In conjunction with Ministers B Dookie: House of Delegates and D M G Curry: House of Representatives.

- (2) Yes. The Government has decided that, in the interests of orderly development of the area, St Wendolin's Ridge, Klaarwater and the intervening area will, as a matter of urgency, be developed into a Black Township within the RSA.

- (3) Yes.

- (a) Because the areas have been proclaimed as group areas for races other than Black.

- (b) In terms of the provisions of the Group Areas Act.

- (4) Yes.

- (a) Numerous representations, of which the Marianhill Mission Institute's representation is the latest.

- (b) During December 1985.

- (c) This decision will not prejudice on-going negotiations concerning the search for equitable solutions to the overall development problems of the sub-region.

- (5) No.

Mr R M BURROWS: Mr Chairman, arising out of the reply of the hon the Deputy

Minister to paragraph (3) of the question, do I understand that the application of the Group Areas Act will mean that Blacks do not have permanent residence rights in the Greater Marianhill area contrary to the statement?

The DEPUTY MINISTER: Mr Chairman, the answer is "yes" because the areas have been proclaimed as group areas for races other than Black.

Mr R M BURROWS: Mr Chairman, further arising out of the reply of the hon the Deputy Minister, the statement issued by the hon the Minister stated that Blacks would have permanent residence rights, but now the hon the Deputy Minister is saying that they will not have permanent residence rights.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE: It seems to me that the answer of the hon the Deputy Minister is quite clear. Whether or not his reply is in conflict with somebody else's statement is a different question.

Death of certain flight engineer

*33. Mr P A MYBURGH asked the Minister of Defence:

- (1) Whether a certain flight engineer, whose name has been furnished to the South African Defence Force for the purpose of the Minister's reply, died at the end of December 1985; if so, (a) on what date, (b) where, (c) what was the cause of death and (d) what was his name;

- (2) whether this person was admitted to No 1 Military Hospital in December 1985; if so, (a) on what date and (b) why;

- (3) whether this person received any treatment at this hospital in December 1985 prior to his being so admitted; if so, (a) when, (b) from whom, (c) what were his symptoms and (d) for what illness was he treated;

- (4) whether the diagnosis concerning this

person was changed by doctors at this hospital; if so, (a) when, (b) what was the change in diagnosis and (c) why;

- (5) whether this person suffered kidney failure or required a kidney machine at any stage during his illness; if so, when;

- (6) whether No 1 Military Hospital has any kidney machines; if not, why not; if so, how many (a) kidney machines and (b) qualified or trained kidney machine operators are there at this hospital;

- (7) whether this person was connected to a kidney machine; if not, why not; if so, when;

- (8) whether this person was transferred to another hospital; if so, (a) on what date, (b) why and (c) to which hospital;

- (9) whether an investigation has been held into the circumstances surrounding the treatment and death of this person; if not, why not; if so, (a) what were the findings and (b) what action was taken as a result;

- (10) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

†The MINISTER OF DEFENCE:

- (1) Yes.

- (a) 30 December 1985.

- (b) H F Verwoerd Hospital, Pretoria.

- (c) Septicaemia, secondary to peritonitis and thrombo phlebitis of blood vessels of the colon.

- (d) The late Flight Sergeant Johann Manser.

- (2) Yes.

- (a) 24 December 1985.

to Question No 338 on 12 March 1985, statistics on commissioners' courts are now being kept by his Department; if not, why not; if so, how many cases were heard in each specified commissioners' court in 1985;

- (2) whether any of the defendants appearing before these courts in that year were legally represented; if so, how many;

- (3) (a) how many persons were found (i) guilty and (ii) not guilty, and (b) what was the total (i) amount imposed in fines, and (ii) number of days imposed by way of sentences, by these courts in 1985?

THE MINISTER OF JUSTICE:

- (1) No. The honourable member is referred to my answer to written Question No 35.
- (2) and (3) The information is not readily available.

Q 202 794 Executions
4/11/86 Mrs H SUTZMAN asked the Minister of Justice:

- (a) How many (i) males and (ii) females of each race group were executed in the Republic in 1985 and (b) for what crime or crimes had each death sentence been imposed?

THE MINISTER OF JUSTICE:

- (a) (i) 96 Black men were executed after having been convicted and sentenced to death for crimes committed against the following victims:

28 Black men
 17 Black women
 4 Coloured men
 2 Coloured women
 22 White men
 27 White women
 4 Indian men

35 Coloured men were executed after having been convicted and sentenced to death for crimes committed against the following victims:

12 Coloured men
 7 Coloured women
 1 Black man
 1 Black woman
 5 White men
 3 White women

5 White men were executed after having been convicted and sentenced to death for crimes committed against the following victims:

5 White men
 2 White women
 4 Black men

- (ii) A Black woman was executed after having been convicted and sentenced to death for a crime committed against a White woman.

- (b) (i) Murder

Black men 78
 Black women 1
 White men 5
 Coloured men 30

- (ii) Rape

Black men 4
 Coloured men 2

- (iii) Robbery with aggravating circumstances

Black men 3

- (iv) Numerous offences—

Murder (two counts), house-breaking with the intent to rob and robbery with aggravating circumstances
 Blackmen 2

Murder and robbery with aggravating circumstances

Black men 6
 Coloured men 3

Murder and rape

Black men 1

Robbery with aggravating circumstances and rape

Black men 1

Murder (two counts, robbery with aggravating circumstances, housebreaking with the intent to rob and robbery with aggravating circumstances)

Black men 1

Q 202 793
4/11/86 Natalia Development Board
27. Mr R A F SWART asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

- (1) (a) What was the total revenue generated through all channels for each specified township falling under the control of the Natalia Development Board in respect of the 1984-85 financial year, (b) in what manner was each specified amount of this revenue generated and (c) what was the total expenditure on (i) administration, (ii) development schemes and (iii) any other specified items in respect of each of these townships;

- (2) how much of this amount was spent on (a) the building and/or renovation of (i) schools and (ii) houses, (b) the building and/or maintenance of roads and drains, (c) the provision of electricity, including street lights, and (d) other specified amenities and services?

THE MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

The information required is of such an

enormous extent that it cannot reasonably be given in reply to a question. It consists of virtually the entire revenue and expenditure accounts of 21 townships and the reply would comprise approximately 50 typed pages in each of the official languages.

Q 202 794
4/11/86 Criminal Procedure Act
32. Mr A B WIDMAN asked the Minister of Justice:

In how many cases in 1985 (a) were persons referred for inquiry in terms of section 77 or 78 of the Criminal Procedure Act, No 51 of 1977, and (b) did the court find that persons were not capable of understanding the court proceedings or were not criminally responsible for their act as a result of mental illness or mental defects?

THE MINISTER OF JUSTICE:

- (a) 1 399.
- (b) 340.

Q 26/3/86
4/11/86 Mr P R C ROGERS asked the Minister of Education and Development Aid:

- (1) (a) What is the estimated population of Mgwalli and (b) in respect of what date is this information furnished;

- (2) whether any persons moved voluntarily from this area during the latest specified period of 12 months for which figures are available; if so, (a) when, (b) how many and (c) where did they settle;

- (3) whether any persons are currently moving voluntarily from the Mgwalli area; if so, how many persons is it anticipated will move voluntarily from this area?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND DEVELOPMENT AID:

- (1) (a) 1600 families.
- (b) April 1984.

Cape Times 17/4/86 (278) 344

Major swoop on Lamontville

DURBAN. — In a major security force operation, the police and South African Defence Force moved into trouble-torn Lamontville township yesterday.

Several hundred policemen and soldiers in Caspiers, Buffels and other vehicles sealed off the township at 2am, setting up roadblocks and searching vehicles and homes.

Twelve people were arrested for offences from possessing home-made weapons to dealing in dagga.

A large quantity of dagga, stolen property, firearms and home-made firearms were confiscated.

Captain Winston Heunis, a police spokesman for Port Natal, said the operation was aimed at restoring law and order.

Mrs Ella Nxana, chairman of the Ningizimu Community Council, said the operation was being carried out at the request of her council.

"The people of the township are tired of the unrest," said Mrs Nxana. — Sapa

Squatters raise fears in Phoenix

Mercury Reporter

THE Phoenix Settlement, which was founded by Mahatma Gandhi during his passive resistance campaign in Durban in 1904, is being taken over by black squatters.

During the past week, more than 30 shacks have mushroomed on the settlement and the owners of the property, the Phoenix Settlement Trust, have been warned by the black families that they will retaliate if they are stopped from

building their shacks there.

Mr Mewa Ramgobin, one of the trustees, told the Mercury yesterday that he feared that the settlement could become a sprawling shack land.

'We understand the plight of people in respect of housing and shortage of land, but the manner in which the settlement is being overrun leaves a lot to be desired.'

'The Phoenix Settlement was and is essentially a community-based institution designed by its founder and the trustees to serve the entire South African community. Overrunning it and building shacks on it is not one of the objectives.'

He said the blacks had threatened to burn down the clinic — the only building left on the settlement after the recent unrest in Inanda which resulted in the burning down of a number of buildings, including

the home of Mahatma Gandhi — if they were stopped from settling there.

The 30 ha settlement was founded by Mahatma Gandhi during his passive resistance campaign. It was there that the Natal Indian Congress was revived in 1971. The campaign for the release of imprisoned ANC leader Nelson Mandela was also started at the settlement during 1971.

An elderly resident at the settlement alleged that a black man was illegally selling plots to black squatters and they had been told that nobody would stop them from building their homes there.

Mr Ramgobin said he had not reported the matter to the police or other authorities because the trustees did not want to be a party to forced removals and evictions. He hoped that the illegal shack dwellers would reconsider their position and move voluntarily.

AGE

(H)



WesBank

Diagram 1399

v rates
own home

Blacks take over Indian area

N/M 13/5/84

341

Mercury Reporter

606

THE entire area of lower Inanda which was vacated by more than 2 500 Indians during last year's unrest was now occupied by blacks, mostly squatters, Mr Y S Chinsamy, chairman of the Phoenix-Inanda Relief Committee, said yesterday.

He said people from overcrowded squatter areas, desperately in need of shelter, had taken over Indian homes. 'More and more people are moving into the area, which has been declared a black release area,' he said. He said the Phoenix Settlement, comprising about 30 ha, also was being taken over by black squatters and several shacks had been erected there.

The squatters who arrive bearing arms

A SQUATTER village is mushrooming at the Gandhi settlement outside Durban which trustees of the settlement fear will become a "sinister informal army-style camp" for armed vigilantes.

Mewa Ramgobin, one of the trustees and an executive member of the Natal Indian Congress, said this week 40 shacks were going up simultaneously at the Phoenix settlement.

A further eight to 10 hectares had been "marked out" for additional squatter shacks, and he expected more building to begin very soon.

He said there was more to the new "development" than might appear, and he believed there were "sinister forces at work" behind the sudden arrival of armed squatters in the area.

In January the Phoenix Trust was asked to sell eight hectares to the Department of Development Aid to consolidate KwaZulu. Even earlier than this, the trust had been informed that if it did not sell, the land would be expropriated. The trust has so far refused to sell any land and the matter has been handed over to its lawyers.

"Since then the area in question has suddenly been occupied, so in fact the question of expropriation now becomes superfluous," Ramgobin said.

A week ago he was asked by an official of the Department of Development Aid to write a letter complaining about squatters living on the land so that they could be evicted, but this he has refused to do.

"We are totally opposed to forced removals, and we understand the great housing shortages for black people, so we are definitely not going to take any action which will allow people to point fingers at us."

But he admits he is worried about the menacing attitude and threatening remarks of some of the armed squatters with whom he and other trustees have tried to talk.

Ramgobin says the apparent leader of the squatters has been "allocating" and "selling" Phoenix settlement land to people to build on. When he tried to find out more about the leader and his "conditions of sale" he was warned off by the squatters. They said if anyone tried to stop them from building their homes, the clinic on the settlement — the only structure to survive last year's burning and looting in the Inanda area — would be destroyed. Anyone who tried to prevent them from putting up their shacks would be killed.

WEEKLY MAIL REPORTER, Durban

He was told one of the conditions under which squatters were being "allowed" to build there was that they should be armed. "When they hear a whistle from the leader they must immediately take up their arms and be ready for whatever action is ordered," Ramgobin said.

Ramgobin fears the area will "become a second Lindelani".

He describes the nearby settlement of Lindelani as "an Amabutho army camp", saying those who attacked the National Education Crisis Committee conference in Durban earlier this year were recruited and brought by bus from Lindelani.

"We strongly disapprove of the development of this kind of vigilante group. It goes against everything Gandhi stood for and we do not want his land abused in this way. It is supposed to be used for the good of all South Africans."

The settlement has been the scene of a number of historic meetings, including the revival of the Natal Indian Congress in 1971. The Committee for Clemency, which made the first call for the release of Nelson Mandela and other political leaders, was founded at the settlement.

"In August 1983 the first executive meeting of the United Democratic Front was held at Phoenix," Ramgobin said. "We wanted this to symbolise our adherence to the Gandhian principles of resistance through non-violence."

"Given this background we are horrified that the land is now being used for such potentially violent purposes. We also believe there are sinister steps afoot to get the land out of our control by any means."

Ramgobin, caught in a political bind, feels he can only "appeal to the sense of responsibility" of the squatters to move voluntarily.

White homes on offer to Indians, coloureds

341 28/5/86 N/M

Mercury Reporter

HUNDREDS of white homes in Natal and other parts of the country are on offer to Indians and coloureds in the hope that the Group Areas Act will be scrapped shortly.

Many homes, some palatial, already have been bought by Indians in some Durban suburbs.

In Cape Town expensive houses in elite white suburbs are being sold openly to Indian and coloured families.

Buyers are freely disclosing their race groups when they sign deeds of sale and permits for exemption from the Group Areas Act can be obtained in four to six weeks, according to estate agents.

Mrs Selvie Pillay, of Hal-
lied Realtors in Durban,

said more than 200 white homes in Natal had been offered to her for sale to Indians.

Anticipation

She said Africans, particularly nurses, were also keen to move into Indian homes in Chatsworth and Phoenix to escape the violence in black townships.

'Whites desperately want to get rid of their homes and ask us to arrange suspensive sales,' she said.

She said Indians had taken options on some homes in anticipation of the Act being lifted.

Other estate agents confirmed that whites were keen to sell to Indians whom they said were in desperate need of homes, and had the money.

Constantia and Zeekovlei in Cape Town are reported to be among the most popular suburbs where whites have sold houses to people of other races.

One of the Cape's 'Big Five' estate agencies is advertising: 'Marina de Gama. Coloured/Indian buyers, I have a selection of prime properties in this area for you.'

The list includes a R275 000 'Revel Fox-designed waterfront home with features galore,' a R225 000 'superb entertainer's pad' with pool and 'a choice of four homes, all on waterfront' at R200 000.

Durban suburbs where Indians were keen to buy homes are La Lucia, Umhlanga, Durban North, Berea, Overport and Morning-side.

	(1)(a)	(2)(a)
458	1	
745	1	
653	NH	
295	NH	
520	1	
728	1	
427	NH	
489	NH	
500	NH	
511	1	
1320	1	
1131	1	
100	1	
410	NH	
262	NH	
304	NH	
348	NH	
579	1	
124	NH	
303	NH	
24	NH	
343	NH	
100	1	
92	NH	
52	NH	
719	1	
257	NH	
88	NH	
763	NH	
214	NH	
265	NH	
421	NH	
403	NH	
857	NH	
090	NH	
122	1	
540	1	
579	NH	
925	2	
273	NH	
229	1	
256	1	
080	1	
197	NH	
38	NH	
620	NH	
642	NH	
151	NH	
711	NH	
037	1	
590	NH	
12	NH	
256	NH	
166	NH	
237	NH	

Reivilo	(1)(a)	(2)(a)
Vryburg	119	Nil
Windsorton	1 421	1
Jan Kempdorp	68	Nil
	266	Nil

(1) (b) It is government policy to provide serviced sites in order to enable Blacks to erect their own houses either with own capital or with loans which are made available for the purchase of building material. Houses are erected only in exceptional cases for those applicants in the lowest income group, for instance pensioners, who are not able to help themselves. The number of houses to be erected for this group will depend on the availability of funds.

(2) (b)(i) and (ii) The provision of school facilities is a function dealt with by the Department of Education and Training.

29/5/86 GEA 205
Natalia Development Board
HAN SW2
341

967. Mr P G SOAL asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

(1) What total number of houses (a) were there in each township falling under the Natalia Development Board as at 31 December 1985 and (b) are to be built in each such township in 1986;

(2) what total number of (a) crèches and (b)(i) primary and (ii) secondary schools were there in each such township as at that date?

THE MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

	(1)(a)	(2)(a)
Lamontville	1 067	6
Chesterville	1 113	3
Hambanati	553	1
Shakaville	185	1
Klaarwater	301	1
Bhekuzulu	875	Nil
Nkanyesi	151	1

	(1)(a)	(2)(a)
Lamontville.....	1 067	6
Chesterville.....	1 113	3
Hambarani.....	553	1
Shakaville.....	185	1
Klaarwater.....	301	1
Bhekuzulu.....	875	Nil
Nkanyesi.....	151	1

	(1)(a)	(2)(a)
Sibongile	851	1
Steadville	968	1
Sithembile	537	Nil
Bhongweni	637	1
Bruntville	453	1
Enhlalakahle	608	1
Isokele	136	Nil
Sobantu	1 094	1
Melmoth	11	Nil
(under construction)		
Kwa Mtevana	137	1
Dumbe	503	Nil
Mzingisi	76	Nil
Shyamoya	26	Nil

- (1) (b) It is government policy to provide serviced sites in order to enable Blacks to erect their own houses either with own capital or with loans which are made available for the purchase of building material. Houses are erected only in exceptional cases for those applicants in the lowest income group, for instance pensioners, who are not able to help themselves. The number of houses to be erected for this group will depend on the availability of funds.

- (2) (b)(i) and (ii) The provision of school facilities is a function dealt with by the Department of Education and Training.

West Rand Development Board

968. Mr P G SOAL asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

- (1) What total number of houses (a) were there in each township falling under the West Rand Development Board as at 31 December 1985 and (b) are to be built in each such township in 1986;

- (2) what total number of (a) crèches and (b)(i) primary and (ii) secondary schools were there in each such township as at that date?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

	(1)(a)	(2)(a)
Bekkersdal	1 269	1

- (1) (b) It is government policy to provide serviced sites in order to enable Blacks to erect their own houses either with own capital or with loans which are made available for the purchase of building material. Houses are erected only in exceptional cases for those applicants in the lowest income group, for instance pensioners, who are not able to help themselves. The number of houses to be erected for this group will depend on the availability of funds.

- (2) (b) (i) and (ii) The provision of school facilities is a function dealt with by the Department of Education and Training.

East Rand Development Board

969. Mr P G SOAL asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

- (1) What total number of houses (a) were there in each township falling under the East Rand Development Board as at 31 December 1985 and (b) are to be built in each such township in 1986;

- (2) what total number of (a) crèches and (b)(i) primary and (ii) secondary schools were there in each township as at the date?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

	(1)(a)	(2)(a)
Tsakane	7 165	2
Duduza	3 749	1
Ratanda	1 722	Nil
Devon	185	Nil
Boteng	890	Nil
Zithobeni	321	Nil
Refilwe	270	Nil
Ekangala	1 321	Nil

- (1) (b) It is government policy to provide serviced sites in order to enable Blacks to erect their own houses either with own capital or with loans which are made available for the purchase of building material. Houses are erected only in exceptional cases for those applicants in the lowest income group, for instance pensioners, who are not able to help themselves. The number of houses to be erected for this group will depend on the availability of funds.
- (a) (i) 273 invitations, on the recommendation of our missions overseas, were approved during 1985-86. Some can however only be taken up in 1986-87.
- (ii) 219 during the financial year 1985-86.
- (b) (i) and (ii). It has always been the policy of my Department, for reasons which will be understood by the hon member, to leave it to the guest himself to disclose whether or not he is or was a guest of the Department of Foreign Affairs. The Department of Foreign Affairs can, however, make the information available to the hon member for his perusal.

Invitations to foreign nationals to visit Republic

999. Mr P G SOAL asked the Minister of Foreign Affairs:

- (1) Whether any member or representative of his Department extended invitations in 1985 to any foreign nationals to visit the Republic; if so, (a) how many invitations were (i) extended and (ii) accepted in that year, (b) what are the names of the persons who (i) received and (ii) accepted invitations, (c) why was each such person invited to visit the Republic, (d) what (i) were the qualifications of and/or (ii) was the position held by each such person at the time of being so invited and (e)(i) what was the total cost incurred by his Department in that year in respect of hosting foreign visitors and (ii) how is that amount made up;

- (c) To provide foreign opinion formers the opportunity to become personally acquainted with the realities of the situation in the RSA.

- (d) (i) Opinion former.

- (ii) The professional categories were as follows:
Political 90;
Media 62;
Academic 23;
Civil Service 16;
Religion 3;
Economic/Banks/Business 21;
Legal 4.

- (e) (i) Approximately R1,62 million.

- (ii) Subsidence: approximately R570 000.
Transport: approximately R1 050 000.

The MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS:

- (1) Yes.

- (2) (a) Persons are invited who, because of their status in the community, can influence opinion on South Africa. Our missions abroad identify persons to be

Terrified residents see man being 'necklaced'

Mercury Reporter

AN UNIDENTIFIED black man was 'necklaced' in Lamontville, Durban, early yesterday.

Terrified residents who saw the incident said the man had been stoned by a group of people in Mbhele Road and later necklaced.

Residents said they did not know who the victim was or why he was attacked.

No arrests have been made.

The following country-wide incidents of unrest were reported by the police in Pretoria yesterday, reports Sapa.

At Kathlehong, near Germiston, a man was wounded and arrested when police used birdshot to disperse a mob after their vehicle was stoned.

At Rouensmead, a coloured residential area near Cape Town, a classroom was extensively damaged when it was petrol-bombed.

At Duduza, near Nigel, an SADF vehicle and a delivery vehicle were stoned. In the first incident, the SADF dispersed the mob with tear-gas.

At Soweto, the home of a member of the development board was extensively

damaged when set alight.

In other incidents, two delivery vehicles were looted, buses and private vehicles were stoned and two drivers were robbed. In the same area a post office vehicle and a bus were destroyed when set alight.

At KwaNobuhle, near Uitenhage, a municipal trailer was petrol-bombed.

At Montagu, a white residential area in the Boland, police dispersed a mob with quirts when they gathered illegally.

Two buses were stoned at Daveyton, near Benoni. — (Sapa)

GROOTE SCHUUR-HOSPITAL
OBSERVATORY,
CAPE/KAAP 7925
REF. SOUTH AFRICA/SUID-AFRIKA



GROOTE SCHUUR HOSPITAL
47-3311, EXT./UITB.
"GROOTHOSP"
REPLY TO:
MED. SUPERINTENDENT
SKRYF AAN:

SECTION/
SEKSI
REF./ERW.
DATE/
DATUM



Black Sash members join the mothers of Chesterville township, near Durban, in their nightly vigil for their children.

On guard, night after night: The women who must stay awake lest their children be murdered

Unarmed and wrapped in blankets against the chill, the women of Chesterville stand guard nightly over their strife-torn township. CARMEL RICKARD reports

EVERY NIGHT women hold a vigil on the streets of Chesterville, watching over the township — and their children.

Wrapped in blankets, sitting in their "camp" on the far outside the shops, they remain on guard until 4am.

It has been nine months since one of the watchers, Mrs N — she didn't want to be identified — last shared a meal with all her children, who sleep in the bushes or stay with friends.

That's how long Chesterville, just outside Durban, has been the scene of vicious fighting between residents and the "A Team" vigilante group.

The vigil is a fairly recent phenomenon. In the beginning, women watched helplessly as strife fractured their community, leaving nearly 20 dead — including children. It has been children on both sides who have been most affected by the conflict.

As part of their children's day activities last week, Durban Black Sash members asked a group of Chesterville mothers to explain to a public meeting how their children were being hurt — physically and emotionally — by the violence.

Mrs N said trouble began last year with the murder of civil rights lawyer Victoria Mxenge. After a memorial service, police detained a number of students, including several from Chesterville.

Pupils from the township tried to get their local principal to take up the detention issue with the police. When this did not work, pupils began boycotts, which were stopped by vigilantes who disapproved of the pupils being involved in such activities.

The A-Team, said Mrs N, was made up of teachers in the township and a number of criminals recently released from jail for serious offences.

Mrs N repeated claims — which the police have denied — of security force assistance to the A-Team. Such allegations and complaints about the

Taste of a few hours terror

FOR Alison Bouille, joining the Chesterville mothers in a night vigil last week gave her some of the most terrifying few hours of her life.

Bouille was part of a Black Sash delegation which sang hymns, prayed and talked to the mothers, who spend every night sitting together in the township streets, keeping watch for vigilantes.

The Black Sash women arrived shortly after the women had been scattered with teargas; the group reformed and sang hymns. Police arrived, asked who was their leader (there wasn't one), and left.

Shortly afterwards, a house behind the women was firebombed.

"We later found out the burning bore no relation to our being there; it was a personal

vendetta carried out at the wrong house. But someone died in the fire, and one of the women at the 'camp' had a rented room in the house and all her possessions went up in flames."

A second vigil is planned.

"What I learned chiefly was the level of fear and terror in the women's daily lives. We had only a few hours' taste, but they experience it all the time," she said.

Having the Sash there, said the mothers, made them see a bit of light and lifted their spirits. They appreciated the solidarity.

Now that we have made the initial contact the awkwardness between the two groups should disappear, early on in a second visit and we can talk more freely to each other."

inability of police to stop the violence or solve crimes committed by the A-Team led to a delegation by PFP MPs Peter Gastrow and Roger Burrows to three senior Durban police officers.

The police gave the assurance that all incidents would be investigated but said that witnesses and complainants had to make statements at a police station.

Since then the violence has continued and residents continue to complain about the A-Team "operating without restraint and harassing, intimidating and terrorising the community", according to Mrs N.

Between August and December, children were "only" beaten by the vigilantes, Mrs N said. After that the killing started.

"As I speak to you now there are three bodies of our sons lying in the mortuary."

"One was abducted while walking up the street and was taken to the headquarters of the A-Team. His body was gashed with a panga. His eyes and genitals were removed. He does not have all his parts and his body was ... burnt."

"Soon afterwards two more young men were killed. Shot dead. The skull of one was opened and his brain matter taken out. We are now preparing for their funerals. It was in response to these kinds of events that we decided we had to find a community solution."

She said one night they were warned a combined raid by the A-Team and an impi from outside was about to take place. Her first reaction was to grab her children and run.

"Then I called myself a coward. I

went down the street and decided to call the mothers out of their houses to keep a vigil that night to see what happened."

"We were not armed and did not mean to harm anyone. We just wanted to use our eyes and witness what would happen to our children."

A few women gathered in the street that night. It has now become a regular event. On one night last week, a Black Sash delegation joined the vigil.

All the schools in Chesterville have been closed, said Mrs N. Families — including hers — have abandoned their houses, either because of death threats or firebombs.

But "in spite of the bad conditions here we have nowhere else to go. The Israelites had Canaan, but where can we go?"

Another woman who keeps the nightly watch said Chesterville had become a refugee camp within its own borders, as families sheltered and hid others.

"If you want to come into the room in the morning, you have to wait while we move the mattresses so that the door can be opened," she said. "Often the refugee family is not able to pay anything for their upkeep as they are not working and the host family struggles to feed three times the normal mouths. Often there are no clothes as the family's house has been burned down."

Both women said they had been given new hope by white women who had heard of their problems and were helping them. Mrs N said that "many nights" she had taken children out of the township and hidden them with sympathetic friends, to keep them safe from the vigilantes.

BY GARRY TRUDEAN



Board offices burnt out

Dispatch Correspondent
DURBAN — Damage estimated at R250 000 was caused when four store-rooms, three vehicles and three administration offices were destroyed by fire following a firebomb attack by youths on the rampage at development board offices in Clermont early yesterday.

A Development Aid Department press liaison officer in Pretoria, Miss Bettsie Smith, said the matter had been reported to police and they were investigating the arson.

She estimated damages at R250 000.

According to last night's police unrest report the charred body of a man was found at Matsulu near Witrivier.

At Walmer the SAP were fired at twice. They defended themselves by using shotgun fire. During one of the incidents a homemade .303 rifle was found.

At Ikageng near Potchefstroom a man was wounded and arrested when members of the Development Board used a round of birdshot to disperse a mob that gathered illegally.

"At Daveyton in the East Rand vehicles of the Development Board were stoned. A man was fatally wounded when the SAP dispersed a mob with shotgun fire when a private vehicle was set alight. Tear-smoke was used to disperse mobs.

70 apply
to be made
redundant

Mercury Reporter

Seventy employees of the Natalia Development Board have applied for redundancy following the announcement that the country's 13 development boards would cease to exist from July 1 this year.

Mr H A du Plessis, chief director of the board, said most of these applicants would get their pension money back as well as interest. However 14 employees, who had originally worked for local authorities, would be entitled to a 'golden handshake' representing five years of pensionable service.

Most of those who qualified for the extra five years' pay were already in their 50s, Mr du Plessis pointed out.

Narrow defeat for LAC voting powers

341 12/6/86

Municipal Reporter

MANCO chairman Sybil Hotz predicted yesterday that a Greater Durban Council, along the lines of the Greater London Council, would be formed to represent the views of all races living in the Durban area.

She revealed this after a Pietermaritzburg Council motion to give LAC nominees a formal vote in councils and committees was defeated by 32 votes to 31 during the first day of the Natal Municipal Association's annual conference.

'Local government as it is today has got to change,' she said.

'I'd welcome advice on how best to do this from any representatives, official or unofficial, of the

townships. The name of the game today is talk.'

Mrs Hotz said that extending the present LAC system to blacks — in which Indian and coloured nominees might discuss issues, but not vote on them, was patronising.

'There's no time for the observer system if you want to achieve any kind of stable government in the future. Those days are over,' she warned.

Councillor Hotz also suggested that the composition of the Natal Municipal Association be scrutinised with the intention of making it 'representative, in its widest sense, of Natal and KwaZulu'.

'The association at present does not represent a society in transition.'

Her amendment to in-

clude KwaZulu in the Natal Municipal Association was ruled out of order yesterday, although Councillor Hotz gave notice that she would be reviving the issue in time for the next conference.

The association recommended yesterday that a series of seminars for town councils be arranged to discuss question of regional service councils.

A Howick motion to give voting rights to immigrants was defeated by a large majority on the grounds that the rest of South Africa's 'silent majority' should be given that right first.

N/M 26/6/86

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A plan to beat housing backlog

Mercury Reporter

A GROUP of Natal businessmen has come up with a plan which, they say, could eliminate the huge backlog in black housing in less than a decade and which would cost almost nothing.

All the plan requires is for a small proportion of the R40 000 million held by pension funds to be invested in building societies and earmarked specifically for black housing loans.

This would require only a minor amendment to the Pension Funds Act. Funds are already obliged to invest 53% of their money in Government stock, Escom and other Government bodies and parastatals.

'It's so simple one wonders why nobody has thought of it before,' says Dave Geary, one of the group which calls itself Pentup, for Private Enterprise Upgrade Project.

'I was wary at first but as we investigated my cynicism evaporated.'

Another member, Terry Rosenberg, estimates that if only 2% to 5% of pension fund capital was diverted towards funding black housing, R800 million to R2 000 million would be-

come available.

At an average price of R12 000 a unit, between 67 000 and 167 000 houses could be built.

This could wipe out the current housing backlog of some 400 000 units within five to nine years.

The group hopes Government would subsidise one-third of a house-buyer's bond repayments and his employer another third, leaving him to pay only one-third, or about R50 a month.

Elegance

At that level even minimum wage earners would be eligible for building society finance.

The return to the Government from taxation of a stimulated building industry — and many other activities which would be boosted if the plan succeeded — should make the subsidy pay for itself, they say.

The elegance of the scheme, says Pentup member Patrick Anderton, is that no extra infrastructure would have to be provided and no extra money would have to come from public funds.

The group says it has re-

ceived an enthusiastic response to approaches made to building societies, employers, municipalities, the KwaZulu/Natal Indaba, the Urban Foundation, the construction industry, several black unions and even the Association of Pension and Benevolent Funds.

Actuaries have confirmed to Pentup that the proposed change to pension funds would barely affect investment yields.

Provided that the return was not more than 4% lower than the return on Government stock, the investment yield overall would suffer by less than 0.4%.

Mr Anderton said that pension fund trustees (who were often also company directors) had already said they would welcome the stabilising and other desirable effects of housing for their black employees in spite of a slightly reduced pension fund return.

Business plans to cut housing backlog

A PLAN to use loans from pension and provident funds, to cut dramatically the massive black housing backlog, has been devised by a group of Durban businessmen.

The Private Enterprise Upgrade Project (Pentup) was formed earlier this year by seven people in response to the housing crisis and government pleas for private-sector involvement.

The scheme depends on loans from pension and provident funds, which can be forthcoming only when regulations governing the prescribed investments of these funds are amended.

Pentup is to approach the Registrar of Financial Institutions to amend regulations to make pension fund investment in housing possible, one of Pentup's co-ordinators, Dar-

THE Private Enterprise Upgrade Project, formed by seven Durban businessmen, plans to borrow 5% of the amount invested in pension and provident funds to reduce the black housing backlog by building 167 000 economic housing units at a cost of R12 000 each. Report by THELMA TUCH.

ryl Jackson, said.

It had been estimated, he said, that about R40bn was invested in the pension fund movement countrywide — 5% of which could finance the building of 167 000 economic housing units at the cost of R12 000 each.

Employees' investment in pension funds would not be threatened as the cost of investing 5% of the movement's assets would be negligible, Jackson said.

"The concomitant loss in yield at an expected return of 15%, rather than 18.7%, is a mere 0.1%," Jackson said.

Pentup has been canvassing support for the scheme from the chairman of the Life Offices Association, Pierre Steyn, and chairman of the Pension and Provident Fund of SA, Arnold Bessarabie.

It is to approach Sanlam chairman Fred du Plessis in his capacity as chairman of the newly-formed private enterprise task force to help government implement its recently announced R750m housing scheme.

Government, employers and employees would be jointly involved in subsidising the scheme on a one-third loan repayment each, Jackson said.

"On a bond of R10 000 and an interest rate of 17.5%, their respective contributions for a house would amount to R49 each a month."

This amount, he said, was considered reasonable in the light of investigations conducted into minimum wages earned by black workers in various industries.

For employers such subsidisation would increase their wage bill by only 1.5% after tax, he said, adding that many major employers and employer organisations were enthusiastic to go ahead.

Opinion of the third party — government — will be gauged in mid-July when Pentup is scheduled to meet Deputy Minister of Finance Kent Durr.

Jackson said joint government-private sector participation — the pooling of resources to build houses — would enable the construction of a

larger amount of houses than separate efforts to deal with the 400 000 housing shortage would.

Meanwhile, Pentup has approached representatives of both the Congress of South African Trade Unions (Cosatu) and the United Workers' Union of SA (Uwusa) to discuss the scheme.

However, a major obstacle to get it off the ground is that of land availability. Land is scarce in Durban and Pietermaritzburg where it is generally controlled by tribal authorities.

But a report is being prepared by the KwaZulu Natal Planning Council to investigate the situation in major metropolitan areas and identify procedures for land release.

Pentup is also investigating the availability of land in the rest of the country, Jackson added.

NM 15/7/86

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The Na

Chesterville asks council for more land

Mercury Reporter

THE Ningizimu Community Council, which governs Chesterville township, has approached the Durban City Council to make more land available to residents to alleviate overcrowding in the township.

The local councillor for Chesterville, Mr Themba E Ngobeni, told the Mercury they were anxiously awaiting a response from the Durban council to their appeal for more land to solve the problem of the housing backlog.

Mr Ngubeni said there was severe overcrowding in the township.

The township, which has 1 230 houses, has not been extended since 1942, the year in which it was established. The population has grown enormously since then and some of the four-roomed houses with only two bedrooms have families whose numbers range from 26 to 36.

Mr Ngubeni said while he appreciated the concern shown in the past by Durban civic leaders towards the residents of

Chesterville, he felt the time had come for a more concrete gesture.

'It is a known fact that the Durban City Council and the relevant Government departments are considering donating land to us.'

He added that there were 100 sites ready to be made available once the surveying had been completed. Surveying had been delayed because of the unrest in the township, he said.

Manco chairman, Mrs Sybil Hotz, confirmed that approaches for land had been made by the Ningizimu Community Council.

She said negotiations were under way and the committee was very supportive of the request for more land.

(3) whether his Department has received any enquiries from the South African Police in connection with any of these weapons; if so, (a) when and (b) what (i) were the circumstances surrounding and (ii) was the outcome of each case?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

(1) The Bophuthatswana Department of Economics and Statistics provided the following statistics in regard to Thaba Nchu:

Population: Adult men: 30 067
Adult women: 34 601

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

(1) R388 166,33 as at 10 June 1986.

(2) (a) and (b) No.

(i) and (ii) East Cape Development Board.

West Cape Development Board.

Southern OFS Development Board.

Orange Vaal Development Board.

East Rand Development Board.

West Rand Development Board.

Central Transvaal Development Board.

Northern Cape Development Board.

Bloemhof Community Council.

Wolmaransstad Community Council.

Leueningstad Community Council.

Orkney Community Council.

Stilfontein Community Council.

Carletonville Community Council.

Thaba Nchu

1123. Mr P G SOAL asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

(1) What was the adult (a) male and (b) female population of Thaba Nchu as at the latest specified date for which information is available;

(2) whether Thaba Nchu is to be included into the Regional Services Council for the Bloemfontein area; if not, why not?

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF INFORMATION:

(1) No.

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

(1) The Bophuthatswana Department of Economics and Statistics provided the following statistics in regard to Thaba Nchu:

Population: Adult men: 30 067
Adult women: 34 601

(2) Not at this stage as Thaba Nchu was not included in the proposed region which the Administrator of the Orange Free State requested the Demarcation Board for Local Government Areas to investigate as a possible region for a Regional Services Council for the Greater Bloemfontein region. In terms of section 4(3)(a)(iii) of the Regional Services Council, 1985 (Act 109 of 1985) it is however legally possible to include an area situated outside the Republic by way of interstate agreement in the area of a Regional Services Council for the rendering of services.

(1) No.

(2) whether he or members of the Bureau consulted any Government Departments, bodies and/or persons in this regard; if so, (a) what (i) Departments (ii) bodies and (iii) persons, (b) when and (c) what was the response in each case?

(1) No.

(2) whether he or members of the Bureau consulted any Government Departments, bodies and/or persons in this regard; if so, (a) what (i) Departments (ii) bodies and (iii) persons, (b) when and (c) what was the response in each case?

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(1) No.

(a), (b) (i) to (iv) Fall away.

(2) (a) to (c) Fall away.

"White minority regime"

1164. Mr P G SOAL asked the Deputy Minister of Information:

(1) Whether the Bureau for Information has ruled that the term "White minority regime" may not be used in media reports during the current state of emergency; if not, (a) who made this ruling and (b) when; if so (i) on what date, (ii) why, (iii) who took the decision in this regard and (iv) in terms of what regulation was the ruling made;

(2) whether he or members of the Bureau consulted any Government Departments, bodies and/or persons in this regard; if so, (a) what (i) Departments (ii) bodies and (iii) persons, (b) when and (c) what was the response in each case?

(1) No.

(2) whether he or members of the Bureau consulted any Government Departments, bodies and/or persons in this regard; if so, (a) what (i) Departments (ii) bodies and (iii) persons, (b) when and (c) what was the response in each case?

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(2) whether he or members of the Bureau consulted any Government Departments, bodies and/or persons in this regard; if so, (a) what (i) Departments (ii) bodies and (iii) persons, (b) when and (c) what was the response in each case?

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(2) whether he or members of the Bureau consulted any Government Departments, bodies and/or persons in this regard; if so, (a) what (i) Departments (ii) bodies and (iii) persons, (b) when and (c) what was the response in each case?

(1) No.

(2) whether there was a delay in the announcement of this information to the media; if so, (a) why, (b) what was the duration of the delay and (c) (i) who took the decision in this regard and (ii) on what authority was it taken?

(1) Yes.

(a) 2 Whites.
102 Coloured men.
85 Coloured women.

(b) (i) 18 June 1986.
(ii) 18 June 1986.

(c) SA Police.

(2) No.

(a) — (c) Fall away

(1) No.

(2) whether he or members of the Bureau consulted any Government Departments, bodies and/or persons in this regard; if so, (a) what (i) Departments (ii) bodies and (iii) persons, (b) when and (c) what was the response in each case?

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PE court sends two to gallows

PORT ELIZABETH — A 47-year-old former gardener at the University of Port Elizabeth and a 21-year-old hired killer have been convicted of murder without extenuating circumstances for killing an elderly farm manager and were sentenced to death in the Supreme Court here yesterday.

Johannes Frederick de Lange lived on the farm and hired Them-bile Jama to carry out the murder of 70-year-old Mr Stefanus Beyers de La Rey Du Preez, who was found slain in his bakkie on the farm Brandwag, in Kirkwood, on Monday, May 13 last year.

Lindiwe Mavis Bam, their accomplice, was also found guilty of murder with extenuating circumstances and was sentenced to an effective seven years' imprisonment.

The court rejected medical evidence to establish extenuating circumstances that De Lange and Jama were mentally retarded or borderline cases.

Dr T. Zabow, a Cape Town psychiatrist, who was a member of a team that assessed De Lange, said they had found De Lange's intelligence to

be on the border between "low normal and retarded."

He said chronic alcoholism, a heart condition and a disease of the blood vessels also affected De Lange. However, Dr Zabow said, De Lange showed satisfactory insight and an appreciation of the wrongfulness of his acts.

Handing down his judgment, Mr Justice Solomon said that from De Lange's demeanour in the witness box, the content of his evidence in court and his statements and explanation of plea, the court had observed no sign of mental retardation or lack of appreciation of his acts.

Mr Solomon said the crime De Lange had been convicted of had been premeditated.

The court found that De Lange had initiated the murder plot, planned it and furnished Jama, the hired killer, with the means to carry out the plan and had suggested the time and place where Mr Du Preez had to be ambushed.

Mr J. de Villiers and Mr J. A. F. Nel sat as assessors. Mr S. Redpath appeared for the state. Mr N. van Rensburg, Mr G. B. Myburgh and Mr J. Huisamen appeared for the defence.

Attempted jailbreak foiled by inmates

Evicted families' fate uncertain

By MTOBELI MXOTWA
EAST LONDON — The fate of the Rala families dumped alongside the Mount Coke road by the Ciskei Government this week remained unclear yesterday.

The South African embassy in Ciskei said the families had been evicted from Ciskei soil and were dumped inside the Ciskei borders and no action could be taken by the embassy.

The Ciskei Government said it was unsure of the nationality of the families.

The families claimed on Wednesday that they were South Africans.

The first secretary at the South African embassy in King William's Town, Mr K. Brennan, said the embassy could not comment since the families were "physically" in Ciskei.

The Ciskei Government had not consulted the embassy about the families, Mr Brennan added.

Ciskei's deputy director-general of Foreign Affairs and Information, Mr Headman Somtunzi, said the evicted families' nationality was uncertain and depended on where they had been registered.

He did not say whether the government had alternative plans to accommodate the families.

Meanwhile, welfare organisations here have rallied to the aid of the families.

The director of Operation Hunger here, Mrs Rossella Frasca, said her organisation had sought aid to alleviate the plight of the families and had received an offer of help from a supermarket.

Mrs Frasca said Operation Hunger had supplied the families with soup on Wednesday and mealie meal yesterday.

There was a pressing need for tents, blankets, bread and large plastic containers for fetching water since there was no water nearby.

She said she had been in touch with the families' lawyer in King William's Town since the group wanted to join other squatters in Needs Camp and did not want to go back to Ciskei.

Mrs Frasca emphasised that "somebody must take responsibility" for the families.

The veld was dry and the squatters were exposed to the dangers of veld fires.

Miss Vangiwe Mtyunjwa of the South African Council for Higher Education (Sached) said her organisation hoped to arrange accommodation for the families.

The families were evicted early on Monday morning from a farm belonging to Mr D. P. Rala. The Ciskei Government the children of the families of burning down houses and killing livestock.

NIF. M. 22/8/8 341

Waterfall people oppose 'secret' industrial park

Mercury Reporter

PROPOSALS have been drawn up for industrial development north of the Hillcrest, Everton, Waterfall and Kloof residential areas.

And a petition has been signed by 300 Waterfall people who are concerned about excess traffic, pollution, noise and general safety if the industrial park is developed.

They also feel that the development is being kept secret from residents because inquiries about the proposals have been unsuccessful.

Mr Hercules Hattingh, Town Clerk of Kloof, said the proposals had been shown to the Kloof Council, representatives of the other residential areas and also the Natal Roads De-

partment at a recent meeting.

'There is no secret,' he said.

'A need and desirability application hasn't even been submitted.'

The piece of land, known as Langefontein, lies between Embo Township in the north and the white residential areas.

'By the year 2000 it is estimated that some 300 000 people will be living in the township and the purpose of the industrial park will be to provide jobs,' Mr Hattingh said.

'It is an attempt to create an employment opportunity buffer zone.'

Mr Hattingh said Kloof was reserving comment on the proposals until it knew more about alternative roads.

'We cannot support the proposals unless there are other access routes. But we do accept the need for providing employment opportunities.'

Income-linked rents are major township grievance

Mercury Reporter

RENTS in Newlands East and other townships that are based on income are the biggest grievance coloured people had against the Durban City Council and the Government, according to Mr Peter Marcus, Natal leader of the People's Congress Party.

He was commenting on criticism levelled against the council and the Govern-

ment by a white woman after she visited a Newlands East family and discovered the poor conditions under which they lived — including no hot water.

In a letter to the Mercury the woman said she was shocked at the condition and lack of facilities in some homes in the township.

Mr Marcus explained that the PCP had made repeat-

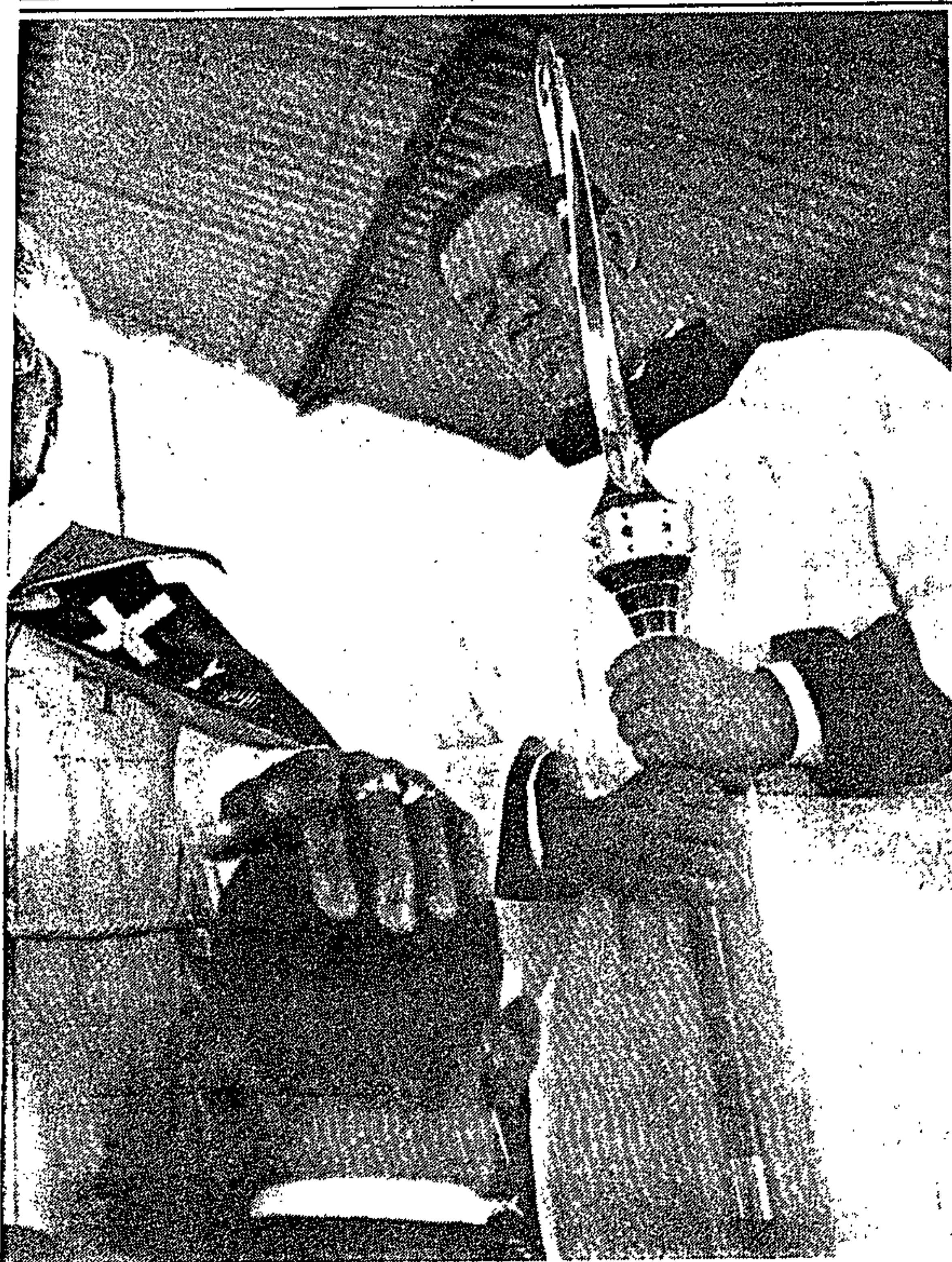
ed calls on the council to improve conditions and provide hot water.

'We have been told that if facilities were improved the entire cost of the premises would rise beyond the limits set by the National Housing Commission for sub-economic accommodation,' Mr Marcus said.

He said the PCP was totally opposed to different rents for identical accommodation.

Breakthrough as lawyers see detainees

WEEKLY M.
18/7/86



shop Desmond Tutu presides at a confirmation ceremony near
conciliation and urged the congregation to love their enemies

Picture: STEVE HILTON-BARBER, Afrapix

land's civil servants strike

By PAT SIDLEY

Government's entire
been on strike
week. The strike is
test against the
s to take
this year.
firmed yesterday
Commissioner-
der Merwe, who
the cause.
us sources in
aid the strike is in
plan for the self-
y to take full
ember.

allegedly raided.

Prince James Mahlangu, part of the
royal household told Weekly Mail he
was woken by men on his property at
about 10pm.

"They arrived in three Casspirs and
scaled the security fence around the
kraal. They came into the yard and
into the rooms.

"Then, without any shame, they
went to the room of our king and
interrogated him about independence,
among other things."

The prince was visited two days
later by an apologetic officer who
promised to take it up.

Van der Merwe yesterday said the
police had been "approaching people
who had been involved in burnings.

"There was no action against the
royal kraal," he said. No policemen
had spoken to the king.

SEFAKO NYAKA reports that
the nine youths found shot with an
AK-47 assault rifle and then set alight
inside a house in Kwandebele on
Tuesday may have been victims of a
hoax by vigilantes.

By CARMEL RICKARD and
WEEKLY MAIL REPORTERS
SECURITY detainees in Natal were
yesterday allowed to consult lawyers
— the first time such a right has been
granted in South Africa on a mass
basis — but some authorities in the
rest of the country are still not
granting lawyers access.

The visits to detainees which began
yesterday are expected to lead to
large-scale releases or a spate of court
applications either for their release or
for improvement in their detention
conditions.

A legal expert said yesterday that
access to detainees will allow lawyers
to monitor the reasons for every
detention, the conditions under which
detainees are being held and their
treatment in custody.

If the lawyers find the detention of
their client was not necessary "for the
maintenance of public order, or the
safety of the public or the detainee
himself", they will be able to
challenge the detention immediately.

And recent judgements in the
Transvaal and the Cape have shown
that the bench will not allow any
detention which falls outside these
parameters.

Already, two Durban detainees who
were granted visits yesterday were
immediately released.

Sarah Hills, detained a fortnight
ago, was freed shortly after a two-
hour visit by a lawyer from the
Durban Legal Resources Centre

**DOES
PARLIAMENT
MATTER?**

THE CASE FOR AND
THE CASE AGAINST
PAGE 12

during which she signed a 10-page
affidavit which would have been used
to apply for her release.

And Jeremy Routledge, held since
June 21, was released yesterday
afternoon shortly before he was due to
see a lawyer.

In Pietermaritzburg yesterday
morning, a detainee, who may not be
named, was allowed to consult his
lawyer.

Legal experts yesterday cautioned
that the government could resort to
"getting the presses at the Government
Printers rolling again", producing
new regulations.

This week's key Natal Supreme

Most

341

urban

blacks

are Zulus

JOHANNESBURG—The majority of blacks living in urban areas are Zulu speakers, numbering two out of every five black adults, according to a recent survey.

The survey, carried out by Market Research Africa, said Zulus made up 97% of blacks in Natal, 47% on the East Rand, and 51% of Johannesburg town dwellers.

The survey, which excluded Cape Town, sampled 3 000 black adults from the age of 16.

A statement issued by the company yesterday said Xhosas dominated the Eastern Cape, making up 99% of the black inhabitants.

Tswanas made up 50% of people living on the West Rand and 38% of black urban dwellers in Pretoria, it said.

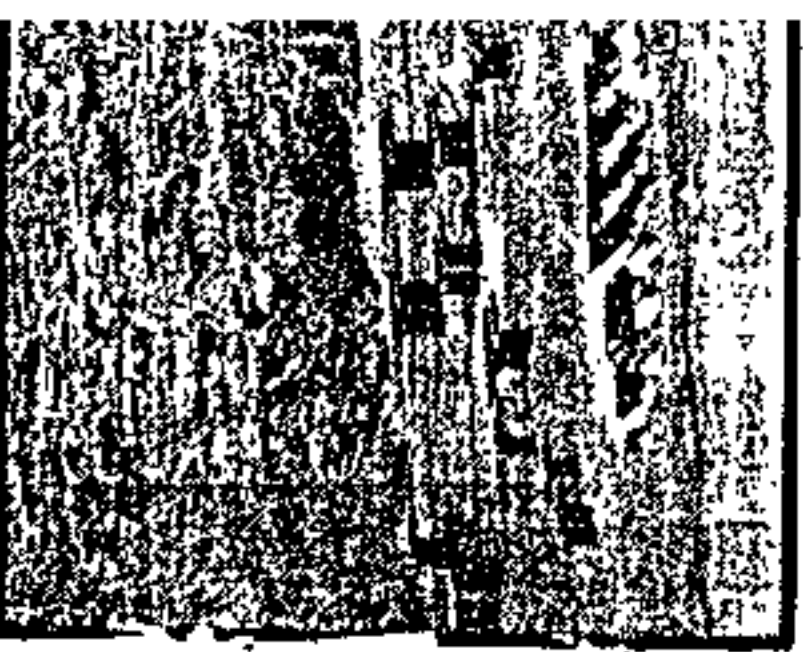
South Sothos, besides being well represented in the Transvaal, made up 48% of black people living in the Free State and Northern Cape. — (Sapa)



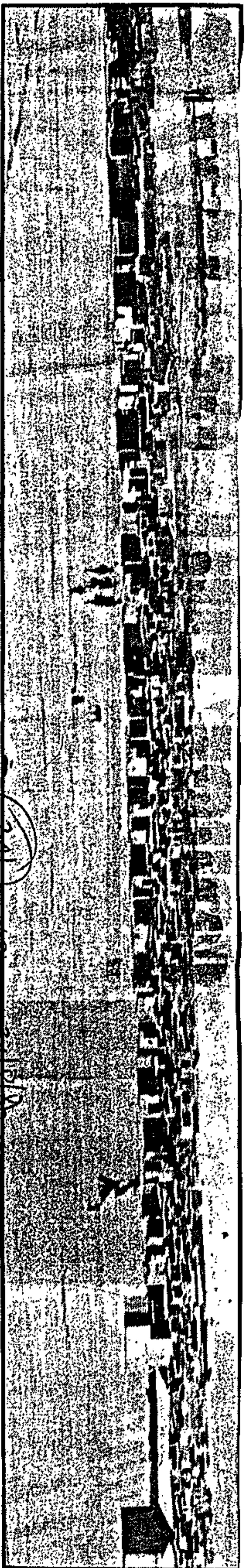
as trench diggers and help a month.



ple at Botshabelo and many



d ready for residents to build
vided for them, and



SOUTH AFRICA'S HIDDEN TOWNSHIP

By MONO BADELA

IT'S South Africa's "hidden township" - and its almost as big as Soweto.

But Botshabelo - "tucked away" on the south-western side of Thaba Nchu - is unlikely to be hidden much longer.

Because Wits University academic William Cobbett has just finished a PhD thesis on this State-created township. And he believes that Botshabelo - which has a population of 500 000 - is earmarked to become SA's first "city state".

This week Cobbett took journalists on a tour of the township - officially known

as Onverwacht.

According to Cobbett, the township - situated some 55 km east of Bloemfontein on the Botshabelo-Bloemfontein-Thaba Nchu axis - is a pilot project for the State and they hope it will eventually show how their "orderly urbanisation" and wide reform program can be implemented.

To date the township has been relatively free of the resistance which has characterized communities elsewhere. But Cobbett believes the new township is bound to explode if certain State designs are implemented without meaningful

negotiation.

Only last week the home of a priest - a Botshabelo Crisis Committee member - was petrolbombed by vigilantes, a teacher and BCC member dismissed from his job and a student detained.

How did Botshabelo emerge? It's history dates back to the mid-1970s when the State implemented its policy of forced removals.

Thousands of apartheid refugees poured into Thaba Nchu, a segment of independent Bophuthatswana, and started the Three Builtfonteins and Krondraai

squatter camps.

By the mid-1970s the South Sotho refugees outnumbered the original Tswana ethnic group and pressure on them intensified when Bophuthatswana was granted independence in 1977.

After a series of raids on them by Bop police in 1978, the QwaQwa authorities - who represented the Sotho residents - intervened.

Negotiations between the SA government, QwaQwa and Bophuthatswana led to the purchasing of the land and in 1979 the first refugees moved into the area.

Residents City Press spoke to said the conditions at Krondraai were appalling.

"We were being hounded and our cattle were impounded by Bop cops. But conditions aren't better here. We're starving."

They complained of a lack of facilities and said the mobile clinics, manned by army doctors, are not enough.

The area uses buckets to dispose of sewerage and in some sections pipes have been laid on to provide taps for communal use. About 99.5% of the residents have no electricity.

Residents are provided with a stand on which they have to build their houses.

But overcrowding - the population grew from 64 000 in 1979 to an estimated 200 000 in 1983 - reached such a critical point last year that about 30 000 people moved to the outskirts of Botshabelo and claimed their own stands.

Botshabelo's current population stands at an official minimum of 300 000. But even State officials aren't sure. Some privately specu-

late the figure may be as high as 500 000.

According to Cobbett Botshabelo's population grew at a rate of approximately 35% between 1980 and 1984.

About 600 hectares of the township is designated for industry, but only 60 hectares of it is being utilized.

The 21 factories in the township employ 3 000 workers. Some 25 000 workers commute about 60 km to Bloemfontein daily, and the 30 000 migrants who work on the Orange Free State goldfields are

also based in Botshabelo.

Very few jobs are available and women work as trench diggers and help to lay water pipes, earning R136 a month.

The fact that Botshabelo could be incorporated into QwaQwa by 1988 has already sparked off dissent.

While the older generation may be in favour of the idea, the youth - 73% of residents are under 30 - are not. One youth group has already launched a campaign to inform the authorities of its strong opposition to incorporation.

(d) Daily tariffs are as follows:

PERIOD	CONCOURSE	PLATFORM
For 1 hour or part thereof.....	R0,50	R 0,50
For any period over 1 hour but not exceeding 2 hours.....	R1,00	R 1,00
For any period over 2 hours but not exceeding 3 hours.....	R2,00	R 3,00
For any period over 3 hours but not exceeding 4 hours.....	R3,00	R 5,00
For any period over 4 hours but not exceeding 5 hours.....	R4,00	R 7,00
For any period over 5 hours but not exceeding 6 hours.....	R5,00	R 9,00
For any period over 6 hours.....	R6,00	R11,00

(e) R12 500,00 per month.

(f) C.B.D. Parking Company (Tvl) (Pty) Limited.

(2) No. Taxi ranks are provided by the local authority in the immediate vicinity of the station and are therefore not affected. Should taxis, however, enter the leased area they will be obliged to pay the prescribed tariffs.

(3) Yes. Tenders were invited in the State Tender Bulletin and daily newspapers.

Motor Vehicle Assurance Fund: claims

1215. Mr W V RAW asked the Minister of Transport Affairs:

(1) (a) How many claims has the Motor Vehicle Assurance Fund allocated to members of the consortium for handling since 1 May 1986, (b) what is the total value of the claims lodged since then and (c) in respect of what date is this information furnished;

(2) whether any members of the consortium have refused to handle any claims so allocated to them since 1 May 1986; if so, (a) for what reasons and (b)(i) how many claims and (ii) what members of the consortium were involved?

The MINISTER OF TRANSPORT AFFAIRS:

(1) (a) Approximately 7 000;

(b) The amount cannot be readily ascertained at this stage; and

(c) 1 September 1986.

(2) No. (a) and (b) Fall away.

Aircraft on lease

1216. Mr W V RAW asked the Minister of Transport Affairs:

(1) Whether any aircraft belonging to the South African Airways are on lease at present; if so, (a) what aircraft, (b) to whom, (c) for use by what country, and (d) for what amount, in each case;

(2) whether any control is exercised over the quality of the servicing of these aircraft; if not, why not; if so, what control?

The MINISTER OF TRANSPORT AFFAIRS:

(1) Yes.

(a), (b), (c) and (d) The aircraft are being leased on sound business principles at advantageous economic

conditions for South African Airways. It is not in the commercial interest of South African Airways to divulge any details of the transactions at this juncture.

(2) Yes. Regular inspections are being carried out by South African Airways personnel.

1218. Mr P H P CASTROU asked the Minister of Law and Order:

(a) How many (i) pistols, (ii) revolvers and (iii) rifles issued to members of the South African Police Force were reported (aa) lost and (bb) stolen during the latest specified 12-month period for which information is available and (b) how many of these (i) pistols, (ii) revolvers and (iii) rifles had been recovered as at the latest specified date for which information is available?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(a)	(aa)	(bb)	(b)
(i)	235	111	52
(ii)	81	24	11
(iii)	51	7	14

Pietermaritzburg: available serviced plots

1219. Mr M A TARR asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

(1) How many serviced plots for Black housing are available in the Pietermaritzburg metropolitan area for (a) site and service schemes and (b) private development;

(2) whether there is a shortage of serviced plots in this area for (a) site and service schemes and (b) private development; if so, (i) what is the current shortage and (ii) what steps are

being taken to make additional serviced plots available;

(3) whether any private developers have lodged applications to purchase and develop land in this area; if so, (a) when and (b) in respect of how many sites;

(4) whether such private developers have been granted permission to purchase and develop this land; if not, why not; if so, in respect of how many sites?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

Sobantu is the only urban Black township within the Pietermaritzburg metropolitan area. The other Black townships are situated within the SA Development Trust area and therefore resort within the purview of the functions of the Department of Development Aid. In so far as Sobantu is concerned the question asked is replied to as follows:

(1) (a) and (b) Nil.

(2) (a), (b), (i) and (ii) Yes, there is a shortage of serviced sites in Sobantu but the population overflow of this township has for the past 20 years and more been taken up in the near-by Imbali Black township now situated within the SA Development Trust area. Presently there is a shortage of some 1 100 residential sites. The canalisation of the Umsunduzi river which is underway and the development of developable sections of the buffer areas could provide a limited additional number of sites.

(3) No.

(a) and (b) Fall away.

(4) Falls away.

The Mountse Issue
1220. Mr P G SOAL asked the Minister of Foreign Affairs:

1220. Mr P G SOAL asked the Minister of Foreign Affairs:

Township upgrading

African Affairs
Correspondent

THE Ningizimu Town Committee, which administers the townships of Lamontville and Chesterville near Durban, has negotiated a loan of R583 000 from the Government to upgrade services in Chesterville.

This was announced by the Mayor of Ningizimu, Mrs Ella Nxasana, in a Press statement.

Mrs Nxasana said the projects would involve the resurfacing of the existing bus route, the updating of the sewerage system and the upgrading of the water reticulation system.

24/9/86 N/341

Natal Mercury, Tuesday, October 7, 1986

R73 m projects for upgrading of townships

Pietermaritzburg Bureau

CONTRACTS valued at R73 million were announced yesterday for the upgrading and extension of black townships in Natal.

Mr Peter Miller, MEC and chairman of the Committee for Local Government, said the Natal Provincial Administration's community services office was acting as agent for various black local authorities throughout Natal in implementing the recommendations of the KwaZulu/Natal Planning Council.

Mr Miller said all projects were expected to

be completed by the end of next year.

The work involved the upgrading of infrastructure and hostels in the existing developed townships and also the extension of the townships, creating an additional 4 505 plots in all, he said.

The type of work being carried out included improvement to roads, electrification and street lighting, water-borne sewerage and water supply.

'It is anticipated that the completion of these works will substantially improve the quality of life of the residents,' he said.

'It has only been possible to start this through close co-operation between the community services office and local black town councillors.'

Mr Miller said Press releases had been issued by the mayors of each town giving details of the improvements to be made.

Control of black local authorities in Natal devolved to the Natal Provincial Administration as from October 1 this year.

'The Province intends to do all it can to foster co-operation and achieve stable black local government in Natal,' Mr Miller said.

The townships concerned are Itsokolele (Matatiele), Bhongweni (Kokstad), Chesterville, (Westville), Klaarwater, Shakaville (Stanger), Enhlalakahle (Greytown), Bruntville (Mooi River) Inkayezi (Colenso), Steadville (Ladysmith), Tembalihle (Glencoe) Sibongile (Dundee) and Bhekuzulu (Vryheid).

Upgrading of Natal black townships

9/1/86 341

Labour Reporter

THE bucket sanitation system in some black townships in Natal was to be replaced by waterborne sewerage as part of the upgrading of facilities in the townships, Prof L de Clercq, project co-ordinator, announced yesterday.

He said the progress on the upgrading and extension of black townships in the province had been excellent and it was expected that construction in 11 townships would start next month or early in January.

The upgrading programme would result in a change from a bucket sanitation system to waterborne sewerage, piped water and electricity supply to each home and the upgrading of street lights.

He said bus routes into the townships would be tarred and roads would be properly constructed with

proper surfacing and stormwater drainage.

Contractors from as far as the Transvaal have submitted tenders, which are being considered. The projects will be financed from moneys made available by the National Housing Commission and the Development Bank of Southern Africa, he added.

'Sincerity'

Prof de Clercq said the private sector had already shown interest in the development of the extension to the townships and an all-out effort to ensure their involvement would be made once tenders had been awarded.

'An appeal is made to companies as well as employers who would like to assist their employees to make use of the opportunities.

'The sincerity with which

local town committee members participated in the discussions which preceded the finalisation of the upgrading plans and implementation programme has contributed to the speed with which the final planning was done.

'Councillors have proved themselves to be totally devoted to serve the interest of their people,' he added.

NCK protest

'Local rule' brings lights, telephones to 75 000 tribesmen

**African Affairs
Correspondent**

A REMARKABLE experiment in local authority government is being conducted, so far successfully, in the Valley of a Thousand Hills between Durban and Pietermaritzburg.

The catalyst in this experiment is the Valley Trust, essentially a socio-medical project for the promotion of health.

However, through the good offices of this organisation, which yesterday held its annual meeting, electricity and telephones are being brought to the 75 000 people in the valley.

Electric lights in the valley as part of this project are scheduled to be switched on by the Durban Corporation on March 3 next year.

Men, women and children from the local community have themselves built roads where previously none existed.

The local authority system devised by the inhabitants is currently being explained to academics at the universities of Zululand and Natal as well as

organisations such as the Urban Foundation.

The medical director of the Valley Trust, Dr Ivan Friedman, said yesterday that the community's thirst for water had led to the establishment of an eight-kilometre pipeline with two branch lines of two kilometres each.

Other projects being undertaken under the umbrella of the Valley Trust included the construction of small dams, woodlots, fruit orchards and extended terraces for agricultural use.

Committees

Dr Friedman said that, in order to enable skilled people to tackle every-day issues such as the provision of water and roads, development committees had been formed in 1983.

Their constitutions had been approved by the tribal authorities which retained the right of veto.

Mr A R Ewing, chairman of the Valley Trust, told the annual meeting that those in charge of the organisation were building a vision of the future.

R55 m for

prestige

black

suburb

Property Editor

A PRESTIGE suburb is to be developed in the black Edendale township near Pietermaritzburg at a cost of R55 million, it was announced at the weekend.

Developing companies Lynton Investments and S M Goldstein have formed a joint venture company and will build 1 160 detached homes of two to four bedrooms on its 188 ha site.

The houses, on plots of between 600 m² and 800 m², will cost R40 000 to R50 000 each.

Mr Trevor Davis, a director of Goldstein-Lynton Investments, says civil engineering work will start early next year and the 132 houses in the first phase should be occupied by July.

The total development will be completed in two-and-a-half years.

Landscaped

All first-phase houses have been sold provisionally and a sales office in Laager Centre is being operated by former Edendale housing superintendent Patricia MacIlvenney.

The new suburb will have tarred roads, street lighting, electricity mains, water and sewerage, landscaped gardens and trees. Provision has been made for shopping centres, schools, creches and other amenities.

Mr Ron Glaister, convenor of the housing group in the Pietermaritzburg 2000 strategic planning project, says the new township will add considerable impetus to development already taking place in Edendale and Imbali.

DURBAN, MONDAY, DECEMBER 8,

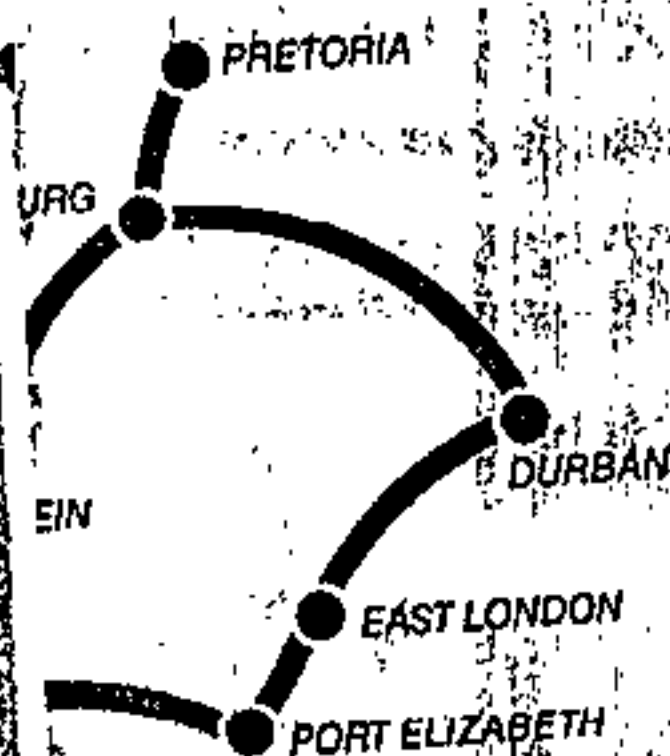
BEST WAY TO START YOUR DAY

The Natal

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URBAN AFRICANS - NATAL

1987 - 1990

Townships depend on Durban firemen

Mercury Reporter

DURBAN'S black townships have no fire-fighting services of their own and depend on the Durban Fire Department, which only responds to township fires if accompanied by a police escort.

Mrs Albertina Mnguni, Mayor of Kwa Mashu, said: 'There are about half a million people living in and around Kwa Mashu and as most have no electricity, fires and candles are used extensively, as is the case in other townships.

'Because of this, fires here are common.'

The Durban Fire Department responds to fires in all the townships but only if accompanied by a police

escort, said the department's chief fire officer, Mr Steve Smith, yesterday.

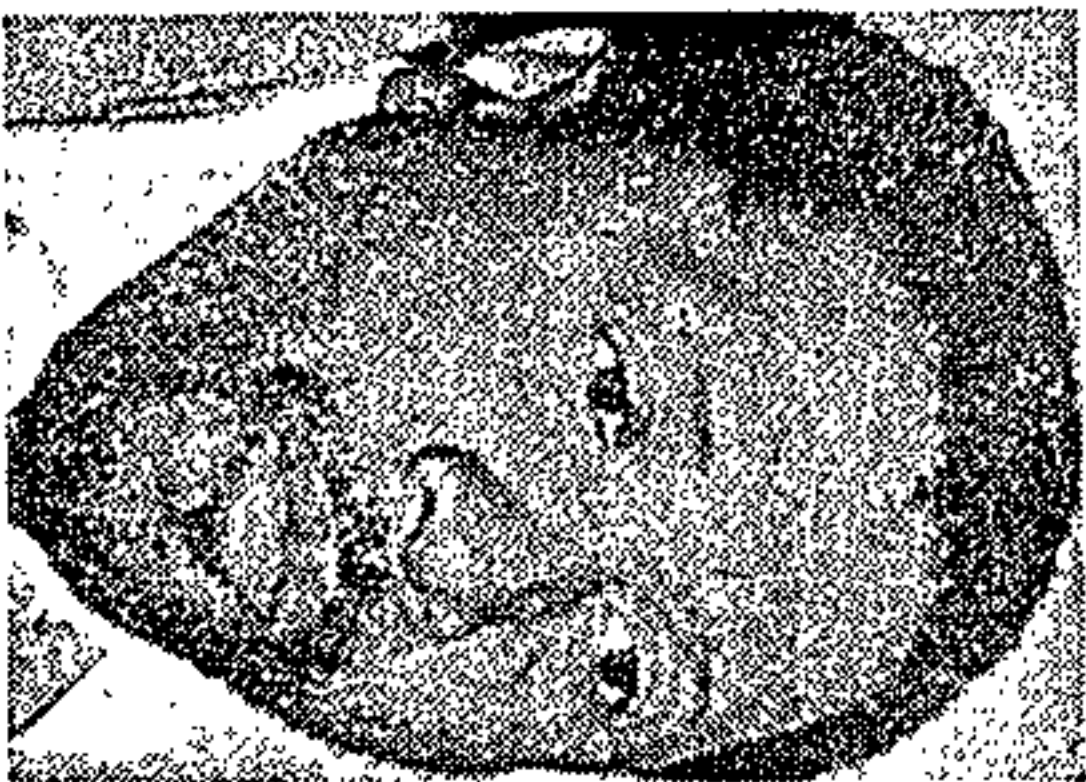
He said the fire department had good police co-operation and that response to township fires was never delayed by getting a police escort.

'Our department would be willing to train firemen to be stationed in the townships,' said Mr Smith.

Kwa Mashu and Umlazi fall under KwaZulu and are charged about R1 400 an hour for the fire department's services.

Lamontville and Chester-ville residents pay a subsidy to the city and are not charged.

There is also no charge to residents within the Durban municipal area.



Peter Davidson
... land grant

Umlazi land carve-up

By SIBU MNCADI

WHILE the shortage of black housing in the Natal-KwaZulu region has reached a critical point, KwaZulu councillors, MPs and senior Inkatha officials have been allocated almost every unoccupied piece of land in Umlazi.

Umlazi's central committee member and KwaZulu MP, Winington Sabelo, has been allocated 81 sites in Sections G, H, J, K, D and BB - including a building material business site at NJ276, by the Umlazi Township Council over the past five years. Sabelo is KwaZulu's appointed delegate on the council.

High on the list of councillors who got a big slice of the cake was sections R and N councillor, Garnet Ngubane, who trades under the name Somashi Contractors.

Ngubane has 136 residential sites to his name in four sections - and most of them are huge. These allocations were made by the

council between September 29, 1982 and September 23, last year.

According to documents in possession of *City Press*, Umlazi mayor and regional Inkatha chairman RES Mfeka got four residential sites - including flat sites and two sites for a butchery and a creche at BB1490 and D386, respectively.

Deputy mayor MJ Ngcongwane was given an unspecified site for "selling herbs".

Councillor Zithulele Ngcobo got two residential sites and two for businesses, and Councillor S Ntuli was awarded 16 residential sites and a general dealers site at BB 186.

KwaZulu MP Adolfus Mkwana got the entire D1508 shopping centre, on top of several other businesses that he owned.

Others councillors to benefit were TN Ngcobo, SE Shoji, A Mathenjwa, J Cele and P Zulu, who were

allocated both business and residential sites.

In some cases, the sizes of their plots were not specified in the council minutes - but the minutes simply referred to them as "a portion of land", "a piece of land" or remarked "huge".

The plots can hold as many as four houses each.

Some councillors, senior Inkatha members, influential businessmen and in some cases senior township officials remained anonymous and used consortiums as land or property developers and traded under several unregistered companies.

Under these guises, they acquired large tracts of land without anyone, except the township council and manager, noticing.

For instance, the obscure Edgars Enterprises bagged 352 sites while the Aga Devco-ASP Nxumalo alliance got 69 sites.

Another developer, EC

Maphumulo, got three sites and was awarded the Umlazi Golf Course.

Inkatha-backed United Workers' Union of South Africa national treasurer and KwaZulu delegate to Umlazi Township Council, Peter Davidson, was allocated unspecified "areas A and B - remains of W15" - which is also massive.

Scores of other favoured individuals and companies got their slice of the cake. Usually the sites would sell between R150 and R200 at the township office but their price could increase up to R3 000 when resold by the original buyers.

In some cases the owners would wait for their value to rocket before selling them.

City Press sources contend that many of the business allocations in the area were contrary to the standing regulations of black local authorities of 1982, which requires that business sites be advertised to

Furthermore, no one is allowed to own more than one residential site in the township.

This housing scandal comes in the wake of an announcement by Natal-KwaZulu Council planning co-ordinator Prof Louis de Clercq that Umlazi alone had a waiting list for houses of about 3 000.

Observers believe this was a conservative estimate.

De Clercq believed the situation was nearing a critical point.

Meanwhile, Sabelo, Mfeka and Davidson were appointed by the KwaZulu government in 1984 to investigate claims of a housing racket in the area. Even though the findings of the inquiry were not made public, it culminated in the transfer of then township manager PR Viljoen to KwaMashu.

reckless and/or negligent driving. On 23 July 1987 the member was convicted on a charge of culpable homicide and sentenced to a fine of R400,00 or 12 months imprisonment.

(3) No, but the facts raised during the criminal trial are presently being perused with the intention of taking possible departmental action.

(4) (a) to (c) I refer the hon member to the above paragraph 2 (b) and my reply in paragraph 2 (a) and (c) to written Question No 48 of 18 February 1987.

Note: I want to point out to the hon member that during the incident the member of the South African Police was on his way to attend to an emergency alarm, and that the court accepted this evidence as extenuating circumstances.

Rooi Els/Betty's Bay/Kleinmond area

*6. Mr R R HULLEY asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

Whether he or his Department intends to proclaim the Rooi Els/Betty's Bay/Kleinmond area as a nature area, if not, why not; if so, when?

THE MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

Yes. Negotiations with regard to the establishment, in terms of section 9 of the Environment Conservation Act, Act 100 of 1982, of a management committee for the nature area to be established are under way. As soon as this aspect has been finalised, the formal proclamation of the nature area by the Administrator will follow.

Chronic spinal injuries

*7. Dr M S BARNARD asked the Minister of National Health and Population Development:

Whether any facilities are available in the Transvaal for the rehabilitation of chronic spinal injuries in Black persons; if not, why not; if so, in what hospitals?

HoA
Henderson 28/7/87

THE MINISTER OF NATIONAL HEALTH AND POPULATION DEVELOPMENT:

Yes. Natalspruit and Kalafong.

Underutilised institutions

*8. Mr R M BURROWS asked the Minister of Education and Development Aid:

Whether (a) he and (b) any minister of education of a national state has approached the Minister of Education and Culture in the House of Assembly to admit Black students or pupils to underutilised institutions under the control of the Department of Education and Culture; if not, why not; if so, (i) when, (ii) in respect of what specified institutions and (iii) what was the response?

†THE DEPUTY MINISTER OF EDUCATION:

(a) Yes.

(b) No.

(i) 27 November 1986.

(ii) Broad guidelines in respect of the possible utilisation of such educational institutions were discussed.

(iii) The response was positive.

Kwanevane Township

*9. Mr R W HARDINGHAM asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

Whether any decisions have been taken in regard to the upgrading of Kwanevane Township, near Howick; if not, why not; if so, (a) what decisions and (b) when?

THE MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

Yes.

(a) Kwanevane will be retained and upgraded within its present boundaries.

(b) The decision was conveyed to the relevant local authority on 14 July 1987.

28/7/87 Henderson

Abuse of air-ticket privileges

*10. Mr D J N MALCOMESS asked the Minister of Transport Affairs:

(1) Whether, with reference to his reply to Question No 21 on 16 June 1987, the inquiry into the alleged abuse of air-ticket privileges at Jan Smuts Airport has now been completed; if not, (a) why not and (b) when is it anticipated that it will be completed; if so, (i) who was in charge of the inquiry and (ii) what were the findings;

(2) whether any action has been taken as a result of the inquiry; if not, why not; if so, (a) what action and (b) with what result;

(3) whether the matter has been referred to the South African Police; if so, (a) on what date and (b) with what result;

(4) whether he has studied the report of this inquiry; if not, why not; if so, when;

(5) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

†THE MINISTER OF TRANSPORT AFFAIRS:

(1) No.

(a) Investigation by the SA Police is not yet completed.

(b) Presumably during the second week of August 1987. (i), (ii) and (2) Falls away.

(3) Yes.

(a) 2 March 1987.

(b) Matter is *sub judice*.

(4) Falls away.

(5) No.

Generic medicine: tests checked

*11. Dr W J SNYMAN asked the Minister of National Health and Population Development:

(1) Whether a team of experts appointed by the South African Medicines Council

HoA
Henderson 28/7/87

Control Council is at present checking the accuracy of tests on generic medicine by a certain laboratory, particulars of which have been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purposes of his reply; if so, (a) what is the name of this laboratory and (b) how many medicines are involved in the investigation;

(2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

THE MINISTER OF NATIONAL HEALTH AND POPULATION DEVELOPMENT:

(1) Yes.

(a) Gestalt (Pty) Ltd.

(b) 20.

(2) No, as the matter is still under investigation.

Clarendon Gardens Shopping Complex

*12. Mr F J LE ROUX asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

(1) Whether a certain project, particulars of which have been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purposes of his reply, was submitted to the Administrator of the Cape Province for his approval; if so, (a) what (i) was the Administrator's decision and (ii) were the reasons for his decision, (b) where is the project being launched, (c) what is the (i) nature and (ii) name of the project and (d) by whom is it being undertaken;

(2) whether there was any objection to the project; if so, (a) by whom was objection lodged and (b) what was the nature thereof;

(3) whether the city council concerned has approved the project; if so, (a) what city council and (b) when;

(4) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

†THE MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

(1) A proposal for the development of a shopping complex, to be known as

HoA
Henderson 28/7/87

Riebeeck Castle, Swartland, Malmesbury Hermion Clinic, Swartland, Malmesbury Swartland Clinic, Swartland, Malmesbury Macassar Day Hospital/Hottentots Holland, Somerset-West Kleinwyl Clinic Hottentots Holland, Somerset-West Pacaltsdorp CHC, George Grahamstown CHC, Settlers, Grahamstown Dysseldorp Clinic, Oudtshoorn West End Clinic, Livingstone, P.E. Charry Poly Clinic, Linvingstone, P.E. Buffalo Flats/Parkside Clinic (Frere, East London) Pefferville Clinic (Frere, (East London) White City Clinic, Saldanha Diazville Clinic, Saldanha Paternoster Clinic St. Helena Clinic Rosemoor Clinic, George Rietfontein Clinic, Gordonia, Upington Askham Clinic, Gordonia, Upington Narrawille Clinic, Watvisbay Hawston Clinic, Hermannus Wesfleur, Atlantis Gonnakraal Clinic, Mosselbay Mitchell's Plain Community Health Centre	Ocean View Retreat Scottsdale, Kraaifontein Vosburg 2.3 <i>Natal</i> None 2.4 <i>Orange Free State</i> None 3. <i>To be allocated to the Administration: House of Delegates</i> 3.1 <i>Transvaal</i> Laudium Lenasia <i>Province Aided</i> Riverlea 3.2 <i>Natal</i> R. K. Khan, Chatsworth Phoenix CHC Northdale <i>Subsidised Hospitals</i> Dayanand Gardens St. Aidans, Durban <i>Cape</i> None 3.4 <i>Orange Free State</i> None
--	--

Day Hospitals

Bellville
Bishop Lavis
Dr. Abdurahman, Athlone
Elsiesrivier
Grassy Park
Hanover Park
Heideveld
Kensington
Lentegeur, Mitchell's Plain
Louisa

Suburban railway lines: delays

228. Mr J VAN ECK asked the Minister of Transport affairs:

(a) How many delays of (i) less than 30 minutes, (ii) 30 to 60 minutes, (iii) one to two hours, (iv) two to three hours and (v) more than three hours occurred during the period 1 January to 30 April 1987 on the (aa) Cape Town to Simon's Town, (bb) Cape Flats, (cc) Cape Town to Kapteins-

kip, (dd) Cape Town to Bellville and (ee) Cape Town to Bellville via Monte Vista suburban railway lines and (b) how many

commuters were affected by these delays in each case?
The MINISTER OF TRANSPORT AFFAIRS:

(a)	(i)	(ii)	(iii), (iv) and (v)
(aa)	462	25	
(bb)	335	3	
(cc)	1 444	130	
(dd)	1 163	24	
(ee)	40	None	
(b)	Less than 30 minutes	30 to 60 minutes	
(aa)	508 200	27 500	
(bb)	361 500	3 300	
(cc)	2 926 000	260 00	
(dd)	1 780 000	36 000	
(ee)	44 000	None	

Due to the intensive scheduling of passenger suburban trains, trains which are technically more than 60 minutes late are cancelled as the passengers concerned will have travelled with a subsequent train.

Mpopotomeni Township

239. Mr R W HARDINGHAM asked the Minister of Education and Development Aid:

(1) Whether any facilities in the Mpopotomeni Township, near Lions River, were upgraded in 1986; if so, (a) what facilities and (b) (i) in terms of what projects and (ii) at what cost in terms of each such project;

(2) whether it is the intention to proceed with this programme of upgrading; if not, why not; if so, what estimated amount is to be spent in this regard?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND DEVELOPMENT AID:

(1) Yes.

(a) Roads and drainage, water reticulation, sanitation, buildings (general), sports facilities, electricity supply and schools.

(2) The town concerned transferred to KwaZulu on 1 January 1987 and the intention of the KwaZulu Government in this regard is not known.

Transkei Government: loan

240. Mr F J LE ROUX asked the Minister of Foreign Affairs:

(1) Whether his Department was consulted regarding a loan negotiated by the Transkei Government from a foreign institution for the construction of a certain housing scheme, particulars of which have been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purposes of his reply; if not, why not; if so, (a) (i) where and (ii) by whom were the houses erected, (b) how many houses (i) were erected, (ii) were sold and (iii) are occupied at present, (c) what is the amount of the

tions to the cost of the magazine it is not deemed in the public interest to reveal the name of the publication.

*4. Mr D J N MALCOMESS—National Health and Population Development. [Withdrawn.]

Jan Smuts Airport: air-ticket privileges

*5. Mr D J N MALCOMESS asked the Minister of Transport Affairs:

- (1) Whether, with reference to his reply to Question No 10 on 28 July 1987, the inquiry into the alleged abuse of air-ticket privileges at Jan Smuts Airport has now been completed; if not, (a) why not and (b) when is it anticipated that it will be completed; if so, (i) who was in charge of the inquiry and (ii) what were the findings;
- (2) whether any action has been taken as a result of this inquiry; if not, why not; if so, what action;
- (3) whether he has received a report on the investigation by the South African Police into this matter; if not, why not; if so, when;
- (4) whether any action is to be taken as a result of this investigation; if so, what action;
- (5) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

†The MINISTER OF TRANSPORT AFFAIRS:

- (1) The Departmental inquiry has been completed.
 - (a) and (b) Fall away.
 - (i) Two senior officers of South African Airways.
 - (ii) The possibility of fraud has been identified.
- (2) Yes. The matter has been referred to the South African Police.
- (3) No. The Police investigation has not been completed.
- (4) Yes. Should the South African Police acquire prima facie proof of criminal

action the matter will be dealt with in terms of the normal judiciary procedure. Should no such proof be acquired, the matter will be dealt with under the SA Transport Services' disciplinary code.

(5) No.

Clarendon Gardens shopping complex

*6. Mr J B DE R VAN GEND asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

Whether, with reference to his reply to Question No 12 on 28 July 1987, the Administrator of the Cape Province has reached a decision on the proposed Clarendon Gardens shopping complex; if not, when is it anticipated that a decision will be reached; if so, what was the decision?

†The DEPUTY MINISTER OF DEVELOPMENT PLANNING:

The Administrator of the Cape Province has not yet considered the application with regard to the proposed Clarendon Gardens Shopping Complex and it is not possible to say when the matter will be considered since certain information, *inter alia* from the developers, is being awaited.

Groeneberg 844, Inanda: expropriation

*7. Mr P C CRONJÉ asked the Minister of Education and Development Aid:

- (a) Where is the land situated that is to be expropriated in terms of Government Notice 291 of 1987, published in *Government Gazette* No 10738 of 15 May 1987, and (b) for what purpose is this land to be expropriated?

†The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND DEVELOPMENT AID:

- (a) The land is situated on the farm Groeneberg 844, District of Inanda, in Released Area No 33.
- (b) The properties in Released Area No 33 are required by the South African Development Trust for township development.

*8. Mr J H VAN DER MERWE—Defence. [Withdrawn.]

Canelands, Durban: chemical/pesticide manufacturing plant

*9. Mr R S SCHOEMAN asked the Minister of Water Affairs:

- (1) Whether his Department (a) has been informed of and/or (b) has received any complaints and representations in regard to the possibility of water pollution being caused by a certain chemical and pesticide manufacturing plant at Canelands, near Durban, particulars of which have been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply; if so, (i) from whom did he receive the information, complaints and/or representations and (ii) what was the purport thereof;
- (2) whether his Department has taken any steps in regard to the matter; if so, (a) what steps and (b) when;
- (3) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

†The MINISTER OF WATER AFFAIRS:

- (1) (a) and (b) No, but some press reports were, however, brought to the attention of the Department of Water Affairs.
- (i) and (ii) Fall away.
- (2) (a) and (b) Fall away.
- (3) Yes. The premises of the factory was inspected on several occasions before and during the construction of the plant by senior officials of the Department of Water Affairs. These inspections were done together with the management of the company. The latest of these were on 24 September 1986, 19 May 1987 and 28 June 1987. The discharge and methods of discharge of the effluent were examined in detail and the requirements of the Department of Water Affairs were stipulated. The discharge to sea was investigated in great detail in consultation with the Department of Environment Affairs

and the method of discharge will under no circumstances cause any toxicological or other detrimental environmental effects. A permit in terms of section 21 of the Water Act, 1956 (Act 54 of 1956) is being issued for the discharge of effluent to sea.

Pretoria: wreaths in honour of Rudolf Hess

*10. Mr H H SCHWARZ asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) Whether he has received any information on a meeting held in Pretoria on or about 20 August 1987 at which Nazi flags and armbands were displayed and the Nazi salutes were given; if so, what is the purport of this information;
- (2) whether any action is contemplated in respect of such activities; if so, what action; if not, why not?

†The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) Yes. That on 21 August 1987 a memorial service was held in the Rebecca Street Cemetery, Pretoria during which wreaths were laid in honour of Rudolf Hess by a number of rightist organisations.
- (2) Yes. A charge of contravening section 62 of the Internal Security Act, 1982 (Act 74 of 1982), is being investigated. Once the investigation has been completed the case docket will be forwarded to the Attorney-General for his decision.

Actuarial reports

*11. Mr D J N MALCOMESS asked the Minister of Transport Affairs:

- (1) Whether an actuarial report has been received during the past three years in respect of the (a) Railways and Harbours Pension Fund for Non-White Employees and (b) New Railways and Harbours Superannuation Fund; if not, why not; if so, when;
- (2) whether there is a deficit in either of these funds; if so, (a) what is the nature of the deficit in each case and

New cycle of violence as Zulu police take over

South
17-23/9/87



Some of the Kwazulu police at the Amatigulu Youth Camp where they receive their training

DURBAN. — A new cycle of violence and intimidation has erupted in some Natal townships since the takeover three months ago of major police stations by the Kwazulu homeland.

Kwazulu's Chief Gatsha Buthelezi has ordered an investigation into allegations of a "comrade" being sjambokked until he lost consciousness.

At the receiving end of the violence are anti-apartheid activists who want to have nothing to do with Inkatha, the Zulu "cultural liberation movement" led by Buthelezi.

In this cycle of violence seen by the UDF activists as an attempt to wipe out the movement in the region, scores of youths and residents have been assaulted.

Recently, a youth from Durban's Umlazi township was severely assaulted, allegedly by homeland policemen, and is now walking with difficulty.

Bhekisisa Mzizi 17, said he was walking home when a yellow van approached him.

"I was accused of being a comrade. But before I could deny the charges, I was thrown into the back of the van," Mzizi said.

Open weals

"I was taken to a golf course where I was sjambokked. They wanted to know the whereabouts of comrades," he said.

He was beaten until he lost consciousness. Mzizi, whose body is full of criss-crossed open weals, landed up at the Prince Mshiyeni Hospital.

The Chief Minister of Kwazulu, in his capacity as the Minister of Police, told newspapers that he ordered an investigation into the incident. The homeland's Commissioner of Police, Brigadier Andries Laas, said the matter was under investigation.

Residents claim many other assaults have gone without investigation, despite charges being laid.

Kwazulu's police force are presently facing claims of R78 000 from 13 Umlazi residents who allege that they were assaulted on the eve of June 16.

On this year's June 16 anniversary, Zulu police were working alongside the South African Police against demonstrators and workers planning stayaways to commemorate the day.

The Legal Resources Centre here has brought more than 40 claims against Zulu police, all of which Laas said were still under investigation.

In another incident three weeks after the takeover of police stations by the homeland, the Legal Resources Centre and the Progressive Federal Party's Unrest Monitoring Group collected more than 20 interviews from people

Buthelezi orders inquiry after boy is sjambokked



Bhekisisa Mzizi, the Umlazi youth who was assaulted by Kwazulu police who wanted him to reveal the hideout of comrades

who claimed to have been assaulted by Zulu police.

Mr Peter Rutch, of the LRC, told newspapers that his office had been inundated by people seeking advice on how to lay charges against the Zulu police and sue for damages from the Minister of Police.

In an affidavit a young male nurse at Shifa Hospital said he walked to KwaMashu police station with fresh weals on his body to lay charges

against policemen who had assaulted him. He claimed he was further assaulted at the police station and discouraged from laying charges.

Laas said this matter had not been brought to his attention.

"I am totally unaware of the situation. We have been in the dark at Umlazi for the past few days as telephones were out of order because of bad weather. We have been out of touch with our people in the town-

ships," he told a reporter.

In the Maritzburg Supreme Court, Zulu police and Inkatha are facing damages amounting to R154 550 arising out of the alleged attacks on people at Mpophomeni, near Howick, by members of Inkatha.

Twelve people are suing Inkatha, its national organiser, Joseph Mabaso, and the Kwazulu Minister of Police for damages caused by the death of a member of the National Union of Metal Workers of South Africa (Numsa), Mr Alpheus Nkabinde, and injuries suffered by others.

Attack at meeting

It is claimed in papers before the court that if Kwazulu policemen, Mabaso and other employees and office bearers of Inkatha, who were present at the meeting where the attack was planned, were not party to the agreement or attacks, they negligently failed in their duty to prevent the attack when they could have done so.

According to the 1986 Kwazulu Police Annual report, 14 claims totalling R172 102 were instituted against Zulu Police and R18 551 was paid out last year. In 1985 ten claims amounting to R123 322 were made, but only R4 700 was paid. In 1984 14 claims totalling R310 319 were made with only R18 551 being paid.

The report did not detail these claims.

Kwazulu police were deployed in the Natal townships in June this year after a successful deal between the Pretoria government and Buthelezi to hand over police stations to the latter.

Earlier this year, Buthelezi, speaking during the visit of the South African Minister of Law and Order, Mr Adrian Vlok, to the homeland's headquarters in Ulundi, said there was a need for the homeland to eradicate the kind of brutality that was "inherent in intimidatory politics".

And in the Kwazulu Assembly, Buthelezi said that he was committed to achieving a lasting peace in which the police force could become "the truest friend of the people".

He said he expected his police force to rise above party politics. This has been strongly disputed by political activists who point out that the Deputy Commissioner of Police in Kwazulu Brigadier Sipho Mathe, is a member of Inkatha's Central Committee, a political decision-making organ.

Kwazulu police draws its recruits from Inkatha Youth Brigade and arrangements are being made to turn Youth Brigade's camps at Amatigulu into training camps.

More police stations are to be handed over to the Kwazulu government this year. — Concord News Agency

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	(a) Quantity	(b) To whom sold	(c) Selling price	
			Local	Other
			R	R
East Rand Area Development Board ...	8	General public and booksellers	1,00	1,20
Eastern Transvaal Area Development Board	5	General public and booksellers	0,80	0,95
Orange Vaal Area Development Board ...	7	General public and booksellers	0,80	1,00
Central Transvaal Area Development Board	2	General public and booksellers	0,80	0,95
Southern Orange Free State Area Development Board	2	General public and booksellers	0,80	0,90
Western Cape Area Development Board	4	General public and booksellers	1,15	1,35
West Rand Area Development Board ...	3	General public and booksellers	1,00	1,20
Western Transvaal Area Development Board	8	General public and booksellers	0,85	1,00
Gazankulu Government	2	Bookseller	8,00	10,00
KaNgwane Government	2	Bookseller	8,00	10,00
KwaNdebele Government	2	Bookseller	8,00	10,00
KwaZulu Government	2	Bookseller	8,00	10,00
Lebowa Government	2	Bookseller	8,00	10,00
Owagwa Government	2	Bookseller	8,00	10,00
(4)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
		(e)		
	Total cost	Copies printed	Pictures	Quality paper
1986	R134 651,08	31 491	None	GP wove
1985	R137 472,89	30 716	None	GP wove
1984	R136 465,64	30 891	None	GP wove
1983	R168 082,69	30 876	None	GP wove
1982	R164 770,11	29 332	None	GP wove

Dobsonville/Diepmeadow/Soweto: electricity meters

403. Mr W J D VAN WYK asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

- (a) How many dwelling units in (i) Dobsonville, (ii) Diepmeadow and (iii) Soweto have been provided with

THE MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

electricity meters, (b) how often are these meters read and (c) in respect of what date is this information furnished?

- (a) (i) 5 133 meters

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- (ii) 30 000 meters
(iii) 75 000 meters
(b) (i) (Dobsonville) Every month.
(ii) (Diepmeadow) Meter reading in this area almost came to a halt in August 1987. A private company has now been appointed to read all meters as from 1 September 1987 on a monthly basis.
(iii) (Soweto) Due to intimidation the meter readings in this particular area almost came to a halt in January 1987. A new strategy is now applied and all meters have been read for the past six months. The goal is to read all meters every second month with provisional consumer figures for the alternative months.
(c) 27 August 1987.

Bridging finance

408. Mr A GERBER asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

- What total amount was paid in respect of bridging finance to (a) the community councils in Natal and (b) each such council up to 30 June 1985?

THE MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

- (a) R10 815 979,32
(b) Colenso Community Council 182 140,90
Dundee Community Council 424 147,00
Mooi River Community Council 295 403,00
Ladysmith Community Council 749 298,00
Glencoe Community Council 385 308,00
Vryheid Community Council 563 107,00
Paupiersburg Community Council 107 844,00
Sabantu Community Council 1 452 086,42
Matatiele Community Council 678 427,00

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Kokstad Community Council	418 003,00
Greytown Community Council	651 126,00
Ningizimu Community Council	4 688 808,00
Hambanani Community Council	830 866,00
	10 815 979,32

Westdene: exemptions from Group Areas Act

426. Dr M S BARNARD asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

- Whether, since 1 January 1986, his Department has received any applications for exemptions from the provisions of the Group Areas Act, No 36 of 1966, in respect of residential premises in the Westdene constituency; if so, (a) how many such applications had been (i) granted and (ii) refused as at the latest specified date for which information is available and (b) what were the reasons for (i) granting and (ii) refusing each application?

THE MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

Statistics regarding applications for permits in terms of the Group Areas Act, 1966, is not maintained according to parliamentary constituencies. The question, therefore, cannot be answered in its present form.

Johannesburg West: exemptions from Group Areas Act

427. Dr M S BARNARD asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

- Whether, since 1 January 1986, his Department has received any applications for exemptions from the provisions of the Group Areas Act, No 36 of 1966, in respect of residential premises in the Johannesburg West constituency; if so, (a) how many such applications had been (i) granted and (ii) refused as at the latest specified date for which information is available and (b) what were the reasons for (i)

Residents get a helping hand

CP Correspondent

A PEOPLE's advice centre was launched in Durban's Lamontville township at the weekend to help solve the problems of rent, pensions and unemployment.

Lamontville is a working-class community with a population of about 30 000 people.

According to the Lamontville Advice Centre the rate of unemployment

is as high as 70 percent, meaning that about 20 000 people are without work.

Last weekend, the chairman of the advice centre's administrative committee, Dan Shabalala, told about 500 people who packed the St James Roman Catholic Church that many people were often ignorant of their rights.

"The loss of jobs renders many

people incapable of paying their rent in time.

"The council then creates problems for them by resorting to selling their houses," said Shabalala.

The advice centre aims to deal with the immediate needs of the community while at the same time educating and conscientising people.

It aims to help the community by:

- Negotiating with the authorities to consider the financial position of people whose rent payments are in arrears.
- Raising awareness about the Unemployment Insurance Fund as many people have faced difficulties claiming from the UIF after losing their jobs.
- Aiding pensioners in receiving their due payments and benefits.
- Saving the unemployed from spending money on costly bus and train rides.

The organisers of the advice centre maintain that the establishment of the UIF was the outcome of a long struggle between capital and labour and that it was made to treat the symptoms of unemployment rather than tackling its root causes.

In contrast, the setting up of the advice centre followed extensive consultations with various community organisations to establish the needs and problems of the community.

It is presently housed at the St James Roman Catholic Church and run by an eight-member committee, including two full-time advisors.

There are eight other advice centres in and around Durban, all of which are affiliated to the Natal Advice Centres' Association.

Political comment and newsbills by ZB Molefe; headlines and sub-editing by Jon Swift, all of 204 Eloff Street Ext, Johannesburg.

MISS

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Like me

"THE ULTIMATE IN HAIR CARE"

1987

SOUTHERN AFRICA'S BIGGEST BEAUTY
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SEMI-FINALS

1st PRIZE	R2 00.00
2nd PRIZE	R1 00.00
3rd PRIZE	R 500.00

They were stopped by members of the South African Police, whereupon they attacked and seriously injured these members.

During the action at Cosatu House:

13 persons were arrested on charges of Public Violence;

3 persons were arrested on charges of Attempted Murder;

1 person was arrested on a charge of Robbery;

1 person was arrested for being a prohibited immigrant.

In addition, large quantities of dangerous weapons, *inter alia* pangas, knives, iron bars and ketties, were seized.

(2) Yes.

(a) Sufficient members to deal with a given situation.

(b) and (c) These members of the South African Defence Force, in accordance with Regulation 1 of the Emergency Regulations promulgated by virtue of the Public Safety Act, 1953 (Act 3 of 1953), form part of the Security Forces and it was in this capacity that they assisted the South African Police to cordon off the building efficiently.

(3) Yes.

(a) and (b) One charge of Theft and one charge of Malicious Damage to Property were submitted on 11 May 1987.

(4) Yes.

(a) and (b) The investigation has not yet been completed and I am therefore not in a position to furnish any further information.

Financial costs for education: tax deductible

*3. Mr M J ELLIS asked the Minister of Finance:

Whether he or any member of his Department

HoA

ment has received any representations with regard to making all financial costs incurred by parents in respect of all primary, secondary and tertiary education a deductible expenditure in the determination of taxable income; if so, (a) from whom, (b) when and (c) what was his response thereto?

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF FINANCE (Dr G Marais) [Reply laid upon the Table with leave of House]:

(a) A number of representations have been received requesting that educational costs, or at least school and university fees, be allowed as a deduction against income. In view of the secrecy provisions contained in the Income Tax Act, the names of correspondents cannot be furnished.

(b) About 4 representations are received per annum.

(c) The Minister of Finance has pointed out that expenditure on children's school and university fees and books is a private and domestic expense. In our income tax system, in common with income tax systems in other countries, a taxpayer's total income less only such expenditure incurred to produce such income is used as a measure of his ability to pay tax. The rebate allowed to a taxpayer who supports a child or children is intended in a measure to compensate for the additional expenditure he incurs in maintaining and educating his children.

The primary reason for not allowing private and domestic expenditure as a deduction is that this amounts to subsidisation by the State of the expenditure in question. The first disadvantage of allowing such expenditure is that assistance granted in this form is not subject to budgetary control, which often results in much higher levels of expenditure than would have been voted by Parliament in the form of a direct cash payment.

Schools and universities are already substantially subsidised by the State, and this affects the amount of the

fees payable by parents and students. As a result of budgetary constraints it is not possible to provide unlimited funds for education and if an income tax concession was granted this would of necessity affect the amount available for education. For example, universities' fees would no doubt increase if the cash subsidy was reduced and in many cases the after tax position of the parent would remain substantially unchanged.

Another cogent reason for granting direct cash subsidies rather than an income tax concession is that less well-to-do parents and students paying their own way through school and university will receive little if any benefit from a tax concession, whereas wealthy persons will receive the maximum benefit. The introduction of a tax concession will most probably result in an increase in fees and the effect will be that the after-tax cost for the wealthy will be reduced while the less well-to-do will have to pay higher fees. This would be a most unfortunate effect of the concession as it would make access to education even more difficult for the children from the lower and middle income groups.

Inanda Road/New Germany: construction of road

*4. Mr P C CRONJÉ asked the Minister of Education and Development Aid:

Whether a road linking Inanda Road in the Waterfall area with New Germany along the Umgeni valley will be constructed as part of the proposal to resettle certain families as a result of the construction of the Inanda Dam; if not, why not; if so, (a) what steps have been taken towards the construction of such a road and (b) when is it anticipated that construction will (i) commence and (ii) be completed?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND DEVELOPMENT AID:

A road will be provided, but to date no steps have been taken for the construction of the road as the release of the Waterfall

area has as yet not been approved by Parliament, and planning can only commence after purchase thereof has been effected.

Waterfall: upgrading

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*5. Mr P C CRONJÉ asked the Minister of Education and Development Aid:

Whether any steps have been taken to upgrade the intersection between Link Road and Inanda Road in the development area of Waterfall; if not, why not; if so, (a) what steps and (b) when is it anticipated that the upgrading of this intersection will be completed?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND DEVELOPMENT AID:

Not by the Department of Development Aid. The matter falls under the jurisdiction of the Natal Provincial Administration.

Waterfall: schools planned

*6. Mr P C CRONJÉ asked the Minister of Education and Development Aid:

Whether any (a) primary and (b) secondary schools are being planned for the development area of Waterfall; if not, why not; if so, (i) where will they be located and (ii) when will they be taken into use?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND DEVELOPMENT AID:

To date no planning has been done for the development area of Waterfall as the release of this area has as yet not been approved by Parliament. Schools will be provided as required once the area has been purchased.

†Mr P C CRONJÉ: Mr Speaker, arising from the reply of the hon the Minister, I want to tell him that the question does not necessarily refer to schools in the other area. It refers to schools in the existing Waterfall area.

Flight SA 351 from Johannesburg/Cape Town

*7. Mr A J W P S TERBLANCHE asked the Minister of Transport Affairs:†

HoA

Cape Peninsula: teachers retrenched

*22. Mr K M ANDREW asked the Minister of Education and Development Aid:

- (1) Whether any qualified teachers employed at schools for Blacks in the Cape Peninsula were retrenched in 1987; if so, (a) how many, (b) why in each case, (c) what subjects were they qualified to teach and (d) at which schools were they teaching when they were retrenched;
- (2) whether any qualified teachers employed on a temporary basis at such schools in 1987 were not re-employed when they re-applied for their posts; if so, (a) how many, (b) why in each case, (c) what subjects were they qualified to teach and (d) at which schools were they teaching?

†The DEPUTY MINISTER OF EDUCATION:

- (1) No.
- (a), (b), (c) and (d) fall away.
- (2) No.
- (a), (b), (c) and (d) fall away.

Greater Edendale area, Pietermaritzburg

*23. Mr R M BURROWS asked the Minister of Defence:

- (1) Whether, at the request of any Ministerial colleague, members of the South African Defence Force have been stationed in or designated to patrol the Greater Edendale area of Pietermaritzburg; if so (a) since what date have members of the Defence Force been present in this area, (b) what results have been achieved by their presence and (c) by whom was the said request made;
- (2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF DEFENCE:

- (1) No. In accordance with prescribed procedures such requests are made at departmental level. A request was in fact received along the latter channel and the facts pertaining to the support given by the S.A Defence Force to the S.A Police are as follows:
- (a) Since 4 November 1987.

- (b) It contributed to prevent the further increase of unrest related incidents.
- (c) The Divisional Commissioner for the Natal Division of the S.A Police.
- (2) No.

Greater Edendale area, Pietermaritzburg

*24. Mr R M BURROWS asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) Whether the South African Police have conducted an inquiry into the events in the Greater Edendale area of Pietermaritzburg since July 1987; if not, why not; if so, (a) how many persons were murdered in politically inspired violence between 1 July 1987 and the latest specified date for which figures are available and (b) what were the results of the inquiry;
- (2) whether he or his Department has taken any steps to ensure that law and order is re-established in this area; if so, what steps; if not, why not;
- (3) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

†The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) Yes.
- (a) A number of persons have been killed, but because it cannot yet be established beyond doubt from the investigations, which deaths can be ascribed to faction fights, ordinary crime or politically inspired crime, it would not be opportune to furnish figures at this stage.
- (b) 254 persons were charged in a large number of cases, inter alia on charges of murder, attempted murder, assault with the intent to do grievous bodily harm, arson and public violence. These persons are presently awaiting trial.
- (2) Yes.

A number of temporary bases have been established, from where a large contingent of the South African Police, supported by units of the South African Defence Force, operate on a 24-hour basis. They render preventative duties and en-

sure that law and order are maintained in the area.

In addition, an investigation team comprising a large number of experienced detectives under the command of a senior officer is presently investigating cases that have emanated from the violence. They leave no stone unturned in locating and charging those persons who have committed acts of violence. The results achieved thus far are both positive and encouraging.

- (3) Yes. It is the aim of the South African Police, and we are irrevocably committed thereto, to maintain law and order in South Africa.

From the steps that have been taken thus far to normalize the situation in the Republic and also in the Pietermaritzburg area, it is clear that the South African Police is well on its way to achieving that aim.

Std 10 examinations: matriculation exemption

*25. Mr K M ANDREW asked the Minister of Education and Development Aid:

What percentage of students from schools failing under his Department who wrote the Std 10 examination at the end of 1987 passed (a) with and (b) without matriculation exemption?

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF EDUCATION:

- (a) 14.39%.
- (b) 35.8%.

Therefore, in total 50.26% passed.

Nyanza: action against two youths

*26. Mr J VANCECK asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) Whether members of the South African Police took any action against two persons, in respect of whom certain particulars have been furnished to the Police for the purpose of the Minister's reply, in Nyanza on or about 19 January 1988; if so, (a) what action, (b) why, (c) what are their names and (d) what were the circumstances surrounding this incident;
- (2) whether the Police have received any complaints from these persons in regard to

this incident; if so, (a) when and (b) what was the purport of the complaints;

- (3) whether the matter has been investigated; if not, why not; if so, with what result?

†The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

Mr Speaker, before I reply to this question, I would like to express my dismay at the unpardonable manner in which the hon member has misused this incident to slander South Africa and especially the South African Police. [Interjections.]

The hon member made allegations to the *Sunday Tribune* that the South African Police had assaulted and tortured two persons. Without the Police having been approached for comment, these allegations were published in detail in this newspaper.

As a result of the newspaper report, the matter was thoroughly investigated and proved to be unsubstantiated. At the insistence of the Police the same newspaper a week later reported on the findings of the investigation.

On 8 February 1988 the hon member put the question to which I must reply today. Nevertheless, last Friday during the no-confidence debate he misused the House of Assembly for publicity and personal gain.

According to my information, the hon member brought the two complainants to the House of Assembly and pre-arranged with several less sympathetic journalists to be ready outside Parliament to photograph him and the complainants, after he had repeated his allegations during the no-confidence debate. [Interjections.] His actions were pre-meditated and the sole purpose was to give further negative publicity to his unsubstantiated allegations. As a result of this, I was obliged to issue a press statement about the matter on 12 February 1988, a copy of which is attached.

Keeping these facts in mind, I would now like to reply to the question by the hon member.

- (1) Yes.
- (a) Two Black youths were detained for questioning.
- (b) Because they were found together with a group of approximately 15 Black youths under suspicious circumstances.

Rent bill could spark boycott

CP Correspondent

RESIDENTS of Lamontville outside Durban have condemned the proposed Promotion of Local Government Affairs Amendment Bill which would oblige employers to deduct rent from pay.

Ian Mkhize and Aaron Masango, founder members of the Joint Rent Action Committee and members of the Lamontville Residents Association, warned that if the bill was passed it could spark another rent boycott.

CP Press The residents' association expects the Bill to be gazetted soon. However, parliamentary sources this week said it was extremely unlikely that the bill would be passed as it had been widely opposed.

"It is all in limbo at the moment," said PFP MP and researcher, Professor Nick Olivier.

2/12/88 The residents association members also criticised the State's new home ownership scheme, which makes the private sector responsible for providing houses.

People wanting homes have to obtain a 99-year-lease, apply to building societies for loans and hire a contractor to build their houses.

"The provision of houses is the State's responsibility. This move is aimed to shift the burden of housing from the government to the oppressed people," said Mkhize. - Concord

Funds boost for Natal

CP Correspondent

MORE than R1 000 million is to be spent on upgrading black urban areas in Natal/KwaZulu as a platform for the introduction of Regional Services Councils in the province this year.

Announcing the proposed boundaries of the first four RSCs, MEC for local government, Peter Miller, said the R1 124-million package announced on Sunday by Development Aid Minister, Dr Gerrit Viljoen, was "an essential prerequisite for the implementation of RSCs".

Legislation is also being prepared to allow the RSCs to supply services to KwaZulu areas on a contractual basis, effectively side-stepping the political objections of KwaZulu's Chief Minister Mangosuthu Buthelezi, while allowing KwaZulu's urban areas the full financial benefits of the RSC system.

He said R660-million of the development aid grant, based on the recommendation of the Kwazulu/Natal planning council, was to be spent in areas under jurisdiction of KwaZulu over the next five years.

The remainder - R427-million - would be spent by the department.

Kwamashu students fear 'warlord'

341, South

28/4-4/5/88

DURBAN - Residents in the townships of Ntuzuma and Kwamashu, near Durban, are again living in fear of a "warlord" who allegedly led a group of his vigilantes on a "mission" against students last Wednesday. Two boys were killed.

The "warlord" is understood to be from the squatter settlement of Lindeleni, which borders on the townships of Ntuzuma and Kwamashu. Those allegedly shot and beaten to death by the vigilantes are Bheki Gcabasho, a 17-year-old standard nine pupil at the Gugulabasha High School, and another youth known only as Mso.

According to residents, the latest attacks were carried out after a local taxi was hijacked by the vigilantes. After they saw a group of school pupils walking on a road near the KwaZulu Development Corporation, the vigilantes allegedly opened fire and attacked the children with pangas. They pursued Bheki Gcabasho to a house in Ntuzuma where he tried to seek refuge. He was allegedly shot and killed there.

The driver of the hijacked taxi described what happened. "I was at the time of the hijacking, I was in the taxi rank when a group of young men approached me and forced their way into the kombi and forced me to drive to the house of the person who is the leader of the group."

Within a few minutes the leader came out with a big gun in his hand and commanded his vigilantes to pile into my kombi and another kombi. The men were all armed to the teeth with guns, spears and pangas.

"At the edge of Lindeleni a truck met the two kombis and all three vehicles drove towards a group of students."

The vehicles stopped and the leader, Ian Guli, pointing his gun at the children, said: "We are here to protect the township. Several shots were fired and the children were injured."

One of the students who was attacked said: "Our schools are a stone's throw away from the vigilante headquarters and we fear that we will be terrorised. We don't know what to do."

The incidents were reported to the Progressive Federal Party (PFP) Unrest Monitoring Unit in Durban, but the director, Mr Roy Ainslee, said he was unable to take up the matter because eye-witnesses were not prepared to make sworn affidavits for fear of their lives. Mr Ainslee said they were concerned at the escalation of the violence in the two townships.

on Press Trust of South Africa Agency? 28/4-4/5/88

28/4-4/5/88

Maritzburg electricity branch comes to light at long last

By SIBU MNGADI

MARITZBURG'S Imbali residents can kiss the dark ages farewell in two months – the Maritzburg Electricity Department has promised to install power by the end of September.

At a meeting with department officials on Monday, journalists were told of difficulties which have made it "impossible" for the electricians to meet the first deadline they announced last year after the Press highlighted the residents' plight.

They have been waiting for electricity for more than two years.

Officials partly blamed the current political violence for the delay in finishing the job.

"Members of our staff were not prepared to go into the area which was submerged in violence, and needed protection each time they went to Imbali," an official said.

Another reason cited was the shortage of

skilled technicians. Other areas were also in desperate need of power, and the demand had to met, officials said.

At least 95 households in Imbali had paid fully for installations, the officials added.

The two new complexes started at Unit 13 a few months ago had been completed, and power had been installed in almost all the houses whose owners applied for it. At Unit J – a complex established last year – there have been no electricity problems.

People whose houses were built by Besters Construction at Unit 18 should collect forms from the department at 111 Havelock Road, as this construction firm had left the city, the official said.

Other residents should approach their contractors to arrange for installation of power to homes. For further details telephone Mr Jackson at (0331) 56122.

Village of the night-murders

ST WENDOLIN'S, the 100-year-old village outside Pinetown which made history when its residents fought off a state plan for Group Areas removal, has become the latest target of mystery night-killers.

The township has so far largely avoided the serious violence of many other Natal areas, and residents said potential conflict between members of the United Democratic Front and of Inkatha was defused through successful peace talks.

However last weekend, three people walking down the road were shot and killed, allegedly by people wearing balaclavas and travelling in a minibus.

The victims were Jabulani Luthuli, Nsizwane Madlala and Mamfana

Winnere
BY CARMEL RICKARD,

(341) Durban 20-26/88

Mqadi, two of the men died instantly and the third a short while later after trying to find help.

Since then there have been other reports of masked people patrolling the streets at night in minibuses and shooting at random.

Progressive Federal Party regional director, Roy Ainslie, says he can only conclude a "third force" is at work, intent on destabilising the community for some reason.

"It seems to be an outside force coming in and apparently trying to get the two groups within the village to fight."

Howard

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from Feichters, Fienters, Jood se kamp and Witlokasie.

Conventional housing: Squatters from the abovementioned as well as from Concordia, Bongani, Damsbos and Nekkie.

(d) The township area is at present available for occupation. Plots are for sale on 99-year leasehold and can be developed.

liabilities

1046. Mr C J DERBY-LEWIS asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

Whether the (a) assets and (b) liabilities of the Central Transvaal Development Board were transferred to local authorities; if so, (i) what was the value of this board's assets at the time of transfer, (ii)(aa) to which local authorities and (bb) on what dates were these assets transferred and (iii) what was the value of the assets transferred to each such local authority?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

No.

Rest of question falls away.

East Rand Development Board: assets/liabilities

1047. Mr C J DERBY-LEWIS asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

Whether the (a) assets and (b) liabilities of the East Rand Development Board were transferred to local authorities; if so, (i) what was the value of this board's assets at the time of transfer, (ii)(aa) to which local authorities and (bb) on what dates were these assets transferred and (iii) what was the value of the assets transferred to each such local authority?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

No.

Rest of question falls away.

Eastern Cape Development Board: assets/liabilities

1048. Mr C J DERBY-LEWIS asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning: Whether the (a) assets and (b) liabilities of the

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Whether the (a) assets and (b) liabilities of the Natalia Development Board were transferred to local authorities; if so, (i) what was the value of this board's assets at the time of transfer, (ii)(aa) to which local authorities and (bb) on what dates were these assets transferred and (iii) what was the value of the assets transferred to each such local authority?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

No.

Rest of question falls away.

Northern Cape Development Board: assets/liabilities

1052. Mr C J DERBY-LEWIS asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

Whether the (a) assets and (b) liabilities of the Northern Cape Development Board were transferred to local authorities; if so, (i) what was the value of this board's assets at the time of transfer, (ii)(aa) to which local authorities and (bb) on what dates were these assets transferred and (iii) what was the value of the assets transferred to each such local authority?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

No.

Rest of question falls away.

Northern Transvaal Development Board: assets/liabilities

1053. Mr C J DERBY-LEWIS asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

Whether the (a) assets and (b) liabilities of the Northern Transvaal Development Board were transferred to local authorities; if so, (i) what was the value of this board's assets at the time of transfer, (ii)(aa) to which local authorities and (bb) on what dates were these assets transferred and (iii) what was the value of the assets transferred to each such local authority?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

No.

Rest of question falls away.

Orange Vaal Development Board: assets/liabilities

1054. Mr C J DERBY-LEWIS asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

Whether the (a) assets and (b) liabilities of the Orange Vaal Development Board were transferred to local authorities; if so, (i) what was the value of this board's assets at the time of transfer, (ii)(aa) to which local authorities and (bb) on what dates were these assets transferred and (iii) what was the value of the assets transferred to each such local authority?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

No.

Rest of question falls away.

Southern Orange Free State Development Board: assets/liabilities

1055. Mr C J DERBY-LEWIS asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

Whether the (a) assets and (b) liabilities of the Southern Orange Free State Development Board were transferred to local authorities; if so, (i) what was the value of this board's assets at the time of transfer, (ii)(aa) to which local authorities and (bb) on what dates were these assets transferred and (iii) what was the value of the assets transferred to each such local authority?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

No.

Rest of question falls away.

Western Cape Development Board: assets/liabilities

1056. Mr C J DERBY-LEWIS asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

Whether the (a) assets and (b) liabilities of the Western Cape Development Board were transferred to local authorities; if so, (i) what was the value of this board's assets at the time of transfer, (ii)(aa) to which local authorities and (bb) on what dates were these assets transferred and (iii) what was the value of the assets transferred to each such local authority?

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Whether his Department is planning any recreational resorts and out-of-school sports facilities for the current financial year; if so, (a) what (i) resorts and (ii) facilities and (b) what total amount is it estimated will be involved?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND DEVELOPMENT AID:

Yes, in the case of the Department of Development Aid.

- (a) (i) (1) In co-operation with Qwaqwa, the first phase development of a recreational resort at Botshabelo, which will include a kiosk, picnic spots, ablution blocks, a recreational hall and playground.
- (2) The erection of a restcamp on the hiking trail at the Blouberg Nature Reserve in the District of Pietersburg.
- (3) The erection of a wilderness camp and picnic spots at the Lekgalameetse Nature Reserve in the District of Letaba.
- (4) The erection of a caravan camp at the Arabic dam Nature Reserve in the District of Groblersdal.
- (5) The erection of a wilderness camp and the laying out of hiking trails at the Ntubeni Nature Reserve in the District of Port Shepstone.
- (ii) (1) Botshabelo — The erection of an indoor arena and change rooms at the soccer stadium.
- (2) Imbali — The planning and commencement of a sport complex consisting of a soccer field, athletics track and a tennis court.
- (3) Ashdown — Enlarging of the existing soccer field.
- (4) Clermont — Erection of a soccer stadium, combi court and practice wall.
- (5) Ngutu — The planting of grass and the provision of water.

temporary seating and a kiosk at the soccer stadium.

- (6) Soshanguve — Two soccer fields as well as the erection of change rooms at the soccer stadium and the two existing soccer fields.
- (7) Nondweni — The erection of a sport complex with amongst others a soccer field and an athletics track.
- (8) Inanda — The development of a soccer field, six combi courts and a swimming pool.
- (9) Tshiame — The levelling of a site for general sports.

(b) R7 742 115.

No, in the case of the Department of Education and Training.

(a) and (b) fall away.

NOTE:

- (1) The responsibility for recreation resorts is at present being transferred to the Provincial Administration.
- (2) An amount of R11 200 000 has been budgeted for the completion of out-of-school sports facilities initiated during the previous financial year.
- (3) Projects currently under construction, approximately 259.

John Vorster Square: special group areas police squad stationed

*4. Mr J VAN ECK asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) Whether a special group areas police squad has been stationed at John Vorster Square in Johannesburg; if so, (a) since when has this squad been in existence and (b) what is the purpose of the squad;
- (2) whether this squad visited Cape Town in 1987 and 1988 to investigate alleged contraventions of the provisions of the Group Areas Act, No 36 of 1966; if so, on how many occasions;
- (3) whether any other similar squads are in existence within the South African Police

Howard

Force; if so, (a) how many and (b) where are they stationed?

†THE MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) (a) and (b) I refer the hon member to my reply to oral Question No 5 of 9 June 1987.
- (2) Yes. On one occasion during 1987.
- (3) Yes.

(a) and (b) One such unit was established at C R Swart Square, Durban, after July 1987.

Upgrading of Kwaameveane Township: amount allocated

*5. Mr R W HARDINGHAM asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

- (1) Whether, with reference to his reply to Question No 5 on 25 August 1987, his Department has allocated the amount of approximately R1.5 million for the upgrading of Kwaameveane Township, near Howick; if not, why not; if so, for what purpose was this amount utilized;
- (2) whether additional funds will be allocated in this regard in the 1988-89 financial year; if not, why not; if so, what is the amount involved?

†THE MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

- (1) No, but the National Housing Commission has approved a project in respect of planning fees (design) to the amount of R70 000 of which R18 778 was spent during the 1987/88 financial year.
- (2) Yes, an amount of R11 223 as applied for by the Natal Provincial Government, has been earmarked for the continuation of the planning (design).

Contact with Mr Nelson Mandela

*6. Mr C J DERBY-LEWIS asked the Minister of Justice:

With reference to his reply to Question No 4, standing over, on 29 March 1988, (a)(i) at which prison institution or institutions and (ii) on how many occasions has he had contact with Mr Nelson Mandela and (b) what was the (i) date and (ii) purpose of each of these meetings?

†THE MINISTER OF JUSTICE:

As mentioned in my reply to Question No 4 on 29 March 1988 I do visit prisons and I do have contact with individuals and groups of prisoners under various circumstances. In this process I have had contact with Mr Nelson Mandela. However, I do not deem it desirable to deal with details regarding specific prisoners in public.

Meeting with Mr Nelson Mandela outside prison premises

*7. Mr C J DERBY-LEWIS asked the Minister of Justice:

Whether, with reference to his reply to Question No 4, standing over, on 29 March 1988, he has at any time met with Mr Nelson Mandela outside prison premises; if so, (a) what was the purpose of these meetings and (b)(i) when and (ii) where did they take place?

†THE MINISTER OF JUSTICE:

The hon member is referred to my reply to the previous Question.

Countries in Africa which have accorded landing rights to SAA

*8. Mr C J DERBY-LEWIS asked the Minister of Transport Affairs:

Whether he will furnish the names of the countries in Africa which have accorded landing rights to the South African Airways; if not, why not; if so, (a) what are their names and (b) in respect of what date is this information furnished?

†THE DEPUTY MINISTER OF TRANSPORT AFFAIRS:

Yes.

- (a) Botswana, Lesotho, Swaziland, Mozambique, Zambia, Malawi, Zimbabwe and Ivory Coast.
- (b) 22 April 1988.

Locust control: amount spent

*9. Mr R W HARDINGHAM asked the Minister of Agriculture:

- (1) What amount was spent on locust control during the latest specified period of 12 months for which figures are available;

General: No prior warning of attack

CARL TRIPS 15/10/88
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Supreme Court Reporter

MAJOR-GENERAL Ronnie van der Westhuizen, former Divisional CID Chief, yesterday told the Supreme Court he had not received advance warning of the attack on KTC and after the camp was destroyed no evidence was found that witdoek vigilantes were responsible.

He said this during cross-examination in the R200 000 damages action brought against the Minister of Law and Order by the Methodist Church and 21 families after the destruction of KTC by witdoek vigilantes between June 9 and 11, 1986.

The general said there was no proof that the witdoeke had destroyed KTC and that in a "war situation" anyone could wear a white strip of cloth (by which witdoeke are identified) and remove it the following day.

He did not see anyone wearing a white cloth take part in the destruction of KTC and neither did he know that a large armed group of people had moved from Crossroads to destroy KTC. He conceded that shacks were set alight but said this could have been done by the comrades.

Asked by Mr H P Viljoen, SC, for the residents, if it was not illogical that comrades would destroy KTC, their own stronghold, Maj-Gen. Van der Westhuizen said the comrades could have infiltrated KTC and burnt it down and blame it on Crossroads residents.

Asked why the witdoeke on the police videos were not arrested, Maj-Gen Van der Westhuizen said the witdoeke shown on the videos were standing at the side of the road and did not commit any crime.

Asked if he was aware that on June 9, 1986, the witdoeke had told Major Dolf Odendaal that they were going to burn down KTC, Maj-Gen Van der Westhuizen said he was not.

If Major Odendaal had in fact received such information it would have been his duty to stop the group.

The hearing continues today.

Mt Justice M R de Kock presided. Mr G D Griessel SC, with Mr C Y Louw and Mr F Brand, and instructed by the State Attorney, appeared for the minister. Mr Viljoen, with Mr P Pretorius and instructed by the Legal Resources Centre, appeared for the residents.

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Durban dilemma

The economics of housing 1,7m people is not the only problem confronting city planners faced with sprawling shantytowns on Durban's fringes.

At issue too is the problem of land ownership. Most of the squatters within the Durban Functional Region (DFR) — which ex-

tends from the Tugela River in the north to Umkomaas in the south, and Cato Ridge in the west — are on KwaZulu territory, controlled by tribal chiefs who refuse to surrender their lien over the land.

The economic problems are large. It is estimated that, of the 2,4m blacks living in the DFR, 1,7m are housed in shacks or sub-standard houses. The Institute of Housing estimates that 51 300 units a year over the next 12 years would be necessary to rehouse this population.

It would cost the State around R1bn, at present costs, to upgrade existing settlements and establish new housing estates. And many of the existing shackdwellers couldn't come up with the monthly payments on even a modest R15 000 loan if they were to undertake to upgrade their own homes.

But even those who could would have a real problem raising such a loan without title to the land on which they are squatting, or at least a registered deed of grant.

Under current circumstances this is unlikely. Tribal chiefs only issue what are known as PTOs ("permission to occupy" certificates), granting conditional occupancy to squatters on their land. The only financial institution willing to advance loans on the security of a PTO is the KwaZulu Finance Corporation.

However, local authorities and developers would like to acquire control of tribal trust land, and would probably be willing to offer

a fair price. But it is apparently not the matter of income which worries the chiefs. Rather, they feel that their traditional authority is under attack.

Roy Heath, CE of Innova, an Urban Foundation utility company established to provide housing in the Durban area, says that, in an effort to resolve the impasse, a Natal Chamber of Industries housing sub-committee is lobbying the KwaZulu Legislative Authority (KLA).

"We have to enable the chiefs to retain some kind of control, while ensuring sufficient security for institutions to make finance available." One solution, he suggests, is to make a chief a representative of a local authority and persuade him to issue deeds of grant to occupants of the land under his control. Such deeds are presently issued by the KLA on land under its direct control. These are registered at the Ulundi deeds office, and meet the requirements of the (SA) Building Societies Act.

But building societies have widely divergent views on whether such an arrangement presents adequate security for loans.

The Natal Building Society, says Trevor Olivier, assistant GM, loans, believes that lending at this level should be the responsibility of the State. "Secondly, we lend only on urban immovable property. That property must be surveyed, there must be a registered plan, and secure, firm title must be available. We have taken this view as a policy, and I

believe it is the right one to take as a financial institution."

The Perm adopts a more flexible approach, says regional manager André Niemand. It does not lend money to those with PTOs, and is precluded by legislation from making finance available to those occupying undisputed land unless freehold title is available.

But in KwaZulu territory where deeds of grant were available and registered with the deeds office, the Perm was the first society in the country to grant loans and will continue doing so, says Niemand.

1/7/88 (541) PM

R1-b package to uplift kwaZulu

Star 9/7/88

(341)

SATURDAY STAR CORRESPONDENT

DURBAN — A social reform package worth over R1 100 million is to be implemented in Natal and kwaZulu over the next five years and should minimise squatter backlogs, the Minister of Education and Development Aid, Dr Gerrit Viljoen, said during a visit here this week.

The upgrading projects went hand-in-hand with efforts to achieve a negotiated solution to future political power sharing, he said.

The money will come from the privatisation of the State's assets and loans from the Development Bank of Southern Africa. Dr Viljoen said he hoped to see tangible and visible improvements in the quality of people's lives through the projects.

Emphasis will be on the Durban, Pinetown and Maritzburg areas, with R486 million spent on upgrading schools, clinics, sports and recreational facilities, and R638 million used to develop new areas. Dr Viljoen said this money was in addition to existing budgetary allocations. R660 million will be spent in kwaZulu, R427 million in SA Development Trust lands and R37 million in NPA-administered areas.

The projects come after four years of preparation by the kwaZulu Natal Planning Council, first lead by Mr Louis Rive and then Bishop A H Zulu. The council was established by central government and kwaZulu to devise ways to improve the quality of life of people in kwaZulu/Natal, particularly greater Durban.

The planning council has already come up with 70 priority projects worth R108 million.

But it warned its proposals were based on conservative population projections for the next five years, so must be considered as "the absolute minimum" required.

Its plans will yield 66 663 sites around Durban and 20 100 in Maritzburg. They will enjoy water and sewerage services, roads, stormwater drains and access to electricity. The private sector will develop 31 000 sites. Bus routes will be set out, based on the idea that people urbanise as they seek jobs.

Dr Viljoen said the Government had confined itself to providing land and infrastructure services. "In view of the lack of sites and infrastructure, squatting in the areas is rife. It is the Government's considered opinion that within the next five years the backlogs that have arisen will be minimised.

"I have no doubt that through the implementation of the recommendations the quality of life of the communities will be improved and uplifted."

kwaZulu's Minister of the Interior, Dr D R B Madike, said: "We get criticised for working within the system. But it would not be very wise to fold our hands for 20 years until the day of freedom dawns and only then get involved."

Patching KwaNatal

News of a R1,1bn boost to infrastructural spending by central government in KwaZulu-Natal must be good news for the inhabitants there — but some feel it is still not enough. The cash is government's response to recommendations of the KwaZulu-Natal Planning Council formerly chaired by Louis Rive.

Details were released by Minister of Education and Development Aid Gerrit Viljoen. Government has committed itself to spending R225m/year for five years — a little under 60% (R660,3m) in KwaZulu and the balance largely in black settlements around Durban and Maritzburg. Some 57% of the total will be used to service new township development and the remainder to upgrade existing facilities.

The area of heaviest expenditure will be Durban's Greater Functional Region (GFR), estimated to support an informally housed population of 1,7m squatters. Included in this KwaZulu territory surrounding "white" Durban are the formally housed communities of Umlazi and KwaMashu.

The plan calls for R823,9m to be spent in the Durban GFR — R446,9m on new developments and R377m on upgrading existing townships. The remaining R300m will be spent in Maritzburg — R191m on new developments and R109m on upgrading.

Viljoen pointed out that the expenditure would be in addition to budgeted capital programmes of the KwaZulu government and the Natal Provincial Administration.

A useful perspective on the plan is provided by comparing the R132m which will be added to annual infrastructural investment in KwaZulu to the capital budgets of the KwaZulu Department of Works, which have averaged R100m/year over the past few years, according to secretary Brian Evetts.

Evetts, who was among officials of the KwaZulu government and the DET who attended last week's press conference which unveiled the details, told the *FM* 20% of the Department of Works' budgets were devoted to infrastructural investments of the kind envisaged in the R1,1bn programme. This means the plan will raise existing expenditure about six times over the next five years — no mean achievement.

Maritzburg's town clerk has welcomed the plan. "It's very good news. As I understand it, a lot will be used for housing and basic services. This can only uplift the quality of life for thousands of people."

Yet since the Durban GFR is widely regarded as the second-fastest growing urban area in the world — beaten only by Mexico

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— the expenditure is perhaps the minimum that can be done to cater for exponential urbanisation in Natal's two major metropolitan areas. This is acknowledged by the KwaZulu-Natal Planning Council, which observed in its report: "Since the proposals are based on very conservative population projections for only the next five-year period, it must be considered to be the absolute minimum that will be required in the immediate future."

But a start has been made. ■

OPPOSE PRIOR (SPECIAL) VOTES BILL

Chen 3/7/88

**The National Party is rushing through its
PRIOR VOTES FOR ELECTION OF MEMBERS OF
LOCAL GOVERNMENT BODIES BILL in
Parliament this week.**

The bill is designed to prop up the percentage polls in black areas in the coming October 26 elections.

It will transform the elections into a virtual postal election.

We believe that over 90% of all votes cast in the October elections in Indian, Coloured and African areas will be prior (special) votes, with hardly anybody voting on polling day itself.

This is borne out by recent by-elections to the Houses of Delegates and Representatives.

We believe that the bill makes it far easier for electoral fraud to take place than is the case for Parliamentary elections.

Unlike the Electoral Act No 45 of 1979 which governs procedure for special votes for Parliamentary elections, this bill

- * makes it far easier to cast prior (special) votes since it allows virtually any voter to do so for very little reason
- * abolishes the public's right to inspect prior (special) vote applications
- * prohibits publication of names of prior (special) voters
- * allows agents of candidates to actually vote for the millions who cannot read and write.
- * allows blacks to vote in neighbouring white areas, thus ensuring that bosses can force their workers to vote.

THE PUBLIC HAS THE RIGHT TO INSPECT

No political party that is committed to clean administration can support this bill. This bill makes electoral malpractices and coercion far easier. It further removes the public's right to monitor elections to ensure that no tampering takes place. No independent body will be able to check whether the percentage poll figures are correct or not.

What guarantees are there that the October elections will be free and fair?

PREVENT ELECTION ABUSES SCRAP PRIOR VOTES

Issued by Transvaal Indian Congress, P.O. Box 658, CROWN MINES, 2025.

Natal launches new home-ownership scheme

CHT Times 20/7/88
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Own Correspondent

DURBAN. — Home-ownership for 25c a month for the really low-income earners — people paid R50 and below — has been made possible, the Natal Provincial Administration (NPA) announced yesterday.

And even people earning up to R350 a month may qualify to buy their own homes for less than R10 a month.

A statement issued by Pat Adderley of the NPA's Durban regional office disclosed that the low loan repayments were now possible in terms of a deed of sale.

Following a joint decision by government ministers responsible for housing for the respective population

groups, a new formula had been devised for the sale of properties financed from the Natal Housing Commission.

The NPA is responsible for assisting residents of urban black towns to buy homes which they are presently renting.

So far more than 2 500 homes have been sold — many for cash because of the low prices.

"The purpose of the new formula is to bring relief to the lower-income groups."

People earning between R101 a month and R500 a month would pay between R1,88 and R19 a month to buy their own home over a 30-year period.

(c) (i) and (ii) — To the Administrator of the Transvaal in terms of Government Notice 2885 of 31 December 1987.

Natalia Area Development Board: dissolution

1298. Mr C J DERBY-LEWIS asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

Whether the Natalia Area Development Board has been dissolved; if so, (a) on what date, (b) what was the value of this board's (i) assets and (ii) liabilities at the time of dissolution and (c) to whom were these (i) assets and (ii) liabilities transferred?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

The Natalia Area Development Board, has been dissolved;

- (a) 1 July 1986;
- (b) (i) and (ii) — Details are not available.
- (c) (i) and (ii) — To the Administrator of the Natal in terms of Government Notice 2885 of 31 December 1987.

Northern Cape Area Development Board: dissolution

1299. Mr C J DERBY-LEWIS asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

Whether the Northern Cape Area Development Board has been dissolved; if so, (a) on what date, (b) what was the value of this board's (i) assets and (ii) liabilities at the time of dissolution and (c) to whom were these (i) assets and (ii) liabilities transferred?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

The Northern Cape Area Development Board, has been dissolved;

- (a) 1 July 1986;
- (b) (i) and (ii) — Details are not available.
- (c) (i) and (ii) — To the Administrator of the Cape of Good Hope in terms of Government Notice 2885 of 31 December 1987.

Highveld Area Development Board: dissolution

1294. Mr C J DERBY-LEWIS asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

Whether the Highveld Area Development Board has been dissolved; if so, (a) on what

date, (b) what was the value of this board's (i) assets and (ii) liabilities at the time of dissolution and (c) to whom were these (i) assets and (ii) liabilities transferred?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

The Highveld Area Development Board, has been dissolved;

- (a) 1 July 1986;
- (b) (i) and (ii) — Details are not available.
- (c) (i) and (ii) — To the Administrator of the Transvaal in terms of Government Notice 2885 of 31 December 1987.

Northern Transvaal Area Development Board: dissolution

1295. Mr C J DERBY-LEWIS asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

Whether the Northern Transvaal Area Development Board has been dissolved; if so, (a) on what date, (b) what was the value of this board's (i) assets and (ii) liabilities at the time of dissolution and (c) to whom were these (i) assets and (ii) liabilities transferred?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

The Northern Transvaal Area Development Board, has been dissolved;

- (a) 1 July 1986;
- (b) (i) and (ii) — Details are not available.
- (c) (i) and (ii) — To the Administrator of the Transvaal in terms of Government Notice 2885 of 31 December 1987.

Southern Orange Free State Area Development Board: dissolution

1296. Mr C J DERBY-LEWIS asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

Whether the Southern Orange Free State Area Development Board has been dissolved; if so, (a) on what date, (b) what was the value of this board's (i) assets and (ii) liabilities at the time of dissolution and (c) to whom were these (i) assets and (ii) liabilities transferred?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

The Southern Orange Free State Area Development Board, has been dissolved;

- (a) 1 July 1986;

(b) (i) and (ii) — Details are not available.

(c) (i) and (ii) — To the Administrator of the Orange Free State in terms of Government Notice 2885 of 31 December 1987.

Western Cape Area Development Board: dissolution

1297. Mr C J DERBY-LEWIS asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

Whether the Western Cape Area Development Board has been dissolved; if so, (a) on what date, (b) what was the value of this board's (i) assets and (ii) liabilities at the time of dissolution and (c) to whom were these (i) assets and (ii) liabilities transferred?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

The Western Cape Area Development Board, has been dissolved;

- (a) 1 July 1986;
- (b) (i) and (ii) — Details are not available.
- (c) (i) and (ii) — To the Administrator of the Cape of Good Hope in terms of Government Notice 2885 of 31 December 1987.

Orange Vaal Area Development Board: dissolution

1298. Mr C J DERBY-LEWIS asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

Whether the Orange Vaal Area Development Board has been dissolved; if so, (a) on what date, (b) what was the value of this board's (i) assets and (ii) liabilities at the time of dissolution and (c) to whom were these (i) assets and (ii) liabilities transferred?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

The Orange Vaal Area Development Board, has been dissolved;

- (a) 1 July 1986;
- (b) (i) and (ii) — Details are not available.

(c) (i) and (ii) — The assets and liabilities were transferred to the Administrator of the Transvaal and the Administrator of the Orange Free State in terms of Government Notice 2885 of 31 December 1987.

Natal: crèches for Black children

1299. Mr C J DERBY-LEWIS asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

(1) Whether his Department or the Natal Provincial Government has any crèches for Black children under its control in Natal; if so, (a) how many, (b) where are they situated and (c) how many children (i) can be and (ii) are accommodated in these crèches;

(2) whether any of these crèches are multi-racial; if so, what are the relevant details;

(3) in respect of what date is this information furnished?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

This information was supplied by the Natal Provincial Government:

(1) No. The Administration is, however, in terms of the Child Care Act, 1983 (Act 74 of 1983) obliged to inspect crèches for Black children in Natal and it pays small subsidies to registered crèches.

Rest of question falls away.

Western Cape RSC: total income

1300. Mr C J DERBY-LEWIS asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

(1) What was the total income of the Western Cape Regional Services Council for the latest specified period for which figures are available;

(2) (a) what municipal areas were granted assistance by this council during the above period, (b) for what projects was it granted, and (c) what was the amount involved, in each case;

(3) (a) what projects have been scheduled for the current financial year, (b) in which municipal areas will they be undertaken, and (c) what are the amounts involved, in each case?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

This matter vests in the Administrator of the Cape Province and he furnished the following information:

Govt gifts win few hearts

From JOHN KHUZWAYO

DURBAN: Stickers, T-shirts, caps and oranges distributed by the government in Lamontville and Chesterville to "win the hearts and minds" of the residents have been destroyed by township youths.

Many residents have interpreted the gifts as sweet-talk for the coming municipal elections.

The apparel - emblazoned with the words "I Love Chesterville-Ningizimu" - were distributed by the township manager - and the oranges by another department.

While some people accepted the "free gifts", many youths squashed the oranges and collected as many of the caps, T-shirts and stickers as possible and burnt them outside the SADF camp in Chesterville.

According to Chesterville township manager, Mr Andrew Barrowman, the free goods had been supplied from the Department of Education and Training's office in Mayville.

Handouts

"The department was trying to show some goodwill towards the people and we distributed more than 1 000 in an hour - the people seemed to love them," he said, adding that he had no knowledge of youths burning some of the goods.

Last week's handouts appear to be part of a multi-pronged "hearts and minds" campaign by the authorities to "convince" black voters to participate in the municipal elections.

In Lamontville and Chesterville, two of the 18 Natal black townships taking part in the October elections, the authorities are using other means to get residents to attend meetings publicising the elections.

It is claimed that residents of the two townships were called to a meeting purportedly to be informed of new houses and pensions.

A young Chesterville mother of four, who did not want to be named, said: "We left for the meeting with our hearts beating fast, filled with new hopes of getting our own houses."

Too small

"But when we got to the meeting, it turned out to be something completely different. Instead of telling us about new houses, a white man showed us a video tape with beautiful houses, sportsfields and many other amenities which we so desperately need."

She said that after the video show, the residents at the meeting were told that if they voted for the best councillor, and the one in which they had faith, they would get all the things that had been shown on the screen.

Commenting on the report, the only councillor for Chesterville, Mr Edwin Themba Ngubeni, said he attended the meeting, but he was unaware that residents had been unaware it was election meeting.

"I was under the impression that the 40 or so residents at the meeting were aware of why it had been called," he said. — PRESS TRUST OF SA

(Handwritten scribble)

South

8/8/88

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'Self-help' ^{Star} housing project ^{11/10/88} off the ground ³⁴¹



One of the most exciting mass housing developments being undertaken in Natal is the Ohlange incremental housing project at Inanda Newtown, about 20 km from Durban.

Based on the concept of self-help, the project allows individuals to provide their own shelters according to their means and needs, and as they obtain additional income.

"This results in considerable freedom for individual residents to plan and develop their own homes. As only limited financial resources for house building are available, this approach is the most appropriate in the Ohlange area," says Innova, the building utility company of the Urban Foundation.

Developed as part of the move to provide housing for people in the lower income groups, Ohlange is available as a future residential area to people who have a minimum household income of R520 a month and who also can afford to develop the stand. Occupational rights to land are secured under a Deed of Grant.

Mr Roy Heath, chief executive of Innova, told The Star that in order to handle housing needs, building regulations have been minimised "to allow the standards to match levels of affordability more closely. The type plans (of houses) facilitate accurate cost control of labour and materials, and houses are designed in such a way that they can be extended and upgraded."

While homes are being built, the Department of Development Aid provides tents for families. These are returned once the house has been constructed.

Innova's Ikhaya division oversees the building project by ensuring plans are available, employing and supervising building contractors, and maintaining the supply and delivery of building materials. All work is sub-contracted to local builders.

Urban Foundation presses on with homes in Durban area

By Norman Chandler

Work is progressing well on developing the Inanda Glebe housing estate, near Durban, for occupation by blacks earning up to R800 per month.

The township is one of a number being developed by Innova, a utility company of the Urban Foundation, in a bid to alleviate the housing shortage in the greater Durban area.

Other township developments by Innova are at Ohlange, Palmview, Brookdale, Woodview, Hillgrove, Inanda Newtown, Kwadabeka, and Tongaat.

Glebe is one of the biggest tackled by Innova since the establishment of the Urban Foundation's Natal region eight years ago.

The township, on land bought by Innova from the United Church Board for World Ministries, is expected to provide homes costing between R18 000 and R28 000 for nearly 2 000 families within the income range of R350 to R800 per month.

The church is to retain ownership of the existing Inanda Seminary and the site for a pro-

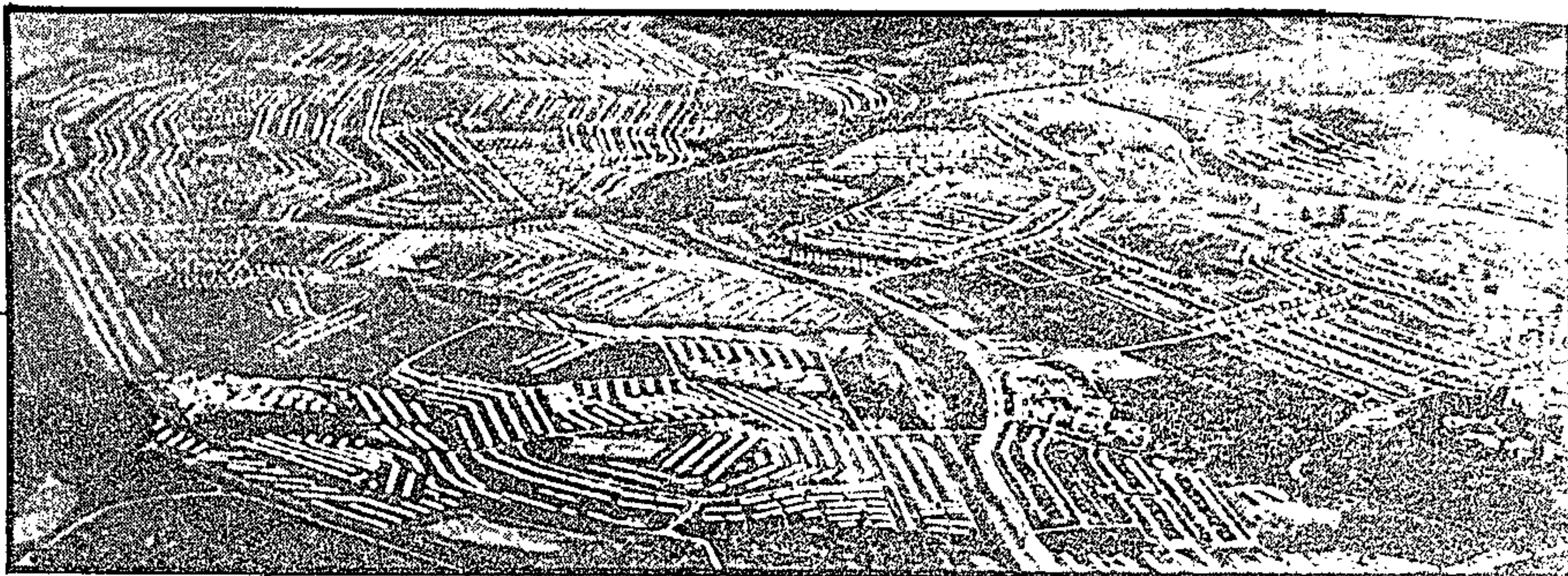
posed residential school for boys. Land has also been set aside for five primary and two secondary schools.

Also included are community facilities, a petrol station, churches, a cemetery and commercial development.

Many of the houses will be linked to the water reticulation system, as well as to the water-borne sewerage network. All houses will be connected to the Durban Corporation's electricity network.

A spokesman for Innova told The Star during a tour of the area recently: "Innova believes that the provision of electricity is a major component in the improvement of living standards ... it has been shown that families without electricity pay up to three times more for domestic energy than those with electricity. Electricity is safer in the home, it is cleaner, and gives the potential to supplement the household income with home industry.

"The provision of better light also improves the studying ability of schoolchildren.



A township near Durban ... houses are crammed.

Black shanty towns springing up on the fringes of Durban

SQUALID black shanty towns are mushrooming only kilometres from the beaches and bustling docks of Durban.

Researchers say hundreds of new shacks spring up each month on the fringes of Durban. The ramshackle settlements now house nearly half the area's population.

"Durban is definitely a Third World city, but it's surprising how many whites in their sheltered environment don't even know about it," said David Jeffrey, an economist studying residential patterns in the region.

Most of the tiny huts are built of wattle and daub — a stick framework packed with mud and stones — or old wooden packing cases. Built within 10km of the hotels of Durban's "Golden Mile" beachfront, they have no electricity or sanitation and often hold as many as eight people to a room.

A local health worker said diarrhoea was a major problem. Water supplies were inadequate and poverty meant that many shack dwellers regularly went hungry, she said.

The huts sprawl over hillsides around Durban, often following the unmarked boundaries of land allocated to Kwa-

From GILL TUDOR in Durban

zulu. Densely settled areas of Kwazulu are often flanked by open fields officially belonging to "white" South Africa.

Mr Jeffrey said research last year showed that about 1.7 million black people in Durban and its broad hinterland lived in shanty towns. Since then shack settlements had continued to grow twice as fast as any other form of housing, he said. No current figure was available for the shanty population.

Some migrants are moving to Durban from remote peasant farms, but most are from increasingly crowded urban townships where no houses have been built since the 1970s.

"No more than a third of the people here are recent arrivals from the country," said Mike Sutcliffe, a town planning lecturer at the University of Natal. "The rest have lived around the city all their lives."

Official census figures put the population of nearby Umlazi township at 300 000 but the township manager estimated that about 800 000 were crammed into the area.

There was also constant movement

within the region, Mr Sutcliffe said. People moved to be closer to work or to flee violence between feuding black political groups.

He said the settlements mirrored a complicated patchwork of land ownership and control. The shanty towns were springing up mainly on the Kwa-zulu side of homeland borders close to Durban, the biggest source of jobs to bolster its subsistence economy.

"It's a very rational process — you're closer to work but you won't get the South Africans moving you on," Mr Sutcliffe said. "It's recent settlement on the immediate fringes of 'white' South Africa."

Squatters who try to settle on land reserved for white, Indian or coloured settlement run the risk of forced removal. About 800 black squatters recently saw their homes bulldozed and burnt at Emzomusha, just inside Natal, to make way for Indian or coloured housing.

Mr Sutcliffe predicted that many more people would be forced to risk illegal squatting as overcrowding increased in existing settlements and space ran out in Kwazulu. — Sapa-Reuter.

Become foster parents

- Minister urges

Sowetan 10/11/88 (341) (128) (125)

BLACK people who had benefited from the Government's home ownership policies should now become foster parents to unwanted children, Mr Sam de Beer, Deputy Minister of Education and Training, said when he opened the Bayhead Place of Safety in Durban this week.

The complex for black children is administered by the Natal Provincial Administration and provides for 320 boys and 50 girls between 12 and 18. It will serve as an alternative home to

police cells for juveniles awaiting trial or places in reformatories and industrial schools, in terms of the Criminal Procedure Act and the Child Care Act.

Temporary accommodation for Durban's street children will also be offered, and abandoned children will be housed there before being placed in children's homes.

The first boys were admitted on October 6 and there are now more than 50 youngsters in the complex. Officials noted with regret that four boys had already escaped.

Critical

Mr De Beer said the need for suitable black foster parents was critical. He appealed "especially to those couples who have

benefited from the State's policy on home ownership, to come forward and offer their services."

"By accepting the responsibility of foster parents they will be providing a wonderful opportunity to many children in need of care to grow up in a normal family environment and to receive the loving care which each and every

child so richly deserves."

Mr De Beer said child neglect, juvenile delinquency and maladaptation were growing daily. Many of the children came from developing areas where often schools were not available and no basic infrastructure existed. Parents, guardians and relatives were seldom at home to keep an eye on them.

Massacre brings Natal township death toll to 20

Star 28/12/88 (34)

Crime Reporter

Seven men were shot and killed in a massacre in Mpumalanga township near Hammarsdale on the Day of Goodwill, bringing the Christmas weekend death toll in Natal township violence to 20.

The massacre was one of the worst mass-killings in Natal to date, and happened on the same day that five people were shot dead in Soweto by a gunman using an AK-47.

The bodies of the seven victims were discovered by police after a mob attacked a special constable guarding a house,

said the latest SAP unrest report.

The policeman was wounded in the hand after he was fired at with a shotgun.

Police returned fire with shotguns and the group dispersed.

During the clash, police heard further shots being fired some distance away and investigated.

The bodies of the seven men were found, all with gunshot wounds.

No arrests have yet been made but investigations are continuing.

Police did not say who was responsible for the killings, but clashes between the United Democratic Front and Inkatha have left more than 1 000 people dead and thousands more injured in Natal over the past year.

In another incident in Hammarsdale, police said a mob shot and wounded the owner of a house after a petrol-bomb attack on his house.

The victim was hit as he fled his burning home.

Two men were arrested in connection with the attack, said the police unrest report.

Adres van eiendom**Ligging van eiendom**

Woonstelle 1-5, Cintrawoonstelle, hoek van Bordeaux- en Marseilleslaan, Fresnaye, Kaapstad	Erf 941, Kaapstad te Fresnaye.
Woonstelle 1-6, Hyde Park, Quendonweg 7, Seepunt, Kaapstad	Erf 202, Kaapstad te Seepunt.
Eerste Verdieping en Grondvloerwoonstelle, Huis Quendon, Quendonweg 3, Seepunt, Kaapstad	Erf 208, Kaapstad te Seepunt.
Cardiff, Bo-Clarensweg 26, Seepunt, Kaapstad	Erf 307, Kaapstad te Seepunt.
Brighton, Queensweg 17, Seepunt, Kaapstad	Erf 32, Kaapstad te Seepunt.
1-3 Young's Cottages en High Levelweg 192, 192A, 194, 194A, Seepunt, Kaapstad	Erf 351, Kaapstad te Seepunt.
High Levelweg 230, Seepunt, Kaapstad	Erf 538, Kaapstad te Seepunt.
High Levelweg 190, Seepunt, Kaapstad	Erf 1554, Kaapstad te Seepunt.
Kelvin, Quendonweg 20, Seepunt, Kaapstad	Erf 123, Kaapstad te Seepunt.
Two Oaks, 10, 12 en 14, Kloofweg, Seepunt, Kaapstad	Erf 1114, Kaapstad te Seepunt.
Woonstelle 1-8, Kloof Mansions, Kloofweg 54, Seepunt, Kaapstad	Erf 997, Kaapstad te Seepunt.
Kloofweg 55 en 55A, Fresnaye, Kaapstad	Erf 234, Kaapstad te Seepunt.
Avenue Fresnaye 9 en Avenue de Longueville 30, Fresnaye, Kaapstad	Erf 190, Kaapstad te Fresnaye.
Monasteryweg 5, Fresnaye, Kaapstad	Erf 463, Kaapstad te Fresnaye.
Avenue Normandie 32 en 32A, Fresnaye, Kaapstad	Erf 855, Kaapstad te Fresnaye.
Rocklands Villas 1-8, 8A, 9-12, 14, Rocklandweg, Seepunt, Kaapstad	Erwe 761, 762 en 763, Kaapstad te Seepunt.
Rocklandsweg 10 en 12, Seepunt, Kaapstad	Erf 755, Kaapstad te Seepunt.
Rocklandsweg 14A en 14B, Seepunt, Kaapstad	Erf 754, Kaapstad te Seepunt.

DEPARTMENT OF DEVELOPMENT AID

No. 2506

9 December 1988

APPOINTMENT OF MEMBERS OF CERTAIN TOWN BOARDS IN NATAL

It is hereby notified for general information in terms of regulation 2 (2) (b) of the Regulations for the Administration and Control of Certain Urban Areas in Natal, promulgated under Proclamation R. 86 of 1982, that the Minister of Education and Development Aid has, with effect from 1 December 1988, appointed, for a period of three years, the undermentioned persons to be the members of the Town Board of Nongoma:

Mr S. Kunz—Chairman.
Mr D. J. du Plessis.
Dr M. M. Mthethwa.
Mr T. J. Mthethwa.
Mr M. J. Zungu.
Mr J. W. Greyling.

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No. 2507

9 December 1988

SETTING APART OF A TOWN KNOWN AS WEMBEZI B AND C, DISTRICT OF ESTCOURT

I, Gerrit van Niekerk Viljoen, Minister of Education and Development Aid, do hereby, by virtue of the powers vested in me by section 30 (1) of the Black Administration Act, 1927 (Act 38 of 1927), set apart, under the name of Wembezi B and C, the area of land defined in the Schedule hereto as a town for occupation by or for the residential, industrial or business purposes of Black persons.

G. VAN N. VILJOEN,

Minister of Education and Development Aid.

(File GA6/1/1/2/6/W.56)

SCHEDULE

Certain land situate on the farm Tempe 2129, District of Estcourt, as it appears on the general plans and diagrams listed hereinafter, approved by the Director-General of Development Aid, Pretoria, and filed in his office, copies of which are available in the office of the Secretary for the Interior, KwaZulu Government, Ulundi, in the office of the superintendent of the town concerned and in the office of the Regional Representative of the Department of Development Aid, Pietermaritzburg:

DEPARTEMENT VAN ONTWIKKELINGS- HULP

No. 2506

9 Desember 1988

AANSTELLING VAN LEDE VAN SEKERE DORPSRADE IN NATAL

Hierby word kragtens regulasie 2 (2) (b) van die Regulasies vir die Administrasie van en Beheer oor Sekere Stadsgebiede in Natal, afgekondig by Proklamasie R. 86 van 1982, vir algemene inligting bekendgemaak dat die Minister van Onderwys en Ontwikkelingshulp ondergenoemde persone met ingang van 1 Desember 1988 vir 'n tydperk van drie jaar aangestel het as die lede van die Dorpsraad van Nongoma:

Mnr. S. Kunz—Voorsitter.
Mnr. D. J. du Plessis.
Dr. M. M. Mthethwa.
Mnr. T. J. Mthethwa.
Mnr. M. J. Zungu.
Mnr. J. W. Greyling.

No. 2507

9 Desember 1988

AFSONDERING VAN 'N DORP BEKEND AS WEMBEZI B EN C, DISTRIK ESTCOURT

Ek, Gerrit van Niekerk Viljoen, Minister van Onderwys en Ontwikkelingshulp, kragtens die bevoegdheid my verleen by artikel 30 (1) van die Swart Administrasie Wet, 1927 (Wet 38 van 1927), sonder hierby, onder die naam Wembezi B en C, die grondgebied omskryf in die Bylae hiervan af as 'n dorp vir bewoning deur of vir die nywerheids- of besigheidsdoeleindes van Swart persone.

G. VAN N. VILJOEN,

Minister van Onderwys en Ontwikkelingshulp.

(Lêer GA6/1/1/2/6/W.56)

BYLAE

Sekere grond geleë op die plaas Tempe 2129, distrik Estcourt, soos getoon op die algemene planne en kaarte hierna gelys, wat deur die Direkteur-generaal van Ontwikkelingshulp, Pretoria, goedgekeur is en in sy kantoor bewaar word en waarvan afdrukke beskikbaar is in die kantoor van die Sekretaris van Binnelandse Sake, KwaZulu-Regering, Ulundi, die kantoor van die superintendent van die betrokke dorp en die Streeksverteenvoordiger van die Departement van Ontwikkelingshulp, Pietermaritzburg:

CAPL. Tia P 2/2/85 (10) (28) (36)

Winnie denies rift with Mandela and ANC

JOHANNESBURG. — Mrs Winnie Mandela yesterday denied any rift between her and Mr Nelson Mandela and the ANC and dismissed criticism from fellow anti-apartheid campaigners.

"It is absolute nonsense to suggest that there is a rift between Comrade Mandela and myself," she said in an interview with the American NBC television network.

She also denied reports of tension in her relationship with the ANC's leadership.

Last weekend Archbishop Desmond Tutu said anti-apartheid groups could be harmed by the behaviour of the Mandela United Football Club — the youths who act as Mrs Mandela's bodyguard.

Critics accused the club of having abducted five boys from a Methodist church

centre. One child is still missing.

The missing boy at the centre of the scandal, Stompie Mokhesi, 14, is believed to be the former leader of a 1 500-strong Free State township children's army.

● Police said yesterday no further information would be released regarding their investigation into the murder of Azapo health secretary Dr Abubaker Asvat.

State of emergency censorship restrictions apply to a wide range of reporting

Howard

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TUESDAY, 21 MARCH 1989

†We did not look at Janie. The hon member does not have to get so excited.

A helicopter of the South African Police with Lieutenant-General A J Wandrag, Chief of the Operations and Reaction Branch on board, flew around the outskirts of the area, with the specific purpose of checking on the safety of the area.

†Mr S C JACOBS: Mr Chairman, arising from the reply of the hon Minister, could he please give us an indication whether that was the reason why the hon the State President looked so disappointed when he appeared at the monument on television?

†The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE: Order! That question does not arise from the reply of the hon the Minister.

Mr K M ANDREW: Mr Chairman, further arising from the hon the Minister's reply, may I ask him whether on this occasion the helicopters dropped any leaflets on the proceedings? [Interjections.]

†The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, no.

Police action against two pupils at Willowmore

*5. Mr J VAN ECK asked the Minister of Law and Order:†

(1) Whether he has received any complaints in connection with Police action on or about 21 February 1989 against two pupils at the Senior Secondary School at Willowmore, whose names have been furnished to the South African Police for the purpose of the Minister's reply; if so, what is the nature of these complaints;

(2) whether these pupils were ordered by the Police to leave Willowmore permanently; if so, in terms of what statutory provisions and/or regulations did the Police take this step;

(3) whether the incident in question has been investigated; if not, why not; if so, what progress has been made up to now?

B398E

†The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1) Yes. Two complaints of alleged assault were received.

(2) No.

(3) Yes. The case dockets will soon be handed to the Attorney-General for his decision.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

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†Mr J VAN ECK: Mr Chairman, arising out of the reply of the hon the Minister, I should like to inquire whether he proposes to take disciplinary steps against any of the policemen concerned.

†The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, the matter is being investigated and the dossier will be submitted to the Attorney-General. Once the decision is known, we will take further decisions.

N3: SABS investigation into traffic noise level

*6. Mr R W HARDINGHAM asked the Minister of Transport Affairs:

(1) Whether his Department requested the South African Bureau of Standards to conduct an investigation into the traffic noise level on the N3 at Town Hill, Pietermaritzburg; if so,

(2) whether his Department has received the findings of this investigation; if so, when;

(3) whether, arising from these findings, his Department intends to enforce certain measures to control the noise factor on the above-mentioned section of the N3; if so, (a) what measures and (b) when?

B444E

The MINISTER OF TRANSPORT AFFAIRS:

(1) No.

(2) and (3) Fall away.

Kwa Mevana Township: funds for upgrading

344

*7. Mr R W HARDINGHAM asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning: Whether funds have been allocated for the upgrading of the KwaMevana Township at Howick; if so, (a) what total amount and (b) for what purposes?

B447E

†The DEPUTY MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

This matter vests in the Administrator of Natal and he has furnished the following information:

A fund application will shortly be submitted to the National Housing Commission.

(a) R626 620.

(b) This amount is required for upgrading of

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TUESDAY, 21 MARCH 1989

all services in KwaMevana — water, sewage and electrical reticulation as well as roads and stormwater.

Eastern Cape: contracts for establishing of grassing sportsfields

*8. Mr K M ANDREW asked the Minister of Education and Development Aid:

(1) Whether any contracts in the Eastern Cape for establishing or grassing sportsfields have been awarded to a certain person, whose name has been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply, or any business concerns with which this person has been associated during the past five years; if so, (a) what contracts, (b) what are the names of the officials who made the (i) decisions and (ii) recommendations on which these decisions were based and (c) what was the total amount of money involved; if not, (aa) to what persons were these contracts awarded and (bb) what was the total amount of money involved;

(2) whether normal tender procedures were followed in respect of each of these contracts; if not, why not?

B449E

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF EDUCATION:

(1) Yes.

(a) Name of school	Service
Ilitha Prim.	Combi court
Molele Prim.	"
Mzingisi Prim.	"
Limekaya Sec.	Levelling of site
Ernest Skosana Prim.	"
K.K. Newana Prim.	"
Nkuthalo Prim.	"
Johnson Marwanga Prim.	"
Nonesi Prim.	"
Matodiana Prim.	"
Inkubela Prim.	"
Iembelile Sec.	"
Nkwanca Sec.	"
Van Collier Prim.	"
Van Collier Prim.	Combi court
Sam Xhalile Sec.	"
Nkwanca Sec.	"
Vulindlela Prim.	"
Richard Msuthu Prim.	"
Khobongoba Prim.	"
Nojoli Prim.	"

Howard

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Nonesi Prim.
Somerset-Oos Prim.
Thubalethu Sec. Sports field

(b) It is not customary to make known the names of officials who acted in their official capacity.

(i) Tender Committee at Head Office under the chairmanship of the Director: Buildings.

(ii) Falls away.

(c) From 08-03-1984 to 04-08-1986 tenders to the value of R2 084 585,13 were awarded.

(i) and (ii) Fall away.

(2) Yes.

Mr K M ANDREW: Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Deputy Minister's reply, may I ask if the information supplied in respect particularly of paragraph (2) of the question, in other words whether the normal tender procedures were followed, was supplied by the officials who made the decisions or by other officials?

The DEPUTY MINISTER: Mr Chairman, this information was supplied to me by the department through the Director-General of Education and Training.

Certain airline: contracts with SADF and Armscor

*9. Mr R R HULLEY asked the Minister of Defence:

Whether, in the current and the previous financial years, (a) the South African Defence Force and (b) Armscor entered into any contracts for transportation and/or other services with a certain airline, the name of which has been furnished to the Defence Force for the purpose of the Minister's reply, and/or its associated companies; if so, (i) for what services, (ii) with which companies and (iii) what was the total amount paid for such services?

B452E

†The DEPUTY MINISTER OF DEFENCE:

(a) and (b) The hon member is referred to my reply in this House to question number 1 of 21 February 1989. Concerning this question and other matters, I gave evidence under oath to the Harms Commission this morning and also submitted sworn affidavits. I will conse-

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

Urbanisation a crucial problem

Own Correspondent 341

MARITZBURG — Black urbanisation and its associated issues was presently the most crucial financial, political and social problem facing Natal, Mr Peter Miller, MEC, told the extended parliamentary standing committee on provincial affairs yesterday.

Solving the problems was not promoted or made any easier by the fact that there "are so many players seeking a solution" and that the control was fragmented between various Government bodies. These were the three Houses of Parliament, the Department of Development Aid, kwaZulu and the Natal Provincial Administration.

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- (8) See eg the European Court of Justice's decisions in, *inter alia*, *Europemballage Corporation and Continental Can Co Inc v E C Commission* 1973 ERC 215, 1973 CMLR 199; *Istituto Chemioterapico Italiano SpA and Commercial Solvents Corporation v E C Commission* 1974 ECR 223, 1974 1 CMLR 309; *United Brands Co and United Brands Continental BV v EC Commission* 1978 ECR 207, 1978 1 CMLR 429; *Hoffmann-La Roche & Co AG v E C Commission* 1979 ECR 461, 1979 3 CMLR 211; *Hugin Kassaregister AB and Hugin Cash Registers Ltd v E C Commission* 1979 ECR 1869, 1979 3 CMLR 345.
- (9) See in this regard, *inter alia*, *In re Continental Can* 1972 CMLR D11 D27; *Hoffmann-La Roche & Co AG v EC Commission* 1979 ECR 461 524, 1979 3 CMLR 211 277; *United Brands Co and United Brands Continental BV v EC Commission* 1978 ECR 207 277, 1978 1 CMLR 429 486; the New Zealand Commerce Act 5 of 1986 s3(8); the Australian Trade Practices Act 1974 s46.
- (10) Hovenkamp *Economics and Federal Antitrust Law* (1985) 98; Hill & Jones *Competitive Trading in New Zealand: The Commerce Act 1986* (1986) 52; Bellamy & Child *Common Market Law of Competition* 3ed (1987) 55.
- (11) OECD *Competition Policy in OECD Countries 1986-1987* (1988) 103 109.
- (12) OECD *Refusal to Sell* (1969) 27.
- (13) *Klor's Inc v Broadway-Hale Stores Inc* 359 US 207, 79 S Ct 705 (1959); *US v Colgate Co* 250 US 300 307, 39 S Ct 465 468 (1919); *Lorain Journal Co. v US* 342 US 143, 72 S Ct 181 (1951); Hovenkamp *op cit* 273 290.
- (14) *Istituto Chemioterapico Italiano SpA and Commercial Solvents Corporation v EC Commission* 1974 ECR 223 250, 1974 1 CMLR 309 340; *United Brands Co and United Brands Continental BV v EC Commission* 1978 ECR 207 290, 1978 1 CMLR 429 496; *Brass Band Instruments Ltd v Boosey & Hawkes plc* 1988 4 CMLR 67 76; *Eurofix-Bauco v Hilti* 1988 OJ L65/19 at 36, EC Commission *Seventeenth Report on Competition Policy* (1988) 76.
- (15) Canadian Competition Act 1986 C-91 ss 50 and 51.
- (16) New Zealand Commerce Act 5 of 1986 s27 read with s36; Hill & Jones *op cit* 61 73.
- (17) Maintenance and Promotion of Competition Act 1979 s12.
- (18) Report No. 15 *Investigation into Collusion on Prices and Conditions, Market Sharing and Tender Practices* par 286.
- (19) 1981 1 All ER 213 218 h-j and 223b.
- (20) Emphasis added.
- (21) Emphasis added.
- (22) See reasoning in paragraphs 21-24.

- (8) Kyk die Europese Geregshof se uitsprake in onder andere, *Europemballage Corporation and Continental Can Co Inc v E C Commission* 1973 ERC 215, 1973 CMLR 199; *Istituto Chemioterapico Italiano SpA and Commercial Solvents Corporation v EC Commission* 1974 ECR 223, 1974 1 CMLR 309; *United Brands Co and United Brands Continental BV v EC Commission* 1978 ECR 207, 1978 1 CMLR 429, *Hoffmann-La Roche & Co AG v E C Commission* 1979 ECR 461, 1979 3 CMLR 211; *Hugin Kassaregister AB en Hugin Cash Registers Ltd v E C Commission* 1979 ECR 1869, 1979 3 CMLR 345.
- (9) Kyk in die verband onder andere, *In re Continental Can* 1972 CMLR D11 D27; *Hoffman-La Roche & Co AG v EC Commission* 1979 ECR 461 524, 1979 3 CMLR 211 277; *United Brands Co and United Brands Continental BV v EC Commission* 1978 ECR 207 277, 1978 1 CMLR 429 486; die Nieu-Seelandse Commerce Act 5 van 1986 art 3 (8); die Australiese Trade Practices Act 1974 art 46.
- (10) Hovenkamp *Economics and Federal Antitrust Law* (1985) 98; Hill & Jones *Competitive Trading in New Zealand: The Commerce Act 1986* (1986) 52; Bellamy & Child *Common Market Law of Competition* 3e uitg (1987) 55.
- (11) OECD *Competition Policy in OECD Countries 1986-1987* (1988) 103 109.
- (12) OECD *Refusal to Sell* (1969) 27.
- (13) *Klor's Inc v Broadway-Hale Stores Inc* 359 US 207, 79 S Ct 705 (1959); *US v Colgate Co* 250 US 300 307, 39 S Ct 465 468 (1919); *Lorain Journal Co v US* 342 US 143, 72 S Ct 181 (1951); Hovenkamp *op cit* 273 290.
- (14) *Istituto Chemioterapico Italiano SpA and Commercial Solvents Corporation v EC Commission* 1974 ECR 223 250, 1974 1 CMLR 309 340; *United Brands Co and United Brands Continental BV v EC Commission* 1978 ECR 207 290; 1978 1 CMLR 429 496; *Brass Band Instruments Ltd v Boosey & Hawkes plc* 1988 4 CMLR 67 76; *Eurofix-Bauco v Hilti* 1988 OJ L65/19 by 36, EG Kommissie *Seventeenth Report on Competition Policy* (1988) 76.
- (15) Kanadese Competition Act 1986 C-91 arts 50 en 51.
- (16) Nieu Seelandse Commerce Act 5 van 1986 art 27 gelees met art 36; Hill & Jones *op cit* 61 73.
- (17) Wet op die Handhawing en Bevordering van Mededinging 1979 art 12.
- (18) Verslag No 15 *Ondersoek na Samespanning oor Pryse en Voorwaardes, Markverdeling en Tenderpraktjke* par 286.
- (19) 1981 1 All ER 213 218 h-j and 223b.
- (20) Eie beklemtoning.
- (21) Eie beklemtoning.
- (22) Kyk redenasie in paragrawe 21 tot 24.

DEPARTMENT OF DEVELOPMENT AID

No. 1177

9 June 1989

THE ADMINISTRATION AND CONTROL OF CERTAIN AREAS IN NATAL.—TOWNSHIPS BOARD—RATES AND TARIFFS

I, Gerrit van Niekerk Viljoen, Minister of Education and Development Aid, do hereby make known, under the powers vested in me by regulation 17 (3) (b) of the Regulations for the Administration and Control of Certain Areas in Natal, published under Proclamation No. 67 of 6 May 1983, that I have approved the bylaws set out in the accompanying Schedules adopted by the Townships Board to replace the rates and tariffs promulgated by Government Notice No. 2145 of 27 September 1985.

This Government Notice shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to all the townships referred to in Schedule A of Proclamation No. 67 of 6 May 1983.

G. VAN N. VILJOEN,
Minister of Education and Development Aid.

DEPARTEMENT VAN ONTWIKKELINGS-
HULP

No. 1177

9 Junie 1989

DIE ADMINISTRASIE VAN EN BEHEER OOR
SEKERE GEBIEDE IN NATAL. — DORPE-
RAAD—BELASTING EN TARIWE

Ek, Gerrit van Niekerk Viljoen, Minister van Onderwys en Ontwikkelingshulp, maak hierby bekend dat ek, kragtens die bevoegdheid my verleen by regulasie 17 (3) (b) van die Regulasies vir die Administrasie van en Beheer oor Sekere Gebiede in Natal, afgekondig by Proklamasie No. 67 van 6 Mei 1983, die verordeninge wat uiteengesit word in bygaande Bylaes, soos deur die Dorperaad aanvaar ter vervanging van die belasting en tariewe afgekondig by Goewermentskennisgewing No. 2145 van 27 September 1985, goedgekeur het.

Hierdie Goewermentskennisgewing is *mutatis mutandis* op al die dorpe vermeld in Bylae A van Proklamasie No. 67 van 6 Mei 1983 van toepassing.

G. VAN N. VILJOEN,
Minister van Onderwys en Ontwikkelingshulp.

After years of begging, kwaMashu goes marching

After years of trying to get the authorities to listen to their problems, kwaMashu residents are taking matters into their own hands. MUSA ZONDI reports

WHEN kwaMashu residents take to the streets on a protest march on Sunday against the kwaZulu police, it will be a culmination of almost two years of complaints and grievances.

They are also demanding the banishment of Lindelani mayor Mandla Shabalala, who has been accused of brutality.

Residents believe the police force is more interested in supporting Inkatha than maintaining peace. They claim most of the people who have been shot were "comrades".

"Inkatha is realising that it is losing support. Though they claim police are neutral, it is clear that they are helping in maintaining it in control," one of the residents said.

In one of the affidavits to be filed at the Durban Supreme Court, one of the applicants, Mxolisi Mtole, alleges that when he was beaten up and told to join Inkatha, police were present.

"One of them spoke to us and said he assaults comrades, he does not like comrades nor does he play with them," he says in the affidavit.

He adds that after he and his companions had been beaten, police said they would return to take them to the police station when they had got drunk.

Events came to a head two weeks ago when three "comrades" were buried after being shot dead by the KZP in the townships.

In the L-section alone, more than seven people have been killed this year, allegedly by the kwaZulu Po-

SOUNDS of gunfire have become ordinary in the Durban township of Ntuzuma, next to kwaMashu.

For Doris Phungula, there were two bursts of gunfire on September 10 that she will never forget. The first one took the life of a boy on the opposite side of the street; the second one killed her son.

Thulani Phungula, 23, was shot dead that night, allegedly by the kwaZulu Police.

"He had gone to see a friend who was not there," she said. "He stayed for some time and as he was living he saw six people outside wearing balacavas. He went back into the house and said he was afraid and said they were police (kwaZulu police)."

"The men Thulani had seen came and knocked hard at the door and said they wanted to see 'the boys', meaning the male family members. People in the house tried to explain to these disguised men that this was only visiting and he wasn't one of the family members. The men grabbed him, forcefully took him out and started beating him up. A lone shot rang afterwards and that was the end," MaPhungula says.

The young people who saw the incidence flagged the first kombi and took Phungula to hospital.

"When we arrived at the hospital, we were just asked to take him to the police station as he had died on the way.

"When we arrived at the police station,

In a village of guns, one haunting shot

they asked who killed him. I said police had killed him as I had been told by the witnesses.

"They said people in this section have got guns and asked how do I know that it was police who had shot my son," she says.

Police told her to return the following day and ask for a detective Msoni.

"The following day they asked me if I remembered everything I had told them the night before.

"I told them I did and that I had witnessed. They took the statement from the taxi driver as well," she says.

Police told her they were investigating and she still waits patiently for them to come. She has not gone back to the police "because they told me they would come". She does not know what steps she should take because she did not go to school, she says.

MaPhungula, who raised her six children for the last 19 years alone after her husband died, is too ill to work.

She was dependent on his son, who, she says, "gave me the money to buy food and for other things as well". To



Doris Phungula

keep the family going, she sells sweets and fruits to schoolchildren.

Right now, all she can do is wait for the police to come. The gunfire still sounds at night, but it has become ordinary. Death itself has become ordinary.

named Cuba, full-scale wars frequently break out between the youth and the police, he says. In one recent "war", two police and two youths were killed.

People have started dealing with their own cases after complaints that police were not taking cases seriously.

"It is now a very common practice in and around Durban areas. When

somebody steals from you, and you take that up with the police, they never do anything about it. Unless you belong to the top brass, councillors or well-known people, your case won't be taken seriously," said one resident.

At the forum, issues like stabbing and attempted rape are covered. Those people who are aggrieved and those responsible are given a chance to give their sides of the story, the matter is decided and punishment meted out with strokes.

"The problem with this is that punishments vary in different sections. There has been no clear-cut policy or given number of strokes which has been agreed on but it is still being discussed," he says in the affidavit.

Residents are demanding the banishment of Shabalala, recently acquitted in a murder case; the victim was pupil Bhikani Gcabashe of Gugulabash. In his affidavit, Mtole claims he was beaten intermittently by people sent by Shabalala.

Asked to comment on the allegations, kwaZulu Police said they have the task of maintaining law and order and safeguarding the community. "We are doing our best to restore peace and calm to the townships," said a representative. "We are however being thwarted by persons who wish to see the kwaZulu Police removed from certain areas, and they do this by making generalised statements regarding police actions in the townships."

"Members of the kwaZulu Police are regularly lectured on how to deal with the public and are trained in riot control. Any reports about 'police brutality' are registered and properly investigated."

desired — no matter what planners might say.

F/Mail 19/11/90

LOW-COST HOUSING (341)

Reducing the risk

Low-cost private black housing is an area where banks and building societies have shown a noticeable, if understandable, fear to tread. However, there are initiatives, such as that announced recently by the Urban Foundation, aimed at reducing the risks for institutions wanting to get into this market.

A new private sector company is now also set to rush in but not, it insists, in a foolhardy way. It quotes extensive research and consultation behind its underwriting scheme to attract financial institutions to the largely unchartered low-cost housing market.

The financial package offered by Finhouse, a Durban-based company, will be officially announced at the end of the month. Broadly, the company intends to release private sector funds for aspirant homeowners (although aimed primarily at the black market, race is not a criterion) in the R35 000 and under category by underwriting loans for approved developments.

Finhouse, in turn, will spread the risk in the short- and medium-term insurance market, charging an underwriter's fee to the developer.

"We don't believe affordability has ever been the major constraint in low-cost housing — getting the finance is," says Finhouse director Grant Grieve, a Durban businessman with experience in the hotel industry.

Other directors are former Durban mayor Henry Klotz, Graham Muller — an associate director of Deloitte, Haskins & Sells, attorney and law firm partner Irwin Strous. Assisting the board is Walter Geach, Supreme Court advocate and professor of accounting at the University of Durban-Westville. F/M 19/11/90

Though Grieve says there is a philanthropic side to their scheme, in terms of contributing to the resolution of the black housing crisis, he believes solutions should be viable and able to stand on their own in the market.

"For this reason we have not applied to be a Section 21 company. For low-cost housing to get off the ground, a lot of capital has to be attracted and we have to offer attractive returns.

"Profit is not a dirty word to us but we realise that something must be done soon in the housing field to help meet the serious problems facing the country."

Continue p 76.

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F/M 19/11/90

As a starting point, Finhouse accepts that financial institutions are reluctant to enter the bottom end of the housing market because of high administration costs and low returns. Its offer involves a guarantee to repay the loan and interest to a financial institution if a lender defaults on repayments for longer than six months.

Where deeds of grant can be obtained, Finhouse says the guarantee will be applicable for a limited period (about three years) until the value of the property has increased sufficiently to minimise the exposure of the financial institution.

In return for accepting the risks, Finhouse will charge an underwriter's fee to the developer, which it believes will be happily accepted rather than have the developer face escalating building and holding costs while a financier is sought.

The fee could range between 2,5%-20% of the price of a house, depending on the risk profile of the developer, political volatility of the area and the assessed risk of the homeowner defaulting.

"People want houses. Our research has shown an urgent need for a package like ours and if the finance can be attracted, I believe the possible extra costs will be met," says Grieve.

Furthermore, if banks and building societies, which have apparently shown some interest, can be attracted to the scheme, Finhouse believes it will do a great deal to open up the market for many people who want to own a home but have not been able to obtain financial support.

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Durban's living in fronts

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The economy was moving into a consolidation phase, which would be

sions for 1990 — varied between 11% and 15%.

Although it rose by 20% to 28,5% in

which they flowed through the financial system and, eventually, into the economy.

Natal to get R60m for development

CAPE TOWN — About R60m would be available this year for the acquisition of land for urgent urban development in Natal/KwaZulu, Provincial Affairs Deputy Minister Tertius Delpont said yesterday.

Lifting the veil on how the specially appointed action committee he is to lead would tackle its intensive drive to uplift the region, he said Natal/KwaZulu's socio-economic needs were the most critical in SA and needed urgent action.

He said between 70 000

Political Correspondent

and 100 000 people a year were crowding into the Durban area alone, and by the year 2000 there could be 1,8-million jobless in the Durban functional region.

He said about R3,5bn had been allocated to the Natal/KwaZulu area in the last financial year.

The identification of land for urban development was being finalised and in the Durban area alone about 3 800 ha would be needed.

He said the area had great potential for growth.

"Roughly 25% of SA's total population lives in Natal/KwaZulu, and yet the region generates only about 16% of the GDP."

Unrest had seriously disrupted development projects and a special grant of R250 000 had been made by the department for unrest victims. But R200 000 had already been spent mainly on food, clothing, bedding, temporary accommodation, toilets and other ne-

cessities. The remainder had already been allocated and a further R26 000 was being made available.

Delpont said it had become clear better co-ordination and overall planning were necessary.

He warned that three common perceptions could seriously disrupt development programmes.

The first was that the existing political, economic and social structures had become redundant and should be dispensed with.

There was also the perception that a political settlement would solve all socio-economic problems and, thirdly, the perception that it would be appropriate to use economic forces for political gain.

ND DECLARATION

Govt reform to be put to the vote in Umlazi

By Peter Fabricius,
Political Correspondent

CAPE TOWN — The Government's reform moves will be put to the vote for the first time this week.

The National Party has admitted it does not know what to expect in Durban's Umlazi by-election on Wednesday.

It is making no predictions about the seat, which it held comfortably last year.

Since then, the Government has allowed peaceful protests, unbanned the African National Congress, the South African Communist Party and the Pan Africanist Congress, and freed ANC leader Nelson Mandela.

The by-election will also be crucial for other white parties.

The Democratic Party fears its supporters might desert to

the NP in droves to keep the Conservative Party at bay.

The by-election is also vital for the Conservative Party, as a test of its claims that the NP has lost majority white support by betraying its election mandate of last September.

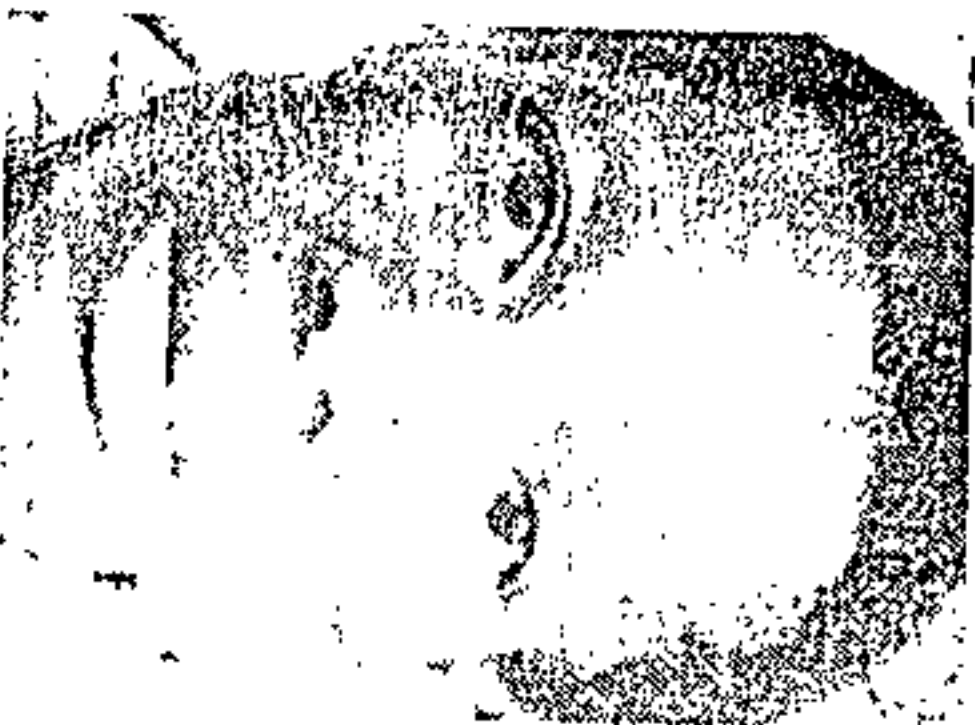
Umlazi is a largely English-speaking, blue-collar constituency and many of its voters, though possibly alarmed at the pace of the reforms, might balk at supporting the CP.

In spite of NP fears, most observers would be surprised if the NP did not hold the seat. The real interest will be the size of the majority.

The seat is being contested by Trevor Coppen for the DP, Piet Matthee for the NP and Francis Hitchcock for the CP.

Umlazi tycoon gunned down, then set alight

By S'BU MNGADI



Thaleme Gogo ... publicity-shy tycoon.

UMLAZI multi-millionaire Thaleme Gogo was gunned down and set alight this week, another victim of the feud between the KwaZulu Police (KZP) and residents of Folweni, near Umlazi.

Yesterday, residents were still shocked at news of the death of Gogo, 42, on Thursday, only hours after one of his bottle stores had been robbed.

It has taken his death for the world to know that Gogo - a former clerk - was a multi-millionaire, according to Gogo's business consultant and accountant Zakhele Gumede.

Gumede said the publicity-shy tycoon received a call at dawn on Thursday that his Fol-

weni bottle store had been broken into.

"Thaleme reported the burglary to the KZP and rushed to Folweni," Gumede said.

KZP spokesman Lt-Col Moses Khanyile told City Press that while police were inspecting the break-in they received information on the whereabouts of the stolen liquor.

"The police, together with Gogo, proceeded to the house concerned and found six men and crates of liquor. Gogo identified the liquor and crates as his," said Khanyile.

The men were placed under arrest and marched to a police van, where one of them broke loose and ran away. Police opened fire, and the fleeing man, identified by local residents as Mpiisi Makhanya - an induna's son - died on the spot.

Residents said the community became angry as the news spread that Gogo had been present when police killed the induna's son.

"The break-in at Gogo's bottle store was never mentioned, so the locals believed that the KZP, whose recent 'activities' have earned them the community's hostility, were at it again. Within hours large groups of people took to the streets, heading for Gogo's bottle store," said a local resident.

According to Gumede, Gogo went to his bottle store at about 10.30am. As he was inspecting the damage he was attacked by a group of people who shot and killed him and set his body alight.

His bottle store and a minibus were also torched, causing R500 000 damage.

Khanyile said before the mob burnt Gogo's body, they took his firearm.

Gogo is reported to have had three insurance policies worth more than R6 million.

Paying tribute to Gogo, Gumede said the multi-millionaire's business acumen might be compared to that of Ernest Oppenheimer.

Gogo, former director of Durban Bush Bucks, disliked publicity so much that not a single journalist was able to interview him during his lifetime.

He is survived by his wife S'mangele Gogo. They had no children.

■ In an incident apparently linked to Gogo's murder, Xolani Mkhize, a brother of one of Gogo's workers, was shot dead on Friday morning after being accused being a police informer.

Govt sets up forum for Natal planning

CAPE TOWN — Plans for the upliftment and redevelopment of strife-torn Natal/KwaZulu were boosted yesterday with government's creation of a "think tank" to co-ordinate further action.

High on the priority list was the resettlement of communities displaced by political violence, said Deputy Provincial Affairs Minister Tertius Delpont, adding that politics should be separated from the resolution of socio-economic problems.

A high-level meeting of state departments involved took place yesterday to discuss strategies.

No new structures would be established or existing actions duplicated, he said.

Delpont said he hoped to involve the private sector in the operation as the government could not solve the problems on its own. He would meet "various representatives" on Monday.

Delpont confirmed government was studying a memorandum from the DP MP for Greytown, Pierre Cronje, suggesting that it would be

Political Staff

quicker and cheaper to renovate houses damaged in the violence than to build new ones.

The threatened withdrawal of bus services from certain areas of KwaZulu — which could virtually paralyse the Empangeni-Richards Bay industrial axis — was also receiving urgent attention.

He said the question of subsidising the service had been raised and while he was well aware of the problem, he could not commit government to a specific line of action.

"We cannot shy away from the political undertones which have a detrimental affect on socio-economic problems.

"As politicians we must reach the point where we divorce the socio-economic programme, the upliftment and development of the area, from the political arena," he said.

His offices would be open to anyone who wanted to facilitate peace between the UDF and Inkatha or for any other project in the region.

Butter imports aid Dairy Board

BARRY STREEK

CAPE TOWN — The Dairy Board lost R662 698 exporting butter and cheese during the 1988/89 financial year but then made a profit of R765 693 on the sale of imported butter, Auditor-General Peter Wronsley said yesterday.

The losses on the exports in respect of butter and cheese amounted to R585 612 and R77 086, he said in his report on the board's accounts which was tabled in Parliament.

However, due to a shortage of butter during the year, the board was compelled to import butter and a profit of R765 693 was achieved with the sale of this butter.

During the year, the board spent R47,6m on market development, including R23,2m which was paid to butter manufacturers in order to make butter more cheaply available to the consumer.

17/6/90 Maize

Wronsley said the board's administration of debtors was "in a poor state of affairs" but this was acknowledged by management, which envisaged rectifying measures.

In his report on the Maize Board's accounts for the 1987/88 financial year, he said the board's net deficit dropped from R333,2m at the end of the April 1987 to R173,9m at the end of April 1988.

During the year, the board made a R141,6m profit on domestic sales, but there was a deficit of R235,9m on export sales and a deficit of R70,4m on export sales was carried forward.

This resulted in a net deficit of R164,8m in the maize account, Wronsley said.

SA's migration gain continues to increase

GERALD REILLY

PRETORIA — SA's migration gain continued in April, and for the first four months of the year it amounted to 2 611 compared with 1 515 in January-April last year.

Central Statistical Service (CSS) figures show immigrants in the four months totalled 4 283 (3 439) and emigrants 1 672 (1 924).

In April the net gain was 746 (265). And the net gain of professional, semi-professional and technically

qualified people was 121 (480) in the four months.

Among the emigrants were 10 doctors (16) and 71 engineers (80). Foreign visitors in January-April increased by 18,3% to 549 735 (499 317).

In the four months, most of the emigrants relocated to Australia, which attracted 544 (546) and the UK, which lured 574 (388).

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Tension in Natal over stayaway

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Own Correspondent

DURBAN — Tension is mounting in Natal's black townships over the proposed national stayaway called by Cosatu for Monday July 2.

Smear pamphlets are being distributed in some townships and there have allegedly been threats of intimidation.

The stayaway has been called as part of the national Action Week to put pressure on the Government to end the Natal violence.

Many local businesses have indicated they will approach the stayaway with the no work, no pay principle, which means many workers will lose wages.

Residents in local townships have complained of "veiled threats" to those who defy the stayaway call.

Pamphlets accusing the ANC of intimidation and describing the organisation as being run by Indians and Xhosas have been circulated in townships.

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Sta 28/6/90

NEWS

PAC wants to mediate in Natal 'Week of Action'

By Shehnaaz Bulbulia

The Pan Africanist Congress yesterday distanced itself from next week's planned "National Week of Action" organised by the ANC in sympathy with the Natal conflict, saying it would rather act as a mediator between the warring factions.

Speaking at a Johannesburg press conference, PAC general secretary Benny Alexander appealed to the ANC to call off its action, which aims to precipitate the disbandment of the KwaZulu police, the arrest of Inkatha "warlords" and to isolate Chief Buthelezi.

The PAC believed the protest action would only serve to heighten the conflict between

Inkatha and the ANC, he said.

Mr Alexander added that the ANC had at no time solicited PAC support in its planned activities, which include marches and stayaways.

The PAC would also not allow itself to be embroiled in a war waged by two parties who ultimately agreed on fundamental issues, he said.

No reason

"Both Inkatha and the ANC meet the Government, they both recognise President FW de Klerk as a man of sincerity and integrity, and both parties believe in negotiations.

"The PAC will not get involved because we see no reason why these warring groups can-

not resolve their differences."

The PAC, unlike the ANC and Inkatha, said Mr Alexander, was not attempting to win President de Klerk's approval, and for this reason was the best party to mediate in the conflict.

"The action planned next week will only serve to escalate the violence in Natal.

"The ANC should allow Mr Mandela to both meet with Inkatha and accept our services as mediators.

"As African nationalists we support all moves to bring about peace among the oppressed.

"We won't lend our support to any campaign that will lead to further clashes and misdirect the struggle from the principal enemy, namely the Government," said Mr Alexander.

Alleged ANC hit squad held

By Craig Kotze

A suspected ANC hit squad of four insurgents, linked to the murder or planned murder of Inkatha "warlords" and other members of the movement, has been arrested in Natal.

Law and Order Minister Adriaan Vlok announced today that two of the suspects were being held in connection with the murder of several Inkatha members and a policeman, and a large number of armed robberies and car thefts.

Mr Vlok was speaking at the opening of a new police college in Paarl only hours after another group of suspected insurgents last night attacked a police station in the Eastern Transvaal, killing a policeman.

One of the attackers was killed in the firefight at the Emthonjeni

station near Machadodorp, police said.

Mr Vlok said the hit squad consisted of two insurgents trained outside the country, one internally trained insurgent and a collaborator. They were arrested near Durban recently.

Mr Vlok said they had admitted that their instructions had been to eliminate Inkatha members in Natal.

Police seized two hand grenades when making the arrests and the group had pointed out an arms cache where an AK-47 rifle and a large amount of ammunition was found.

Mr Vlok also said terror incidents had increased dramatically this month, with nine incidents already reported — an average of almost two a day. In June, 34 incidents were reported, about one a

day. Fifteen of the June attacks were against police.

He said the orders of the externally trained ANC members were:

- To eliminate Inkatha "warlords" and to create underground structures.

- To train other members in military skills.

At Machadodorp, police said three men armed with AK-47 rifles and Skorpion machine pistols attacked the Emthonjeni police station. They opened fire through the windows.

Two policemen fled, but two others returned fire with a pistol and sub-machinegun. One of the policemen was killed, as was the attacker with the Skorpion machinepistol.

The surviving gunmen fled in a red Toyota Cressida.

No arrests have been made.

Teacher bodies may merge

DURBAN — The majority of teacher organisations in South Africa could merge to form one national body to cater for the education needs of pupils in a new South Africa.

This emerged at a joint meeting of the formerly banned National Education Union of South Africa and the once rival Natal African Teachers' Union.

At the historic meeting this week, convened by the Natal Regional Teacher Unity Forum, Natu and Neusa pledged to bury their long-time differences and work together on education issues.

According to Mr Lizwi Mhlane, a executive member of Neusa, teacher bodies in South Africa are ex-

pected to disband and form a new organisation called the South African Democratic Teachers' Union (Sadtu). This organisation will represent about 200 000 teachers in South Africa.

The two groups have decided to work towards:

- Monitoring and reporting on violence, which is disrupting education at schools.
- Initiating joint action around education development programmes.
- Getting involved in joint sporting and cultural activities.

ISMAIL SUDER

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Aids threatens to

Zulus must 'cut down on sexual partners'

By S'BU MNGADI

KWAZULU'S Health Minister, Dr Frank Mdlalose, has made a shock plea to Zulus to cut down on sex partners, but it is likely the call will fall on deaf ears.

Mdlalose's call comes in the wake of revelations by his department in March this year that there were possibly 90 000 HIV positive cases in KwaZulu.

This week KwaZulu's Secretary of Health, Darryl Hackland, said the KwaZulu-Natal region "probably" had the highest Aids rate in South Africa.

In his policy speech to the KwaZulu Legislative Assembly, Mdlalose said in a year's time 120 000 people in KwaZulu could be affected and that unless the attitude towards sex changed, the nation would be destroyed.

He said this would happen unless there was a return to the old tradition in which sex was confined to marriage.

"There is still time to slow down the rate at which our people are becoming infected and even reverse it," he said.

His advice for young people was: "Hold your sexual horses until you are mature."

He said he could only discourage promiscuity, but not stop sex altogether. "If the disease was related to eating mealie meal or to drinking tea, how would you ask people to give it up? So all I'm saying is: have sex, but with only one person."

His words are, however, somewhat dampened by the findings of the most recent survey on sexual trends in KwaZulu.

Nomsa Ndaba, a top researcher at the centre for social research at the University of Zululand, has revealed her findings which were recently submitted to the Human Sciences Research Council.

"It's a joke to think that a Zulu male can be monogamous - this is just not possible. My research, done on a wide cross-section of the KwaZulu male population, shows conclusively that monogamy does not exist. Theoretically it may exist in the more urban set-up where a man has only one legal wife. But, rest assured, he will almost certainly have one mistress."

"It is so disturbing to find that the concept of Aids has not even begun to filter through to rural Africans. The name for sexually transmitted disease in Zulu is 'Isifo samasoka' which literally translated means 'disease of a man who is popular with many women'."

"I have found that a sexually transmitted disease is a source of pride in rural men because it proves their virility."

Millions of Africans could die in next eight years

By S'BU MNGADI

AIDS is raging through Natal like a veldfire and threatens to wipe out the province's African working-age population.

While ignorance and mistrust fan the spread of the disease, the SA Government is ill-prepared to stop its spread.

A recent study says that within eight years 18 percent of all Africans between the ages of 15 and 60 will be HIV-positive and half of them will die.

Already one in every 100 black South Africans has Aids and the figure is doubling every six months, according to the study.

Released by the Democratic Party's Health spokesman and MP for Durban North, Mike Ellis, the study concluded Aids could profoundly affect SA's economic development.

Current test results at pre-natal clinics dealing with African patients show that 1,72 percent are HIV-positive in Durban, 1,03 in Johannesburg and 0,97 in Cape Town.

Blood-bank findings on African females are shocking - of 580 000 women tested between 1988 and 1989 HIV-positive donors went from 0,11 percent to 0,48 percent. Of 1,1-million white female donors tested, 0,0034 tested positive in 1988, 0,0036 from January to June last year and 0,0032 for the last half of the year.

None of the 270 000 Indian women donors tested positive during this period, and 0,03 percent to 0,04 percent white males tested positive.

The Aids Advisory Group this week supported the study when it revealed that eight nurses, four health workers, 118 school pupils and 10 school-teachers in the Natal/KwaZulu region tested positive.

Professor Dennis Pudifin, Natal's representative of the AAG, said the infected people had been identified by the Natal Blood Transfusion Services (NBTS) during their routine donor and blood testing operations.

He said two-thirds of the cases were picked up by various doctors, hospitals and clinics while the other third was picked up by the NBTS.

According to Pudifin, there were

now 2 000 HIV-positive cases in Natal, 300 of whom were identified between April and June.

According to figures released in April this year, more than one in 10 African girls between the ages of 15 and 19 who visited the King Edward VIII hospital were HIV-positive.

Most of the girls were expected to develop full-blown Aids within the next few years.

Eleven percent of women between the ages of 20 and 25 were infected. Among men, the highest figure - 7,5 percent - was recorded in the 25 to 35 age group.

"One reason for the higher incidence among young women could be because the anatomy of women allows them to hold secretions longer," said Dr Isobel Windsor of the University of Natal Medical School.

Overall 3,6 percent of people attending the STD clinic were HIV-positive.

The rapid spread of Aids in Durban has been blamed on Malawian truck drivers who deliver and collect goods there.

The study found that in a Malawi pre-natal clinic 34 percent of their patients were HIV-positive.

In the case of one firm of Malawian truck drivers, tests showed that 48 out of 52 drivers were HIV positive, and 112 out of 227 of Durban-based truck drivers who drove the Malawi route also tested positive.

Late last year six percent of Durban's prostitutes were found to be Aids carriers and 16 percent of them were under the age of 19.

Windsor said 26 prostitutes who knew they were carriers of the disease were still operating.

The SA Government spent just under R5,5-million on Aids education last year for a population of 40-million people (including the "independent" states). In contrast, Mozambique spent R10-million for a population of 14-million.

Meanwhile, the Department of National Health and Population this week announced that between 55 000 and 65 000 South Africans were carriers of Aids and predicted that most of them would develop full-blown Aids over the next 10 years.

WIDE OUT NATAL

Spate of murders by weapon-seeking gangs

Troops sent to guard isolated Natal farms

SAC 11/7/90

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By Dawn Barkhuizen

Troop and police reinforcements have been moved into the southern Natal Midlands to protect farmers from gangs of roving killers who have murdered at least seven people and terrorised many more in recent months.

An elderly couple were murdered on their farm at Eston at the weekend and on Monday a farmer was shot dead on his farm at Tongaat.

A police spokesman said yesterday that Roy Ramsunder (38), of Emona Farm, Tongaat, was working on the land when he was shot twice with a 9 mm pistol and a home-made shotgun. Police have detained a man.

Natal police spokesman Major Pieter Kitching said yesterday troops had been drawn from township unrest areas and stationed on the farm where Johan Odendaal (77) and his wife Dorothy (64) were killed on Saturday. Their dog was bludgeoned to death.

Troops were now patrolling in conjunction with police. Security forces would routinely visit farmers, particularly any elderly people in isolated areas.

Rhodesia comparison

Police were helping set up neighbourhood watches. He urged residents to bolster security in their homes.

Major Kitching said it was possible the heavy security force presence in townships and rural unrest areas in recent months had driven criminal elements into white farming areas.

The attacks on farmers have been mainly in Richmond, Eston, Ixopo and Highflats — not far from the Maritzburg, Durban and Amanzimtoti areas which saw a wave of township unrest earlier this year.

He discounted political motives, saying the attacks had all been perpetrated by criminals, with the theft of guns generally the motive.

But farmers are now asking if they are victims of an orchestrated attempt to get weapons, or plain terrorism. Beaumont-Eston Farmers' Union chairman Mike Lowrie said those attacked, mostly elderly people living alone, had been soft targets.

In a situation reminiscent of the Rhodesian bush war, farmers have resorted to elaborate security precautions, including guns, fierce dogs, electrified fences, two-way radios and secret "contingency" plans.

Farmers stay at home at night for fear of running into ambushes.

"The farmers are vigilant and organised. There is barely a farm in the Eston area that is not linked to the radio band for farmers," said Mr Lowrie. "We want people to be in a position where they can just hold out for 30 minutes. We should be able to reach them by then."

"Radios are absolutely essential to call for assistance because telephone lines are being cut."

While attempts by police to combat the problem were commendable, the area was difficult to monitor because farms were spread out, added Mr Lowrie.

At Richmond, some traders say they are living in constant fear.

Said shopowner Richard McVeigh: "My shop is up for sale. I would get out today if I could. We can't see any vision of the new South Africa here."

The Richmond Town Management Board has asked Minister of Law and Order Adriaan Vlok to visit the district to learn first-hand how serious the breakdown of law is.

Board chairman Ravenor Nicholson said he did not think the Government was taking the situation seriously enough.

● Frightened cry from Paton's country — Page 17.

CP starts protection project

DURBAN — There could be no doubt there was a total breakdown of law and order in the Richmond community and in the country generally, the deputy chairman of the Conservative Party in Natal, Carl Werth, told farmers and residents of Richmond yesterday at a meeting called to discuss a community protection unit for the area. Sharing the platform with Mr Werth was the founder and spokesman for the Welkom Blanke Veiligheid, Dawid Naude, and the Virginia leader of the organisation, Hannes Engelbrecht. — Sapa.

'No law and order for millions in Natal'

DURBAN — Natal must be the most violent place on earth, according to the retiring United States Consul General, Tex Harris, who today leaves Durban for Washington.

At a press conference, Mr Harris said there were many reasons for the violence in the townships, but his personal observation was that the situation lacked a criminal justice system for all South Africans.

"There is no law or order for millions of people in Natal and KwaZulu. In the time I have been here, that is from September 1987, some 3 000 people have been killed.

"Yet less than 20 people have been indicted and tried for these township murders. This means that millions of blacks must live in an area

which is lawless," said Mr Harris.

Mr Harris said that the "skewing of standards" by the apartheid system meant that law and order did not exist in the townships as it did in white areas.

"Setting up a system of law and order which all South Africans will be proud of is one of the greatest challenges for all South Africans."

However, he said that his stay had spanned an exciting time and he saw the cracks on the apartheid wall and the removal of sections of it.

"What is sobering for me ... is that as sections of the apartheid wall are torn down, South Africans looking into the promised land not only see lush green lands, but swamps that need to be drained..." — Sapa.

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conflict and associated crime and vandalism. Another problem is that increased security is adding significantly to unit costs.

Rabie Property Developments (Natal) MD Grant Ketteringham, whose firm has built about 4 000 units in the R35 000-R70 000 range in the past year, believes that unless violence is quelled the private sector could be squeezed out by year-end. He adds that the cost on home unit prices depends on how many are built in a war-torn zone.

The handed-down cost from civil engineers and builders adds about 4% a month to the final cost of a unit. In the end, this is paid for by the property buyer.

"We expect a rise of about 1% a month on cost, but for two months this has been about 5%, to cover security and risks like vehicle thefts from building sites and special personnel management arrangements."

Des King, Natal regional manager of the SA Federation of Civil Engineering Contractors, says at least 30 vehicles have been stolen or hijacked from building sites in recent months. He believes violence has already cost civil contractors about R15m. Added to this will be projects which are shelved because of the strife.

Companies like Rabie are consequently easing out of black housing. "Eighteen months ago, about 70% of our business was in black housing. It's now down to about 40%, which is still an unwarranted risk to shareholders," says Ketteringham. ■

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Property ricochet

The mass black housing shortage in Natal, a root cause of the violence engulfing the province, is in turn made worse by continuing

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Policeman kicked and tortured me, says woman

By S'BU MNGADI

A WHITE policeman ordered a Chesterville woman to spread her legs and kicked her in the private parts during a two-hour torture ordeal at Durban's CR Swart Square police headquarters last week, the woman alleges.

This week, accompanied by her attorney, Bheka Shezi, and the deputy sheriff of the Durban Supreme Court, Vanessa Khoza returned to the "torture chamber" to identify items allegedly used by police during her torture.

Her attorney made the application for immediate access to the murder and robbery squad building "torture chambers" so that she and the Durban deputy sheriff, AW Britz, could inspect, examine and retrieve items allegedly used during the torture, to be used as evidence in any action against the police.

The order was granted.

In affidavits before Judge Bristowe in the Durban Supreme Court, Khoza recounted her ordeal and said she, together with Nokuthula Mbatha and Nomusa Sibiyi, went to visit her cousin Bonginkosi Zulu at King Edward VIII hospital on Wednesday last week.

On leaving the hospital, she alleged, the women were forced into a private car by several policemen who used abusive language towards them.

They were taken to the second floor of the CR Swart Square murder and robbery squad building where, Khoza alleged, two white policemen and one Indian policeman assaulted her in one of the rooms.

"While in the room, I was questioned by the police on my visit to my cousin at the hospital," Khoza recounted in her affidavits.

A white policeman ordered her to spread her legs, then kicked her in the private parts.

The assaults caused pain to her private parts, thighs, neck and shoulders and caused her right eye to swell.

"In this room where I had been taken, there was a large red machine or apparatus, which had switches and dials on it. I was told to sit on a chair and a pipe from this machine was placed on my chest several times, causing me intense pain. I could see lights on the machine flickering and I screamed."

The three women were released at about 9pm on the same day.

Khoza has since laid a charge of assault against police at CR Swart Square.

Last Friday Judge Bristowe granted an order directing the station commander of CR Swart Square to grant Khoza, her attorney Shezi and the Durban sheriff immediate access to the murder and robbery squad building for inspection and examination of any apparatus allegedly used during Khoza's torture.

On Monday, Khoza, Shezi and the deputy sheriff went

to CR Swart Square where Khoza pointed out room 206 as the room in which she was assaulted.

In an affidavit she stated she identified an apparatus attached to the wall with the name "Gamma Electric, (Pty) Ltd" and switches and dials on it.

There was also another machine or apparatus - part of which was red.

Other items Khoza pointed out were a loose piece of green rubber piping, an apparatus that appeared to be a vacuum cleaner, a brown woollen jersey, a torn brown shirt and a chair.

The jersey and shirt were used during the torture, she alleged.

The matter will be heard in the Durban Supreme Court on September 30.

Tables turned on cops linked to shootings

By DAN DHLAMINI

THE tables were turned this week on two Stilfontein cops linked to the fatal shooting of an activist and the injuring of two others at a June 16 rally.

The two cops were arrested minutes after one of their victims was acquitted on charges they had brought against him.

Constables Solomon Tumi, 23, and Bezwell Mokgothu, 29, of Khuma township were arrested at the court minutes after Hopewell Mgozi, 20, one of their victims in the June 16 shootings, was acquitted by magistrate J de Beer on charges of malicious damage to property.

The charges against Mgozi were brought by the two cops who alleged he had stoned their vehicle in Khuma township on April 5.

Two days after Mgozi's acquittal this week, the two cops appeared before the same magistrate to face a charge of murder.

This is a sequel to the shooting in Khuma after the June 16 service during which another activist, Hendrik Mkhwanazi, was shot dead. The same cops allegedly also shot and injured Mgozi and the dead boy's cousin, Johannes Lebitso, 45.

Mkhwanazi was to be a principal witness in a civil claim Mgozi had brought against the two cops, claiming they had tortured and assaulted him before "falsely" charging him for stoning their vehicle.

The civil claim is still pending.

The cops' murder trial, following their arrest this week, was postponed by magistrate De Beer to July 27.

Hospital staff battles to keep vital service functioning

MARITZBURG. — Dedicated doctors at Edendale Hospital, aided by a handful of private practitioners, are battling to keep the hospital's most vital service, the Obstetrics and Gynaecology (O and G) department, functioning.

The hospital provides a service for about half a million people from its immediate surroundings. It acts as a referral hospital for the more than 30 community clinics dotted throughout the Natal Midlands and nine other provincial and KwaZulu hospitals. With an average of 800 to 1 000 babies delivered each month, a skeleton staff and the volunteer city doctors

are under considerable stress, and the hospital faces the dangerous predicament of falling foul of medical council regulations.

This follows a critical loss of doctors, including all its full-time specialists, over the past eight months. Relying on crisis management since the beginning of the year, the hospital administration has failed to find replacements.

The crisis, the biggest yet to confront Edendale Hospital, is further exacerbated by the excessive red tape surrounding the employment of new

doctors.

Ideally serviced by 21 medical officers and four full-time specialists (consultants), there are now only six medical officers, one intern and no permanent full-time consultants in the O and G department.

As an emergency measure, a private gynaecologist and former head of department has volunteered his services as acting head of the department, and a visiting professor from Poland has been seconded to Edendale from King Edward VIII Hospital as a temporary consultant for the next two months. Sources at Edendale Hospital have

cited the fragmentation of health services, inept administration and frustrating working conditions as a major cause of the crisis.

Administered by the KwaZulu government, employment of staff is a lengthy and bureaucratic procedure. Most white doctors are employed by the Natal Provincial Administration and seconded to the hospital.

Superintendent Dr Peter Evans commented the doctors of O and G. He said his staff were working flat out and the administration had been streamlined considerably. — Sapa.

Kaolin dust a health hazard, say residents

By KIM CLARKIN

KAOLIN dust is a health hazard, causing ear, nose, throat and respiratory problems, as well as coating windows, plants, furniture and cars. According to Sun Valley residents who live near the kaolin mine at Brakkehoek.

There are also complaints that the dust is causing skin problems, making it difficult to breathe and has even caused people to sell their property at a loss. Letters were contained in 10 open letters handed to the Save Chapman's Peak Action Group by the residents. The letters were sent to government departments at the beginning of April. Among the addressees were the Minister for Environment Affairs (who has not yet replied) and the Minister of Mineral and Energy Affairs (who has not yet replied).

Respiratory

Those opposing the proposed kaolin mine in Noordhoek are particularly concerned about the health aspects of kaolin dust while the mining company, Serina, says there is no proof

THERE'S NO PROOF SAYS MINE

that it poses a health threat. A doctor practising in Fish Hoek, who used to work at the Ocean View Day Hospital, said she had treated employees from Serina for various respiratory problems but could not say that these were caused by kaolin dust although they may have been aggravated by it. Mr Eric Smith from SCPAG said: "According to local doctors there seems to be a high rate of bronchial asthma in Sun Valley near the mine. Ear, nose and throat ailments also appear to be high. We are told that this

is coincidental and that a link with kaolin dust cannot be proved but it can't be disproved either."

Kaolin is used as a coagulant for stomach disorders because it mingles on contact with moisture. So what happens when it settles in the lungs? Mrs Julie Barkley, 45, who has lived in Sun Valley for 15 years, said she had been given oxygen in hospital and been sent to school in the Transvaal. She had no more asthma attacks.

The doctor said the asthma was caused by pollen. We didn't question this but since my neighbour's daughter who also had asthma moved to Fish Hoek she's been fine. Fish Hoek has one of the highest pollen counts in the country. Mrs M Webb said in her letter: "We moved to Sun Valley, just below the kaolin mine, in December 1987. By February my daughter had developed chronic bronchial asthma which continued until we moved away from the area."

"Her condition then disappeared almost immediately." According to Serina's managing director, Mr Stan Adler, no reports had been received of kaolin dust having an adverse effect on health and a link between the dust and any health problems had never been proved.

Professional photographer and resident for six years, Mr Richard Ashley, said when he saw Serina's advertisement in Saturday's Cape Times extolling kaolin's benefits he "felt like placing one telling the other side of the story."

Negative

"We all know the positive aspects of kaolin but what are the negative aspects of the substance? What are the effects on

inhaling kaolin dust every day?"

"Sand is a pleasure compared to this dust—it gets everywhere and even covers the copy-board of my process camera which is in a darkroom with all the seals on windows." If the company's dust is causing the most modern methods of photography to fail, the dust is a problem. The dust is also a problem for the existing mine. Residents who live near the kaolin mine say they have expressed their concern to Serina's management and one even brought a plastic shopping bag half full of kaolin dust collected in her lounge to illustrate her point to the management.

Sand dunes

Mr Adler of Serina commented: "The entire Fish Hoek area is covered in dust but I wouldn't say it was kaolin dust. There are a lot of sand dunes so it could be sand. In fact, once when a resident told us his porch was covered in kaolin dust we investigated and found it was sand."

On the question of installing more sophisticated equipment to counter dust at the proposed Noordhoek mine, Mr Adler replied:

"If the impact report recommends that additional dust emission controls are necessary we will take them."

However, he pointed out that as kaolin naturally has 12% moisture, there could be no dust from the mine only from the factory environment or the road surface.

Mrs Barkley said that about three or four years ago the mine installed a sprinkler system "but that made no difference to the kaolin dust problem."

A spokesman for the Department of Mineral and Energy Affairs said: "The matter has been noted and once the impact report (from Serina) has been received by the minister it will be investigated."

The health aspect of kaolin dust had been raised "at least 10 to 15 times and the minister is aware of it."

He also said that despite the fact that a mining permit had been issued in 1988 the Department of Mineral and Energy Affairs could still stop the mine from going ahead.

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Police arrive
for Natal duty

DURBAN — A contingent of 463 police volunteers arrived in Durban yesterday to serve for six months in the strife-torn townships and farming areas of Natal — the scene of an increasing number of attacks in recent months.

Some of the men will be deployed to perform additional patrols on farms in the Natal Midlands, where several brutal attacks have taken place.

Welcoming the men, Regional Commissioner Major General Johann van Niekerk said there were plans to deploy 1 000 more men in the province to counter violence. — Sapa.

Natal rabies spreads as violence halts vets

Own Correspondent

Township violence in Natal has contributed to an "alarming" increase in the incidence of rabies in the province because vets are not always able to enter strife-torn areas to inoculate pets.

Maritzburg and Durban vets, who made this claim today, have already destroyed more rabid animals in the first six months of this year than in the whole of last year.

When they are given official permission to enter townships it is without Government number plates on their cars and without police escorts.

The State vet for Maritzburg, Dr Max Bachmann, said that violence was a "major complicating factor" in the rabies inoculation programme.

Ten cases of rabid animals from areas south of the city and from areas around Durban and on the coast have been positively identified as rabid this month.

Durban's State vet, Dr Robin Thorogood, has reported 39 cases of rabies this year, compared to 45 cases for whole of last year.

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Natal ANC man detained

DURBAN — Mathematics lecturer at the University of Zululand (Umlazi branch) and African National Congress activist, Jabulane Sithole, has been detained under Section 29 of the Internal Security Act.

The chairman of the Lamontville branch of the ANC, Zolisa Mbele, said they believed his detention was due to his ANC activities and the leading role he played in the Lamontville Residents' Association.

"His arrest came two days before a meeting between the Natal administration, property developers and the Ningizimu Town Council on one side, and the civic structures of Lamontville, Chesterville and the hostels that fall under Ningizimu.

"We believe Sithole's arrest and detention was intended to prevent him from participating in this meeting, which he was instrumental in setting up."

A police spokesman confirmed that Mr Sithole had been detained. — Sapa.

arrested and the fourth alleged robber is being sought by the police. — Sapa.

19 held after necklacing

DURBAN — Nineteen people — 17 men and two women — from Ekuthuleni squatter camp near Umlazi have been held by police for questioning following the necklacing of a pregnant woman and her boyfriend last month. The branch commander of KwaZulu police in Umlazi, Captain Kwazi Nene, said the mutilated bodies of Miss Neva Sarah Khomo, her infant, and Mr Mxolisi Cyril Ngcobor were exhumed earlier this week. He said they had apparently been sentenced to death by a "people's court" after being accused of murder. — Sapa.

Dukuduku: Wildlife offer to mediate

SUE OLSWANG

THE Wildlife Society has offered to act as mediators in the relocation of hundreds of squatters who have destroyed about 25 percent of Zululand's Dukuduku State Forest to make way for their dwellings.

The squatters — said to number anywhere between 2 000 and 3 500 — have been given one month to vacate the State-owned forest near Mtubatuba. This follows the recent landmark court case in which seven men were convicted and given suspended fines of R1 000 each for illegally squatting in the forest. One of the conditions of the suspension of their sentences was that they leave the forest with their families by August 6.

Mr Rupert Lorimer, MP for Bryanston and Democratic Party parliamentary spokesman on environmental affairs, pointed out that no single piece of conservation land would be safe from invasion by squatters if the court had not made its watershed decision.

The Dukuduku squatters have, however, defiantly indicated that they will not move unless suitable land is earmarked for their relocation.

Mr Keith Cooper, conservation director of the Wildlife Society, said his organisation has offered to act as mediators between the squatters and authorities in discussions about alternative land.

Identified

"We have identified five different areas which will be considered for their relocation," Mr Cooper said, adding that important meetings between the parties would be held on Wednesday.

Mr Lorimer said he has organised a meeting between a lawyer representing the squatters, Mr Cooper, provincial representatives and himself.

"Dukuduku is probably the most important forest left in South Africa and its protection is vital.

"A substantial section of the forest has been destroyed since the squatters moved in. Trees have been cut down for building materials and firewood, and the squatters have used bulldozers to clear land for roads. Some squatters even arrived with cattle, even though the land is not suitable for grazing.

Mr Cooper said the effect of the squatters moving into Dukuduku Forest has been "horrific. More than a million indigenous trees have been destroyed and thousands more are at risk.

"There has also been horrific snaring of animals. We haven't seen signs of red duiker and bush buck because so many have been killed."

'Mourn Inanda 26'

By SANDILE MEMELA

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PAC president Zeph

Mothopeng yesterday called on political organisations to observe a three-day mourning period for the 26 people killed in a bus ambush in Natal this week.

The call, initiated by the PAC, follows the death of 26 people and the injury of 65 others when gunmen alongside an Inanda road ambushed a bus and a mini-bus on Wednesday.

The mourning will be from Friday July 27 to Sunday 29.

Speaking in Orlando

East yesterday, Mothopeng also called on ANC leader Nelson Mandela and Inkatha president Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi to help stop the Natal violence.

He said the parties involved in the violence should bury their differences and solve "this grave problem in the interest of the whole nation".

Meanwhile Sapa reports that two ballistics experts from Pretoria were busy inspecting the wrecks of the bus and the mini-bus.

The inspection was ex-

■ To Page 3

R.T.O.

Klerksdorp death fears as woman-killer strikes

By DAN DHLAMINI

DOMESTIC workers in Klerksdorp, which is notorious for rape and murder crimes, are again living in fear of their lives following the discovery of another murdered woman.

Last year the bodies of two unidentified black women with head injuries were discovered in a Klerksdorp suburb. The murderer is still at large because police have made no arrests.

The corpses of 15 black women were discovered on the infamous Oudorp koppie between 1987 and 1988.

David Motshekwa was sent to the gallows last year for the murder of 14 of the women. It is speculated that the 15th woman, whose skeleton was found under tree branches on the same koppie, was another of Motshekwa's victims.

Mavis Nobomvu Mzangwa, 34, the latest victim of another woman-killer on the loose, was discovered on July 9 with car tyre marks on her body on a deserted road between Klerksdorp and Stilfontein.

She was discovered lying face down, dressed only in her bra and petticoat. Her bloodstained dress and a pair of leather "velskoens" were found next to her.

Police suspect she had been raped and a car driven over her body. They could not say whether she was alive when the car was driven over her.

Assistant chief of the Criminal Investigation Department in Klerksdorp, Major Dirk Stear, said two white men reported the grisly find to police.

He said the dead woman was last seen with a black man in a green station-wagon.

Major Stear said no arrests had been made and police investigations were continuing.

Mzangwa was identified by her grandmother Martha Mosiathaga a week after she was found after a tip-off from a mortuary employee.

Mosiathaga said she suspected Mzangwa was killed by the Wit Wolwe. She said she would not rest until her granddaughter's killers were brought to book.

Western Transvaal organiser for Lawyers for Human Rights, Sam Present, told *City Press* that Mosiathaga had contacted him regarding Mzangwa's death and he would attend to the matter.

Teacher 'molested pupils'

By DAN DHLAMINI

A WHITE religious instructor in the western Transvaal is facing charges of indecently assaulting eleven black children - a girl and ten boys - aged between 14 and 17, at Bethal High School in Coligny.

Johannes Cornelius Lombaard, 48, a biblical study teacher at the school, appeared in court this week after being arrested at the school by Stilfontein child protection unit of the police.

No charges were read to him and he was released on R2 000 bail. The case was postponed to August 30 for a date to be fixed for the case to come before the Regional Court.

Prosecutor M Theunissen declined to give any further details of the case.

PAC calls for three days of mourning

From Page 1

pected to take most of the weekend.

A police spokesman said the experts would determine whether there were any bullet holes in the vehicles.

It has been alleged that shots were fired before the vehicles left the road and crashed down an embankment. It was also alleged the bus driver was shot.

Once the experts have gathered their information it will be taken back to Pretoria for further analysis.

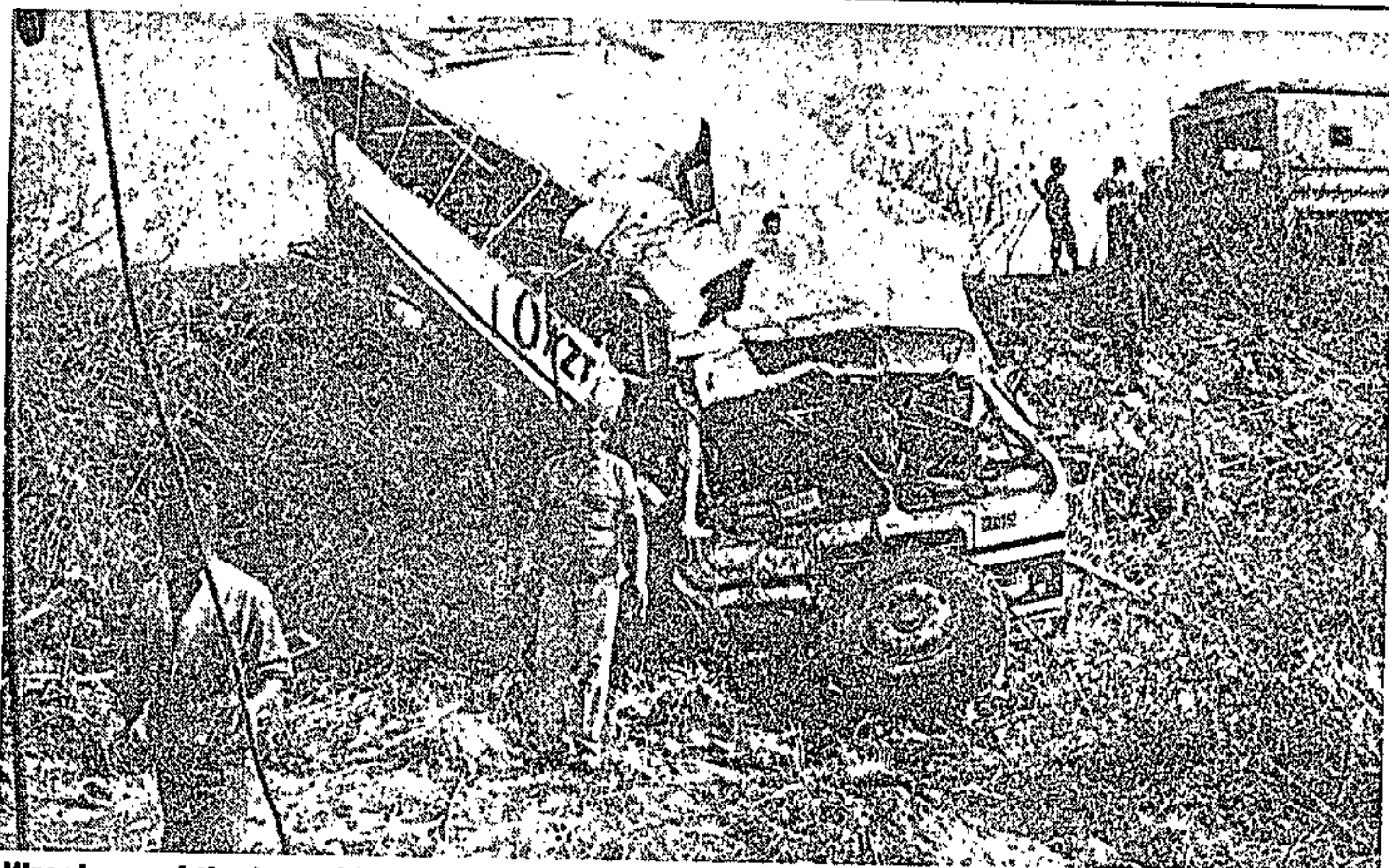
In another development, Buthelezi made a strong plea for Zulu unity to support the emergence of a multi-party democracy in South Africa.

He was speaking at KwaKhiphunyawo at the unveiling ceremony of the tombstones of Inkosi Bekayiphi Sibiba and Inkosi Mtshekula Sibiba.

Buthelezi said negotiations for a new South Africa were not going to be a party political event. They would be a coming together of the forces needed to make a strong, united and stable South Africa.

"My call is a call for unity. Stand together for the sake of South Africa and South Africans, to give South Africa the power and advantage of your Zuluness," said Buthelezi.

Mothopeng will address an Azanian National Youth Unity rally at the DOCC hall in Orlando today at 1pm.



Wreckage of the bus which veered down an embankment in Inanda, killing 26 people.

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'Khayelitsha' for Durban?

Own Correspondent

DRAKENSBERG GARDENS. — A major new housing development, to be paid for from the R3 billion national development fund announced by the State President earlier this year, is being planned for the Durban Functional Region.

An announcement is expected this week from Dr Tertius Delport, the deputy minister of Provincial Affairs.

It is speculated that a second Khayelitsha costing about R1 billion is planned for the area around Compensation on the North Coast.

Children who go looking for war

By Marguerite Moody

Children younger than 10 armed with home-made guns, knobkerries, knives and petrol bombs, youths meting out physical punishment on adults, children sleeping in the bush by the roadside at night, small children separated from their parents...

This was the grim picture painted of the effect of the violence in Natal on children by the director of Pinetown Child and Family Welfare, Priscilla McKay.

Addressing about 50 delegates to the Southern African Society for Prevention of Child Abuse and Neglect annual conference in Johannesburg last week, Ms McKay said children in Natal had become "brutalised victims of a vicious system".

Destroyed

"The murder in Natal is both the murder of childhood and the murder of children.

"There have been about 4 000 deaths as a result of violence since the conflict started in 1987, and more than 500 homes have been destroyed. At one stage, there were 40 000 displaced people, and there are still some 8 000 people living in refugee camps in Maritzburg."

She said a kind of war psychosis had developed among children in the townships.

"Children armed to the teeth are actually going out looking for war. They don't sleep at night as they expect their areas will be attacked, and they are not attending school."

According to Ms McKay, 112 schools in the Mpumalanga circuit near Pinetown had been closed for over three months, and more than 120 000 children, most under 15 years old, had not been to school since then.

"The townships have been divided into Inkatha and UDF areas, and children cannot be accepted into schools in

Inkatha-controlled areas unless they register as Inkatha members. Access to other facilities such as health, welfare and housing are controlled in much the same way."

She said headmasters could no longer guarantee to parents that if their children went to school, they would return home alive.

"Children have been shot waiting in school bus queues."

The absence of children from school had resulted in a marked increase in sexually transmitted diseases and pregnancies among unmarried girls.

"Schoolgirls have told us of threats by youths to burn their parents' houses down if they don't sleep with them," Ms McKay said.

Another matter of concern to social workers was the emergence of "comrades' courts".

"There has been a complete breakdown in normal law and order, and these courts take very severe action. In one case, children took it in turn to administer 250 lashes on an elderly lady accused of practising witchcraft. She later died," she said.

Control

"When the Comrades control an area, a lot of things go wrong and the adults have no say.

"What is desperately needed in these townships is a massive programme of social and human development.

"The Pinetown Child and Family Welfare does not have the financial resources at the moment to offer much to these abused children."

She said the centre had only 27 social workers for the area from Durban to Mpumalanga, and more community workers and social workers trained to handle conflict were needed.

"We have got to re-divide our resources between the sophisticated needs of the First World, and the far greater needs of the Third World. This is where 80 percent of our aid is required," she said.

Natal peace talks planned

BY S'BU MNGADI
and SANDILE MEMELA

AS Natal-type clashes threatened to spill over the PWV this week, Natal itself was preparing for a major peace breakthrough between the ANC and Inkatha forces.

A high-powered consultative conference of the national and Natal leadership of the ANC, Cosatu, UDF and Sanyco will be held next weekend in Durban.

ANC deputy president Nelson Mandela is scheduled to address the conference.

Thabo Mbeki, the ANC's director of international affairs, arrives in Durban tomorrow to work with the Cosatu-UDF joint working committee in preparation for the conference.

Natal ANC leader Dr Diliza Mji and Cosatu's Alec Erwin met Inkatha national chairman Dr Frank Mdlalose and KwaZulu Interior Minister Steven Siqhebe for three hours on Tuesday night and both parties pledged to report to their respective sides before holding further meetings.

On Thursday night, in a speech hailed by observers as a major breakthrough, Patrick Lekota, the ANC's southern Natal convenor, used his address to a 5 000-strong memorial service for last week's 26 victims of the Inanda

But violent

clashes now spilling over to Transvaal

bus disaster to make a passionate plea for an end to the continuing violence.

Ironically, while peace talks are held in Natal, Reef residents fear a carbon-copy of the Natal violence following this week's Sebokeng violence and sporadic clashes in Soweto.

Four people died of bullet wounds after an alleged Inkatha mob assaulted residents at Inhlazane railway station.

This followed an explosion of violence between members of Inkatha and the ANC-axis in the Vaal Triangle that left at least 29 people dead.

Observers believe the violence that has plagued Natal for the past four years has finally crept into the the PWV area.

Police liaison officer Lt G Marimutsho said the violence came into Soweto when a mob armed with axes and assegais assaulted residents at Inhlazane railway station in Soweto on Wednesday.

When police arrived the mob fled and afterwards two men, Phineas Khoza and Alphus Ngoben, were found with bullet wounds.

Later, two women were found with bullet wounds at Jabulani hostel, about 300m from the station. They were sisters Grace and Betty Sihole.

Betty was wounded in the hips and Grace died from her wounds.

Angry Soweto train commuters marched to New Canada railway police headquarters after the Inhlazane station clashes to protest.

In a memorandum handed to the police, protesters said commuters travelling on late trains on Thursday were attacked and thrown out of windows by Inkatha supporters, injuring more than 25 people.



Part of the Soweto train commuters' protest group march to New Canada police headquarters.

Thousands thrown away

THE non-profit-making Venda Agricultural Corporation had spent an estimated R160 000 on "useless" overseas trips for white officials, the Taylor Commission of Inquiry heard in Thohoyandou on Thursday.

The head of industrial relations at Agrivan, Venda's agricultural corporation, AT Mulaudzi, said his chief executive officer, Pieter Oosthuizen, visited a coffee plantation in Brazil, although the corporation had no such project.

Mulaudzi also revealed Oosthuizen visited Italy and later ordered a new irrigation machine costing more than R25 000, which could not be used.

Oosthuizen, who earned R127 000 a year, had failed to produce a matric certificate since 1981.

He said grass for animal feed had also been left to rot

R25-m in aid needed

OPERATION Hunger needs more than R25-million to provide development and relief aid for the needy.

While the organisation receives three to four new appeals for help a day from rural areas, more appeals are pouring in from urban areas.

Announcing the organisation's latest Gold Rush competition in Broomfontein this week, executive director Ina Perlman said: "We need support now. Over one million children need a square meal each day. Over 20 000 families will be helped when we complete the 534 self-help projects underway."

Deputy director Mpho Mashini said the organisation may have to abandon rural areas to provide aid for people near cities.

"Since the beginning of July, we have received 48 applications for aid from the Hammanskraal, Makapansstad and Winterfeld areas which are less than 50km outside Johannesburg," he said.

Showdown over

From Page 1

in newspaper has copies

Workers protest over insults

ABOUT 109 workers of Pick 'n Pay supermarket in Lynnwood, Pretoria, took off their uniforms and went to work in their own clothes to protest against insults by white customers.

Store manager Andre Coetser confirmed the incident but declined to comment further because "the issue has been sorted out".

According to a South African Commercial, Catering and Allied Workers' Union official, the incident followed several insulting remarks made by customers.

Cop fired fatal shot

By S'BU MNGADI

THE Richmond inquest court found this week that a policeman was criminally liable for fatally shooting a *Cape* schoolgirl on September 28 last year. 29/7/90

Magistrate FW Strydom found Const Nicholas Mcunu responsible for the death of Ntokozo Ngcobo, 14, after a bullet was fired from a minibus which drove into protesting pupils in Ndoleni, Richmond.

Police and army witnesses told the court that pupils had thrown stones at the minibus and the occupants. However, Strydom found the stoning evidence to be false.

Police sergeant Gert Nel, who witnessed the incident, told the court that at no stage did he see stones being thrown.

Strydom said he accepted the evidence of two witnesses who described a shot being fired from a sliding window in the minibus. He said it had been established that Mcunu was seated at that window.

Strydom referred his findings to Natal Attorney general Mike Imber.

80 000 pupils

By S'BU MNGADI

ABOUT 80 000 pupils and their teachers at Maritzburg's Vulindlela Circuit have been sitting idly at home since March this year because they fear for their lives in Inkatha-controlled Upper Edendale.

In the past two weeks, 2 000 of the pupils have over the last five weeks been receiving lessons at the University of Natal's Maritzburg campus. This has been made possible by the Edendale Teachers' Crisis Committee (ETCC), assisted by the National Education Union of South Africa and the Natal regional committee of the National Education Co-ordinating committee (NECC).

When the university reopens tomorrow, these pupils will have to be accommodated elsewhere.

The NECC, the ETCC and Neusa have applied to the local Department of Development Aid (DDA) to set up classrooms on land across the valley.

So far town manager Len Koch has made no reply.

Schooling in upper Edendale was disrupted at the height of the six-day war which erupted on March 25 this year when Inkatha supporters returning from a rally in Durban clashed with residents of the Edendale valley. The fighting left over 100 dead.

When the fighting subsided the ETCC called on KwaZulu's department of Education and Culture to provide schools with adequate security.

The teachers also called on the KwaZulu government to force Inkatha to make a peaceful settlement with the ANC, Cosatu and UDF.

Thousands of other children in the Natal-KwaZulu region had by June this year received little or no education, according to a speech by then DEC minister Dr Oscar Dhlomo.

Dhlomo said 1990 would go down as the worst year in the history of education in Natal.

This week Dr Frank Mdlalose, newly appointed DEC minister and chairman of Inkatha's national council, pleaded with teachers to return to school on Wednesday.

Kids sit idle after March clashes close Natal schools

Mdlalose said the teachers' absence had affected an "appreciable" number of the 69 schools at Vulindlela since March 27.

"The stepped-up security arrangements have had a beneficial effect. This is shown by the fact all workers are now back at their places of work except for some teachers based at Edendale."

He said a delegation of chiefs, headmen, school committee and members of Upper Edendale communities met him at Ulundi this Wednesday.

"They have given the assurance that there is adequate security for these teachers at Vulindlela although teachers have insisted there is no security for them."

Chiefs and Inkatha leaders in Upper Edendale are taking a hard line on teachers.

A community meeting held at Taylor's Halt last Sunday resolved to ask Mdlalose not to pay teachers as they had not been working since March 27.

The meeting resolved that: "We the people of Amakhosi (chiefs) believe that after the recent violence our children have been robbed of their education as a result of intimidation of teachers by the ANC and UDF in Imbali and Edendale."

Another resolution called on Neusa to stop attempts to look for alternative accommodation for the displaced pupils.

A further demanded the teachers go back to school or resign, and promised those who returned safety and accommodation in "amakhosi areas".

The ETCC has sent a memorandum to the DEC asking the department to give official recognition to the alternative tuition project.

Fear for their lives

Taxis make R1,8-bn. not a cent for me - Receiver

Own Correspondent

DURBAN — The Receiver of Revenue has appointed a team of experts to investigate the black minibus taxi industry, as it believes the taxi operators are collecting revenue of about R1,8 billion without paying income tax.

Some estimates claim that the tax loss is about R500 million a year.

The Southern African Black Taxi Association president, James Ngcoya, said in Durban today he was aware of the move to tax the minibus industry and said that his association had asked the Receiver for an extension of time to educate members on tax matters.

He said that it was not true, however, that minibus taxis made a lot of money.

"These vehicles are so expensive and by the time the owner makes a profit his vehicle is worn out. Also, the conception that single owners have fleets of minibuses is not true.

"We are currently educating

our members so that we can put a number of aspects straight and will prove that the vast majority of our members earn so little that their income is below the taxable fringe and that by the end of the day their income will be below the taxable amount," said Mr Ngcoya.

Estimates of the taxable revenue generated by the minibus taxi industry vary widely, but transport consultants put the figure at a minimum of R1,8 billion. About half the 100 000-odd taxi operators are members of Sabta.

Estimates of nett income vary widely and was put by one transport consultant at about R3 000 a month after expenses.

According to Sabta's official journal, Sithuta Isizwe, there were two options open to the taxman.

He could negotiate with Sabta to try to reach a compromise or he could decide to take action against taxi operators. In that case, Sabta would not be prepared to assist the taxman.

Star 31/7/90 (44) (341)

NEWS

SACP reveals secret meeting minutes

The South African Communist Party yesterday revealed what it said were the minutes of the secret meeting at which the Government alleges the SACP hatched a plot for insurrection should negotiations collapse.

The document was released at a news conference in Johannesburg only days before the Government and the African National Congress are due to hold a second round of talks.

It also came a day after the SACP re-emerged as a legal political party following decades of underground operations.

The document, released to further counter the Government allegations, clearly lays out guidelines for the consolidation of the SACP

and the reshaping of its relationship with the ANC, the UDF and Cosatu.

No mention of insurrection is made in the minutes of the meeting, said to have been held at Tongaat on the Natal north coast.

According to the document, the meeting recognised that the changed "situation ... requires that the possibilities offered by negotiations should be explored to the fullest, while not abandoning the armed struggle.

A Johannesburg newspaper claimed it had computer printouts of evidence that the meeting had planned to smuggle arms into

the country for the alleged revolt.

"We wish to set the record straight in regard to a number of serious and deliberate distortions in the information the police have been leaking to the media," Ms Cheryl Carolus, a member of the SACP's new interim committee, told the news conference.

She said the Tongaat meeting had been consultative and had taken no decisions.

"It is clear that some elements in the Government are still unable to live with the fact that the SACP is unbanned," Ms Carolus told reporters.

She also reiterated that SACP

general secretary Joe Slovo was not present at the meeting.

The document also seems to reveal SACP fears that the struggle against apartheid was losing momentum as attention focused on negotiations.

The meeting recommended, among other things, that the SACP assert its independence from other organisations and that its constitution would have to be amended to allow for more internal democracy.

"The relationship between the party and fraternal organisations must change," the document says.

"The time has come for the

party to assert its independence and its own identity," it adds.

As the party began its life as a legal organisation it "should practise full internal democracy".

"This involves changes to the present (party) constitution."

Sydney Matumadi, a member of the interim leadership of the SACP, accused right-wing elements in the Government of orchestrating the plot allegations.

"They are selectively choosing what they want (from the minutes), and attaching to these extracts extra interpretation," said Mr Matumadi.

The ANC meets the Government on August 6 for a second round of talks on obstacles impeding formal negotiations. — Sapa.

Gumede must go, says TIC

PRESSURE is mounting against United Democratic Front president Archie Gumede, who was asked to bow out of politics yesterday after "anti-Indian" remarks he made in a recent television. Sta. 4/8/90 (19) (341)

In a tough-worded statement, Transvaal Indian Congress president Cassim Salojee called on Mr Gumede to bow out of politics gracefully as he was allegedly "out of touch with the aspirations of the oppressed".

The TIC president said Mr Gumede had become notorious for making ill-considered statements.

Following the launch of the UDF in

1983, he said, Mr Gumede was on record as saying Indians' involvement in the progressive movement was merely for material gain.

This week Mr Gumede reportedly told SABC-TV that, if ever there was an election, Indians would vote for whites.

The TIC had approached the ANC to consider disciplinary action against Mr Gumede, Mr Salojee said.

The Natal Indian Congress is said to be planning to write a letter to the ANC expressing similar sentiments. Sapa.

White-run business should open its ears

By Z B MOLEFE

BLACK business is on the warpath.

But its stance is not yet clear, judging by this week's four-day National African Federated Chamber of Commerce annual conference in Durban.

Predominantly white-run big business should start listening, a number of delegates said after the conference which focused on black participation in a mixed economy of the new South Africa.

ANC international affairs direc-



ANC's Tito Mboweni . . . looking closely at the monopolies.

tor Thabo Mbeki told the delegates: "Nelson Mandela's estimation of Nafcoc is that it is representative of the democratic movement in the business world of South Africa."

ANC economist Tito Mboweni told the conference a clear policy on conglomerates would have to be formulated.

He said: "This could take the form of anti-trust legislation or an anti-monopoly commission backed by the law."

ANC Southern Natal convenor Patrick "Terror" Lekota said: "We can't allow monopolies when we become the government."

Azapo publicity secretary Strini Moodley, who spoke on behalf of Azapo president Jerry Mosala, said: "We regard the liberation of black people as a priority. In that context, the liberation of the land is a primary objective."

"Technical details on how distribution of land shall be implemented will have to be worked out in finer detail by the government that comes to power."

"What is crucial to understand is that land distribution as an economic strategy must be given a new meaning."

National Union of Mineworkers assistant general secretary Marcel Golding painted a grim picture of the mining industry's future.

He said the odds were heavily stacked against black miners and warned: "No South Africa can be called 'new' until its black miners' position has been addressed."

"Our view is unashamedly socialist. We say the State must play a central role in the economy of a future South Africa."

Accountant Israel Skosana said South Africa's financial sector had

to be transformed to make capital available to victims of apartheid.

Skosana said he believed the financial sector had the unavoidable choice of making changes itself or having them imposed by the State. He said: "I believe the survival, let alone the future prosperity, of the country and its people is dependent on a financial sector which is responsive to its people."

Mbeki said: "You can have Nelson Mandela sitting there as President of South Africa, but as long as problems of poverty persist, he can't hold the country together."

Nafcoc has set up an economic commission co-ordinated by United States-educated and trained economist Vincent Phaahla.

Its brief is to survey a cross-section of people and organisations countrywide, including the ANC and PAC, on the question of a new economic order in a new South Africa.

■ This week, America's largest-selling national daily, *The Wall Street Journal*, looked at nationalisation and the Anglo American Corporation.

The journal's Johannesburg correspondent said Anglo and many South African corporations went beyond the realm of business by challenging government to scrap apartheid and white-minority rule in favour of power-sharing with the black majority.

The correspondent said: "In the boardroom, Anglo is circling the wagons against threats from newly legal organisations to nationalise or break up the company as a means of dismantling the white economic monopoly."

"In the new politics of correcting the inequalities of apartheid, Anglo is the fatted calf."

Gumede 'must go'

Press 5/8/90
PRESSURE is mounting against UDF president Archie Gumede, who this week was asked to bow out of politics following "anti-Indian" remarks he made in a television interview recently.

In a tough-worded statement released on Friday, Transvaal Indian Congress president Cassim Salojee called on Gumede to bow out of politics as he was "out of touch with the aspirations of the oppressed".

The TIC president said Gumede had become notorious for making ill-considered statements.

Following the launch of the UDF in 1983, he said, Gumede was on record as saying the involvement of Indians in the progressive movement was merely for material gain.

This week Gumede reportedly told SABC-TV that if ever there was

an election, Indians would vote for whites.

The TIC had approached the ANC to consider disciplinary action against Gumede, Salojee said.

The Natal Indian Congress is planning to write to the ANC expressing similar sentiments. — Sapa



Archie Gumede ...
 "out of touch".

FW to meet Natal leaders, says Slovo

Own Correspondent

DURBAN — President de Klerk has agreed to meet a representative group of leaders from Natal by the end of this month to

discuss the political violence in the province, according to South African Communist Party general secretary Joe Slovo.

Mr Slovo said at the weekend the ANC believed that all the people of Natal should contribute towards finding a peaceful solution.

He was speaking at a national peace conference involving discussions between the ANC's national executive committee and Cosatu, the UDF and the SA Youth Congress at the University of Durban-Westville.

PAC launches student branch

Star 8/8/90 Political Staff ~~341~~ (341)

The Pan Africanist Congress (PAC) will launch a branch of its student wing, the Pan Africanist Students Organisation (Paso) at Madadeni, Newcastle this weekend, according to PAC organiser in Newcastle, Victor Thwala.

Paso would be launched at Madadeni Hall on Sunday. Students in and around Newcastle and the neighbouring Dannhauser had been invited to the launch.

0 free pass for anarchy' warning as troops move in

MTA GUNTS AN C



TOUGH TALK
... General Malan tells the ANC to get its act together, or else

ST Times
26/8/90

119
254
274

BY LESTER VENTER: Political Correspondent

NG the strongest language heard since peace process began, the Government yesterday fired a broadside at the ANC for trying to curb unrest and intimidation.

The ANC cannot practise peace and violence at the same time," said Defence Minister Magnus Malan in a playworded speech. The peace talks, he said, were not free press to anarchy.

As tough mood is said to reflect impatience that has been building up in government circles for weeks.

tomorrow on, it is said, the same standards of conduct will be exacted from the ANC as from any other political movement.

As General Malan spoke, at a military parade, it was announced in Johannesburg that large units of crack troops had been deployed in Reef townships where more than 500 have died in bloody tribal clashes during the past fortnight.

Major-General Wessel Kritzinger, of the SADF's Witwatersrand Command, said men from the Parachute Battalion, 32 Battalion, No 1 Special Service Battalion and two Infantry battalions had been moved in to help police quell the fighting.

He said said Citizen Force elements

Pasta professor a la Amanda!

By MARK STANSFIELD

THE SECRET of TV's prettiest mum is out. The blonde star of the popular TV commercials who cooks up "spaghetti a la Amanda" has just been appointed *Professor of American Literature* at a top US university.

Even more remarkable is that "Amanda" — real name Rita Barnard — is an Afrikaans girl, born in Pretoria, and a graduate of Stellenbosch University.

Former model Rita was back in South Africa last week filming a new version of the popular Fattis and Mommis TV ad in which she plays a mum who's a whizz with pasta.

She flew back to America a few days ago to take up her new academic post in the English department at the University of Pennsylvania.

The original Amanda advert — seen by millions of South Africans — is still being screened. It's the one where her hus-

TV SPAGHETTI

MUM LANDS

JOB TEACHING

AMERICAN TO

AMERICANS



2 shot after taxi war talks postponed

Own Correspondent

DURBAN — The bitter taxi feud between rival taxi operators erupted in full view of horrified guests in the foyer of the Elangeni Hotel yesterday when two brothers were shot, minutes after a meeting called to resolve taxi operator's differences was postponed.

Members of the South African Black Taxi Association (Sabta) and the Durban Station Taxi Rank operators met yesterday afternoon but soon after Sabta president, Mr James Ngcoya, postponed the meeting and requested that the local taxi operators resolve the problem among themselves, the shooting started.

Terrified guests

John Mkwanzazi and his brother Petros Mkwannazi were shot as they were leaving the hotel. Terrified guests at the beachfront hotel fled in all directions.

The brothers were admitted to the Addington Hospital where their condition is said to be serious.

Detectives have arrested five suspects in connection with the shooting and have seized firearms.

By SBU MNGADI

MEMBERS of the SADF in strife-torn Natal are allegedly harassing ANC supporters, stealing food and other items from homes and destroying personal items.

They are also accused of being inconsistent in disarming warring factions.

The allegations are contained in a 130-page dossier on "SADF misconduct in Natal" released to the media by the Legal Resources Centre (LRC) in Durban this week. It includes affidavits from affected residents, lawyers, researchers, community workers and unrest monitoring groups.

An SADF spokesman in Durban told City Press the allegations were being investigated by the army's legal advisers and that the LRC would be hearing from them in due course.

Howard Varney, of the LRC, said the dossier was handed to senior SADF officers on June 29 this year. The LRC said it, and many residents in the province, had believed the SADF could always be called upon to

Soldiers accused of harassment

assist communities in distress where other forces of law and order had failed to do so, or appeared incapable or unwilling to make responsible neutral intervention.

However, this perception was regrettably fast fading due to recent developments, the lawyers said.

In one affidavit, Umlazi resident Jerico Nzama, 54, said white soldiers and a KwaZulu policeman broke down the door to his house and accused him of being a member of the ANC and Cosatu and of having an AK-47 in his car.

Nzama denied the allegations. "They then assaulted me by kicking me, punching me in the face, hitting me off the head with the butt of a gun and throwing me against the wall."

During the soldiers' search of the house they allegedly assaulted Nzama's 17-year-old son, Goodlord, a

University of Zululand student, whom they accused of being an ANC member because he is a university student. Goodlord was in hospital for two days.

An 18-year-old Inanda resident, Robert Ncwane, said in an affidavit that soldiers had been to his mother's house several times while he was out, looking for him and telling his mother he was dangerous, that he had guns and that he was the leader of Amatiwe comrades.

"None of these things is true. I don't know why they are harassing me like this and I am now too scared to stay at home," he said.

The affidavits of Bongani and Dumnisani Msoni deal with SADF action at Umlazi's U-section from June 21 to 24.

Bongani Msoni was assaulted by soldiers after a

book on the ANC was discovered in his bedroom. A picture of Nelson Mandela was broken and certain items confiscated. No receipt was given for items seized.

Dumnisani Msoni and a friend identified only as Sakile were also assaulted after being accused of being ANC members.

All the people assaulted were allegedly threatened with harm if they reported the incidents to anybody. The whole incident was reported by the LRC to a Col Adams of Group 10 of the SADF on June 22. So far, there has been no response.

Two days after the LRC had sought assurances from Adams, there were further allegations of SADF unlawful conduct in U-section. Bongani Msoni alleged that soldiers stole items out of a tuck shop and detonated a stun grenade in the shop, causing damage. The grenade was left behind and is now in the LRC's possession.

A Democratic Party report dated June 16, listed a whole range of unlawful acts by members of the SADF in Inanda Newtown. A and Amawoli on June 16.

Court rejects policeman's appeal

Dec 31/8/90
Own Correspondent

DURBAN — A former member of the Urban Terrorism Squad, who was convicted of culpable homicide after fatally shooting an 11-year-old girl while her Clermont home was being searched, had his appeal against a 3½-year jail sentence dismissed in the Durban Supreme Court yesterday.

Antonie Botes, who was 20 at the time of the shooting of Nosipho Khumalo in September last year, was part of a reaction unit acting on a report of a terrorist weapon at the home.

Mr Justice Squires said the squad had entered the house and instructed all the occupants to sit against a wall in

the passage while a search was undertaken.

During the course of the search, a weapon of Russian origin was found.

State witnesses said Botes, who was one of the policemen guarding the occupants, had pointed his firearm at the girl and shouted something like "Ha, ha".

Towards the end of his "exhibition", Botes switched on a light attached to his Uzi weapon and the girl raised her hand.

It was after that that a bullet went through her hand and into her chest, killing her.

Botes and two of his colleagues gave evidence that he was kicked on the ankle by one of the people who was sitting

on the floor, and his elbow hit the wall behind him, causing the weapon to discharge.

Mr Justice Squires, with Mr Justice Levinsohn, agreed with the regional magistrate who rejected Botes's evidence.

The judge said that while there might be stress involved in the unit's work, at the time of the incident there was little or no apparent need for that stress to be operative.

Mr Justice Squires said the effective reason for the girl's death was simply the aberrant behaviour of Botes and that while public interest demanded that those who enforced law and order have wide powers, they in turn should exercise those powers with discipline.

Natal hospital strike threatens many lives

DURBAN — The hospital crisis in Natal deepened yesterday with the lives of many patients, including babies, now threatened.

Deputy director of hospital services Dr Charles Roper said there was still no light at the end of the tunnel.

KwaZulu health officials, hospital authorities and nurses' representatives were still locked in talks at Maritzburg's Edendale Hospital late last night.

The KwaZulu delegation was led by the Minister of Health, Dr Frank Mdlalose.

Admissions are being refused at the KwaZulu-administered hospital, which can accommodate 2 000 patients but now has only 20.

Dr Roper said he was particularly perturbed

about maternity patients at Edendale, where there are about 1 000 births a month.

Many were delivered by caesarean section, and without proper treatment, mothers and babies would die.

The hospital at Umlazi, outside Durban, has been closed.

Peripheral clinics have also been closed, leaving no health service operating between Umlazi and Transkei.

Natal Provincial Administration hospitals are verging on collapse under the influx of KwaZulu patients.

Yesterday the Greys and Northdale hospitals were closed to all except emergencies.

The president of the KwaZulu Nurses Association has appealed to Edendale nurses to return to work. — Sapa.

Media workers slam murder of Durban member

By LULAMA LUTI



THE Media Workers' Association of South Africa (Mwasa) has slammed the killing at the weekend of one of its members, SABC worker Thomas Sibiya, in Natal.

According to Mwasa secretary-general S'thembele Khala, 45-year-old Sibiya and his son Thabane were travelling in a car in Ntuzuma township when they were accosted by a group of "comrades".

"Apparently Thabane got out to plead with the group to give way and in the ensuing argument he was stabbed several times before he fled.

"The crowd then went for Sibiya who was still in the car. They beat and stabbed him. They then bundled his body into the boot before setting the car alight.

Thabane managed to flee to nearby houses and was taken to hospital, where he died from stab wounds on Thursday," said Khala.

He said Mwasa decried wanton killing and Sibiya's loss should make people wake up to the needs of the nation and forge ahead with the liberation struggle with dignity and self-esteem worthy of a nation.

Expressing Mwasa's condolences to Sibiya's family, Khala condemned lack of political tolerance among blacks and said it was time blacks realised voices of dissent were an integral part of democracy.

Stop the 'killer cop'!

By S'BU MNGADI

9/9/90

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NOTORIUS KwaZulu cop Det Const Sipiwe Mvuyane has allegedly struck again. This brings the total of alleged killings in which he has been involved to at least 16 over the past six months.

His latest alleged victim is Lucky Khumalo, 20, of Umlazi who was shot dead on August 27 after being arrested at his grandmother's home. According to an eyewitness of the arrest, Mvuyane headed the arresting party.

The Natal Coastal region of the Democratic Party has now petitioned Law and Order Minister Adriaan Vlok to personally intervene, and provide the names of 15 people the policeman is said to have killed.

The DP tells Vlok in a letter there is a "lack of any apparent intention on the part of the KwaZulu police authorities to investigate allegations" against Mvuyane.

It warns that unless these allegations are publicly and thoroughly investigated independently of the KwaZulu police, there could be further conflict in the region.

The DP says Mvuyane is accused of rape, torture, abduction and shooting and seriously wounding several people during the course of the year.

In further developments:

■ A judge last week granted an interdict to a 16-year-old youth, Bongani Mbatha, restraining Mvuyane and other members of the KwaZulu police from assaulting, molesting or harassing him;

■ Another judge refused to grant an interdict last week to an SRC member of the Makhumbuza High School in Umlazi, who asked the court to restrain Mvuyane from carrying a firearm;

■ An Umlazi professional woman told *City Press* how she was raped by Mvuyane in February this year, but charges laid with the SAP in Durban led to nothing;

■ It has now been revealed that in June Mvuyane brandished his service revolver and walked out of a Durban court building after senior magistrate Buthelezi

DP asks Vlok to step in and mount a full investigation

ruled that he be held in custody for failing to appear in court on a charge of assault;

■ On August 10 Mvuyane arrested Buthelezi outside the court on an apparently trumped-up charge of assault; and

■ Mvuyane is driving a car registered in the name of a businessman who said Mvuyane helped him after his butchery was robbed in January.

Judge Alexander of the Durban Supreme Court last week restrained Mvuyane and the KwaZulu Minister of Police, Mangosuthu Buthelezi, from assaulting 16-year-old Bongani Mbatha.

Mbatha said in his affidavit, supported by his father Thami, there were rumours last month that Mvuyane wanted to kill him for allegedly having pointed out Mvuyane's brother to a group of youths.

Mbatha was detained on August 18 by five policemen. Mvuyane drove the vehicle. At Umlazi police station Mbatha denied having pointed out Mvuyane's brother but he was assaulted for 15 minutes by policemen. He was later taken to the home of a Lunga Mnqadi, and Mvuyane shot dead Mnqadi.

The youth was later taken to a place where a number of people were alleged to have been killed by KwaZulu police. He tried to run away but was shot in the thigh. Other shots were fired at him and he believed the police left him, assuming he was dead.

tal by a passer-by, where he was soon put under police guard and made to sign a document he did not read.

Mbatha said Mvuyane told him in hospital he would "finish me off" after his discharge if he did not disclose the information he wanted from him.

In another application to the Durban Supreme Court last week, Phelelani Siyabonga Khoza, a member of the SRC of the Makhumbuza High School in Umlazi, asked that Mvuyane be restrained from carrying a firearm or acting unlawfully towards himself and other SRC members.

The interdict was not granted by Judge J Combrink.

Khoza said in his affidavit a pupil, called Thulani Mkhize, — a friend of Mvuyane — was forcibly removed from the school by a group of outsiders. Pupils received information that Mkhize escaped from the outsiders and had threatened to seek the help of Mvuyane "who is greatly feared by young and old in the entire Umlazi township".

The fear was that Mvuyane would come and shoot scholars in the school grounds.

Mvuyane and Mkhize twice went to the school with firearms. On the last occasion they addressed the entire student body and said they wanted the SRC to attend a meeting at the school on August 27. The SRC had been in hiding since then.

In his affidavit, Khoza listed the names of several people allegedly killed

Dismay at arms law amendment in Natal

By Marguerite Moody

Unrest monitoring groups in Natal's war-stricken townships have charged the Government with "virtually legalising" the carrying of dangerous weapons in the province, following amendments to arms laws.

The Natal Code of Zulu Law was amended on August 31 to say black people in the province could carry assegais, swordsticks, battle-axes, sticks shod with iron, staffs, sharp-pointed sticks or any other dangerous weapon — if they were acting in accordance with traditional Zulu usages, customs or religions.

Brandish

The amendment also allows police station commanders to grant permission to organisers

of processions or gatherings to brandish weapons.

A spokesman for the Legal Resources Centre in Durban, Howard Varney, told The Star that whereas the original Natal Code had placed much stricter limitations on the carrying of weapons in public, the new amendments "greatly facilitated" this.

"Virtually any reason provided by persons carrying such weapons might conceivably be a traditional usage. For example, a group of armed persons may say they intend to dance with these weapons, and may then be permitted to proceed. They may of course have other uses in mind," Mr Varney said.

He said that instead of clamping down on the problem, the authorities had seen fit to relax laws pertaining to weapons in Natal.

"This is in stark contrast to

steps they have taken in the Transvaal."

Democratic Party unrest monitor Eve Jenkin said the amendments allowed the police to discriminate as to who would be allowed to carry dangerous weapons at any gathering or procession.

Ill-considered

"In view of the repeated claims that the police are not impartial in the performance of their duties, this is an unfortunate and ill-considered piece of legislation.

"The new legislation throws serious doubt on the State President's avowed commitment to halt black-on-black violence," she said.

Mr Varney said the step was "highly irresponsible" as it would add to the level of provocation, intimidation and the level of violence in Natal.

Wealth has to be shared — Lekota

Star 11/9/90 (341)

Own Correspondent

DURBAN — If South Africa is to know lasting peace, the wealth of the country will have to be redistributed, says Patrick Lekota, the African National Congress's convener for southern Natal.

However, he said, this would not mean full-scale nationalisation as the ANC had never adopted pure socialism or communism as its economic policy.

Speaking during a weekend debate at Kloof High School on the redistribution of wealth, Mr Lekota said the 1913 Land Act and the 1936 Land and Trust Act had made the fair distribution of land among all South Africa's people impossible and had resulted in 87 percent of the land being owned by a "relative handful of whites".

Redress

He said this was clearly disproportionate and would have to be redressed, but it would not be enough simply to do away with apartheid legislation.

"South Africa's economy is in the hands of white South Africans. We don't necessarily think that is wrong. But we think it should be in the hands of both black and white on an equal basis, proportionately, and therefore some steps should be taken to correct it."

Mr Lekota said that in the past people were denied opportunities simply because they were black: "Wrong things were done in the name of God."

He cited the National Party Government's plan of action with regard to poor white Africans in the 1940s and 1950s as an example of how the ANC could use

affirmative action to help poverty-stricken blacks obtain jobs and education.

This included job reservation and free education to help eliminate backwardness among those people.

"Those sectors of the economy which up to now have been under public control must remain under public control. Public funds must make a primary commitment to provide facilities for blacks."

Mr Lekota said, however, that the demands on the economy to uplift the black majority were going to be much heavier than they had been on the NP Government with regard to poor whites and consequently an extended area of South African capital was needed for black upliftment.

"Black South Africans need to be made into assets of this country."

He said a future ANC government would not want to take enormous loans from the World Bank and invest the money in non-profitmaking enterprises as they had seen the disastrous results from such actions in many other African countries.

Instead, the ANC would use funds or capital from public profit-making organisations such as Iscor or the railways to fund, for example, the building of schools.

Mr Lekota said the ANC was looking at the possibilities of breaking down some of the heavily monopolised industries, such as the newspaper industry.

He also mentioned mining houses and the banks as being under the ANC's consideration for coming under more stringent State control.

"Can we genuinely be-

lieve that blacks will always be happy on the periphery of the country's economy?" Mr Lekota asked.

"Privatisation of organisations such as Iscor only serves to consolidate distortions in the economy. No squatters from Inanda can afford to buy shares in Iscor."

With regard to land, Mr Lekota said a future democratic government would have to make an urgent effort to obtain land which could be made available for black housing and farming.

He said land now owned by the State could be made available for co-operative use so that unemployed people could become productive.

Vacant land owned by foreigners could also be expropriated for compensation.

Housing

Mr Lekota said that once land was occupied for housing, the Government could develop structures to help people — for example, rents could be comparable with wages earned.

He emphasised that the ANC had never adopted the policy of socialism: although the organisation believed some sectors of the economy needed to be under State control, it realised that there had to be a free private sector.

"The conditions and reality in this country must ultimately determine what we are going to do."

He said the ANC was still forming a concrete economic policy and was open to suggestion and negotiation. "We are asking white South Africans to look at the situation in a new context; we are asking them to start with us afresh."

**DEPARTEMENT VAN BEPLANNING EN
PROVINSIALE SAKE**

No. 2143

14 September 1990

**OMSKRYWING VAN GROND AANGEWYS AS 'N
ONTWIKKELINGSGBIED IN DIE DISTRIK
KLIPRIVIER**

Ingevolge artikel 33 (3) van die Wet op die Ontwikkeling van Swart Gemeenskappe, 1984 (Wet No. 4 van 1984), omskryf ek, Jacobus Tertius Delport, Adjunk-minister van Provinsiale Sake, in die Bylae hiervan grond wat kragtens artikel 33 (1) van bedoelde Wet as 'n ontwikkelingsgebied aangewys is.

J. T. DELPORT,

Adjunk-minister van Provinsiale Sake.

(Lêer 20/5/S112/1)

BYLAE

1. 'n Sekere stuk grond ongeveer 15,4260 hektaar, synde Perseel 1110, Ladysmith geleë in die distrik Kliprivier, Natal, soos aangetoon op Landmeter-generaal-diagram Subvol. 127, Fol. 21.

2. 'n Sekere stuk grond ongeveer 15,0983 hektaar, synde Perseel 1111, Ladysmith, geleë in die distrik Kliprivier, Natal, soos aangetoon op Landmeter-generaal-diagram Subvol. 114, Fol. 12.

No. 2152

14 September 1990

**OMSKRYWING VAN GROND AANGEWYS AS 'N
ONTWIKKELINGSGBIED IN DIE DISTRIK
SPRINGS, TRANSVAAL**

Kragtens artikel 33 (3) van die Wet op die Ontwikkeling van Swart Gemeenskappe, 1984 (Wet No. 4 van 1984), omskryf ek, Andrew Fourie, Adjunk-minister van Beplanning, in die Bylae hiervan grond wat ingevolge artikel 33 (1) van die bedoelde Wet as 'n ontwikkelingsgebied aangewys is.

A. FOURIE,

Adjunk-minister van Beplanning.

(Lêer 20/5/K94/1)

BYLAE

1. 'n Sekere stuk grond, 36,6259 ha groot, synde 'n proklamasiegebied oor die plaas Spaarwater 171 IR, Transvaal, soos aangetoon op Landmeter-generaal-diagram 3326/90.

**DEPARTEMENT VAN BINNELANDSE
SAKE**

No. 2148

14 September 1990

**WET OP VREEMDELINGE, 1937
VANSVERANDERING.—SWEKILE IN
NGQIYAZA**

Dit het die Minister van Binnelandse Sake behaag om, kragtens die bepalinge van artikel 9 van die Wet op Vreemdelinge, 1937 (Wet No. 1 van 1937), Bonisile Maxwell Swekile en sy minderjarige kinders Stanley Swekile, Mzamo Enoch Swekile, Anton Swekile en Xolile Franky Swekile, woonagtig te die plaas Lombardspas, distrik Bathurst, te magtig om die van Ngqiyaza aan te neem.

**DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND
PROVINCIAL AFFAIRS**

No. 2143

14 September 1990

**DEFINITION OF LAND DESIGNATED AS A
DEVELOPMENT AREA IN THE DISTRICT OF
KLIPRIVIER**

In terms of section 33 (3) of the Black Communities Development Act, 1984 (Act No. 4 of 1984) I, Jacobus Tertius Delport, Deputy Minister of Provincial Affairs, define in the Schedule hereto land which has been designated as a development area under section 33 (1) of the said Act.

J. T. DELPORT,

Deputy Minister of Provincial Affairs.

(File 20/5/S112/1)

SCHEDULE

1. A certain area of land approximately 15,4260 hectares in extent, being Lot 1110, Ladysmith, situate in the Administrative District of Kliprivier, Natal, as shown on Surveyor-General Diagram Subvol. 127, Fol. 21.

2. A certain area of land approximately 15,0983 hectares in extent, being Lot 1111, Ladysmith, situate in the Administrative District of Kliprivier, Natal, as shown on Surveyor-General Diagram Subvol. 114, Fol. 12.

No. 2152

14 September 1990

**DEFINITION OF LAND DESIGNATED AS A
DEVELOPMENT AREA IN THE DISTRICT OF
SPRINGS, TRANSVAAL**

Under section 33 (3) of the Black Communities Development Act, 1984 (Act No. 4 of 1984), I, Andrew Fourie, Deputy Minister of Planning, define in the Schedule hereto land which has been designated as a development area in terms of section 33 (1) of the said Act.

A. FOURIE,

Deputy Minister of Planning.

(File 20/5/K94/1)

SCHEDULE

1. A certain area of land, 36,6259 ha in extent, being a proclamation area over the farm Spaarwater 171 IR, Transvaal, as shown on Surveyor-General Diagram 3326/90.

**DEPARTMENT OF HOME
AFFAIRS**

No. 2148

14 September 1990

ALIENS ACT, 1937**CHANGE OF SURNAME.—SWEKILE TO
NGQIYAZA**

The Minister of Home Affairs has been pleased under the provisions of section 9 of the Aliens Act, 1937 (Act No. 1 of 1937), to authorise Bonisile Maxwell Swekile and his minor children Stanley Swekile, Mzamo Enoch Swekile, Anton Swekile and Xolile Franky Swekile, residing at the farm Lombard's Post, District of Bathurst, to assume the surname of Ngqiyaza.

Conduct of nurses 'disgraceful'

Own Correspondent

DURBAN — Peter Miller, Natal MEC for Health and Hospital Services, yesterday lashed out at the "disgraceful professional and ethical conduct" of striking nursing staff at Natal hospitals.

"The Natal Provincial Administration will not be party to any efforts to bring the health services in KwaZulu to their knees," Mr Miller said, "for the simple reason that the patients and the people are our first responsibility."

Nurses were on strike

at Maritzburg's Edendale Hospital from August 31 to September 5 and at Prince Mshiyeni from September 3 to 12.

Mr Miller said he believed nurses at Edendale were once again not working yesterday.

He said the reason given for the strikes was that there was a "fragmented, duplicated" health service in Natal — an issue that had to be solved at the political negotiating table, not industrial action.

Mr Miller estimated that the burden of treating patients who were

diverted to provincial hospitals during the recent strikes had cost the NPA between R6 million and R10 million.

He said every responsible person had to realise that health services in KwaZulu and Natal had to continue to function until a new health dispensation was negotiated.

Mr Miller said the strikes were "a blot against the good name of the nursing profession".

He said in terms of their ethics nurses had to place the interests of patients above all else.

October 11 1990

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NEW

Beachfront is still popular after attack

Own Correspondent
and Sapa

DURBAN — Holidaymakers and Durban locals yesterday appeared to be undaunted by Tuesday's horrific incident at the beachfront end of West Street, in which a gang of youths ran amok and stabbed eight people.

The beaches were packed and crowds of people thronged the area at the upper end of West Street. A restaurant near where the stabbings took place was full of relaxed people at lunchtime.

Meanwhile, most of the victims of Tuesday's rampage were recovering in Durban's Addington Hospital yesterday.

Floretta York (30) of Hospital Road, Durban, with stab wounds in her shoulder and back, is in a stable condition.

She described how she had been attacked by a gang of

black men chanting and brandishing huge knives. Speaking from her hospital bed, she said it was the most terrifying experience of her life.

Obviously short of breath and in pain, Mrs York, who was stabbed in her shoulder and back, recalled "seeing a lot of red shirts" and wondering if that was significant.

Horrrifying

"I was stabbed so suddenly. Luckily I was able to start crawling into the Lonsdale Hotel and then they left me alone. I was absolutely terrified they'd come after me again.

"They were moving along in a group and just stabbing people on either side.

"It was a horrrifying scene — blood, knives, chanting, everyone running and screaming," Mrs York said.

Riaan Kruger (17) of Durban

is still in the intensive care unit with stab wounds in his abdomen. He is in a serious but stable condition.

Durban residents Maria Louverdis (50) of North Beach, John Kemp (85) of Willsborough Mansions and Alberto Lima (68) of Marine Plaza are reported to be in a stable condition.

Helen Neonaki (62), a visiting Greek tourist, was discharged and then re-admitted. She has a superficial stab wound in her neck.

Adine Pearce (15), who was stabbed in the left leg, and Student Constable F Lourens of Pretoria have been discharged.

A black man of about 26 is in intensive care with multiple gunshot wounds. He is in a serious but stable condition, and is under police guard. A 13-year-old youth from Shongweni, shot in the wrist, has been discharged and is being held at C R Swart Square.

Demand for union rights

WORKERS at an Armscor subsidiary are demanding the right to join a union of their choice. ^{South} 13/9 - 19/9/90

A spokesperson for the South African Chemical Workers' Union (Sacwu) said that workers at Somchem were not prepared to accept the definition of Armscor as an essential service.

He said the workers wanted the right to join a union of their own choice and to be covered by the LRA and not the Armament Development and Production Act.

Special squad to probe bus shooting

9/20/90 11/10/90
Own Correspondent

DURBAN — Police have appointed a special team of detectives to investigate the killing of six people and the injuring of 27 others in an attack on a packed bus near Kwa Mashu on Tuesday night.

Soon after the shooting rumours were rife that a right-wing hit squad could have been involved in relation for the knifing of eight whites by a group of blacks on Durban's beachfront on Tuesday.

Lieutenant Bala Naidoo, police public relations officer for Natal, said rumours of white people being responsible for the bus attack were pure speculation at this stage and "highly irresponsible".

The Putco bus was taking passengers to Inanda when it was ambushed. All of the passengers were struck by bullets. Spent AK47 and R1 cartridges were found at the scene.



Bloodbath . . . a victim lies slumped in the aisle of the bus after Tuesday night's attack outside Durban.

Police have appealed to anyone with information that could help track down the gunmen to contact Captain Danie Malan at 309-4747.

● One of the people stabbed on Durban's beachfront, Riaan Kruger (17), is still in a very seri-

ous condition in the intensive care unit of Addington Hospital. Another victim, Maria Louverdis (50), of North Beach, is in a satisfactory but serious condition.

● Beachfront still popular —
Page 10.

Govt halts release of prisoners

2 Saturday Star October 13 1990

Prisoners

FROM PAGE 1.

ing in Cape Town on Monday and acted in bad faith when he addressed the National Party's Cape congress that night.

The ANC questioned the Government's bonafides and Mr de Klerk's integrity. The ANC released a document which served as the basis for Monday's discussions, in which it attacked the Government on security issues.

Shortly before flying to Portugal on Thursday, Mr de Klerk denied the charge. He asked why the ANC had made this claim three days later, and shortly before he was due to go overseas?

He said the ANC was under pressure because of its adherence to policies which had proved a dismal failure throughout the world.

Responding to the attack, the ANC said last night that its differences with the Government would be taken up at unspecified discussions between the two parties.

According to a statement released last night, the ANC said it was only seeking the full implementation of the Groote Schuur and Pretoria Minutes as agreed between itself and the Government.

It said it was encouraged that the Government was prepared to proceed according to the letter and spirit of the working group report.



Wolf-Peter Purnfer and Jan van Beukering lead husband and wife team Arnold and Estelle Mathee

DURBAN — THE release of political prisoners has been temporarily held up by Minister of Justice Kobie Coetsee, as relations between the Government and the African National Congress worsened this week amid allegations of bad faith, broken confidences and headline exchanges.

Details worked out by a joint ANC-Government committee for the release of prisoners have been clouded in secrecy, and Mr Coetsee said yesterday it was not possible to proceed with the process.

He said the Government was ready to move "in a phased manner" on two reports drawn up by the working group established by the Groote Schuur Minute — one dealing with the definition of political offences, time scales, norms and mechanisms and the other on a plan for the release of prisoners and granting of indemnity.

Accepted

Both reports had been accepted by the Government and the ANC, he said. The Government said on Monday that it would announce guidelines of political offences by yesterday.

Yesterday Mr Coetsee said it was not possible to proceed with the announcement of these guidelines and related procedures "until clarity is reached on certain press statements by faceless and apparently uninformed ANC spokesmen. Nevertheless purporting to be official."

"These pressouncements appear to be in direct conflict with the Groote Schuur Minute, the Pretoria Minute and the working group reports expressly accepted by the ANC."

Coetsee slams statements by 'faceless' ANC

MARTIN CHALLENGOR

Mr Coetsee said this decision had been conveyed to the ANC. "The Government is ready to proceed according to the letter and spirit of these documents once the ANC has clarified its press statements in this regard," Mr Coetsee said.

But in a response that differed markedly from the hostile words exchanged this week between the ANC and the Government, the ANC said last night that it was "encouraged that Mr Coetsee has stated that the Government is ready to proceed according to the letter and spirit of the reports of the working groups to which both parties have agreed."

"The faithful implementation of the agreements is all the ANC has been seeking."

Political observers believe that a meeting between President de Klerk and ANC deputy-president Nelson Mandela will now have to take place to clear the air between the two sides, as happened in the past when relations between the two former deadly enemies began to fade.

Both sides have said they remained committed to negotiations.

The ANC said on Thursday that President de Klerk had betrayed confidences of the ANC-Government meeting.

TO PAGE 2.

'Killer cop' too hot for Kwa

By S'BU MNGADI
14/10/90

341

NOTORIOUS alleged KwaZulu killer cop Const Siphwe Mvuyane appeared in an Umlazi court three times this week, but officials were too scared to try him. The case has now been transferred to the Durban Magistrate's Court for hearing.

Mvuyane, a member of the Umlazi murder and robbery squad who has allegedly been involved in 21 killings in the past seven months, appeared before magistrate MA Hlophe three times on Friday.

The policeman faces four charges of assault, two of indecent assault or alternatively impairing or injuring dignity, one of assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm and two of extortion or bribery.

Officials fear for lives after accused

arrests magistrate

Mvuyane on apparently trumped-up charges.

The court officials said Mvuyane escaped from an Umlazi court on July 13 after drawing his service pistol, leaving behind an embarrassed KwaZulu police court orderly.

On July 12 this year, Sithole authorised a warrant for Mvuyane's arrest when the policeman failed to appear in court.

When Mvuyane eventually appeared before senior magistrate Buthelezi on July 13, he said he had been unable to come to court the previous day because he was sick.

Buthelezi postponed the inquiry, held in his office, to July 16, to allow Mvuyane to produce a medical certificate and remanded him in custody. A court orderly then

headed Mvuyane out of Buthelezi's office on the way to the cells, followed by an interpreter and a prosecutor.

Mvuyane did not reach the cells. Instead he pulled out his service pistol and defiantly walked away from the court orderly to his car, which was parked in the court-yard.

On August 10 Mvuyane and two heavily armed KwaZulu policemen arrested Buthelezi at the court in an apparent act of vengeance.

Buthelezi was charged with assaulting a colleague at the Umlazi police station. Four hours later he was released pending further investigations into the alleged assault.

Zulu

C/Pres 14/10/92

Knifeman believ-

By S'BU MNGADI

MOST of the passengers on the Putco bus attacked this week came from the same squatter camp as the eight youths held by police after they rampaged through Durban's beachfront, stabbing eight whites.

A crack police team was on Thursday appointed to head investigations into the cold-blooded killing of six people and the injuring of 27 others in a bus near KwaMashu on Tuesday night - amid an SAP spokesman's dismissal as "pure speculation" allegations that whites were involved in the ambush.

Because of the dark and the speed of the attack, none of the survivors interviewed by *City Press* were able to identify the killers.

Mandla Nene, a Durban City Council security guard, said the attackers' vehicle - an Opel Monza - drew alongside the bus before its occupants sprayed it with bullets.

He was seated in the third seat from the back.

The packed Putco bus was taking passengers from Durban's Lorne Street to Inanda New Town A, when it was ambushed near Duffs Road at about 10.30pm on Tuesday.

Many of the passengers came from New Town A and a squatter camp bordering Ntuzuma and New Town.

Sipho Cele, 19, told *City Press* he knew many of the passengers, because they came from his squatter camp - named "Training" after the nearby Ntuzuma College of Education.

All except one of the eight youths held under emergency regulations after their rampage on Durban's beachfront on Tuesday morning, which left eight white people with stab wounds, came from Qeleze squatter camp in the same area. Cele recognised them from the names given to him by *City Press*.

About 30 youths allegedly invaded a curios shop on the beachfront and helped themselves to hunting knives from a counter.

The gang then went on the rampage, attacking and stabbing a number of whites.

The eight youths who are being held under emergency regulations are Sithembiso Tembe, 24; Zamokuhle Sithole, 24; Jeje Ngcobo, 26; Mduduzi Buthelezi, 19; Bheki Radebe, 19; and three minors.

Most of the youths wore PAC badges or T-shirts, police said. The badges read: "Victory, no compromise". The T-shirts read

Bus victims from same area as beach attackers

"PAC of Azania" on the front and "Armed people, liberate Azania, Uboqo Akalethwa" on the back.

According to residents of the squatter camp, the alleged leader of the group, Jeje Ngcobo, who is still in serious condition at Addington Hospital, was a "lunatic".

He led a sect called the "Nine Vites" and was often seen preaching down the streets of Ntuzuma, Inanda New Town and the squatter camp.

Describing the bizarre background of Ngcobo, residents said he believed God's real name was "Holy John Africa" and was African. Ngcobo believed he was Holy John Africa's son.

According to police, he had also told them in the past that Mongolians, Mohammedans and Christians had liberated themselves between the years one and 1990. He believed blacks would liberate themselves in 1990 - hence the "Nine Vites".

Meanwhile police public relations officer in Durban, Lieut Bala Naidoo, warned it was irresponsible to blame any person for the bus ambush.

"We will not make further comments until the matter is fully investigated. But one thing is certain - we will not leave any stone unturned to bring the culprits to book," Naidoo said.

Police said they were definitely investigating the possibility the PAC could be involved in Tuesday's beachfront attack.

Police said they had found a book containing the PAC constitution and PAC badges on the scene. In addition several of the eight people being held were carrying PAC membership cards.

The PAC has also launched its own investigation into the stabbings, while at the same time denying the organisation was involved, said PAC general secretary Benny Alexander.

Residents of Ntuzuma and the nearby squatter camp, told *City Press* Ngcobo had been preaching for the whole of Monday and had invited youths to the beach for a night vigil. The youths stayed overnight at the beachfront.

...d he was God's son



Survivor ... stevedore Sipho Cele (front) saw a fellow passengers' chest ripped open by bullets.

Happy holiday mood on fatal bus

By S'BU MNGADI

SIPHO Cele, 19, was taking a nap on a bus when he was violently woken by a volley of bullets which ripped through his right thigh, fracturing his femur.

A woman sitting near Cele, two seats from the driver, collapsed in a heap as her chest burst open when bullets struck a Putco bus destined for Inanda's New Town A.

Cele, a temporary labourer with a Durban stevedoring company, had taken the bus which left Durban's Lorne Street at 10.30pm, tired after his second working day.

"My body was still aching from the day's work at the harbour and I had dragged myself to the bus terminus," he said.

The mood inside the bus was jovial as many people were not working the following day, Kruger Day. "Other people were taking a

He suddenly heard the window on his right side shatter and his body was violently shaken. "I felt as if my right leg had been cut off. It became numb. Almost at the same time the woman on my left had her chest ripped open by bullets. She collapsed without uttering a sound."

The shooting lasted for about a minute.

Some passengers pleaded with the driver not to lose control.

Driver Joking Msomi's only reply was: "I am dying. I have also been shot." He managed to drive the bus for about 30 metres before pulling it off Duffs Road.

Unable to move his legs, Cele lay on the floor as other passengers stumbled over him. After crawling out, he hid in tall grass nearby in case the attackers returned.

The bus driver died a few min-

utes later. Passengers were full of praise for the bravery he showed in controlling the bus.

Police confirmed nearly every passenger in the bus was hurt in the attack that left six people dead and 27 injured. They said R1 and AK47 automatic rifles were used.

Mandla Nene, a Durban City Council security guard, was seated in the third seat from the back of the bus when he noticed an Opel Monza-type car pull up alongside on the two-lane Duffs Road near the Corobrik factory.

The occupants fired a volley of bullets for about 50 meters before speeding past.

Those injured in the attack were treated at King Edward VIII Hospital and Osindisweni Hospital in Verulam.

Detectives from the SAP Special Investigation Unit will investigate the case.

increases in the price of petrol."

10 killed, 50 hurt in Natal faction flare-up

Star 16/10/90 (341) (478)
DURBAN — Ten people were killed and about 50 injured in a tribal flare-up between Zulus and Xhosas last night, after weeks of simmering dissent among northern Natal coal miners.

Last night's fighting led to two cars being set alight and a house being gutted at Hlobane Colliery in Vryheid.

Lieutenant Bala Naidoo, police public relations officer for Natal, said today the violence started just after 10 last night when the two groups clashed, using an assortment of weapons.

By early today police had disco-

vered the bodies of 10 men and about 50 people had been taken to hospital suffering from injuries. It is believed all the dead had been stabbed.

Early today, police were keeping watch at the colliery as both groups retreated to their own zones.

● Seven migrant workers and a woman were killed by unknown gunmen at a construction site in the Klipfontein area outside Tembisa on Sunday night.

It is believed that another woman was taken to Tembisa Hospital with serious injuries.

A Kempton Park ambulance spokesman said two men had been taken to the hospital.

Police said gunmen with 9 mm pistols attacked the compound at about midnight.

A group of men wearing balaclavas parked in Chloorkop Road and walked to the huts. Pretending to be policemen, they said they were looking for firearms.

A spokesman for Stocks and Stocks, the company for which the men worked, has dismissed reports that the men died in a faction fight. — Own Correspondent, Staff Reporter.

Natal emergency goes, troops stay

Dec 19/10/90 (3A) (22) (23)

By Peter Fabricius
Political Correspondent

Emergency regulations were lifted in Natal yesterday, bringing the four-year-old state of emergency to an end throughout the country.

Announcing this at a press conference in Pretoria, President de Klerk said the last major stumbling block to negotiations had now been removed.

Law and Order Minister Adriaan Vlok announced at the same press conference that no policemen or troops would yet be withdrawn from Natal.

More people would be needed to maintain law and order now that emergency measures had been removed, he said.

The Natal emergency has been in force since June 12 1986. It was officially withdrawn through a short proclamation issued by Mr de Klerk and Justice Minister Kobie Coetsee in the Government Gazette.

Mr de Klerk said conditions in Natal had become stabilised to the extent that the ordinary laws of the land were again sufficient to enable the Government to ensure the safety of the public and to maintain law and order.

The Government had consulted comprehensively with its security advisers and with KwaZulu Chief Minister Mangosuthu Buthelezi.

Timed

"Looking back on all the violence, the killings, intimidation and destruction which necessitated the imposition of the state of emergency, one thing is abundantly clear: violence and intimidation brings no solutions," Mr de Klerk said.

"There is only one route to peace and reconciliation in our country and that is through peaceful negotiation."

The decision to lift the last of the emergency measures was

apparently taken by the Cabinet on Wednesday and may well have been timed to coincide with Mr de Klerk's visits to the Netherlands and Luxembourg next week.

● From Washington it is reported that the White House applauded the move yesterday, calling it a landmark in Pretoria's drive to normalise political activity.

Spokesman Marlin Fitzwater said President de Klerk had political courage and leadership.

"We believe the process of change in South Africa has become irreversible. The lifting of the emergency in Natal reflects that reality."

The move met one of five conditions set by the US for the removal of sanctions. Two others were met when political parties were legalised and the Government began talks.

South Africa must yet free all political prisoners and repeal remaining race laws before the United States can officially lift sanctions.

MK member fears attack by 'askaris'

Own Correspondent

DURBAN — Umkhonto we Sizwe member John Mchunu, who took refuge in the United States consulate in Durban after his alleged abduction by police "askaris", yesterday denied in papers before the Supreme Court here that police had released him after detaining him on September 5.

He alleged that he had escaped from the askaris (guerrillas who have left the ANC and work for the police) only on September 23.

Mr Mchunu (28), alias James Talagu, brought an urgent application before Mr Justice Shearer yesterday against Minister of Law and Order Adriaan Vlok and the Commissioner of Police, General Johan van der Merwe.

Interdicted

Mr Justice Shearer ordered that the police be temporarily interdicted from assaulting Mr Mchunu. The return date is November 7.

Mr Mchunu emerged from the US consulate and spoke to reporters only after his attorneys had obtained the Supreme Court order.

He said he had hidden in Lamontville since escaping from captivity in Maritzburg on September 23. He fled to the consulate for refuge yesterday.

Despite the court order, Mr Mchunu said he still feared for his safety: "I know that if the askaris can find me they will shoot me."

Mr Mchunu, who received military training in Angola in 1985, alleged in court that he was abducted by askaris in Durban on September 5. His

family brought an application on September 24 demanding that police produce him.

In responding affidavits before court, Lieutenant-Colonel Andrew Taylor of the SAP Security Branch at C R Swart Square and Sergeant Aubrey Mngadi of the Maritzburg Security Branch said that after questioning Mr Mchunu at the Kings Park sports stadium, police had returned him to his Lamontville home.

"Mchunu was not harmed at all during the questioning and he was in good health when I dropped him in Lamontville," Sergeant Mngadi said.

The family's application was later withdrawn.

In his affidavit yesterday, Mr Mchunu categorically denied the police version of events. He said he was asked at Kings Park whether he was training people or if he possessed weapons.

He alleged he was taken to a house, was handcuffed and put in leg chains and interrogated and left the house only on September 20.

A white police officer who interrogated him "informed me that his name was Shoshoba and he told me that he had been responsible for the death of many ANC members and Communists," he alleged.

Later, he was allegedly lowered into a hole where askaris were told to cock their guns and the police officer said "he was ordered to kill all ANC members; since their unbanning they were no longer being jailed".

He escaped after being sent to get beer and provisions on Sunday, September 23, despite being told he would be tracked down and killed if he escaped, Mr Mchunu alleged.

822 5/10/90 (10) (341)

R50-m boost for health services

MARITZBURG — President de Klerk yesterday announced a R50 million injection for the financially strapped Natal and KwaZulu health services and urged those involved to meet Minister of Health Dr Rina Venter next week to discuss how best to spend the money.

He was speaking during a surprise visit to Durban's King Edward VIII hospital.

The move comes at a time when health administrators are expressing their dismay at falling standards of care because of budget restraints. Hospital and ambulance chiefs have said services were stretched to the limit and on the point of collapse in some instances.

Medical Association of South Africa chairman Dr Bernard Mandell welcomed the news, but urged the Government to create a unitary health system under one Minister. — Sapa.

Killer cop linked to attack on

home of ANC lawyer

*Clkms
7/10/90*
By S'BU MNGADI

NOTORIOUS policeman Siphwe Mvuyane has been linked to a KwaZulu police squad which killed three youths at the Umlazi home of ANC lawyer Kwenza Mlaba on Tuesday.

This brings to 21 the number of killings in which Mvuyane has allegedly been involved in the past seven months, according to affidavits and sworn statements made by alleged eye-witnesses and survivors.

The ANC has demanded the immediate arrest of "the KwaZulu constable".

"Such atrocities cannot be allowed to continue unchallenged," the ANC said in a Press statement released in Johannesburg on Friday.

The KwaZulu police, however, say the three dead men were wanted in connection with the murder of Bheki Makhanya, and were armed. They claim the three were killed in a shootout when they resisted arrest.

A survivor of the attack at Mlaba's house, Philane Gwala, a Std 9 pupil at Umlazi's Igagazi High school, identified Mvuyane as one of the heavily-armed KwaZulu policemen he saw at the scene of the shooting on Tuesday.

Gwala alleges that shortly before noon on Tuesday he was outside the house when he saw KwaZulu policemen in plain clothes entering the house. Mvuyane's car was among the police cars parked in Mlaba's yard, he said.

Mvuyane spotted him as he tried to run away and fired three shots at him, but missed.

The three dead are Thulani Mkhize, 16; Mapi Mboyisa, 15; and Sibusiso Kunene, 19. They were all ANC-supporting scholars.

cler 7/10/90

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FW sees no suffering but wins hearts of Natalians

By CHARLES MOGALE

STATE President FW de Klerk might not have needed a single bodyguard when he toured Natal this week.

On the contrary, he looked much in need of a battalion of marshals to keep at bay the euphoric crowds jostling madly just to see him - or maybe even touch him.

Smiling, waving and nodding reassuredly, it was clear De Klerk had scored another public relations coup when he made a whirlwind tour of the trouble-torn province on Thursday.

But if the tour was meant to give the President a first hand feel of the area, as his aides told the battery of international and local Pressmen in tow, it failed dismally.

Except for a tour of the overcrowded King Edward VIII Hospital in Durban, De Klerk did not see any of the suffering which he later spoke about to journalists.

He acknowledged there was suffering, and announced a R50-million increase in the Natal health budget in the current financial year - but clearly did not see enough.

All he saw was:

- A badly equipped classroom in Shongweni;
- A four-roomed house on the Inkatha side of Imbali township; and
- A trading centre, modern hostel kitchen and a smart library at the Indumiso College of Education in Imbali, Maritzburg.

The entire tour was over in about two hours.

However, if the purpose was to win goodwill, it was a great success. Within minutes of the President's arrival at King Edward Hospital, patients and staff alike were all clamouring to catch a glimpse of De Klerk and his wife Mariko. It was a repeat of his surprise visit to Soweto on September 4, where he was baptised "Comrade De Klerk".

An old woman patient shed a tear as Mariko picked up a newly-born baby from under a bed in a crowded ward, kissed it and returned it to its sleeping place. Some clapped, some ululated, and soon the excited mob broke into a spontaneous "hallelujah" song. This time the First Lady's eyes moistened, while the President, obviously gripped by emotion, looked ahead sternly.

A similar scenario played itself out at Shongweni, near Hammarsdale. When the presidential, police and Press helicopters landed, what looked like the entire village had assembled at the landing grounds outside the Charles Memorial Higher Primary School.

De Klerk alighted only to be mobbed by children and adults. He stopped for a quick chat with local UDF/ANC member Thulani Zulu inside a classroom, signed a police visit book in another classroom, and in no time was back in his helicopter, bound for Maritzburg.

After Maritzburg, a Durban journalist remarked: "It would be interesting to see if Buthelezi could beat De Klerk if an election were to be held here today."

If the euphoria on Thursday was anything to go by, Buthelezi would have lost his deposit.

■ PICIAP

Crowds surround State President FW de Klerk on his tour of Natal this week.

Maritzburg's first ANC public 'show'

Star 9/10/90 (344)

Own Correspondent

MARITZBURG — More than 1 000 people packed Maritzburg City Hall last night for the first African National Congress meeting in a public venue in the centre of the city.

The meeting was an important moment in the history of the city and the Natal Midlands, the chairman, Professor Colin Gardner, told an enthusiastic audience, mostly blacks.

Futile

"This venerable and handsome city hall, which has in the past witnessed many of the debates and struggles of white politics as well as musical concerts and various other mainly white social events, now, for the first time, becomes the venue for the real politics of South Africa.

"In the past, in this hall, white speakers have put forward to white audiences policies they have claimed to be appropriate for black people."

He said the process had been painful and futile.

Professor Gardner said the beginnings of a democratic opening of the South African political system within the white population had been voiced in the city hall.

"Now we find ourselves in a new situation. The pressures on the old system have finally told. It was simply impossible for the Government to carry on.

"It is to Mr F W de Klerk's credit that he has had the courage to recognise reality, though, as Mr Nelson Mandela has pointed out, very serious problems and difficulties remain."

Suspects held under security law

Sfar 20/10/90

341

DURBAN — The three men arrested in connection with the bus attack near KwaMashu last week have been detained under security legislation and it could be weeks before they are brought to court.

It was learned yesterday from Brigadier Vic Haines of the police public relations in Pretoria that Mr Adriaan Smuts (38), Mr Eugene Marais (27) and Mr Dawid Petrus Botha (46) of Richards Bay are being held under Section 29 of the Internal Security Act.

The bus shooting, which left seven dead and 26 injured, took place at Duff's Road near KwaMashu on Tuesday night last week. Twenty-three bullets pierced the bus.

When a combined police operation between the Durban Murder and Robbery Squad, the Security Police and the Special Investigations Unit made the arrests, an AK-47 rifle, an R-1 rifle and explo-

OWN CORRESPONDENT

sives were seized.

According to a member of the Pinetown Municipality, Mr Dawid Petrus Botha (46) worked for the Pinetown Protection Services as a traffic officer before resigning about three years ago.

Mr Botha was described as a "magic guy to work for and a great comedian".

After leaving the Protection Services, Mr Botha apparently worked for a tyre company on the North Coast as a salesman before opening his own car business.

A resident in Richards Bay, who did not wish to be named, said he had seen Mr Botha dressed in full khaki uniform with a gun on his hip and the AWB insignia on his arms.

It is believed he was a commander in the right-wing organi-

sation.

Mr Smuts worked for an agricultural and transport machinery factory in Richards Bay and had called in sick early last week.

Two of the three men were apparently members of the Orde Boerevolk, a radical splinter right-wing organisation. The Natal Mercury received a call after the bus shooting from a man saying he was a member of the group and claiming responsibility for the attack.

The Orde Boerevolk is a little-known organisation. After Piet "Skiet" Rudolf, deputy leader of the Boerestaat Party, was arrested on September 17, he said the declared goal of the group was to overthrow the Government.

In a signed letter from his prison cell, Mr Rudolf said he wanted to prevent more members of the organisation from being arrested and detained.

R50-m 'like boy's finger in the dyke'

Spec 20/10/90

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DURBAN — Of the R50 million Government handout for Natal's ailing health services, about half will go to the cash strapped King Edward VIII Hospital — most of which (R15 million) will be used to repay debts.

While the breakdown of the R50 million to the various services will not be made public, it has reliably learnt that about R39 million will go to the Natal Provincial Service and R10 million to KwaZulu.

King Edward will get a total of about R24 million.

About R3 million will be spent on upgrading the outpatients department while R1,2 million will be spent on moving the surgical paediatric department to be based at Addington Hospital.

Abysmal

Natal's cancer services, based at Addington Hospital, will get only R1 million. This amount will not begin to cover the staffing or chemotherapy drug shortage faced by the cancer unit at Addington Hospital which is already R2 million in the red.

The ambulance and emergency medical services have been allocated R2,5 million which is apparently intended for staffing. The allocation will not put petrol into the tanks of the ambulances and the service is already buying petrol on credit. It will also not improve the abysmal salaries of paramedics.

About R3 million will be put towards subsidising St Mary's Mariannhill Hospital and McCord's Zulu Hospital.

In KwaZulu, about R8 million

Hospitals in Natal stagger on

ELAINE KING

is intended for the further commissioning of Prince Mshiyeni Hospital with a R1 million designated for Edendale and another R1 million for clinics.

The decision as to how to share the R50 million was made this week at a meeting held by the Natal Provincial Administration Standing Committee for Health.

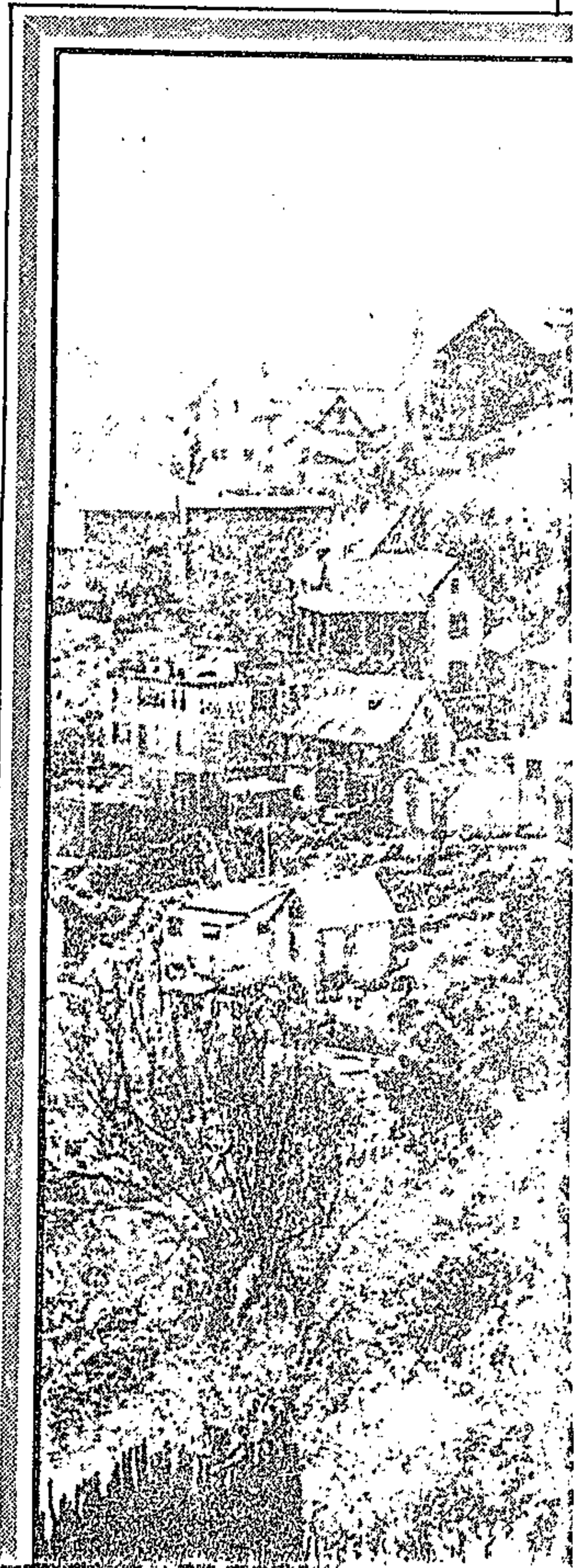
When The Daily News phoned the MEC in charge of Natal's Health Services, Mr Peter Miller, for details he said: "You can speculate if you want to. I can't stop you. The actual breakdown is not going to be published.

"In broad terms, King Edward is going to get help. So are cancer services, the ambulance services and KwaZulu, namely Prince Mshiyeni Hospital.

"There are two situations; the immediate crisis situation and the general shortfall situation. In the case of King Edward Hospital the general shortfall was of such nature that it was regarded as a crisis.

"In order to keep the doors open an injection of money was needed to deal with the shortfall," said Mr Miller.

He said that the R50 million can be seen in the context of "the little boy who put his finger in the dyke to stop the water".



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8/10/90

NEW

Shongweni, rare valley of peace

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By Graham Spence

Once it was called the valley of death, now it is the valley of peace.

For the rugged valley of Shongweni, home to about 55 000 people, is the only township in Natal where peace has held fast for more than a year.

On Thursday last week, this remarkable peace pact was acknowledged by President F W de Klerk during a whistle-stop tour of Natal's flashpoints.

Warring

At the Charles Memorial School he presented Bibles signed by himself to Thulani Zulu, a leader of the United Democratic Front, and Victor Sibisi, a leader of Inkatha, to mark the first anniversary of the accord between these two previously warring groups.

Mr Zulu, Mr Sibisi and John Mkhize, the self-appointed mediator in the district, said afterwards there was tangible proof that the valley of death, barely a year ago the scene of probably the most brutal conflict in the region, was "healthy" again.

Mr Mkhize, a popular local shopkeeper and regarded as being non-partisan, said the community was largely apolitical before Inkatha began recruiting in the early '80s.

Then, after a devastating drought came the 1986 floods. This tragedy led to a volatile political situation, resulting in the first Inkatha-UDF clashes. The area was divided into two hostile camps.

"Carnage and destruction were everywhere," said Mr Mkhize, "and it was a major task to rebuild the community. But peace is now written

in our hearts, and that is why it is holding. There were no documents or signatures; the people here just want it to work."

The peace is largely thanks to the remarkable work of the police and particularly to the dedication of Major Ray Harrauld, who was stationed in the area on detachment duty last year.

Now stationed in Pretoria, Major Harrauld said: "I believe this is what positive policing is all about, where we managed to get the trust of the community who didn't even trust each other."

He said the police were first approached in August last year after a woman was thrown off a bus and killed.

"I called a meeting on August 13, which was almost a disaster. Inkatha supporters arrived heavily armed, and first I had to persuade them to leave their weapons outside the hall. They agreed, but less than an hour later they claimed they were being insulted, and rushed outside to arm themselves again.

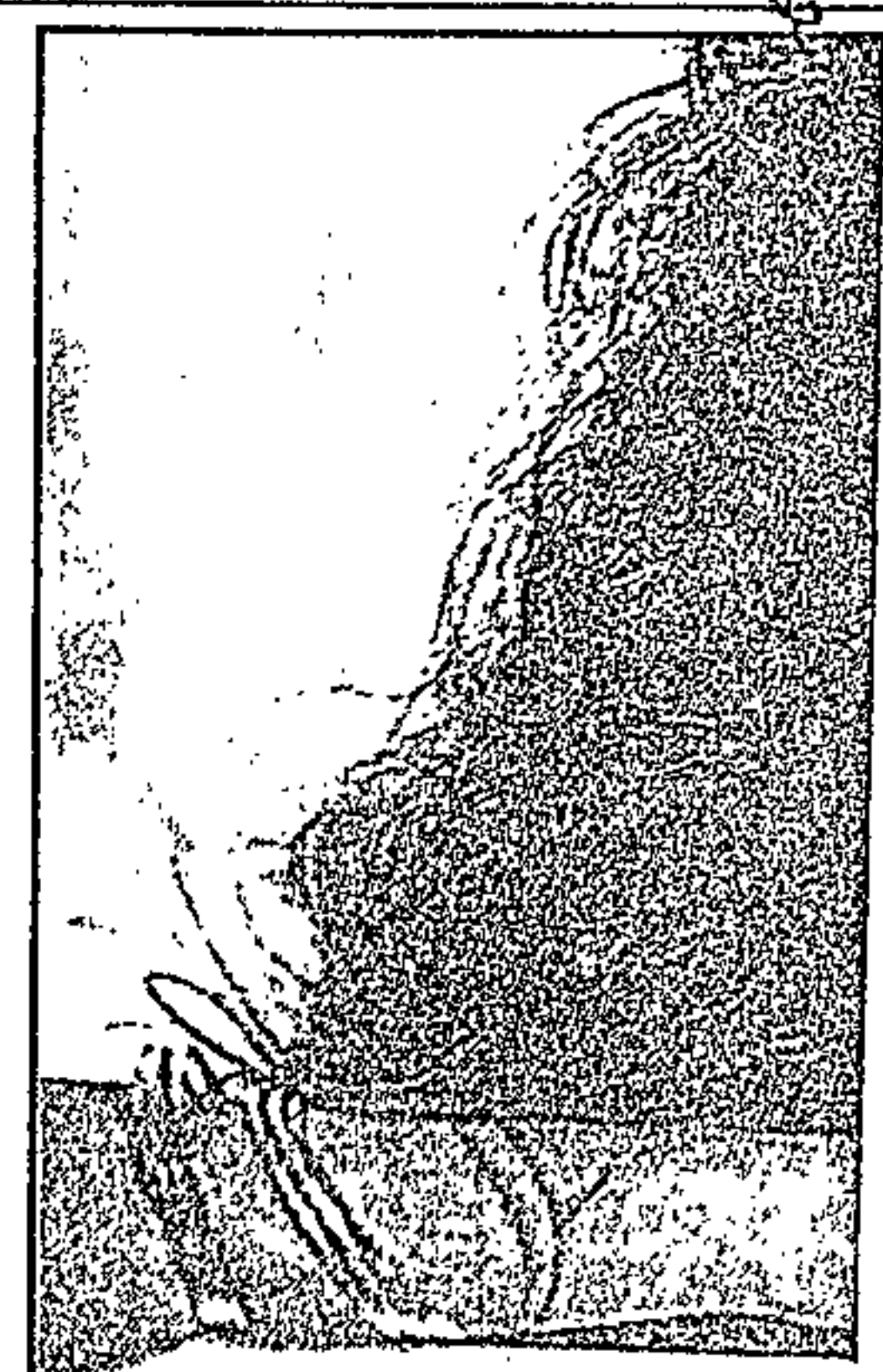
Nodding

"By then Inkatha were ranting for a fight, but Victor (Sibisi) managed to persuade his people to lay down their arms and come into the hall again.

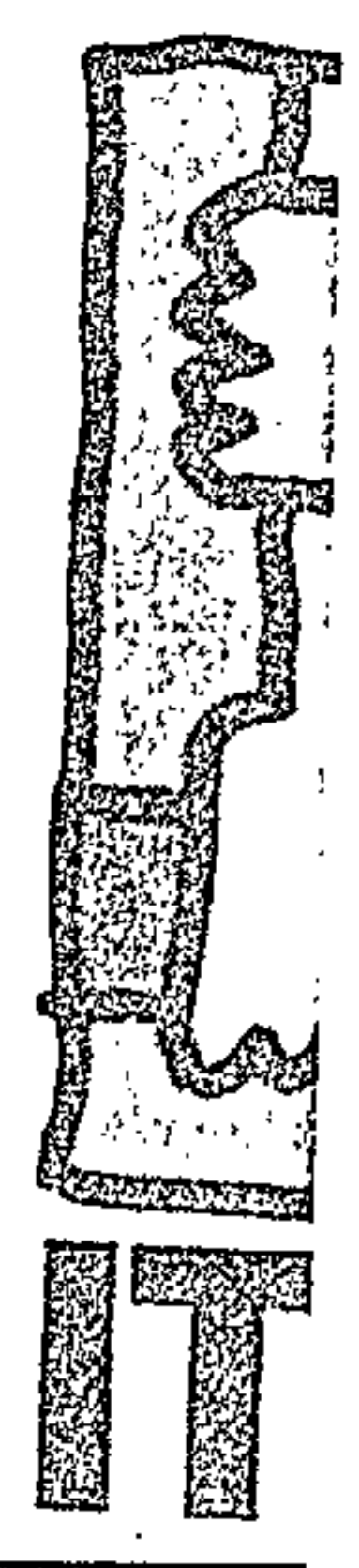
"I said that unless everyone had God's peace in their hearts, they wouldn't find peace in this valley. I think that's what did it. Suddenly I saw everyone nodding."

He later spoke to the two leaders and arranged a peace meeting for August 27.

"We expected about 100 people. Instead there were at least 700, and I knew we had won," Major Harrauld said.



**SACOB
SABEK**



Beauty helps out ... Miss So
year's Ithuba Day on October
six centres around the countr
where celebrities will help rais

Inkatha, ANC leaders in township 'peace tour'

DURBAN — Top Inkatha and African National Congress leaders toured the violence-torn Mapumalanga township yesterday in a demonstration to residents that the two rival organisations are committed to peace.

"We think we should be able to solve our problems, if any ... by discussion, not by killing and murdering," John Nkadimeng, a senior member of the ANC national executive committee, said to the group of journalists accompanying the tour.

"We are at one that we should stop insulting each other and we should get on our feet and start building ourself as a community," said Frank T. Mdlalose, the national chairman of the Inkatha Freedom Party.

Fighting

Dr Mdlalose and Mr Nkadimeng referred to each other as "my brother".

Mapumalanga has been the scene of fierce fighting between supporters of the UDF and of Inkatha.

Violence has decreased since the SADF was sent into the township — two patrols of armed soldiers were seen walking through the township yesterday.

The ANC and Inkatha leaders spent most of their hour-long tour

viewing scores of burnt-out houses in the township.

The motorcade — five Mercedes Benz cars containing the politicians and 10 less luxurious cars with reporters and photographers — left residents agog.

Those present when the leaders made their one stop to meet the local people appeared delighted to meet the dignitaries.

Accompanying photographers were equally pleased when the delegation obliged to the request for photo opportunities and inspected the burnt shell of a house once occupied by Noel Ntsele, who now chairs the Mapumalanga ANC branch.

The visiting dignitaries included Mr Nkadimeng and Dr Mdlalose; Nqobizwe Nkehli, Mapumalanga's MP in the KwaZulu legislature; Velphi Ndlovu, also a KwaZulu MP; Thabo Mbeki, the ANC spokesman on international affairs; Steven Sithabe, the KwaZulu interior minister; Jacob Zuma, the intelligence chief of Umkhonto we Sizwe and an ANC national executive member; ANC security chief Joe Nhlanhla; Joe Jele, a senior ANC national executive member; Patrick Lekota, the ANC convenor for southern Natal; Joel Netshithenzhe, an ANC national executive member; and Musa Zondi, head of the Inkatha Youth Brigade.

OUTRAGE OVER KWAZULU'S TWO DET SCHOOLS

341
c/ren
11/11/90

A LEGAL battle is looming over KwaZulu's control of two South African Department of Education and Training (DET) schools.

Durban's Clermont and KwaDabeka schools have been run by the homeland's Department of Education and Culture (DEC) for 18 years.

DET director-general Dr JBZ Louw has conceded that, by law, the institutions belong to South Africa and therefore fall under his department.

The Legal Resources Centre (LRC), which took the matter up, said residents of both areas were extremely perturbed by the unlawful control.

Residents have threatened legal action against the DEC, the DET and the Department of Development Aid should their demands be ignored.

Although the DET has agreed to take these schools back on April 1, 1991, a new law – to be introduced over the same period – authorises the department to sub-contract administration of education in areas under its jurisdiction to any government of an independent or self-governing territory.



Happy days are here again as the children of Polokong Children's Village in Evaton whoop over R220 000 donated by Samancor Foundation school for the purchase of a microbus and the building of a cottage which will provide lodging for a mother and 10 children.

Black housing problem tackled ³⁴¹

THE dramatic events of the past year have had major implications for South Africa and the Urban Foundation, Foundation chairman Mr AM Rosholt said in his annual review.

He said in spite of many setbacks the Foundation had managed to establish a Home Loan Guarantee Fund and launched the Group Credit company as part of a programme aimed at the lower income group housing. *Sowetan 15/11/90*

The company provided loans between R500 and R5 000 to members of savings clubs who have demonstrated an ability to save.

Rosholt said an informal settlement upgrading the Foundation was aiming to achieve basic health and safety and to secure permanent tenure for residents.

"The decision by the Durban City Council, the Independent Development Trust and the Tongaat-Hulett Group to fund the upgrading of the Bester's Camp on the outskirts of Durban and the acceptance by the community that the Foundation manage this project, is seen as a major breakthrough for us."

He said an area which was causing serious concern within the Foundation was its housing utility companies. - *Sapa*.

Youths deny attack claims

THE ANC Youth League yesterday denied allegations that its supporters were involved in attacks on members of other liberation movements.

It pledged to continue fighting for a realisation of the ANC's "popular aspirations" enshrined in the Freedom Charter. *Sowetan 15/11/90*

Responding to what it called "seemingly fashionable offensive diatribes which evidently seem to undermine the image of our movement" in the press, the ANCYL said in a statement the ANC had no reason to

SOWETAN Correspondent

apologise for its track record which had been informed by its non-racist and non-ethnic position for decades.

ANCYL dismissed as "a sorry statement on concerted efforts towards a free South Africa" the Azanian Students' Movement's allegations this week that ANC supporters were "always involved in attacks" against other liberation movements.

"It does not help the cause of liberation, in our opinion, to resort to political mudslinging in the quest for questionable ends. We have to repeat here that we have no interest in dissipating our energy in constituency conflicts. What we are about is a united offensive against the apartheid system in all its ramifications.

"This commitment, we have consistently explained, must cut across the entire political spectrum," the ANCYL statement said.

Watch out for

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Youths rejoice at Imbali truce

PROSPECTS of peace between supporters of the Inkatha Freedom Party and the ANC at Imbali near Maritzburg have moved a step closer after a peace pact was reached by the youths of the two organisations in the area.

Youths from both parties informally agreed to lay down arms and stop the fighting.

KwaZulu Deputy Minister of Works and leader of Inkatha in the area, Velaphi Ndlovu, expressed his appreciation of the move by the youths.

He appealed to parents to co-operate.

A spokesman for the ANC, Mandla Borgat Ndlovu, also expressed appreciation of the action.

The area has been plagued by violence since 1985.

Hundreds of people have been killed and hundreds more injured and left homeless in clashes between opposing factions.

This weekend, celebrations are transforming the formerly strife-torn streets, at the very places that have been "no-go areas" for opposing factions.

Soccer matches have been planned for today as part of the celebrations.

Meanwhile a meeting of all the area's residents is planned to endorse the initiatives. — Sapa.

Bible passion o soldier of the v

By HERMAN JANSEN

THE soul of a fanatical "white freedom fighter" was laid bare in the Rand Supreme Court this week.

Evidence of a murder, a bomb blast and a plot to kill seven Cabinet Ministers was interwoven with passionate biblical references and bigotry.

On trial were two Order of Death members, clean-cut and smartly dressed in modest suits. Slightly-built Corrie Lottering, 25, of Sandton, wearing gold-rimmed glasses, stood smiling proudly in the dock as his advocate read out his 37-page manifesto, which included more than 100 biblical references.

He and his co-accused, Fanie Goosen, 29, of Vereeniging, have pleaded not guilty to charges which include the murder of a black taxi driver on August 29 last year.

Lottering said Potoko Makgalemele was a "guinea pig", killed as a test to see if he (Lottering) would get cold feet when he had a political leader in his sights at some future time.

Horror

By killing a black — his "natural enemy" — he would prove to himself whether he had the "guts and perseverance" to carry on with his scheme.

He picked Mr Makgalemele because he was galled by a black driving "white taxis" — "a kaffir" transporting white girls.

He described the killing in horrific detail:

"I decided to use my knife. I stabbed him in the back in an attempt to hit him in the kidney."

Blacks are descended from Satan says Death Order man

He ordered the driver into the boot of his hijacked taxi, but had to take him out twice to render the anti-theft system inactive.

Near De Deur, south of Johannesburg, he took Mr Makgalemele out of the boot.

"He stood on his knees and I crouched in front of him. I decided to try again with my knife and stabbed him below the chin."

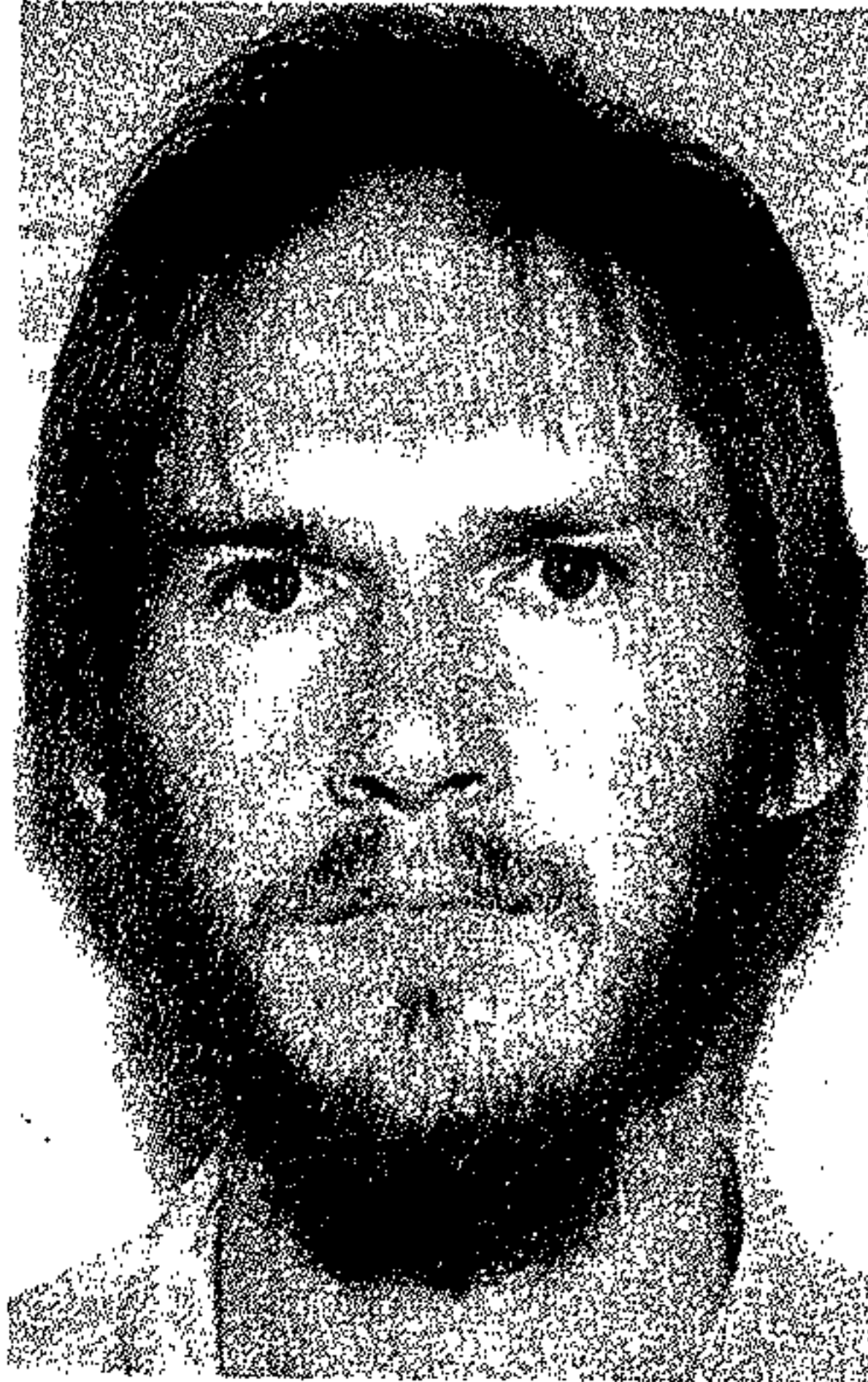
"The angle of attack was

not correct, however, and I didn't reach his brain."

The taxi driver then ran away and Lottering shot at him with his 9mm pistol.

"He fell, but to make dead sure I walked up and pulled the trigger near his head."

"Because blacks are my natural enemies and I am entitled, according to the Bible, to destroy my enemies, the act did not perturb me at all."



CORRIE LOTTERING: Murder was 'a test'

Lottering said all he regretted was a robbery at Vanderbijlpark, because that was done for material gain.

"I don't doubt for one second that my political actions were for the survival of my nation."

In court Lottering was a far cry from the unsmiling man with dark glasses and Aquila badge who strutted around and swore at photographers while attending the

Pretoria trial of mass killer Barend Hendrik Strydom.

In a soft voice, he asked that his advocate read his statement because he stuttered.

In his manifesto he raved about whites being "the biological descendants of God" and non-whites "the descendants of the devil".

He said: "Only the purest white blood of Europe came to South Africa with Jan van Riebeeck and in the years afterwards."

He was also convinced the end of the world was near, that God had a special plan for South Africa in "the last days" and that the "Boerevolk" were God's chosen.

Soldier

"My battle is against the heathen forces which threaten my volk's existence as a Christian nation," he said.

"As a soldier of the Boerevolk I am compelled to act against elements which endanger our safety."

He said the National Party had been warned in writing that if it continued its "treason" toward the "Boerevolk" it would be regarded as a formal declaration of war.

"At the end of 1988 the first shots of the Third Boer

Takeover

War were thus fired," said Lottering.

The two men, both former AWB members, also face charges arising from a bomb explosion at the flat of former Sunday Times journalist Jani Allan in July last year — allegedly to scare Allan into writing "the truth" about AWB leader Eugene Terre-Blanche.

"All my hopes were pinned on the leader of the AWB (Mr Terre-Blanche). He was a kind of god to me. A volksheld (folk hero)."

"He disappointed me terribly."

Mr Terre-Blanche did not carry out his promises made on public platforms, Goosen said.

"He said he'd take over the country when Mandela was released. He said there was no more time for political parties. But he made himself available as a candidate in Rustenburg."

Goosen said he joined the Order of Death to put right what the AWB leader had "mixed up".

Goosen believed Allan had infiltrated the AWB and had "a negative effect" on Mr Terre-Blanche.

"We wanted to frighten her so she would divulge things in the newspaper which would force him to retract his candidature."

Takeover

The bomb blast at the Allan flat had the desired effect as Mr Terre-Blanche withdrew his candidacy the same night, Goosen said.

He said the aim of the Order of Death was to take over the country by revolution.

Order of Death leader Dawie de Beer once indicated to him that the organisation's aim was to kill seven Cabinet Ministers — including F W de Klerk, P W Botha, Adriaan Vlok and Magnus Malan — in one night.

Lottering said the plan was shelved because the ANC would possibly have benefited the most.

Zuma to lead ANC in S Natal

By S'BU MNGADI

JACOB Zuma, the ANC's military intelligence chief, is the new leader of the organisation in southern Natal.

Most of the 58 regions in the area voted for him at the southern Natal congress yesterday.

The chairman and other members of the regional executive committee will be elected at the end of the congress today.

About 500 delegates, representing 20 000 members, converged at the University of Natal for the organisation's first conference in the province in 31 years.

Zuma, 48, a member of the ANC's national executive committee (NEC) and fighter for all 29 years of Umkhonto weSizwe's armed struggle, has recently been playing a behind-the-scenes role as peacemaker in current talks between his organisation and Inkatha.

His counterparts in the government-ANC Joint Working Committee on Negotiations - he heads the ANC delegation - and in Inkatha, praise him as an astute diplomat.

Even KwaZulu Chief Minister and Inkatha president Mangosuthu Buthezi is said to be describing him in glowing terms.

In a hardline keynote address yesterday, ANC NEC member Steve Tshwete called for "discipline and militancy" - adding there was no contradiction between the two.

He said the fact the ANC was negotiating with the regime had brought no reconciliation between them.

or props up transport index

MARC HASENFUSS

lowed up by more powerful concerns.

Market rumours that Trencor was on the acquisition trail were denied by a group spokesman yesterday. The group acquired Holroyds Haulage in May this year.

Racy, despite being knocked by the economic slowdown, strikes and boycotts, managed a gutsy interim performance for the six months ended September, posting a 6% earnings increase to R1,35m (R1,28m) or 5,29c (5c).

Analysts said that with its small earnings growth, debt reduction and an expanded fleet which was 90% paid for, Racy "looked good" under present conditions. Consisting of Hendlers Industrial Carriers and engine reconditioners Diesel City, Racy hit a 52c high in January, then a 22c low in September, but climbed back to 35c on anticipation of interim results.

MD Alan Jacobson remained optimistic, saying: "The group's order position is good."

"We are fully utilised and trading exceptionally well, and looking to further expand our fleet in the 1990s."

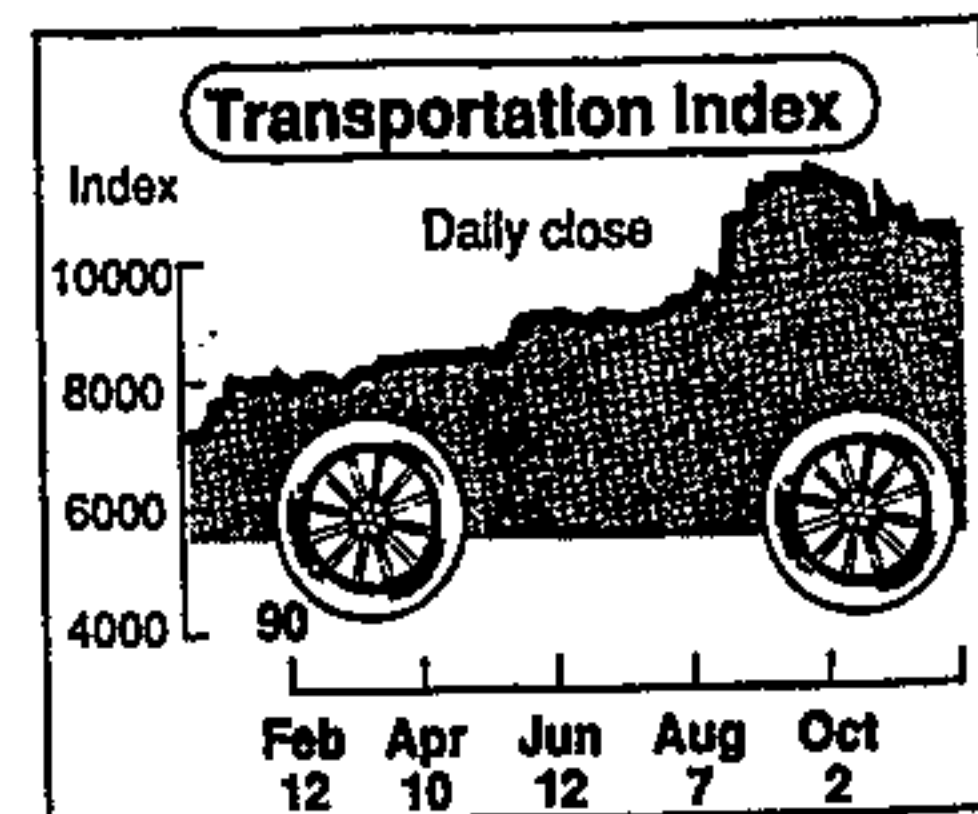
Larger, well-established operators were also hit by the recession because of their inability to generate activity.

Road freight transport group Unitrans maintained margins under difficult trading conditions, re-

porting a slender 6% increase in earnings to R14,4m (R13,6m) for the six months to end-September.

Analysts said they believed Unitrans' excellent track record would be maintained under its capable management team, despite its mediocre interim results.

CE Eduardo Garcia said he felt the group would maintain its margins, notwithstanding the recession, and expected an increase in earnings for the full financial year.



Unitrans's share price held up better, peaking at 460c in August, but touched a 370c low last Thursday. It closed yesterday at 400c.

Boltens subsidiary Cargo Carriers delivered disappointing interims for the six months to August. Earnings a share fell 32% from 20,2c to 13,6c on a 3% increase in turnover to R91,6m (R88,9m).

Analysts said Cargo should have a better second half. "Cargo uses a faster-depreciating write-off policy than other companies, which

makes their results look worse than they really are."

Cargo also had enormous asset value in more than 700 trucks, but the used truck market was severely depressed.

Earlier this year, Cargo signed a five-year R2m contract with Caltex for the carrying and distribution of Caltex products from its Mossel Bay depot. Cargo, unchanged at 190c yesterday, peaked at 300c last December and slumped to a 160c low in October.

Furniture removal specialists Laser Transport Holdings saw earnings dip 18% to 35,2c (43,1c) for the six months to end-June in the wake of the economic decline.

No exception

Laser, which owns Stuttford Van Lines, Pickfords and Frasers, reached 275c last November. It is trading at 140c, slightly above its 135c October low.

The Sure Group was no exception, reporting poor results for its year ended March, with attributable income falling 54% to R1,5m (R3,2m) after problems in its Foden truck and parts division.

The industrial vehicle and materials handling group achieved a March high of 100c, which slumped to 20c but has firmed at 25c.

The group was forced to reduce staff by 20% to contain costs after a 160% increase in the interest bill to R5m.

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Natal ANC gives peace moves a major boost

Own Correspondent

DURBAN — Negotiations with the Government and peace moves with Inkatha were given an unprecedented boost in Natal yesterday when African National Congress head of intelligence Jacob Zuma was unanimously elected chairman of the ANC's southern Natal region at their annual congress.

Members of the United Democratic Front's cabal in the province — who have recently been ousted from most positions of influence in Natal's ANC structures — failed to have any candidates elected to executive positions on the region's committee.

Former southern Natal convenor Mosiuoa Lekota did not stand for re-election.

Secret

Mr Zuma — a Zulu — is one of the ANC's key negotiators with the Government and has been instrumental in setting up talks with Inkatha in an attempt to end the Natal violence, including secret talks with Inkatha president and KwaZulu Chief Minister Dr Mangosuthu Buthelezi.

Political commentators heralded his appointment as being of immense importance for Natal. They said the 25 000 ANC members in the southern Natal region had confidence in Mr Zuma because of the major role he had played in setting up local peace accords.

Mr Zuma is one of the few national ANC leaders who has been in direct contact with Natal ANC members at grassroots level. He has also had discussions with many Inkatha chiefs in the province.

der Tshabalala's leadership.

New Nation
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Zuma to lead ANC in S Natal

By S'BU MNGADI

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In a hardline keynote address yesterday, ANC NEC member Steve Tshwete called for "discipline and militancy" - adding there was no contradiction between the two.

He said the fact the ANC was negotiating with the regime had brought no reconciliation between them.

Top man for a tough task

Stew
20/11/90

The ANC intends to transform Natal into a party stronghold, PATRICK LAURENCE reports.

THE election of Jacob Zuma at the weekend as chairman of the African National Congress's southern Natal region signals the priority which the ANC attaches to the province.

Mr Zuma, the ANC's intelligence chief, was elected to succeed "Terror" Lekota, a founder member of the United Democratic Front and a tireless worker for the ANC, at the ANC's southern Natal region conference.

Mr Zuma's high rank in the ANC is a clear indication that the ANC wants to consolidate and strengthen its position in Natal, where it is challenging the hegemony of Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi's Inkatha Freedom Party.

His critical role as the ANC's intelligence chief aside, the self-effacing Mr Zuma is a member of the ANC's national executive committee and has served on its powerful political and military committee.

He is leader of the ANC delegation which has been holding talks with Inkatha officials in a bid to end the bitter war for supremacy in Natal.

His election may signify the ANC's awareness of the need for a rapprochement with Inkatha to end the violence and, as important, to pre-empt President de Klerk's not-so-subtle bid to woo Inkatha into an anti-ANC alliance.

Mr Zuma was unanimously elected, a mark of the high regard with which he is held in ANC circles. His election was not, however, a rebuff for Mr Lekota.

Mr Lekota did not stand for re-election. Having played a pivotal role in formally launching the ANC in southern Natal, he has been assigned a similar task elsewhere. His new area of responsibility is understood to be the Free State, where he was born.

Election

The bearded Mr Zuma's election as leader of the region brings him shoulder to shoulder with an old comrade:

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Election

The bearded Mr Zuma's election as leader of the region brings him shoulder to shoulder with an old comrade: Harry Gwala, ANC stalwart and chairman of the Natal midlands region.

Mr Zuma, like Mr Gwala, is a Zulu. He was born in Nkandla, in the heart of Zululand. His presence with Mr Gwala at the helm of the ANC in Natal gives the lie to the allegations that the ANC is a Xhosa organisation.

Mr Zuma is not a publicity-seeker. He avoids rather than courts the media. His apparent shyness masks determination, iron will and dedication to the ANC.

Now in his late 40s, Mr Zuma is the son of a policeman. His father died when he was young and his mother became a domestic servant in Durban, forcing the young Jacob to travel between Zululand and Durban.

He joined the ANC in 1959, a year before it was prohibited, having been influenced by an elder brother who was a trade unionist. After the ANC was banned in 1960, he became one of the first members of its underground army, Umkhonto we Sizwe.

He was arrested in 1963 while on his way out of South Africa for military training. He was convicted of conspiring to overthrow the Government and spent 10 years on Robben Island.

After he was released he again committed himself to the ANC cause. First he worked with Mr Gwala to re-establish ANC structure; then, after Mr Gwala was arrested, he left to work for the ANC in Swaziland and Mozambique.

There he played a key role in recruiting young South African exiles who had fled during the 1976-77 upheavals into the ANC; he presumably fulfilled the related function of filtering them back into South Africa as guerillas.

Since President de Klerk's decision to unban outlawed organisations, release their leaders and initiate discussions for a settlement, Mr Zuma has assumed an important role.

He is the leader of the ANC in the working group which is examining the problems of defining and releasing political prisoners and of facilitating the return of exiles.

Now he has accepted another task: to make — as he puts it — Natal the leading ANC region in South Africa, a position which it held when Albert Luthuli was president of the organisation. □

Star 20/11/90
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Pay up, judge tells min Vlok

C/ren 25/11/90 (15) (15) (34)
THE shooting by a police constable of a youth from Thembeni township near Edendale in Natal last year was "not warranted" and the youth's subsequent detention was "wrongful", a Supreme Court judge has ruled.

Judge Broome ruled in Maritzburg this week that Law and Order Minister Adriaan Vlok was liable for damages resulting from the shooting and detention of Stanley Mlaba, 19, although an exact amount for damages was not determined.

The Mlaba family is claiming R63 000 for, among others, medical expenses and loss of the full use of Mlaba's right leg as a result of the shooting.

The judge said constable C Thompson was not justified in discharging his shotgun to "injure or kill".

Although Thompson had said he fired because he had been shot at, he had acted "negligently" because it was dark and there were people and kraals in the vicinity.

There was also "some doubt" whether Thompson had really been fired at because the homemade pistol which police allegedly found near the wounded Mlaba after he took refuge in a nearby kraal had not been in working order at the time.

Another "unsatisfactory" feature of Thompson's testimony was that charges against Stanley had been dropped without "satisfactory" reasons.

There was "no serious attempt" to prosecute Mlaba. — Sapa

NATAL, HERE THEY ARE!

By SIBU MNGADI

THE ANC southern Natal regional executive committee (REC) elected on Sunday night is dominated by young, educated former Robben Islanders.

All four office-bearers – led by Jacob Zuma, chief of the ANC's intelligence department and the organisation's chief negotiator with the government – are former Robben Island jailbirds.

Ironically, a nine-page summary of a 300-page document compiled by about 70 ANC cadres on the Island had warned against "cronyism, cliques, factionalism, undemocratic practices and in-fighting" which allegedly characterised the UDF.

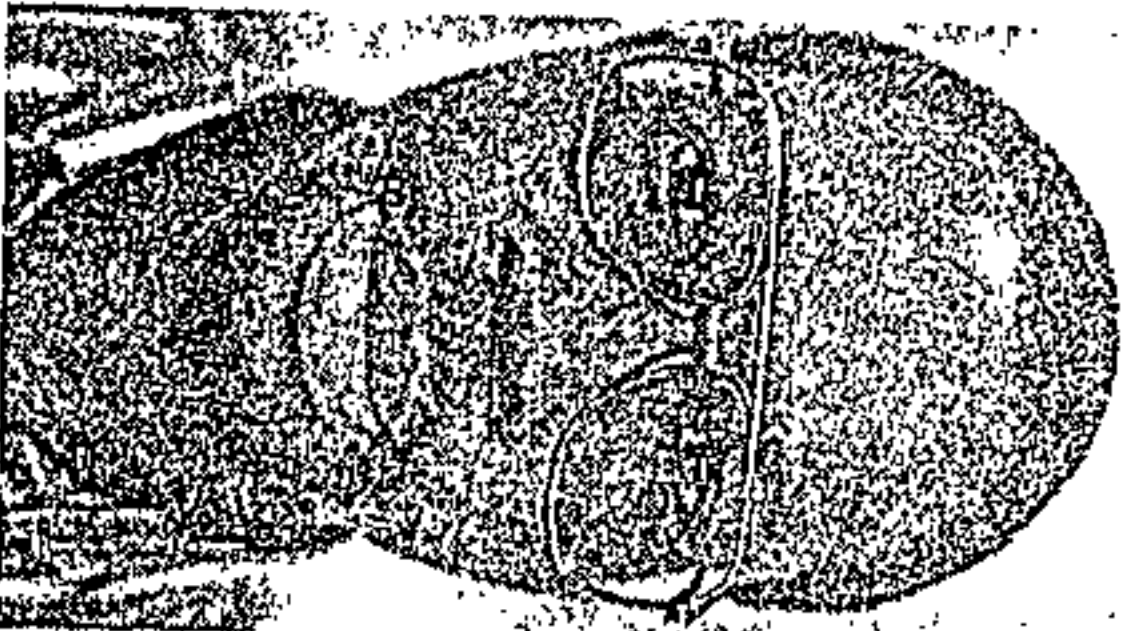
And it was this document, delivered by recently-released Islander Jeff Radebe, which set the tone for the composition of the REC, elected at the first ANC conference in Natal for 31 years.

The ANC was this week at pains to explain that the new REC was democratically elected by 410 delegates, representing 66 branches with a membership of 25 120.

All senior activists associated with the UDF and Natal Indian Congress "cabal" failed to be elected, as were UDF co-president Archie Gumede (in hot water recently over his controversial stand on the Natal violence) and Mosioua "Teror" Lekota.

Six of the of 12 REC members are former Robben Island inmates. The most glaring omission are workers or unionists.

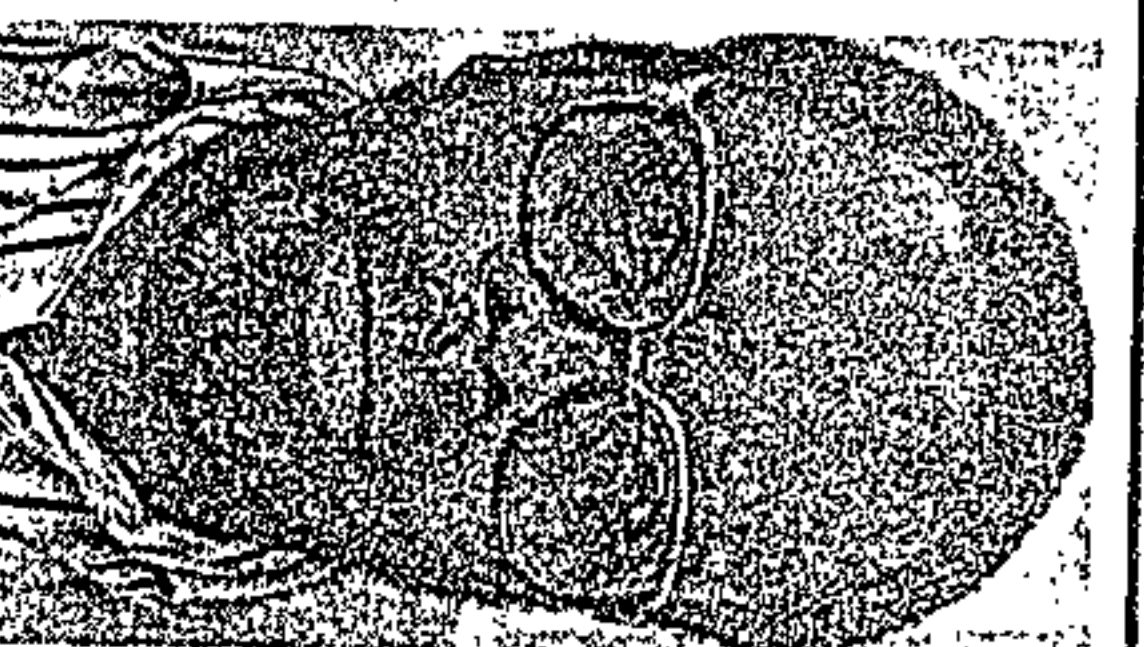
The office bearers are



S'bu Ndebele,
secretary.



Mewa Ramogobin,
exec member.



Cleophas Ndlovu,
exec member.



Mike Sutcliffe,
exec member.

410 delegates from 66 branches chose them

Press 25/4/90

(341)

as follows:

Chairman: Jacob Zuma, 48.

Vice-chairman: Jeff Radebe, 40, an East German-trained international lawyer, organiser for the National Association of Democratic Lawyers, former official of the ANC's information and publicity department in Lusaka.

Secretary: S'bu Ndebele, 37, University of Natal academic, former Ngoye student leader and secretary of the outgoing southern Natal convening committee.

Treasurer: Mzilikazi Khumalo, 35, business consultant and LLB candidate.

All are trained Umkhonto weSizwe guerrillas, and served between five and 12 years in prison.

Other members of the REC are: Natal University political scientist Ian Phillips, civil leader and

doctor Siyabonga Cwele; ANC organiser and schoolteacher Bheki Cele; ANC organiser Cleophas Ndlovu, NIC vice-president and insurance broker Mewa Ramogobin; Natal University architecture professor Mike Sutcliffe; human rights lawyer Linda Zama, and ANC Women's League task force member and medical practitioner Nkosenza Zuma – Jacob's wife.

Zuma's new position has been described as one of the most crucial positions in the ANC and South Africa today.

But this week he shrugged this off, saying: "It has been my history in the ANC to undertake heavy tasks, and I always accept the challenge very seriously, and try to give my best."

"The problems in

Natal are crucial to the resolution of national issues. I will continue to be involved in negotiations with the government, and at the end of the day, the ANC will determine how much time I can spend in Natal."

Zuma has been playing a behind-the-scenes role as peacemaker in the crucial ANC-Inkatha talks.

His efforts were rewarded when the ANC's NEC recently resolved to meet Inkatha's central committee – where ANC deputy president Nelson Mandela will come face to face with Inkatha leader Mangosuthu Buthelezi.

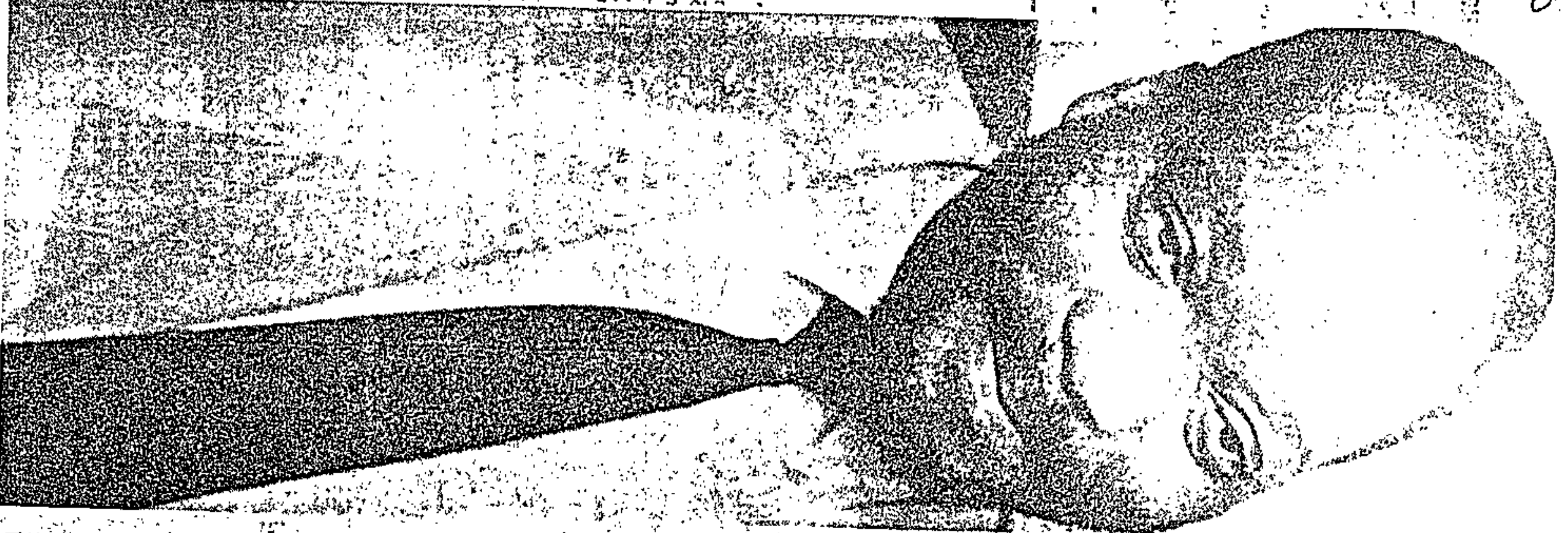
Zuma has been described as an astute diplomat and has even charmed Buthelezi – a man feared by his own colleagues – who this week welcomed Zuma's election.



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Top man... Jacob Zuma, the ANC's peacemaker who reckons the problems in Natal are crucial to the resolution of national issues.

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After six years of silence, an ANC member

decides to

spill the beans

cabal in its midst. ANC information chief Pallo Jordan says: "As far as we know, there is no cabal and the organi-

tion has not launched an investigation."

Asked why several people in the UDF and ANC accept the existence of the cabal, Jordan said: "These people may interpret the actions of certain

Mokoena confirmed the activities of the cabal were brought to the attention of the ANC's executive committee at a meeting in Lusaka in 1987.

He said: "I was given a mandate by the RMC to bring the troublesome cabal issue to the attention of ANC leadership. We explained the danger of such a group."

cabal under the leadership of Govan Mbeki. Reports said a secret document

for the creation of local leadership that was fully accountable to the people.

"The involvement of the working class in particular and the rural masses is of importance and should be the source of the ANC's strength and be reflected even in leadership positions."

Natal should not become the "UDE in another form" and insisted that the new structures should be mass-based, democratic and take into account the interests of the working class and the rural masses.

adding that the best guarantee of peace was tolerance and the creation of truly mass-based organisations in the region.



Goyan Mbeki, who allegedly led a full investigation into the cabal.

“They use what is known as CM (control and manipulation) strategy, once the UDF because it had ‘money and other resources’ at its disposal.”

Because the cabal has resources at its disposal which people in townships do not have, it is easy for them to use these advantages to control organisations.”

A Natal ANC source told how these powerful cabal had “paralysed” the

He said: "The cabal completely destroyed the potential of the UDF's affiliated organisations. Take for example the decision to accept the Freedom

Charter. The cabal did not discuss it with UDF affiliates at all. This does not mean people opposed it, they were simply not consulted.

"In any case, such a decision had to

come from the affiliates, not the leadership. When the UDF was restricted in 1988, the organisation was already paralysed. Law and Order Ministers Adriaan Vlok acted against an empty

"At the time the UDF did not exist anymore, besides a few individuals who issued Press releases from their hiding places."

"Some of the things the cabal did were so bad it cannot be mentioned in the Press," said the cabal was now defunct in Natal, where it originally started, "but

it may rear its head in another organization. We must be vigilant". -- *Vrye Weekblad*

"These were cabal plans and they cabal under the leadership of Govan Mbeki. Reports said a secret document went overseas without the knowledge of

Island prisoners speak out

Radebe said it was shameful the approval record of people in the province within had courageously fought during the wars of resistance, that Inkatha was allegedly using so-called Zulu warriors to "fight and kill our free-loving people".

time critical of the UDF, MDM and the ANC.

It did not specifically mention the long-suspected cabal which allegedly operated within the UDF and the NTC, but a reference to such a group was clearly implied.

the struggle which could not be denuded "except within the struggle self through issuing of political creeds and pamphlets without prior consultation."

"Consequently, this resulted in use of coercion and threats, expected to be the only way to force the

the UDF in the province was plagued by infighting, factionalism, cliques, uneven distribution of resources and under-merit practices.

"It would appear that it failed to adhere to democratic principles that

The document was at the same time being widely distributed among ANC members and supporters. It noted that the UDF's weaknesses had serious repercussions for the struggle against apartheid.

In offering solutions to the problems of Natal, the document called

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Why cop murdered his major

C/11/11/90

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NUMEROUS assaults and accusations that Const Roy Ngcobo was a supporter of the UDF prompted him to kill Maritzburg's riot unit commander, Maj Deon Terblanche.

This emerged from a confession made by Ngcobo, who was found responsible for the killing of Terblanche by a Camperdown inquest court earlier this month.

Ngcobo was subsequently shot and killed when he allegedly attempted to escape from police custody two days after he shot Terblanche in March this year, according to a police statement released at the time.

The conflict between Terblanche and Ngcobo - who was also a member of the riot unit - came to a head moments before the killing when Terblanche shouted at him, slapped him in the face and accused him of stealing things from the unit.

Two days before the incident Terblanche searched Ngcobo and wrote down the serial number of his service pistol.

In his confession, Ngcobo said Terblanche had asked to look at his service pistol. Ngcobo obliged.

Terblanche then pulled back the hammer of the pistol.

Ngcobo tried to wrestle the pistol away from him, and it discharged, smashing the window of a vehicle.

After the second shot went off, Ngcobo pushed Terblanche away and fired several shots at him.

According to Ngcobo's confession, filed during the inquest, Terblanche assaulted him on several occasions and continually demanded information about the unrest.

The first assault cited by Ngcobo

I did it in self-defence, says Ngcobo

happened in February 1987. He said he was kicked, punched and pushed against the wall causing his face and right eye to become swollen.

In 1988, Ngcobo shot and killed an Inkatha supporter after a group of armed men attacked his neighbour's Mpumalanga home. The man was killed when Ngcobo fired shots to disperse the group.

Ngcobo said: "They said I shot those people because I am against Inkatha. I did not know who they were. They were committing a crime." He said Terblanche then accused him of "being UDF".

After this incident the first group of special constables started working at the riot unit.

"It was clear to me that some of the people who attacked my neighbour's house were special constables. Those people who attacked my neighbour told Terblanche that I attacked Inkatha," said Ngcobo.

He also confessed that Terblanche continually pressed him for information about who possessed firearms in the township and who was the cause of the unrest.

Terblanche accused him of not being co-operative when he told him he did not know anything because it was difficult to get information. - Sapa

c/pres
25/11/98
(34)



Top man . . . Jacob Zuma, the ANC's peacemaker who reckons the problems in Natal are crucial to the resolution of national issues.

NATAL, HERE THEY ARE!

By S'BU MNGADI

THE ANC southern Natal regional executive committee (REC) elected on Sunday night is dominated by young, educated former Robben Islanders.

All four office-bearers – led by Jacob Zuma, chief of the ANC's intelligence department and the organisation's chief negotiator with the government – are former Robben Island jailbirds.

Ironically, a nine-page summary of a 300-page document compiled by about 70 ANC cadres on the Island had warned against "cronyism, cliquism, factionalism, undemocratic practices and in-fighting" which allegedly characterised the UDF.

And it was this document, delivered by recently-released Islander Jeff Radebe, which set the tone for the composition of the REC, elected at the first ANC conference in Natal for 31 years.

The ANC was this week at pains to explain that the new REC was democratically elected by 410 delegates, representing 66 branches with a membership of 25 120.

All senior activists associated with the UDF and Natal Indian Congress "cabal" failed to be elected, as were UDF co-president Archie Gumede (in hot water recently over his controversial stand on the Natal violence) and Mosioua "Terror" Lekota.

Six of the of 12 REC members are former Robben Island inmates. The most glaring omissions are workers or unionists.

The office bearers are



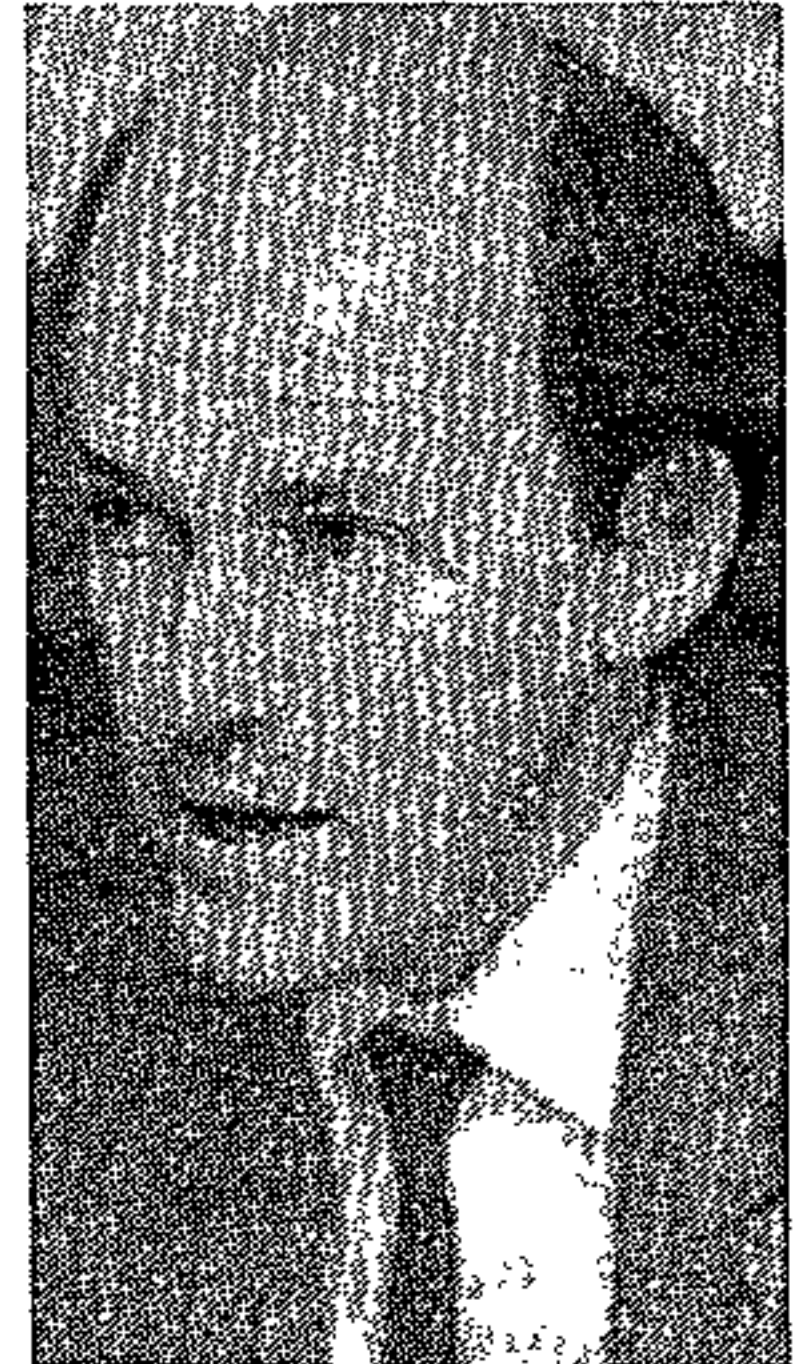
S'bu Ndebele,
secretary.



Mewa Ramgobin,
exec member.



Cleophas Ndlovu,
exec member.



Mike Sutcliffe,
exec member.

410 delegates from 66 branches chose them

Class 25/4/90 (341)

as follows:

Chairman: Jacob Zuma, 48.

Vice-chairman: Jeff Radebe, 40, an East German-trained international lawyer, organiser for the National Association of Democratic Lawyers, former official of the ANC's information and publicity department in Lusaka;

Secretary: S'bu Ndebele, 37, University of Natal academic, former Ngoye student leader and secretary of the outgoing southern Natal convening committee;

Treasurer: Mzilikazi Khumalo, 35, business consultant and LLB candidate.

All are trained Umkhonto weSizwe guerrillas, and served between five and 12 years in prison.

Other members of the REC are: Natal University political scientist Ian Philips; civil leader and

doctor Siyabonga Cwele; ANC organiser and schoolteacher Bheki Cele; ANC organiser Cleopas Ndlovu; NIC vice-president and insurance broker Mewa Ramgobin; Natal University architecture professor Mike Sutcliffe; human rights lawyer Linda Zama, and ANC Women's League task force member and medical practitioner Nkosazana Zuma – Jacob's wife.

Zuma's new position has been described as one of the most crucial positions in the ANC and South Africa today.

But this week he shrugged this off, saying: "It has been my history in the ANC to undertake heavy tasks, and I always accept the challenge very seriously, and try to give my best.

"The problems in

Natal are crucial to the resolution of national issues. I will continue to be involved in negotiations with the government, and at the end of the day, the ANC will determine how much time I can spend in Natal."

Zuma has been playing a behind-the-scenes role as peacemaker in the crucial ANC-Inkatha talks.

His efforts were rewarded when the ANC's NEC recently resolved to meet Inkatha's central committee – where ANC deputy president Nelson Mandela will come face to face with Inkatha leader Mangosuthu Buthelezi.

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